

Flemish-born Calvinist Minister, geographer, astronomer, cartographer (1552-1622).

Took the initiative for the first Dutch "Schipvaert" to the Indies 1595-1597, led by Captains Frederick de Houtman and Dirk Janszoon Keijzer.

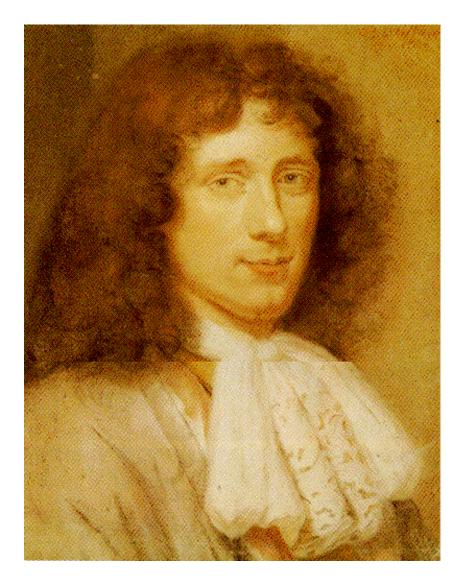


Before departing to the Indies (1595) the sailors were carefully instructed by Plancius in geography and astronomical observing techniques

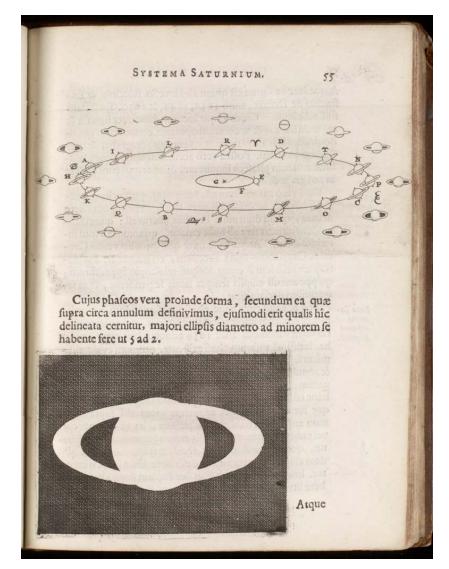
Oldest surviving celestial globe, 1600, by Jodocus Hondius (1563-1612), showing the 12 new constellations, introduced by Plancius, on the basis of the precise measurements of the positions of 136 out of the 150 Southern stars brighther than 5th magnitude by Frederick de Houtman and Dirk Janszoon Keyzer, 1595-1597, (Amsterdam, Maritime Museum).



Some of the new constellations had "maritime" names, such as: Vela (the sail), Octans, Triangulum Australis, others animal names: Apis (the Bee), Chamelion, Camelopardus, Pavo (Peacock).



Christiaan Huygens (1629-1695) In 1672 first president Academie Française



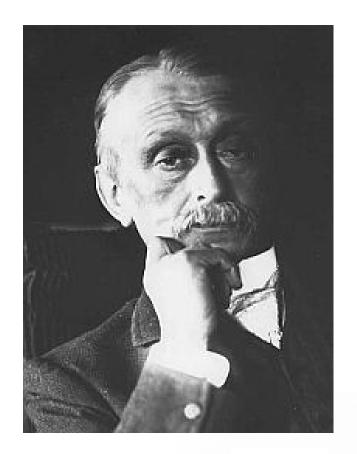
1656: Discovered Saturn's rings and its moon Titan1659: discovered formula for centrifugal(-petal) acceleration





Lorentz (1853-1928) and van der Waals (1837-1923) were appointed in Leiden (1878) and Amsterdam (1877), respectively, as a result of the new university law of 1876, which was aimed at promoting education in the sciences.

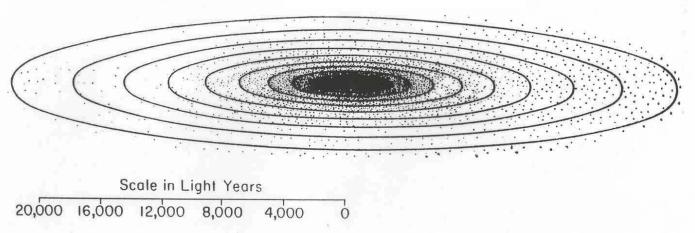
Lorentz would later play an important role in getting de Sitter appointed as director of Leiden Observatory in 1918.

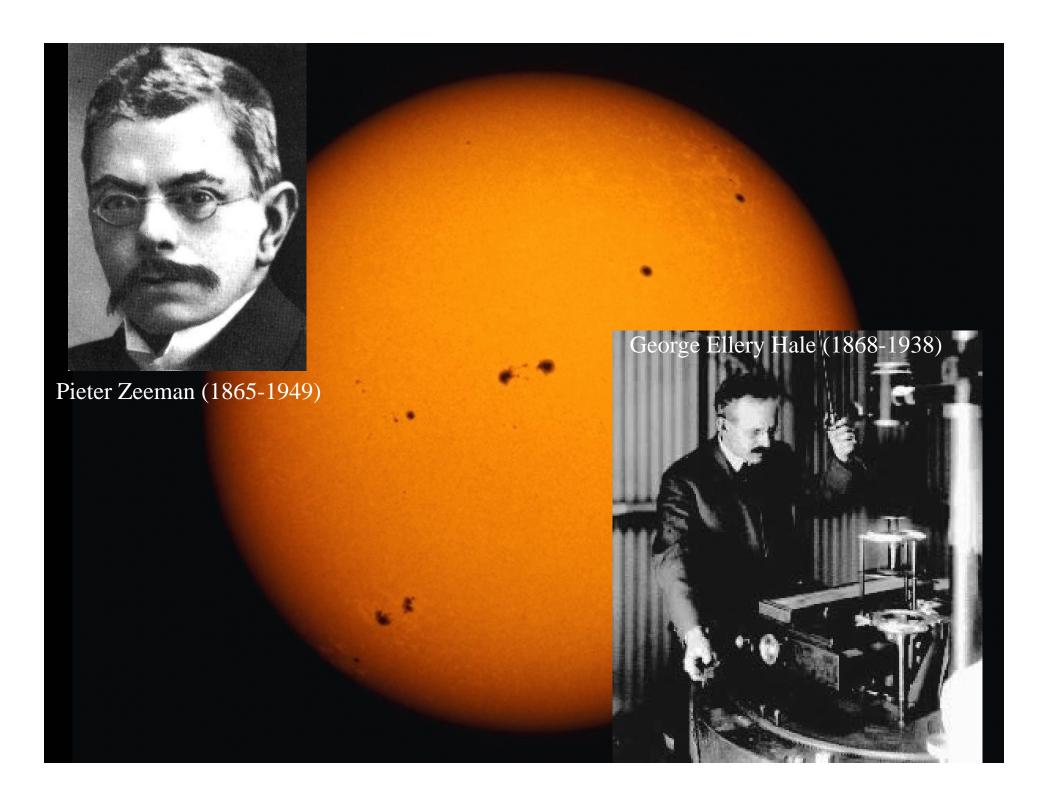


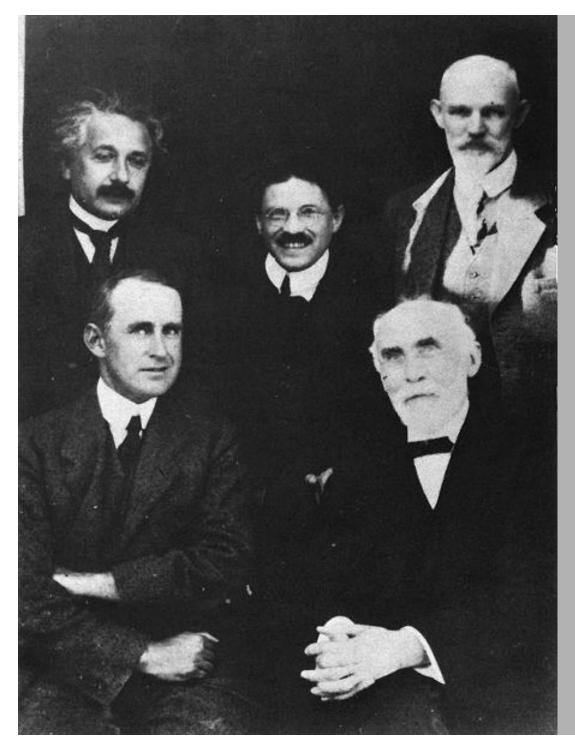
The "father" of statistical and galactic astronomy, appointed as professor of astronomy in Groningen in 1878.

Measured the positions of almost 500 000 southern stars down to magnitude 9.5 with accuracy 1-2". Remeasurement at a second Epoche produced an enormous data base for proper motions from which he derived statistical distances of stellar groups and discovered his two "star streams".

J.C. Kapteyn (1851-1921) The Kapteyn Universe. (1920)







Five friends in Leiden in 1923

Einstein, Ehrenfest, de Sitter, Eddington and Lorentz.

Leeber De Litter!

Hoffentlich bekommt Thuren die Rulee dorb recht que, sodass Lie bald wieder an Ordening sand. Mir geht is erbeblich besser, dank guter Pflege. Unserer Meinnings - Vir - schiedenheat, die jee sognoagen min sine Differenz des Glambens ist, dürfen war wiede allgrosel Zert widenen, du deese welet frucht bar angewendet weire. Win rollen de Moy-lichbesten sehen, ohne zu winschen. Selbstwestetstellich kommen he mein tormelinung zobieren, voransgesetzt, dass meine Redekton videt zu verschmonnele und ungenan war. Dies könne In jee zelbst beurteilen.

Vie Bemerkung siber die von Humes des Betweets gezogene Manninfaltigbreat

d 12 = Edx

womash das singulare Verhalten im Enellichen nur ein schedubares, durch die Roordinstemmable verurstachtes, woire, habe ich mode micht begriffen. Abes hieniber werde ich durch Threnene Abhandlung aufgekleist werden.

Relutivite topostulat yestattet das Infryung des Glades Agus in den teldgleschnungen. Es



O ward would dock commel more thetaids. I lich Remoter's own der Konstitution des

tiestern- Himmels, von der schwinderen Thevegungen der tir. Iterne und von der Leege
der Grektrullinien in truktion des Abstundes
von ums 20 west sein, dess der trage, obil verschwindet, oder uselet, enightetsen
word entschieden werden Können. Überzengung ist eine guto Triebfeder, aber eder
schlechter Richten!

Haylsche yrisse von Threm.

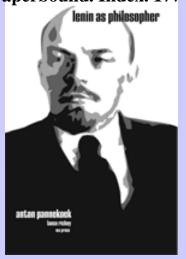


E.Hertzsprung (1873-1967)



A.Pannekoek (1873-1960): de Sitter's "problem": Astronomer and Marxist

31. Anton Pannekoek. *Lenin as Philosopher: A Critical Examination of the Philosophical Basis of Leninism*. Revised Edition. Edited, annotated, and with an Introduction by Lance Byron Richey. ISBN 0-87462-654-4. ©2003. Paperbound. Index. 177 Pp. \$20



First published in 1938 by a leader of the Council Communism movement, Anton Pannekoek's Lenin as philosopher offers a classic left-wing interpretation and critique of Lenin'sphilosophical accomplishment and its relationship to the development of Leninism as perhaps the dominant political theory of the twentieth century. Providing a detailed discussion of the philosophical background to the Machist controversy which occasioned Lenin's Materialism and Empirio criticism, Pannekoek's study still stands as one of the most forceful and politically astute discussions of the topic available. Published here for the first time in an annotated and scholarly edition, this masterpiece of Marxist criticism is accompanied by a lengthy new introduction expanding and assessing Pannekoek's discussion and arguing for the continuing relevance of Lenin's thought for Marxism in the new millennium.

PLATE V



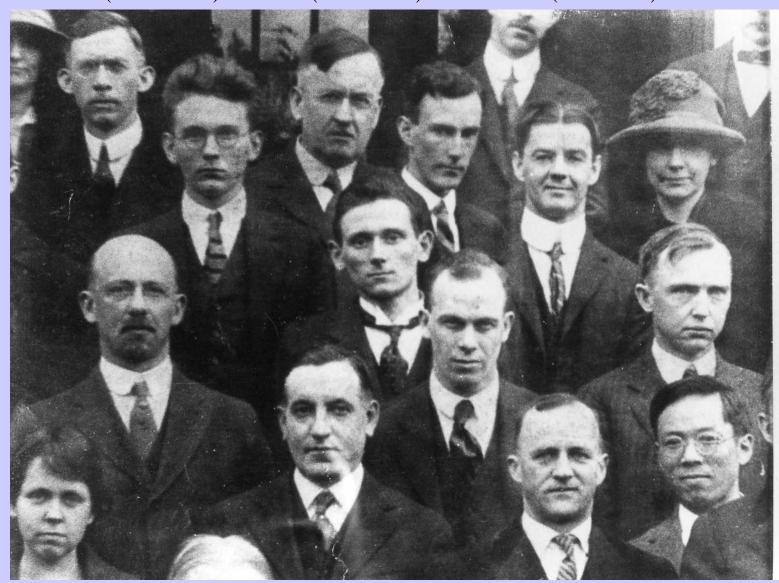
THIRTY-FIRST MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY, VASSAR COLLEGE, DECEMBER 27, 1923.

Luyten(24jr), van de Kamp(22) and Oort(23)

(1899 - 1994)

(1901-1995)

(1900-1992)



Shapley, (1885-1972)



Bart Bok (Harvard), Oort (Leiden) and vd Kamp (Swarthmore College) at opening of Mac Donald Observatory, Texas, in 1939.



M.Minnaert (1893-1970), Van Hulst's Utrecht thesis advisor, was in concentration camp 1942-1944



Van de Hulst (1918-2000) and Oort in the sixties.

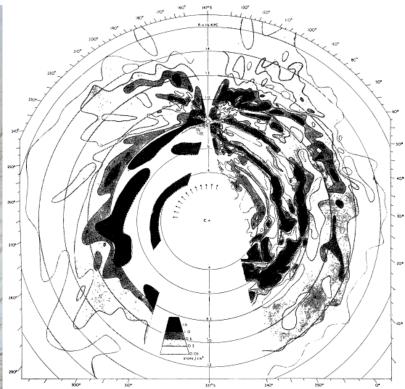
In 1944 v.d. Hulst predicted the HI 21-cm line



Wurzburg "Riese" Radar Antenna, 7.5 m diameter (3.75 MHz, 80 km range, 0.2 degrees resolution; for Flak). Used for for first detection of HI, 21 cm line (1951) and first mapping (1953/4) of the spiral arms of the galaxy.

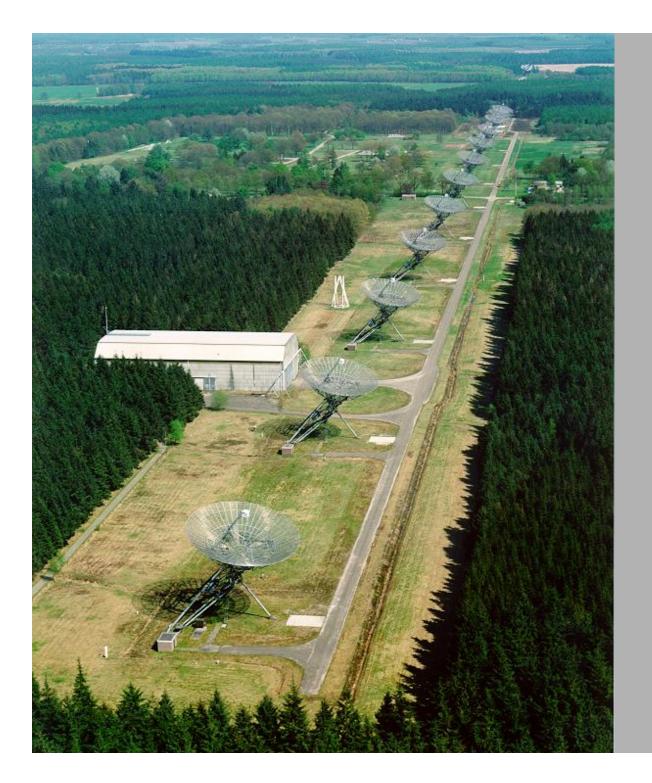
Detection in 1951 independently by Ewen and Purcell (Harvard), Kerr (Sidney) and Muller, Oort and van de Hulst (Netherlands).

Westerhout (r), director of US Naval Obs. with J. Weber and L.-H. Laster



21cm hydrogen map of the Galaxy (Oort, Kerr and Westerhout, 1958)





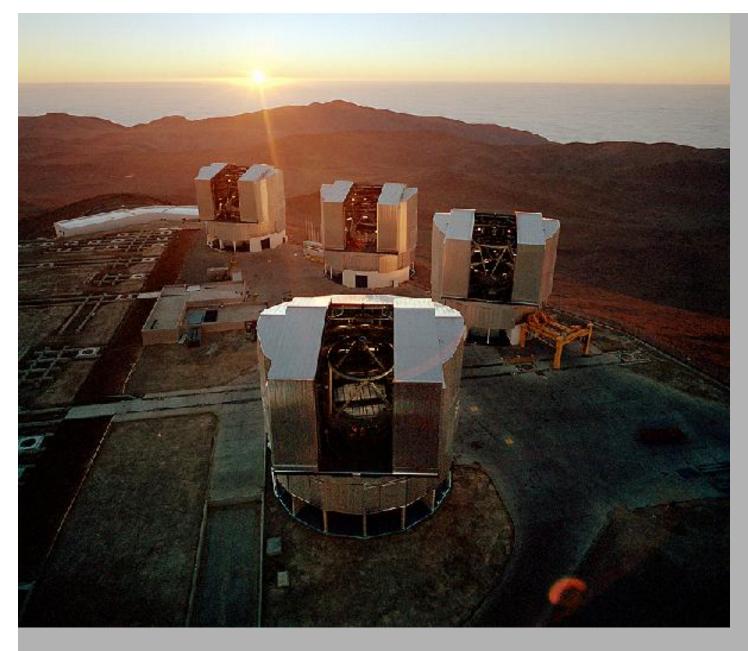
Westerbork Synthesis
Radio Telescope (1970)
["Oort's Dream"],
for 10 years the world's
largest radio telescope.
Produced two directors
of the Very Large Array
(Ron Ekers and
Miller Goss).







A.Blaauw (born 1914) and L.Woltjer (born 1930) were the second and 3rd Directors General of the European Southern Observatory (1970-1975 and 1975-1988, respectively). Woltjer took the initiative to build the Very Large Telescope and expanded ESO's membership with Switzerland and Italy. Van der Laan and Giacconi completed its design and construction.



Oort's Second dream:

The ESO (Chile)

The Very Large Telescope: four 8.2 m telescopes



Gerard Pieter Kuiper 1905-1973



1944, discovered CH₄ atm. of Titan (5150 km), pressure 1 bar

