

# Ultra high-resolution imaging of atoms and molecules by intense laser pulses

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Collaboration with:

Theory

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Experiment

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C. Lew Cocke, D. Ray (KSU, USA)

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# Outline

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- Introduction
  - Ultrafast imaging of atoms & molecules
  - HHG, ATI with intense IR pulses
- Adiabatic theory
  - Basic idea
  - Examples
- Tunnel ionization
  - Atoms & Molecules in static fields
- Summary

# HHG as a coherent X-ray source

$$E_{\text{cutoff}} = 3 U_p + I_p$$

$$U_p[\text{eV}] = 93.8 \times I [\text{PW/cm}^2] \times \lambda[\mu\text{m}]^2$$

## ■ High energy photon

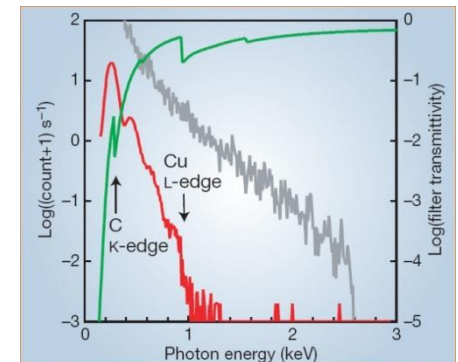
- $\hbar\omega = 1.4 \text{ keV}$ , 14 PW, 720 nm
  - J Seres et al Nature 433 596 (2005)

## ■ Ultrashort pulses

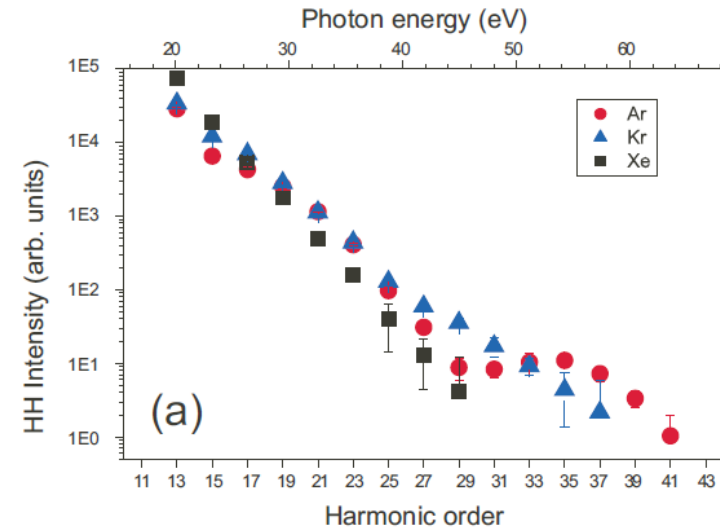
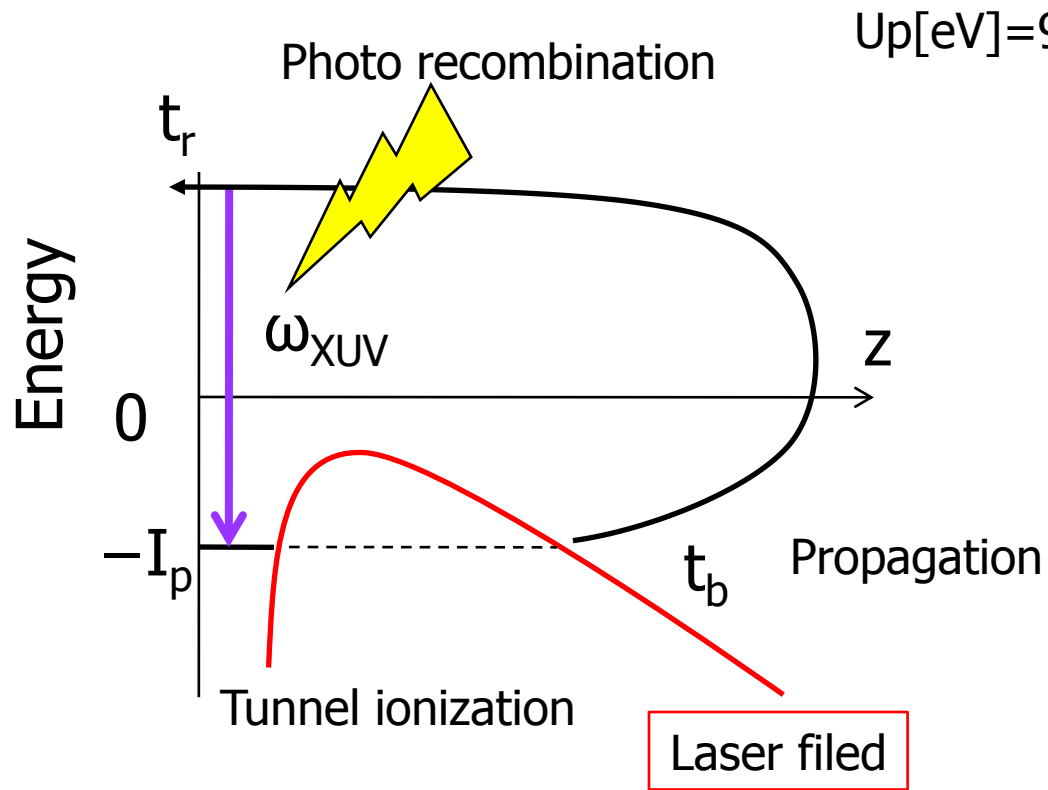
- Single 80 asec pulses
  - G. Sansone et al., Science 314, 443 (2006).

## ■ High intensity

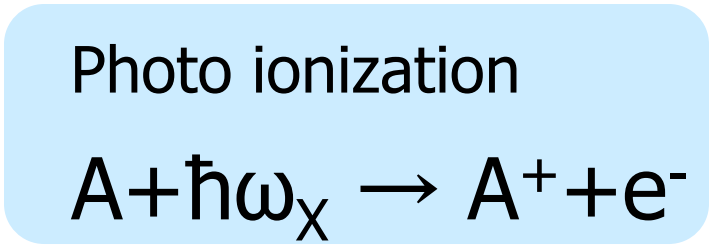
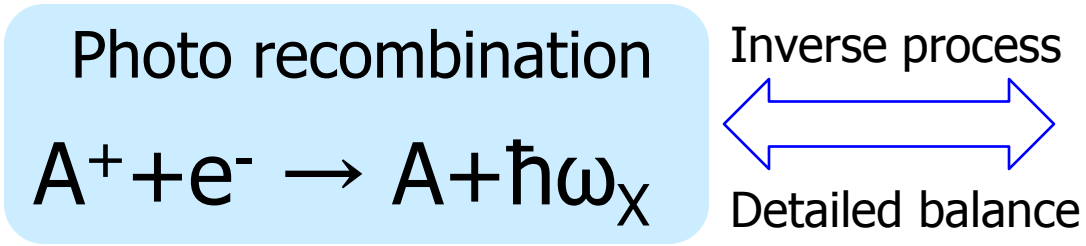
- Conversion Efficiency  $\sim 10^{-7}$  @ 300 eV, 1.6  $\mu\text{m}$ 
  - Takahashi et al, PRL 101, 253901 (2008)



# 3 step model



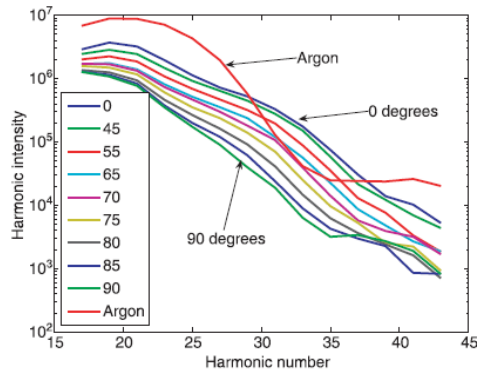
Minemoto et al, PRA08



# "Tomography" of molecules

- Re-construction of molecular orbitals from HHG spectra

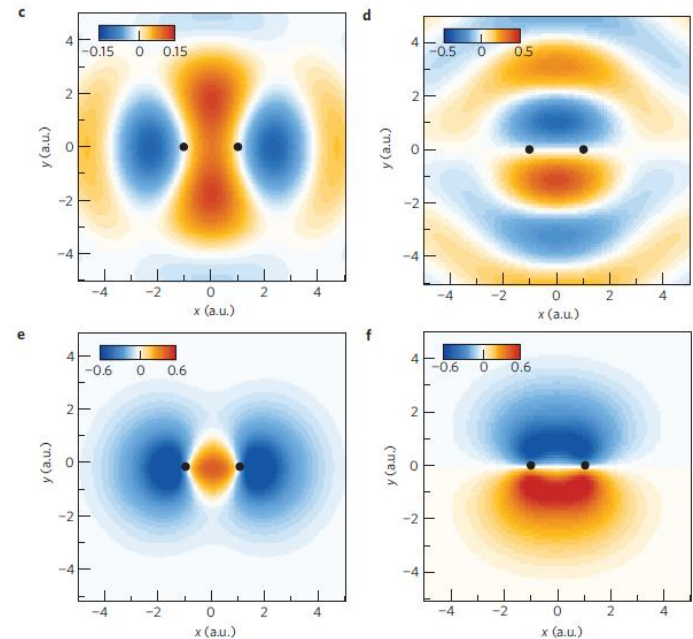
HHG



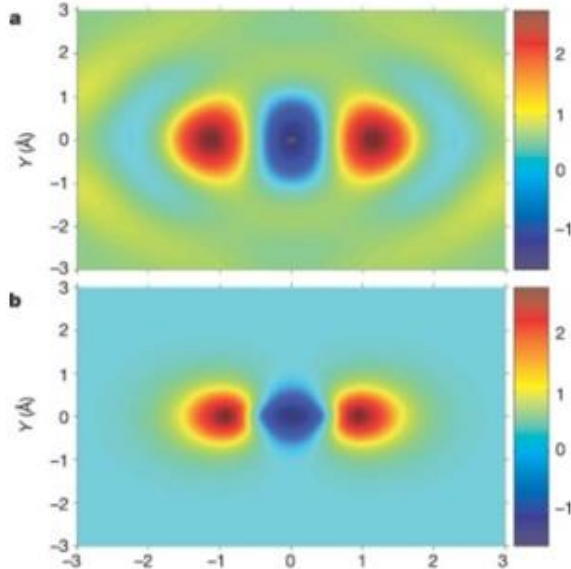
FT

$N_2$  HOMO

HOMO-1



$N_2$  HOMO



# Molecular imaging using rescattering electrons

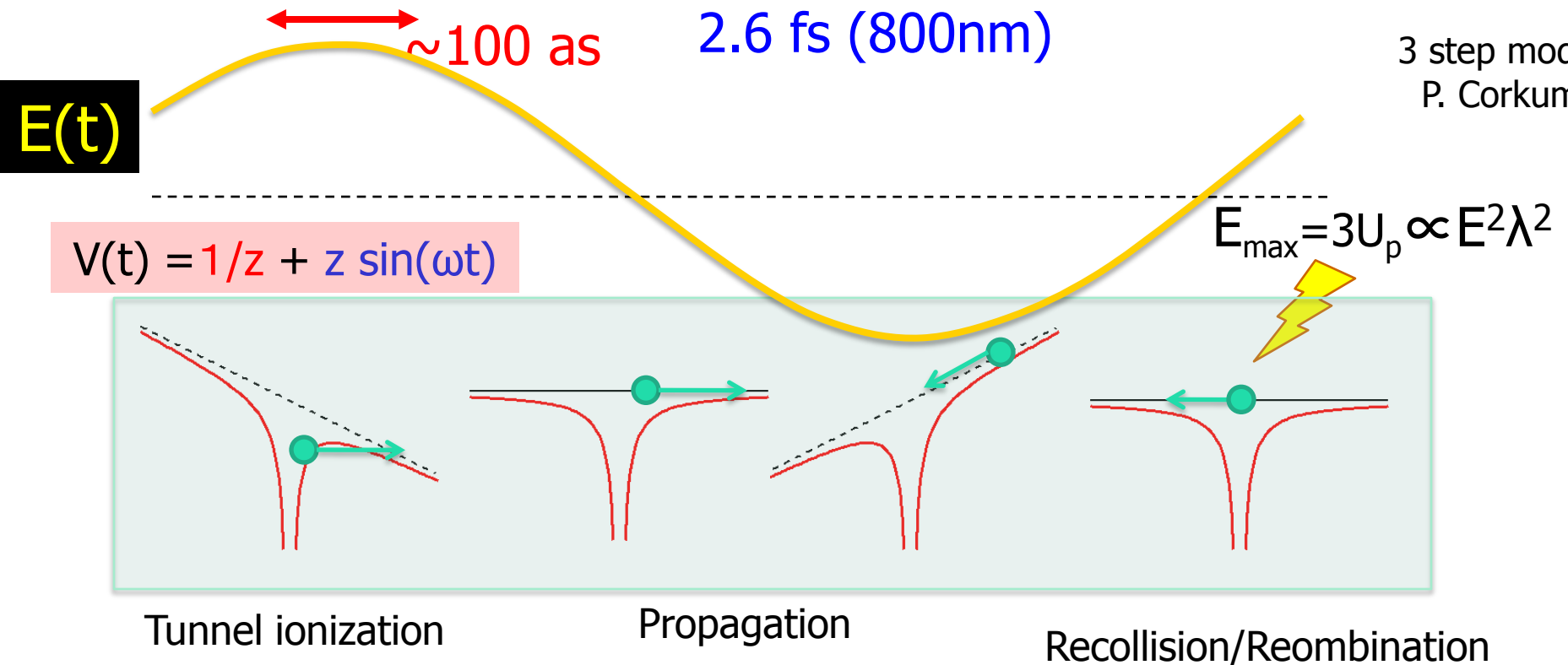
## ■ Laser induced phenomena

- High Harmonic Generation (HHG)
- High-energy Above Threshold Ionization (ATI)
- Non sequential double ionization (NSDI)
- etc



Self imaging

3 step model  
P. Corkum



# Re-examine: Factorization Formula

TM et al, PRL 100, 013903 (2008)

HHG & ATI --- Collision processes induced by laser

$$S = \sigma W$$



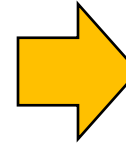
HHG spectrum  
ATI spectrum  
**(Non linear process)**

Momentum distribution of  
rescattering electrons  
**(laser info, Non linear)**

Photorecombination cross section  
Elastic cross sections  
**(Target information, linear)**

Beyond plane wave approx (FT or Born)  
Scattering states (Coulomb + short range)  
 $E \sim 50 \text{ eV @ } 10^{14} \text{ W/cm}^2$

*Dynamical  
imaging  
(Charge  
distribution  
etc.)*



# Target information from HHG

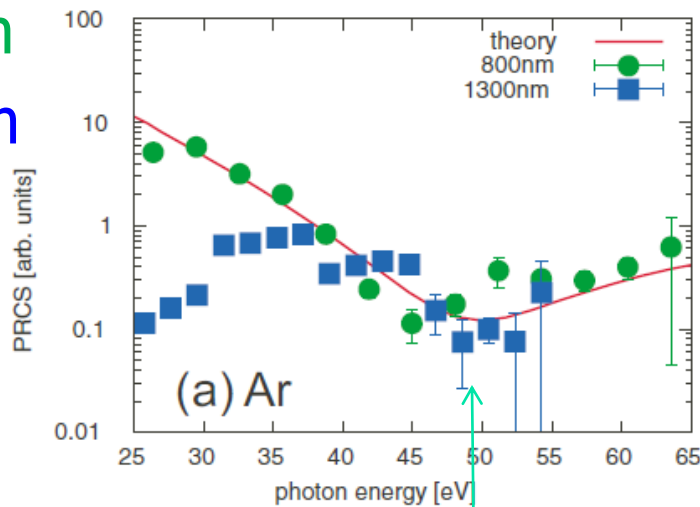
- Retrieval of photo recombination cross sections

$$S = \sigma W$$

$$\sigma = S / W$$

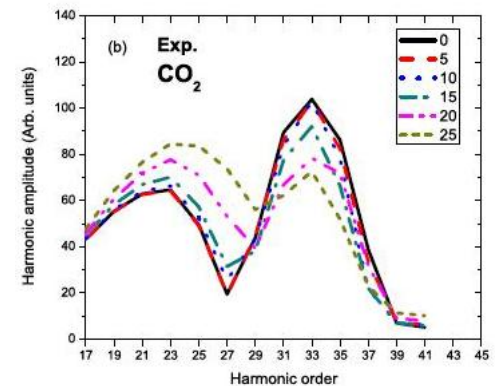
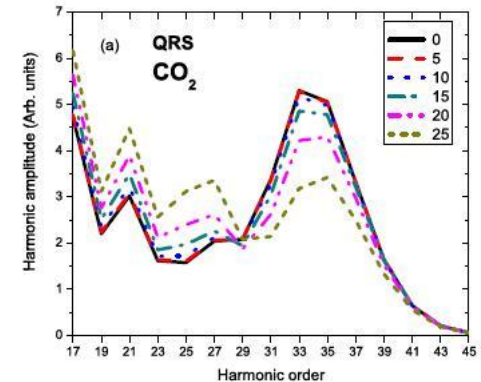
Ar  $\sim 10^{14}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>

800nm  
1300nm



Cooper minimum  
From D to P states

CO<sub>2</sub>



S. Minemoto et al, PRA 061402 (2008)

AT Le et al, PRA80, 013401 (2009)



# Reconstruction of charge densities from PES

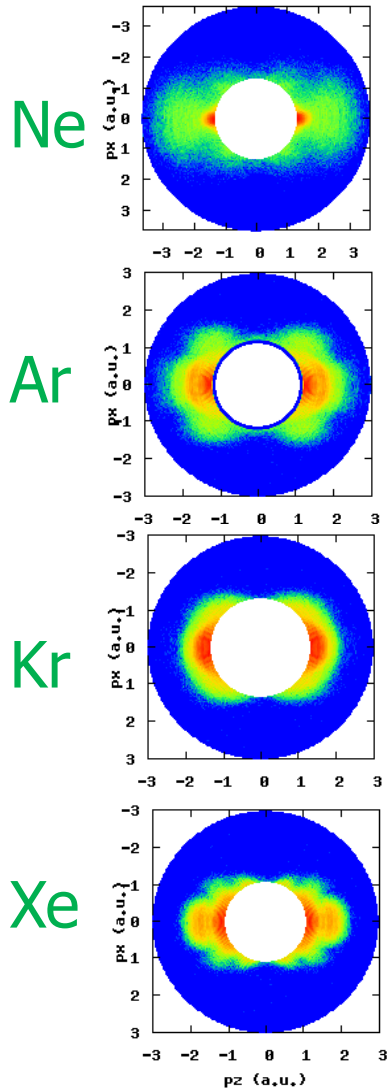
TM et al, JPB 09, J. Phys. Conf. Ser.09

Ueda, Okunishi  $\sim 10^{14}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>

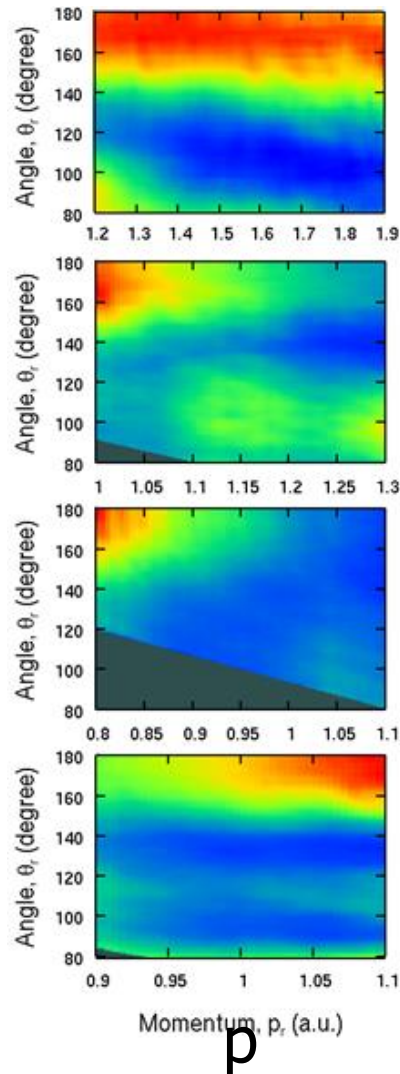
Exp. PES (ATI)

Elastic DCS,  $\sigma(p, \theta)$

Charge density,  $Z(r)$



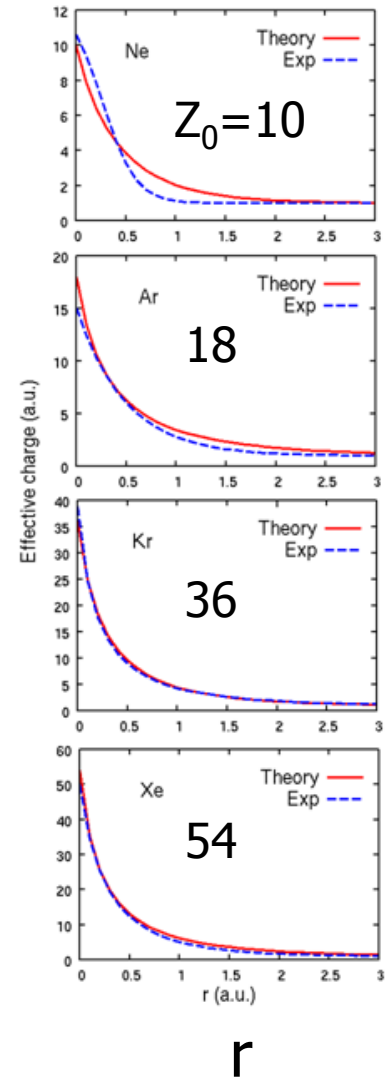
$S = \sigma W$



Inv. scattering problem

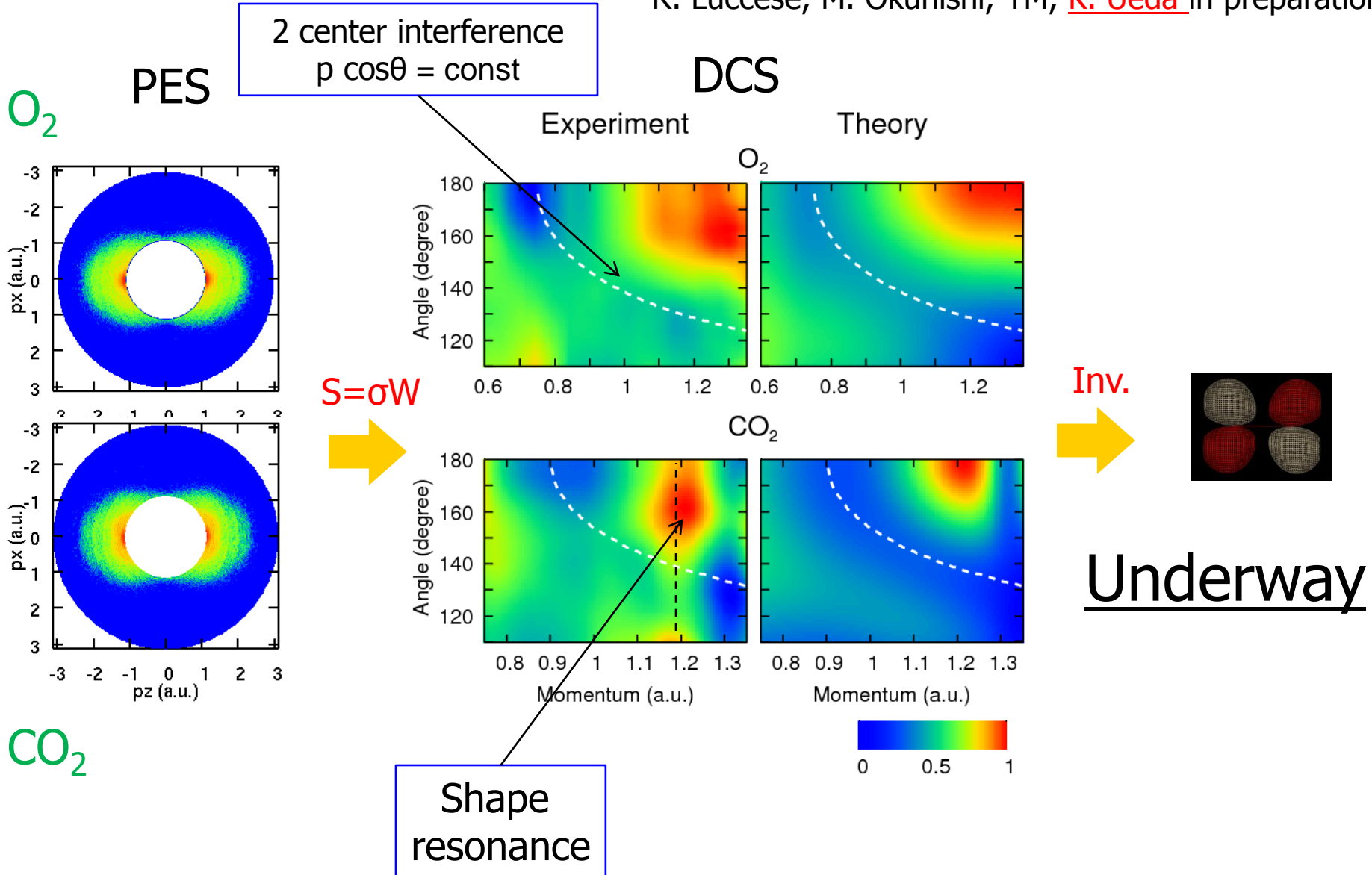


(Fitting)



# DCS of molecular targets

R. Luccese, M. Okunishi, TM, [K. Ueda](#) in preparation



# Factorization formula

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- **S=σ W** [QRS: C. D. Lin et al, JPB 43 122001 (2010)]
  - **HHG&ATI with TDSE**
    - for Atoms, PRL100,013903(08) etc
  - **Experiments**
    - PE spectra: PRL100,143001&143002(08) etc
    - HHG spectra: PRA78,061402 (08) etc
  - **Applications:**
    - Molecular dipole transition matrix (CO<sub>2</sub> etc): AT Le, et al, PRA (09)
    - CEP determination: J. Phys. B 42 065402 (09) etc
    - NSD of He: Z. Chan et al, PRL (10)
  - **Analytical derivation**
    - SFA (Born): A. Čerkić, E. Hasović, D. B. Milošević & Becker
    - Effective range theory: Frolov, Manakov & Starace
    - **Adiabatic theory: Tolstkhin & TM**

# Re-Re-examine: Adiabatic theory

## ■ Adiabatic parameter

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\text{Atomic time scale } (1/E_0)}{\text{Laser period } (T_0/2\pi)} \sim \frac{1}{T_0 \alpha^2}$$

With O.I. Tolstikhin

$$E_0 = -\alpha^2 / 2$$

$F_0$  : Electric field strength

$T_0$  : Laser period

## ■ Perturbation parameter

$$\xi = \frac{F_0}{|E_0| \times |2E_0|^{1/2}} \sim \frac{F_0}{\alpha^3}$$

Keldysh  $\gamma = \frac{\varepsilon}{\xi}$

$$\varepsilon < \xi < 1$$

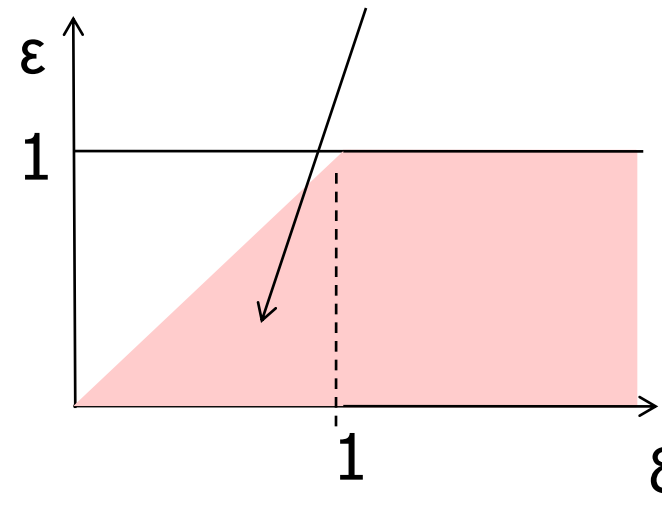
## ■ Adiabatic theory

### ■ Asymptotics:

$$\varepsilon \rightarrow 0, \quad \xi(\varepsilon^0) = \text{const}$$

## ■ Region of validity

$$\varepsilon < \min(1, \xi)$$



# Basic idea of adiabatic theory

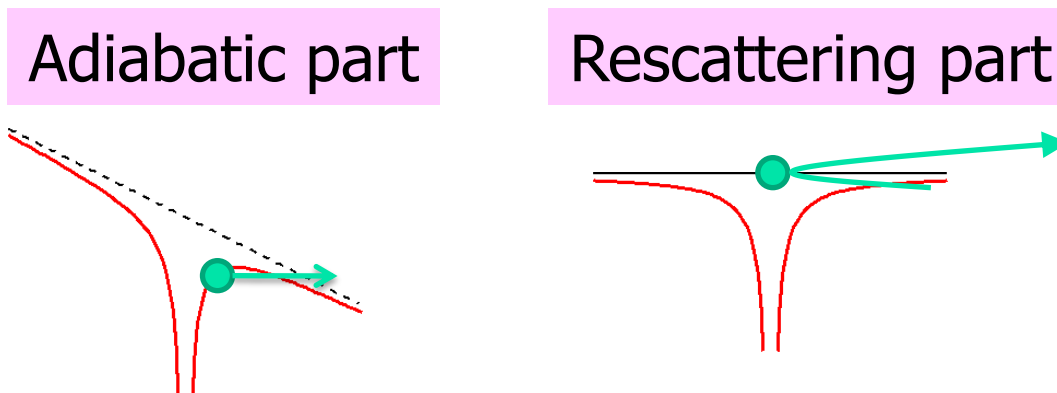
## ■ Schrödinger Equation

$$i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi(\mathbf{r}, t) = \left[ -\frac{1}{2} \nabla^2 + V(\mathbf{r}) + F(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon} t)z \right] \psi(\mathbf{r}, t)$$

## ■ Asymptotics $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \rightarrow 0$

$$\psi(\nu, \mu) = A(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^\nu) \exp[iS(\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^\mu)]$$

$$\psi = \psi_a(\mathbf{0}, -1) + \psi_r(\nu > 0, -3) \quad \begin{array}{l} \nu = 1/2 \text{ (1D)} \\ 3/2 \text{ (3D)} \end{array}$$



# 1D-Zero range potential model

Tolstikhin, TM, SW,  
PRA 81, 033415 (2010)  
[27 pages, 165 Eqs]

Schrodinger eq

$$i \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi(x, t) = \left[ -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} - \alpha \delta(x) + F(\epsilon x) x \right] \psi(x, t)$$

Wave function

$$c(t) = \alpha^{-1/2} \psi(0, t) \quad \psi(x, t) = \frac{e^{i\pi/4} \alpha^{3/2}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^t \exp[iS(x, t; 0, t')] \frac{c(t') dt'}{\sqrt{t-t'}}$$

Integral equation

$$c(t) = \frac{e^{i\pi/4} \alpha}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^t \exp[iS(0, t; 0, t')] \frac{c(t') dt'}{\sqrt{t-t'}}$$

Action

$$S(y_f, t_f; y_i, t_i) = \int_{t_i}^{t_f} \exp\left[\frac{1}{2} u^2(t) - F(t)\right] dt$$

Ionization spectrum

$$P(k) = \alpha^3 \left| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp[-iS(k, t)] c(t) dt \right|^2$$

$$u(t) = -\int_{-\infty}^t F(t) dt + u(t \rightarrow -\infty)$$

# Asymptotics

## Schrodinger eq

$$c(t) = \frac{e^{i\pi/4} \alpha}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^t \exp[iS(0, t; 0, t')] \frac{c(t') dt'}{\sqrt{t-t'}}$$

## Asymptotics

$$c(t) = c_a(t) + c_r(t)$$

Adiabatic

$$c_a(t) = a(\varepsilon^0) \exp[is(\varepsilon^{-1})]$$

Rescattering

$$c_r(t) = a(\varepsilon^{\nu>0}) \exp[is(\varepsilon^{-3})]$$

## Solution

$$c_a(t) = \alpha^{-1/2} \phi(0; F(t)) \exp\left(-iE_0 t - i \int_{-\infty}^t [E_0(F(t')) - E_0] dt'\right)$$

Siegert state in a static E-field

Regularity & Outgoing

$$c_{r(1loop)}(t) = T(\tilde{u}_f^+) c_r^{(a)}(t) \quad c_r^{(a)}(t) = \frac{e^{i\pi/4} \alpha}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^t \exp[iS(0, t; 0, t')] \frac{c_a(t') dt'}{\sqrt{t-t'}}$$

Scattering (Transmission index)

# Factorization formula : Saddle Point approximation

Spectrum

$$P(k) = 2\pi |I_a(k) + I_r(k)|$$

$$P(k) = \alpha^3 \left| \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \exp[-iS(k,t)] c(t) dt \right|^2$$

$$\zeta(k) = \left[ \frac{3i}{4} [S_0(k, t_i^-) - S_0(k, t_i^+)] \right]^{2/3}$$

Adiabatic

$$I_a(k) = \alpha^{3/2} U(\zeta(k)) \left[ \frac{dt_i^+ / dk}{s_i \alpha(t_i^+)} \right]^{1/2} e^{iS(k, t_i^+)} c_a(t_i^+)$$

$$U(\zeta) = 2\sqrt{\pi} \exp\left(\frac{2}{3}\zeta^{3/2}\right) \zeta^{1/4} Ai(\zeta)$$

Rescattering

$$I_{r(loop)}(k, \sigma_1) = A(\tilde{u}_f^+) \alpha^{3/2} U(\zeta(t_f^+)) \left[ \frac{dt_i^+ / dk}{s_i \alpha(t_i^+)} \right]^{1/2} e^{iS(k, t_f^+) + iS(t_f^+, t_i^+)} c_a(t_i^+)$$

W

$\sigma$

$$P_{1loop}(k) = |c_a(t_i(t))|^2 \times \Gamma(t_i(t)) \times \left| \frac{dt_i(t)}{dk} \right| \times |R(k + v(t_r(k)))|^2$$

Survival Prob

Ionizaion rate

propagation

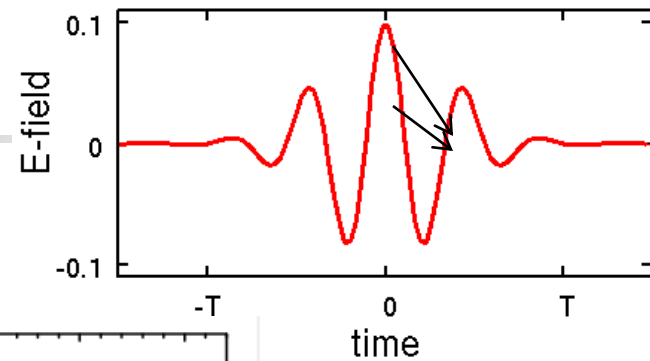
Cross section

$$P_{sl}(k) = P_{1loop}(k) \times Ai(S_{short} + S_{long})$$

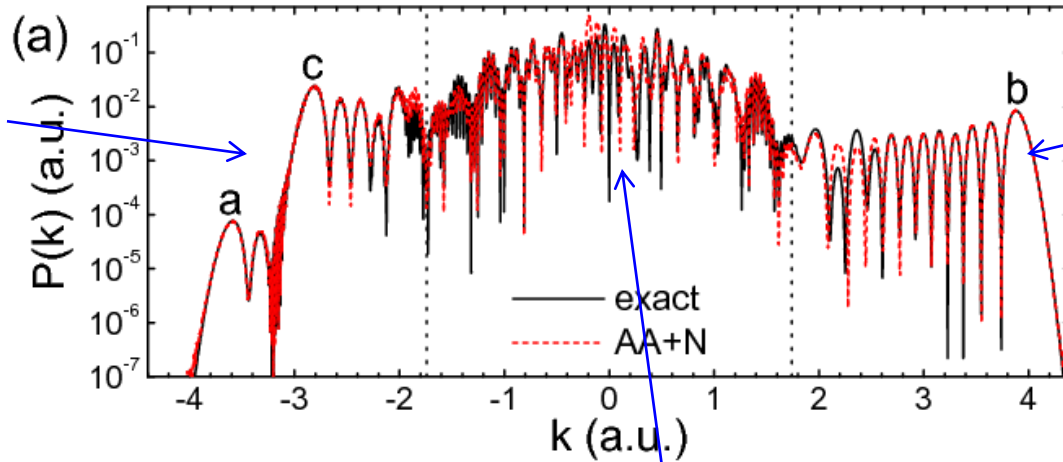


# Ex) 5 cycle pulse

- 5 fs, 800 nm,  $3.5 \times 10^{14}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>

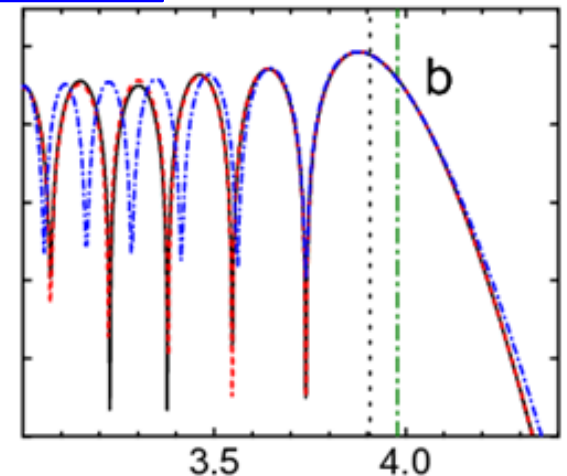
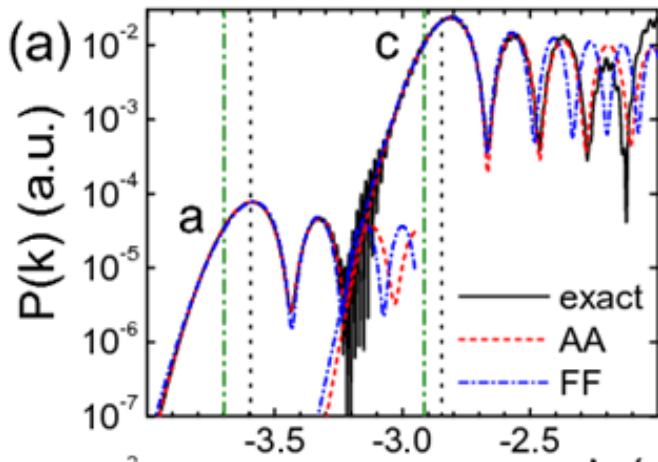


Rescattering  
Long+short



Rescattering  
Long+short

Adiabatic + Rescattering



# Re-examination of atomic states in a electric field

- Asymptotics in the adiabatic theory

$$\psi = \psi_a(\epsilon^{-1}) + \psi_r(\epsilon^{-3})$$

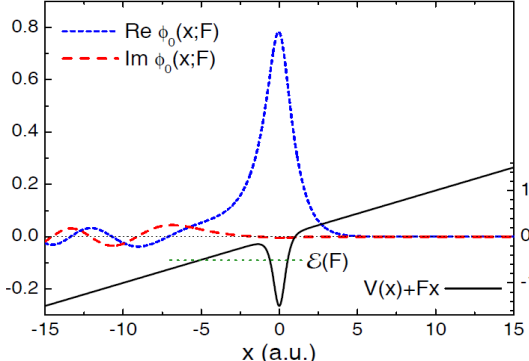
Adiabatic part
Rescattering part



- Siegert states in a static electric field

- Regularity & Outgoing

$$\psi_a(\mathbf{r}, t) = \phi_0(\mathbf{r}; F(t)) \exp\left(-iE_0 t - i \int_{-\infty}^t [E_0(F(t')) - E_0] dt'\right)$$



# Atoms & molecules in a static field

## ■ Stark effect

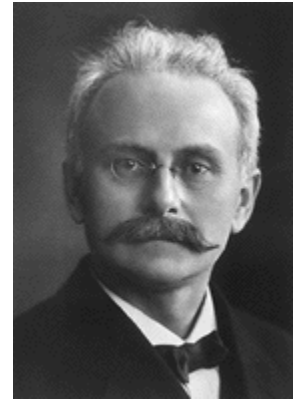
- J. Stark (1913, Nobel Prize 1916)
- Splitting of the atomic bound state energies
- Perturbation among bound states

## ■ Tunnel ionization

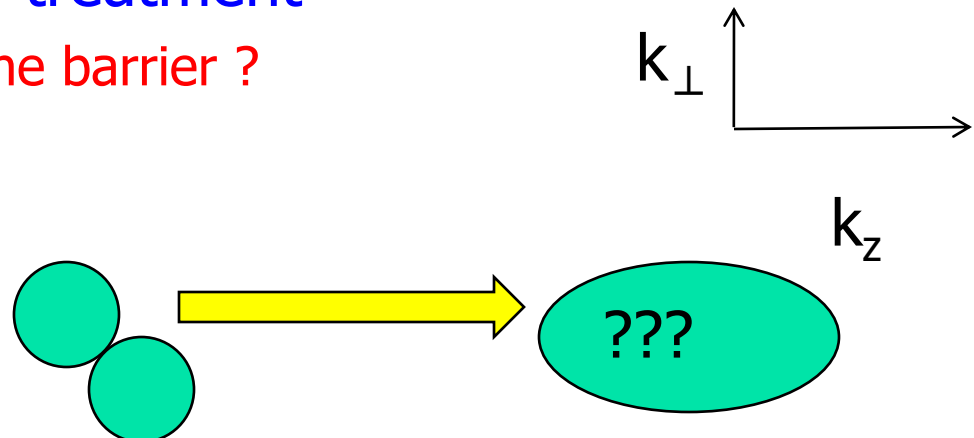
- Keldysh (1964), ADK(1986)
- Ionization rate, momentum distributions in weak field limit
- $P(k_{\perp}) \propto \exp(-k_{\perp}^2/3E)$  for H(1s)

## ■ Quantum mechanical treatment

- Strong field ? Over the barrier ?
- Target dependence ?



J. Stark



# Atomic Siegert states in an E-field

Batishchev, OIT, TM, PRA accepted

## ■ Schrödinger equation + Regularity & Outgoing

$$\left[ -\frac{1}{2} \Delta + V(\mathbf{r}) + Fz \right] \varphi_0(\mathbf{r}; F) = E_0(F) \varphi_0(\mathbf{r}; F)$$

### ■ Parabolic coordinates

$$\xi = r + z, \quad \eta = r - z, \quad \phi$$

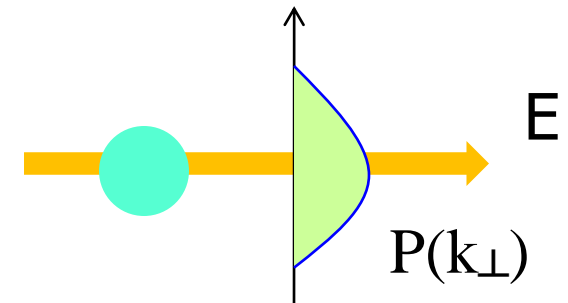
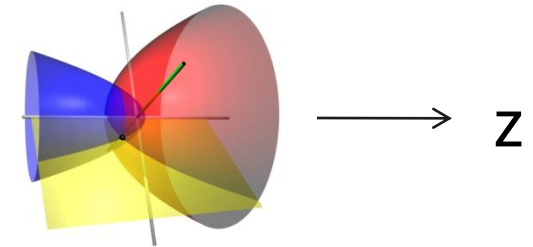
### ■ Asymptotic form ( $\eta \rightarrow \infty$ )

$$\phi(\xi, \eta; F) \Big|_{\eta \rightarrow \infty} = \phi(\xi) \times \frac{2^{1/2}}{F^{1/2} \eta^{3/4}} \exp \left[ \frac{iF^{1/2} \eta^{3/2}}{3} + \frac{iE \eta^{1/2}}{F^{1/2}} \right]$$

### ■ Transverse momentum distribution

$$P(k_{\perp}) = \frac{8\pi^2}{F} \left| \phi \left( \frac{k_{\perp}^2}{F} \right) \right|^2$$

### ■ Complex R-matrix



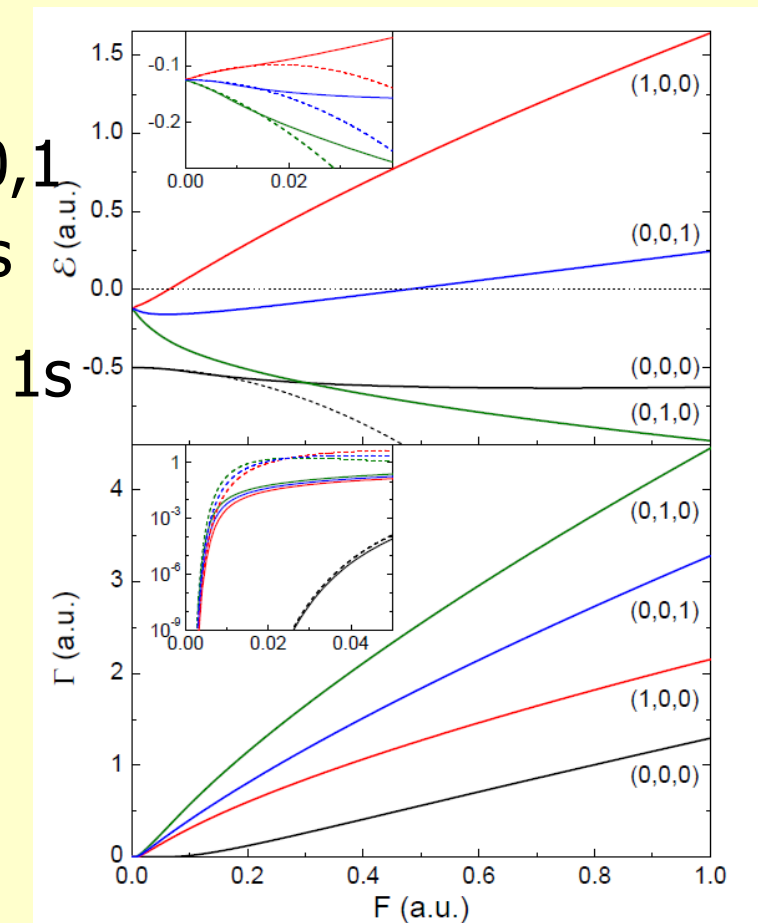
# Energies & Width

$$E = \epsilon - i\Gamma/2$$

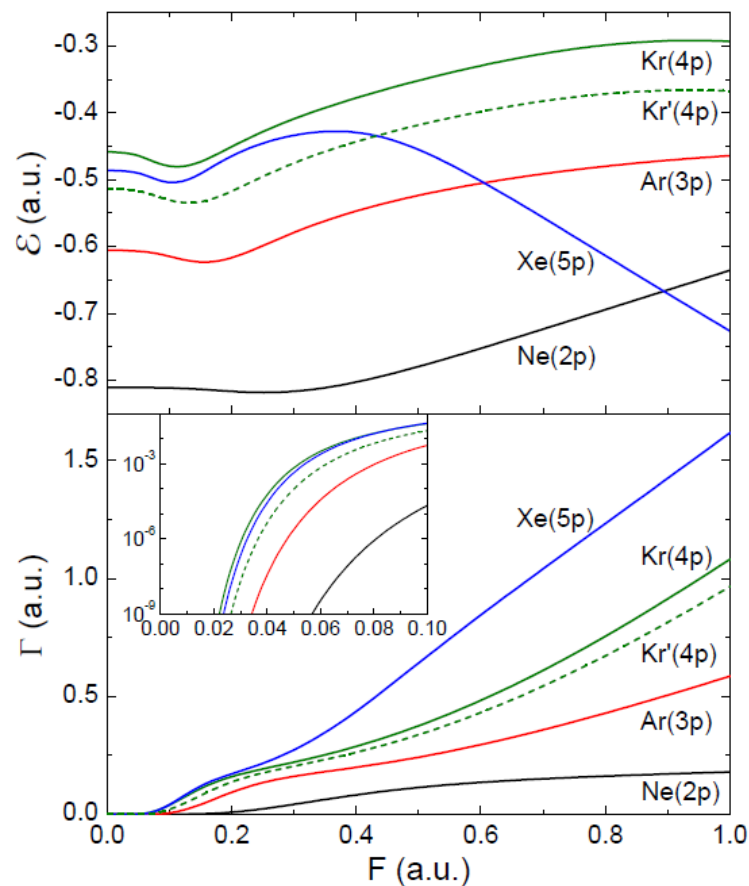
H

2p<sub>0,1</sub>  
2s

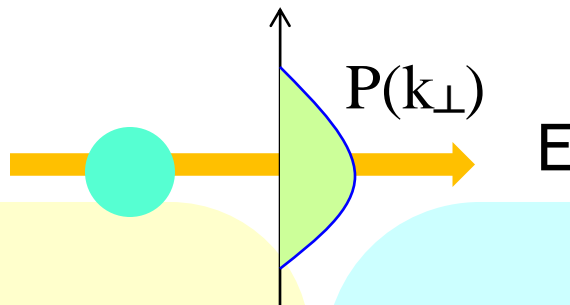
1s



Rare gas atoms



# Transverse momentum distribution



H atom

Rare gas atoms

1s

2s

2p<sub>0</sub>

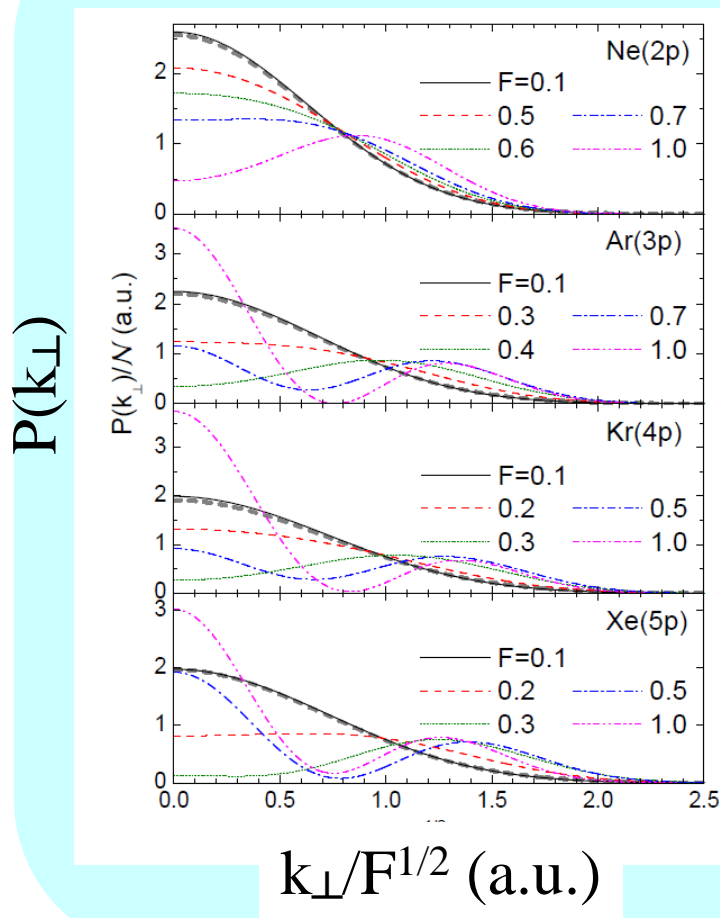
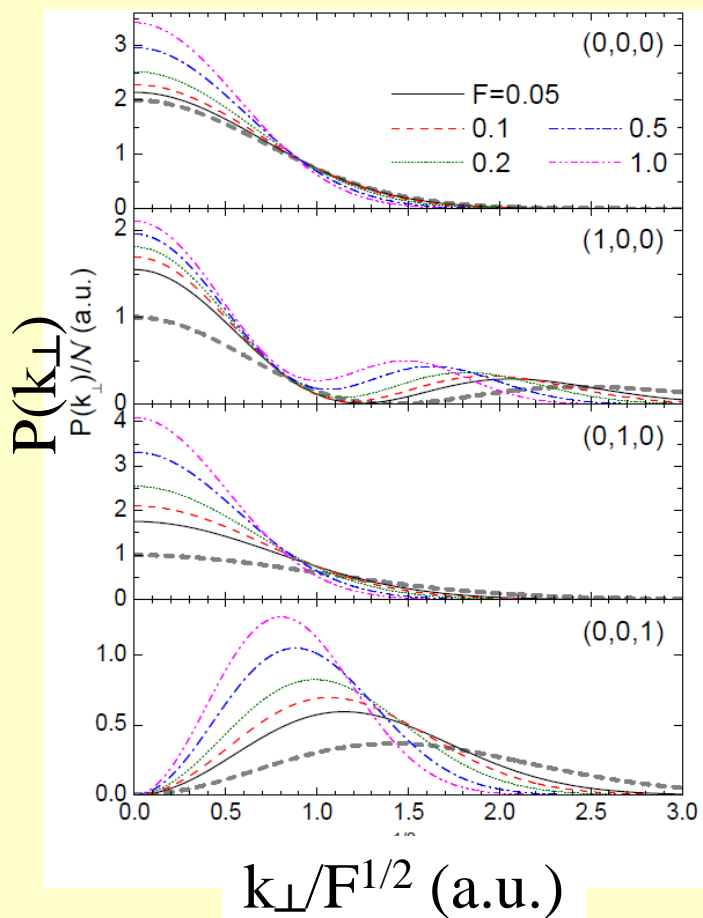
2p<sub>1</sub>

Ne

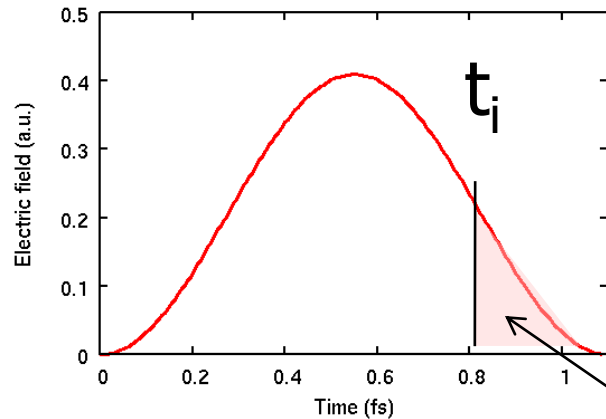
Ar

Kr

Xe



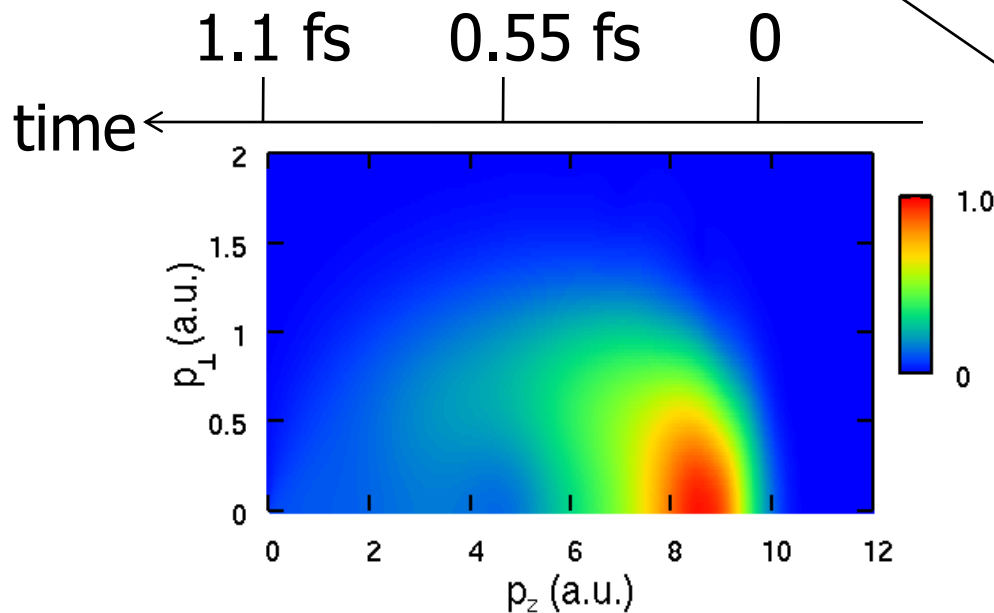
# Ionization by a half cycle pulse



$$I = 6 \times 10^{15} \text{ W/cm}^2$$

$$T = 1.1 \text{ fs}$$

Ar (3p)



$$p_z = \int_{t_i}^{\infty} E(t) dt$$

Ionization time

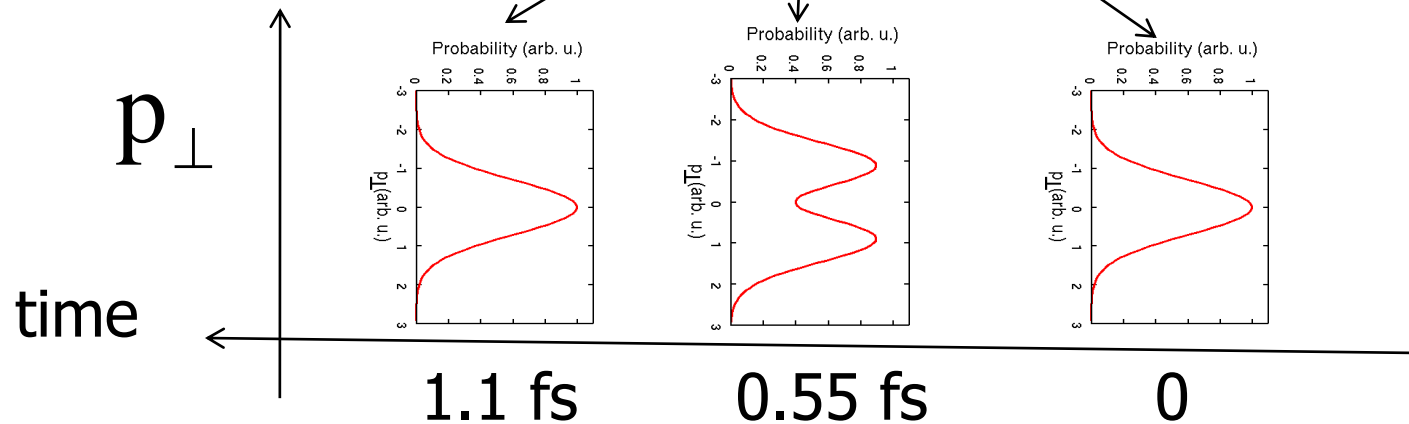
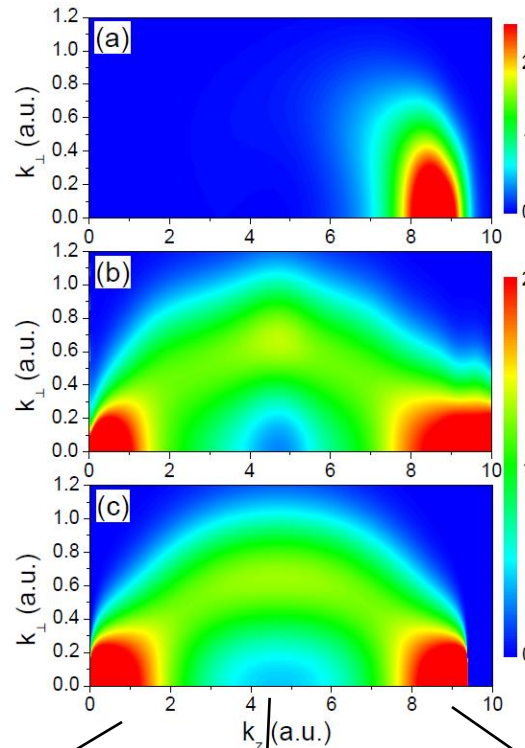
# Time dependence of the tunneling wave packets

TDSE

TDSE, normalized

$$\int_0^\infty P(p_\perp, p_z) dp_\perp = 1$$

Static, normalized





# Summary

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- Ultra high resolution imaging
  - with HHG, ATI, etc
- Factorization formula
  - $S = \sigma W$
- Adiabatic theory
  - Adiabatic + Rescattering
- Tunnel ionization
  - Siegert states in a static field
- Adiabatic theory for Super intense X-ray ( $\sim 10^{16}$  W/cm<sup>2</sup>)
  - Stabilization against ionization
    - Toyota et al, PRA08, PRL09