

Connecting AGN Accretion Disks to Black Hole Binaries at Multiple Scales

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at Building Bridges: Towards a Unified Picture of Stellar & BH Binary Accretion & Evolution

Roadmap

Things in disks—not just protoplanets!

Migration

Black holes

Gravitational waves

Stars

Consequences/questions for disk modeling

A bridge...

Mass ratio, q	Protoplanetary	AGN
10^{-3}	Jupiter	Big IMBH/Small SMBH
10^{-6}	Earth	stars/stellar mass BH

Star formation in AGN is uncertain...

But nuclear star clusters exist!

This is our nearest galactic nucleus:

(Ghez++)

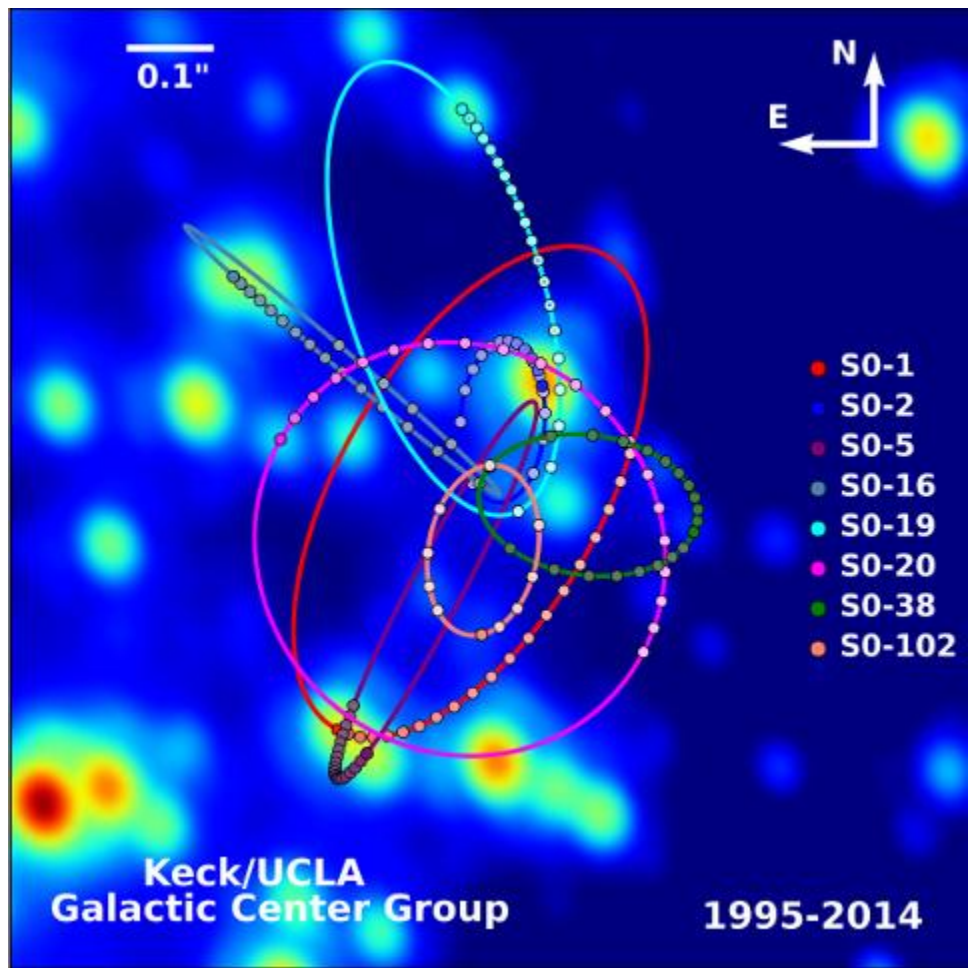
$$4 \times 10^6 M_{\text{sun}}$$

$$0.1'' \sim 10^3 \text{AU} \sim 10^4 R_{\text{S}}$$

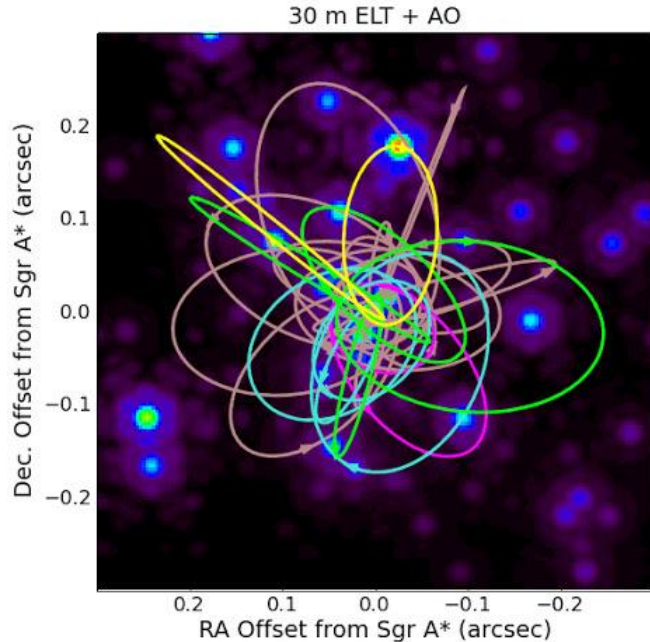
$$N_{\text{SBH}} \sim 2 \times 10^4 \text{ (Hailey++ 2018)}$$

Nuclear Star Clusters (NSCs)
common!

N=1 is cautionary tale



Things in Galactic Nuclei=Things in AGN disks!



http://www.astro.ucla.edu/~ghezgroup/gc/pictures/Future_GCOrbits.shtml

Expect dense **BH** population in GN ($\sim 10^4/\text{pc}^3$) from decayed GCs, mergers, SF etc.

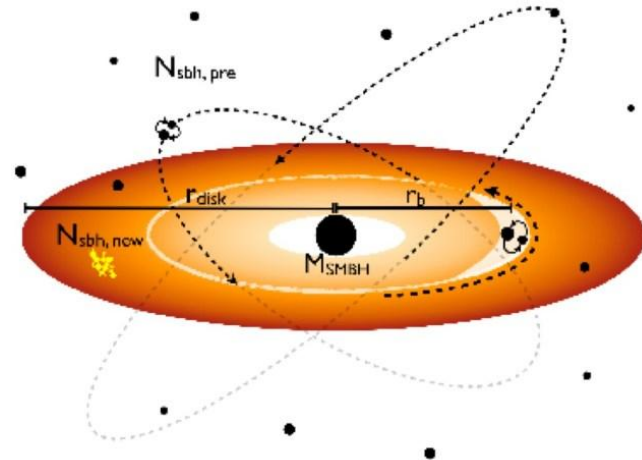


Image credit: Matthew O'Dowd

McKernan, Ford, Lyra, Perets **2012**

McKernan, Ford, Kocsis, Lyra, Winter **2014**

Steal Borrow physics

Planet BH migration torques

Type I, non-gap opening

$q < 10^{-4}$

Inward*

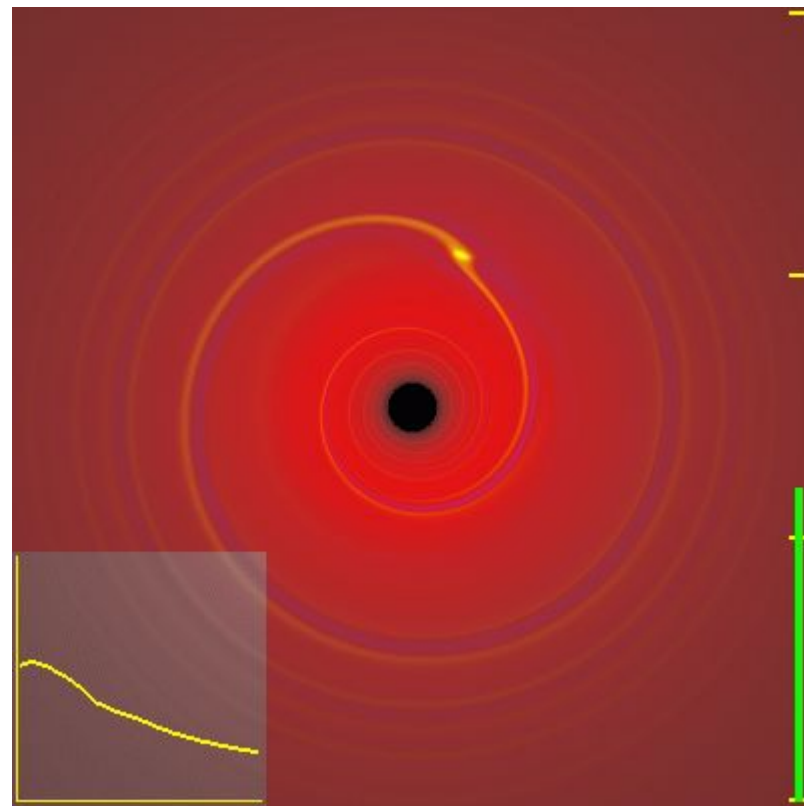
Gravitational**

PPD get better resolution

PPD leave 'droppings'

*Depends on $d\Sigma/dr$, dT/dr

**Feedback can mess up gas



Armitage 2005

Migration can go both directions

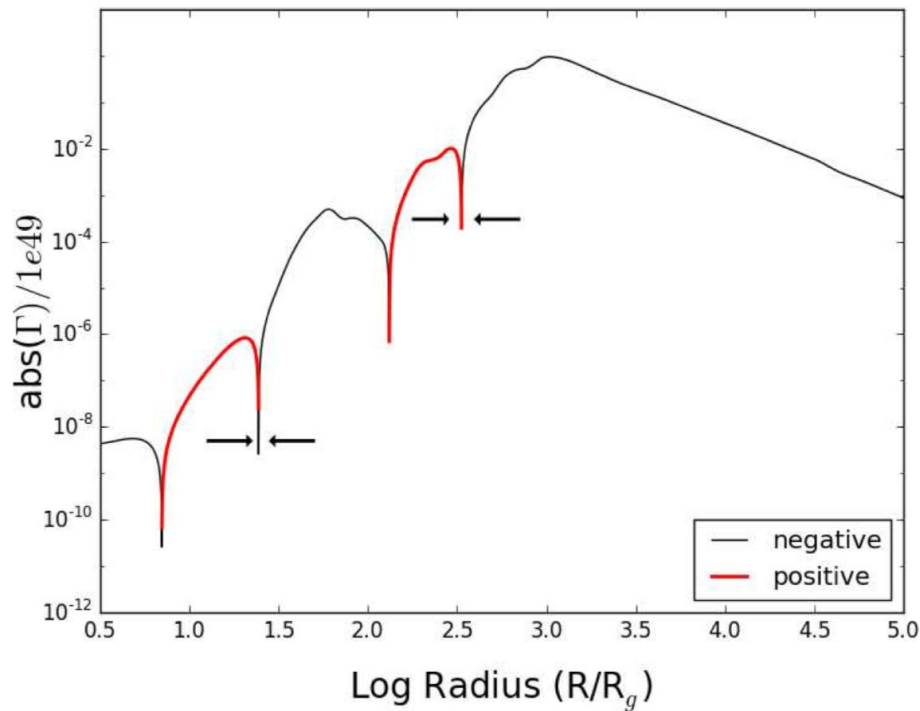
Migration traps: likely but

Requires $d\Sigma/dr$ sufficiently large

Secondary effect from dT/dr

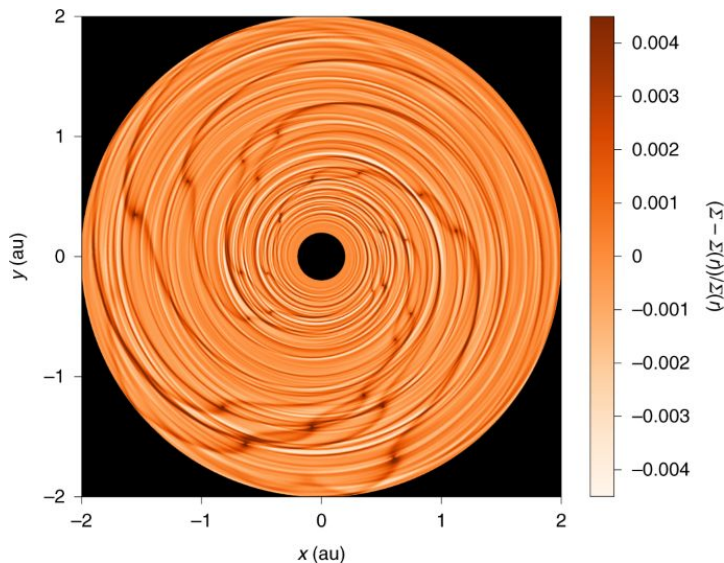
See also Dittman & Miller 2020

Important consequences!



Bellovary, MacLow, McKernan, Ford 2016

Gas torques cause migration & binary formation



Broz++21

τ_{mig}

\sim

$$0.03 \text{ Myr} \left(\frac{N}{3} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{R}{10^3 r_g} \right)^{1/2} \left(\frac{M}{5 M_\odot} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{h/R}{0.01} \right)^2$$

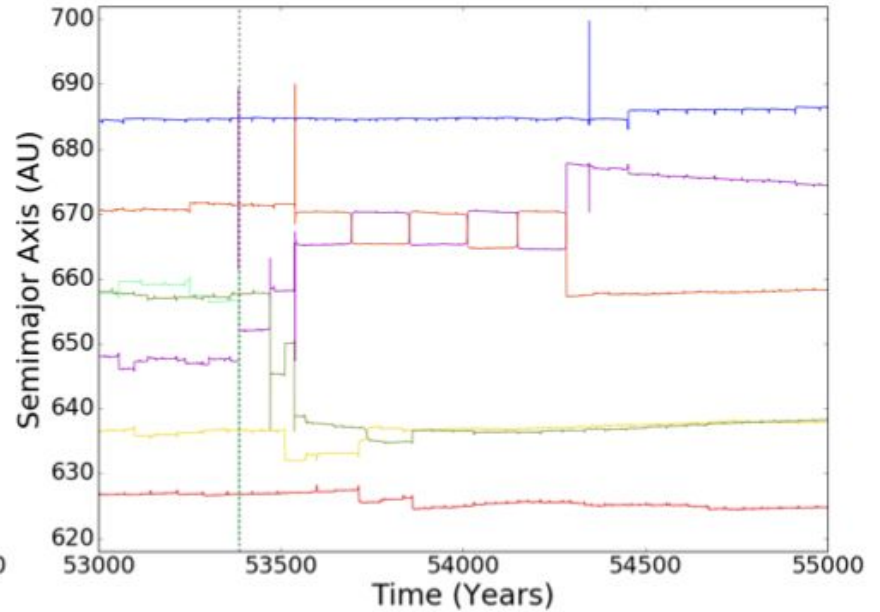
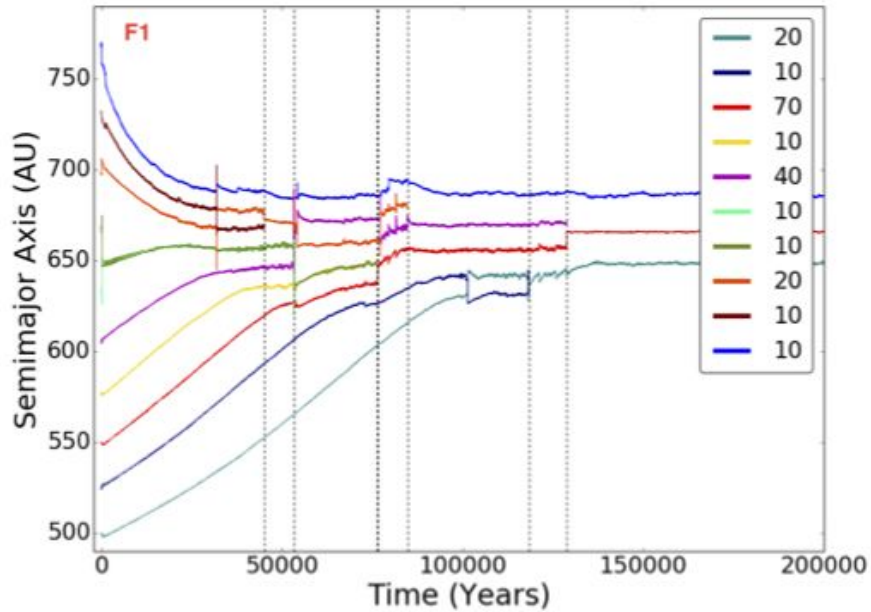
$$\left(\frac{\Sigma}{10^7 \text{ kg m}^{-2}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{M}{10^8 M_\odot} \right)^{3/2}$$

Migration time depends on
disk properties!

Gas torques causes all things in disk to migrate
(spiral in/out)

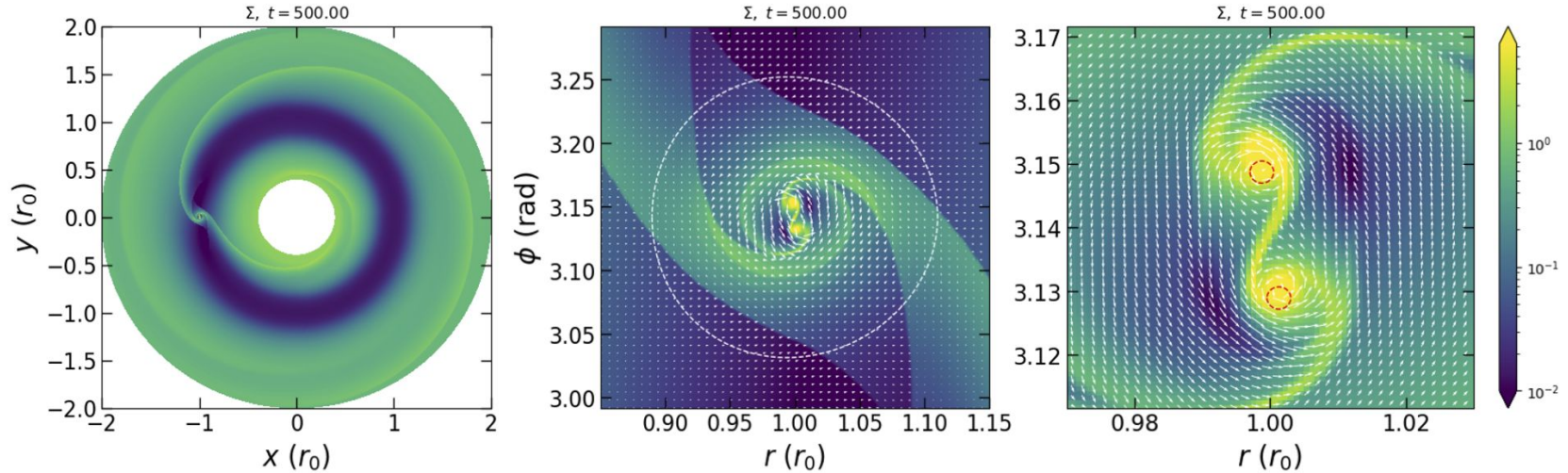
Forms **new** binaries! (Secunda++19,20, Yang++20,
Tagawa++20 but see also Li, Lai & Rodet 22)

N-body with migration



Secunda ++2019;
Secunda, Adorno ++ 2020a

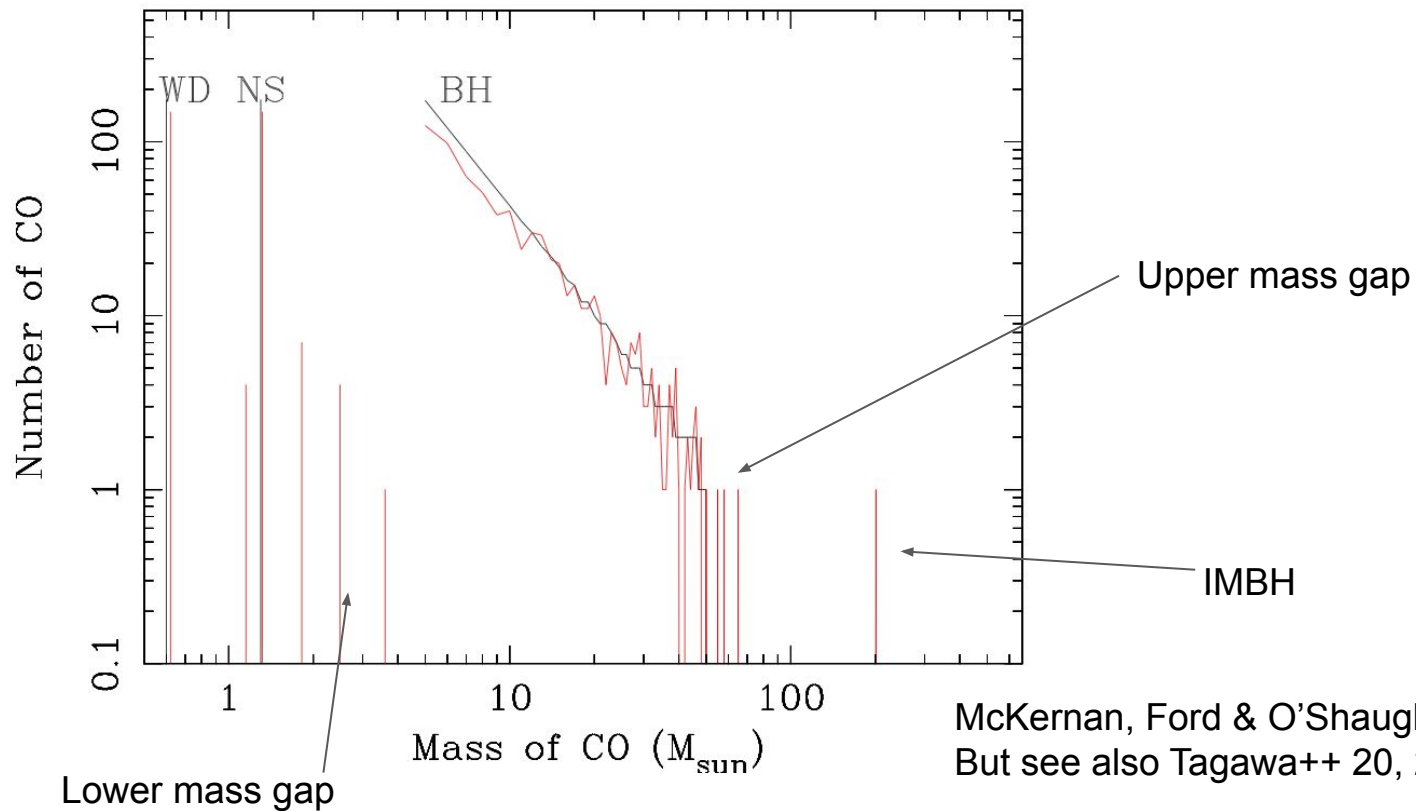
Gas: can harden (& soften) binaries

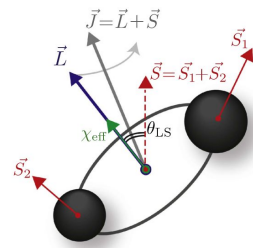


Ya-Ping Li++ 21 (see also Baruteau+11, Derdzinski+21, Tiede+21, Li & Lai 22, Dempsey++22)

Gravitational Wave
BBH mergers probe
disk midplane!

Masses: MC results





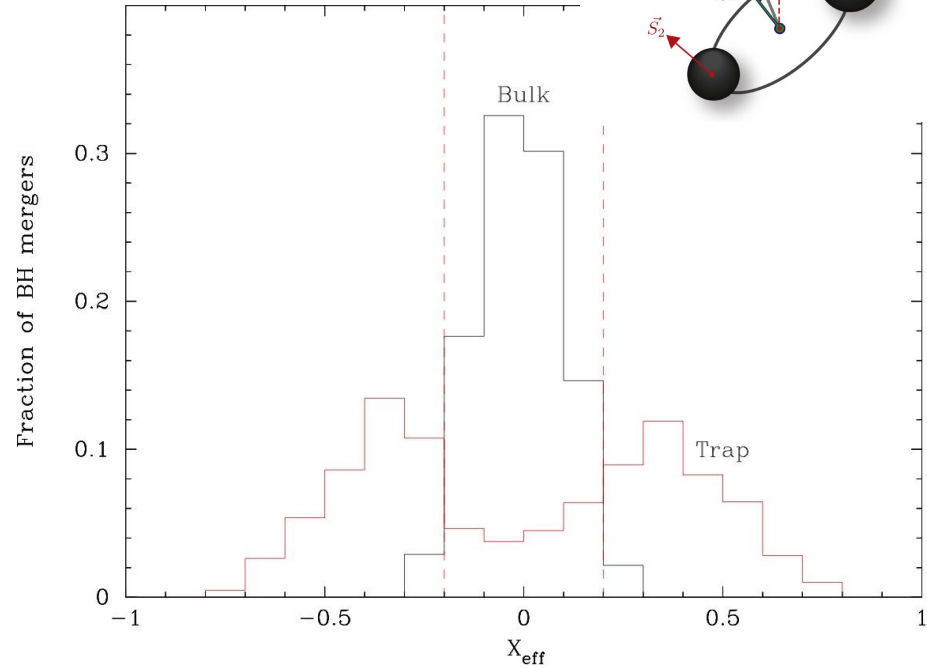
Populations: MC results

Most mergers in **bulk** disk (80-90%)

- $q \sim 0.6 \pm 0.3$
- χ_{eff} centered on 0, width depends on natal spin
- 80-90% 1g-1g

Trap mergers 10-20%

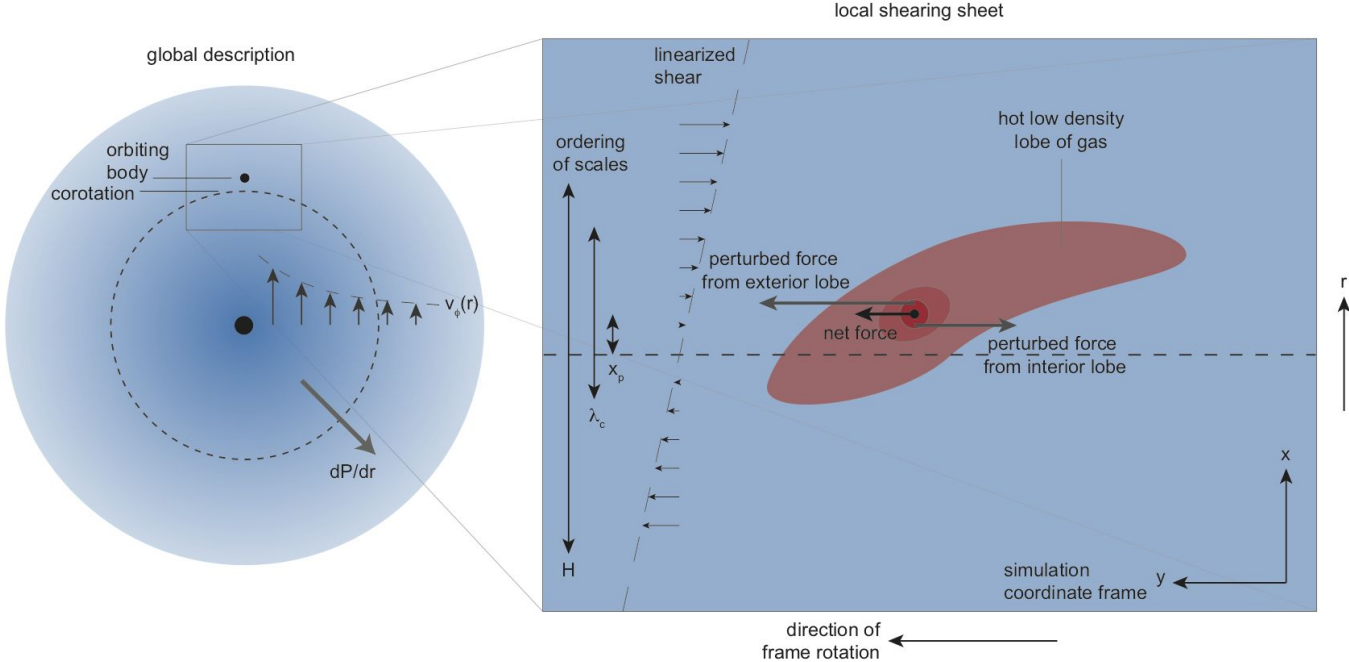
- $q \sim 0.1 \pm 0.1$
- χ_{eff} bimodal
- Often ng-2g, ng-3g; $n > 20$ possible



McKernan, Ford, O'Shaughnessy, Wysocki 2020
...but see McK,F,Callister++21

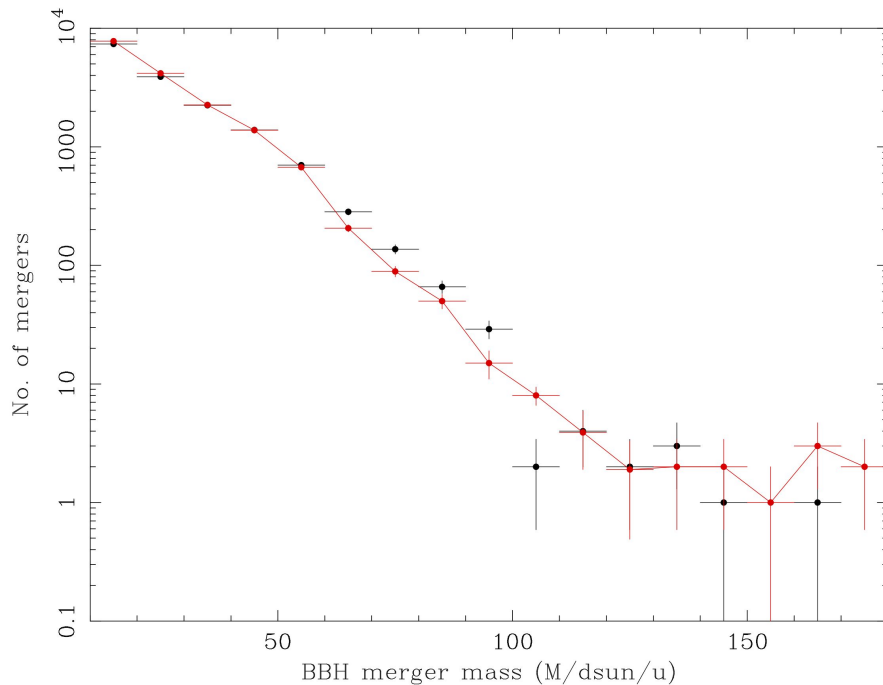
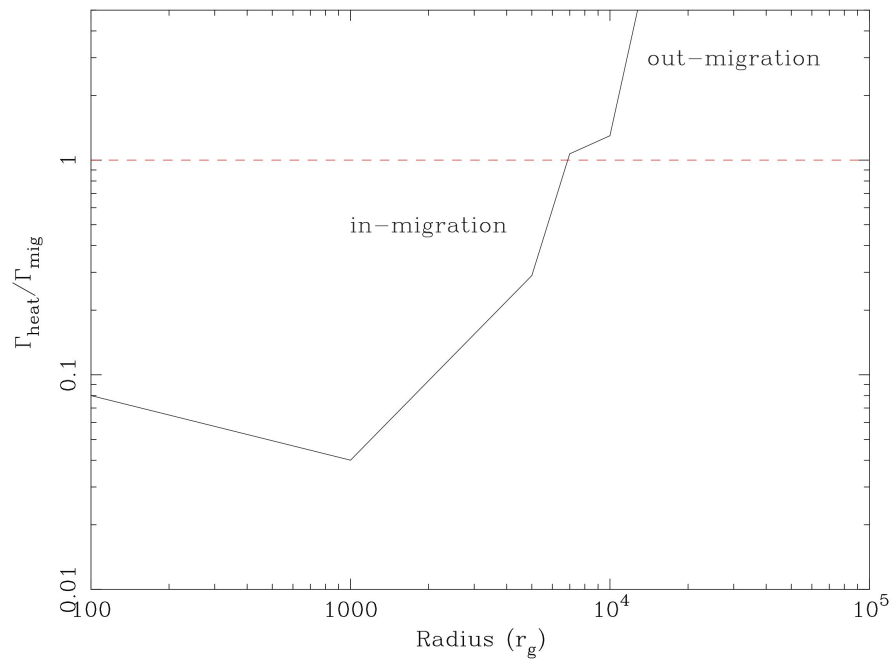
GW190412 ($q \sim 0.3$) and GW190814 ($q \sim 0.1$): entirely comfortable

But feedback can change things!

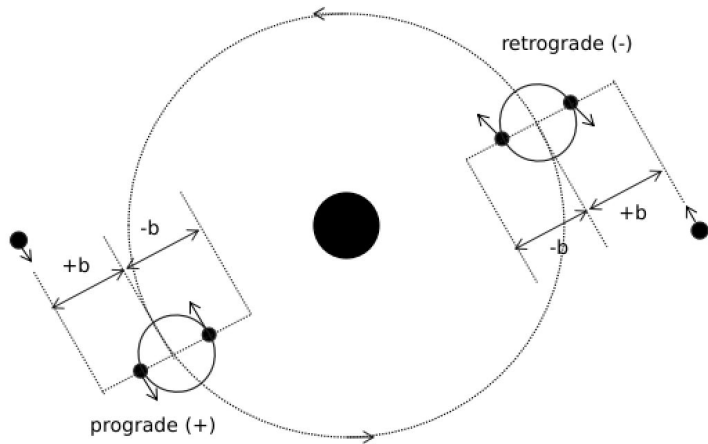


$$\frac{\Gamma_{\text{heat}}}{\Gamma_0} \sim 0.07 \left(\frac{c}{v_K} \right) \epsilon \tau^{-1} \alpha^{-3/2}$$

Feedback can change direction of migration

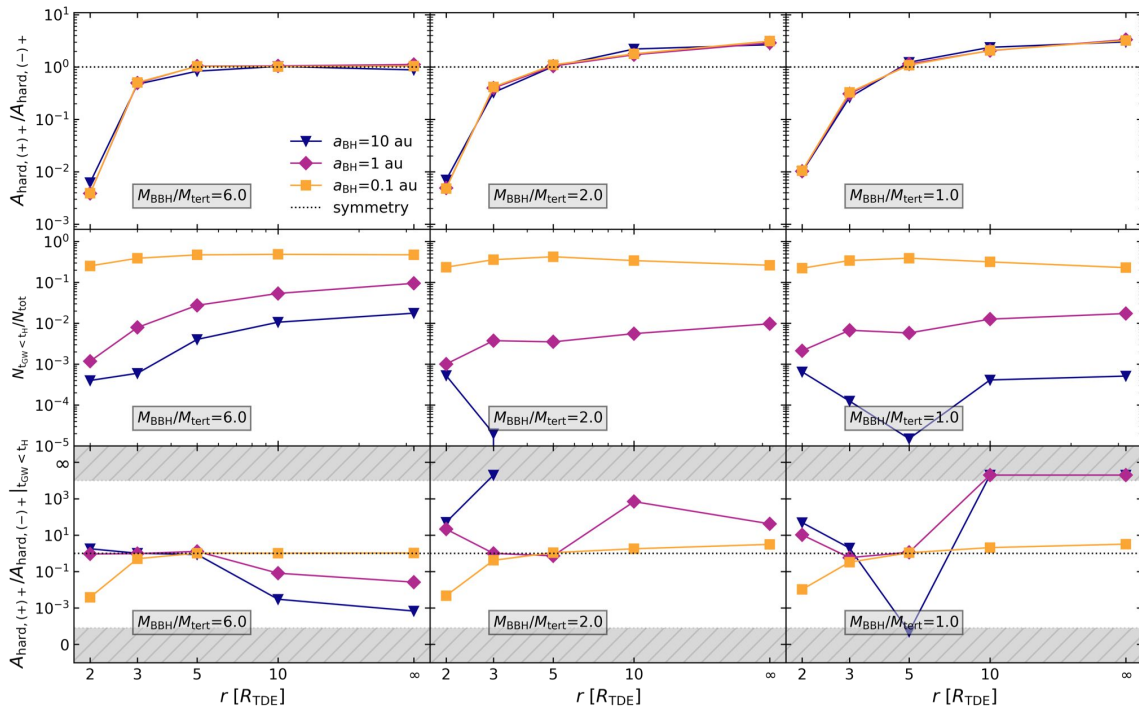


Dynamics probably also involved

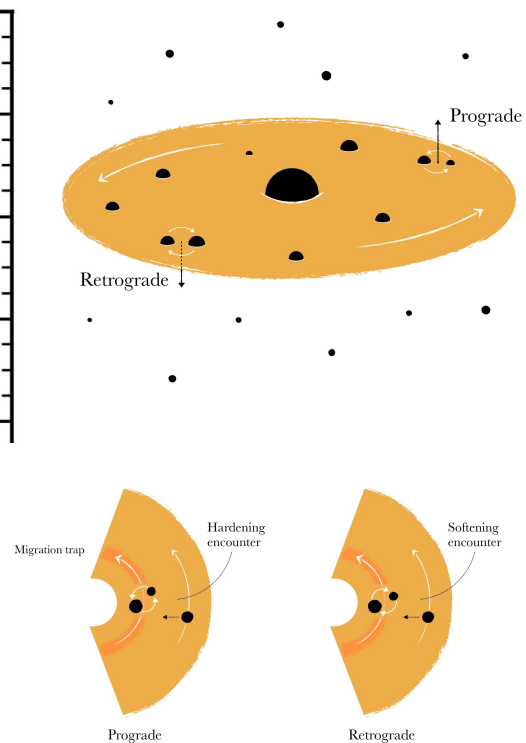
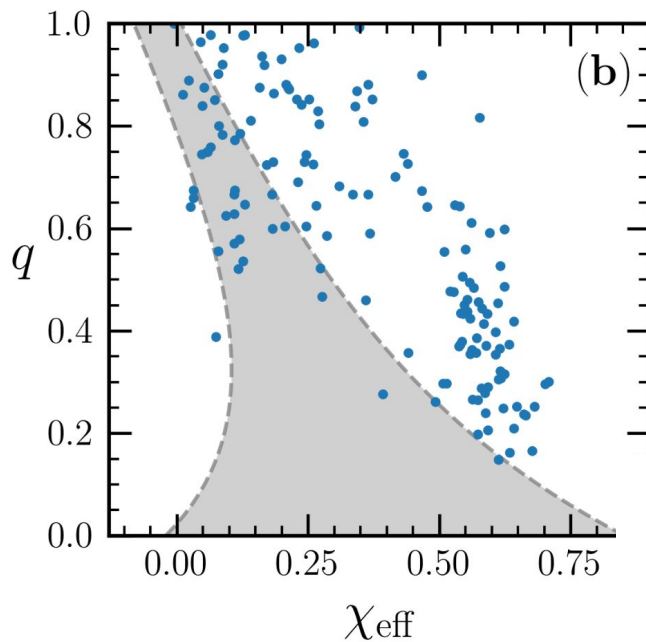
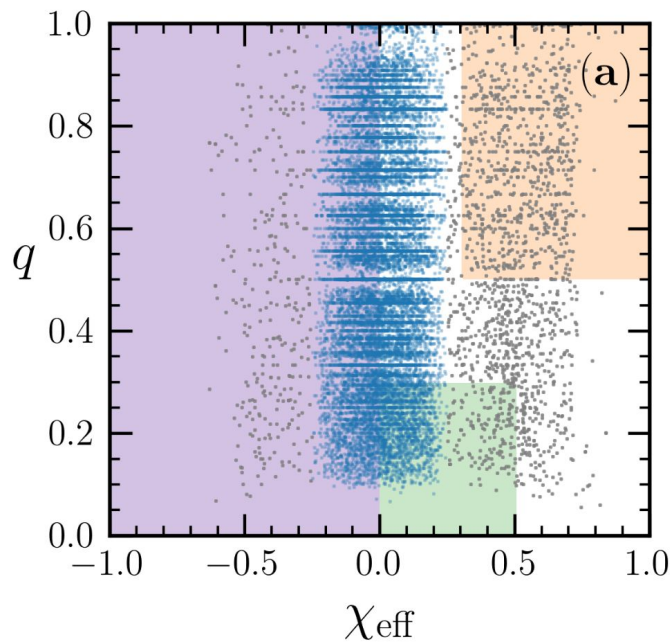


Wang, McK, F, Perna,
Leigh & MacLow 21

See also: Samsing++22



Dynamics probably also involved



AGN likely home of highest mass mergers

-deep potential if $>3g$

-if $e > 0$ & natal spin > 0 , $> 1g$

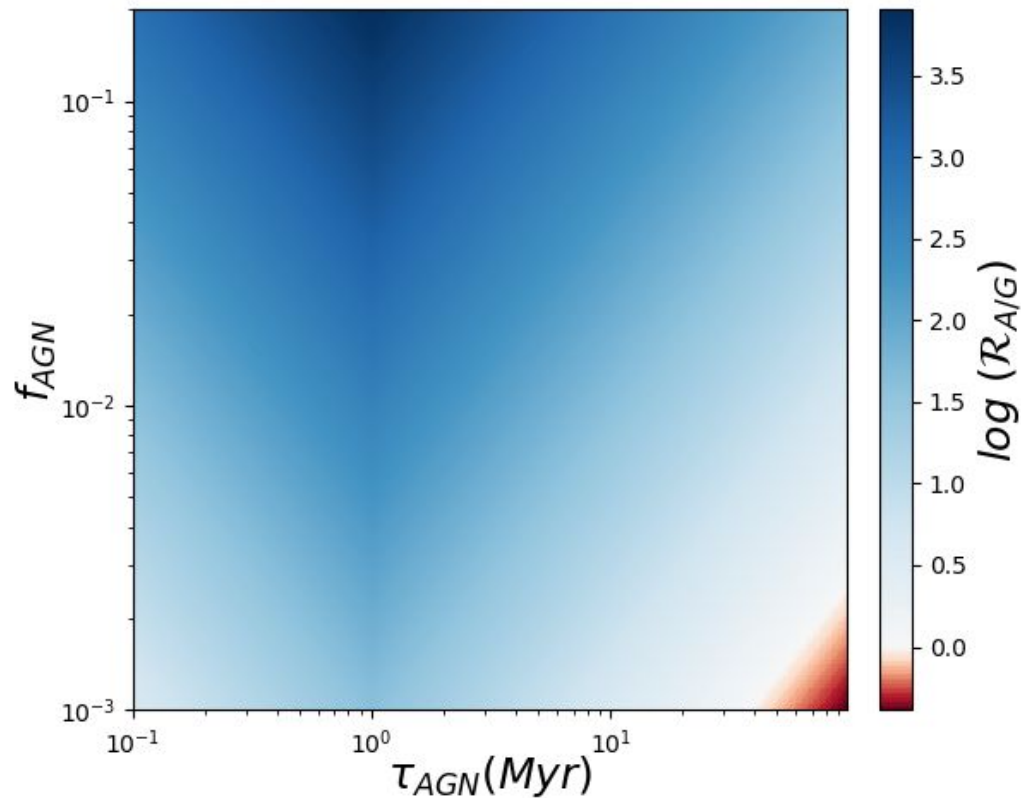
-deep potential = AGN

-short binary lifetime in AGN

-versus NSC dynamics

If GW190521 from AGN

$f_{\text{BBH,AGN}} \sim 0.25-0.8$



Reverse-engineering AGN from LIGO-Virgo-KAGRA

These AGN can't live super-long (otherwise spins align), $t < 5\text{Myr}$, but live long enough $t > 0.5\text{Myr}$ for reasonable BBH rate

Disk dense enough to capture, make binaries & migrate them $\rho > 10^{-11} \text{ g/cc}$, not razor-thin ($H/R > 10^{-3}$)

Disk dynamical hardening prob important, since χ_{eff} asymmetric

These are **brightest AGN** (quasars & Seyferts) -> helps/hurts EM search

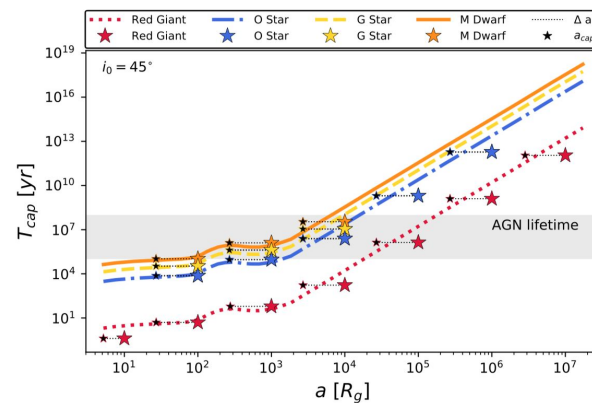
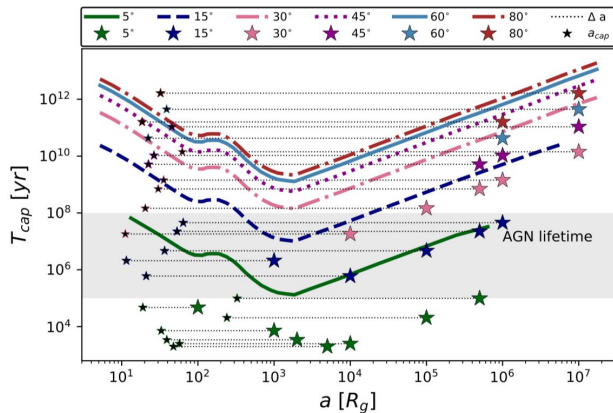
But see also: Bartos++17 (association strategy) and Veronesi++22

Disk capture

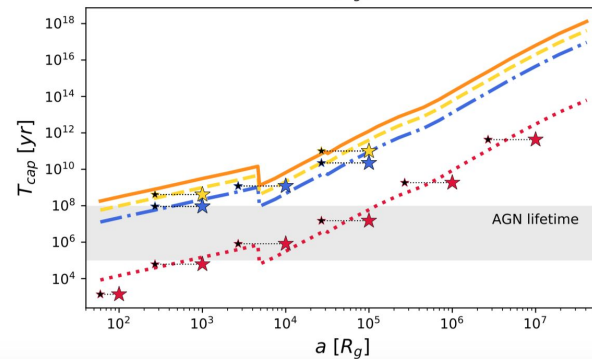
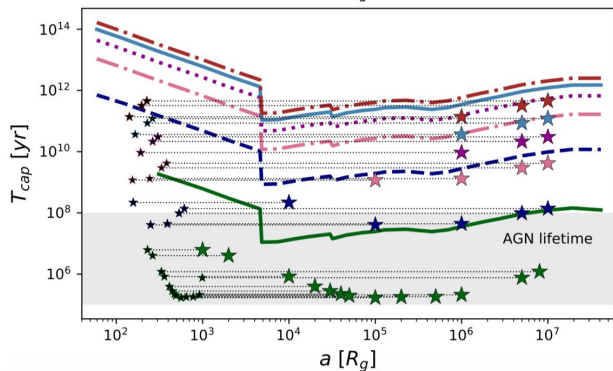
BH

Stars

Sirko & Goodman 2003

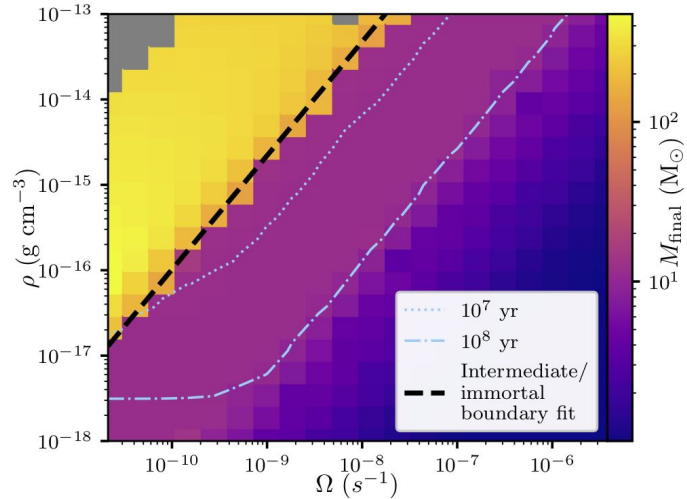
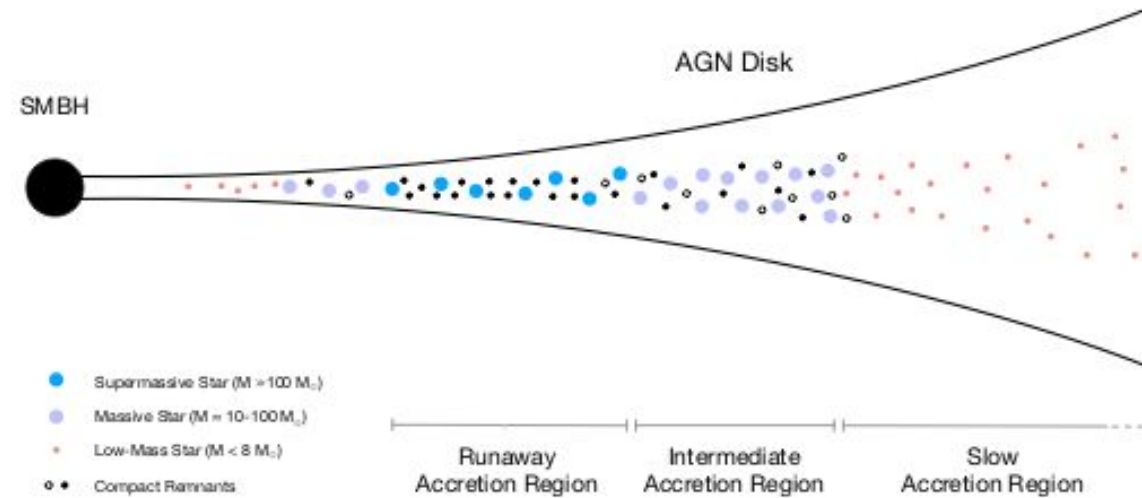


Thompson, Quataert & Murray 2005



Fabj, Nasim, Caban, Mck, Ford+ 20

AGN stars become 'Immortal' Blue stragglers

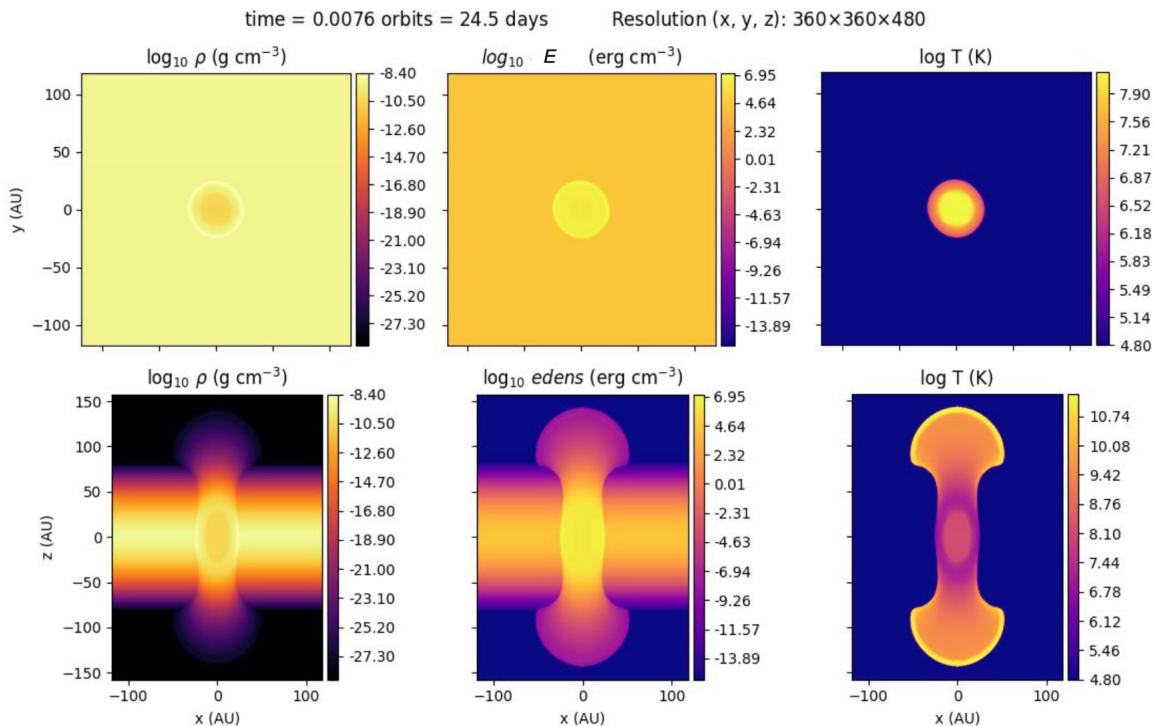


from Dittmann, Cantiello & Jermyn '21, see also Jermyn++22

If don't reach immortal stage

SNe

Observable flares



Disk-star interactions

Drive turbulence

Provide heating mechanism(s)

Change chemistry (and opacity)

Big questions for disk modelers?

- How is migration affected by feedback? Multiple orbiters?
- Binaries hardening/softening by gas torques (prograde/retrograde)?
- What do GW pops look like depending on disk properties?
- What EM signatures might be produced in BBH/BHNS merger?
 - What other EM signatures of embedded objects?
- How do embedded objects (esp stars) change disk thermodynamics?
- Can disk capture or embedded objects provide stabilizing heating?