The All-Sky Automated Survey for SuperNovae (ASAS SN or "Assassin")

Benjamin J. Shappee^{1,2} on behalf of the entire ASAS-SN team

¹Hubble Fellow, ²Carnegie-Princecton Fellow









The Sky is Big!

How big?

 $A = 4\pi \times \text{steradian} = 41,250 \text{ deg}^2$ $= 5 \times 10^{11} \text{ arcsec}^2$

500 Gigapixels → 1 Terabyte/epoch (assuming 1 arcsec pixels)

The Sky is Variable!

- Supernovae
- **Stellar Flares**
- Active Galactic Nuclei
- Asteroids

Stellar Eruptions

ASAS SA Goals:

- Monitor of the entire sky every few nights in real-time.
 - V-band limiting magnitude $V \approx 17$
 - Use commercially available Telephoto lenses and CCDs
 - Find supernovae in a minimally biased search



Outline

Introduction to ASAS-SN

Discuss a few interesting discoveries

ASAS-SN Patrols (our data release strategy)

Future directions of ASAS-SN

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ASAS SN Is a Global Partnership









PEKING



САР



LIVERPOOL

B. Shappee (Hubble Fellow; Carnegie-Princeton Fellow) C. S. Kochanek, K. Z. Stanek, T. W.-S. Holoien, A. B. Danilet, G. Simonian, U. Basu, N. Goss, J. F. Beacom, T. A. Thompson (Ohio State) J. L. Prieto (Diego Portales; MAS) D. Bersier (LJMU) Subo Dong (KIAA-PKU) P. R. Wozniak (LANL) E. Falco (CfA) J. Brimacombe (Coral Towers Observatory) D. Szczygiel, G. Pojmanski (Warsaw University Observatory)

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CAP







CfA

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ASAS SN Is a Global Partnership

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PEKING

ASTRONOMÍA **LICIN**



Aid in pipeline

Funding

Site support and Mounts

Follow up resources





Mount Haleakala, Maui, Hawaii

Faulkes Telescope North



Picture Courtesy of Mark Elphick

ASAS SN North "Brutus"

- 4 telescopes on a common mount
- 4 x 14cm lens
- 4 x FLI ProLine CCD cameras
- 4 x Fairchild Imaging 2k × 2k thinned CCD
- 4 x 4.47 × 4.47 degree field-ofview
- 7.8" pixel scale
- V-band filters
- limiting magnitude Vpprox 17
 - 10,000 square degrees per night



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Picture Courtesy of Mark Elphick

Brutus Data



LCOGT Aqawan Enclosure at Cerro Tololo

Picture Courtesy of Wayne Rosing

ASAS SN South "Cassius"

- First light on April 25, 2014
- 2 telescopes on a common mount
- 2 x 14cm lens
- 2 x FLI ProLine CCD cameras
- 2 x Fairchild Imaging 2k × 2k thinned CCD
- 2 x 4.47 × 4.47 degree field-of-view
- 7.8" pixel scale
- V-band filters
- limiting magnitude Vpprox 17
- 5,000 square degrees per night
- May 2015 we are doubling cameras — **10,000** square degrees per night



Picture Courtesy of Wayne Rosing

ASAS SN Cadence and Coverage

Thu Apr 2 11:14:43 2015



One Year of ASAS SN

Wed Apr 1 21:13:16 2015







Image Subtraction



Transient Detection Pipeline

- New sources are identified on the subtracted images by SExtractor
- Detections are dominated by false positives
- Many cuts are made (flux, S/N, point-like, dithered correlations, random forest classifier)
- Candidates are then scanned by eye where further cuts can be adjusted
- Transients discovered and announced typically in **hours**
- We will soon implement stacking over multiple night's images



- ATEL #6989
 - Fernandez et al. (inc. Shappee) 2015
- V~17.1 at 1st detection
- V~16.6 at 2nd detection
- No redshift to the host galaxy in NED
- z = 0.032 from SN spectrum



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ASAS-SN Discovery of A Probable Supernova in SDSS J144455.21+243443.9

ATel #6989; J. M. Fernandez (Observatory Inmaculada del Molino), J. Brimacombe (Coral Towers Observatory), R. A. Koff (Antelope Hills Observatory), S. Kiyota (Variable Star Observers League in Japan), T. W.-S. Holoien, K. Z. Stanek, C. S. Kochanek, A. B. Danilet, G. Simonian, U. Basu, N. Goss, J. F. Beacom (Ohio State), B. J. Shappee (Hubble Fellow, Carnegie Observatories), J. L. Prieto (Diego Portales; MAS), D. Bersier (LJMU), Subo Dong (KIAA-PKU), P. R. Wozniak (LANL), D. Szczygiel, G. Pojmanski (Warsaw University Observatory), E. Conseil (Association Francaise des Observateurs d'Etoiles Variables), B. Nicholls (Mt. Vernon Obs., New Zealand)

on 25 Jan 2015; 18:29 UT Distributed as an Instant Email Notice Supernovae Credential Certification: Thomas Holoien (tholoien@astronomy.ohio-state.edu)

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ASASSN-13ar	70 Mpc	ASASSN-15ae	133 Mpc	ASASSN-14ay	131 Mpc	ASASSN-14kd	114 Mpc	ASASSN-14as	162 Mpc	ASASSN-14es	132 Mpc
20" N		20" 9.8 kpc		20") 10.4 kpc		20* 8.5 kpc		20" 14.2 kpc	N	20" 11.3 kpc	
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ASASSN-13ch	70 Mpc	ASASSN-14bb	101 Mpc	ASASSN-13cu	107 Mpc	ASASSN-14lo	88 Mpc	ASASSN-15bk	146 Mpc	ASASSN-14lu	117 Mpc
20* N 6.9 kpc		20* 10.7 kpc		14.5 kpc		7.1 kpc		= 20" 9.0 kpc			
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ASASSN-14ar	99 Mpc	ASASSN-15cd	150 Mpc	ASASSN-14dz	95 Mpc	ASASSN-15cq	117 Mpc	ASASSN-14iu	73 Mpc	ASASSN-14bt	124 Mpc
20* N 10.6 kpc		13.8 kpc		20" 177.0 kpc		20°	N	20" 11.9 kpc		20" 1.8 kpc	
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ASASSN-14eo	109 Mpc	ASASSN-14co	142 Mpc	ASASSN-15cb	475 Mpc	ASASSN-13cp	100 Mpc	ASASSN-15cz	123 Mpc	ASASSN-14lp	18 Mpc

12.8 kpc

20" 12.7 kpc

Nearby SNe

Bright (<17 Mag) SNe Discoveries May 1 - Nov. 1, 2014



Nearby SNe

Bright (<17 Mag) SNe Discoveries Dec. 1, 2014 - Apr. 1, 2015



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Future directions of ASAS-SN

ASAS SA Discoveries

- 131 SNe as of last night
- 150+ ATELs over first 2 years of the real-time survey
- 6 publications with 5 more in preparation
- 300+ new CVs
- ASASSN-14lp discovered <2 days after explosion (Shappee et al. 2015 in prep)
- Low-mass Young Stellar Object (YSO) in a strong $(\Delta V > 4 \text{ mag})$ outburst (Holoien et al. 2014a)
 - Many M dwarf flares
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ASASSN-13db Holoien et al. (inc. Shappee) 2014

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ASAS-SN CV Patrol Website

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Davenport et al. 2012

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Schmidt et al. (inc. Shappee) 2014

Tidal Disruption Events

Black holes eat whole stars.

The Center of the Milky Way Galaxy NASA / JPL-Caltech / S. Stolovy (Spitzer Science Center/Caltech) Spitzer Space Telescope • IRAC ssc2006-02a

Our own Galaxy



Black holes eat stars.

James Guillochon (Harvard)

Formation of a debris disk after the tidal disruption of a star by a supermassive black hole





Black holes eat stars.

Clement Bonnerot (Leiden)

Tidal Disruption Events in ASAS SN

- 2 events in just the past year!
- Only ~ 10 previously optical TDEs
- Brightest and best (or will be best) studied
- Appears that ASAS-SN **might** be finding more TDEs than previous rate estimates
 - Needs to be better quantified(!)
 - Holoien et al. 2015 in prep.
- Closer to theoretical rates
- Is ASAS-SN less bias than previous surveys (?)
 - Still small number statistics













Holoien et al. (inc. Shappee) 2015 in prep.

ASASSN-14li



Holoien et al. (inc. Shappee) 2015 in prep.

Active Galactic Nuclei

Unified Model of AGN





Unified Model of AGN



"Changing look" AGN

- 4 AGN with Vanishing broad-line components have been reported
- 5 AGN with appearing broad-line components have been reported
- Mrk 590 has done both



Denney et al. (inc. Shappee) 2014

"Changing look" AGN: NGC 2617

- ASAS-SN triggered on
 a 10% increase in flux
 from AGN + host
- Follow-up imaging showed AGN continued to brighten by 1.3 mag



"Changing look" AGN : NGC 2617

Follow-up spectroscopy showed that the AGN changed from a Seyfert type 1.8 to 1.0

•

- Applied for Swift TOO observations
- Announced in ATEL #5010





50,000.0



50,000.0



50,000.0



50,000.0



50,000.0

NGC 2617 Photometric Lags
























NGC 2617 X-ray–NIR light curves



Shappee et al. 2014

What's next for NGC 2617?

- Current observations show that NGC 2617 is still active
- We completed a 3 month reverberation mapping campaign in 2014
 - Daily spectra
 - Daily swift X-ray, UV, and optical observations
- Results coming out later in 2015
- More theoretical work is needed!



Fausnaugh et al. (inc. Shappee) 2015

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ASAS SN Patrols

ASAS-SN data releases that are:

- Organized
- Focused
- Useful
- Fast Cadence (2-3 days)
- Base-line of years
- Real-time

First Patrols:

— CV

- M dwarfs
 - Quasar
- Blasars
- AGN
- Suggestions? (Please let us know!)

CV Patrol Demo

ASAS SIN AGN Patrol

- Inspired by NGC 2617
- Monitor ≈ 3000 AGN, Blazars and Quasars
- 2–3 day cadence
 - Light curves made public real time
- Characterize AGN Variability
- Detect and announce large flares like NGC 2617
 - Determine if X-rays driving an UV–NIR flare is unique or ubiquitous



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- Expanding ASAS-SN South, "Cassius"
 - Next few months, camera purchased
 - Improve cadence, sky coverage, and gaps in data
 - 20,000 square degrees a night
- Start the south Galactic Plane
- Further Expansion (with funding) — With 4 sites and 16 cameras
 - → entire sky every night!
 - Variable Stars
 - Led by Andres Jordan Universidad Católica
 - All Public Data in a USEFUL WAY
 - Long term goal
 - What will YOU do with ASAS-SN?



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ASAS SN Cadence and Coverage

Thu Apr 2 11:14:43 2015



ASAS SN Cadence and Coverage

Sun Mar 8 15:15:02 2015



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Variable Stars: Looking back at ASAS

- The original All-Sky Automated Survey (ASAS)
- Low cost project to monitoring of the whole available sky
- $8 \leq V \leq 14 \text{ mag}$
- 10⁷ stars and 50,000 new variables
- 209 refereed publications with "ASAS" in their abstract
 36 in 2015
- ASAS-SN
 - Faster cadence
 - Deeper ($V \leq 17 \text{ mag}$)
 - >1000 times the volume



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