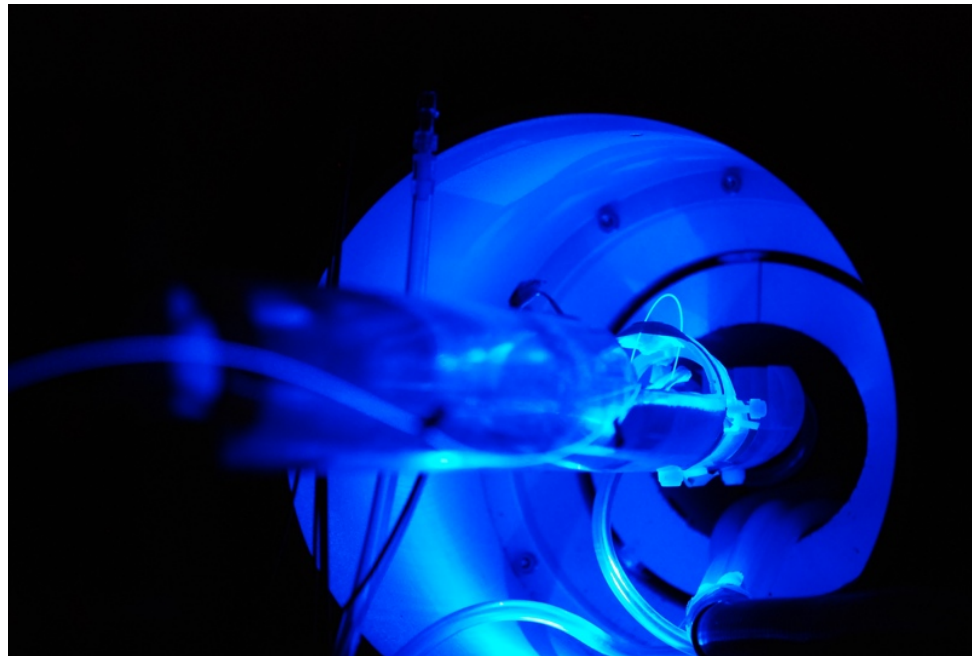


University of California, Los Angeles



Optogenetic fMRI: Genetically Targeted Brain Circuit Analysis and Debugging

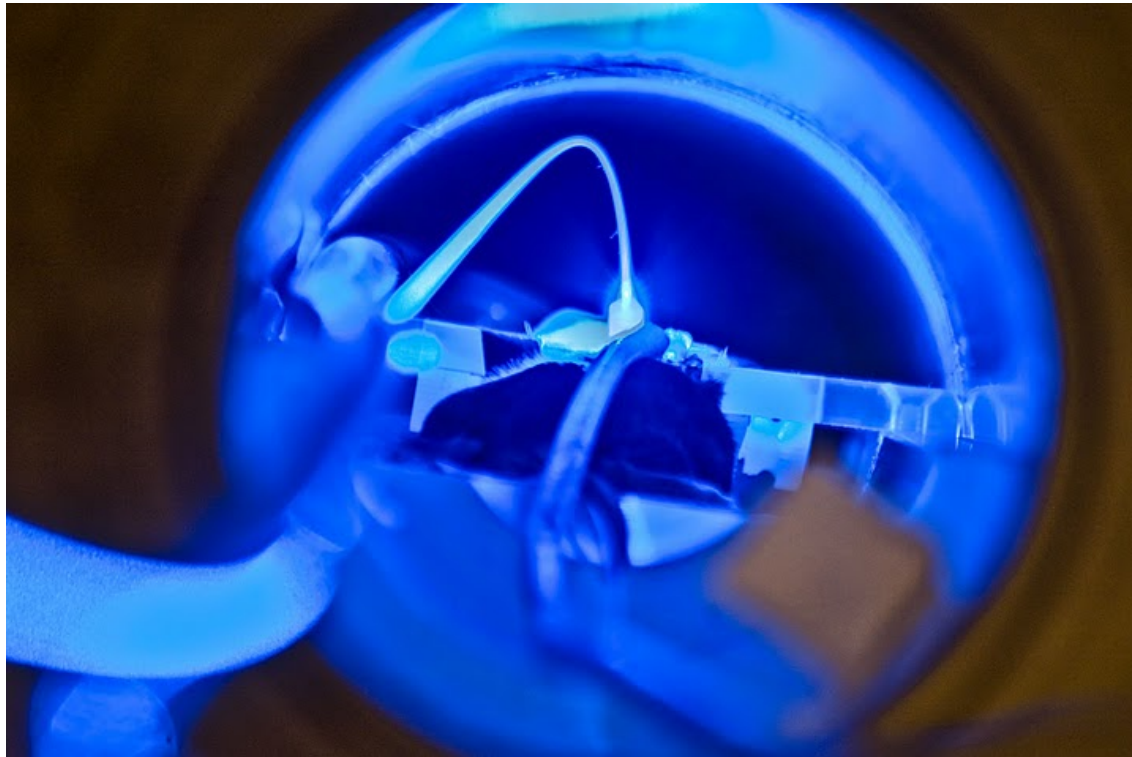


Jin Hyung Lee

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING,
PSYCHIATRY, RADIOLOGY, BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING, AND NEUROSCIENCE

July 26, 2011

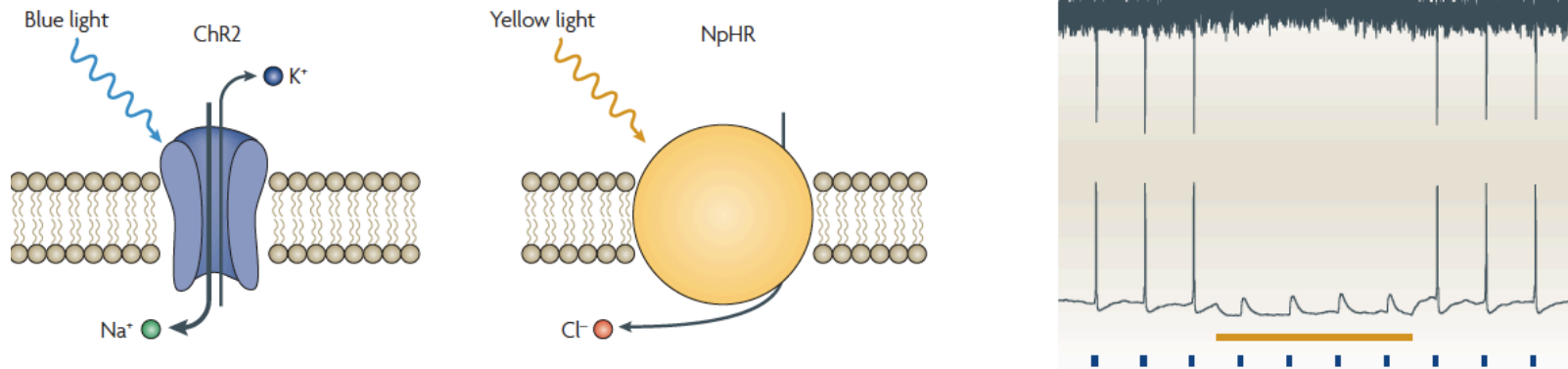
Optogenetic fMRI (ofMRI)



Stimulate **specific cell types** with **temporal precision**.
Monitor **causal**, **in vivo**, and **brain-wide** activity responses.

Lee et al., Nature 2010

Optogenetics Enables Cell-Type Specific, Temporally-Precise Stimulation

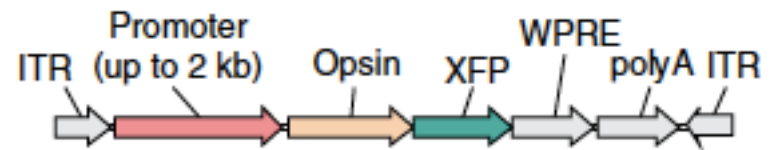


- Selectively express **light sensitive rhodopsins (ChR2, NpHR)** in **genetically targeted cells**.
- Optical stimulation **activates (ChR2, blue light)** or **silences (NpHR, yellow light)** genetically targeted neurons.

Boyden et al., Nature Neurosci. 2005
Zhang et al., Nature Methods 2006

Cell Type Specific Expression of ChR2, NpHR

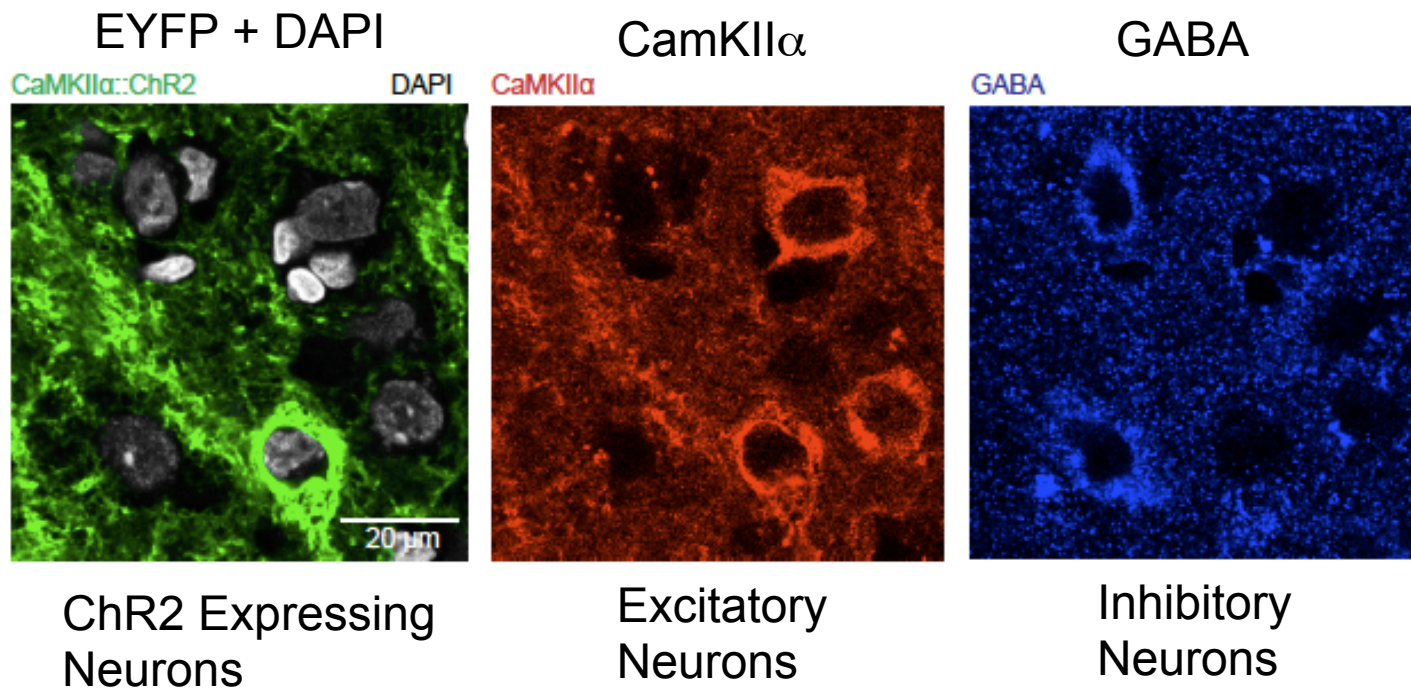
- Viral Expression Systems
 - Lentivirus
 - **Adeno-Associated Virus (AAV)**
- In Utero Electroporation
- Transgenic Mice
 - ChR2 under Thy-1 promoter
- Cre-driver transgenic mouse lines
 - Cre-dependent AAV Vector



Targeting Excitatory Neurons w/ Viral Injections

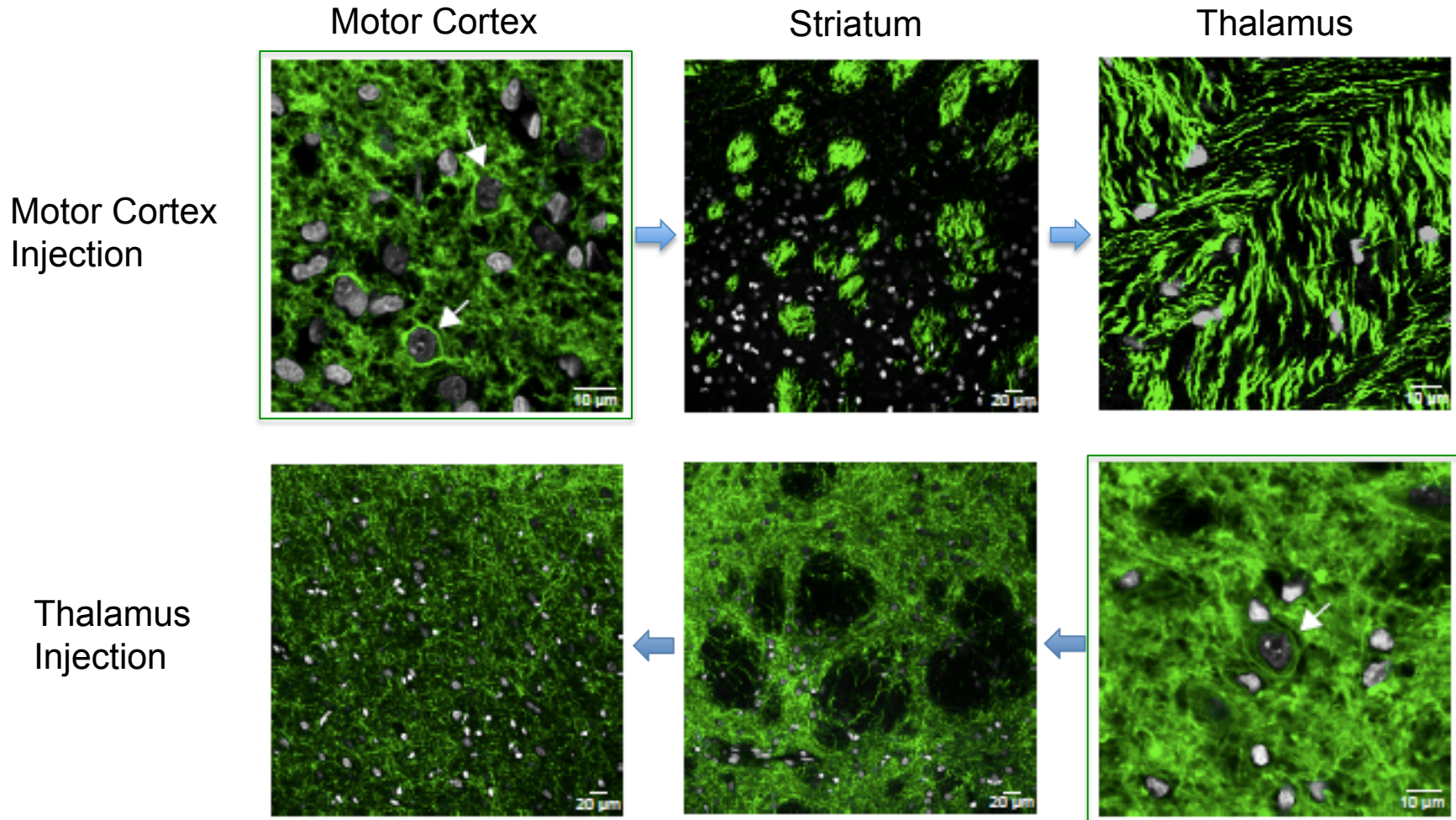
Virus: AAV5-CaMKII α ::ChR2-EYFP

Specificity: 99 %, **Sensitivity:** 89 %



Lee et al., Nature 2010

Virus Infection is Limited to Neurons with Cell Body at Injection Site

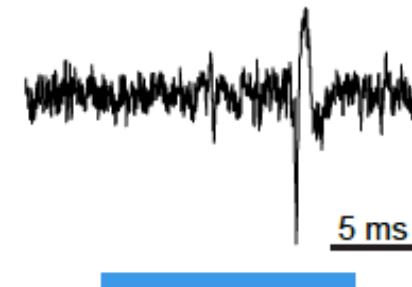
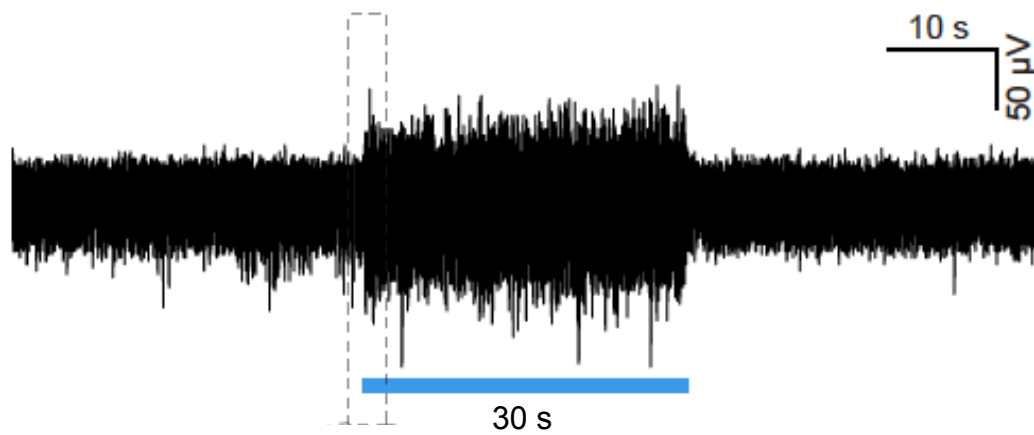
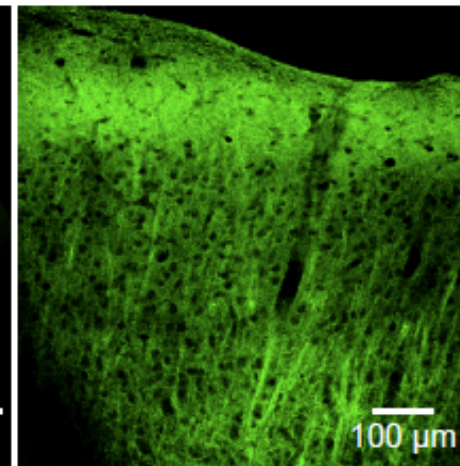
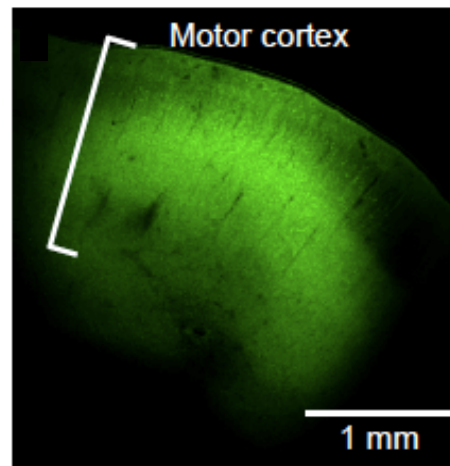
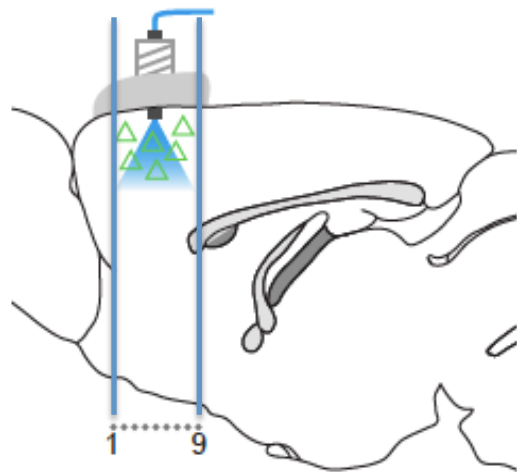


Virus: AAV5-CaMKII α ::ChR2-EYFP

Lee et al., Nature 2010

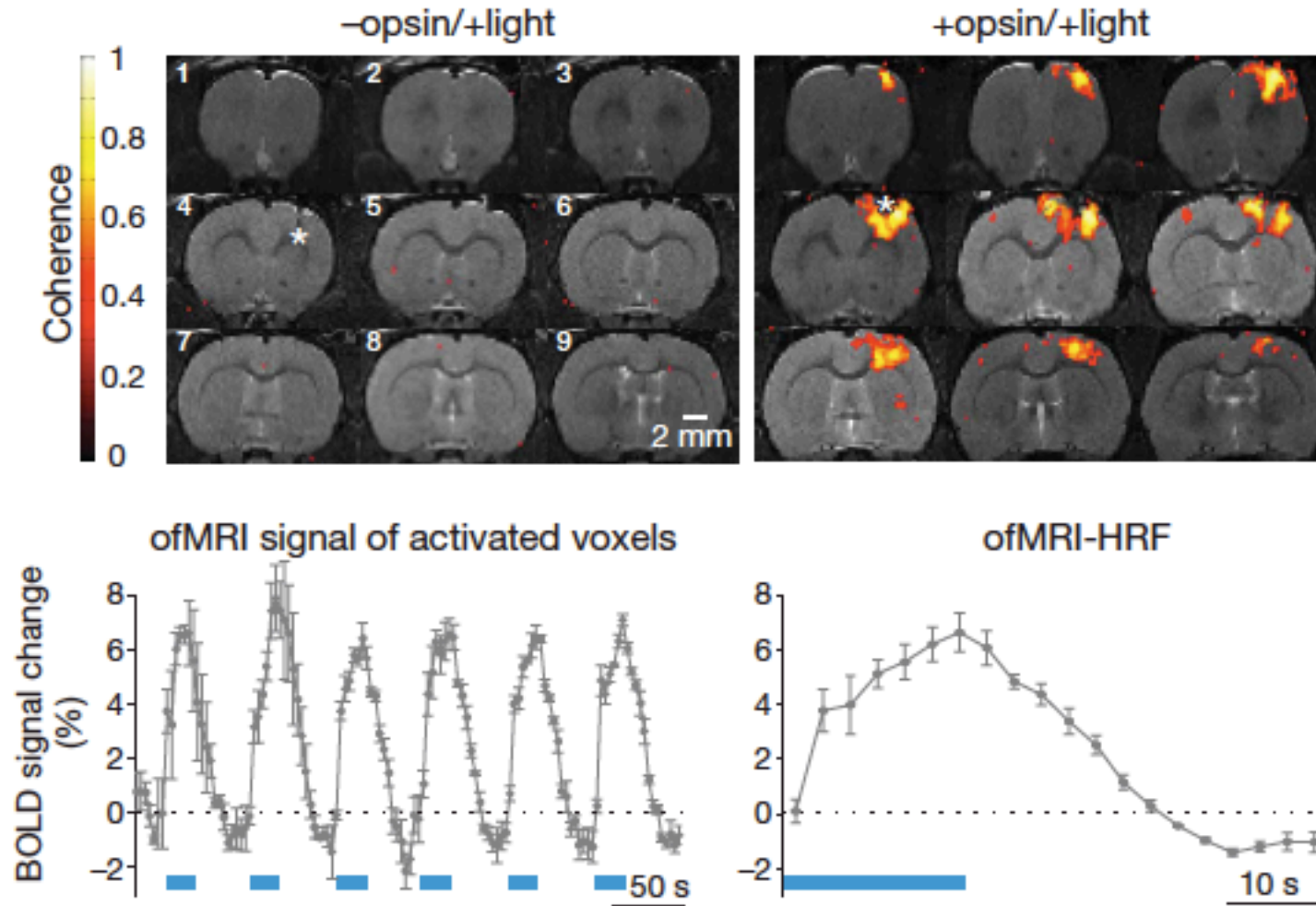
Excitatory Neurons in Motor Cortex are Triggered with Blue Light

AAV5-CaMKII α ::ChR2-EYFP



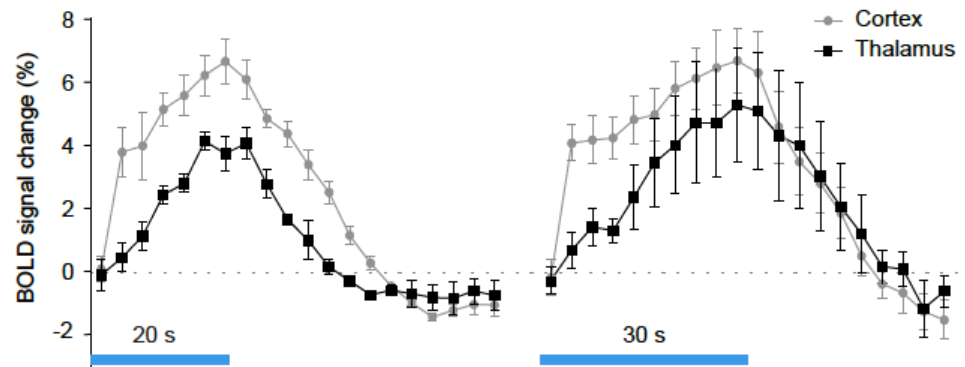
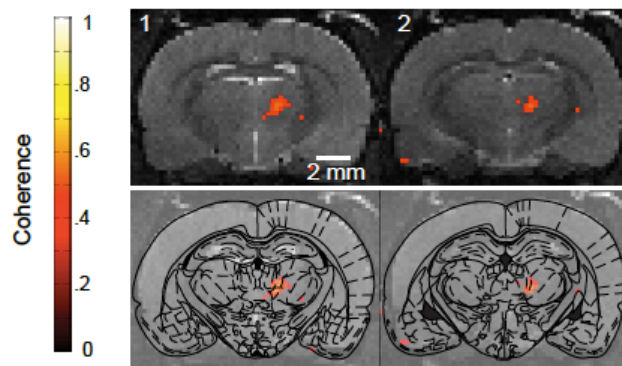
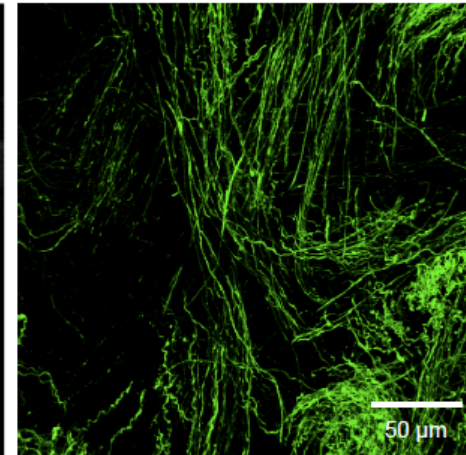
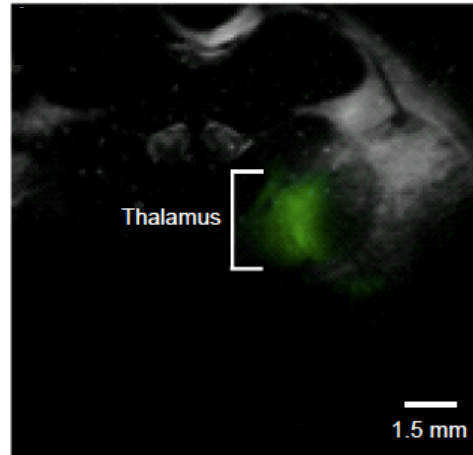
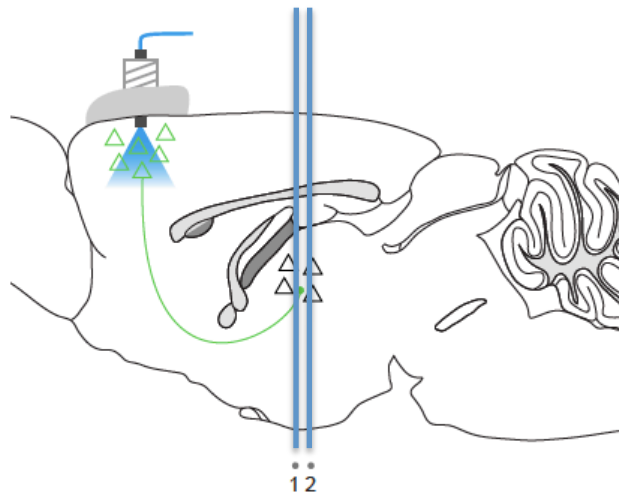
Lee et al., Nature 2010

ofMRI: Excitatory Neuron Triggering Leads to Robust BOLD signal with Classical Dynamics



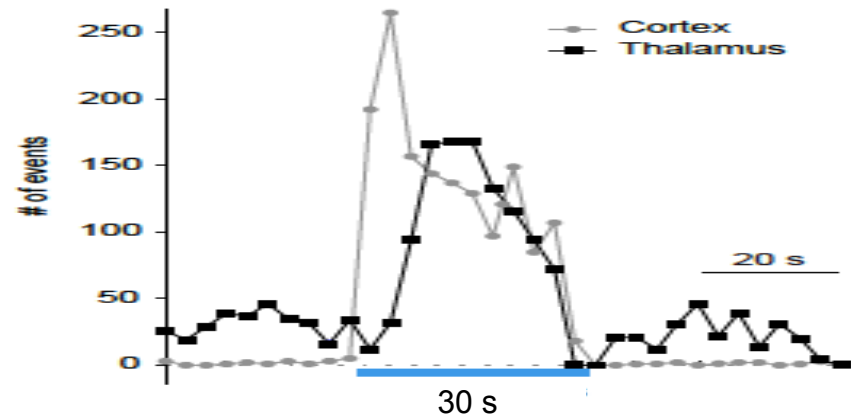
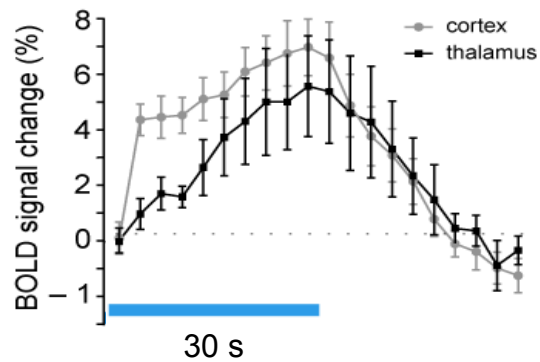
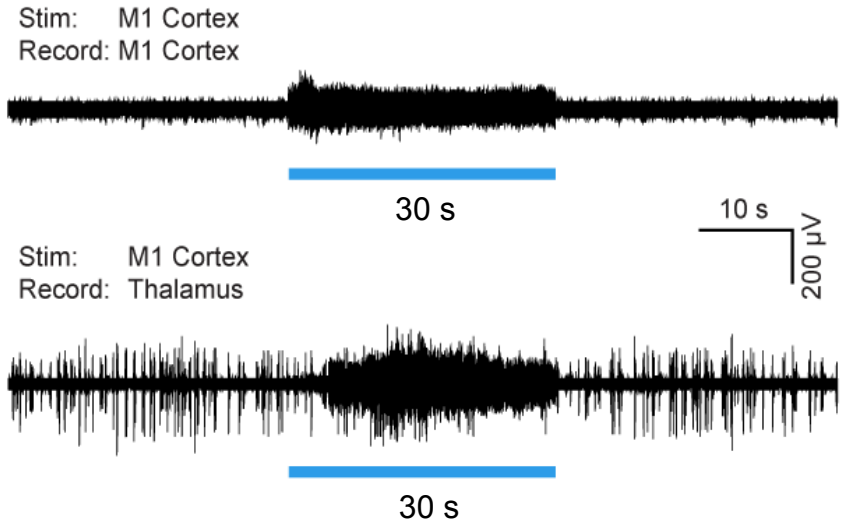
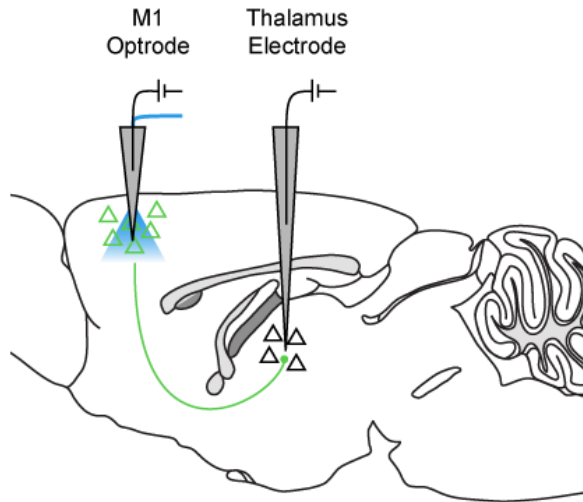
Lee et al., Nature 2010

ofMRI Triggers Distal BOLD Response with Distinct Temporal Dynamics



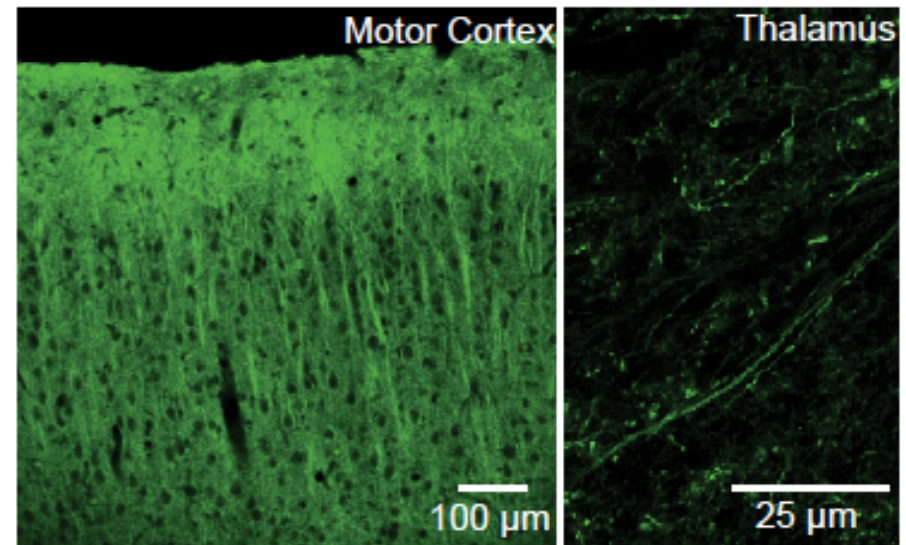
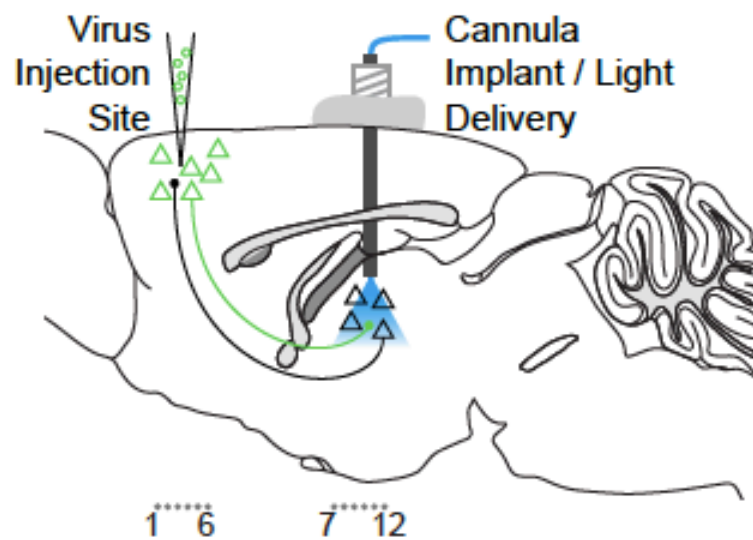
Lee et al., Nature 2010

ofMRI HRF shows Close Correlation with Electrophysiology



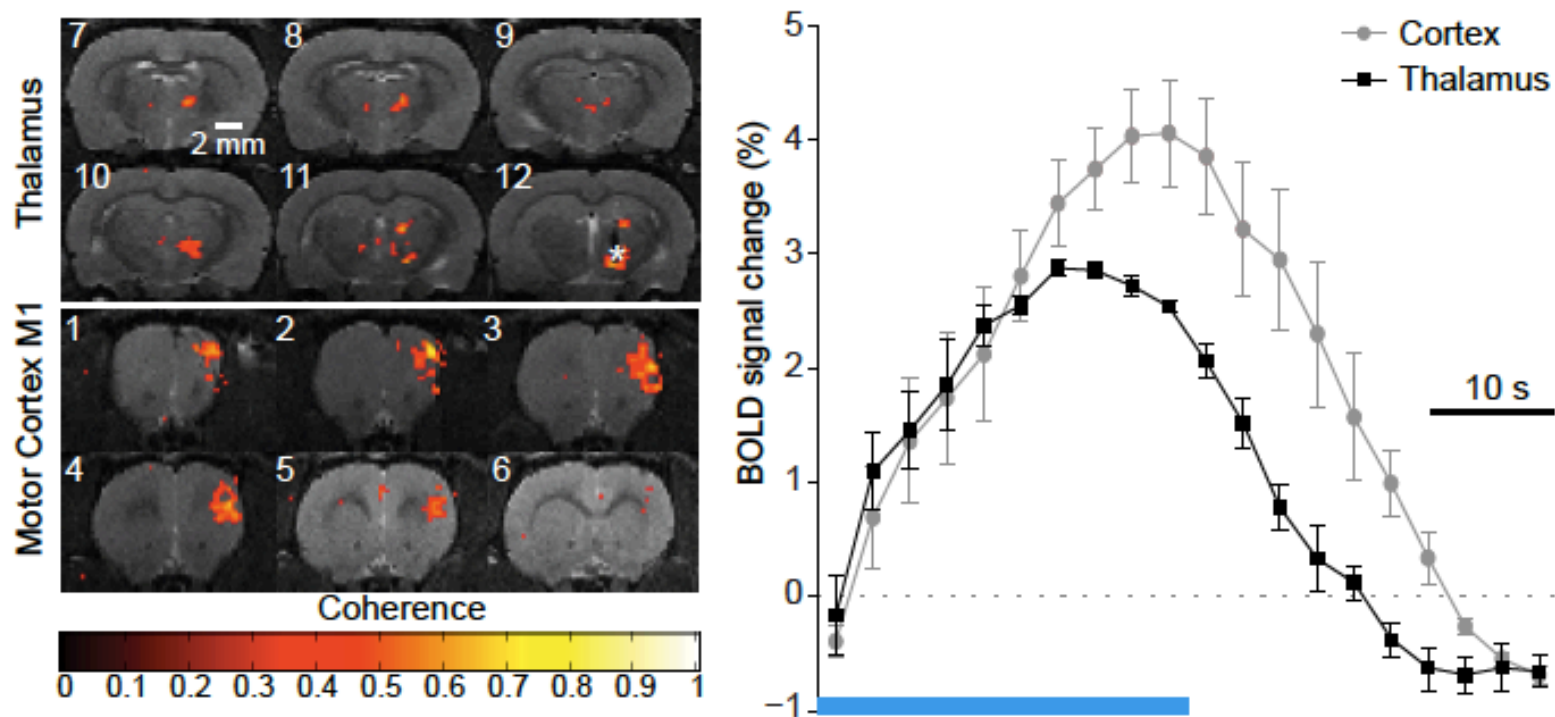
Lee et al., Nature 2010

Injection in Motor Cortex, Stimulation of Axonal Fibers in Thalamus



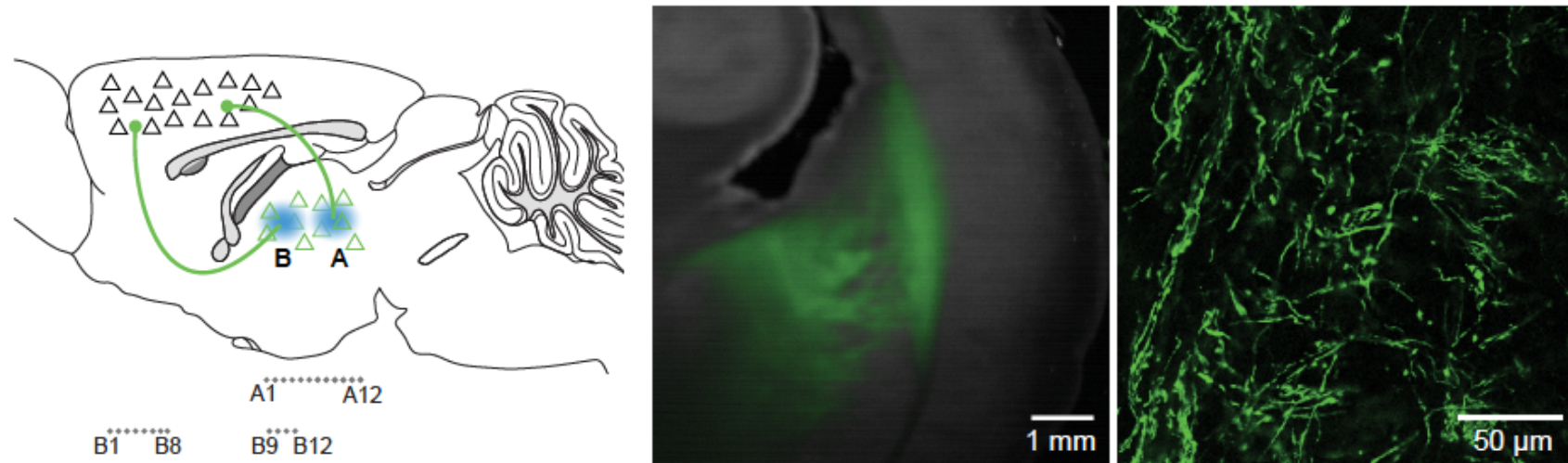
Lee et al., Nature 2010

Stimulation of Axonal Fibers Projecting from Motor Cortex To Thalamus Yields Robust Local and Distal BOLD



Lee et al., Nature 2010

Thalamo-Cortical Circuit



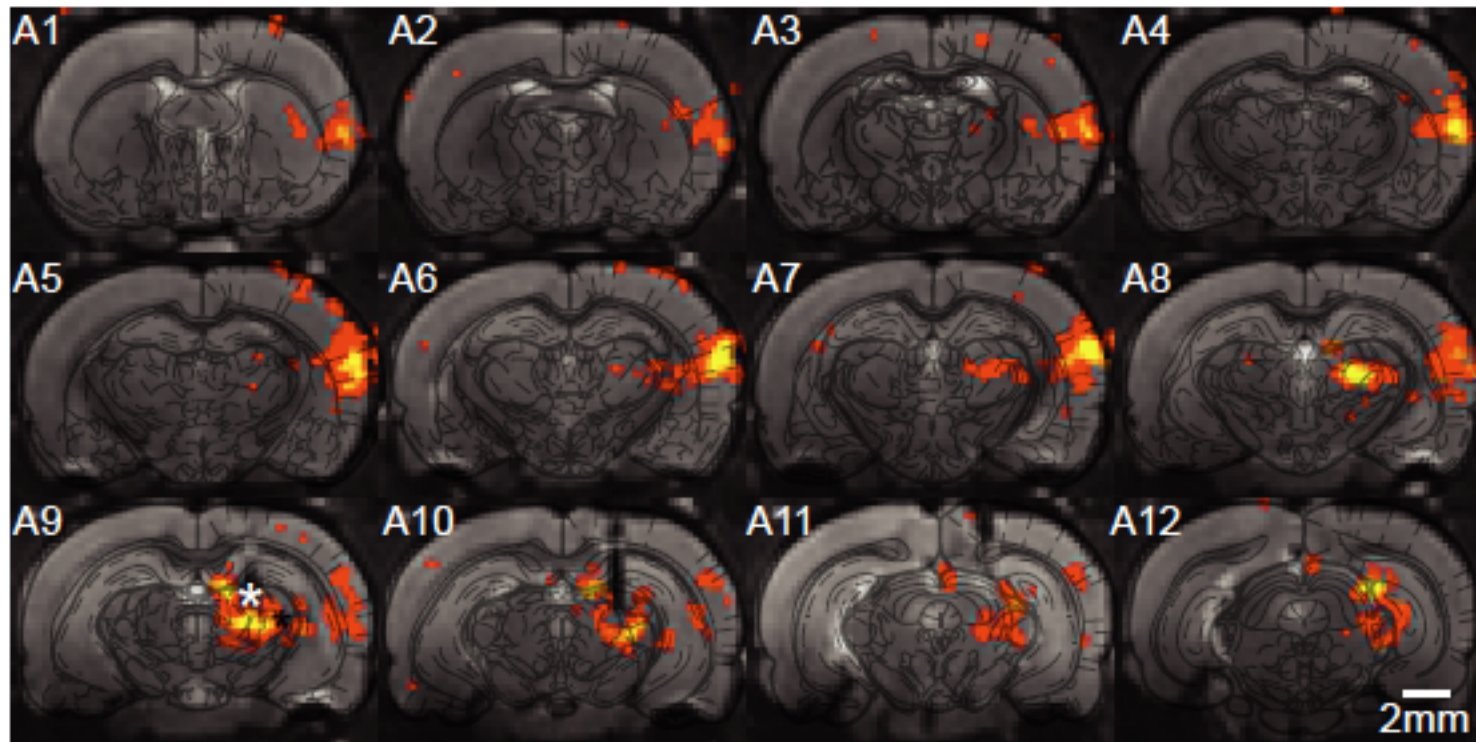
Stimulation of Excitatory Neurons in Thalamus

- **A**: Unilateral Thalamo-Sensory Cortex Connection
- **B**: Bilateral Thalamo-Motor Cortex Connection

Lee et al., Nature 2010

Posterior Thalamic Nuclei Stimulation

Unilateral Sensory Cortex Activity

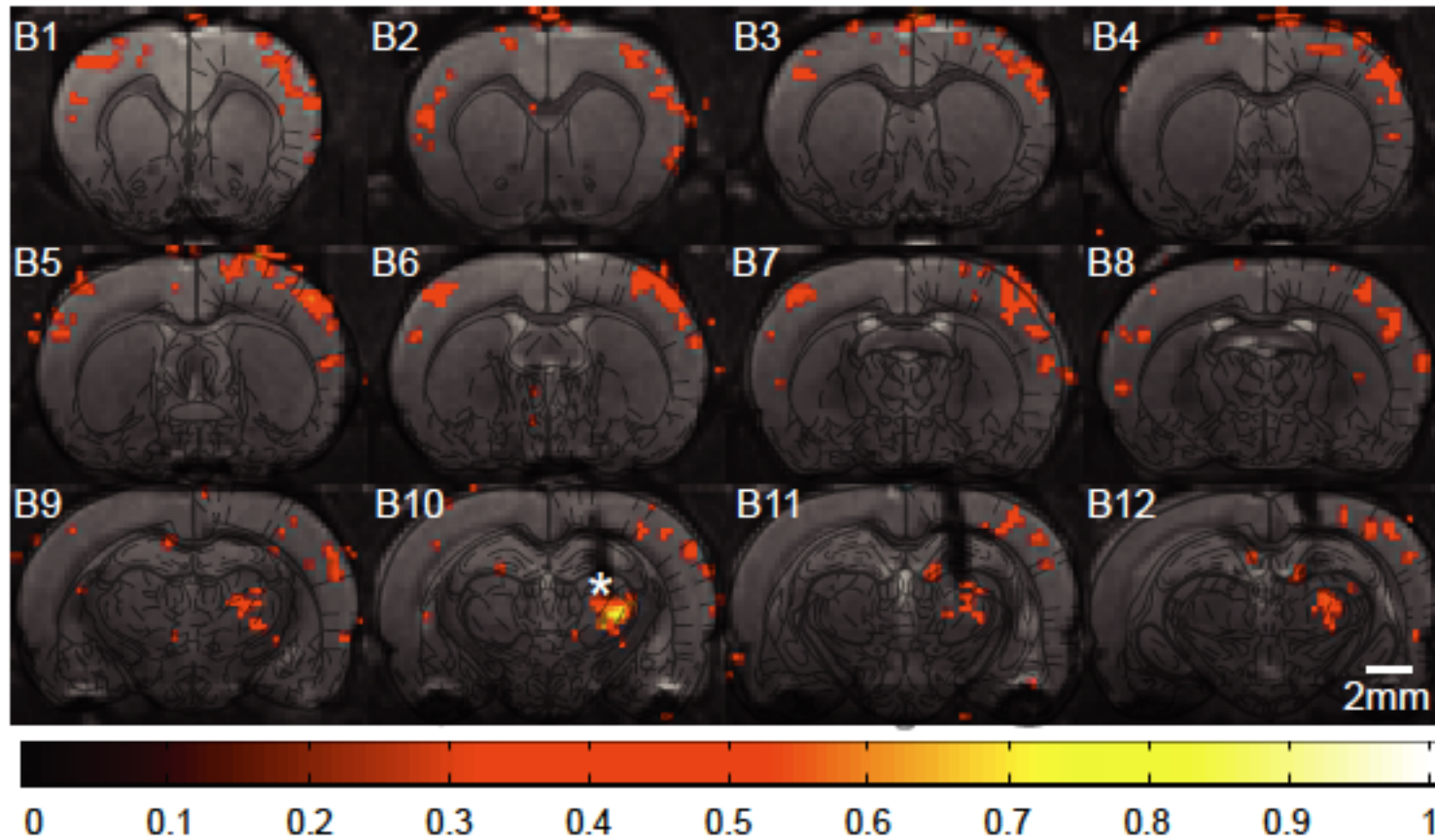


In slice experiment: Cruikshank et al., Neuron 2010

Lee et al., Nature 2010

Anterior Thalamic Nuclei Stimulation

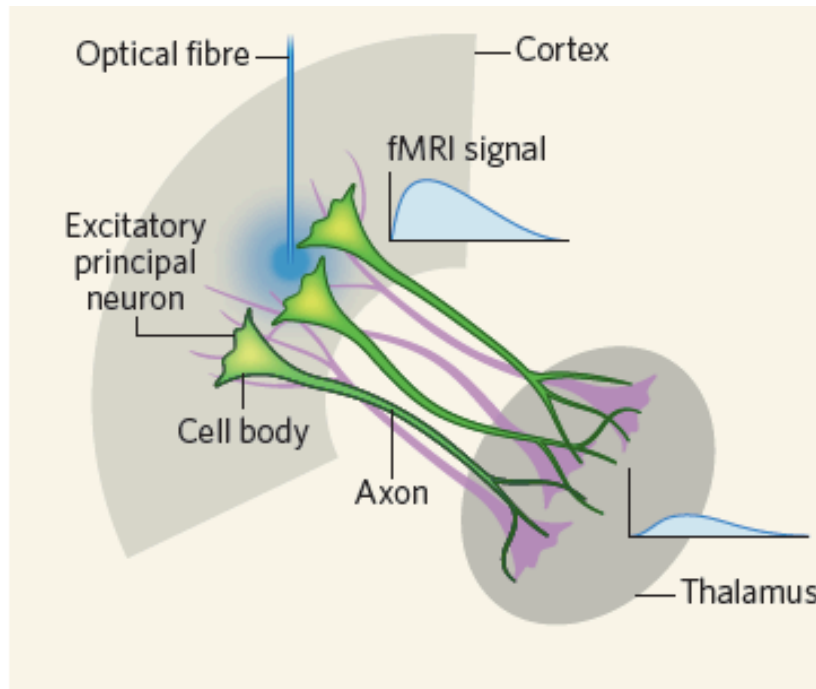
Bilateral Motor Cortex Activity



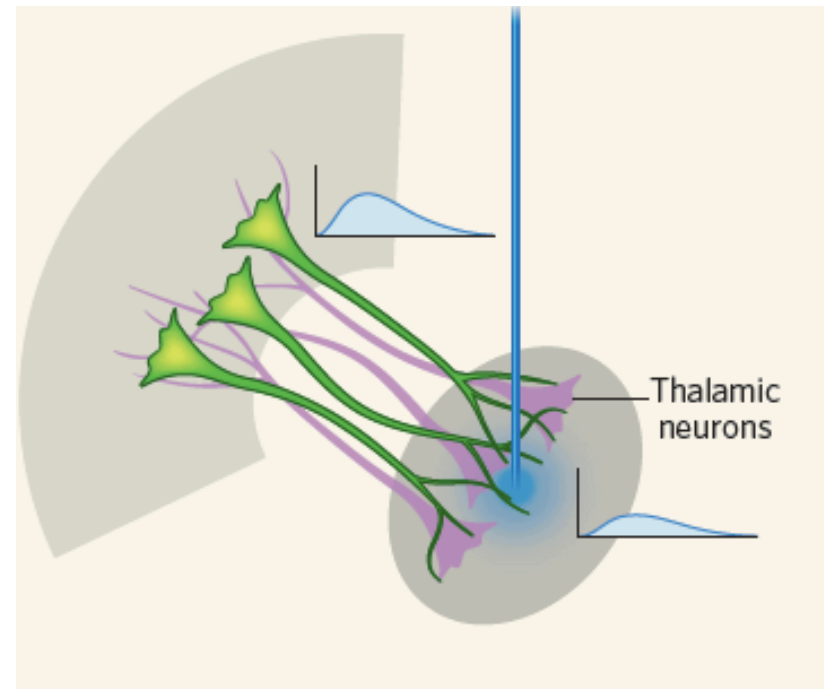
Lee et al., Nature 2010

In Vivo Brain Circuit Analysis and Debugging with fMRI

Cell Body Location,
Genetic identity



Cell Body Location, Genetic identity,
Axonal Projection Target



Leopold, Nature News and Views 2010

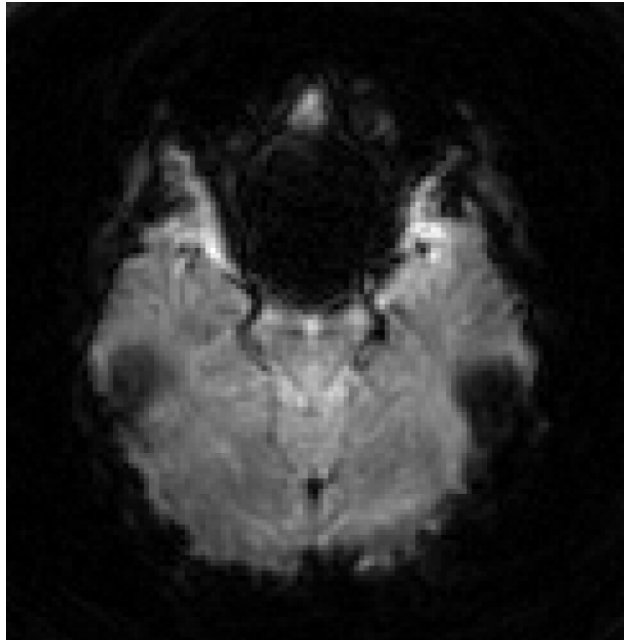


BOLD fMRI Limitations

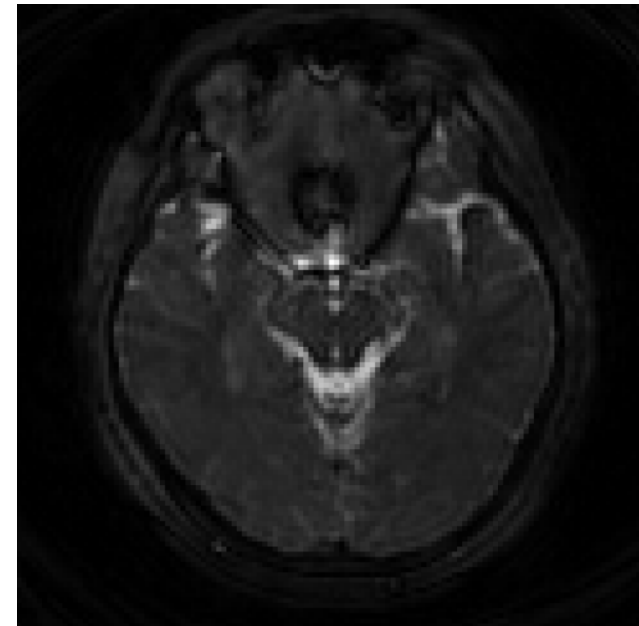
- **Ambiguity of Signal Source**
 - Sensory stimulation: complicated activation pathway, difficult to tell which element triggered the signal.
 - Resting State: correlation, non-causal
 - Solution: **Optogenetic fMRI**
- **Image Quality**
 - Large Distortions and Signal Dropout
 - Low spatial resolution
 - Solution: **Passband b-SSFP fMRI**

BOLD vs. Passband b-SSFP fMRI

Conventional BOLD



Passband b-SSFP

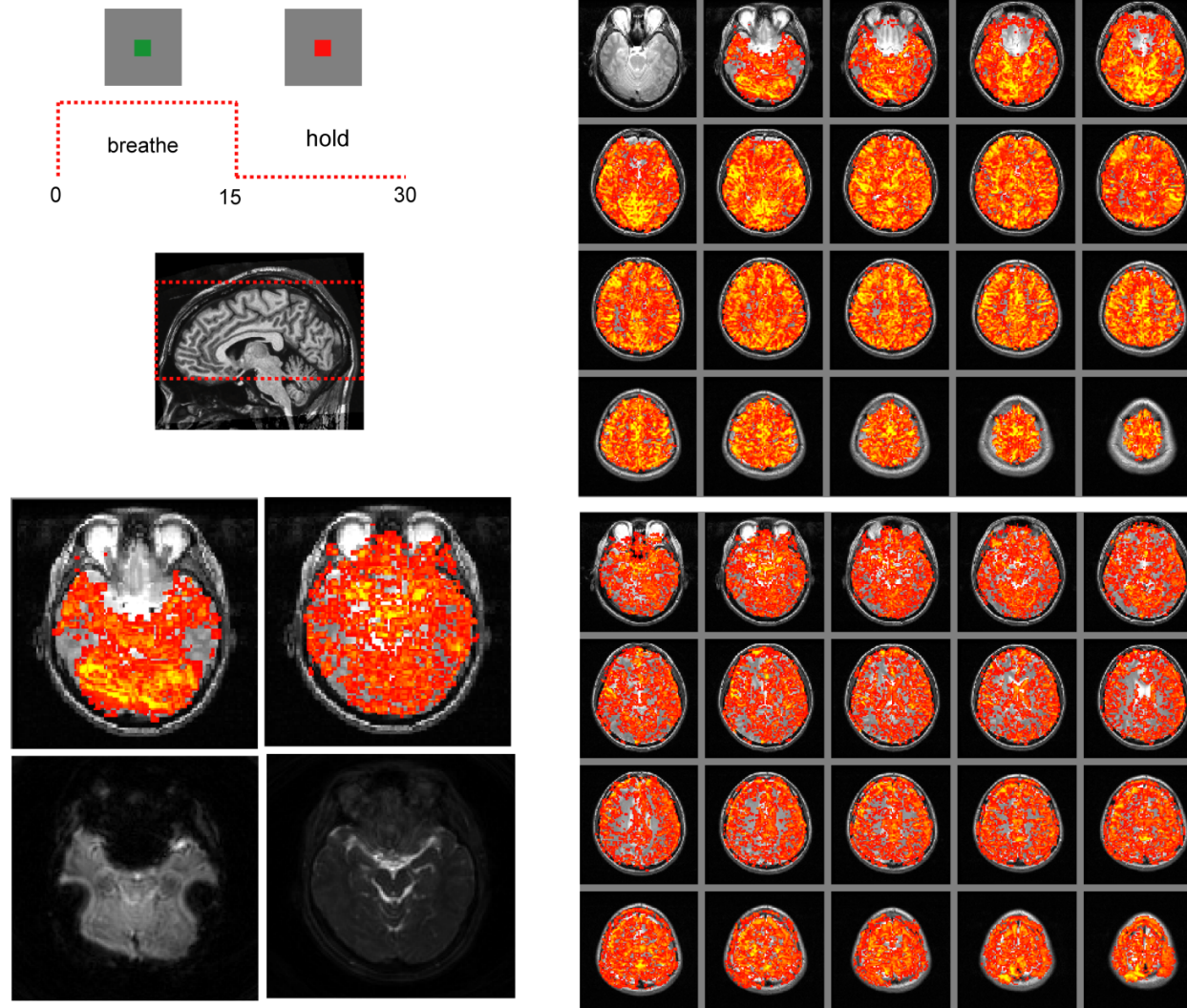


- reduced distortion and signal dropout
- better voxel definition (effectively higher resolution)

Lee et al., MRM 2008

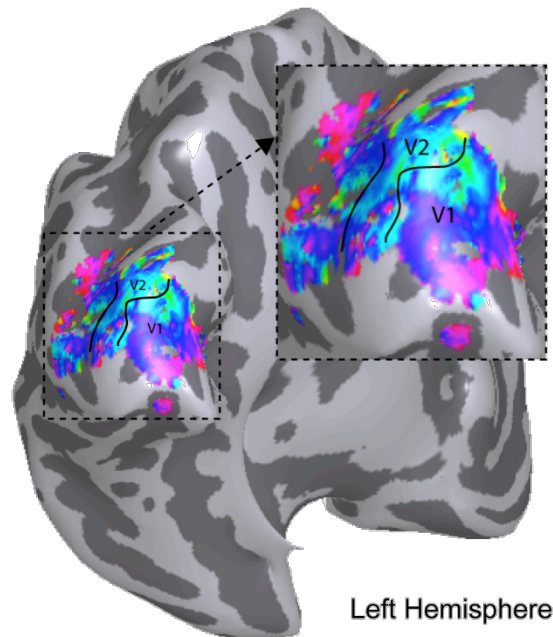
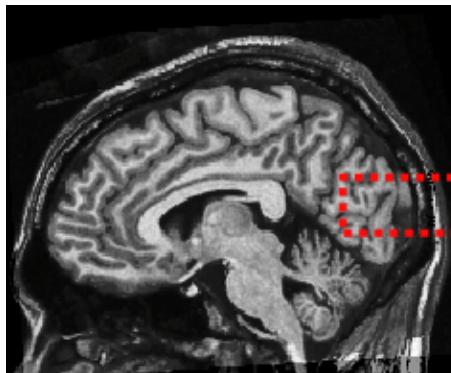
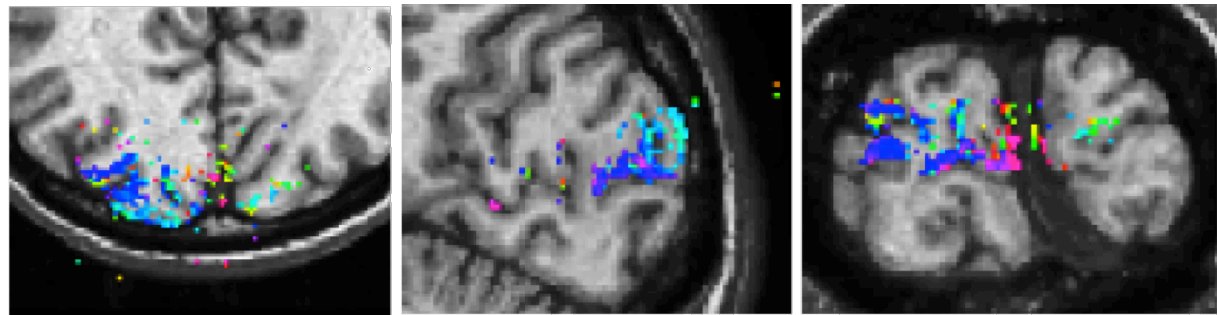
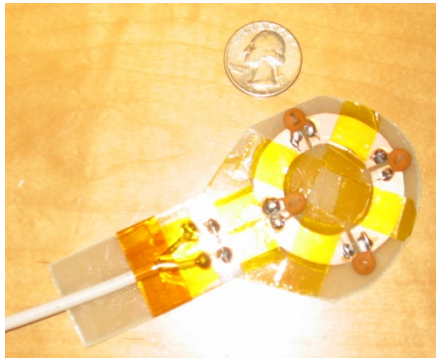
Lee, Int. J. of Imaging Systems Technology 2010

Distortion-Free Full Brain Coverage



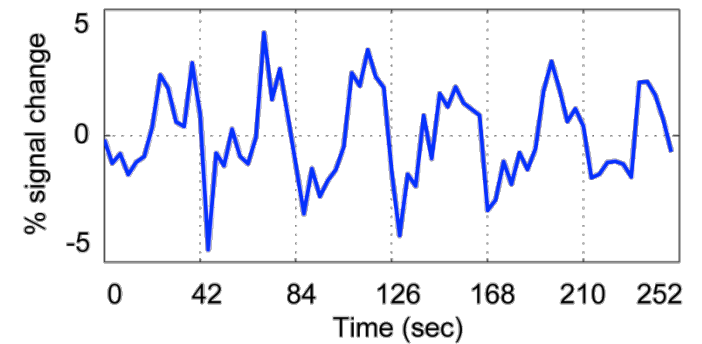
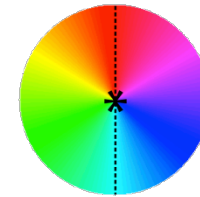
Lee et al.,
MRM 2008

Isotropic 1 mm Visual Field Map



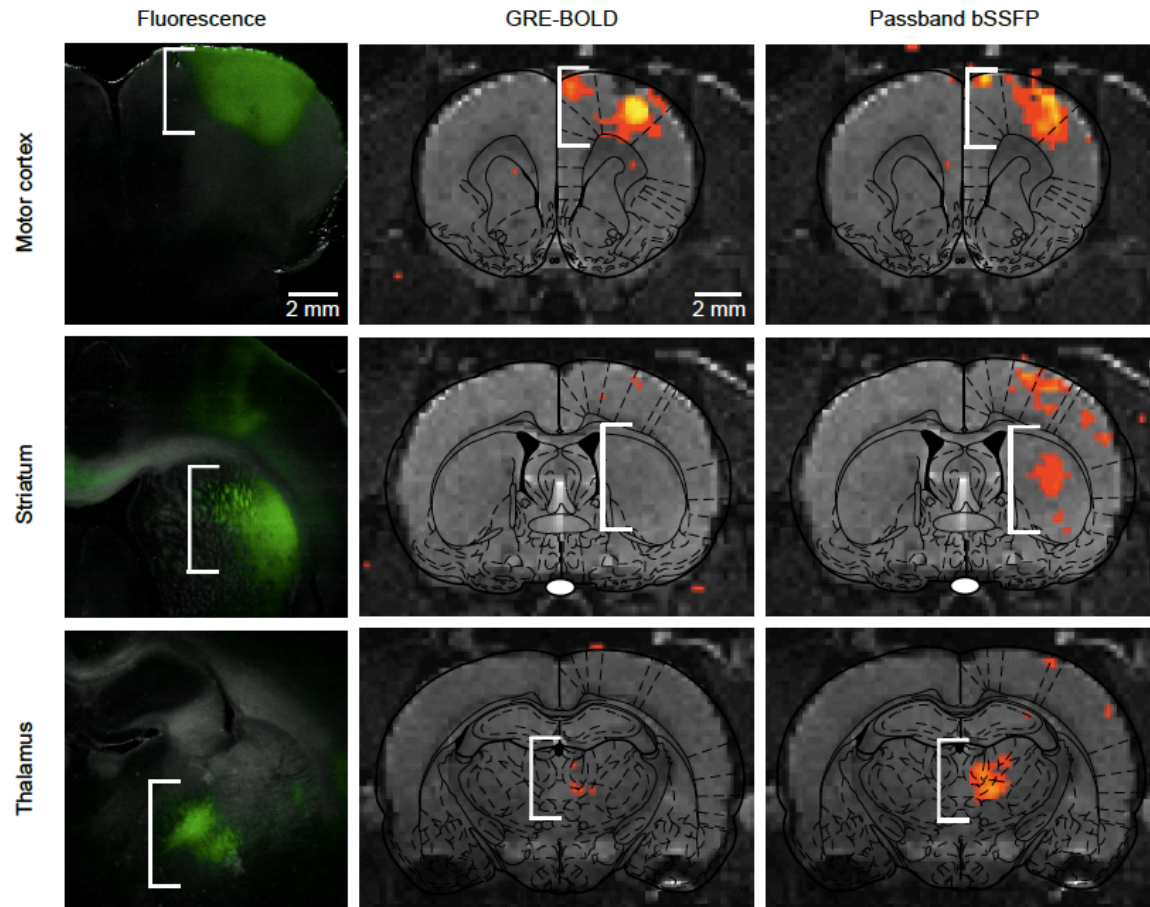
Left Visual Field

Right Visual Field



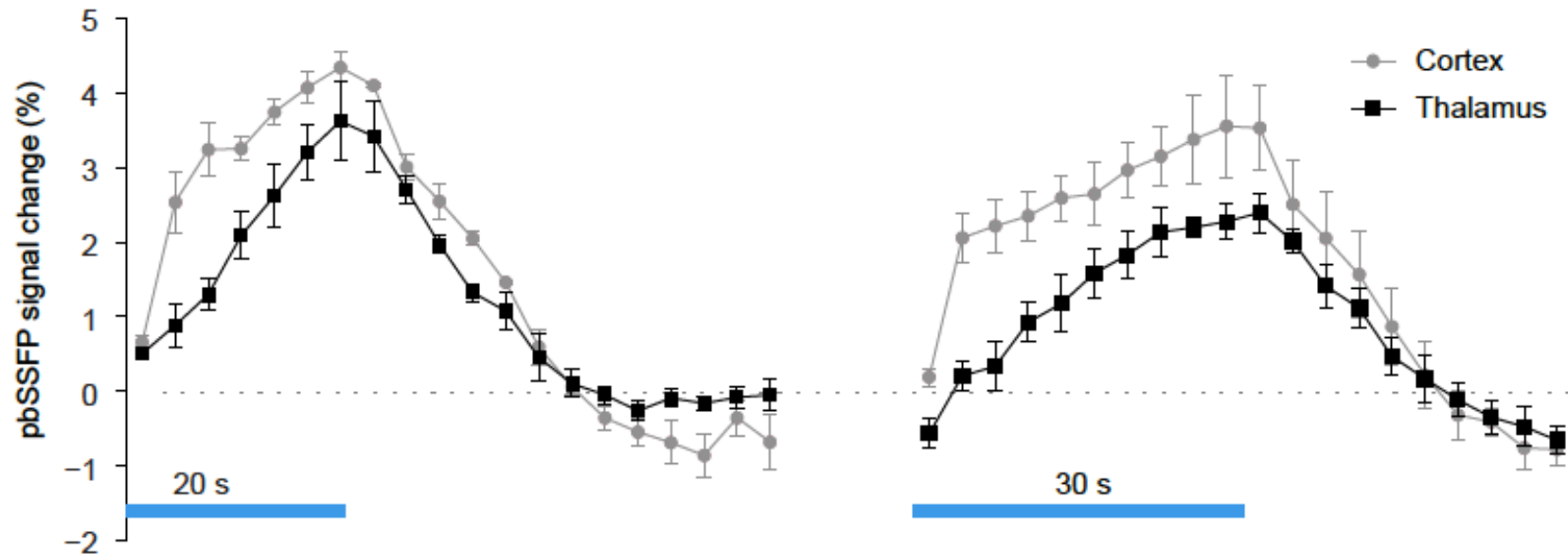
Lee et al., MRM 2008

Passband bSSFP of MRI allows more Accurate Monitoring of Global Activity



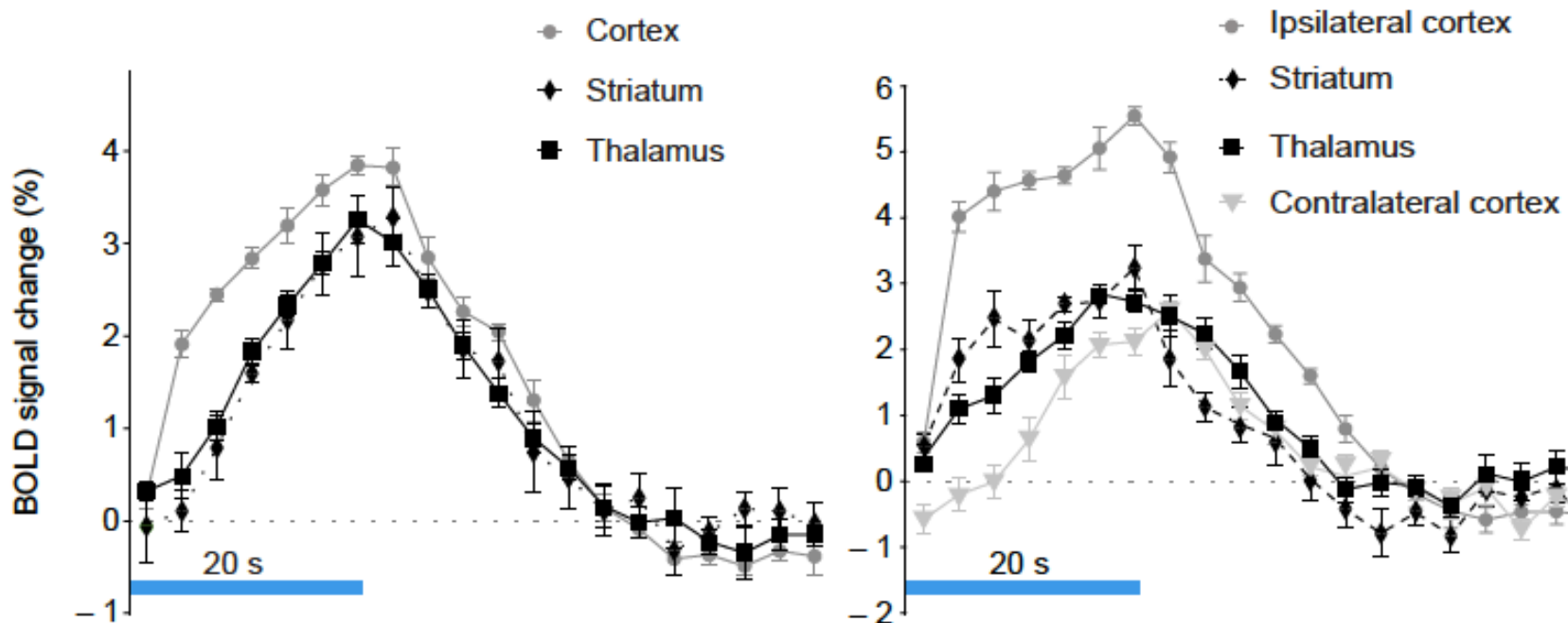
Lee et al., MRM 2008
Lee et al., Nature 2010

HRF of Passband bSSFP of MRI is Similar to Conventional BOLD



Lee et al., MRM 2008
Lee et al., Nature 2010

bSSFP of MRI allows Accurate Measurement in Individual Animals



Lee et al., MRM 2008
Lee et al., Nature 2010



Conclusion

- **Optogenetic fMRI (ofMRI)** provides a platform to visualize the brain circuit's causal network response from elements specified by genetic identity, cell body location, and axonal projection target. – Systematic **Brain Circuit Analysis and Debugging!**
- Improved **Passband b-SSFP fMRI** images are critical.
 - Small brain of rodents
 - Small target neural populations of interest



<http://www.ee.ucla.edu/~jhlgroup/index.html>

The banner features the Lee Lab logo on the left, which includes a stylized blue circular graphic and the text "Lee Lab". On the right, there is a grayscale image of a human head in profile, showing the brain and facial structure. Below the banner is a navigation menu with the following items: Prof. Jin Hyung Lee, Research, Publications, Media, Group Members, Resources, Open Positions, and Intranet.



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Assistant Professor

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- Department of Psychiatry and Bibehavioral Sciences
- Department of Radiology
- Inter-Departmental Program (IDP):
 - Biomedical Engineering (BME)/Bioengineering
 - Neuroscience
- Member:
 - Brain Research Institute (BRI)
 - Center for Nano Systems Institute (CNSI)

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