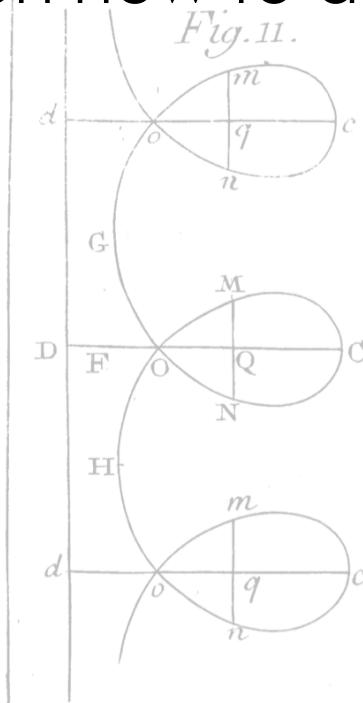


Breathing, sliding, proof reading:
on how to access packed DNA



Helmut Schiessel

Universiteit Leiden
Instituut Lorentz
The Netherlands

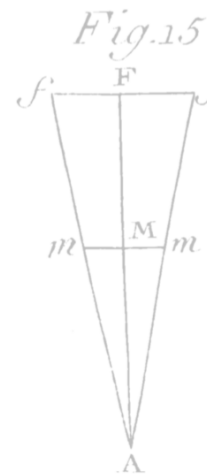
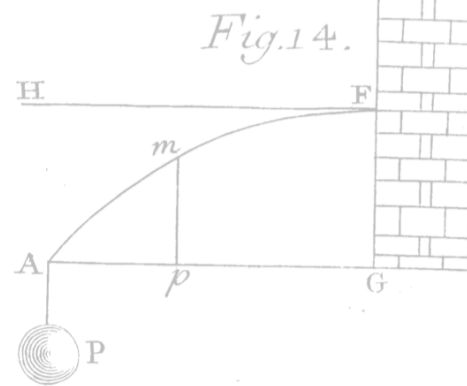
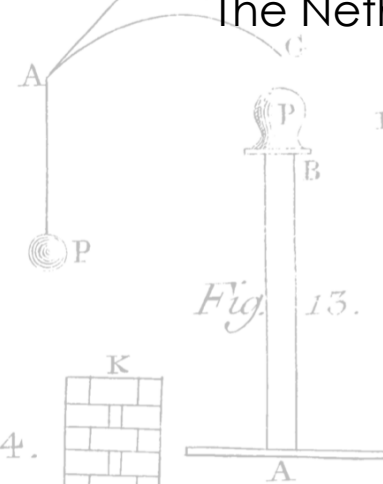


Fig. 9.

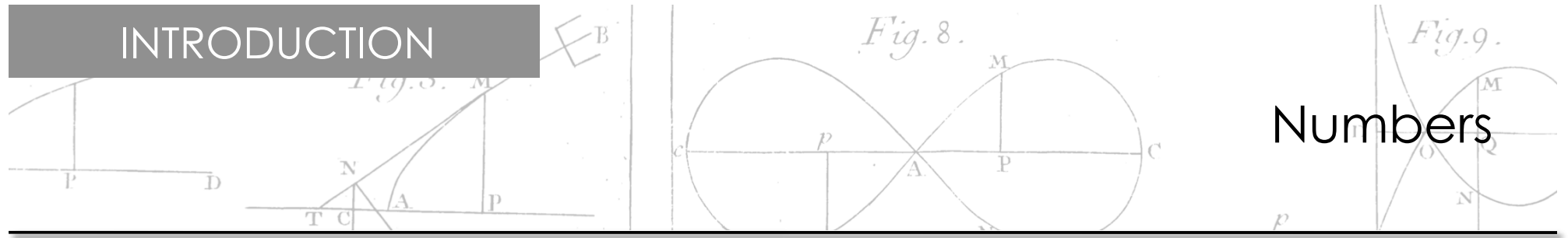
Fig.

Fig. 13.

Fig. 14.

Fig. 15.

INTRODUCTION

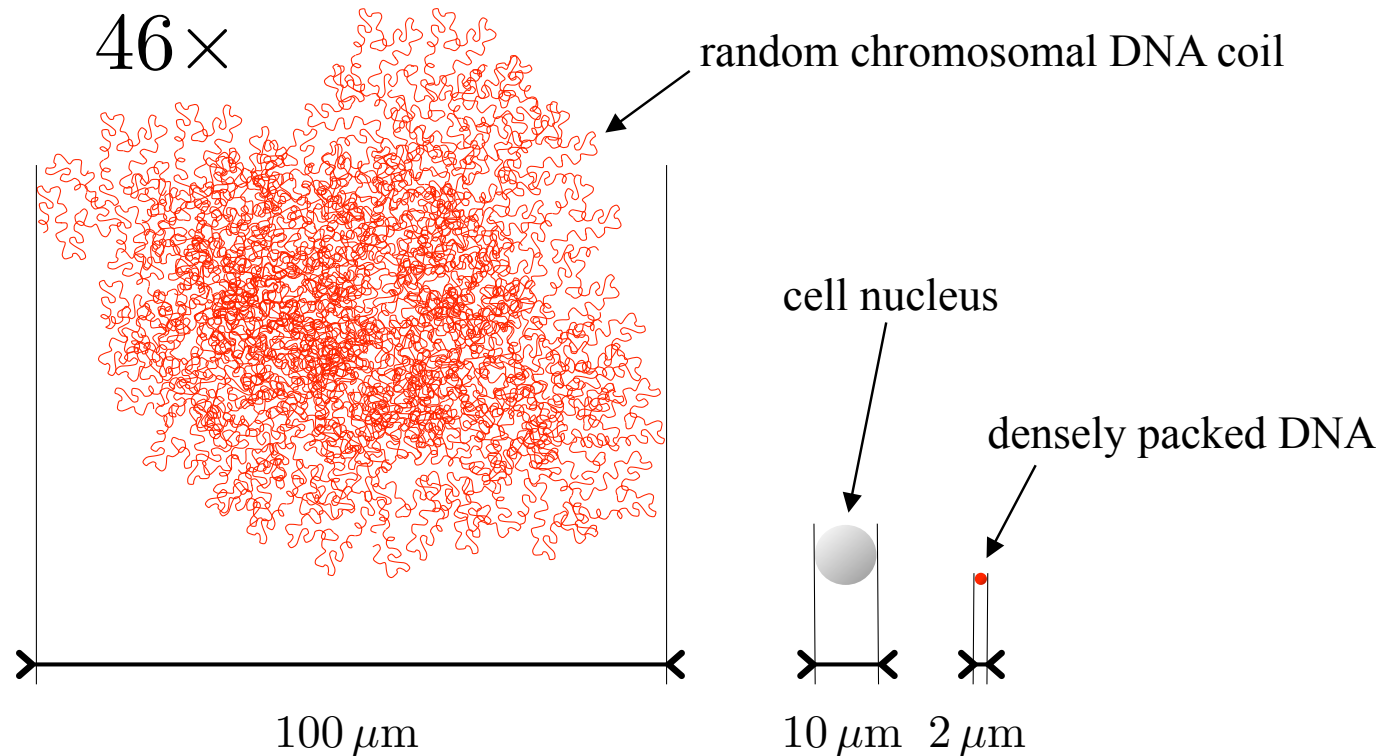


human DNA per cell:

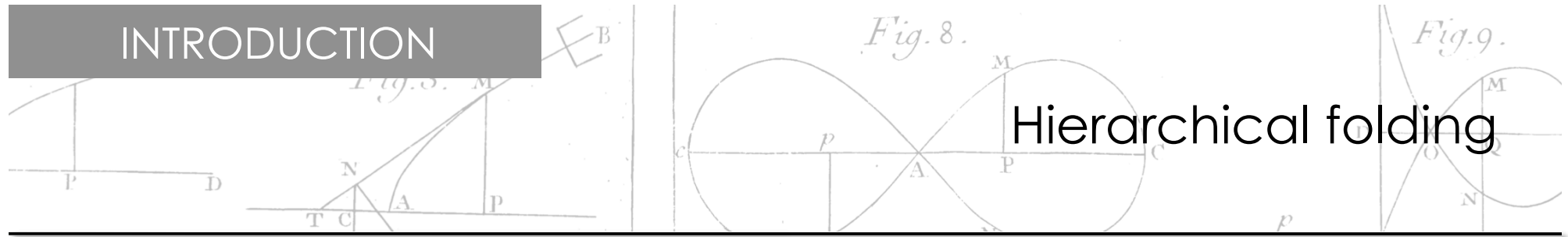
$2 \times$ human genome (2.9×10^9 bp)

= 2 m DNA in total

= 46 chromosomes of length \approx 4 cm

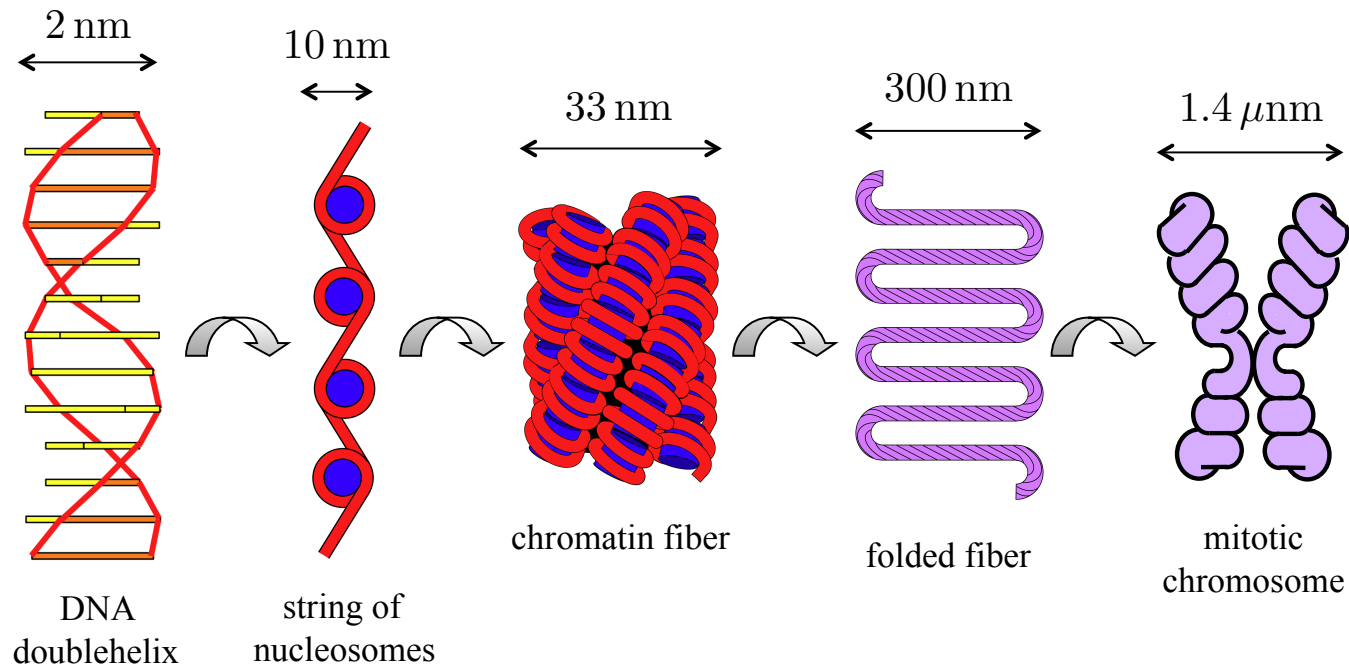


INTRODUCTION

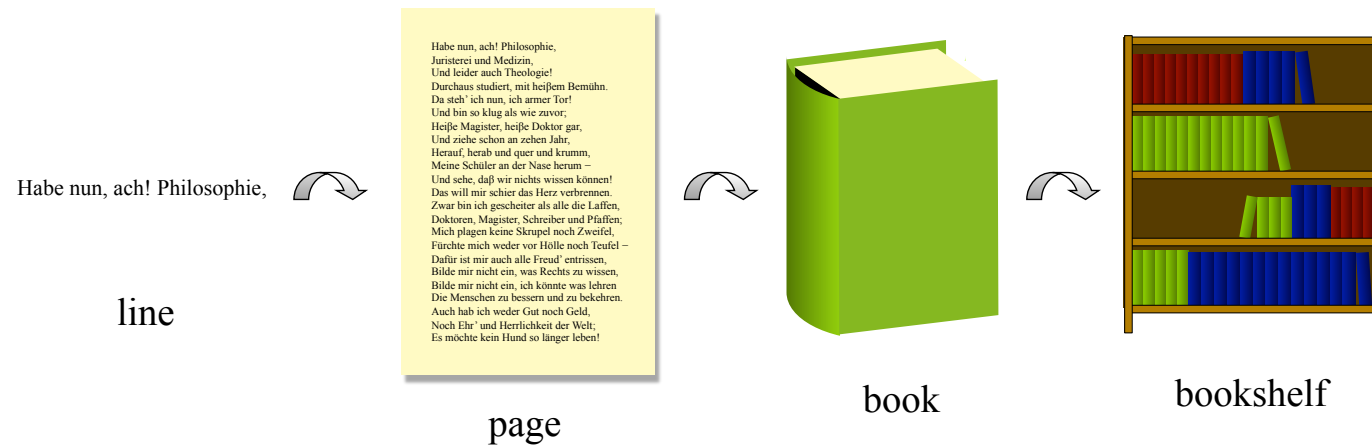


Hierarchical folding

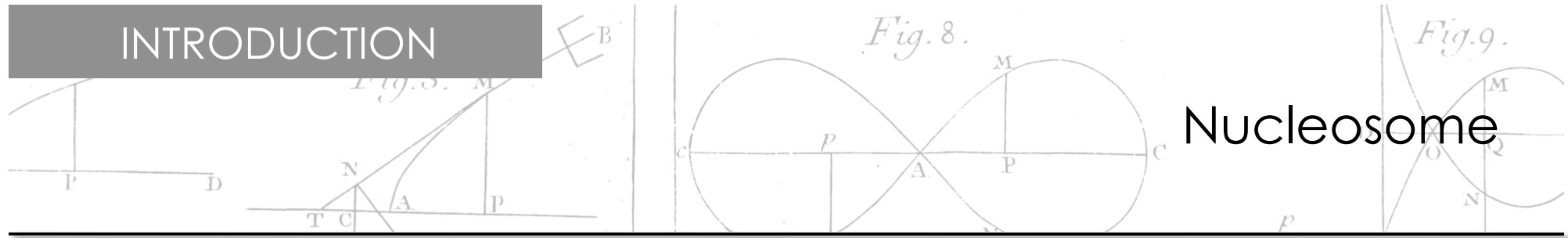
chromatin:



library:

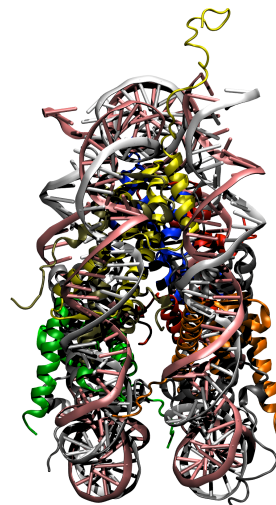
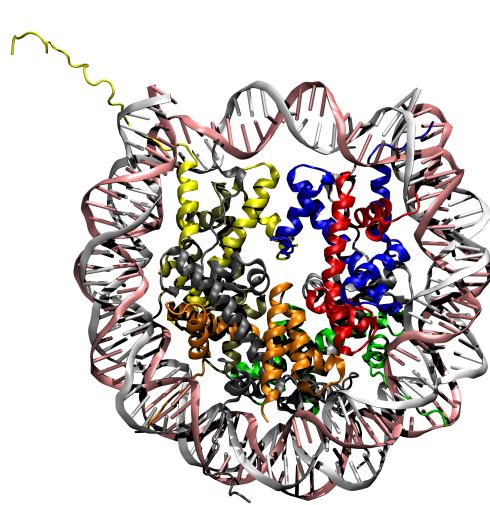


INTRODUCTION

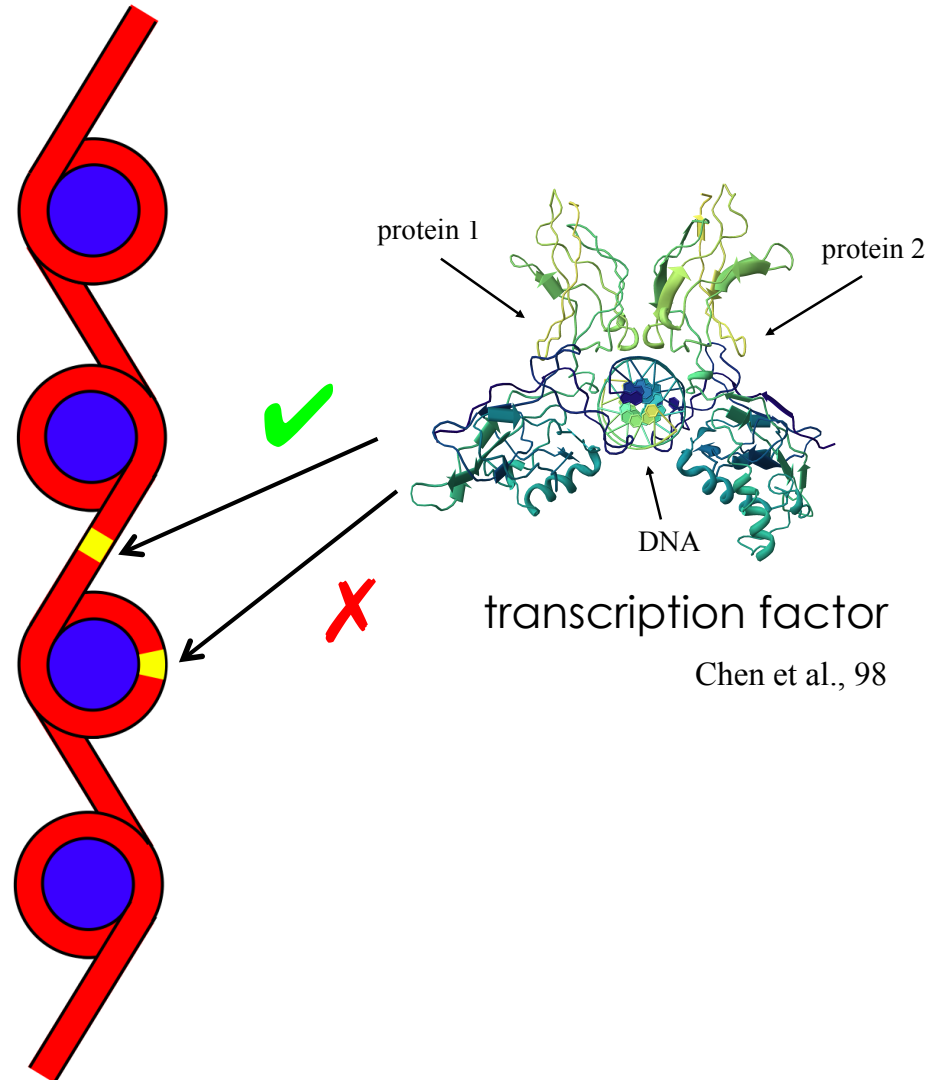


Nucleosome

nucleosome core particle:



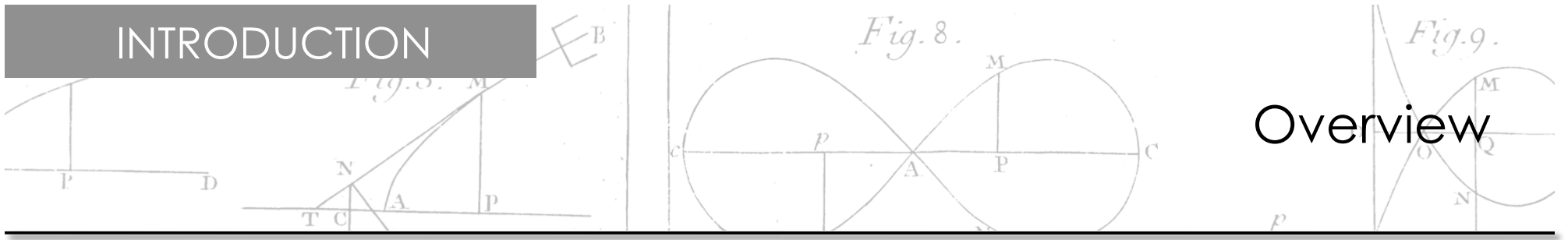
Luger et al., 97



Chen et al., 98

- 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ turns
- 147 bp, 50nm
- 14 binding sites

INTRODUCTION



Overview

BREATHING

SLIDING

PROOFREADING

BREATHING

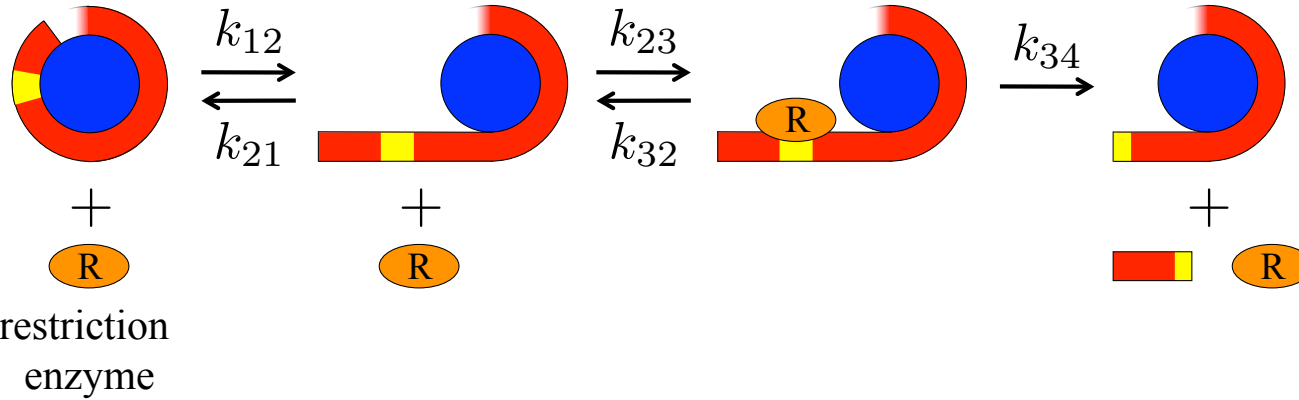
Fig. 8.

Fig. 9.

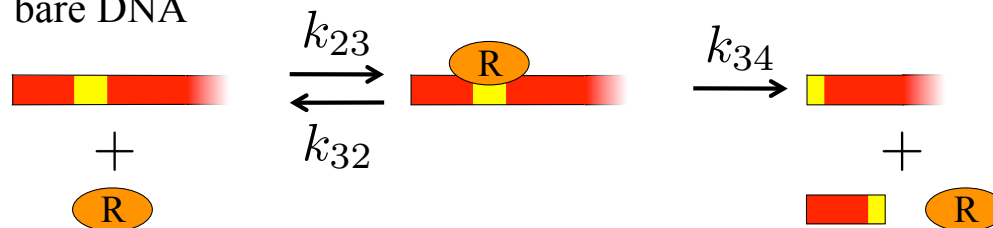
Site exposure mechanism

Polach & Widom, J. Mol. Biol. 254 (1995) 130

nucleosome



bare DNA



BREATHING

Fig. 8.

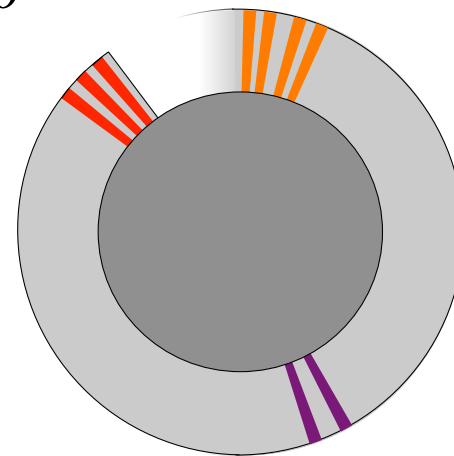
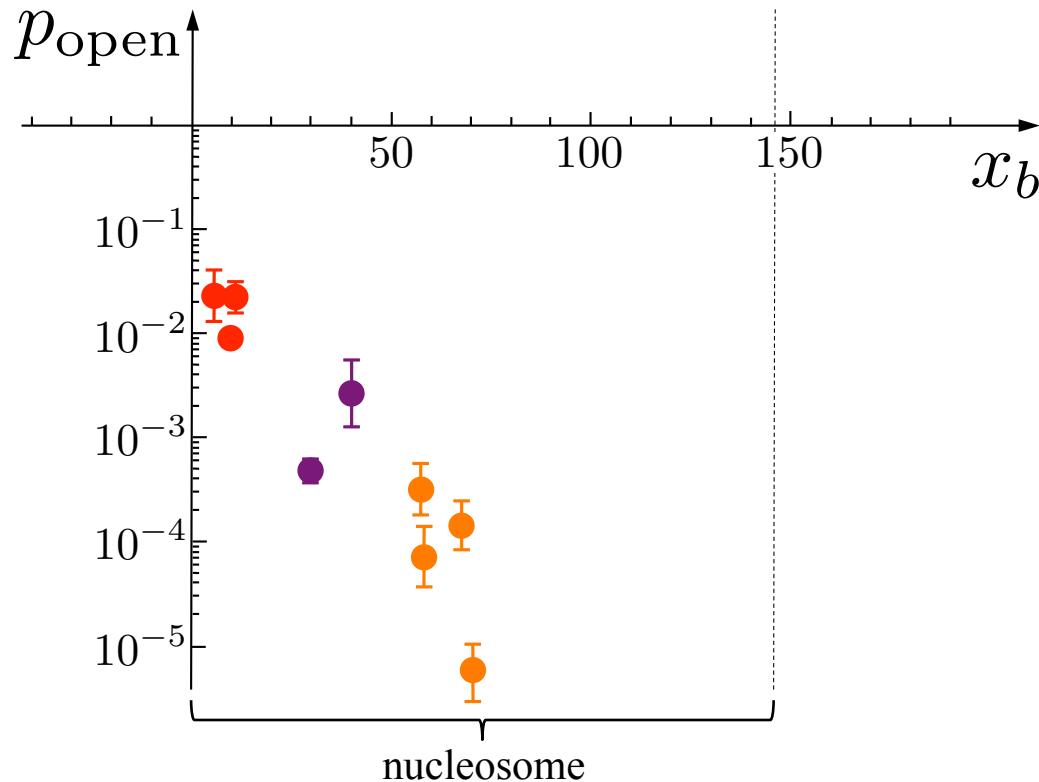
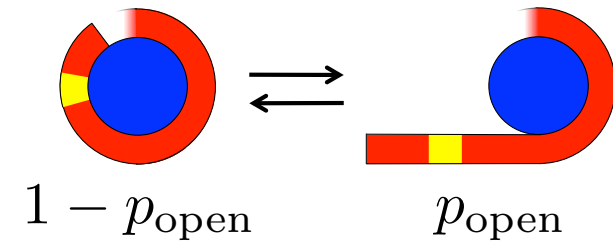
Fig. 9.

Probability for site open

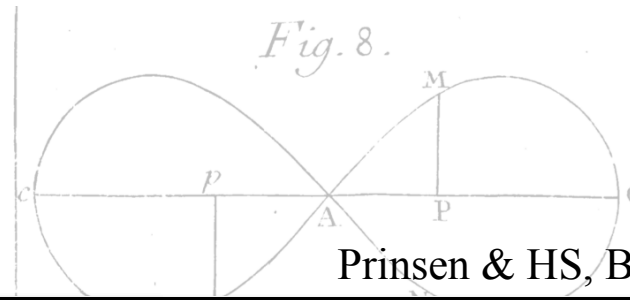
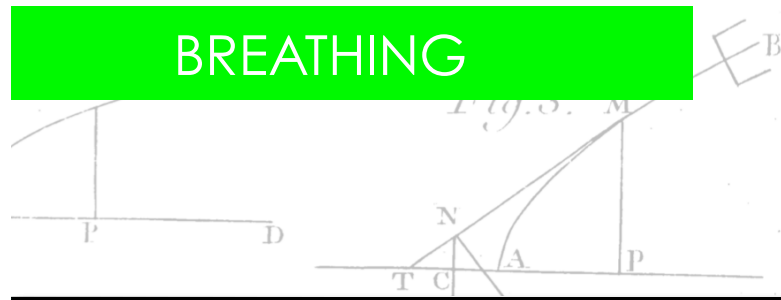
Polach & Widom, J. Mol. Biol. **254** (1995) 130

ratio of decay constants:

$$p_{\text{open}} \approx \frac{k_{\text{nucl}}}{k_{\text{bare}}}$$

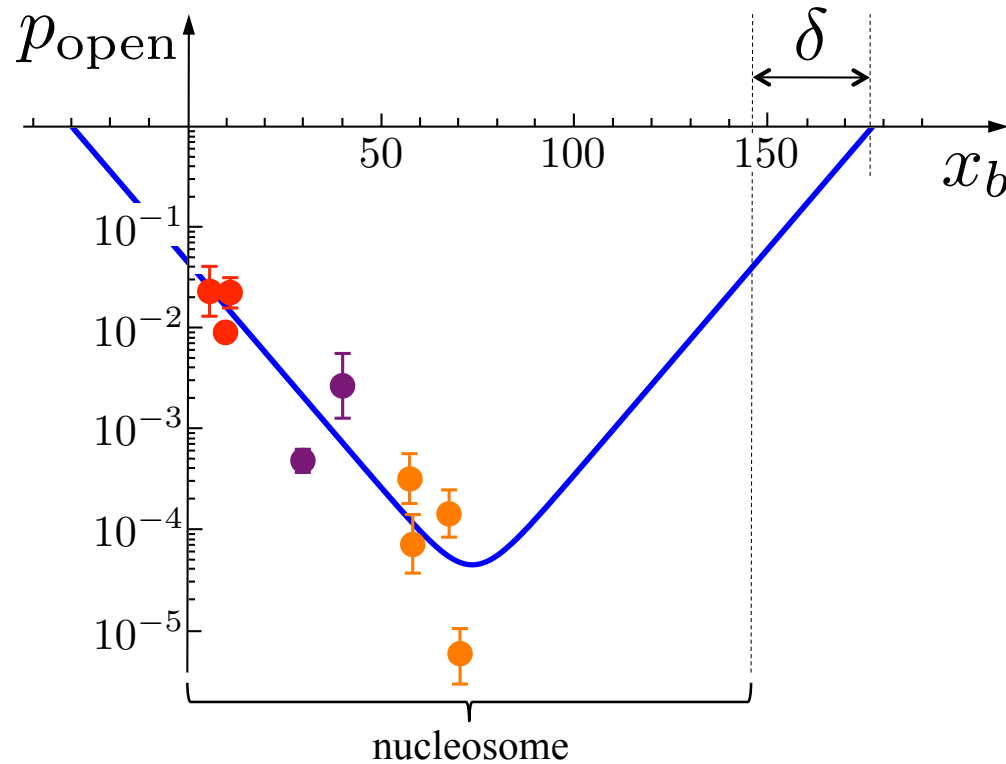


BREATHING



Critical force

Prinsen & HS, Biochimie **92** (2010) 1722

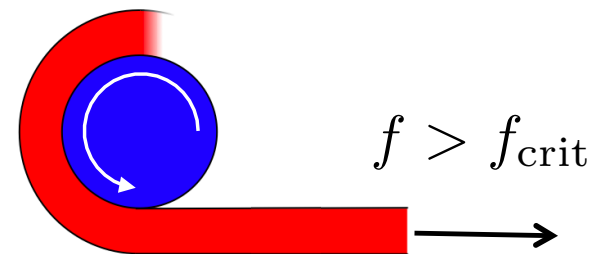


adsorption energy per length:

$$f_{\text{crit}} \approx \frac{15k_B T}{50 \text{ nm}} = 1.2 \text{ pN}$$

complexation energy:

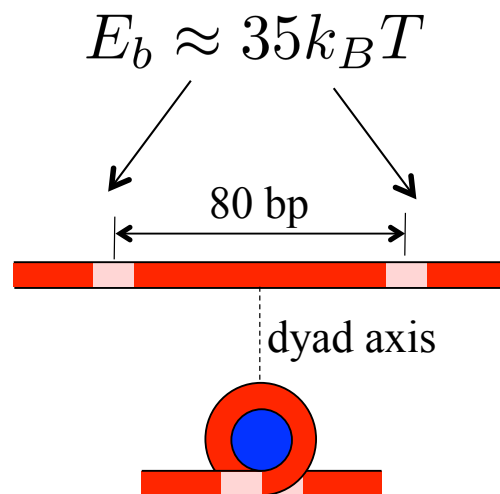
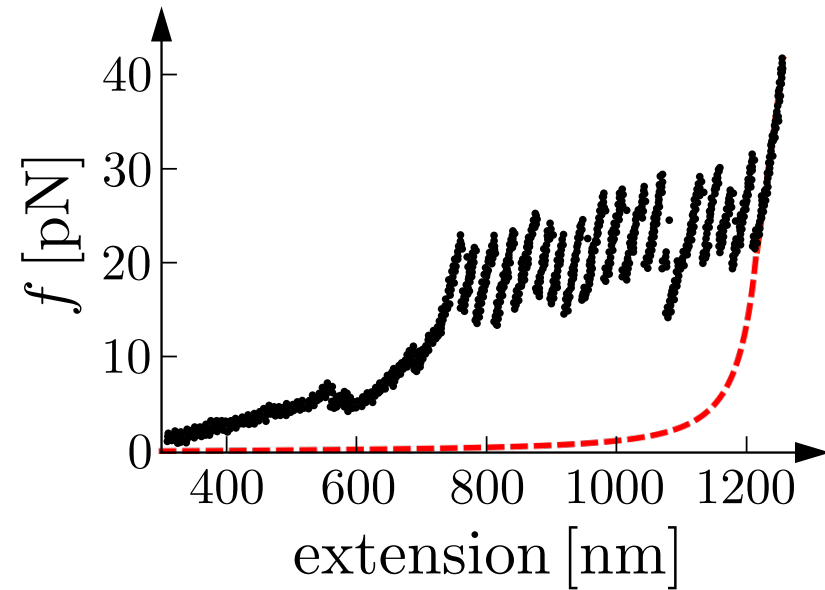
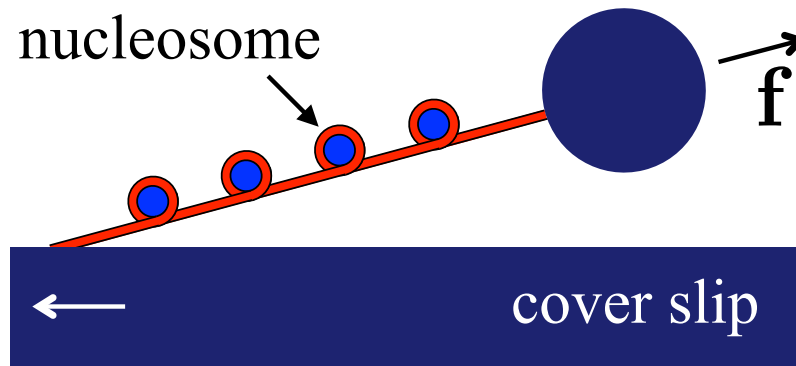
$$E_{\text{complex}} \approx 15k_B T$$



BREATHING

Force-induced unwrapping

Brower-Toland et al., PNAS **99** (2002) 1960



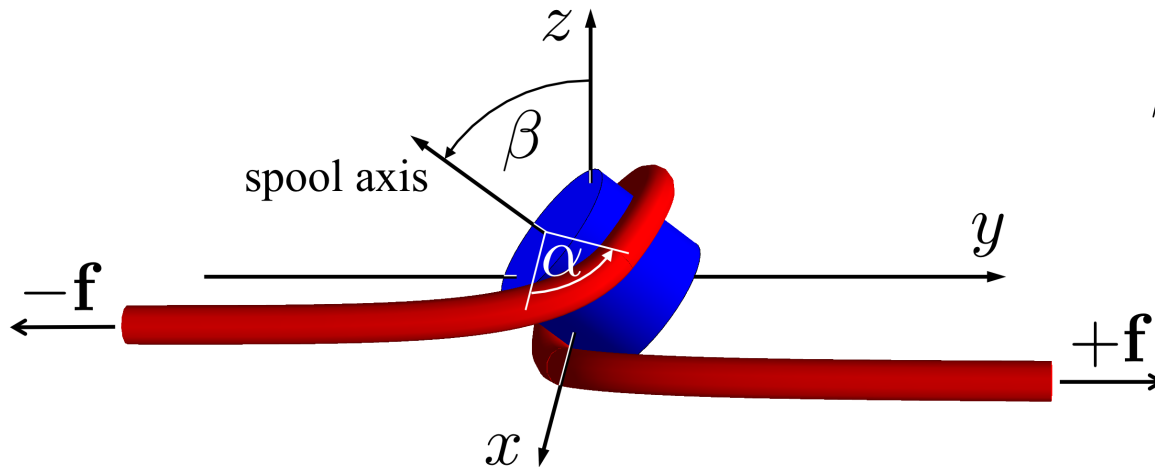
but:

$$f_{\text{crit}} \approx \frac{15 k_B T}{50 \text{ nm}} = 1.2 \text{ pN}$$

BREATHING

Force-induced unwrapping

Kulic & HS, Phys. Rev. Lett. **92** (2004) 228101



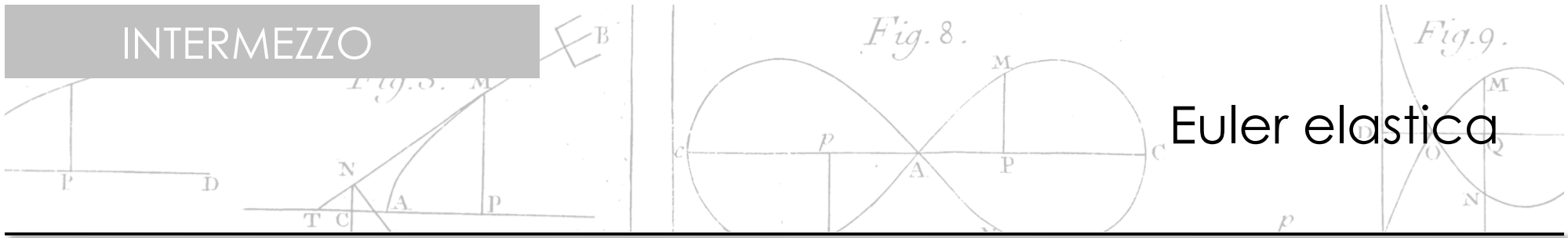
α : unwrapping angle

β : tilting angle

total energy:

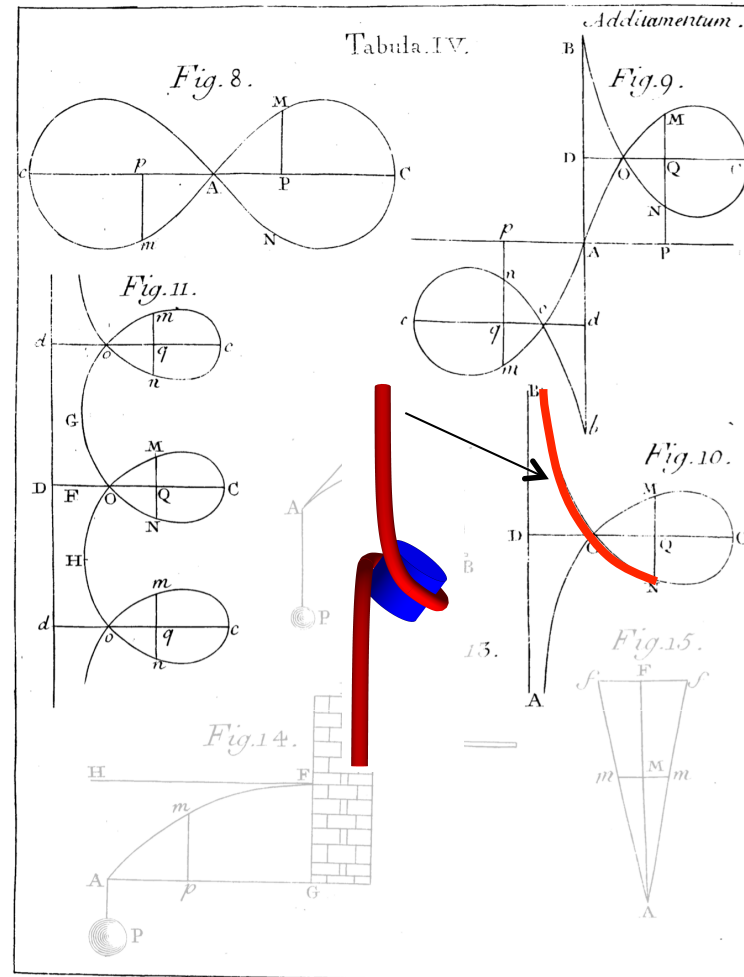
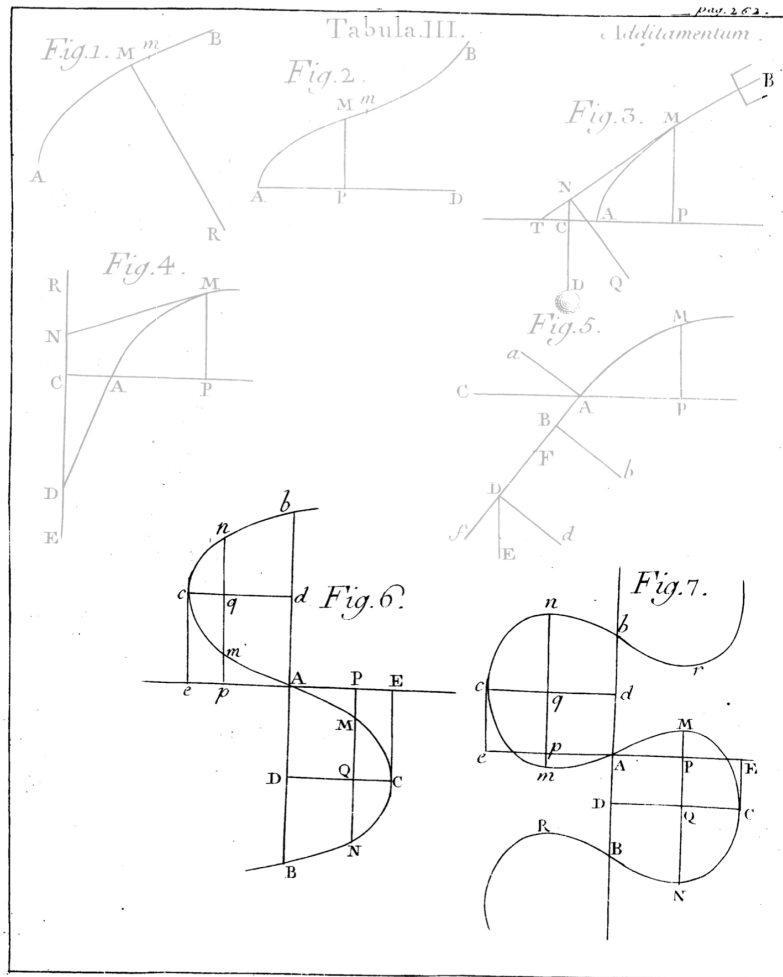
$$E_{\text{tot}} = \underbrace{\frac{A}{2} \int_0^L ds \left(\frac{1}{R(s)} \right)^2}_{\text{DNA bending}} - \underbrace{fL_{EE}}_{\text{external force}} + \underbrace{2R_0 f_{\text{crit}} \alpha}_{\text{DNA adsorption}}$$

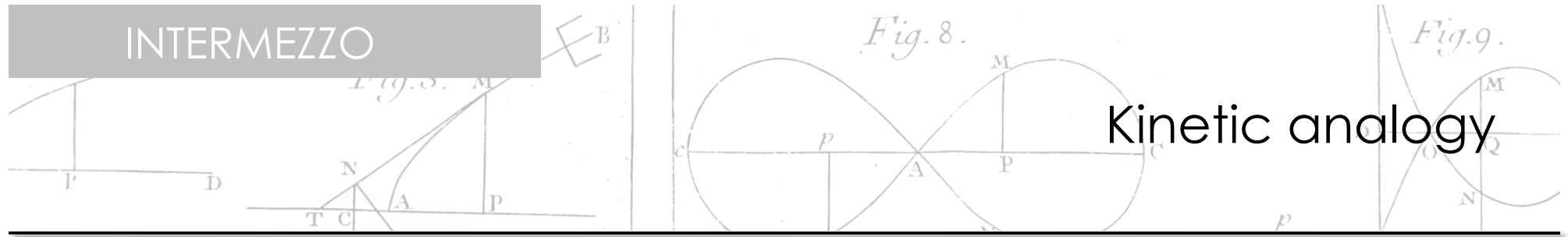
INTERMEZZO



Euler elastica

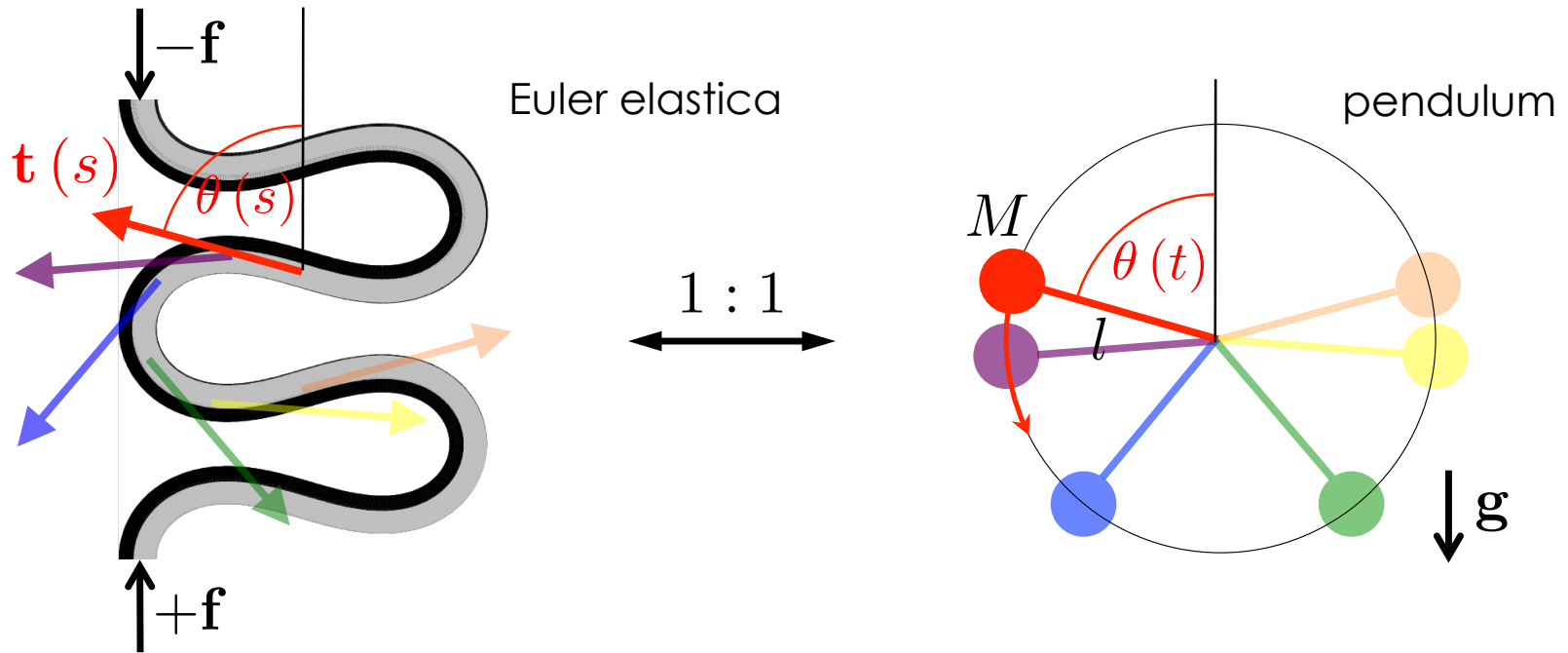
Leonard Euler, Methodus, 1744:





Kinetic analogy

Gustav Kirchhoff, 1859



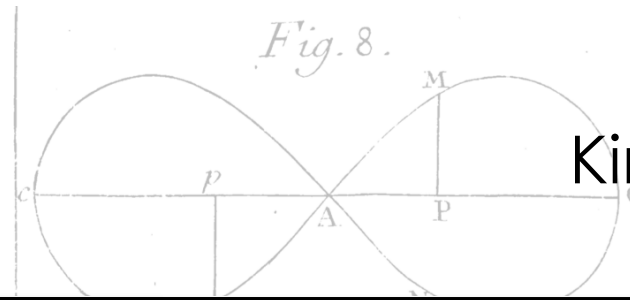
Hamiltonian (wormlike chain model):

$$H = \int_0^L \left[\frac{A}{2} \dot{\theta}^2 - f \cos \theta \right] ds$$

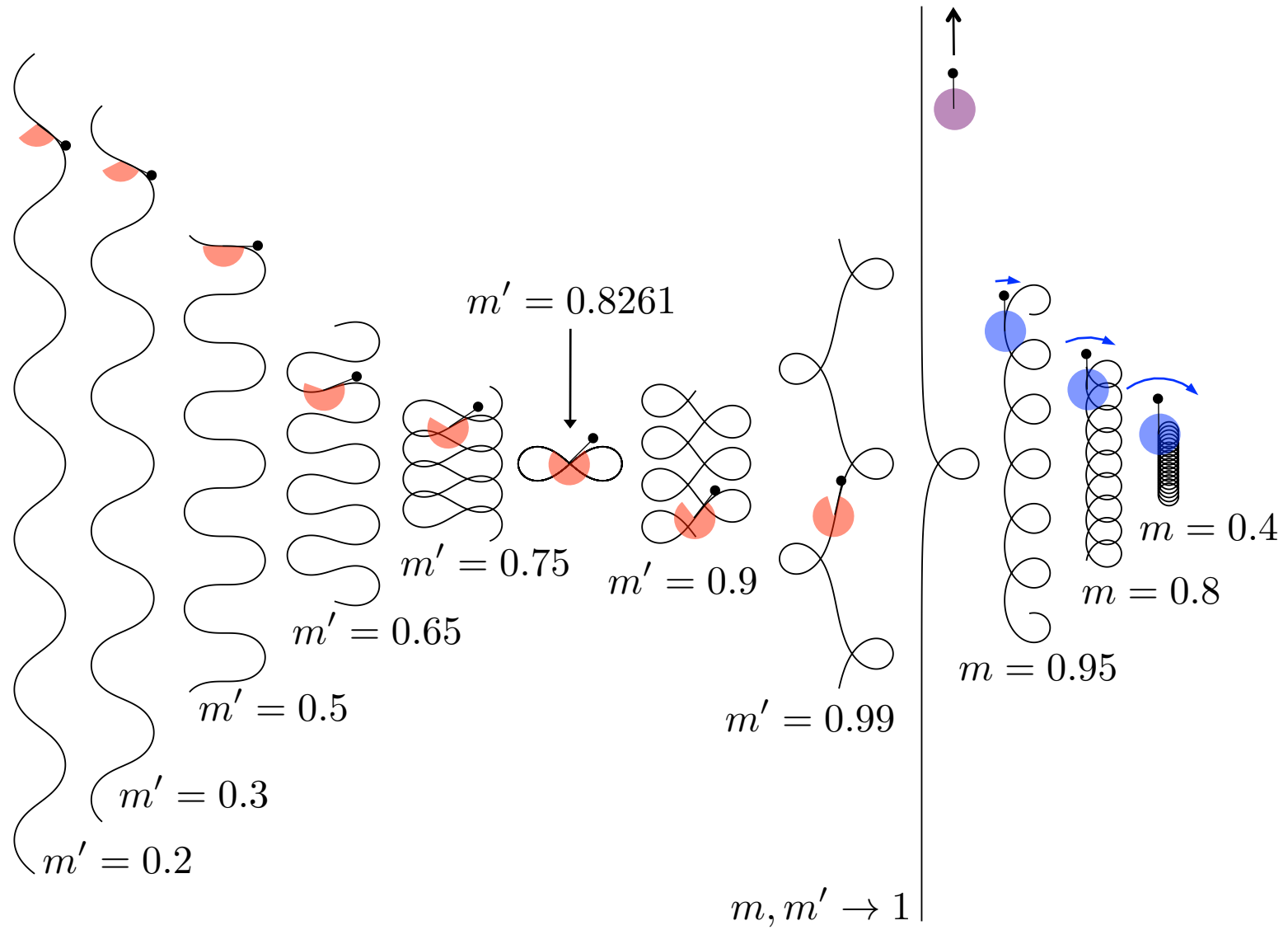
Lagrangian action:

$$S = \int_0^T \left[\frac{Ml^2}{2} \dot{\theta}^2 - Mgl \cos \theta \right] d\tau$$

INTERMEZZO



Kinetic analogy



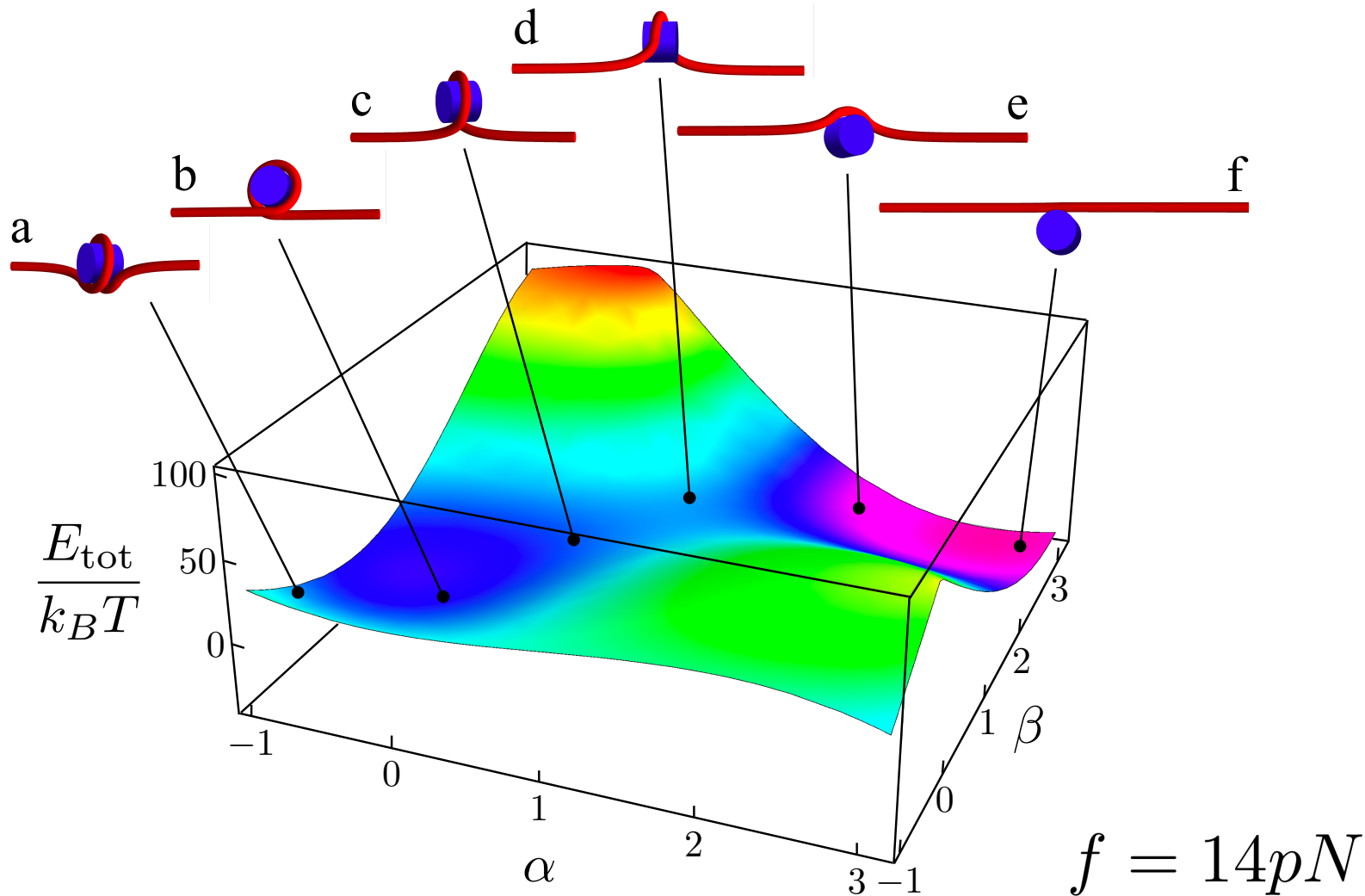
BREATHING

Fig. 8.

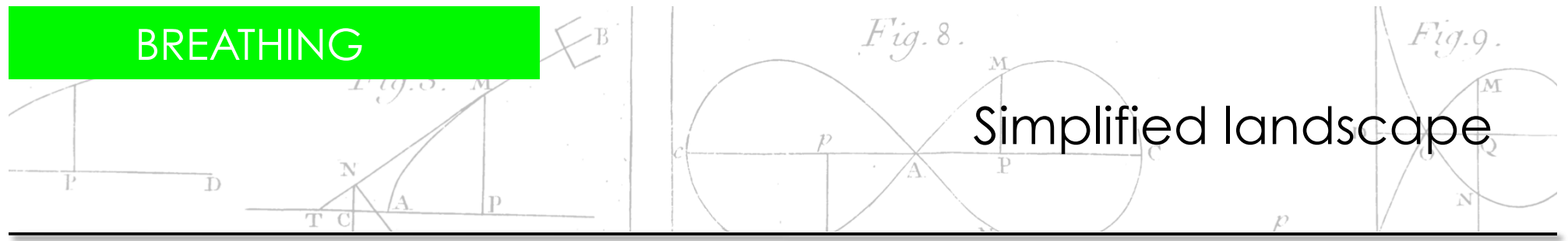
Fig. 9.

Energy landscape

Kulic & HS, Phys. Rev. Lett. **92** (2004) 228101

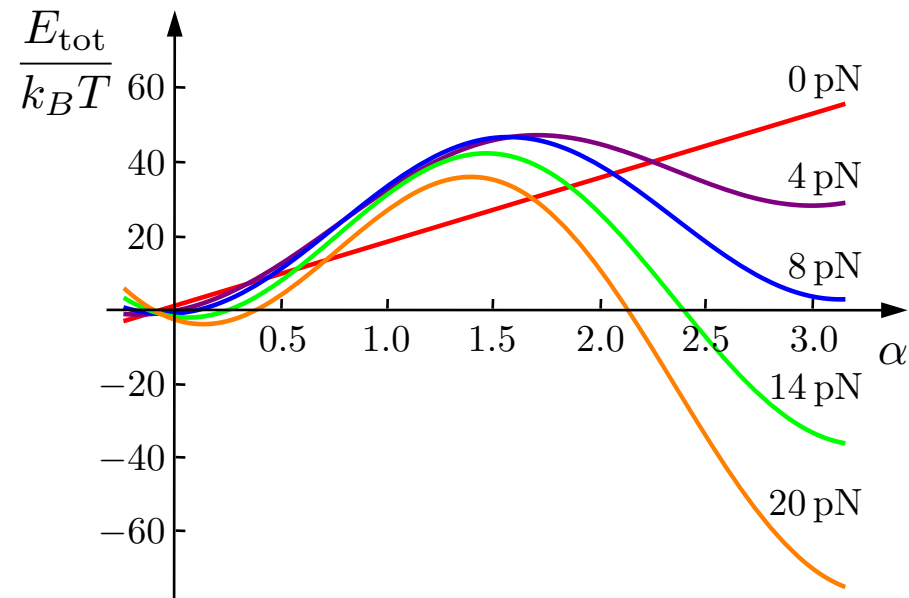


BREATHING

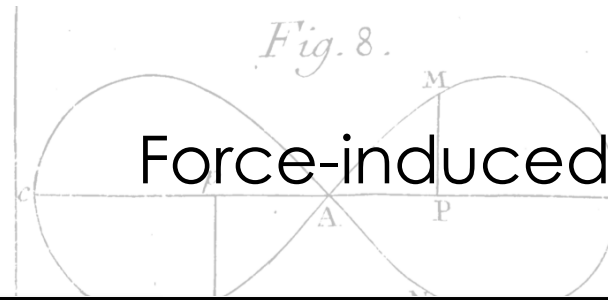
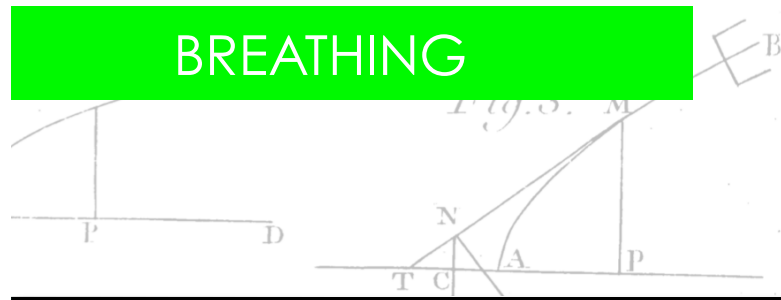


leading terms:

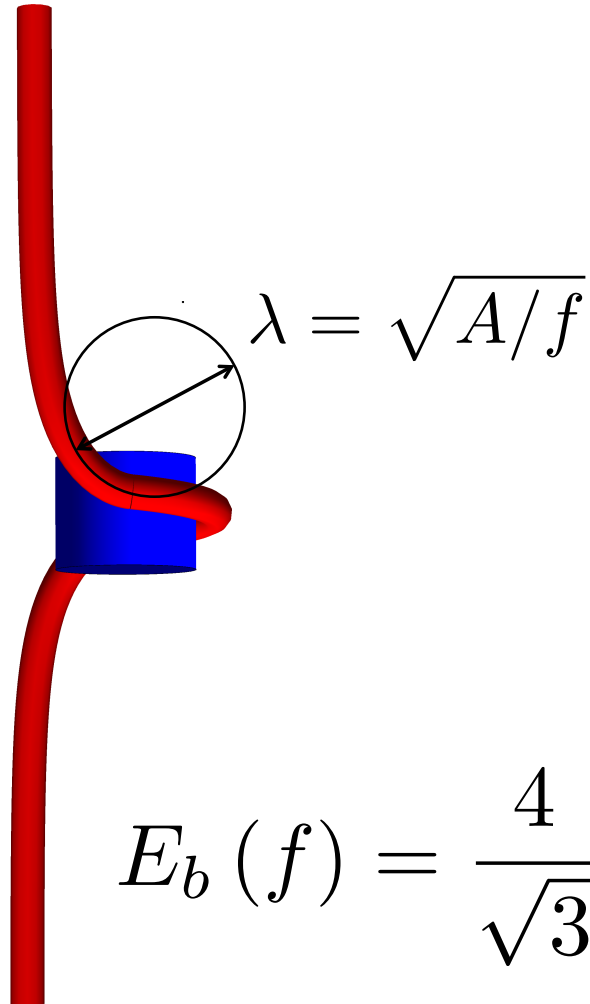
$$E_{\text{tot}}(\alpha) \approx \underbrace{2R_0 (f_{\text{crit}} - f) \alpha}_{\text{tilting term}} - \underbrace{\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{Af} \cos 2\alpha}_{\text{barrier term}}$$



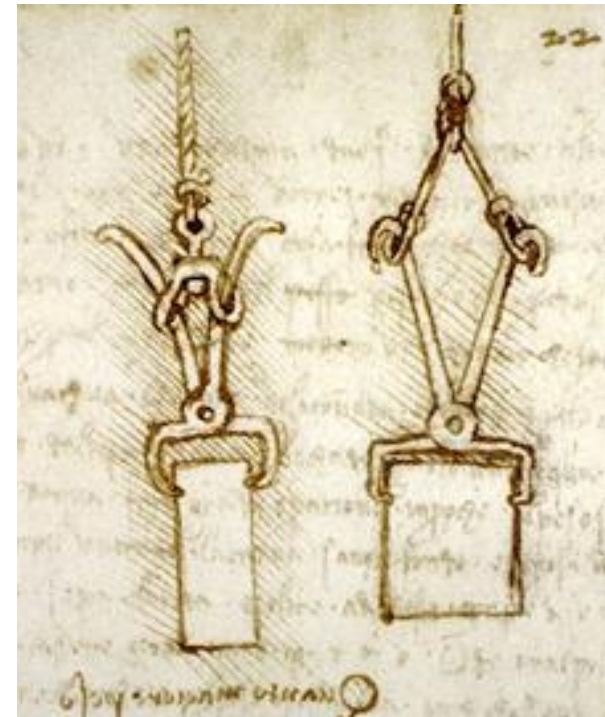
BREATHING



Force-induced strengthening



$$E_b(f) = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \sqrt{Af}$$



Leonardo da Vinci:

"The greater the weight held by this lifting tong, the better and stronger it will be supported."

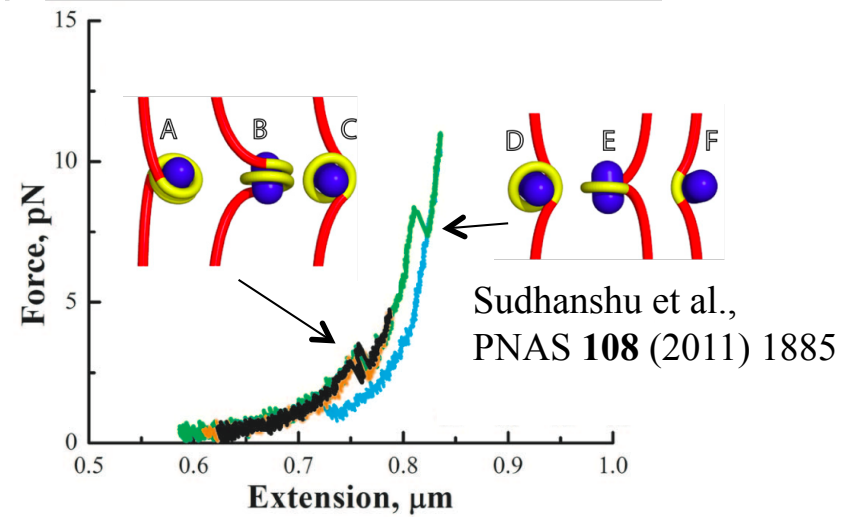
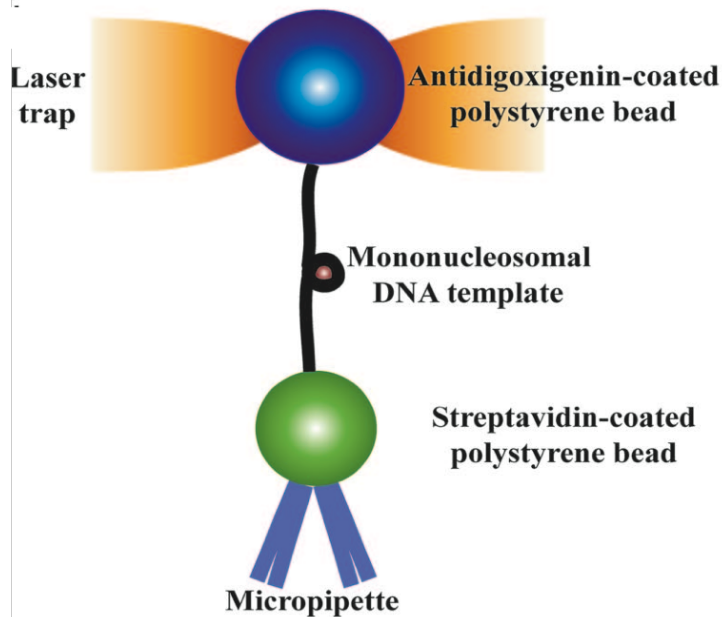
BREATHING

Fig. 8.

Fig. 9.

Single nucleosome under tension

Mihardja, Spakowitz, Zhang & Bustamante, PNAS **103** (2006) 15871

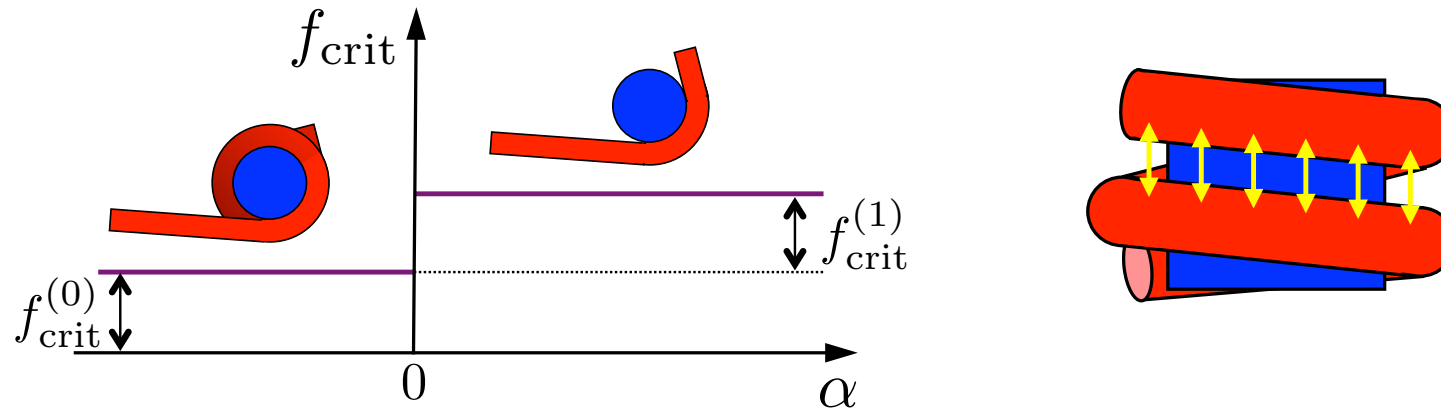


BREATHING

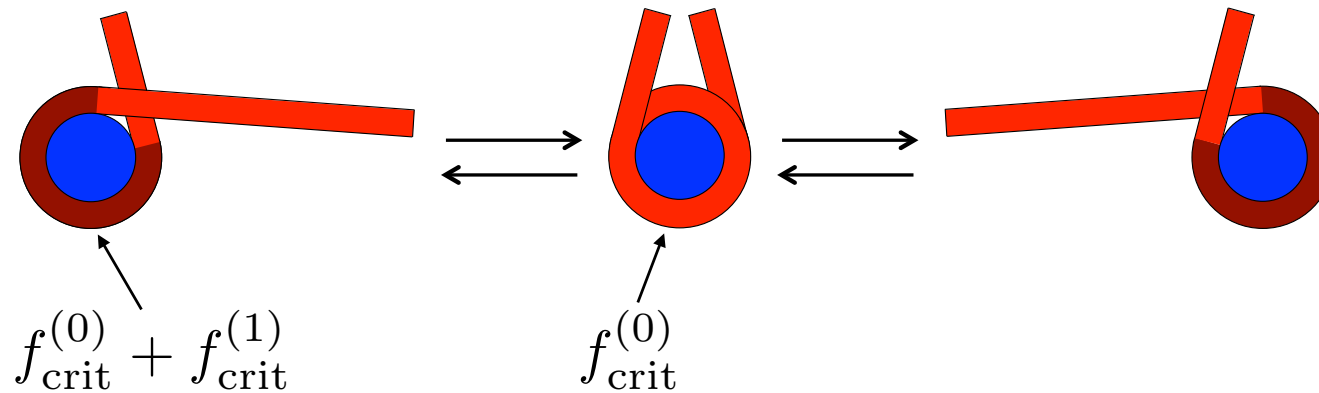
Fig. 8.

Fig. 9.

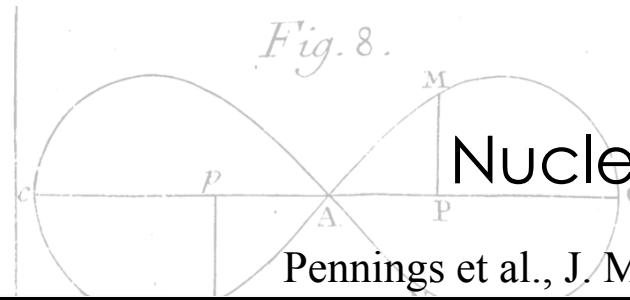
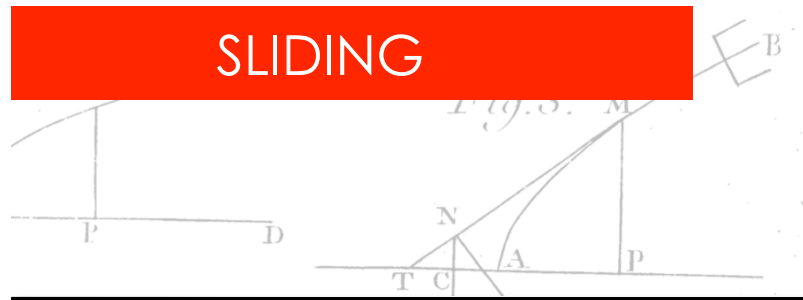
The first-second round difference



Two turn design combines accessibility and stability:

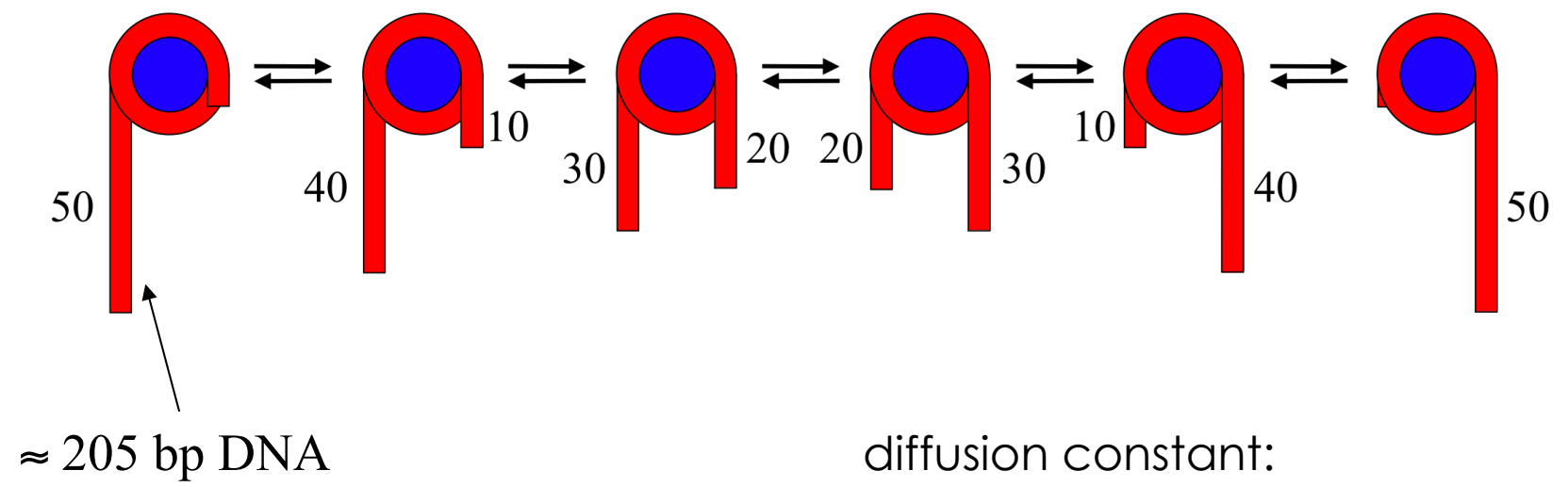


SLIDING



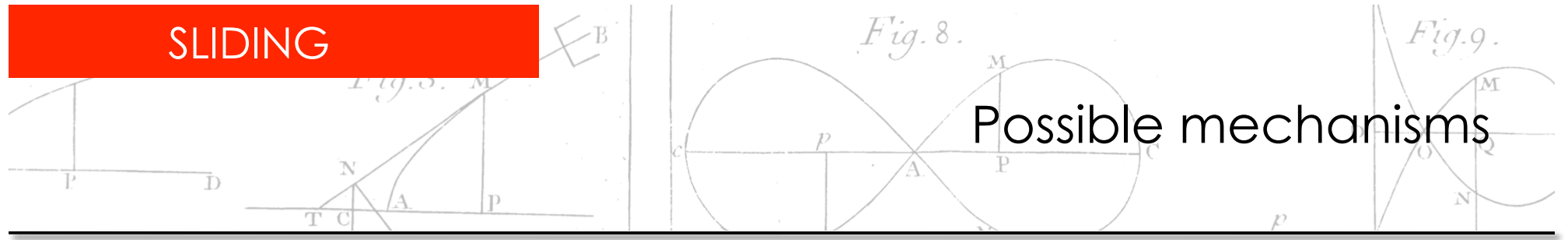
Nucleosome sliding

Pennings et al., J. Mol. Biol. **191** (1991) 220



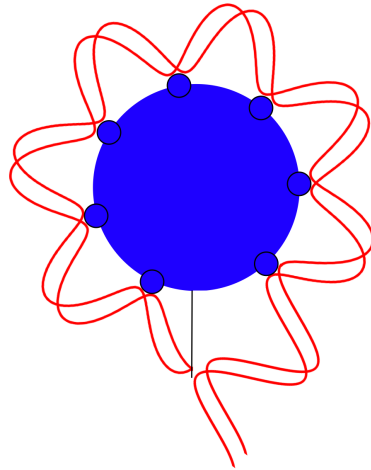
$$D \approx 1bp^2/s$$

SLIDING

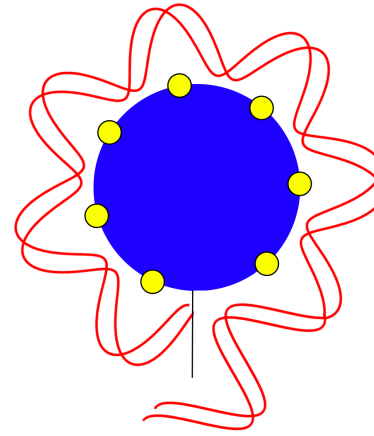


Possible mechanisms

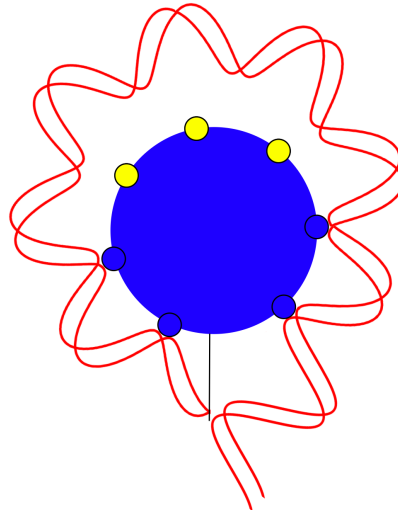
intact



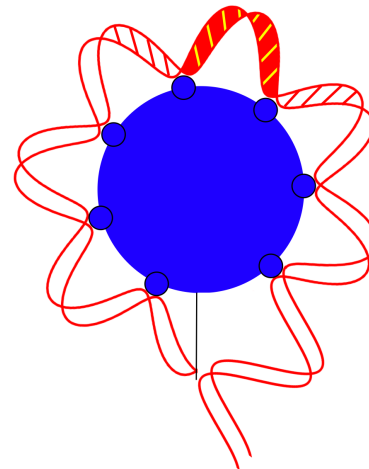
„sliding“



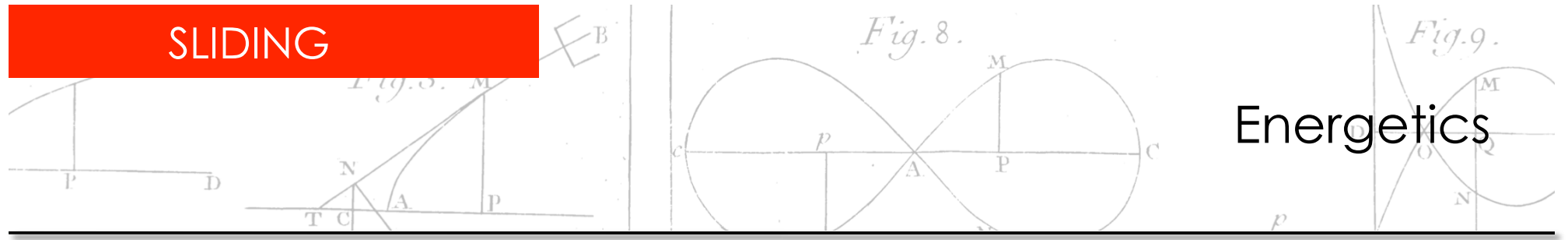
loop defect



twist defect



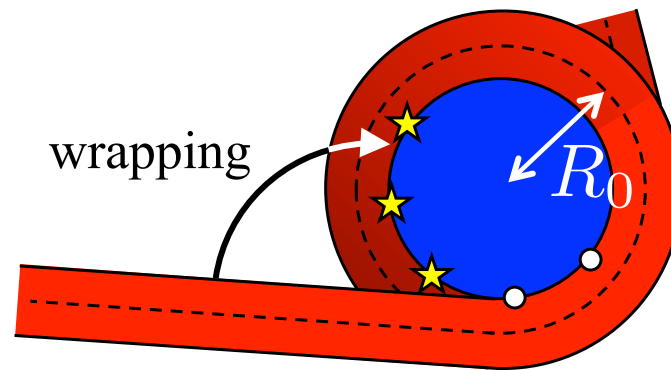
SLIDING



Energetics

DNA wrapping:

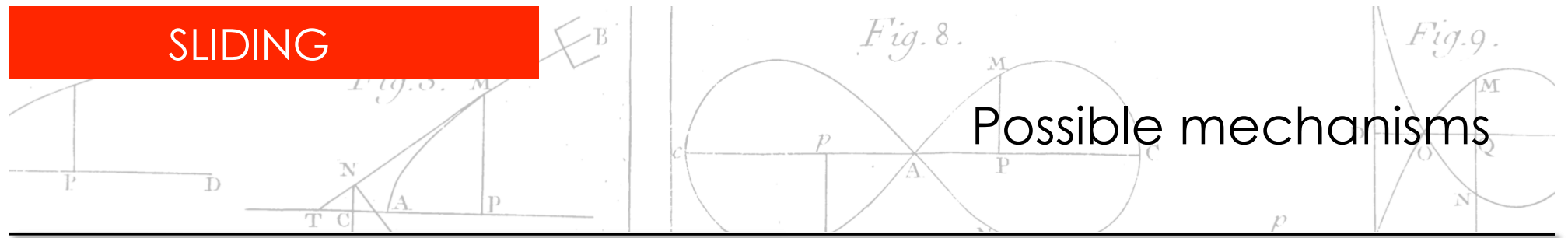
adsorption energy per length > bending energy per length



„pure“ adsorption energy:	$\approx -90k_B T$
+ bending energy:	$\frac{l_P L_0}{2R_0^2} \approx +80k_B T$
net adsorption energy:	
	$\approx -15k_B T$

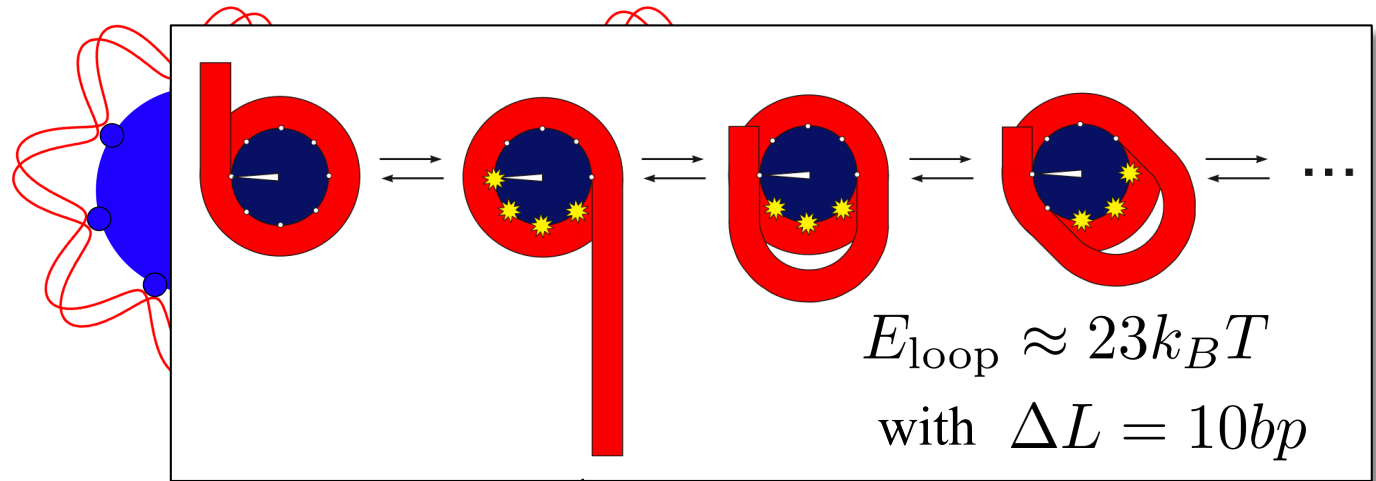
Polach & Widom, 1995

SLIDING

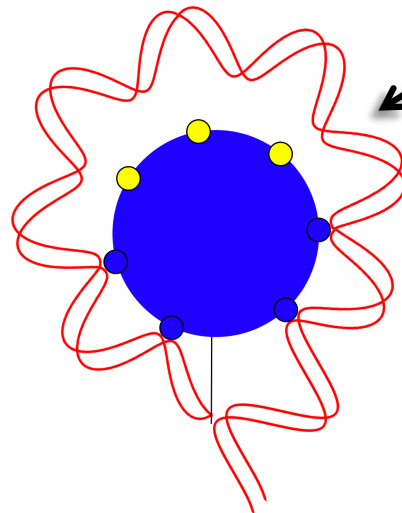


Possible mechanisms

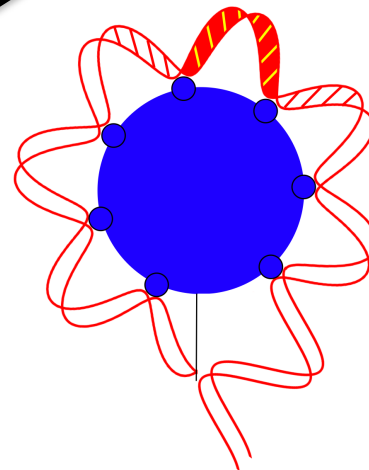
intact



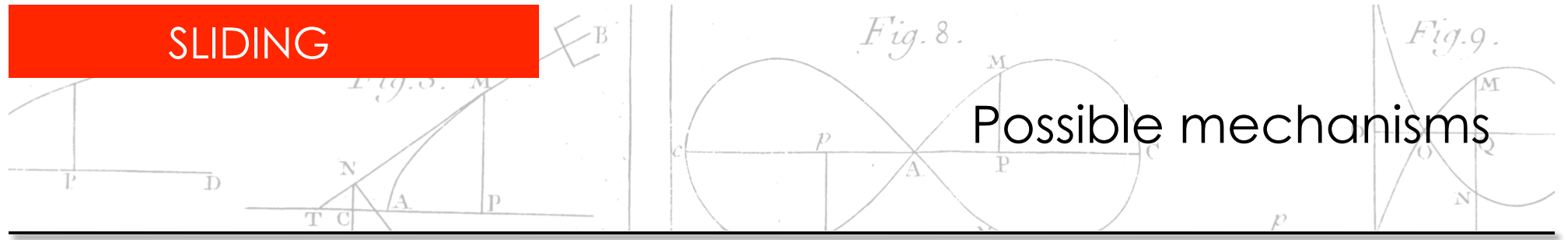
loop defect



twist defect

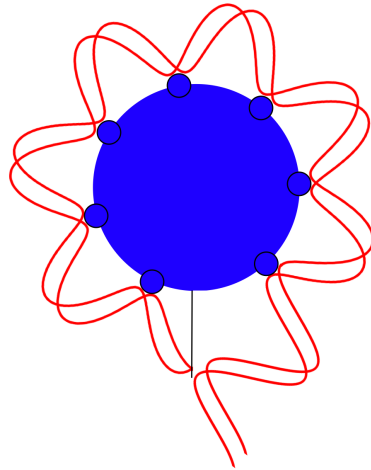


SLIDING

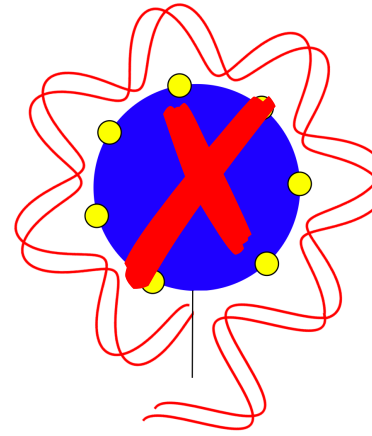


Possible mechanisms

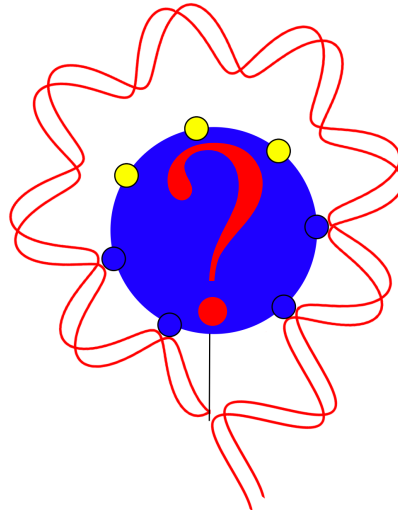
intact



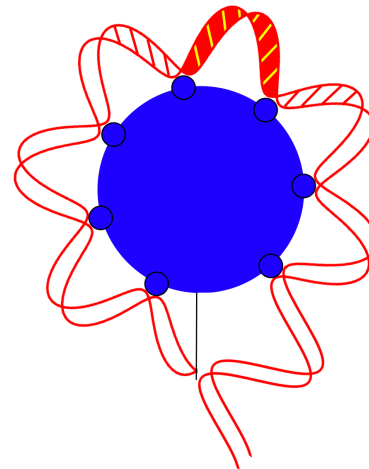
„sliding“



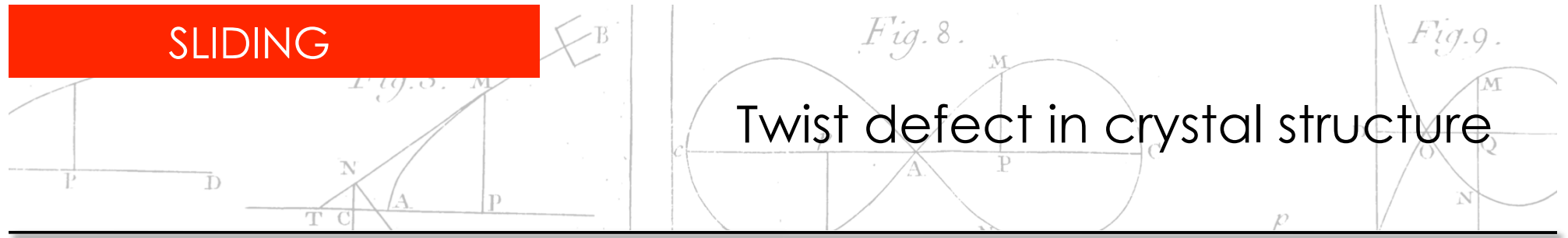
loop defect



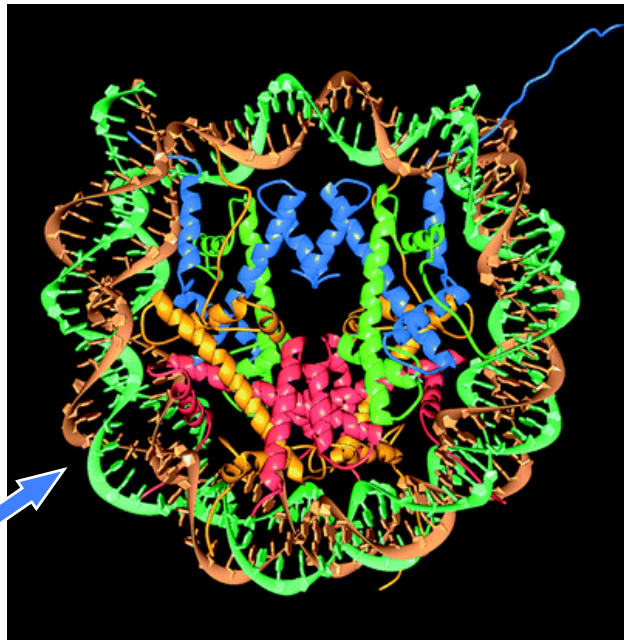
twist defect



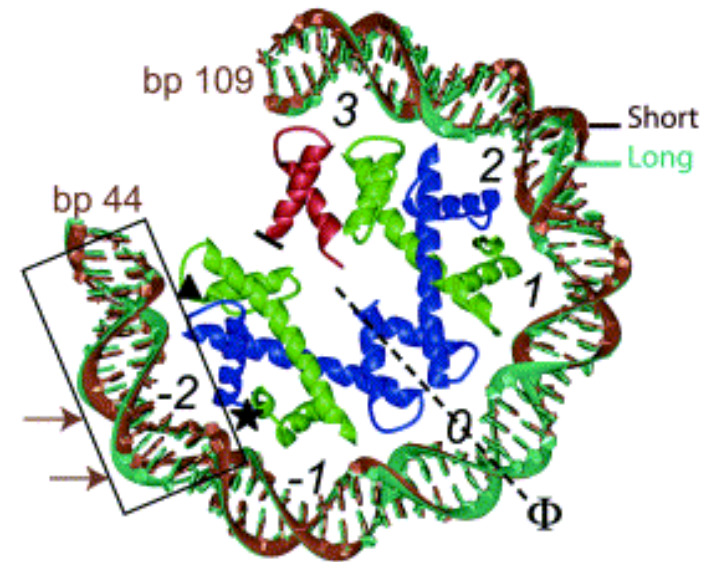
SLIDING



core particle reconstituted from histones and 146 bp DNA has twist defect, but with 147 bp DNA it has not (Davey et al. J. Mol. Biol. **319** (2002) 1097)

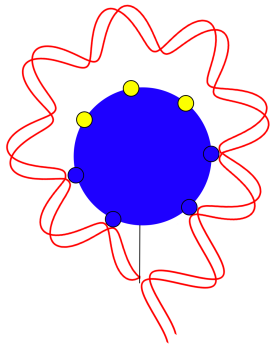
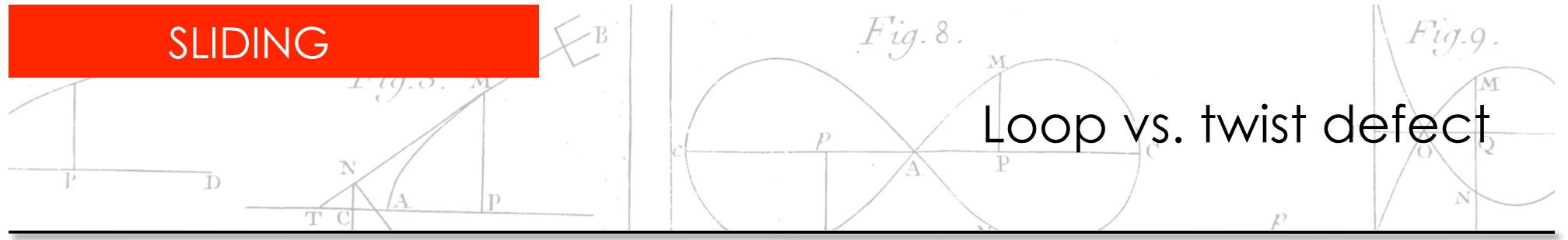


1bp missing!

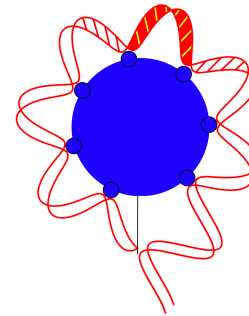


X-NCP

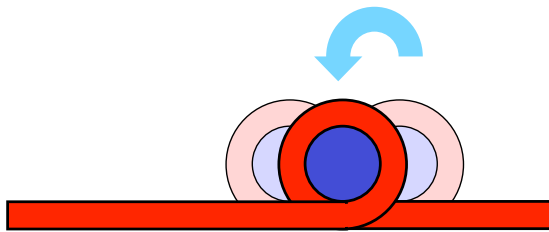
SLIDING



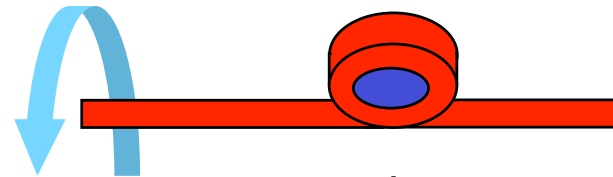
$$\Delta L = 10 \text{ bp}$$



$$\Delta L = 1 \text{ bp}$$



10bp

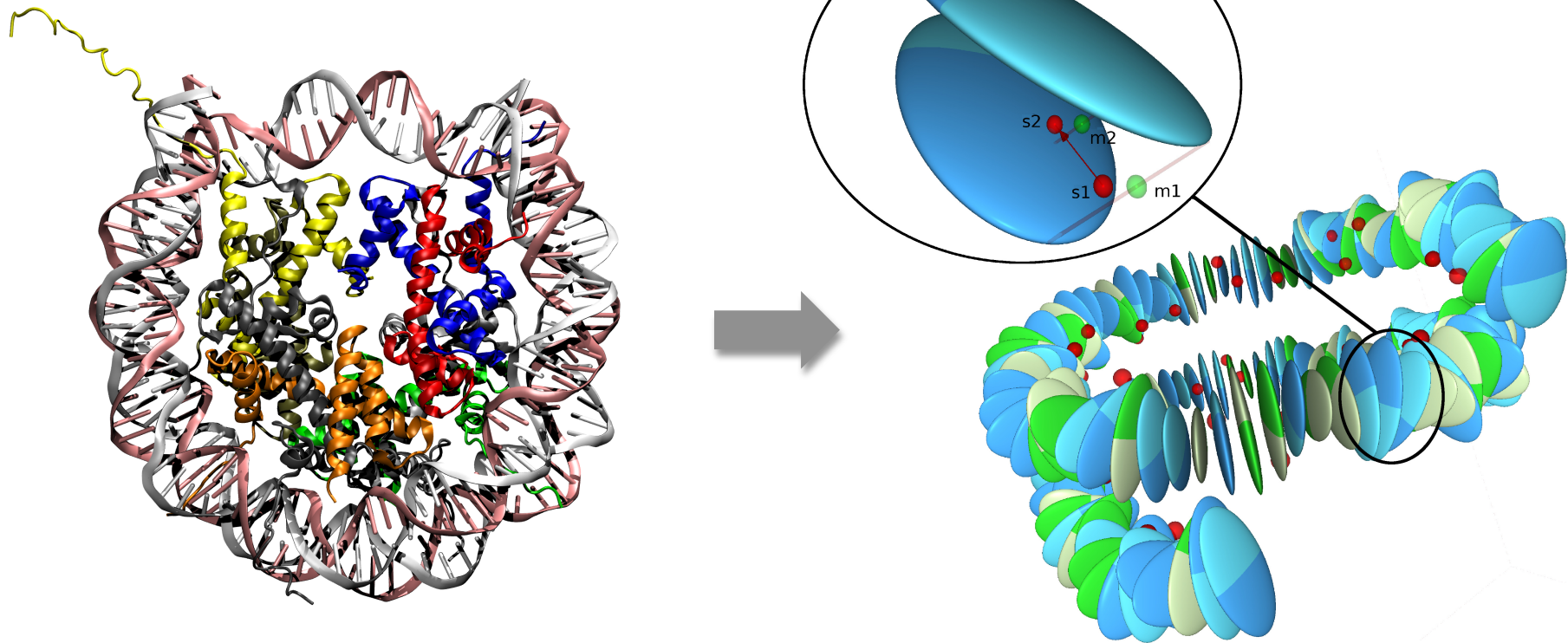


1bp

SLIDING

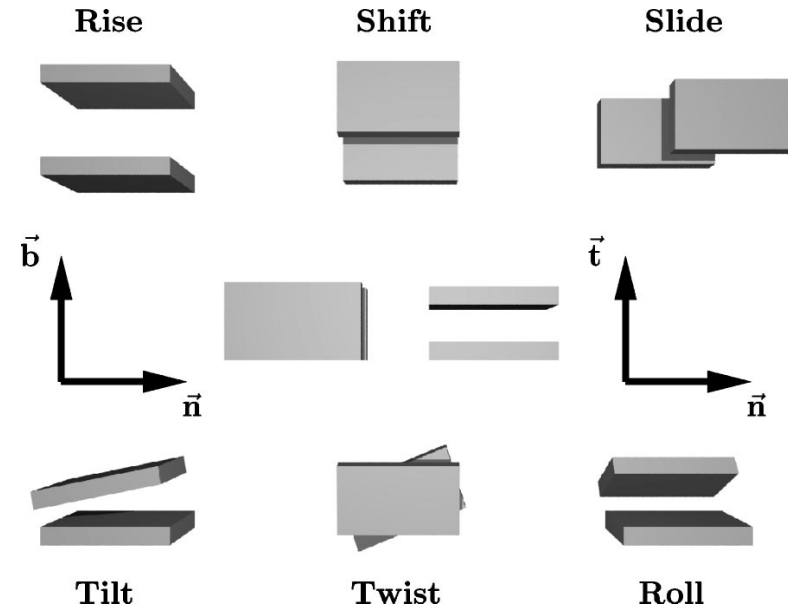
Rigid bp model for nucleosomal DNA

Fathizadeh, Besya, Ejtehad & HS, EPJE 36 (2013) 21



SLIDING

Twist, Roll, Slide: The base pair ballet



Mergell, Ejtehadi & Everaers, Phys. Rev. E **68** (2003) 021911

Rigid base pair model:

$$U = \frac{1}{2} (\psi - \psi_0)^T \cdot \mathbf{K} \cdot (\psi - \psi_0)$$

6x6 stiffness matrix (bp-step dependent)

crystal structures:

Olson et al. (1998)

all atom MD simulation:

Lankas et al. (2003)

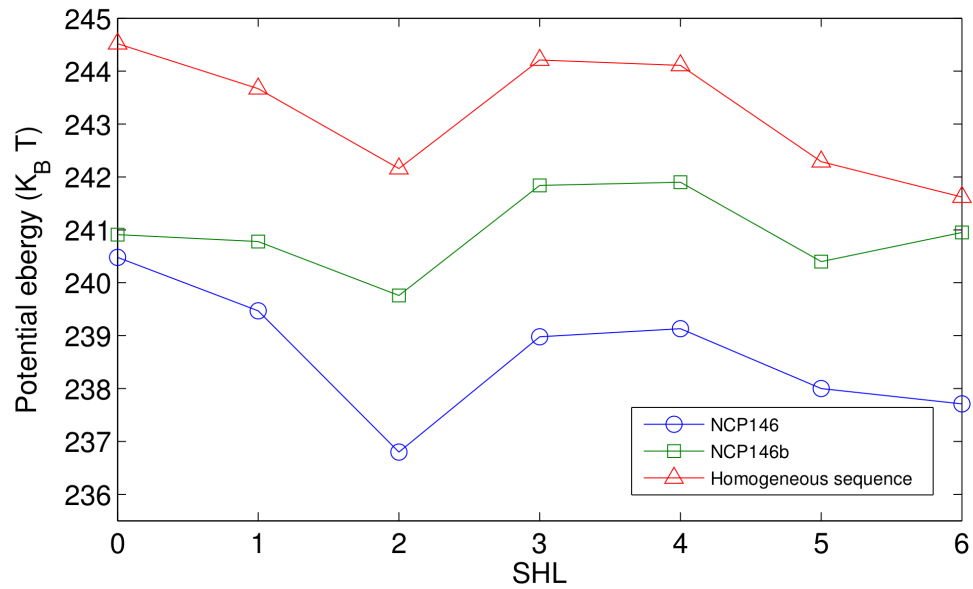
mixed parametrization:

Becker, Wolff, Everaers (2006)

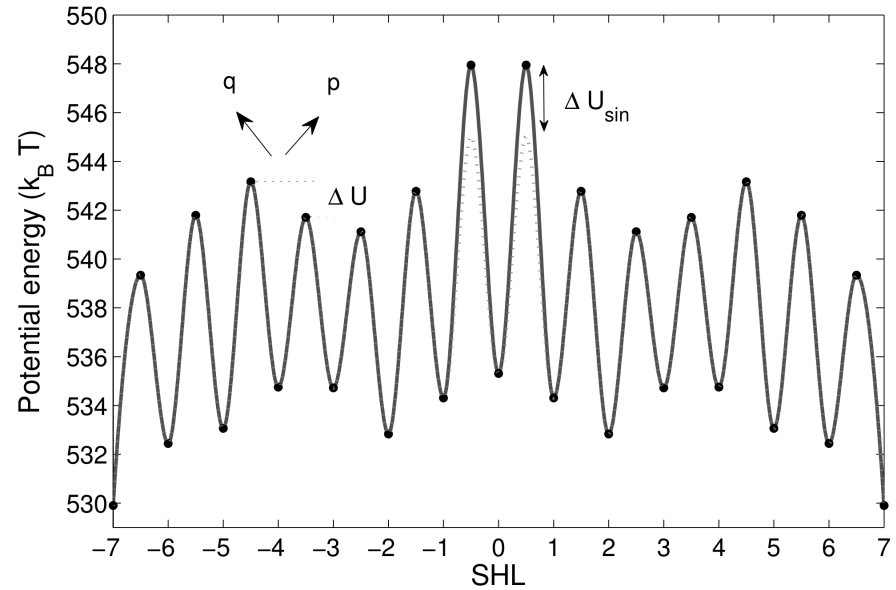
SLIDING

Twist defect energy landscape

Fathizadeh, Besya, Ejtehadı & HS, EPJE 36 (2013) 21



twist defect energy



energy landscape



crossing probability $1/9000$

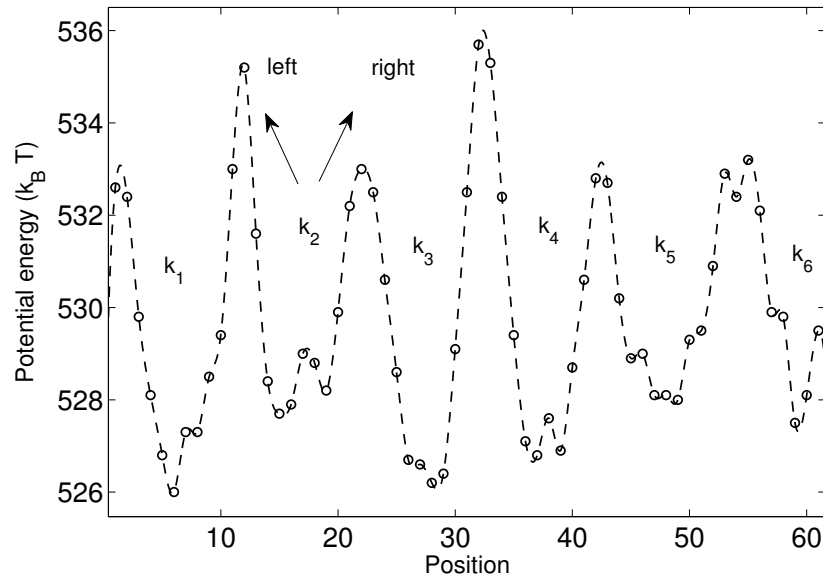


diffusion constant $D \approx 240 \text{ bp/s}$

SLIDING

Effective diffusion constant

Fathizadeh, Besya, Ejtehadı & HS, EPJE 36 (2013) 21



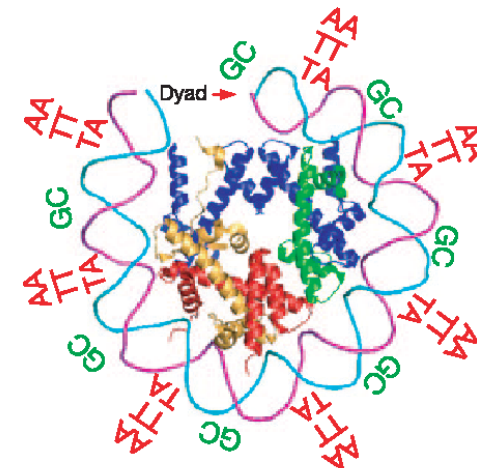
5S rDNA positioning sequence

$$D_{\text{eff}} \approx \frac{100 \text{ bp}^2}{2T_{\text{eff}}} \approx 8 \text{ bp}^2 / \text{s}$$

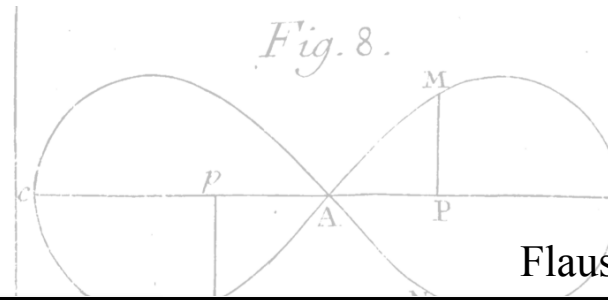
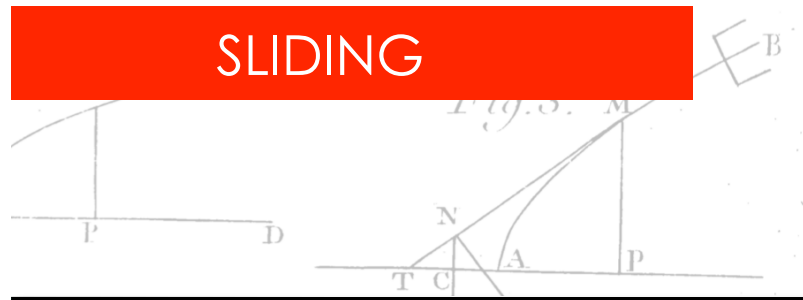
$$T_{\text{eff}}^{-1} = \frac{\sqrt{U''(x_{\min})U''(x_{\max})}}{2\pi\zeta} e^{-A/k_B T}$$

$$\zeta = k_B T / D$$

second genetic code
Segal et al., Nature 2006

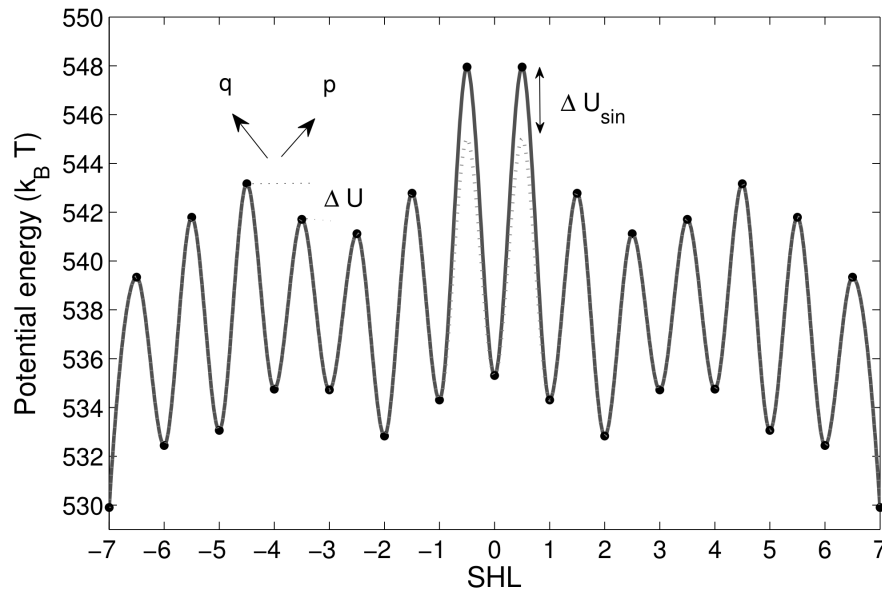


SLIDING

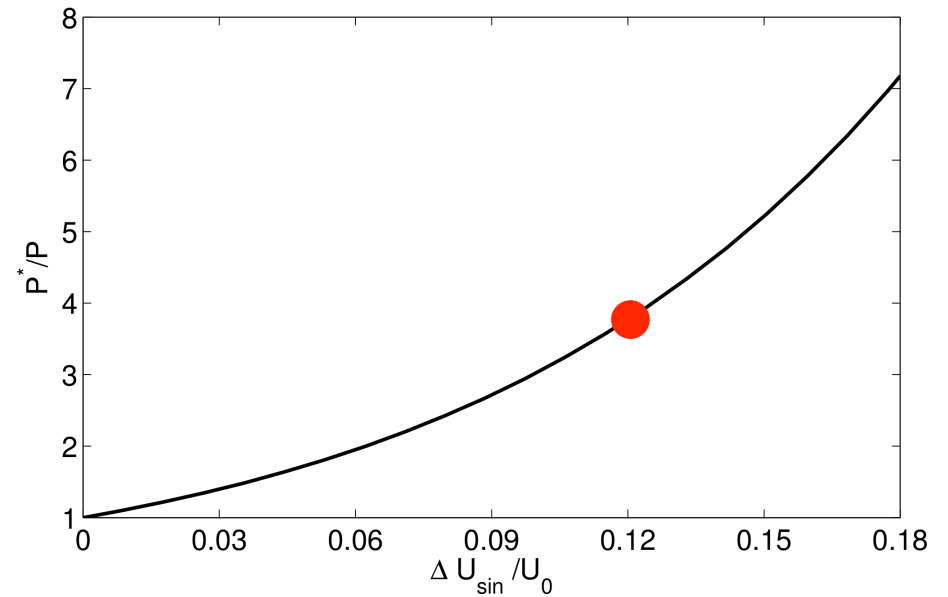


SIN mutations

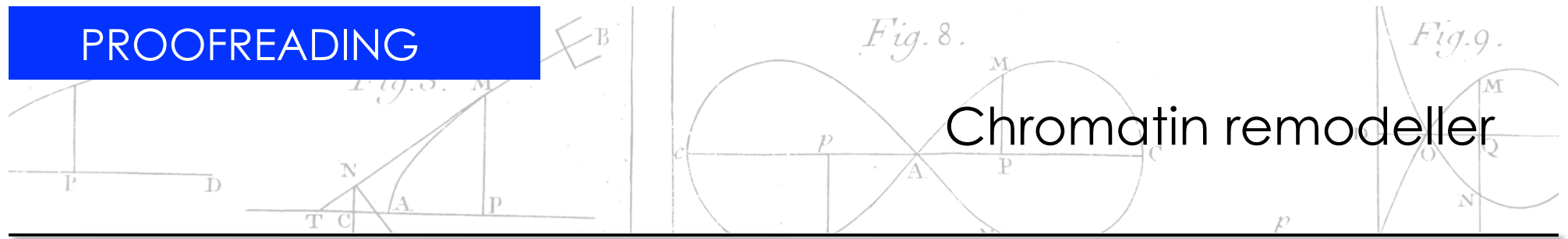
Flaus et al., EPJE 36 (2013) 21



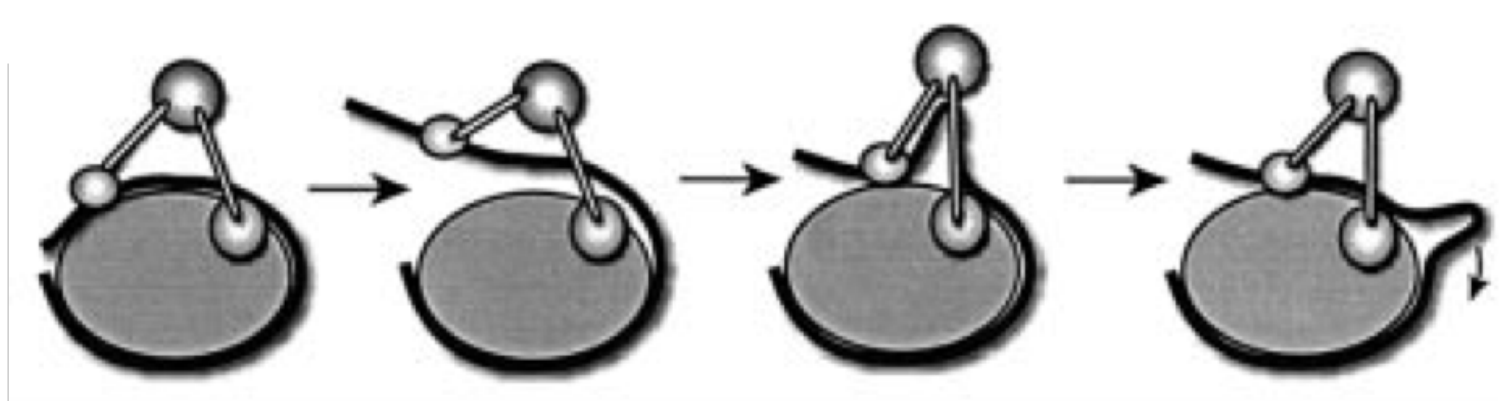
energy landscape



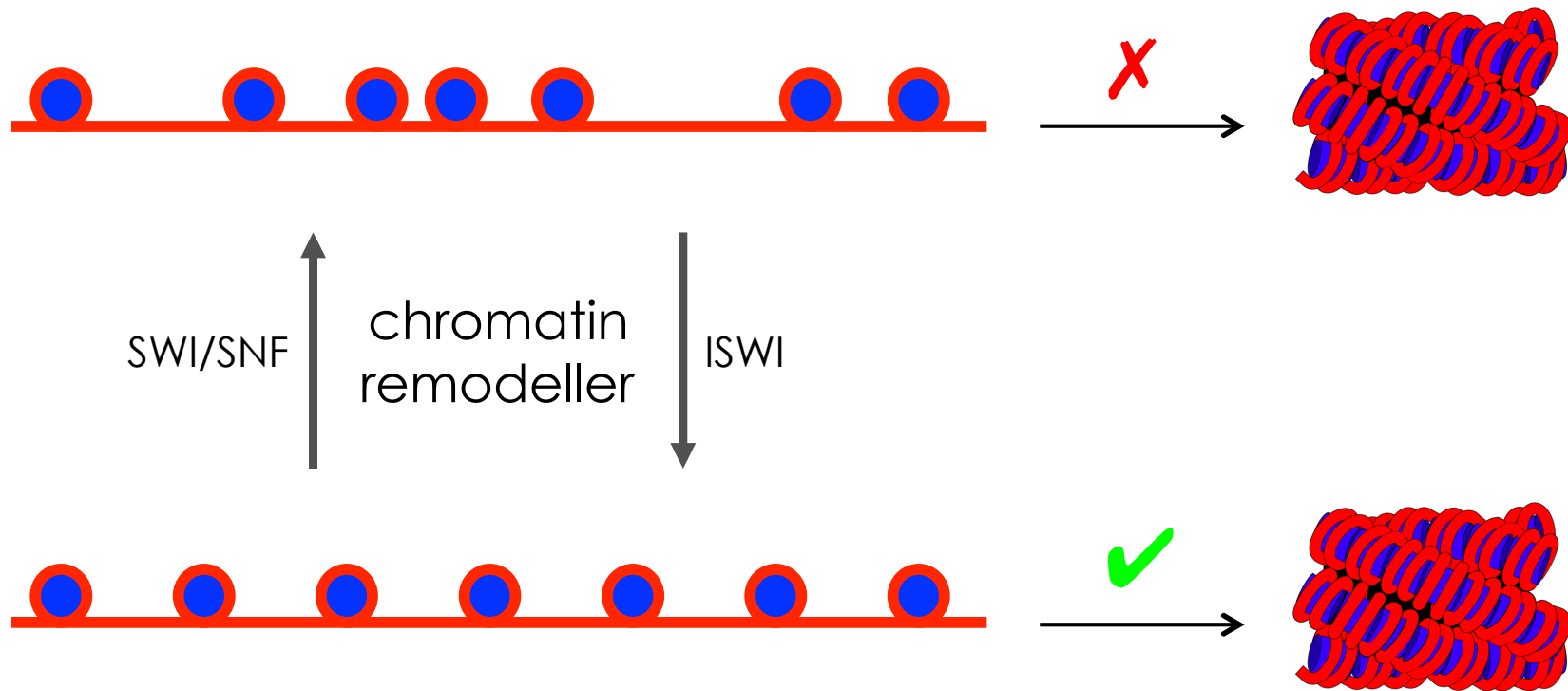
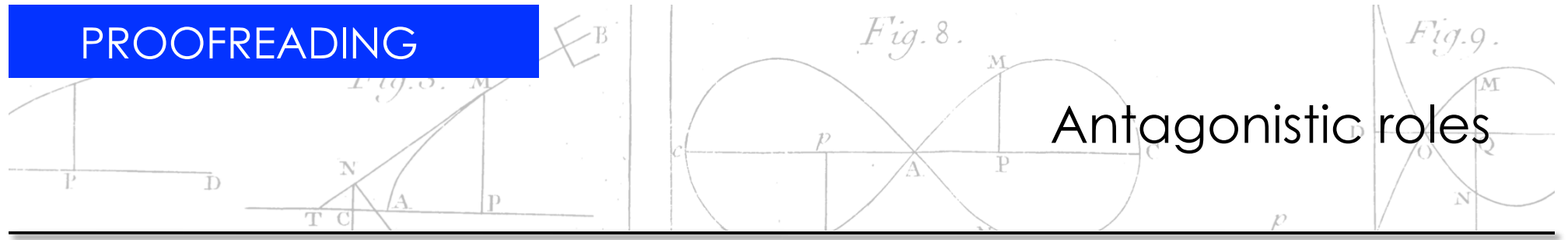
effect of point mutation
at SHL 0.5

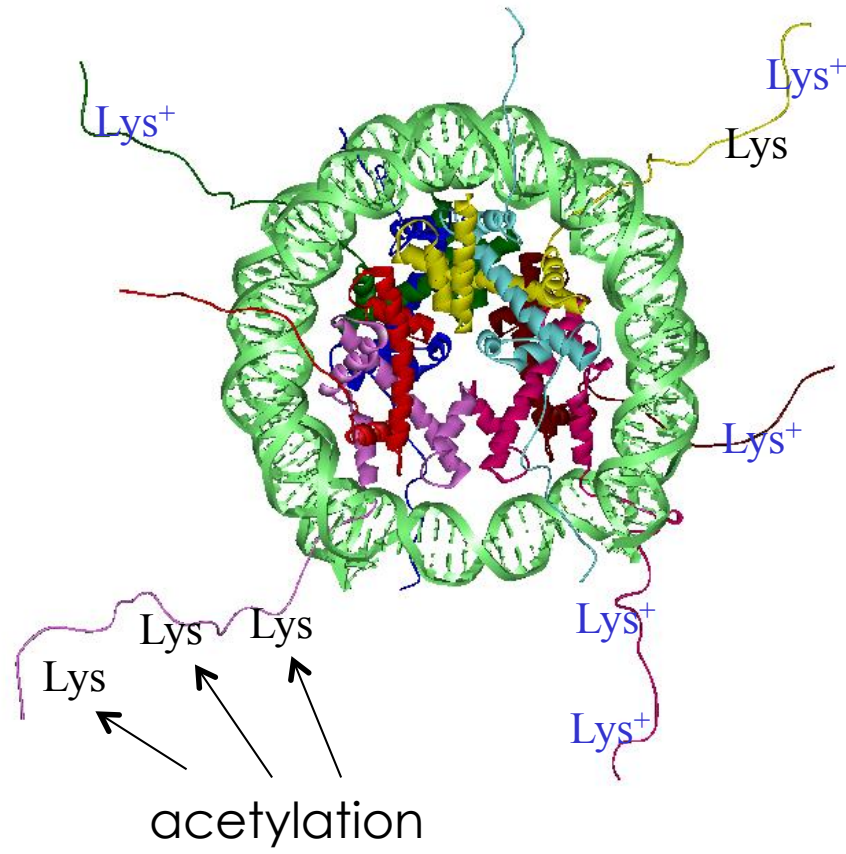
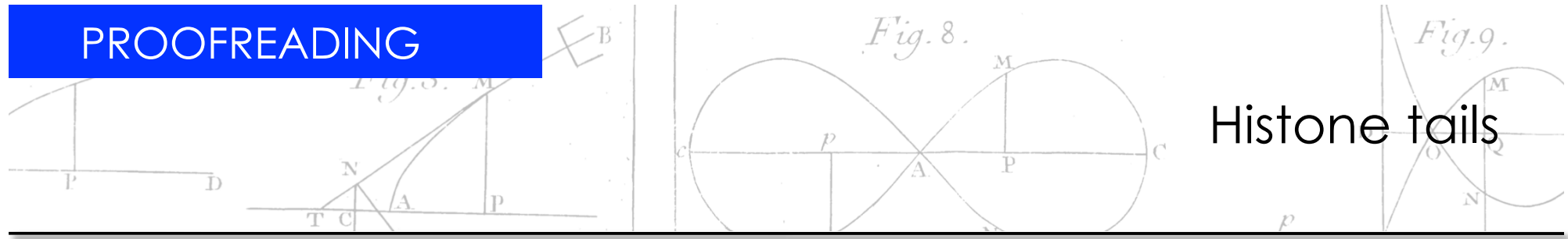


Actively pushing or pulling nucleosomes along DNA:

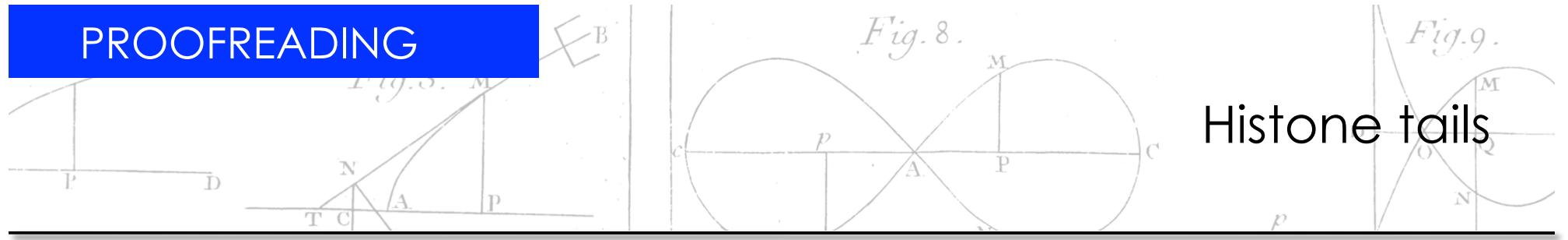


Becker(2002)

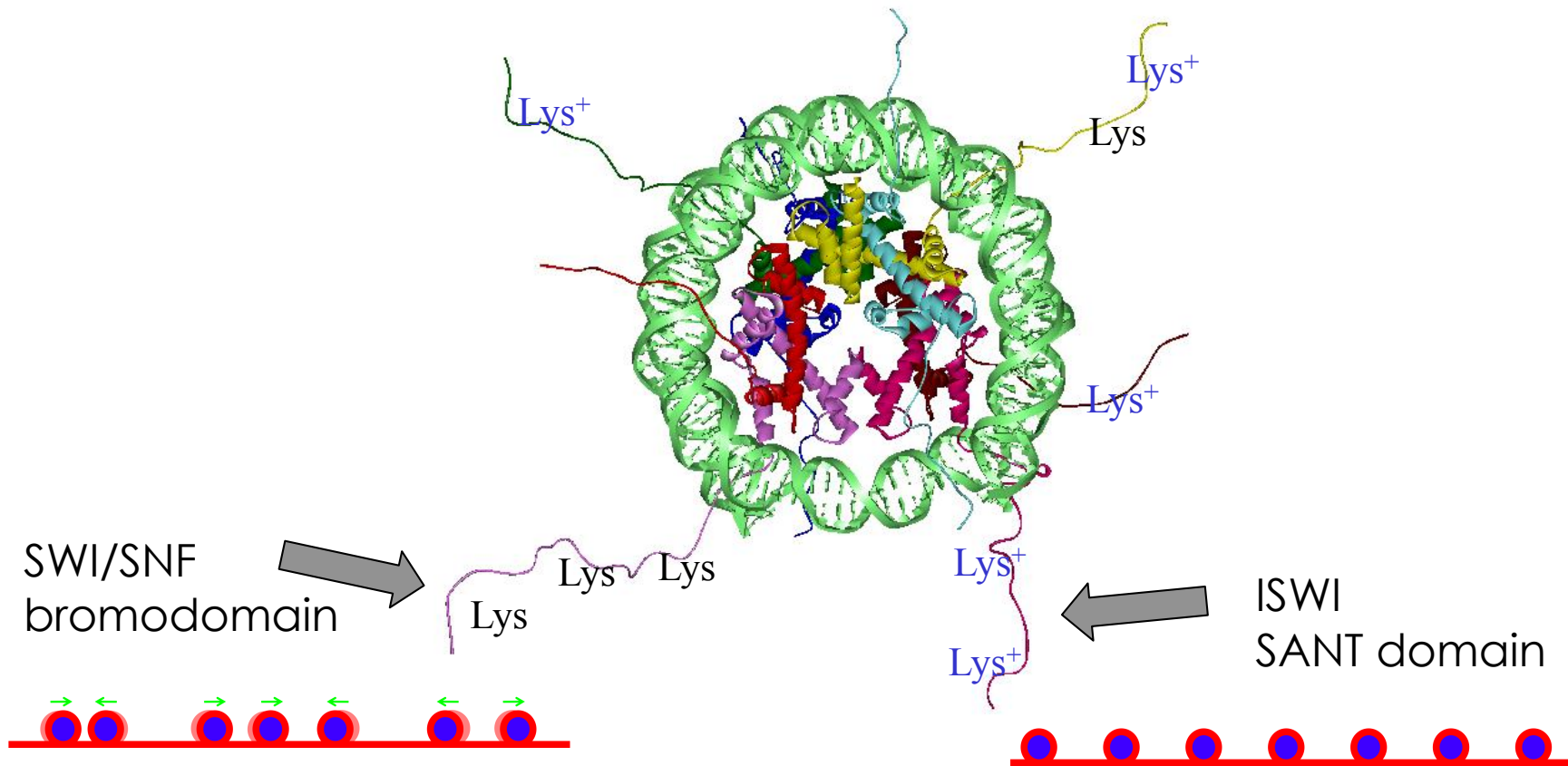




PROOFREADING

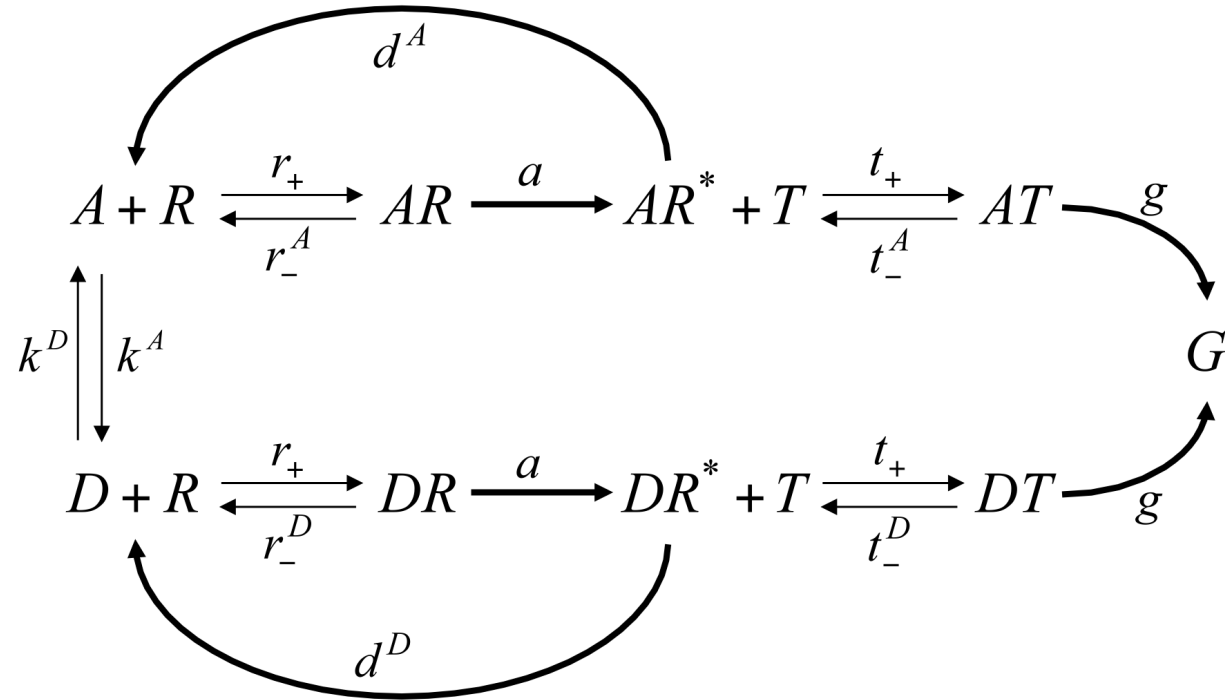
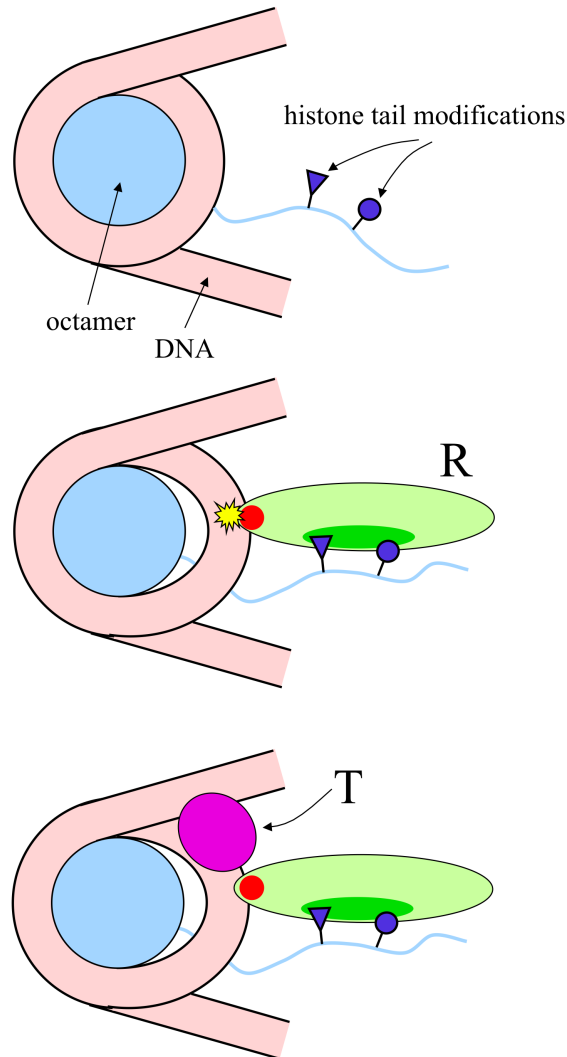


Histone tails



Chromatin kinetic proofreading

Blossey & HS, HFSP J. 2 (2008) 167



$2k_B T$ increases discrimination ratio by factor 50

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