

Mean Field MHD of (Magnetized Circumstellar) Accretion Disks

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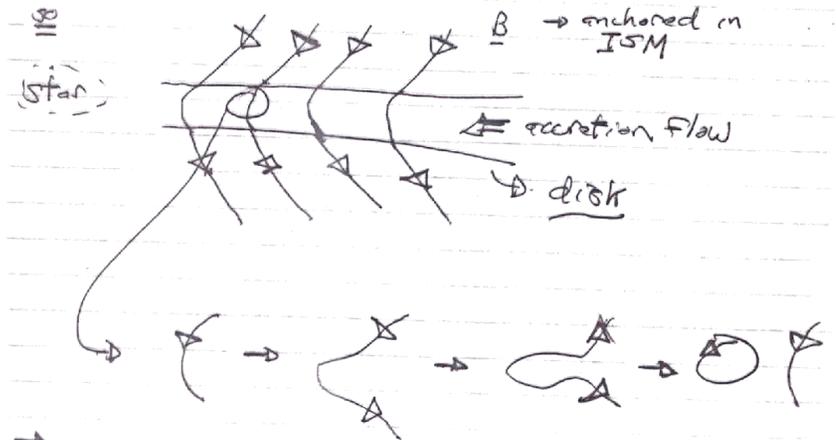
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Good News: $\alpha = \alpha_{SS}$ only.

Bad News: \mathcal{Q} has 2 meanings $\Rightarrow \mathcal{M}_T$

⊙ The Point:

- YSO's accumulate mass from cloud cores, via disk accretion
- ISM B-fields dragged along



- physical accretion scenario requires slip of fluid and field

∴ reconnection, \mathcal{M}_T required

- steady accretion $\Rightarrow v_T, \mathcal{M}_T$ relation

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② → steady Accretion - Microscopic
 (c.f.; Lubow et al. '94)
 - 1D, local transport
 $r \sum u = -\dot{M}/2\pi$ ($r = \bar{\omega}$)

$$\dot{M} r^2 \Omega = -2\pi r^3 \sum v_r (d\ell/dr)$$

$$B_z u = -B_z \frac{\dot{M}}{2\pi r \Sigma} = -\eta_T \frac{B_r^+}{z_0}$$

where:

$$\rightarrow B_r^+ = \int_0^{\infty} k_0 (R/r) B_z(R, t) \frac{R dR}{r^2}$$

$$\eta_T \partial B_r / \partial z \rightarrow \eta B_r^+ / z_0 \quad k_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \oint \frac{(1 - \epsilon \cos \theta)^2}{(1 + \epsilon^2 - 2\epsilon \cos \theta)}$$

→ deviation from Kepler retained
 (magnetic stress, self-gravity)

so ...

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→ Typically:

$$\eta_T / v_T \sim z_0 / r \ll 1$$

- why? ⇒ $v_T \rightarrow$ radial transport

$\eta_T \rightarrow$ vertical diffusion of \underline{B}
 (cond. ambipolar)

which begs the question:

- how?

$$\rightarrow \text{likely } \begin{cases} \eta_T / v_T = F(P_m) \\ < 1 \text{ for } P_m < 1 \end{cases}$$

but

→ dynamics intrinsically prefer
 $\eta_T / v_T = z_0 / r$

→ more generally, why should microphysics conform to macroscopic constraint?
 ⇔ stationarity

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③ Estimating v_T a/a' Pr and f

- For MRI, magnetic stress dominant

⇒ seek $\langle B_r B_\theta \rangle / 4\pi$

- have: $B_\theta \overset{\text{element velocity}}{\sim} \Omega r \sim B_r \overset{\text{mixing length}}{\sim} r \frac{d\Omega}{dr}$

$d\Omega \sim \Omega dr$ (assumed)

form factor

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\langle B_r B_\theta \rangle}{4\pi} \sim \sqrt{f} \frac{(B_r^+)^2}{2\pi} \frac{r}{\Omega} \frac{d\Omega}{dr} z_0$$

$$v_T \sim \sqrt{f} \frac{(B_r^+)^2 z_0}{2\pi \Sigma \Omega}$$

vertical field

$$\sim v = \frac{D B_z^2 z_0}{2\pi \Sigma \Omega}$$

↑ complicated

$(\alpha_{ss} \sim 1/\beta)$

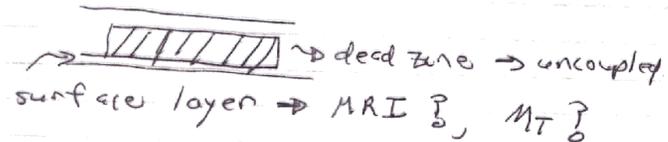
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④ Discussion Issues

→ What can be said re: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Pi, v_T \\ \mathcal{M}_T \end{array} \right.$
 from mean field theory, simulation }
 Exploit $Pr \ll 1$ }

→ Why should microscopics indicate macroscopic
 Is stationarity viable? }

→ Are high/low accretion states a
 manifestation of "layering" ?



→ What triggers high/low transitions ?

collisions
 coupled/uncoupled → E-fields → suprathermals
 slipping

→ coronization → }

6.

→ How might an MRI dynamo interact with ambient magnetization?