





Sohn et al. (2016) Green circles show stars in the Parallel Stream.



Weiss et al. (2018) Found Parallel Stream in density, and matched to Sohn. Identified a Perpendicular



that fit within the errors.





Duffau finds five moving groups in the Virgo region in RRL/BHB stars. Vivas et al (2016) finds 22 groups but only 6-10 of the groups are thought to be significant.

Duffau et al. (2014)



The rest of the talk is the work of undergraduate student Tom Donlon.

The paper is submitted and should be available on arXiv next week.



Add Gaia proper motions to Duffau groups

Groups are all from the same area on the sky. The more distant groups are more clustered in proper motion (as one would expect).

We identified stars within each group that were clustered in velocity. Group H was split into one tight group (yellow squares) and one group that looks more like group F.





Rot. Vel. (km s⁻¹)

The yellow squares are completely different in angular momentum than the stars in the other groups.

The groups represented with diamonds have similar (nearly zero) rotational velocity/Lz, and are therefore on highly radial orbits. These stars cover a range of energies.

If you remove the diamonds from the sample, there is no clustering on radial orbits.

There is possibly an excess at positive rotational velocities.



Orbit fits to stars in the Duffau groups are shown as magenta lines. N-body simulations along that orbit have $10^7 M_{\odot}$, 0.4 kpc scale length, and 2 Gyr evolution time. HAC is at (RA, dec) = (285°, 6°) and EriPhe is at (RA, dec) ~ (30°, -55°)

The Virgo Radial Merger





We sent a 10^9 M_{\odot} dwarf galaxy with a scale radius of 3 kpc along the Perpendicular Stream orbit, then selected only the bodies in the Virgo region of the sky, and plotted as magenta points. The squares show RRL/BHB stars from Vivas et al. (2016). The diamonds are the RRL in groups from Duffau et al. (2014). The red, black and green orbits are group D, the Perpendicular Stream, and the Parallel Stream. Note that the larger galaxy N-body does not follow the orbit fit to the debris well. The effect on the disk/GC is not included. The dG model is a Plummer sphere. But:

We can fit the range of distances and velocities of the groups and streams in the Virgo region with one dG.







Bodies from the Virgo Radial Merger simulation that are within 5 kpc of the Sun. They look a lot like the Gaiasausage or Gaia-Enceladus Merger, even though the simulation is only 2 Gyr.