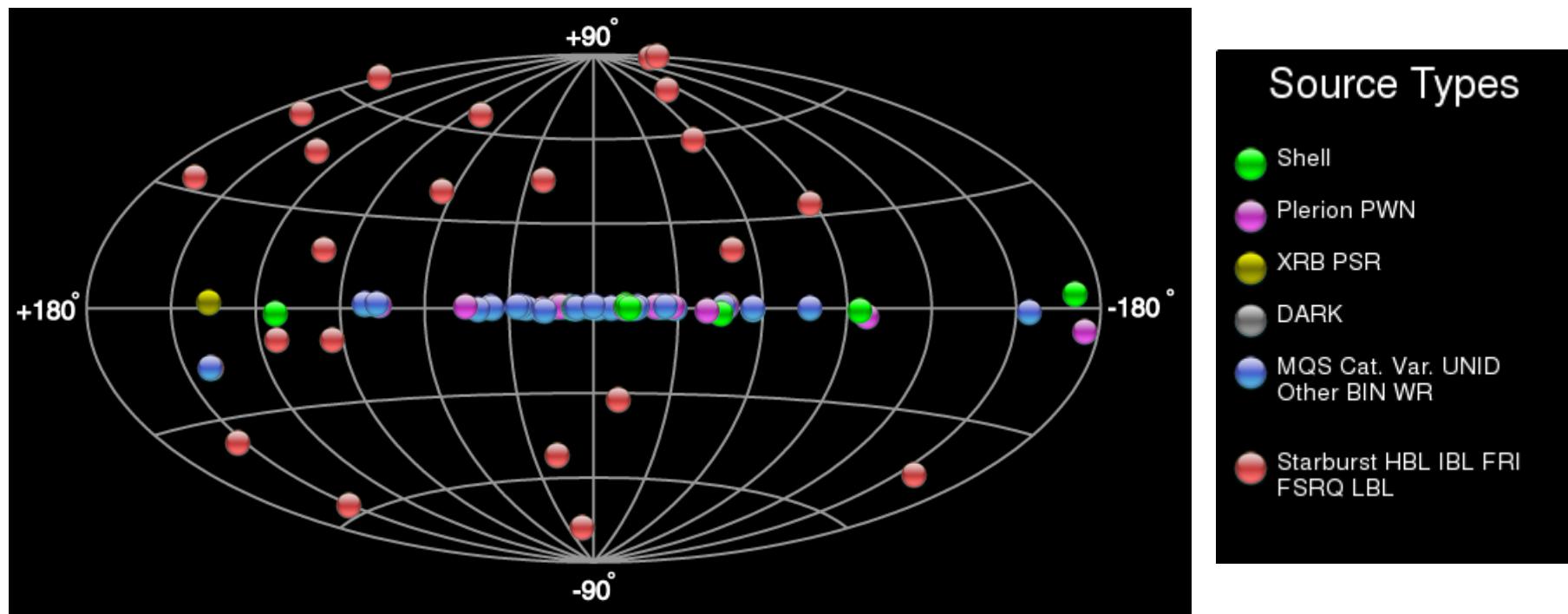


Recent results of extragalactic GeV/TeV-band studies

Martin Pohl

ISU → U-Potsdam/DESY

The TeV sky

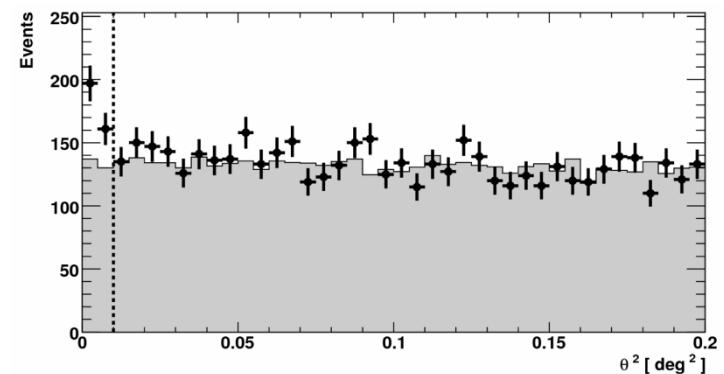
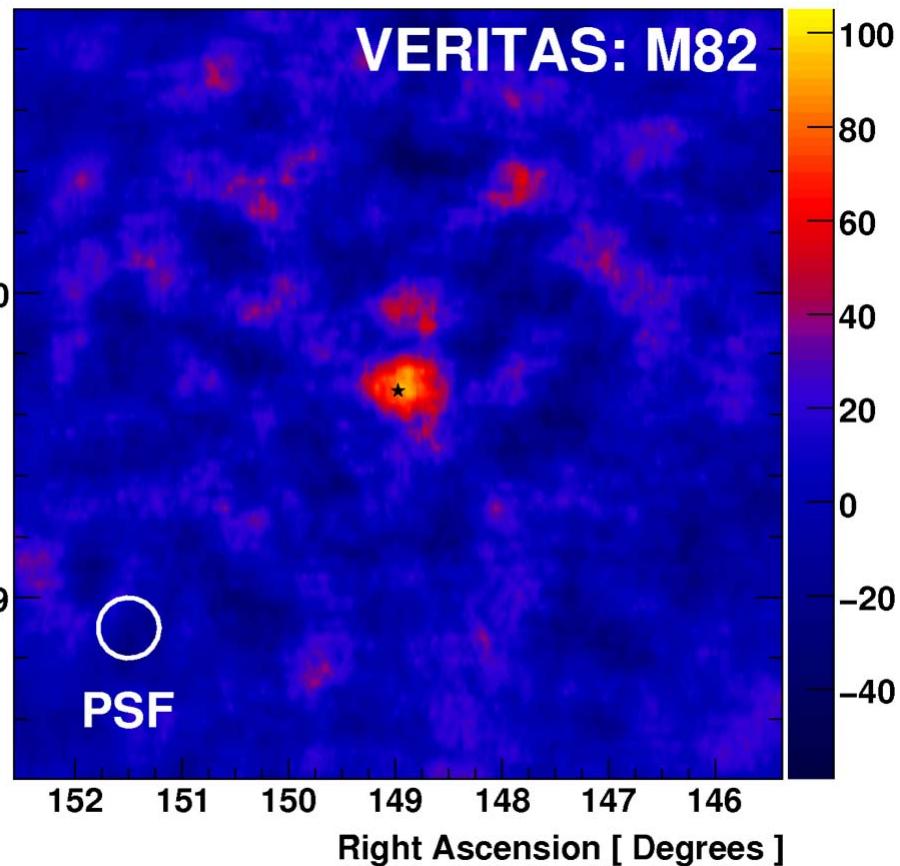


Topics

- Starburst galaxies
- Clusters, dark matter, etc.
- AGN
 - EBL
 - Spectral modeling
 - Variability
 - Multi- λ correlations
 - Location of emission zone

VERITAS Discovery of VHE Gamma-rays from M82

Declination [Degrees]

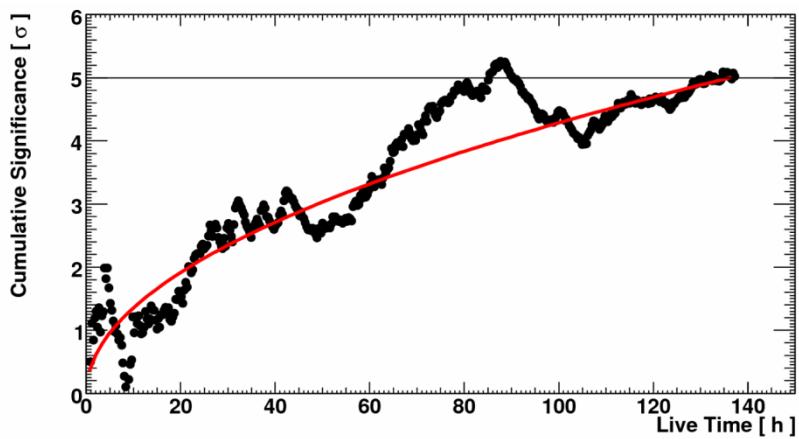
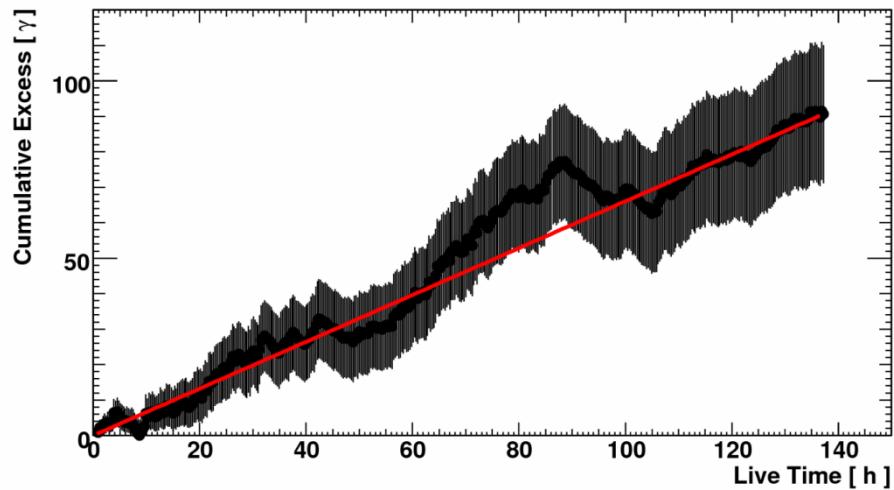
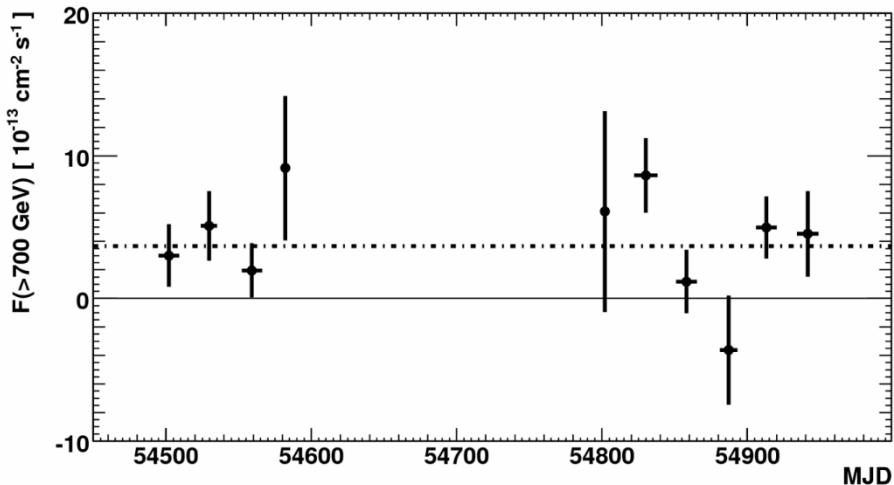


M82: archetypal starburst galaxy

0.1-0.3 SN/yr

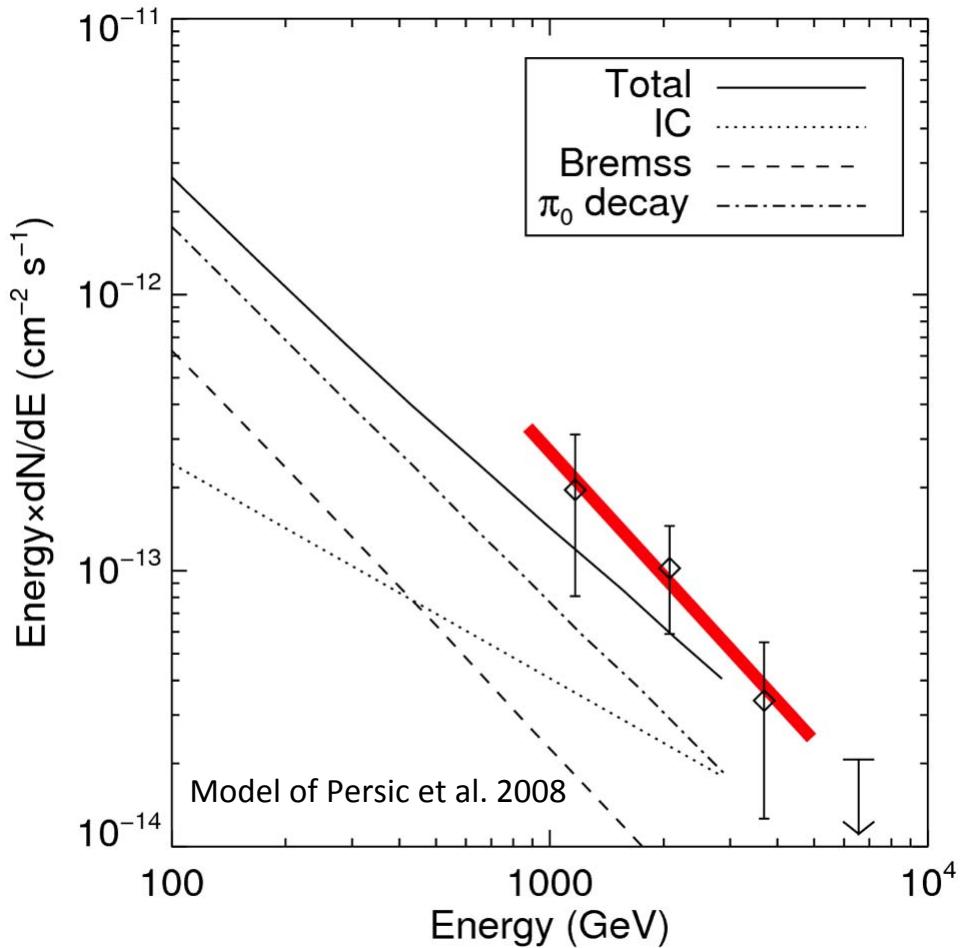
M 82: A Steady VHE Flux

- Among weakest-ever VHE sources
- $F(>700 \text{ GeV}) = (3.7 \pm 0.8_{\text{stat}} \pm 0.7_{\text{syst}}) \times 10^{-13} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 - 0.9% of Crab Nebula ($>700 \text{ GeV}$)
 - Gamma-ray rate: 0.7 / hour
- No variations in monthly flux
 - $\chi^2 = 11.5$, 9 d.o.f.; $P(\chi^2) = 0.24$
 - Factor of “a few” variations not ruled out
- Steady signal accumulation



The VHE Gamma-Ray Spectrum

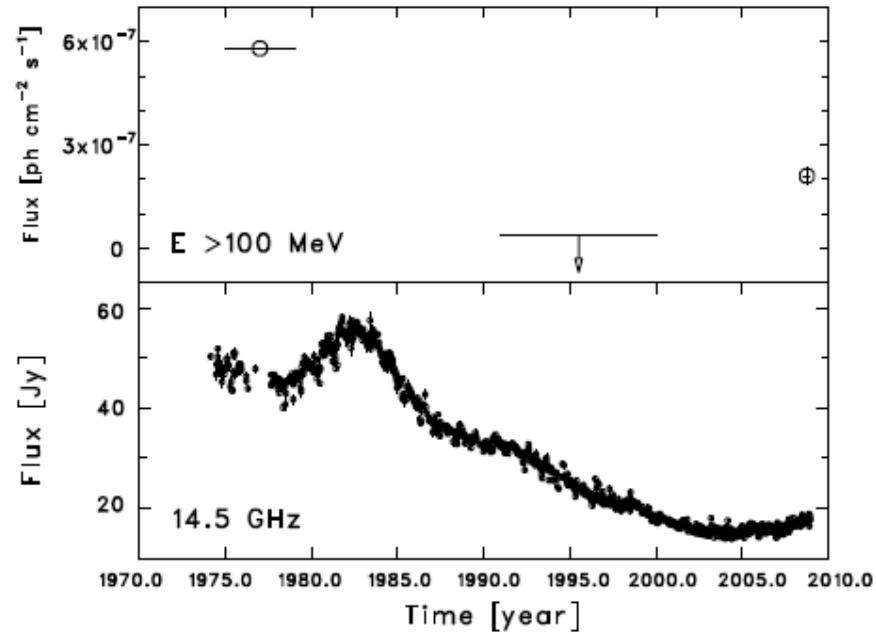
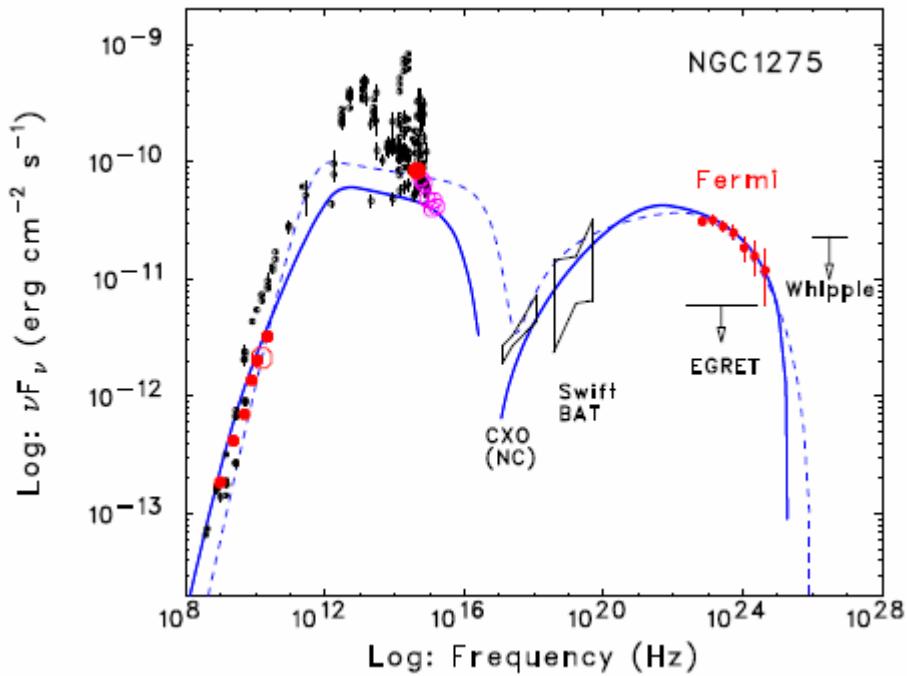
- Fit Range: 875 GeV to \sim 5 TeV
 - Fit to $dN/dE \sim (E / \text{TeV})^{-\Gamma}$
 - $\Gamma = 2.5 \pm 0.6$
- VHE flux close to predictions
 - Incl. both leptonic & hadronic channels
 - Pohl 1994
 - Völk et al. 1996
 - Persic et al. 2008
 - de Cea del Pozo et al. 2009
- CR source rate \sim SN rate



Clusters, dark matter, etc.

- No detection from either
- Upper limits get tighter
 - Coma cluster: CR energy < 20% of thermal energy
- Efficient sources
 - Cluster, dark matter, and AGN at the same time

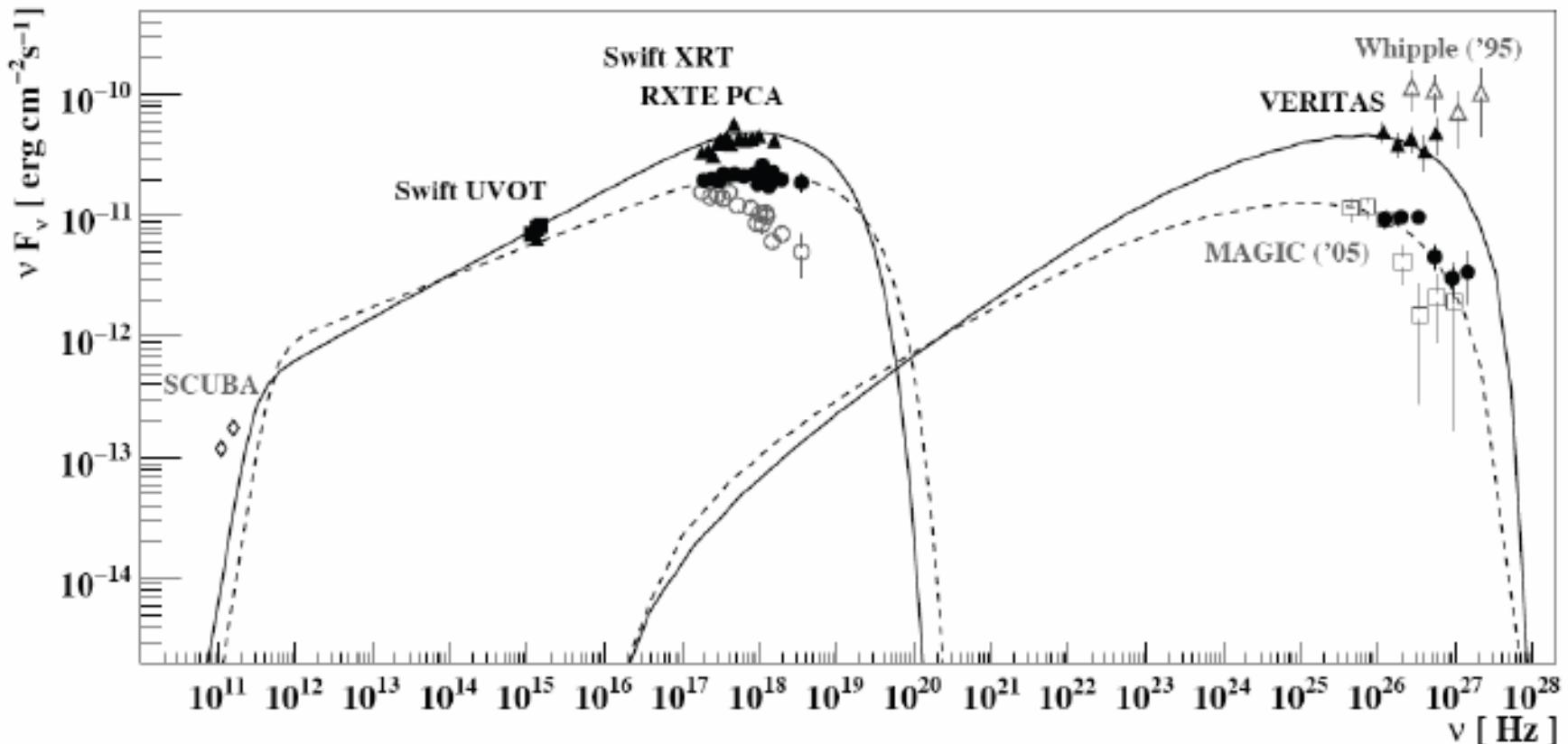
NGC 1275 (aka 3C84 and Perseus A)



Fermi detection

Variability → it's the AGN (Seyfert 2, NLRG?)

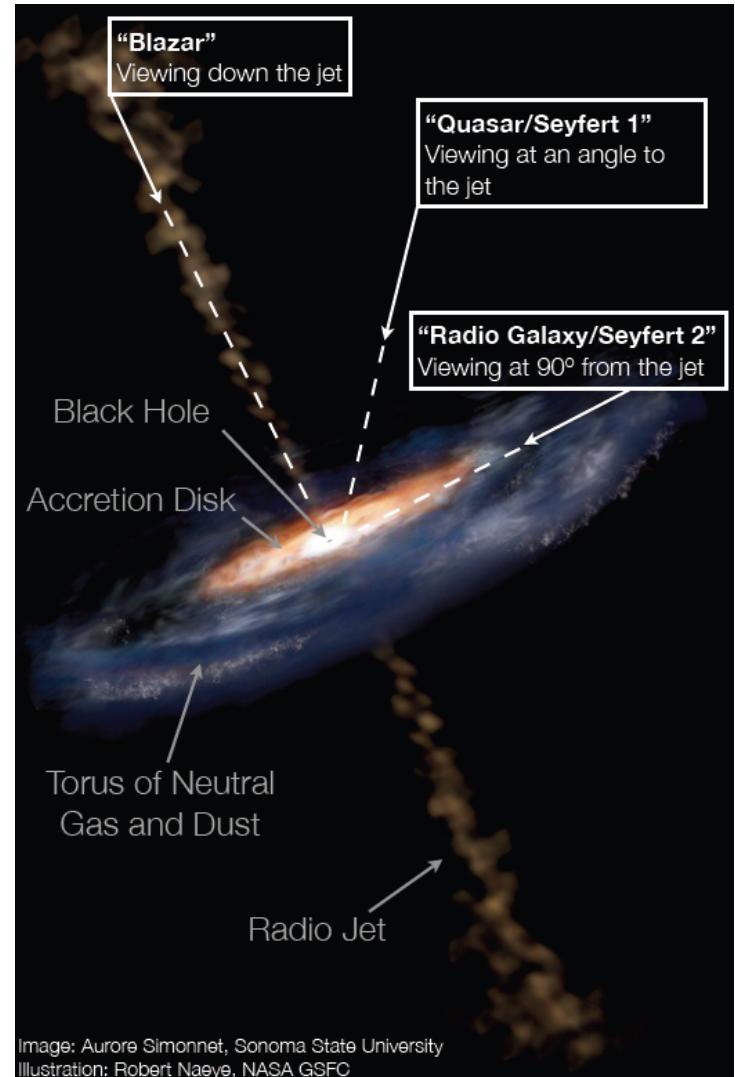
AGN



Typical spectral energy distribution: BL Lac object 1ES 2344+514

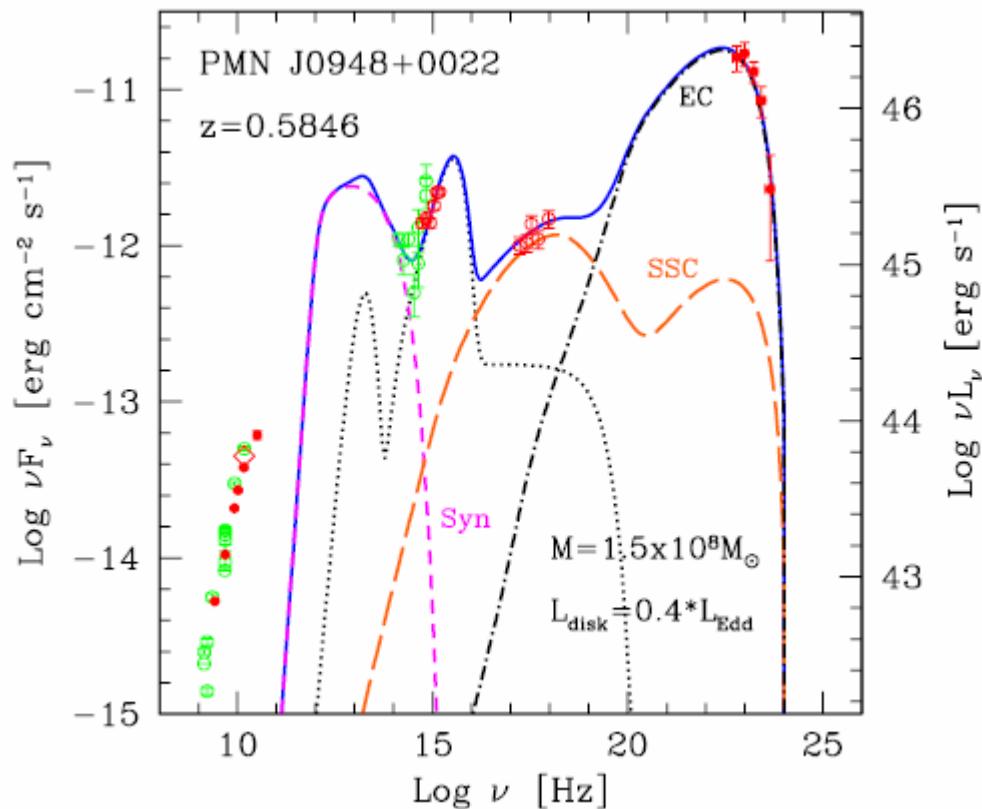
AGN types

- **Quasars**
 - Strong internal photon field
 - GeV sources
- **Radio galaxies**
 - Seen from the side
 - Weak Doppler boosting
 - Can be close
 - → good spatial resolution
- **BL Lac objects**
 - Weak internal photon field
 - Bright TeV-band sources



GeV AGN

- Narrow-line quasar
- Small BH ($\sim 10^8 M_{\text{sol}}$)
- near Eddington accretion
- Is Eddington ratio a classification criterion?



GeV AGN

Spectral break at 2 GeV

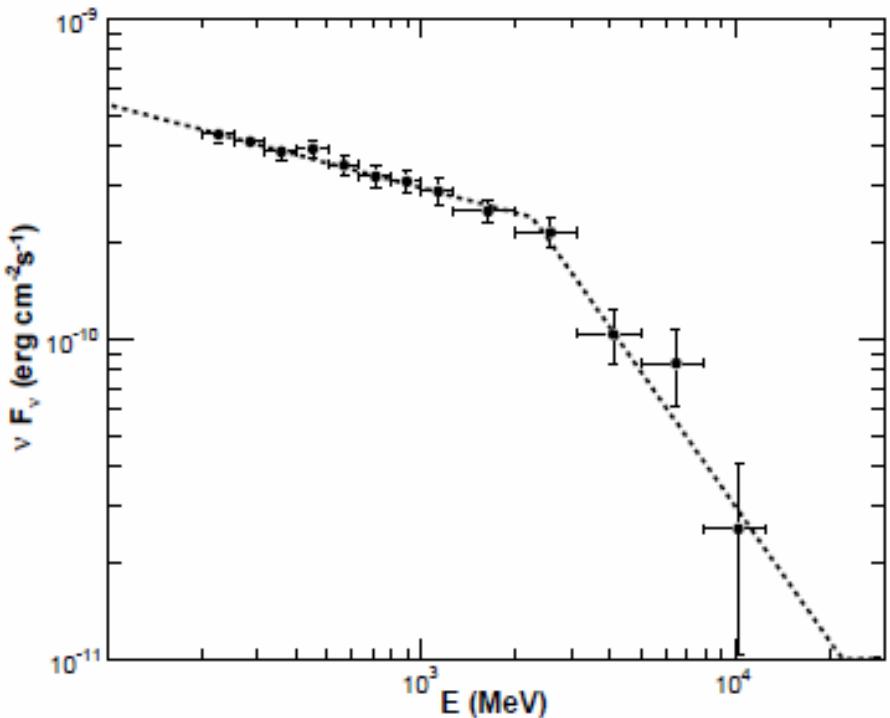
Unlikely cooling effect

Acceleration spectrum?

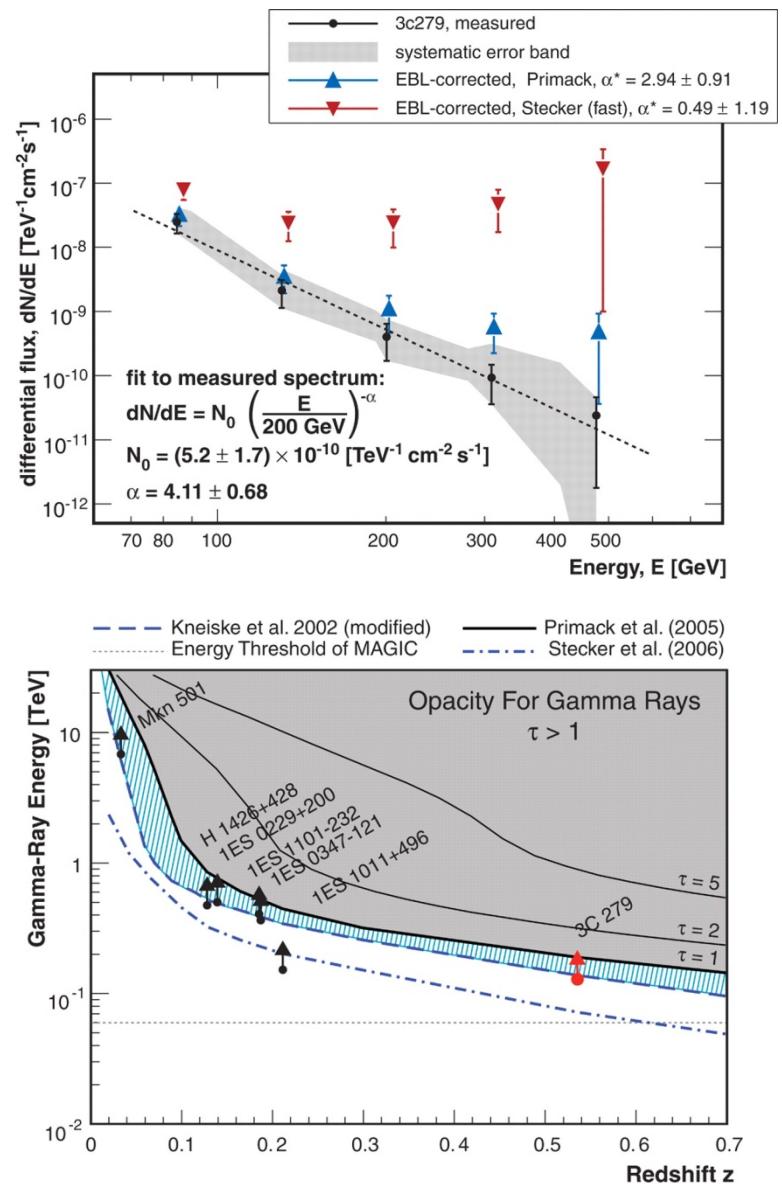
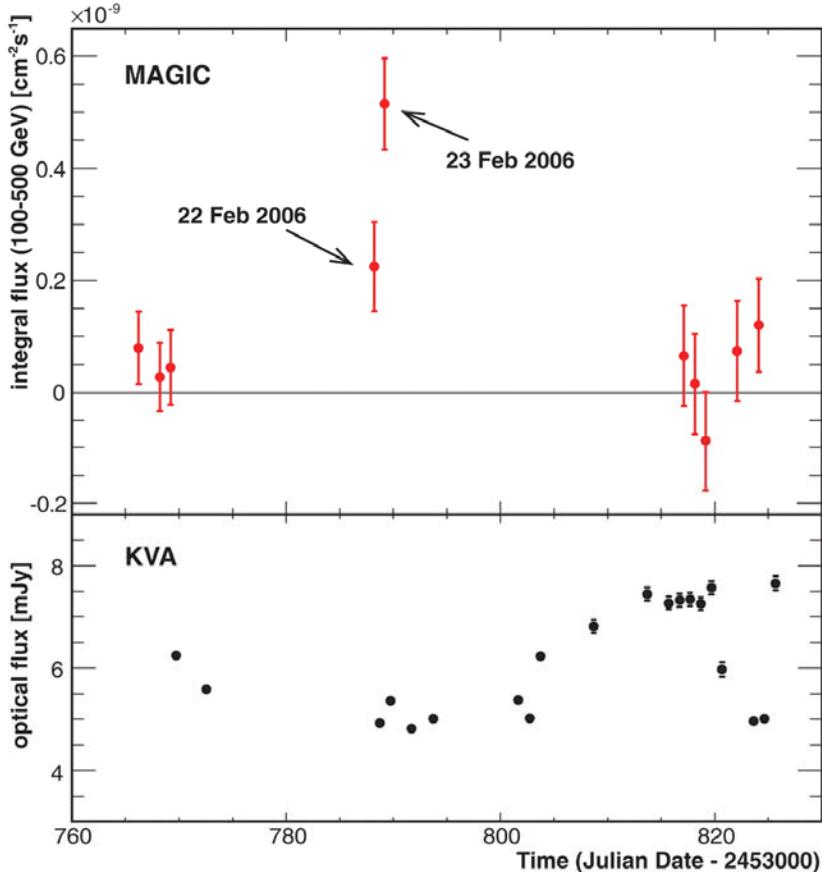
Internal absorption?

(should be at 20-50 GeV)

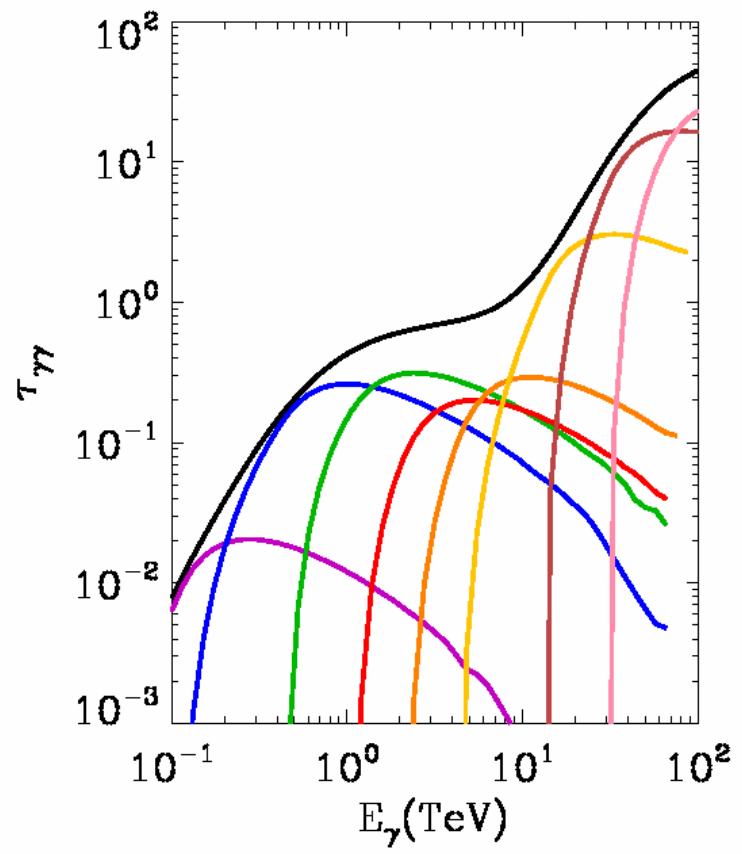
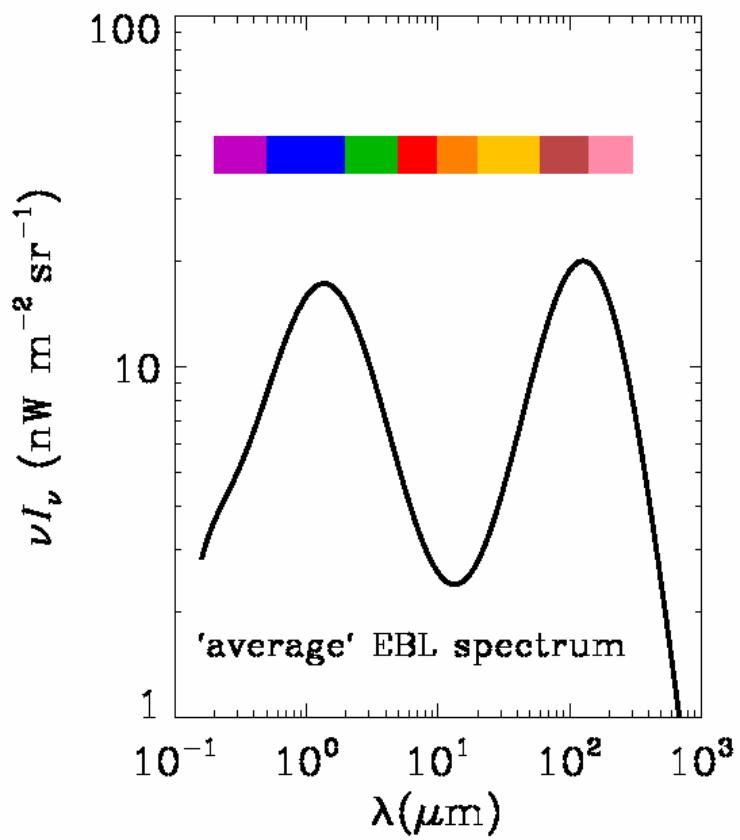
FSRQ 3C454.3



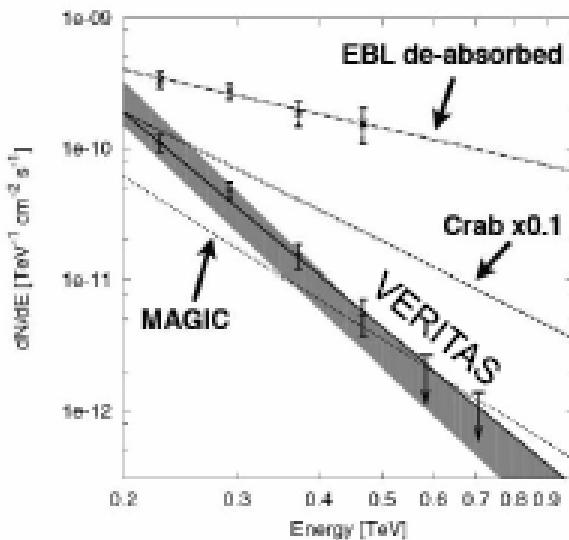
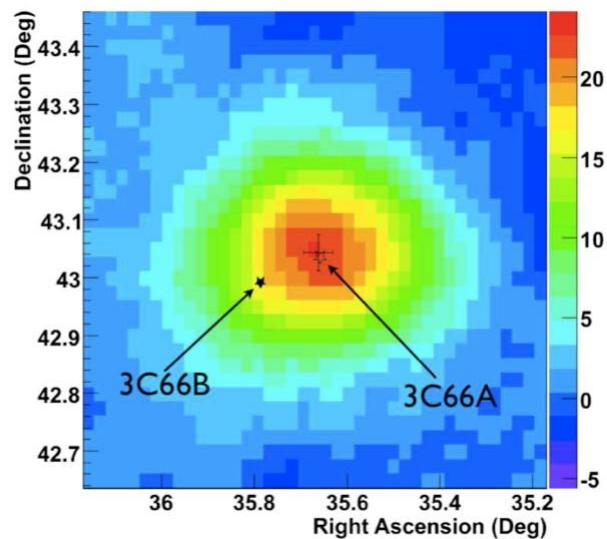
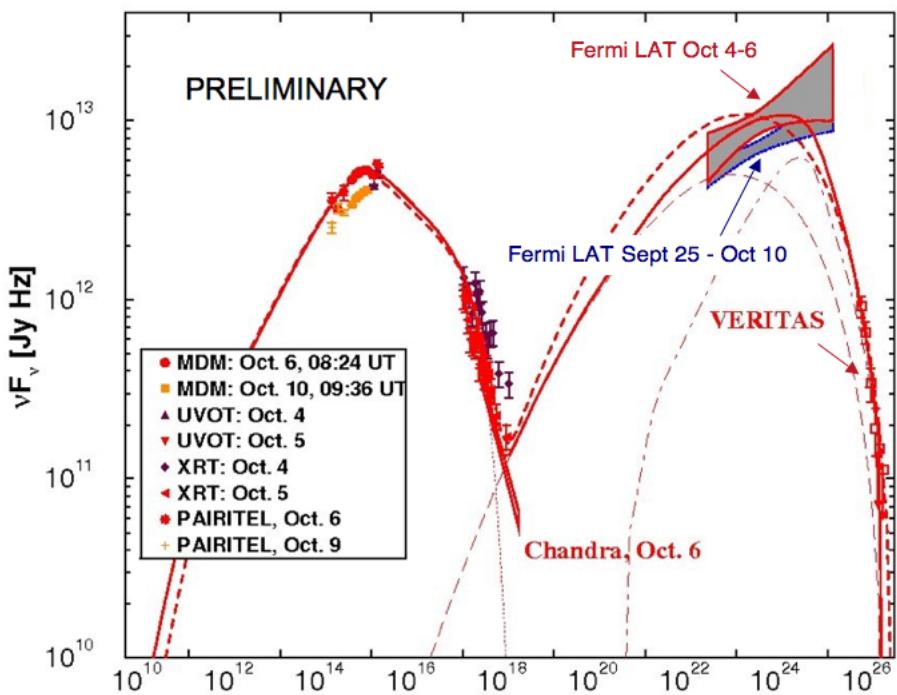
3C279: a FSRQ at redshift ~ 0.5



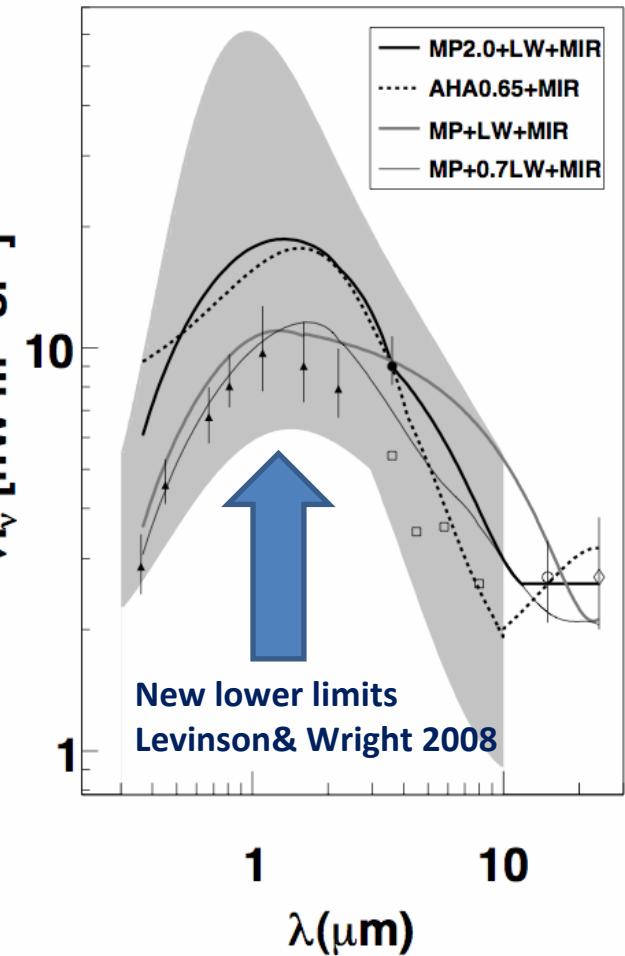
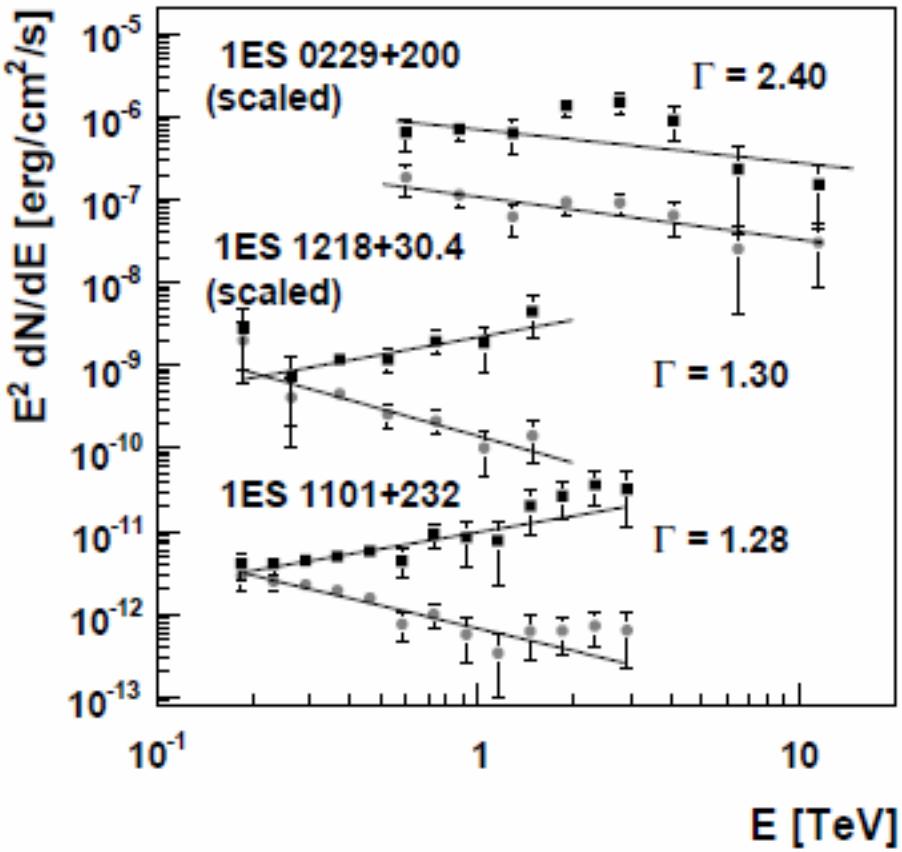
EBL absorption



EBL absorption: IBL 3C66A



EBL absorption

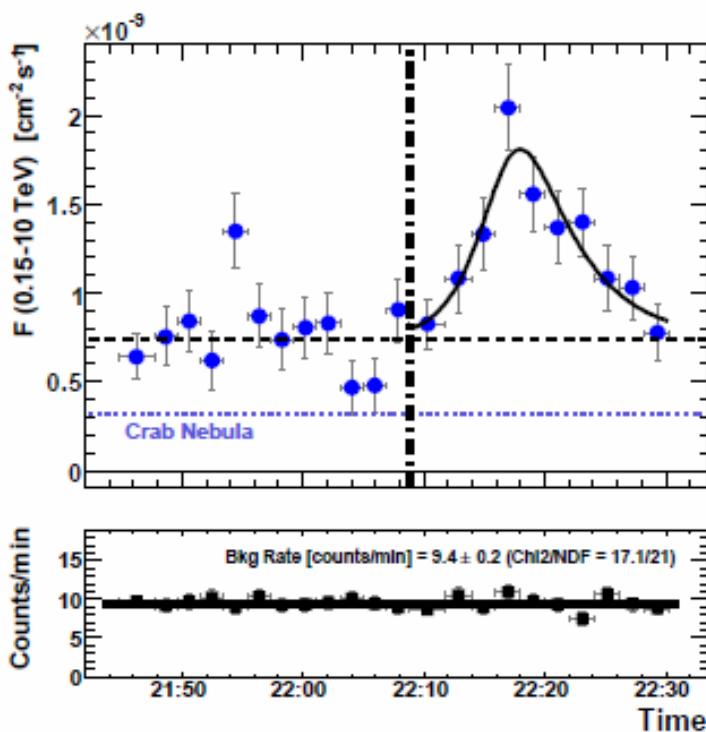


Very hard intrinsic spectra required!

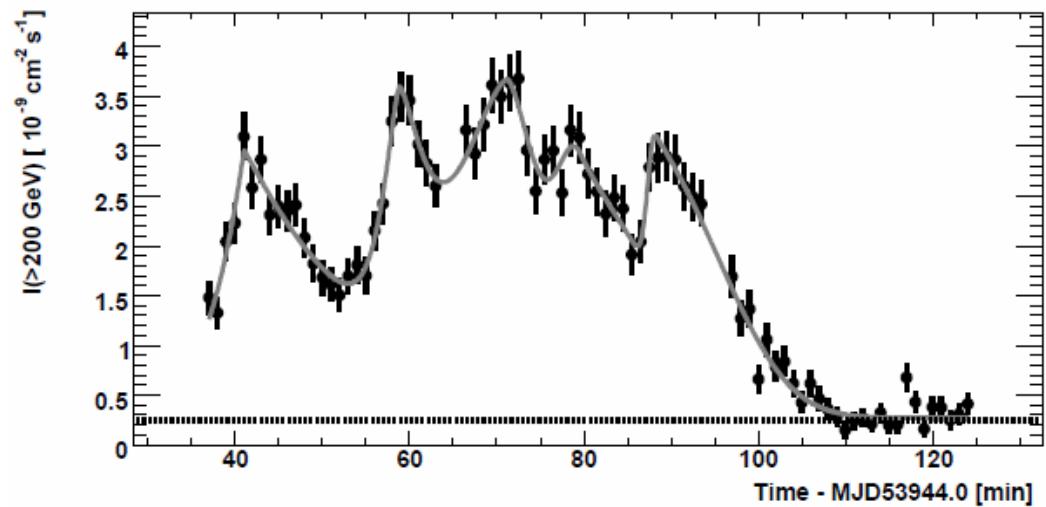
Variability

TeV-band variability on minute timescales

Mrk 501 (MAGIC)



PKS 2155-304 (HESS)



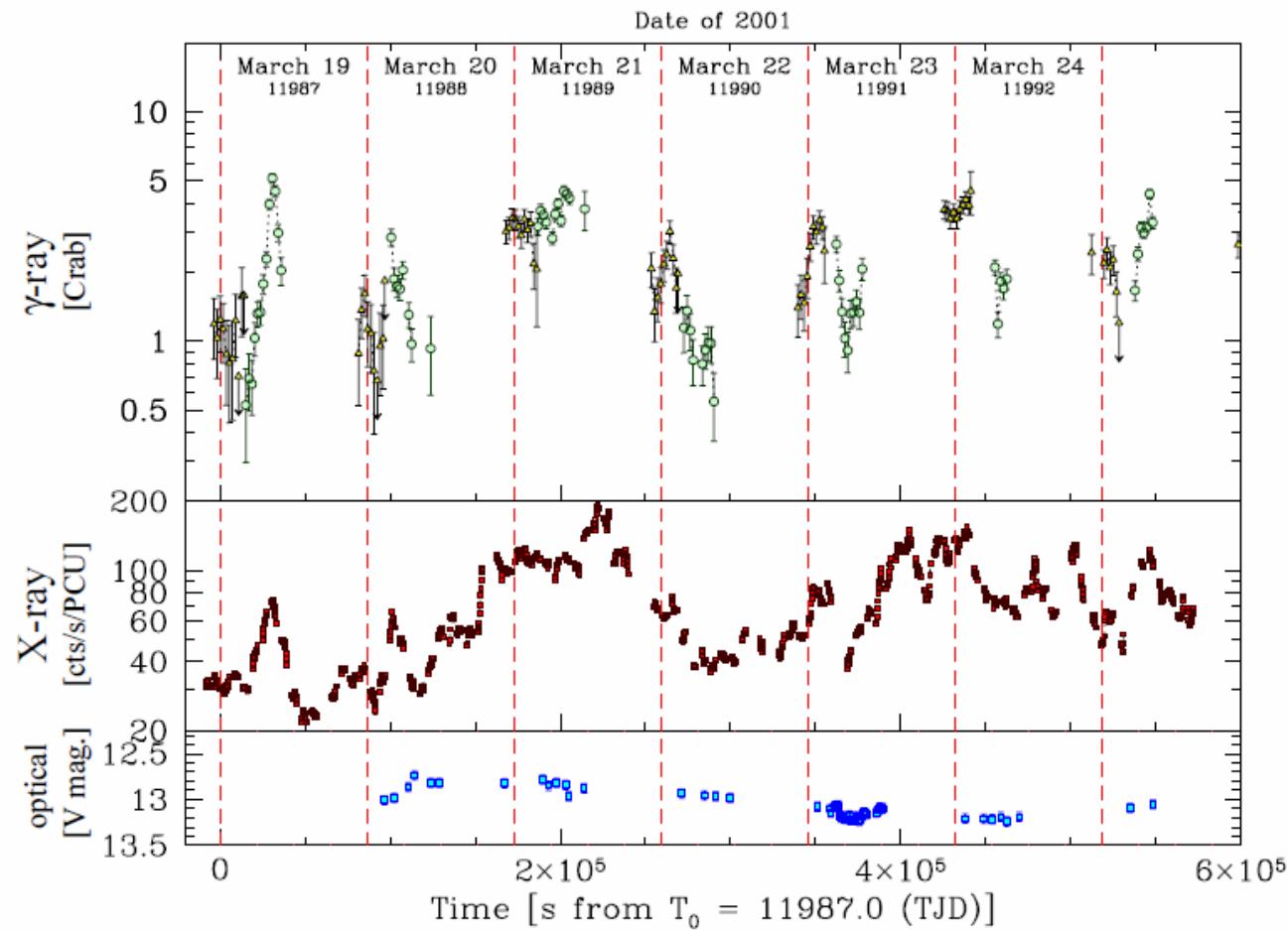
Causality constraint on source size!

Correlations

Mrk 421

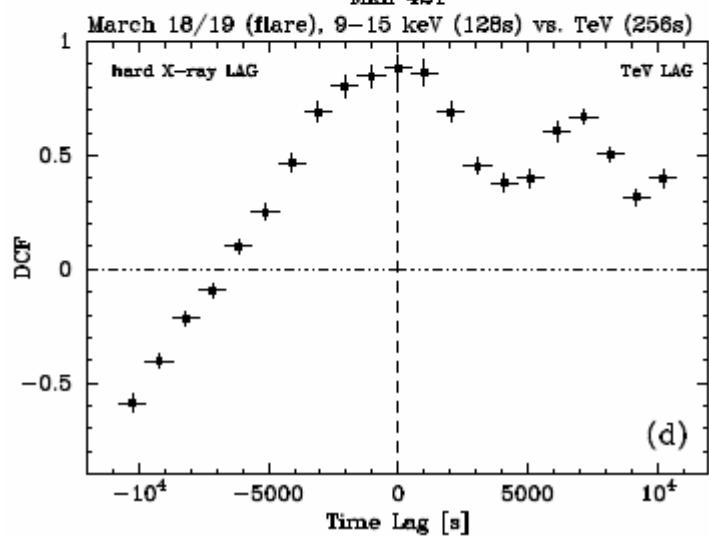
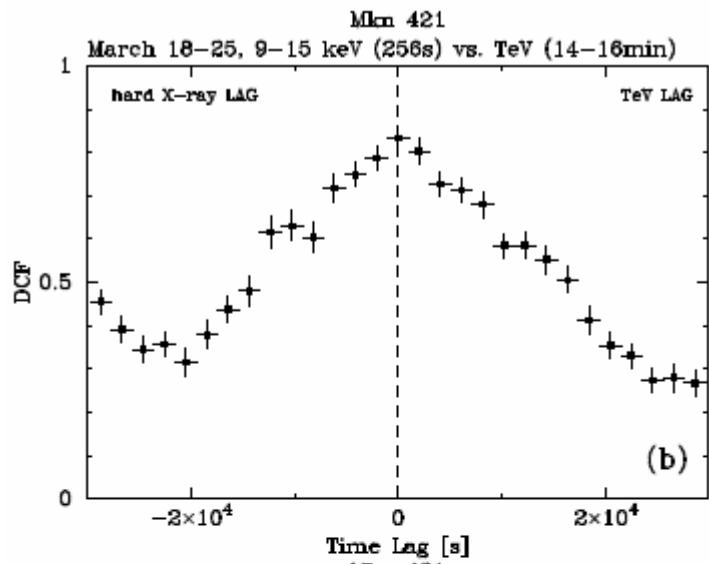
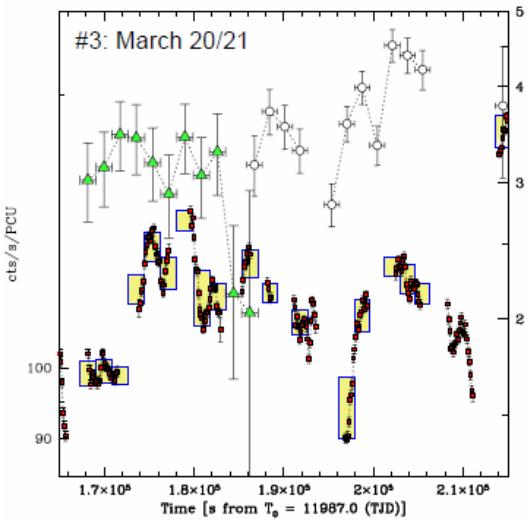
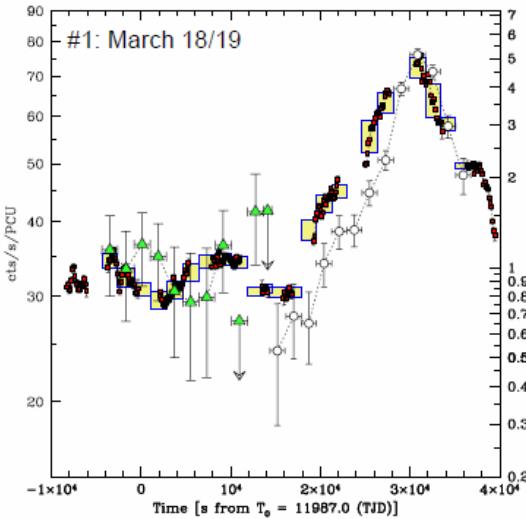
2001 campaign

(Fossati et al. 2008)

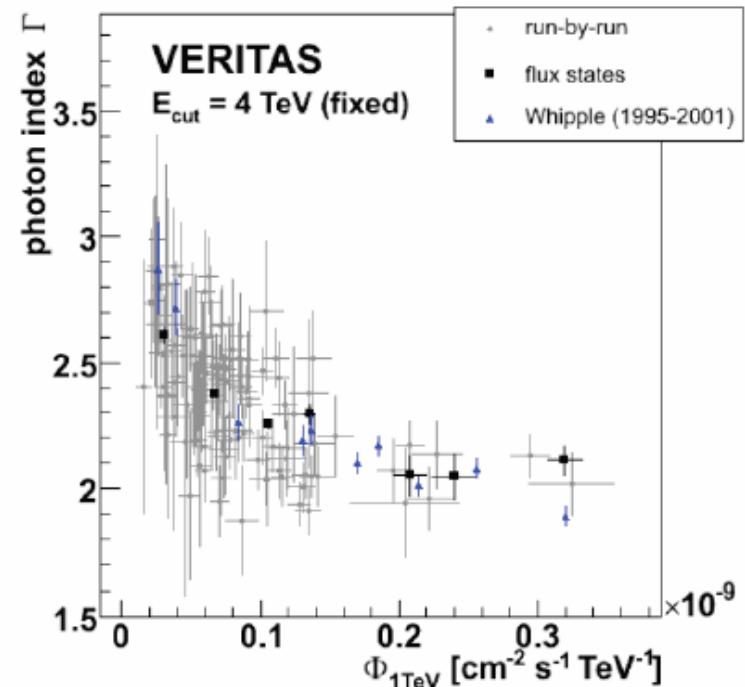
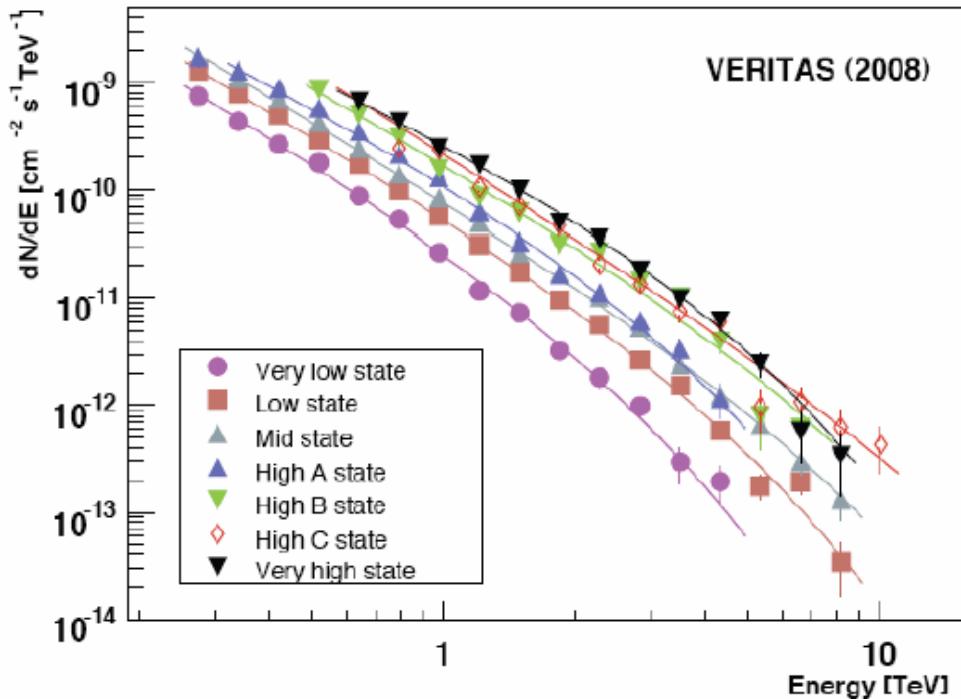


Correlations

Yes
Or
no?



Correlations

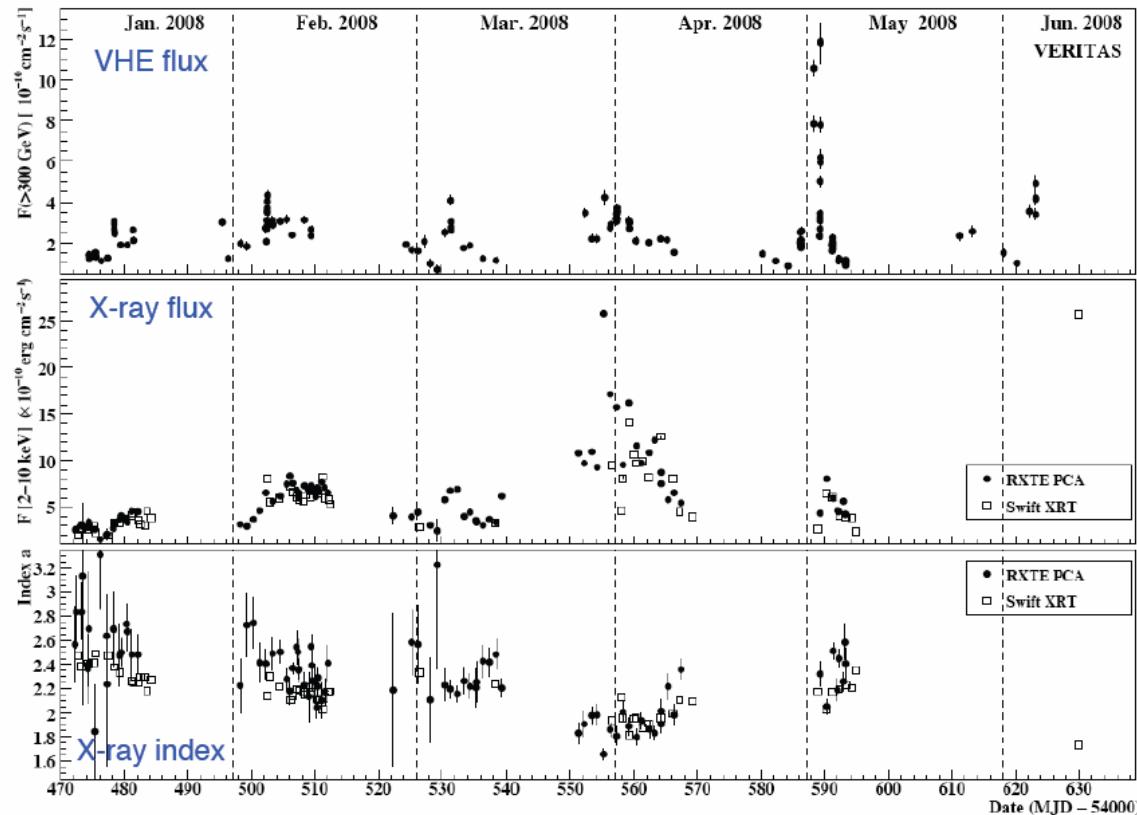


Mrk 421: newer data

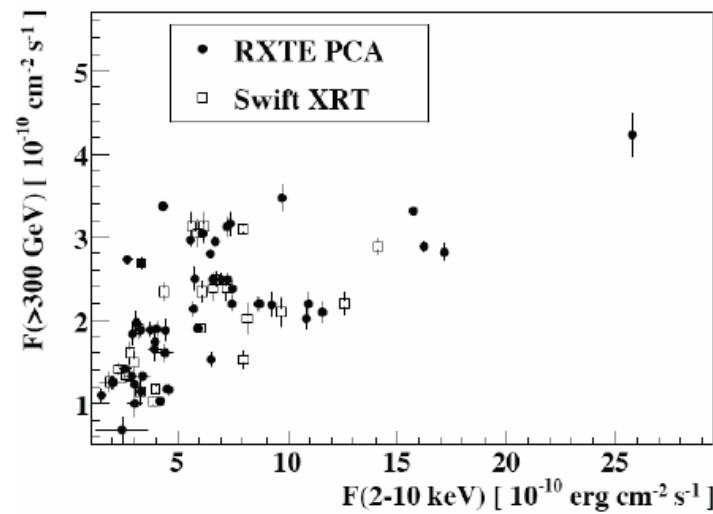
spectral hardening correlated with VHE flux

Donnarumma et al. 2008

Correlations

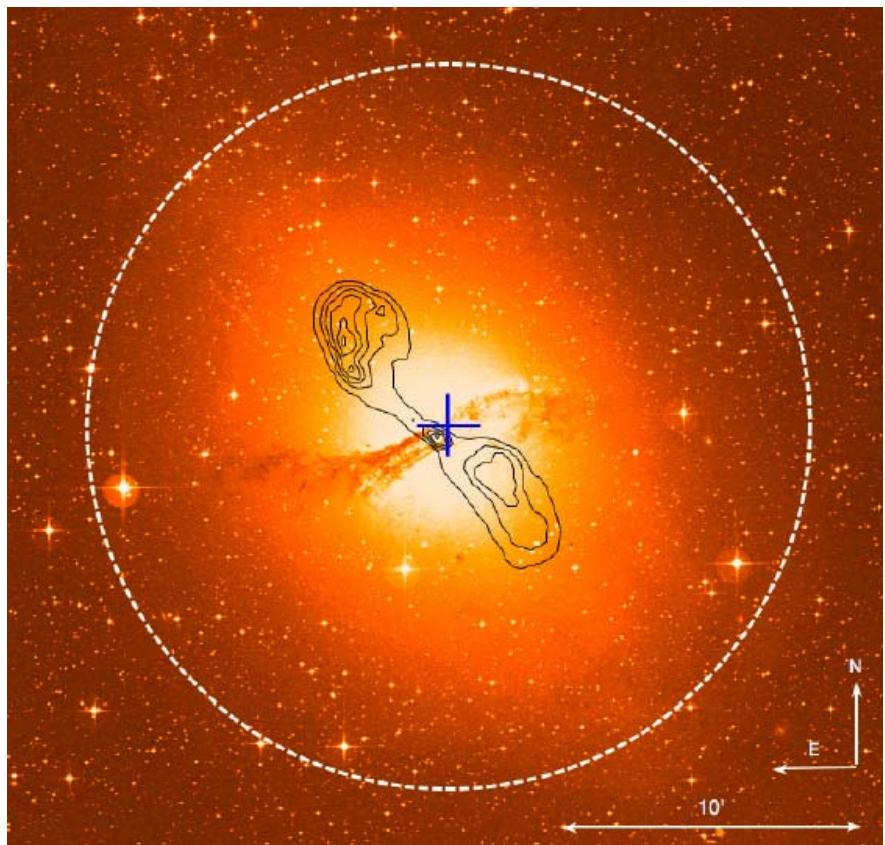


Mrk 421
5-h overlap window



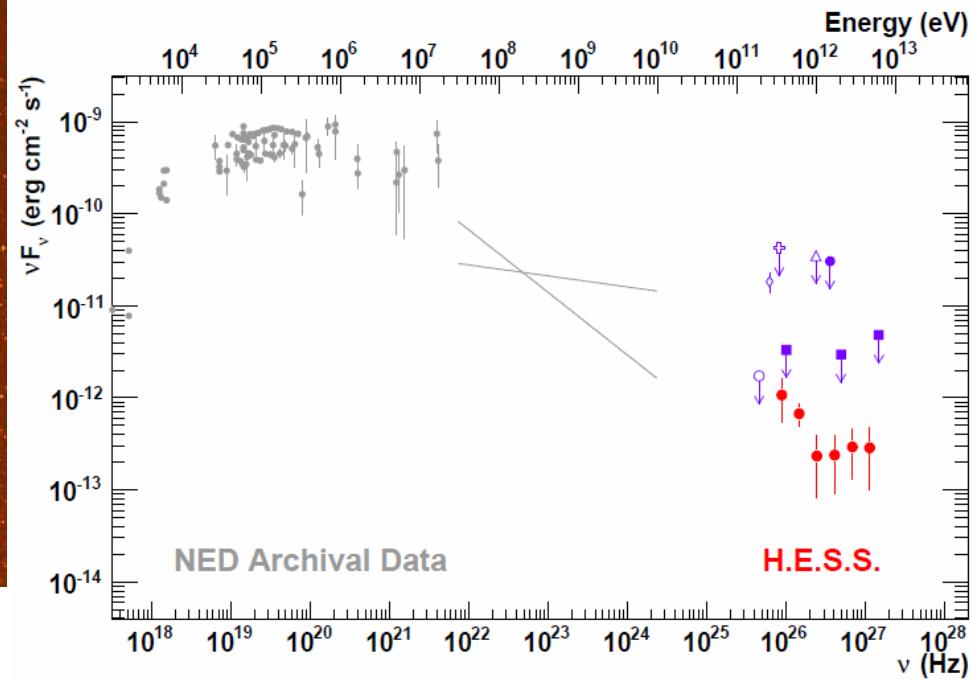
One-to-one correlations vs. common trend

Radio galaxies

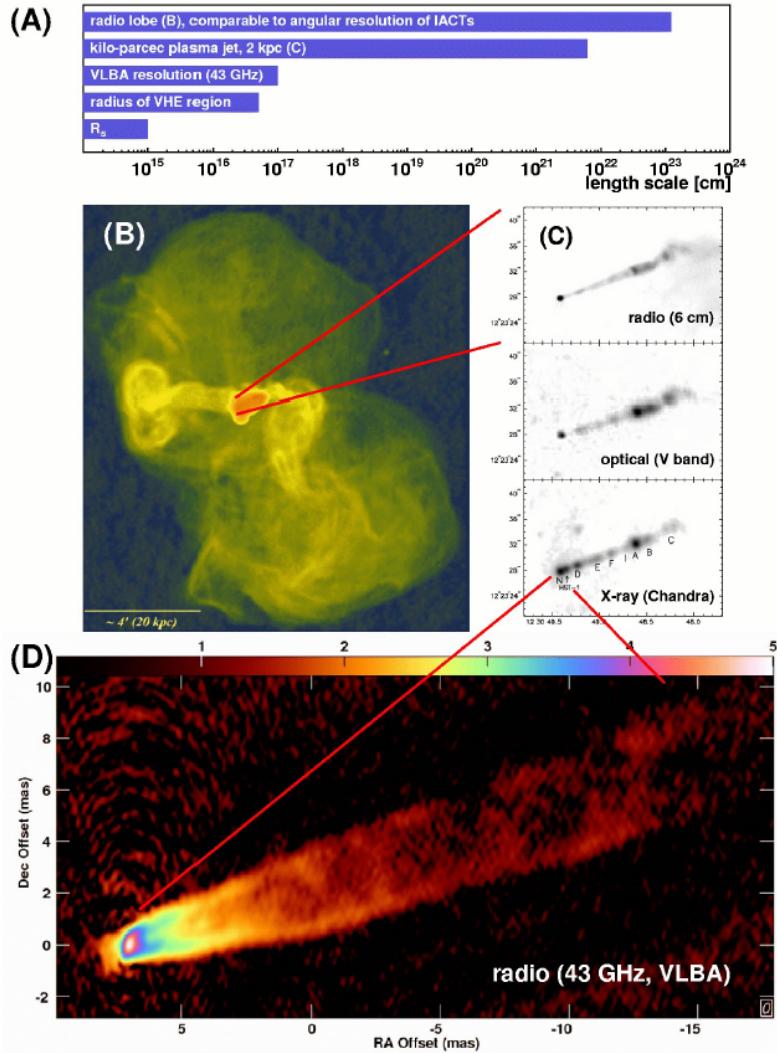


Centaurus A (HESS)

Distance only 3 Mpc



M87

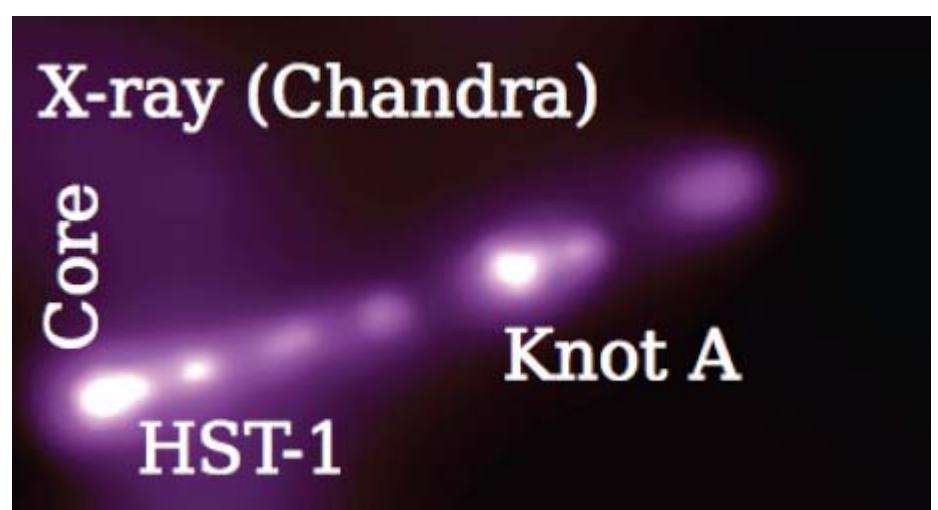


Jet angle 15-30 degrees

Superluminal motion $v=2c$

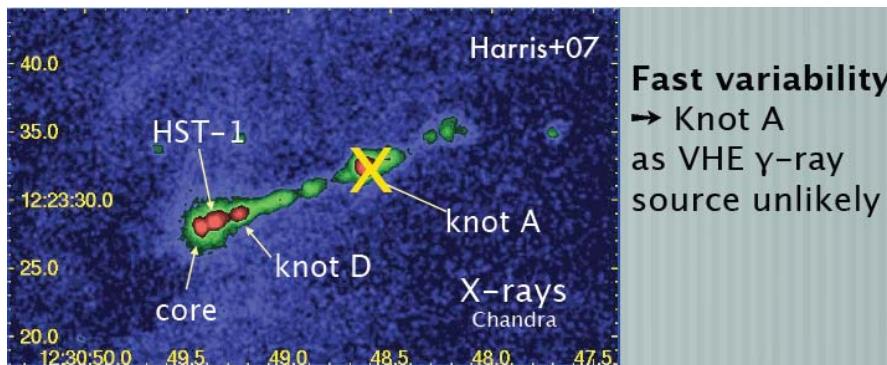
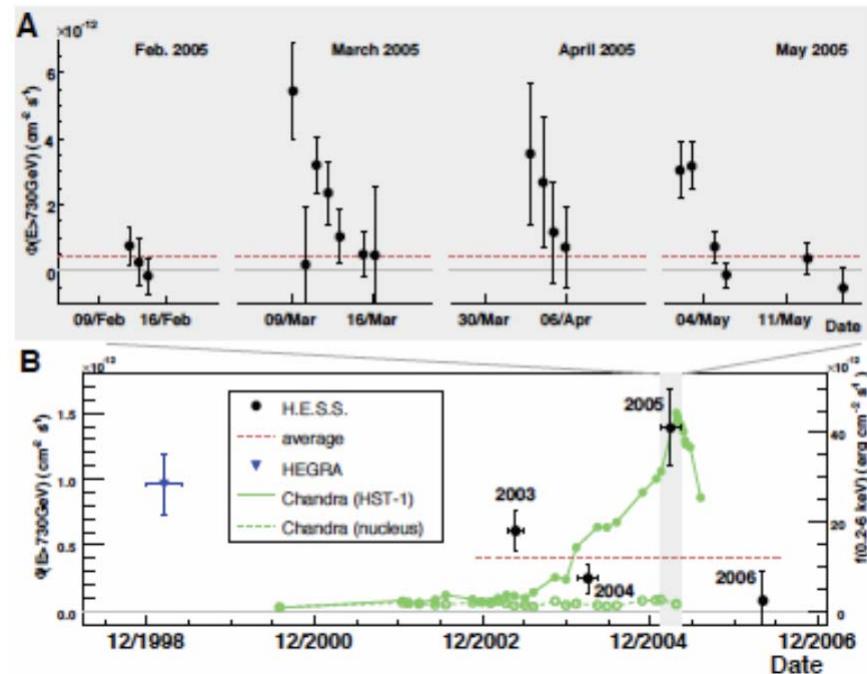
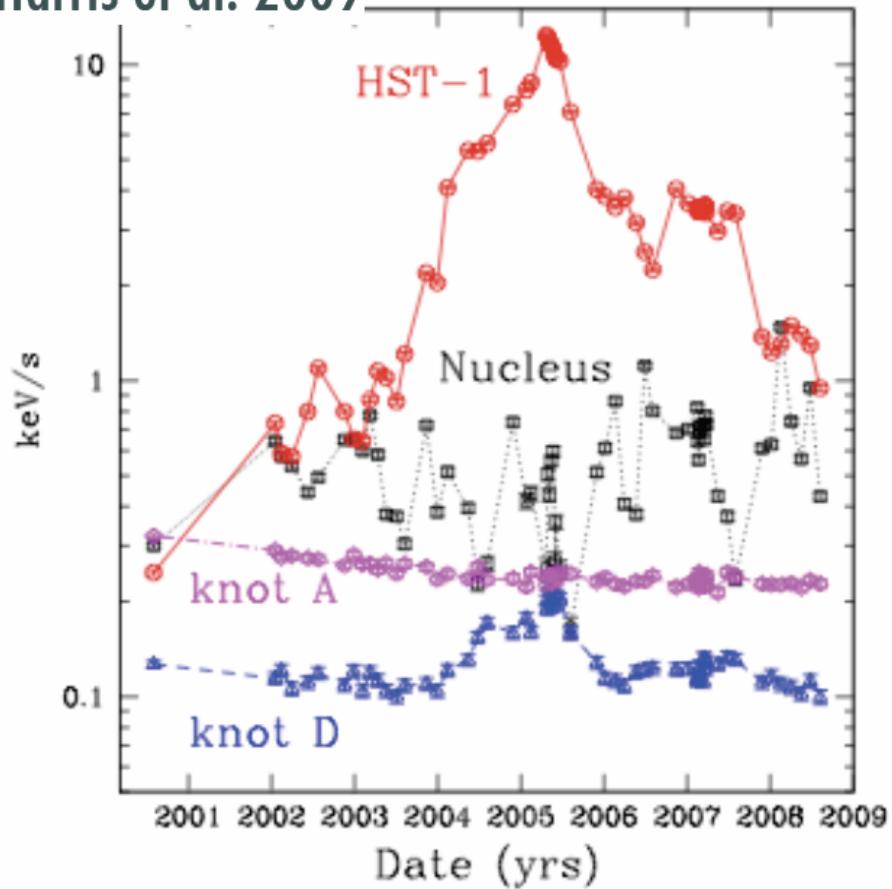
$$M_{BH} = 6 \times 10^9 M_{sol}$$

Distance 16 Mpc



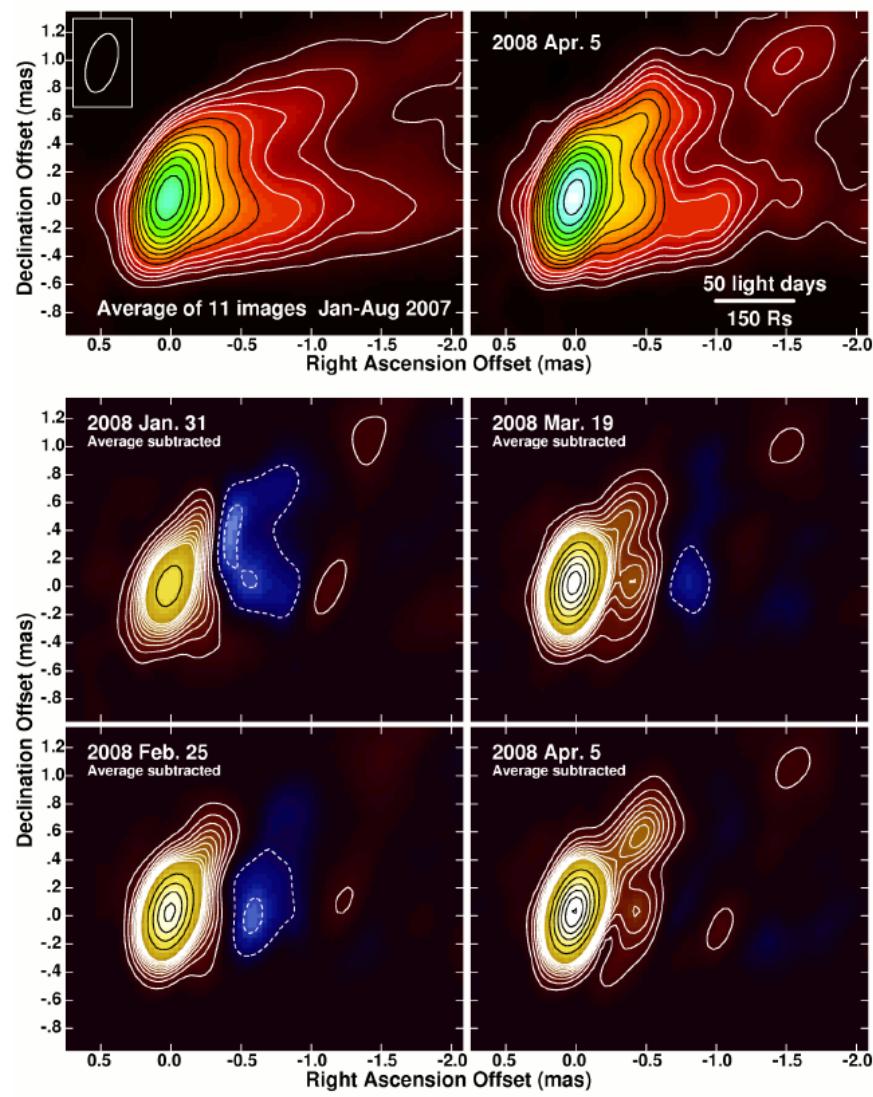
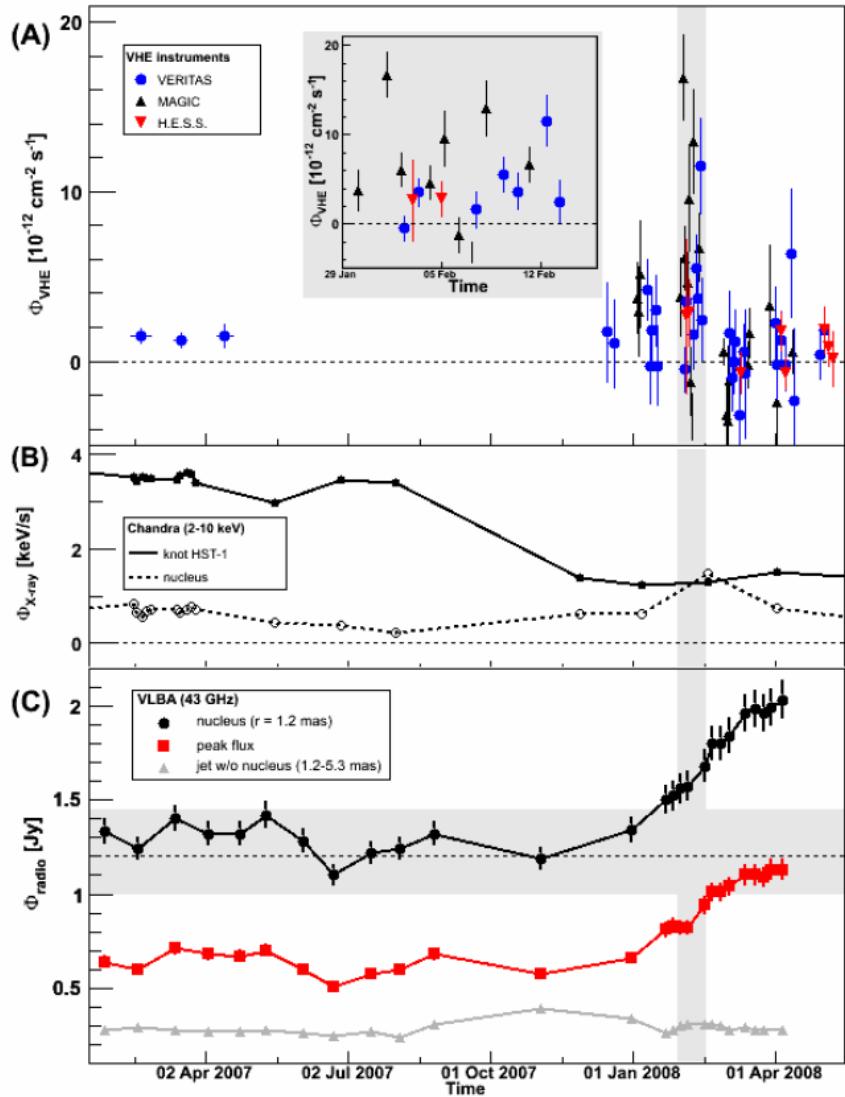
M87

Harris et al. 2009



Fast variability
→ Knot A
as VHE γ -ray
source unlikely

M87: 2007-08 campaign



M87: conclusions

- Rapid TeV flare with $t_{\text{var}} \sim 1$ day
- X-rays: HST 1 in low state, core at record high
- VLBA: A flare at core ($30 \times 60 R_s$)
- VHE flare region much smaller than $30 R_s$
- TeV emission originating close to core?