

Manipulating Graphene at the Atomic-scale

Mike Crommie

Dept. of Physics, UC Berkeley

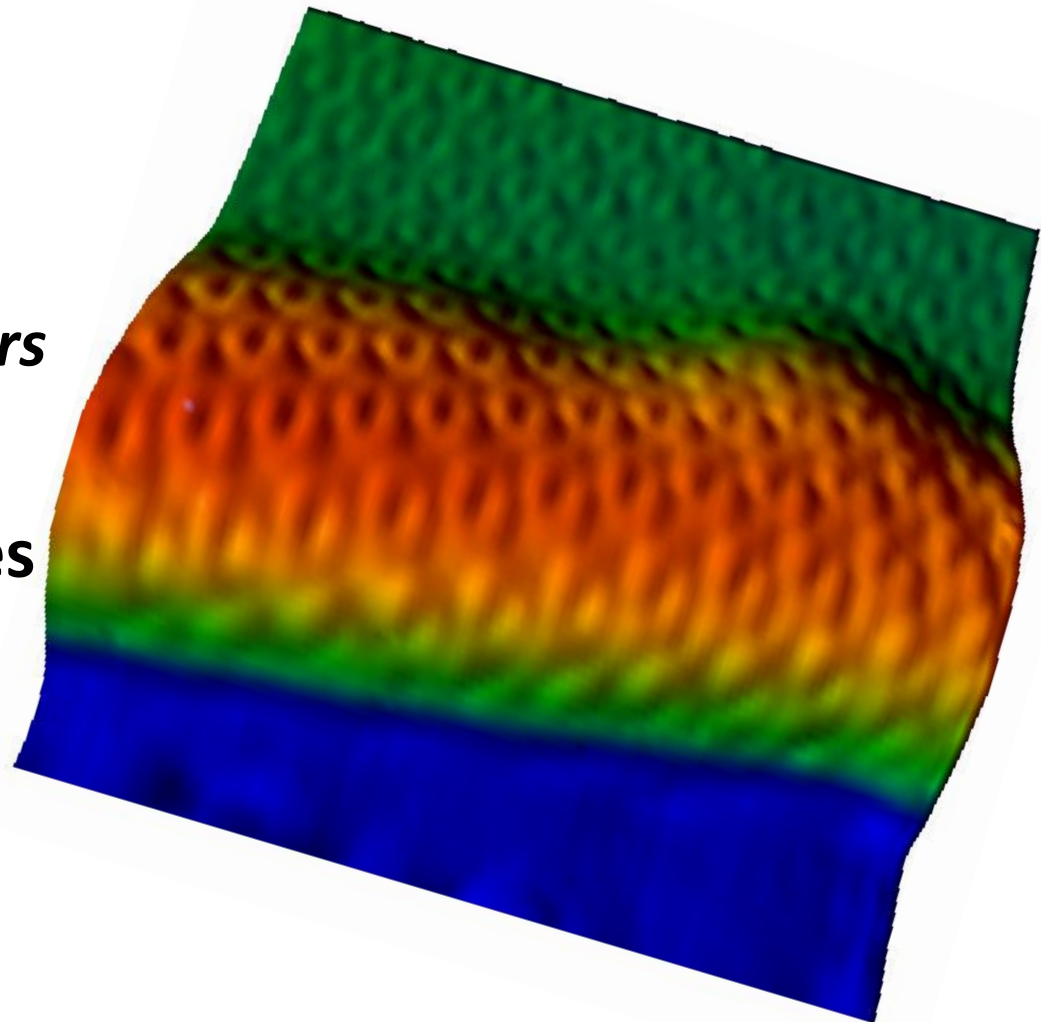
Materials Science Division, LBNL

(I) Atomic-scale Gating

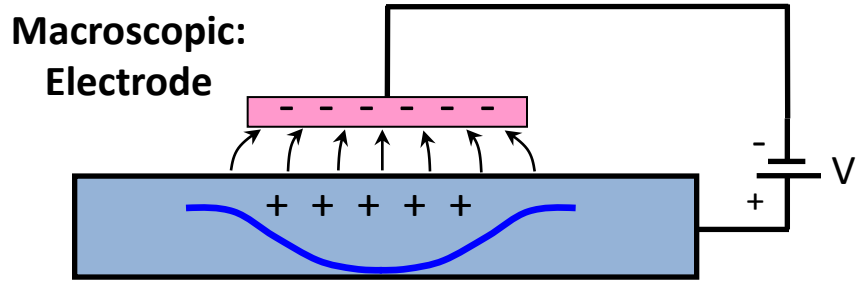
-- Tunable charge centers

(II) Nanoribbon Edge States

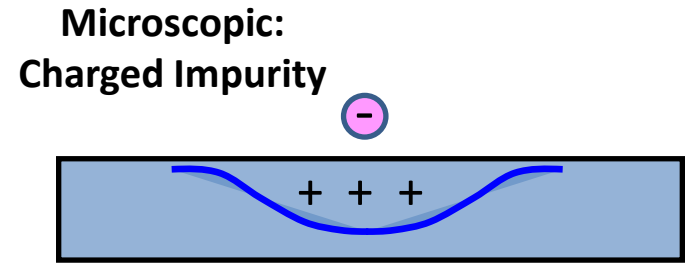
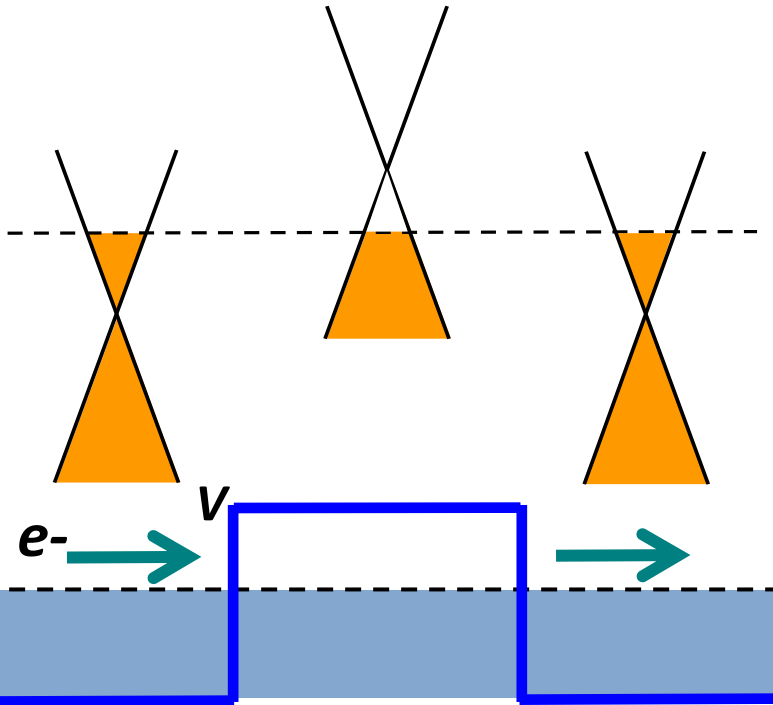
*-- Controllable edge
functionalization*



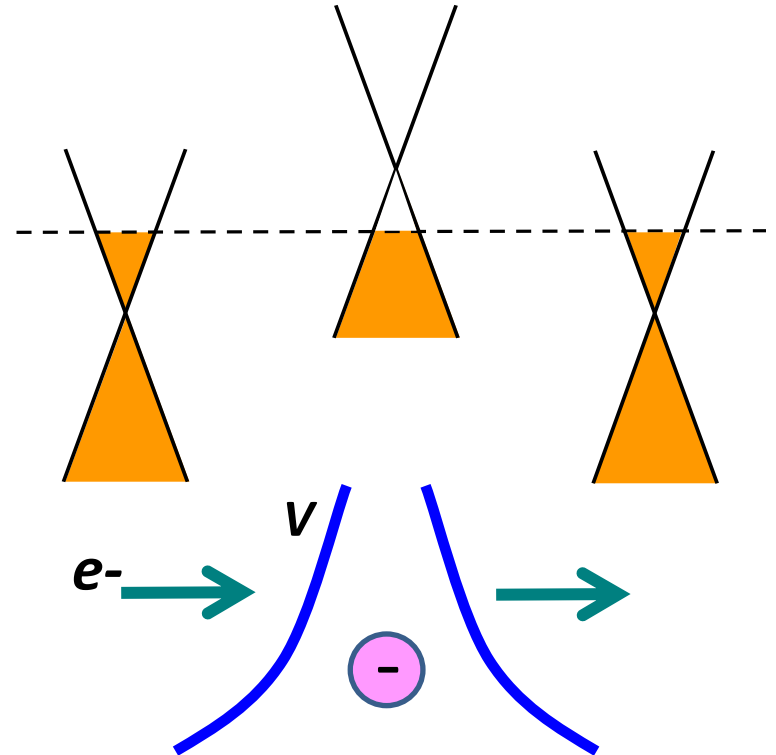
(I) Atomic-scale Gating



Klein Tunneling

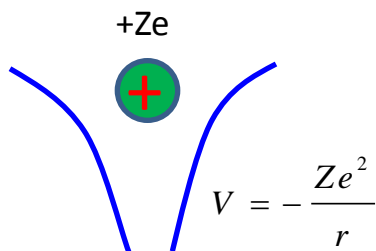


Coulomb Impurity

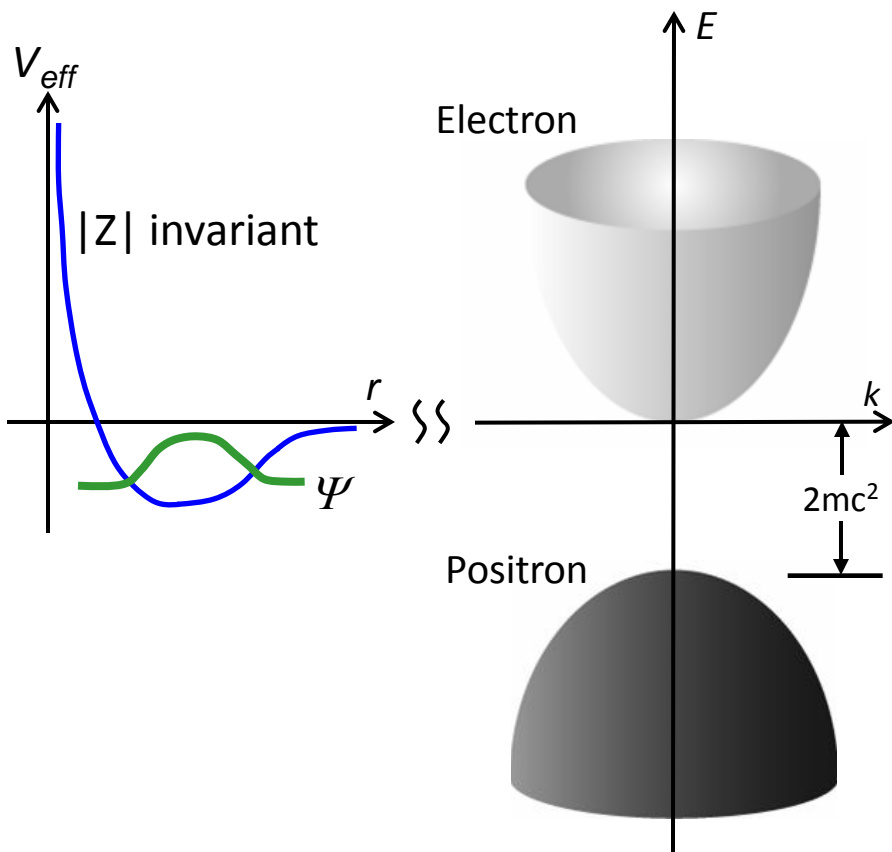


Physics of a Coulomb Impurity

Non-relativistic Case (Hydrogen)



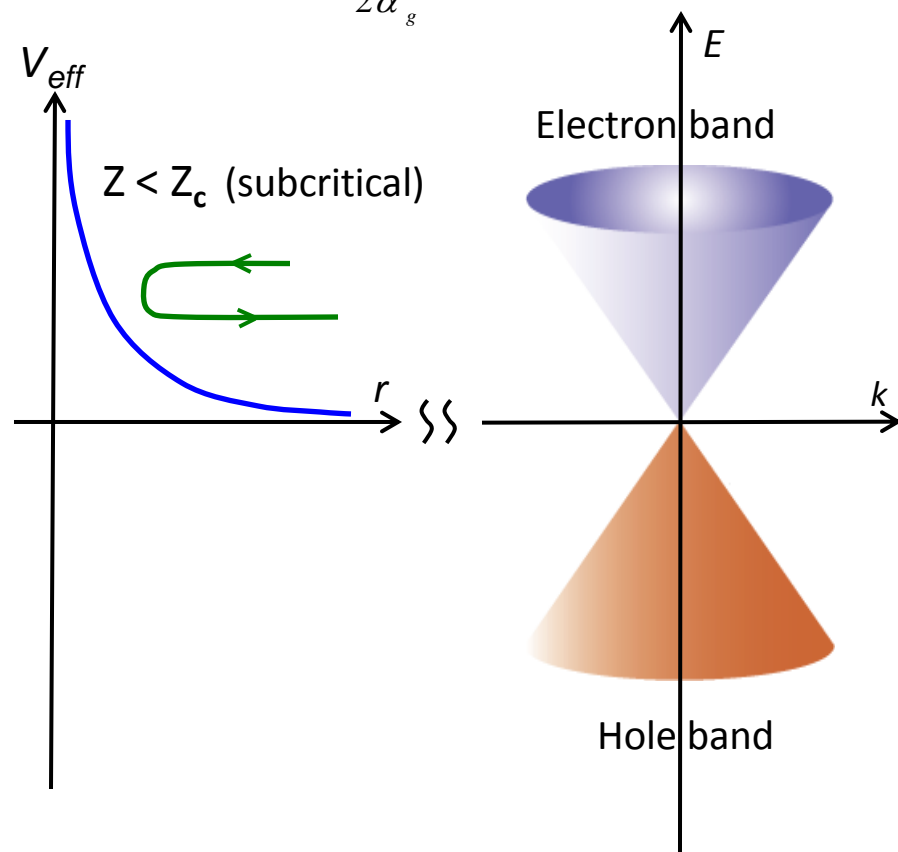
$$E = \frac{P_r^2}{2m} + \underbrace{\frac{L^2}{2mr^2} - \frac{Ze^2}{r}}_{V_{\text{eff}}}$$



Ultra-relativistic Case for Graphene

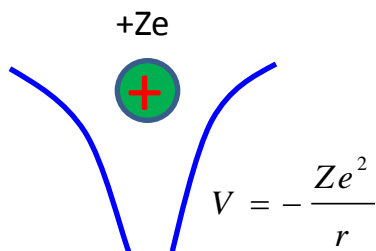
$$E = v_F p - \frac{Ze^2}{\epsilon r}$$

Critical Charge: $Z_c = \frac{\epsilon_g}{2\alpha_g}$

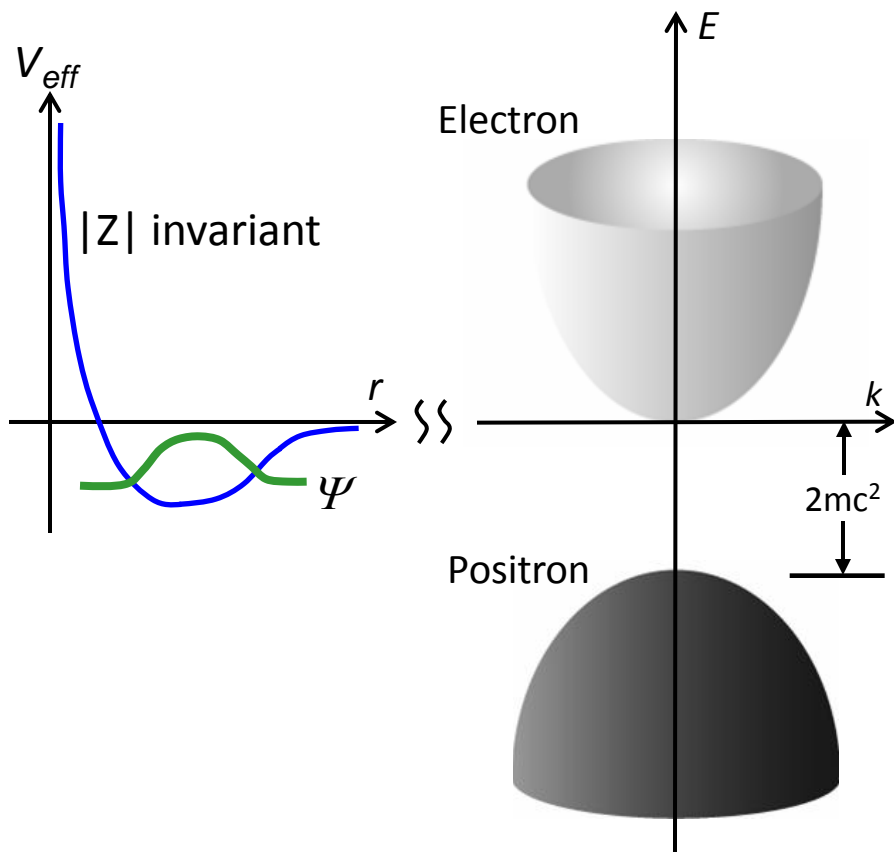


Physics of a Coulomb Impurity

Non-relativistic Case (Hydrogen)



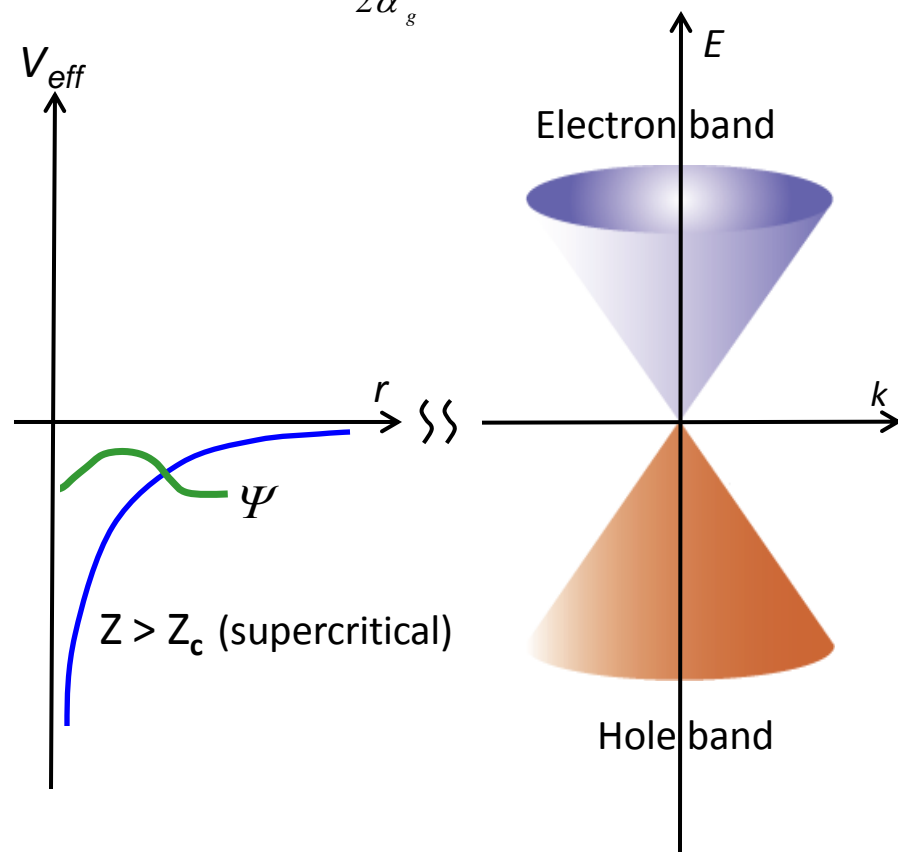
$$E = \frac{P_r^2}{2m} + \underbrace{\frac{L^2}{2mr^2} - \frac{Ze^2}{r}}_{V_{\text{eff}}}$$



Ultra-relativistic Case for Graphene

$$E = v_F p - \frac{Ze^2}{\epsilon r}$$

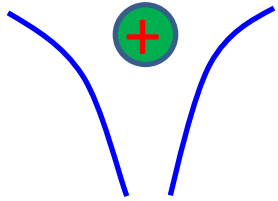
Critical Charge: $Z_c = \frac{\epsilon_g}{2\alpha_g}$



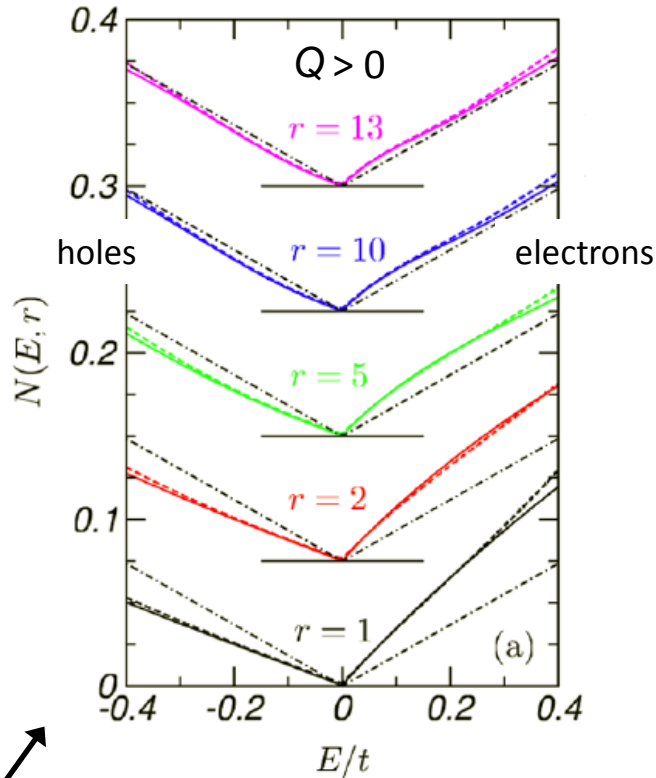
Predicted Behavior for Dirac Fermions Near Coulomb Potential

(Solution to Dirac Equation using a Continuum Model)

$$Q = +Z |e| > 0$$

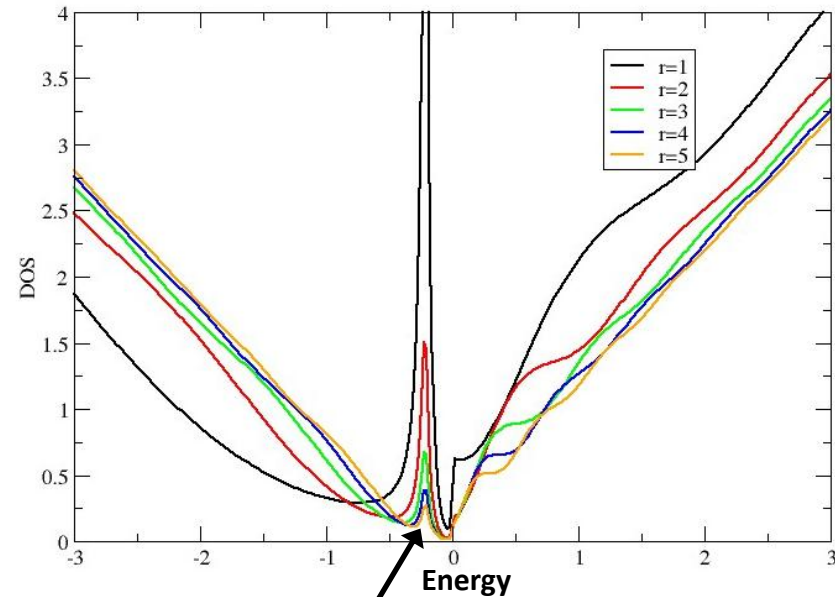


Subcritical ($Z < Z_c$)



Charge asymmetry

Supercritical ($Z > Z_c$)

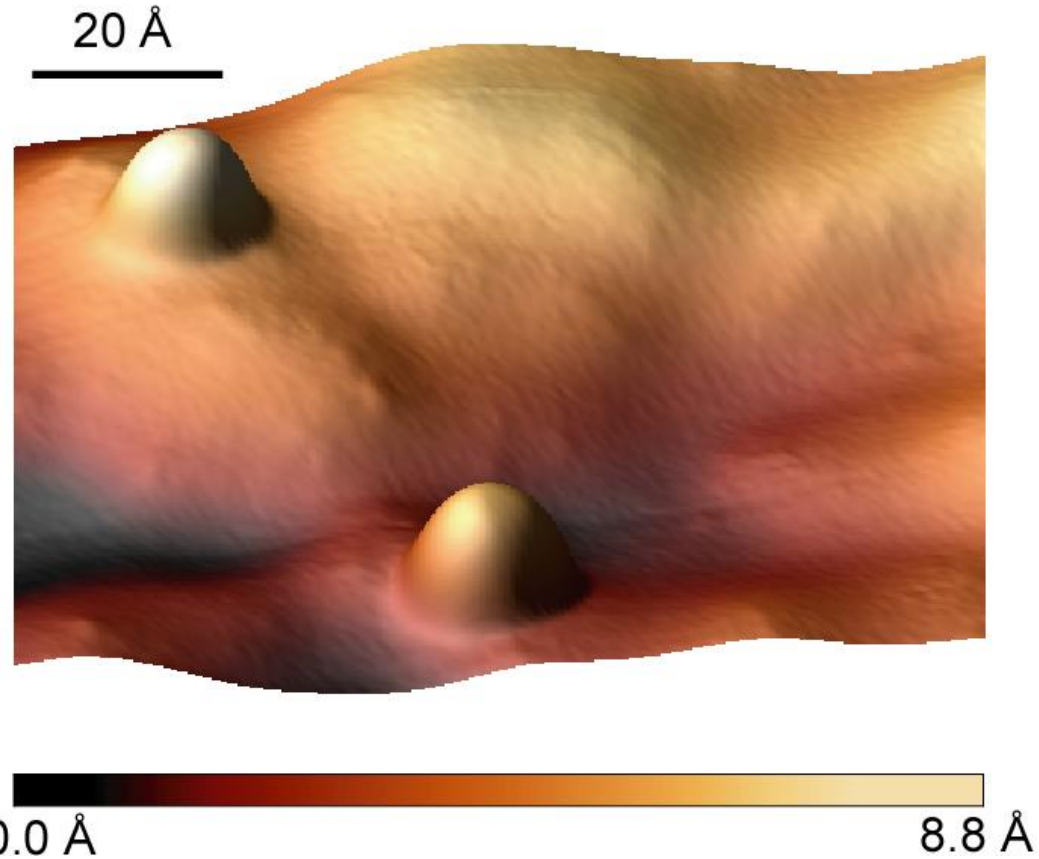
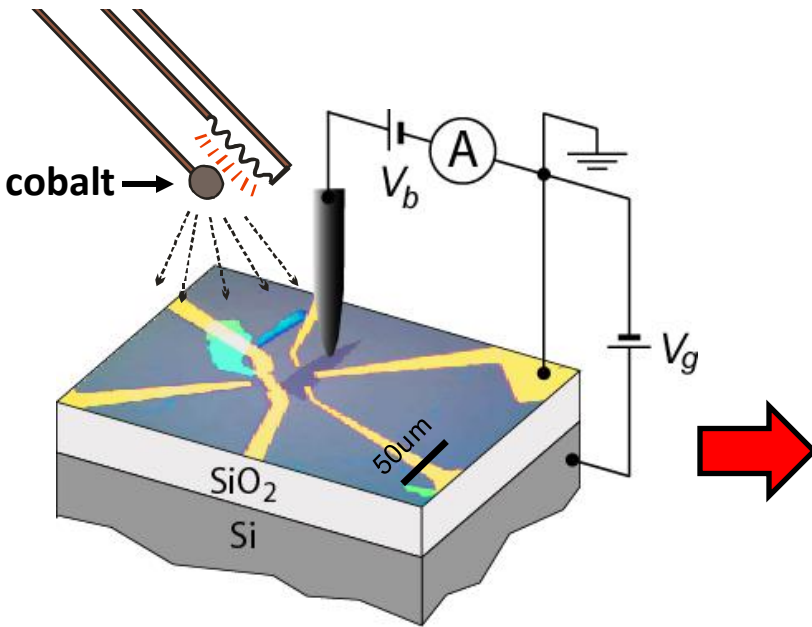


Predicted quasi-bound-states
(atomic collapse states)

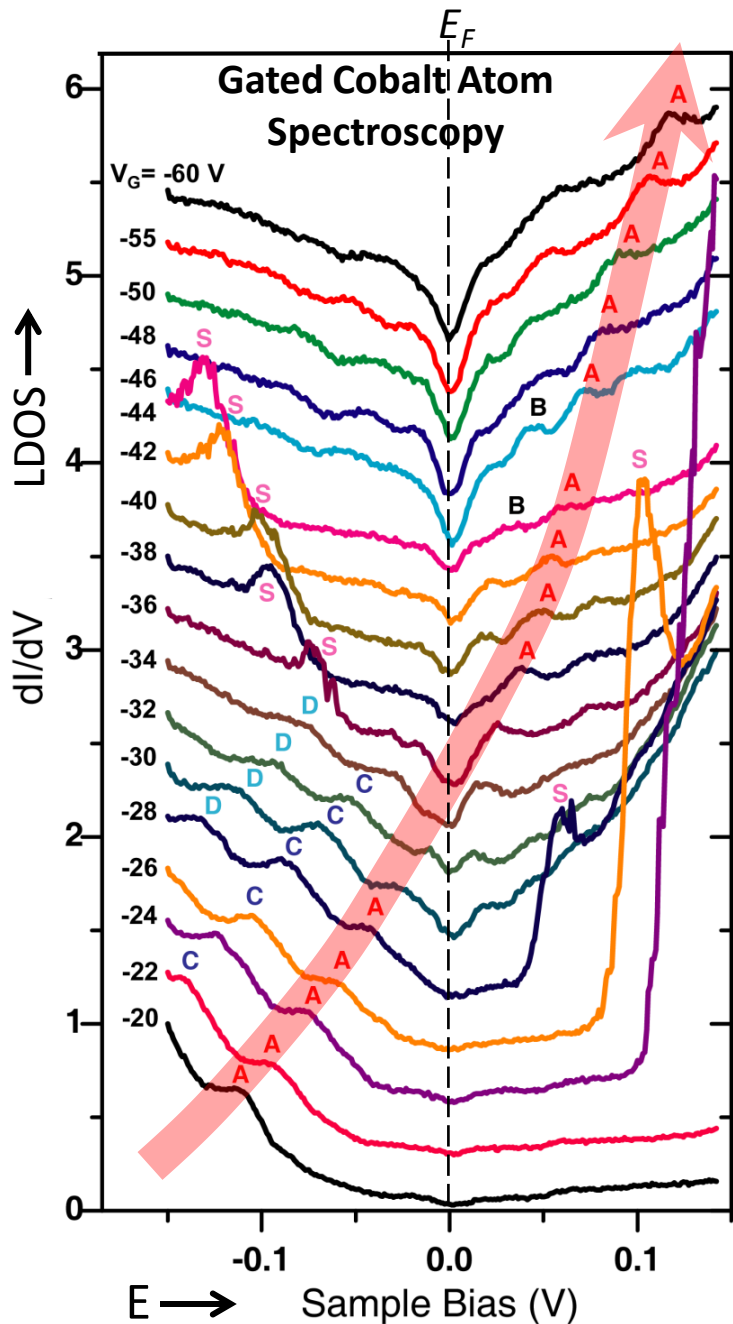
Pereira *et al.*, *PRL* **99**, 166802 (2007)

Shytov *et al.*, *PRL* **99**, 246802 (2007)

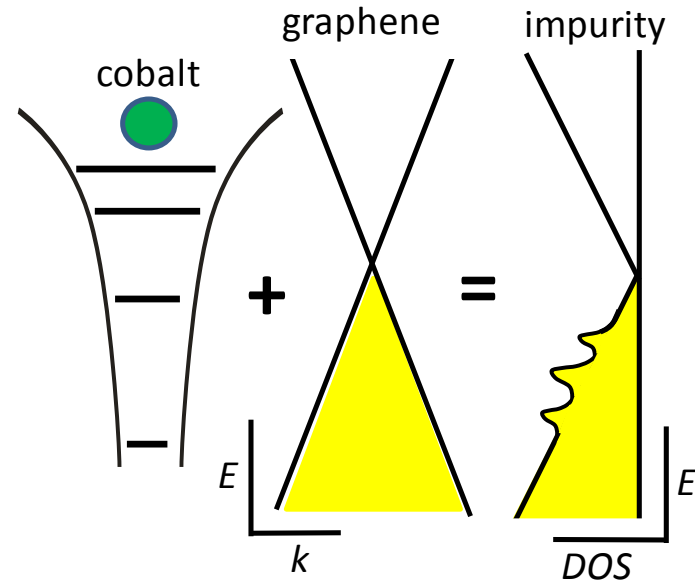
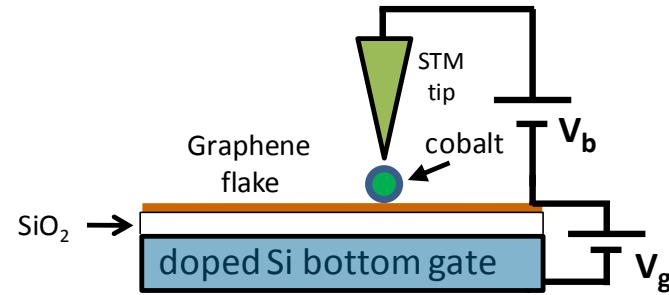
Deposit Cobalt Atoms onto Graphene / SiO₂ Device



Spectroscopy at Site of Cobalt Atom on Graphene

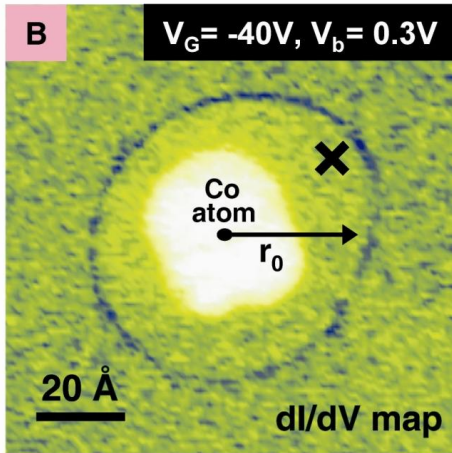


Atomic Resonances, Gate-induced Charging



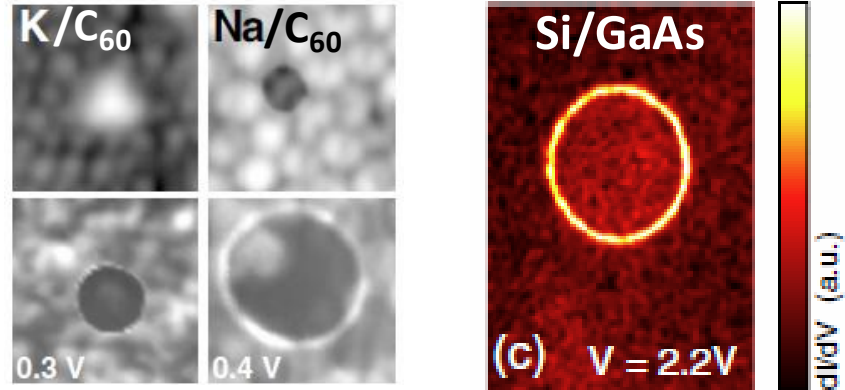
Off-atom Problems: Bi-stability and Inhomogeneity

Charge bi-stability: Co on Graphene



V.W. Brar, et al., *Nat. Phys.* **7**, 43 (2011)

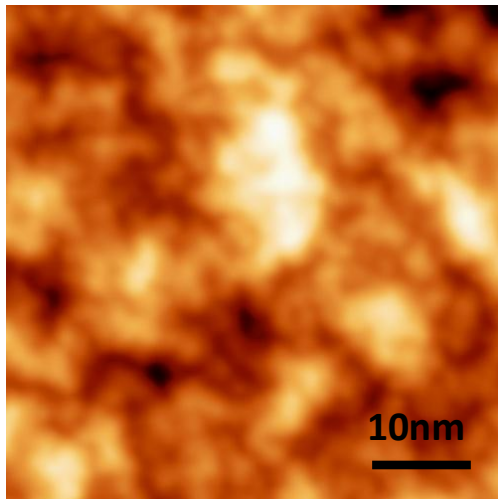
Previous Impurities in Semiconductors



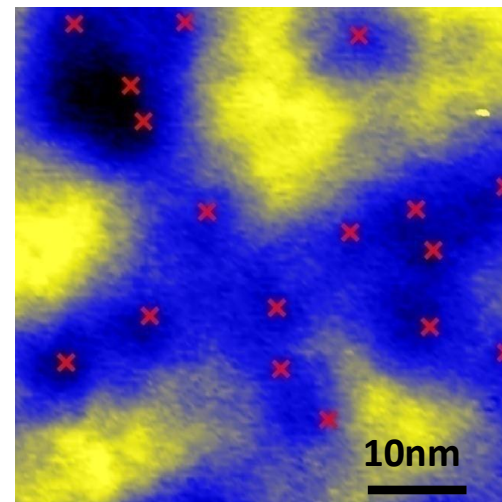
Pradhan, et al., *PRL* **94**, 076801 (2005)

Teichmann, et al., *PRL* **101**, 076103 (2008)

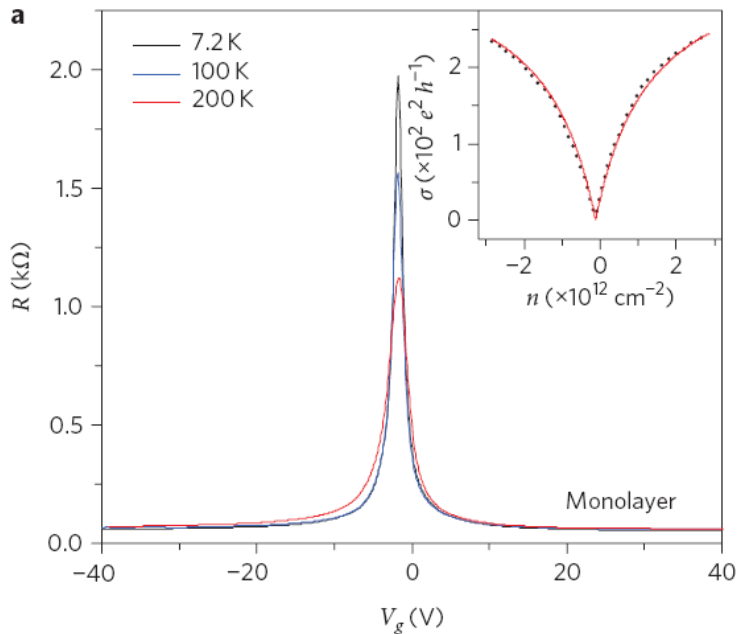
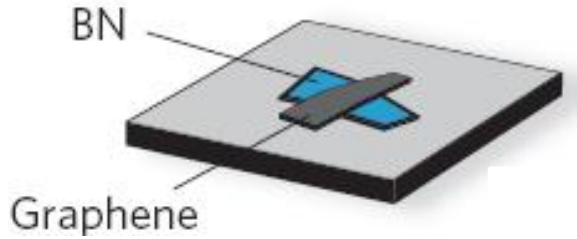
Graph. / SiO_2 Rough Topography



Graph. / SiO_2 Charge Inhomogeneity

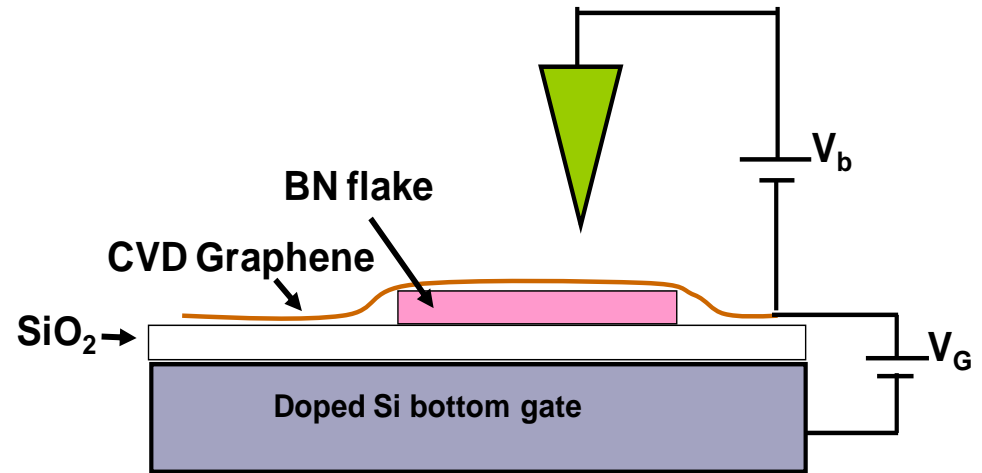


A New Substrate Solves these Problems (BN)



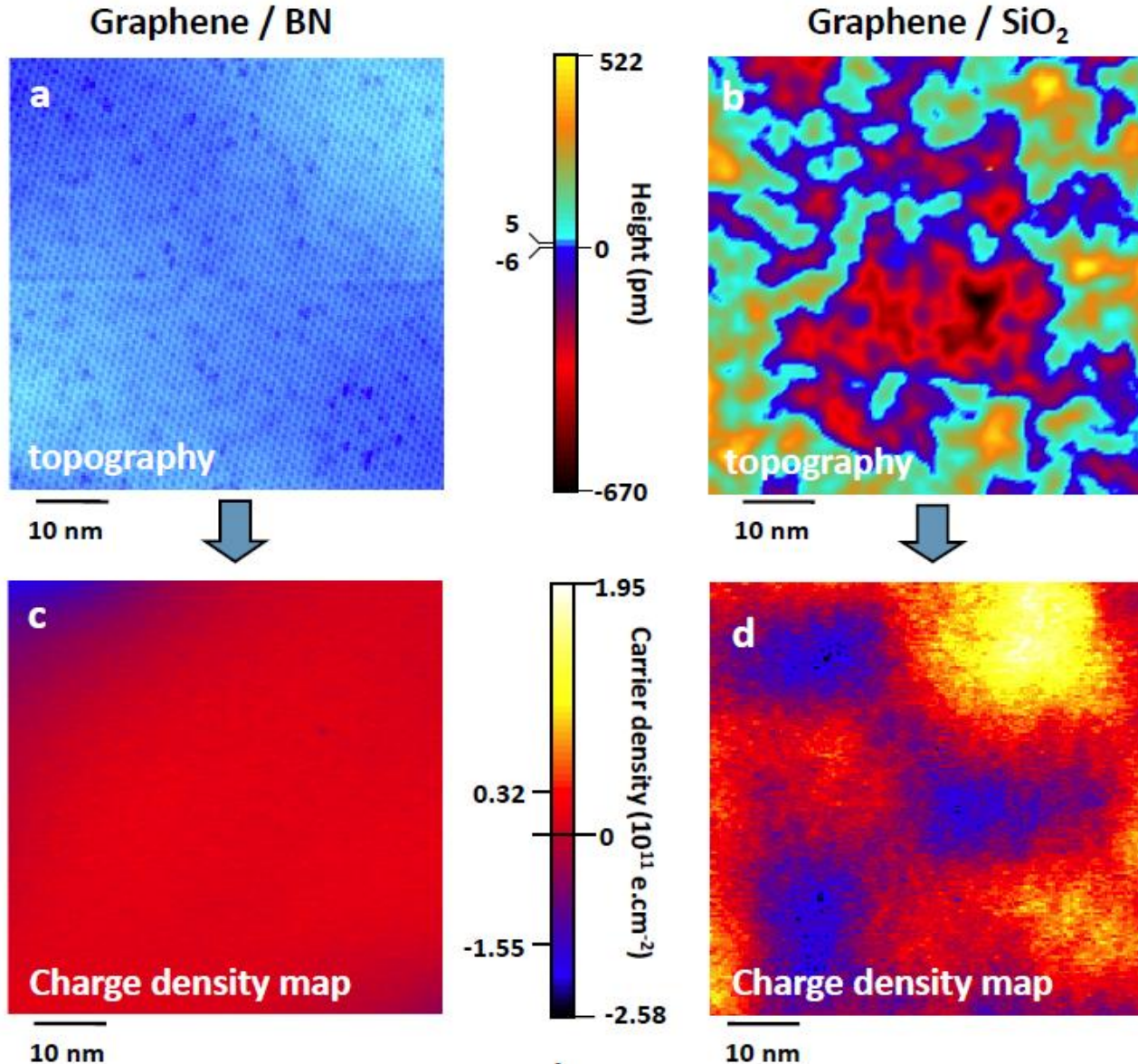
Dean C. R. *et al.*, *Nat Nano* **5**, 722 (2010)

BN substrate in new STM geometry



Crommie, Zettl

Less Inhomogeneity for Graphene on BN

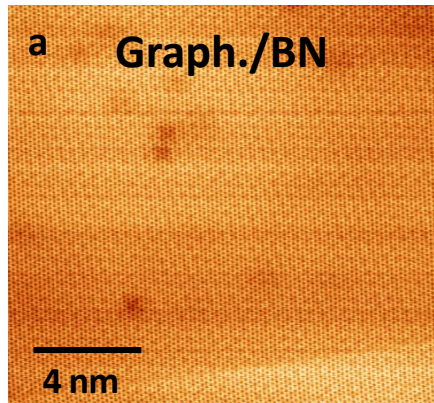


R. Decker, et al., *Nano Letters* **11**, 2291 (2011)

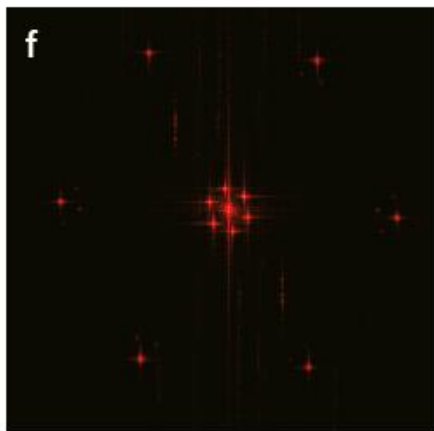
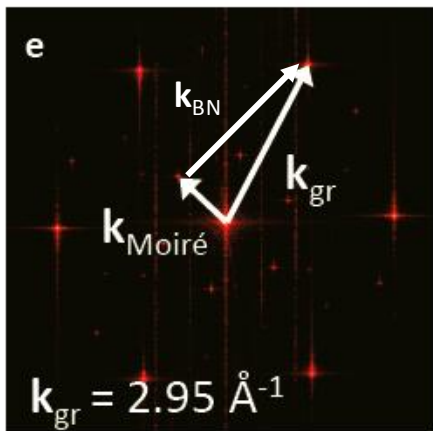
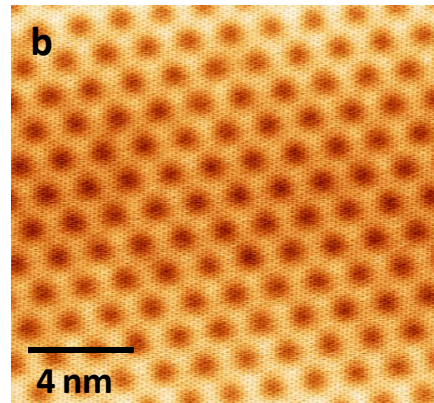
Similar to: J. Xue, et al., *Nature Mat.* **10**, 282 (2011)

Moiré Patterns

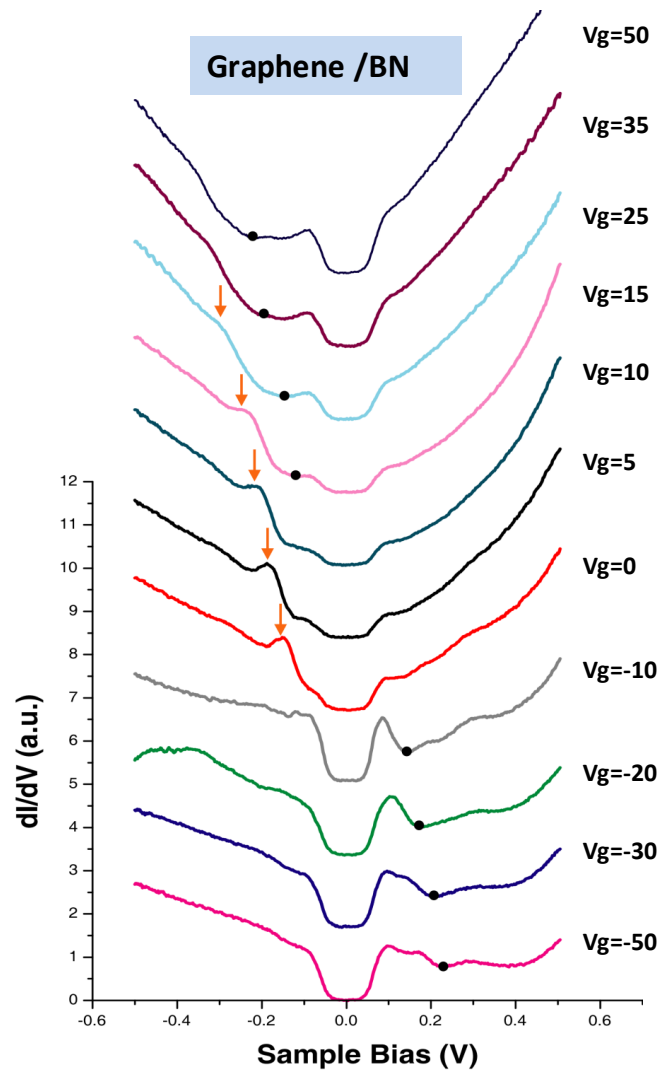
$$\theta = 21^\circ \pm 1^\circ$$



$$\theta = 7^\circ \pm 1^\circ$$



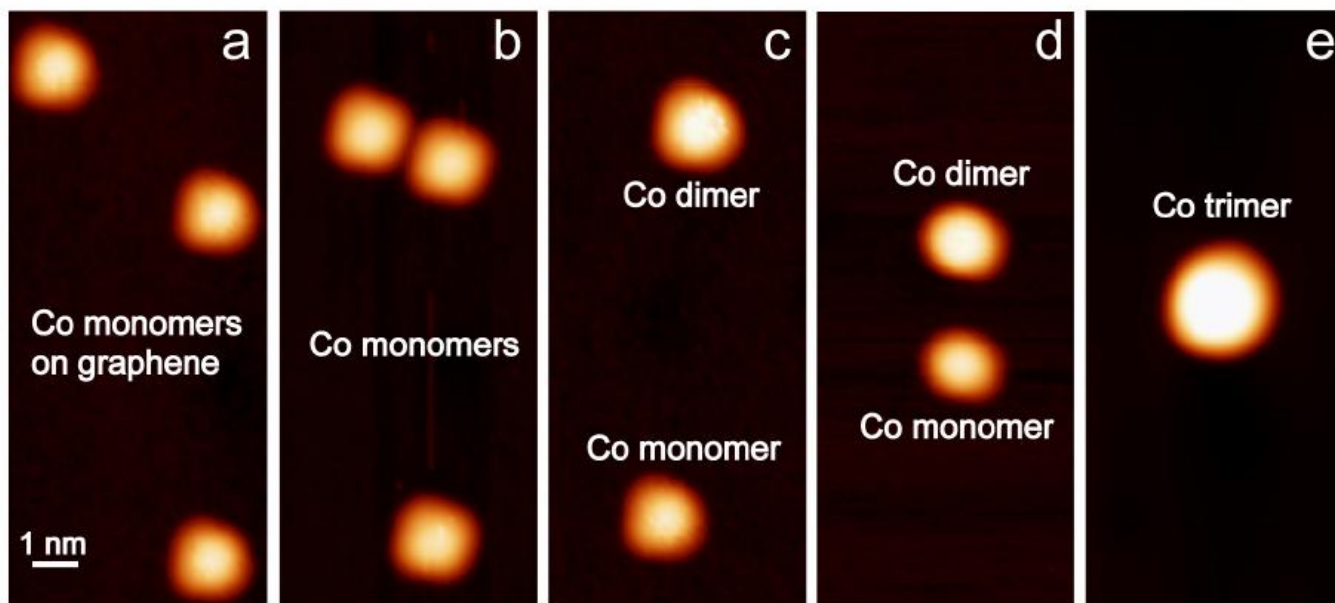
Gate-dependent STM Spect.



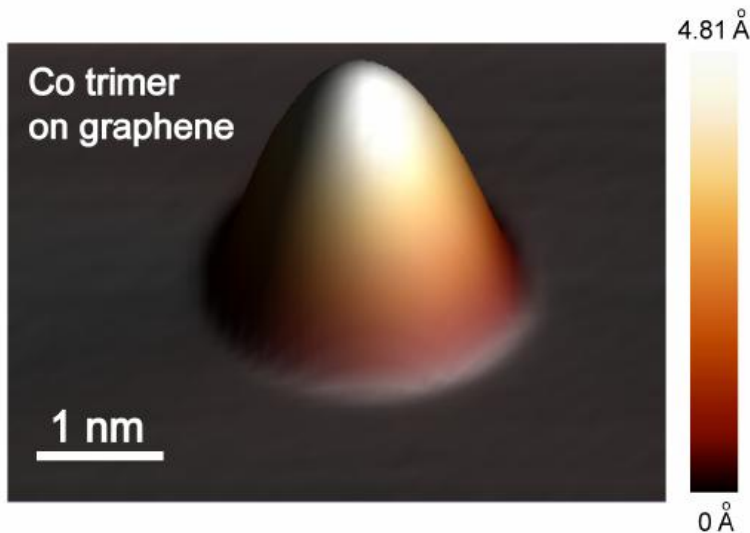
R. Decker, et al., *Nano Letters* **11**, 2291 (2011)

General spectral line-shape: V. W. Brar, et al., *PRL* **104**, 036805 (2010)

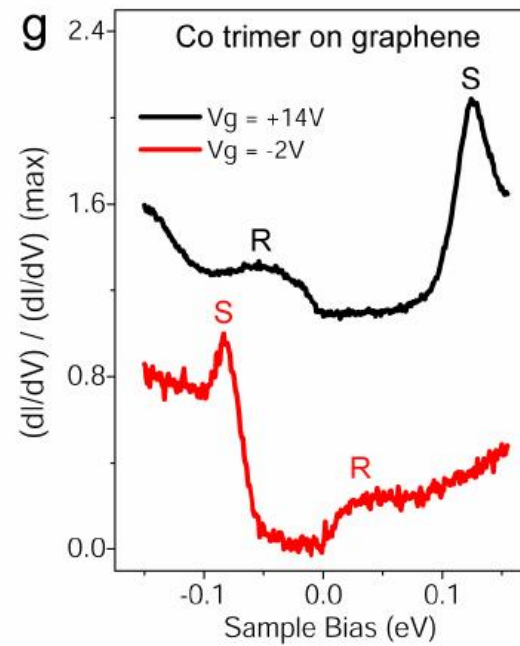
Atomic Manipulation on Graphene/BN: Co Trimers



f



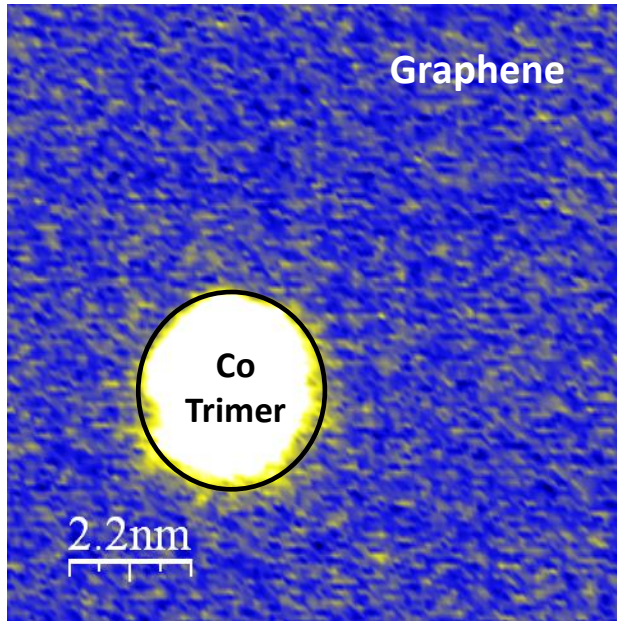
g



**Trimers:
no charge
bi-stability**

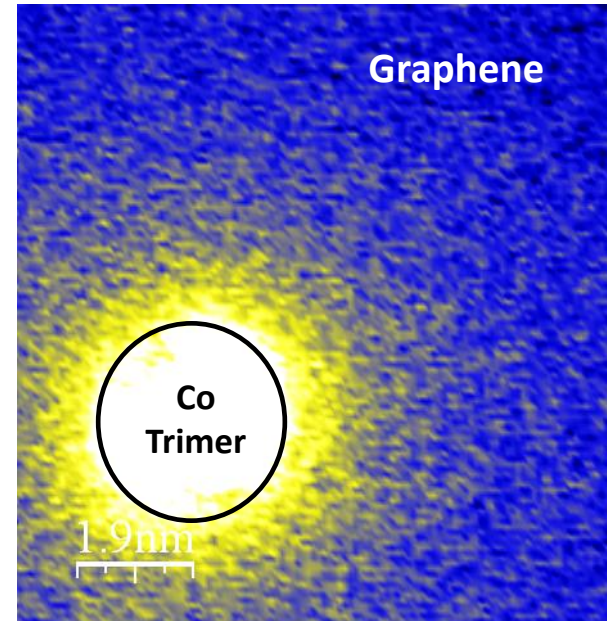
Trimers Are Stable, Tunable Charge Centers

Q = 0 State (uncharged)



$V_g = +45V$, $V_s = +0.3V$

Q = +1 |e| State (charged)



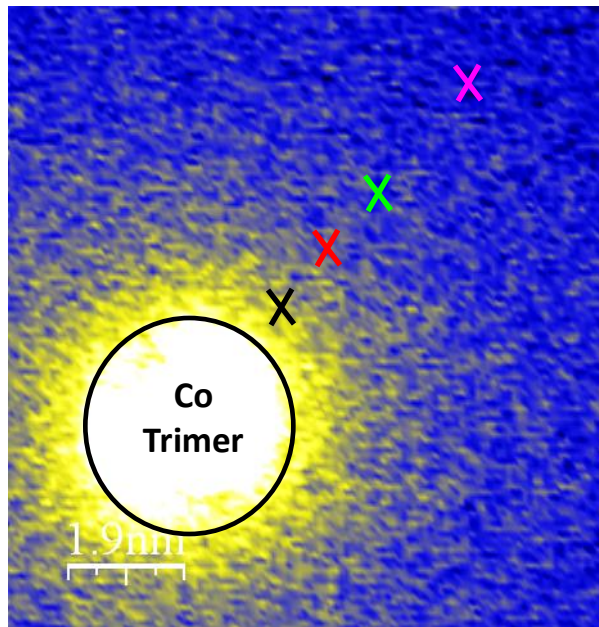
$V_g = -20V$, $V_s = +0.3V$



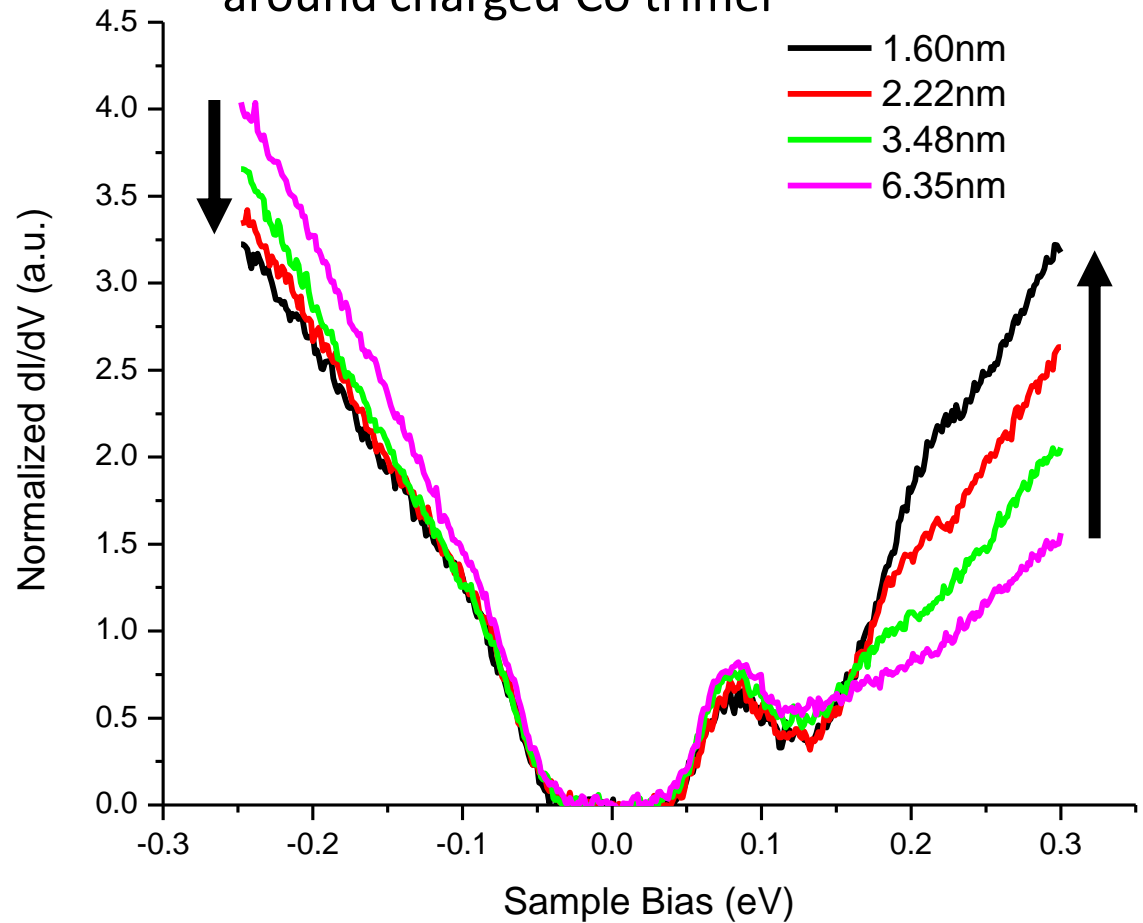
**Co Trimer Provides a
Stable Charged State**

dI/dV Spectra on Graphene around Charged Co Trimer

$Q = +1 |e|$



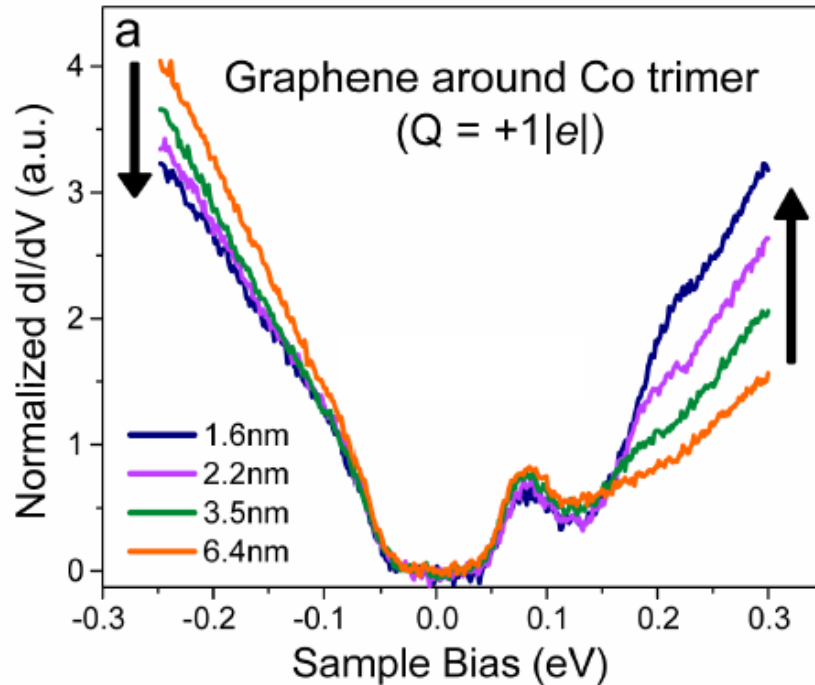
Distance dependent spectra around charged Co trimer



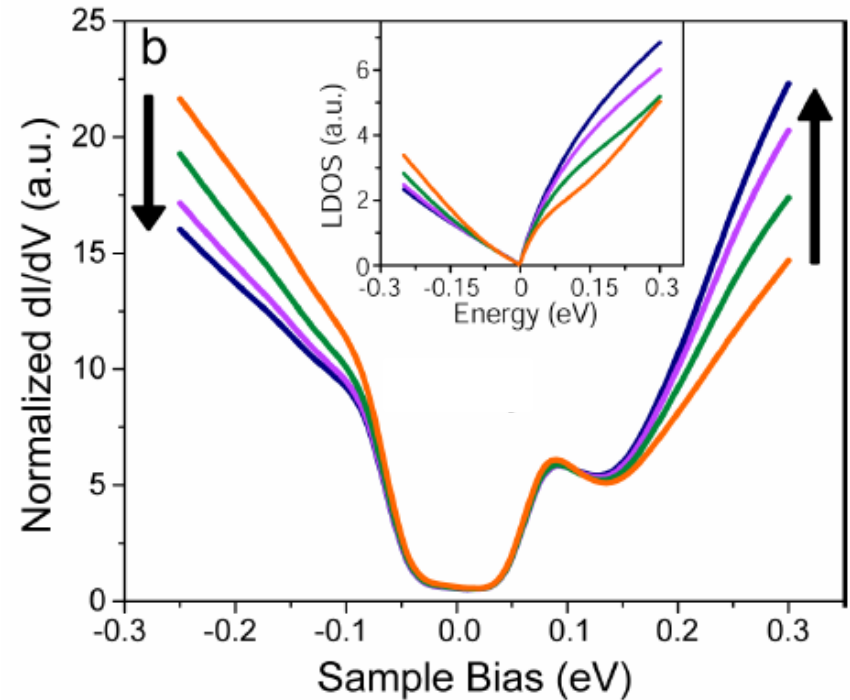
- LDOS Asymmetry
- No Bound-state

Comparing Experiment to Predictions for Dirac Fermions

EXPERIMENT



THEORY



Interband Dielectric Constant: $\epsilon_g = 3.0 \pm 1.0$

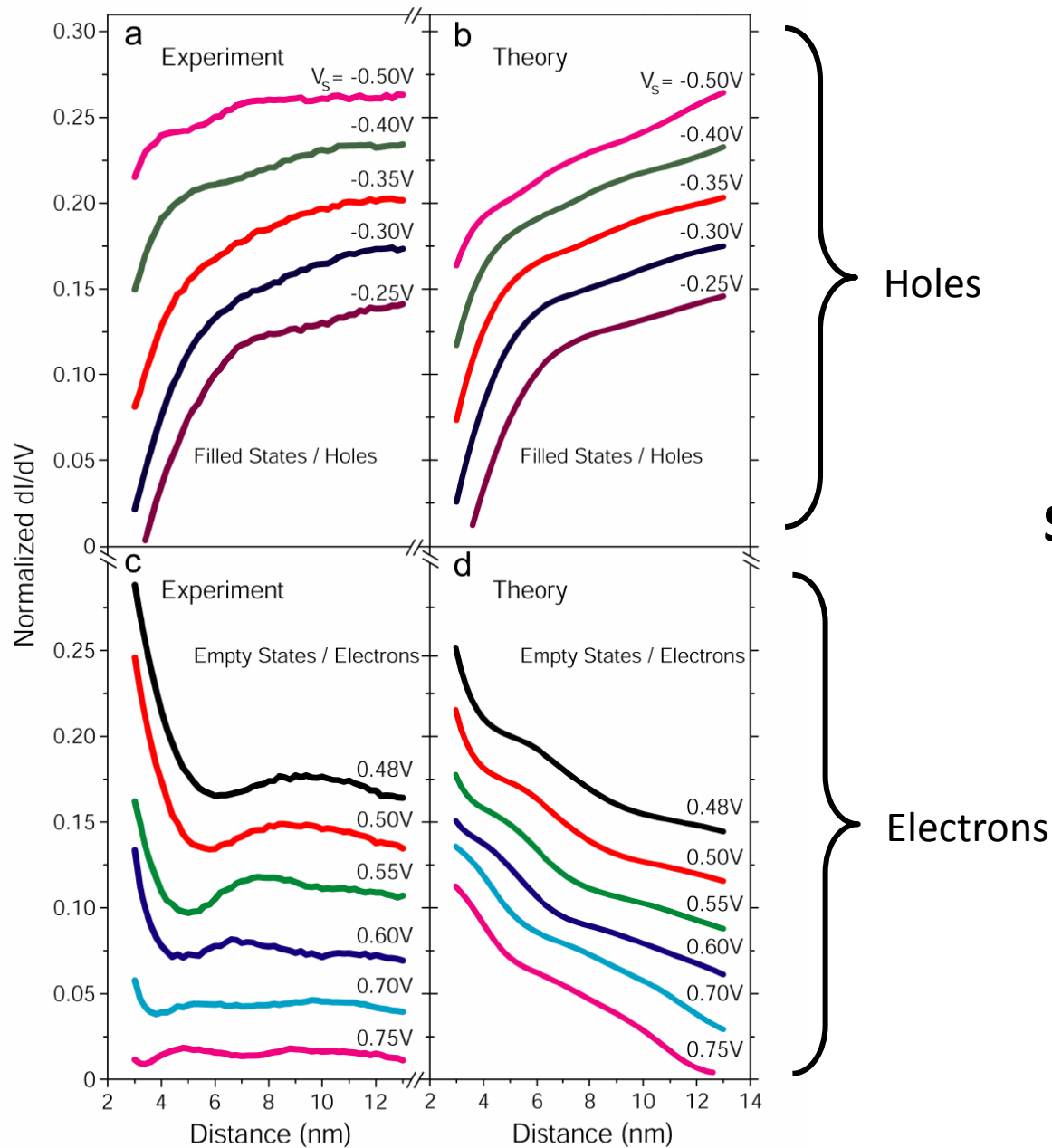
Previous Theory for ϵ_g :

- T. Ando, *J. of the Phys. Soc. of Japan* **75**, 074716 (2006): $\epsilon_g \approx 2$
- E. H. Hwang and S. Das Sarma, *PRB* **75**, 205418 (2007): $\epsilon_g \approx 2$

Previous Experiment for ϵ_g :

- D. A. Siegel, et al., *PNAS* **108**, 11365 (2011): $\epsilon_g < 6$
- D. C. Elias, et al., *Nat Phys. advance online pub.* (2011): $\epsilon_g = 2 - 5$
- J. P. Reed, et al., *Science* **330**, 805 (2010): $\epsilon_g = 15$

Spatial Dependence Reflects Charge Asymmetry

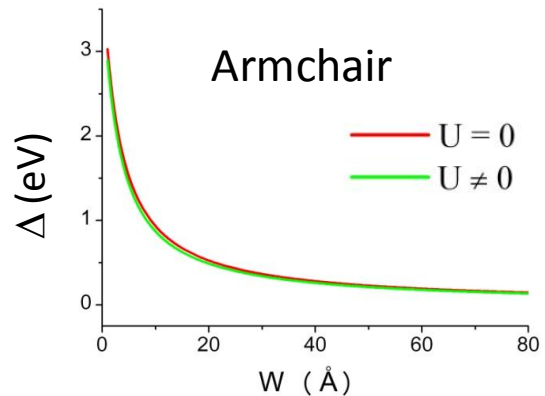
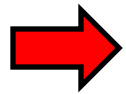
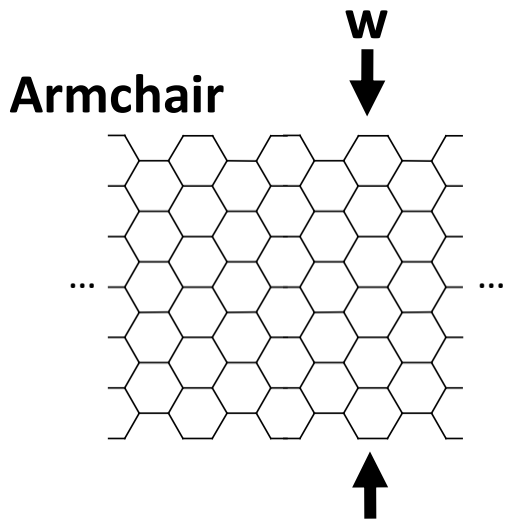
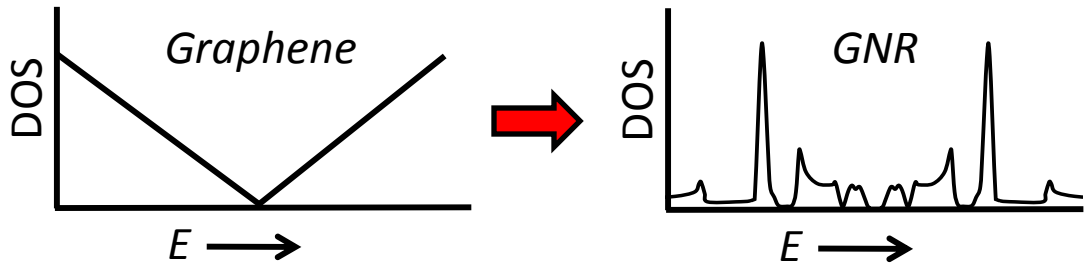


**Cobalt Trimer:
Sub-critical Impurity**

$$\epsilon_g = 3.0 \pm 1.0$$

(II) Nanoribbons: Controlling the Edge

GNRs { Tunable Gaps
Edge-states
Spin

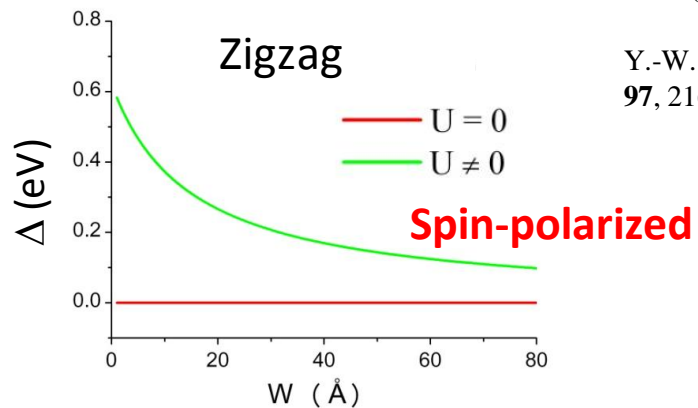
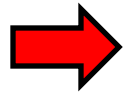
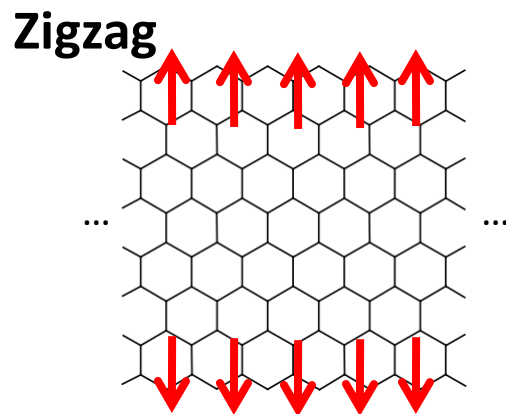


M. Fujita, *et al.*, *J. Phys. Soc. Jpn* **65**, 1920 (1996)

K. Nakada, *et al.*, *PRB* **54**, 17954 (1996)

A. Yamashiro *et al.*, *Phys.Rev. B* **68**, 193410 (2003)

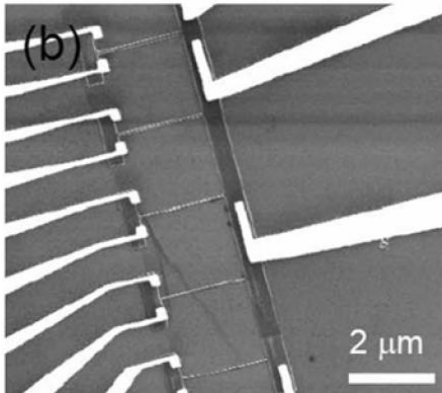
J. Heyd *et al.*, *J. Chem. Phys.* **118**, 8207 (2003)



Y.-W. Son *et al.*, *Phys.Rev. Lett.* **97**, 216803 (2006)

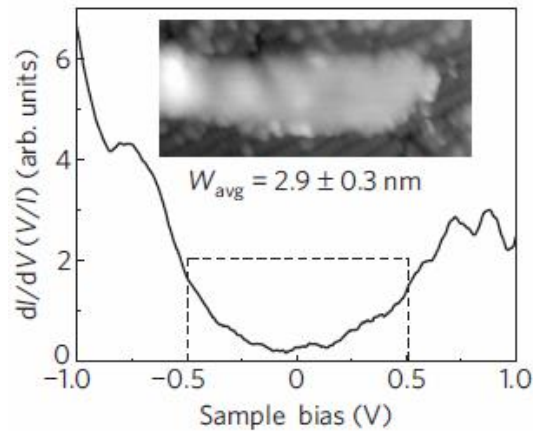
Some Previous Nanoribbon Investigations

Lithography: Transport



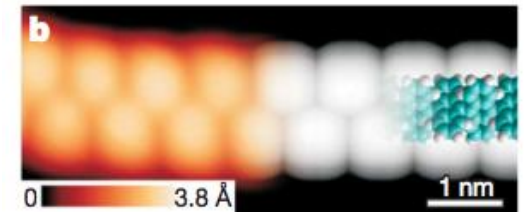
M. Y. Han *et al.*, *PRL* **98**, 206805 (2007)

Graphene platelet on Si(100)



Ritter and Lyding, *Nat. Mat.* **8**, 235 (2009)

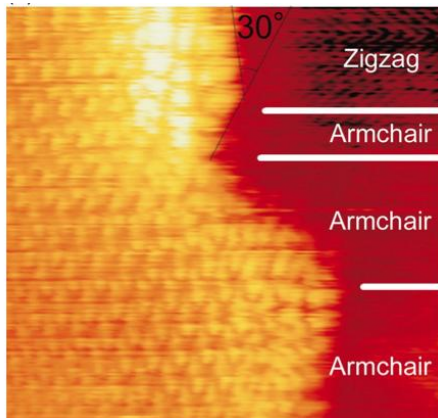
Armchair GNRs grown on Au



Jinming Cao *et al.*, *Nature* **466**, 470 (2010)

Some Previous Edge Investigations

Graphite Step edge

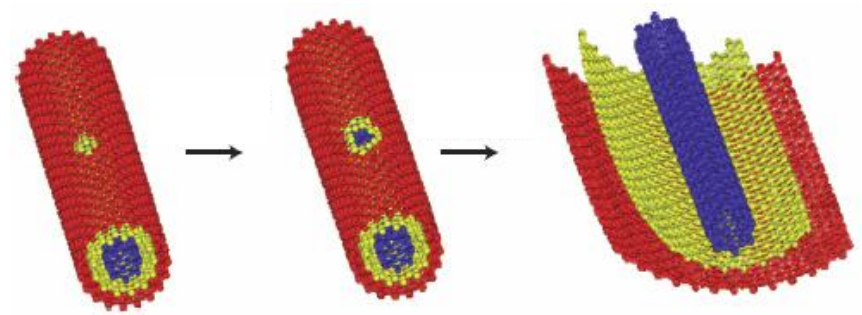


Y. Kobayash *et al.*, *PRB* **71**, 193406 (2005)

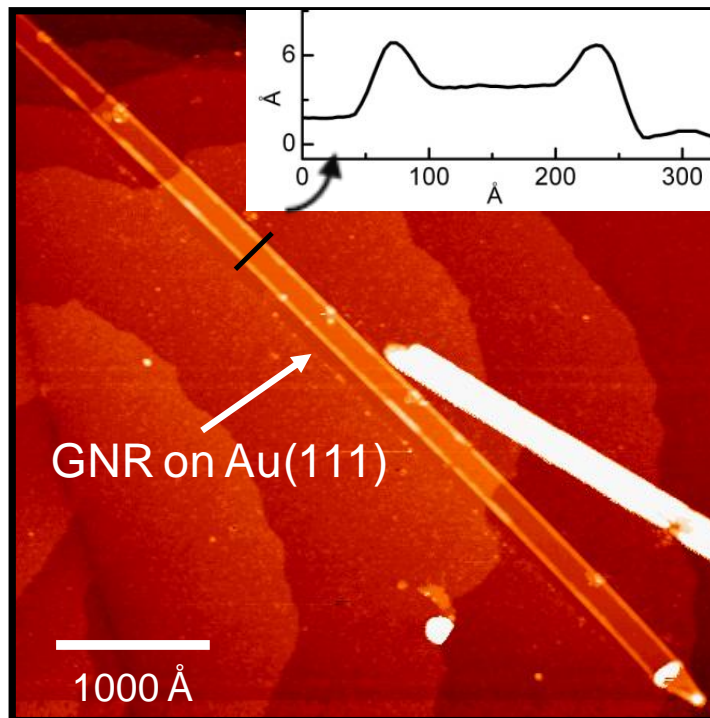
Graphene Edges on SiC & Cu

- | | | |
|--|---|-----|
| H. Yang, <i>et al.</i> , <i>Nano Lett.</i> 10 , 943 (2010) | } | SiC |
| C. Park, <i>et al.</i> , <i>PNAS</i> , doi:10.1073 (2011) | | |
| J. Tian, <i>et al.</i> , <i>Nano Lett.</i> 11 , 3663 (2011) | } | Cu |

GNRs from Unzipped Nanotubes



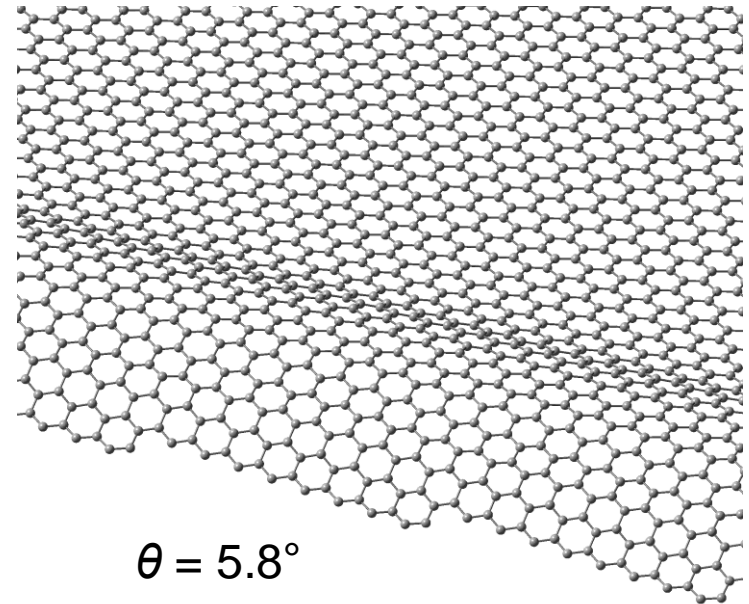
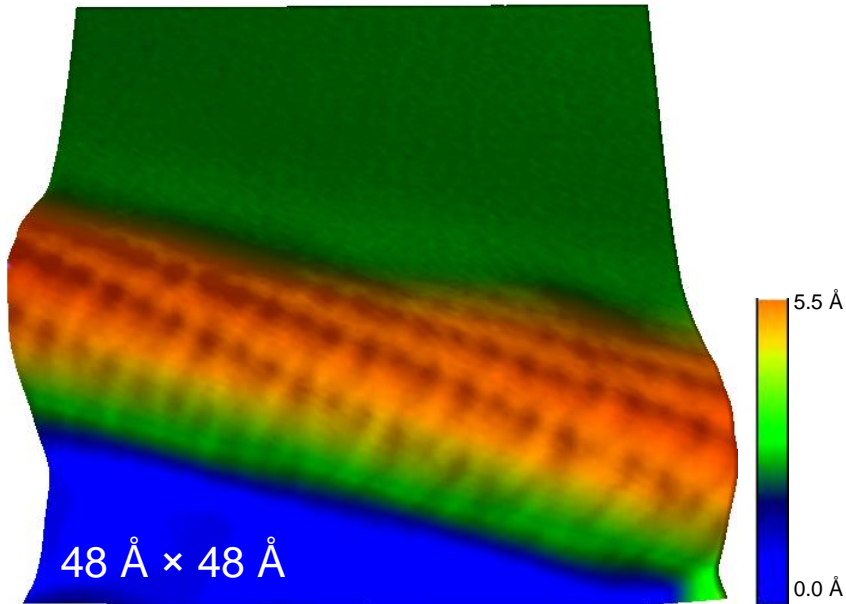
Jiao, et al, *Nat. Nanotechnol* **5**, 321 (2010)



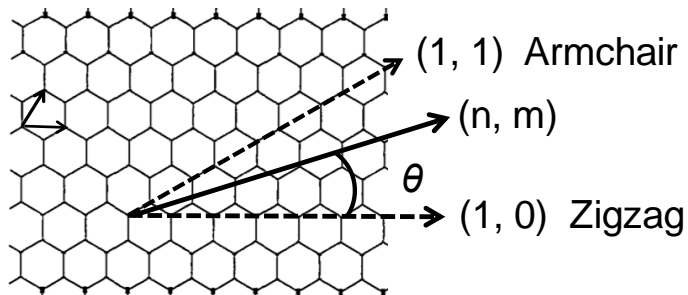
C. Tao, et al., *Nature Physics* **7**, 616 (2011)

Different Chiralities Observed

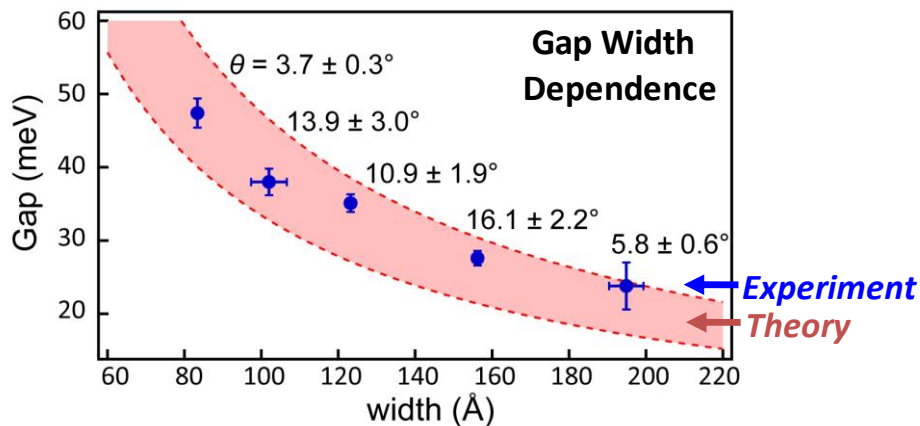
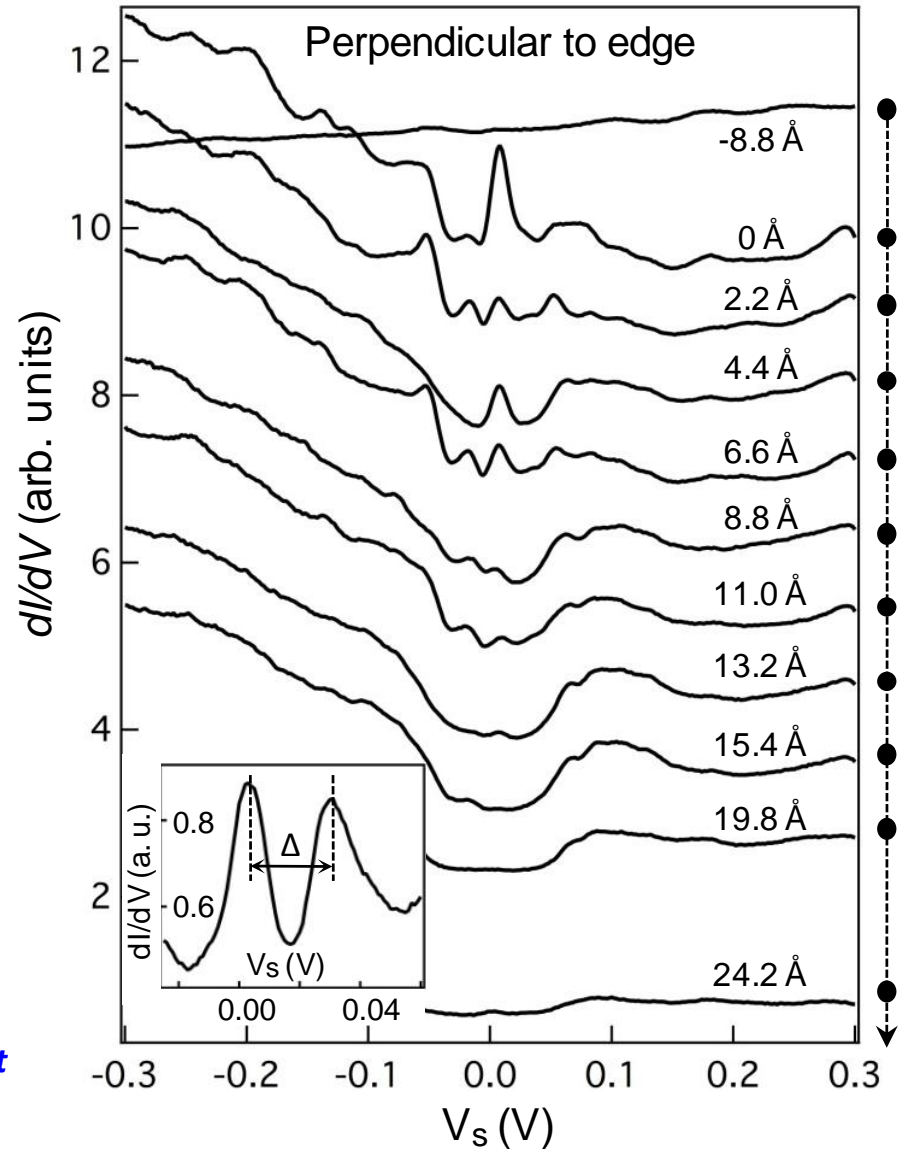
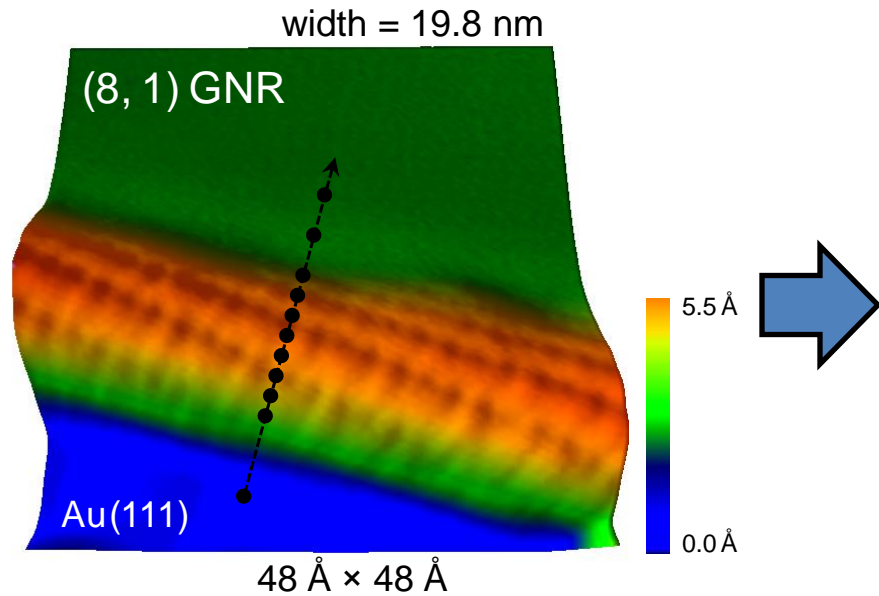
Width = 19.8 nm



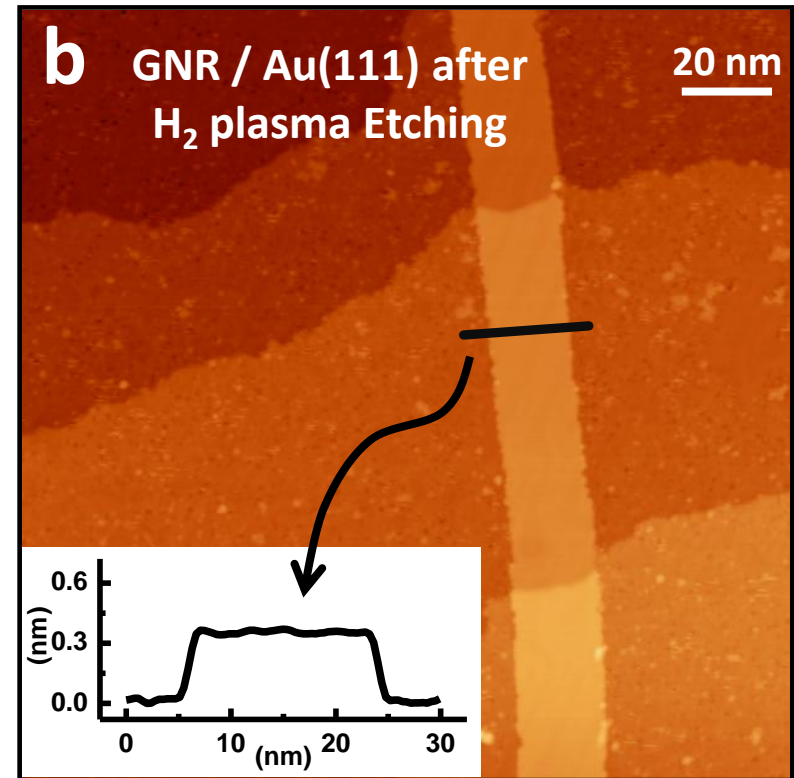
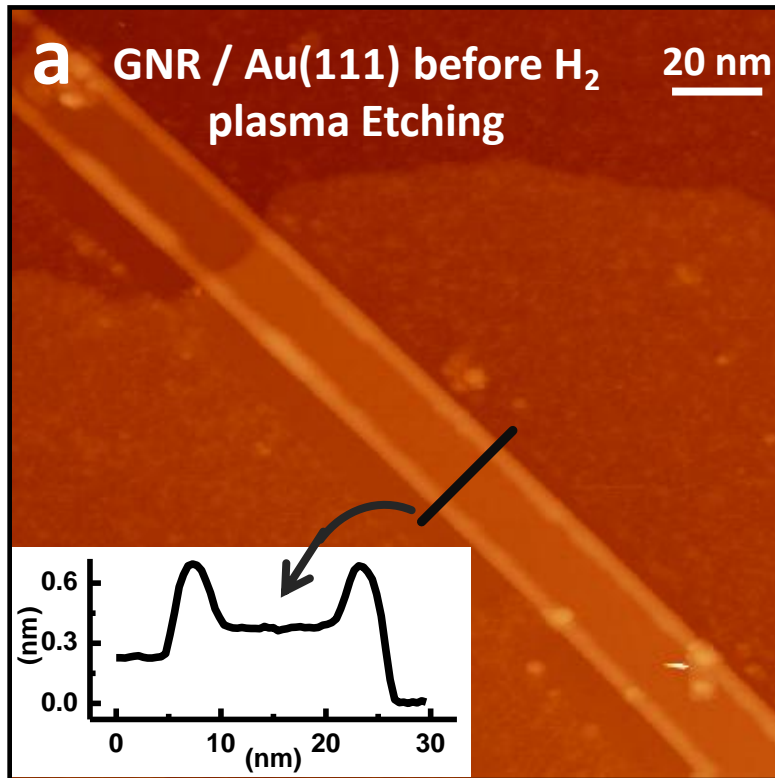
(8, 1) GNR



STM Spectroscopy of Nanoribbon Edge State



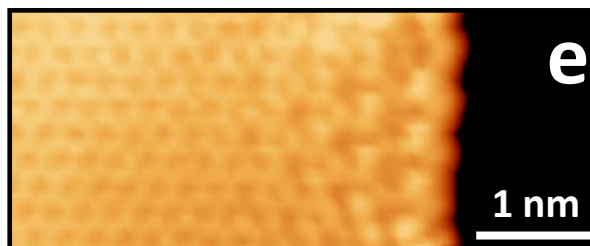
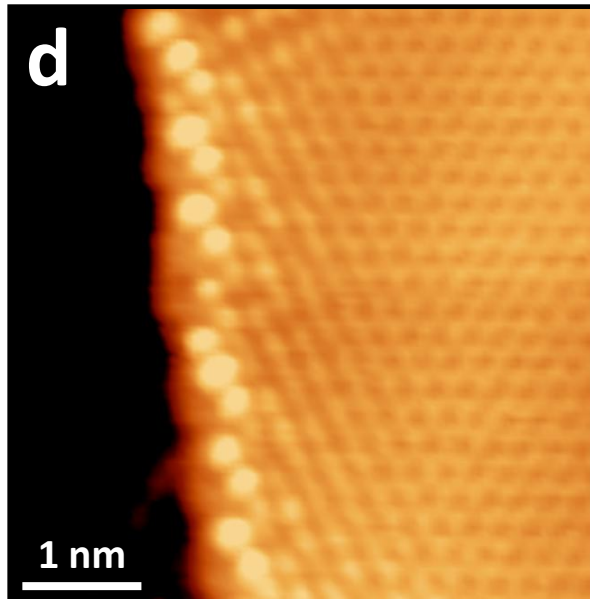
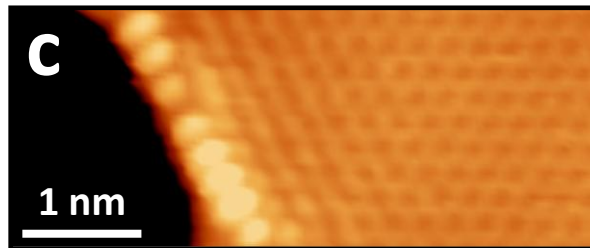
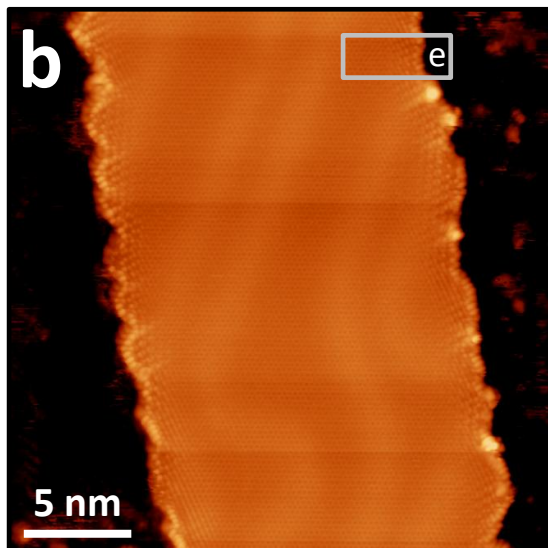
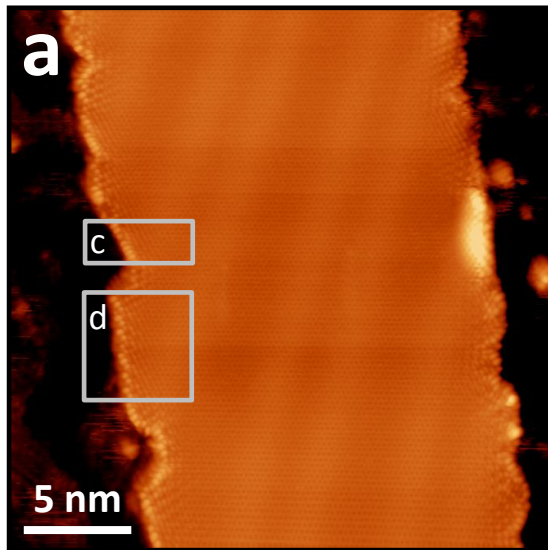
Control GNR Edge Through H₂ Plasma Etch



Room temperature STM

Nano-scale Structure of Edge

Can Find Edge Symmetry,
But What is H-Composition?



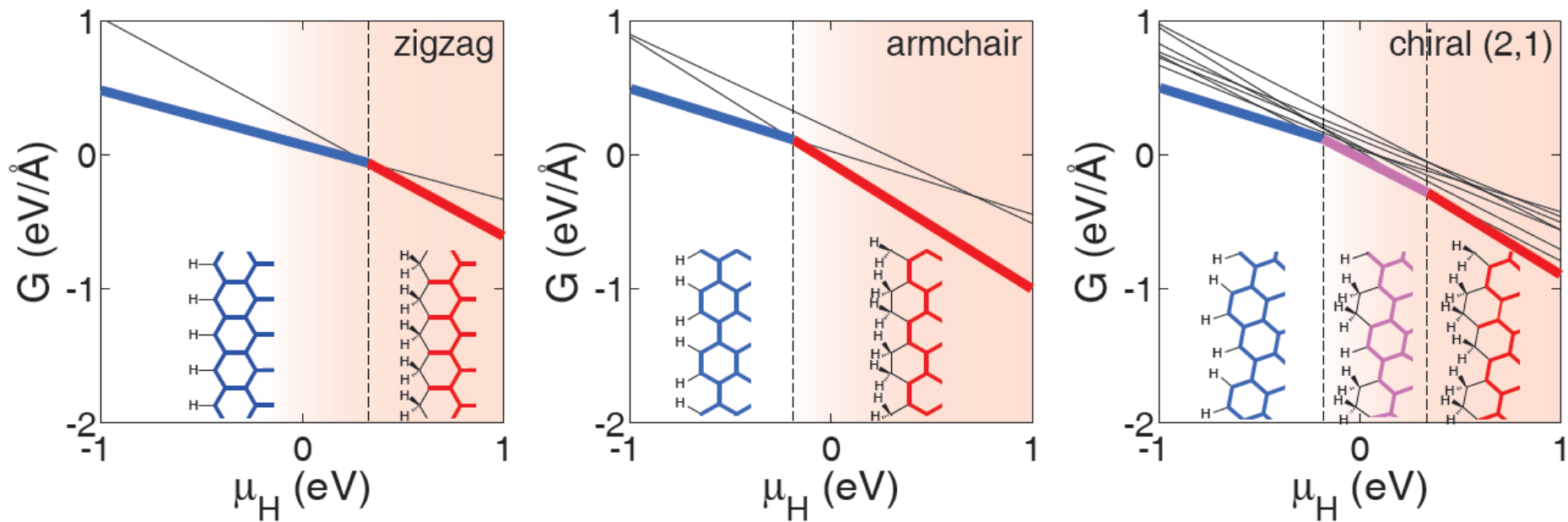
← Zigzag edge

← (2, 1) Chiral edge

← Armchair edge

What is Hydrogen Edge Structure?

Calculate Thermodynamic Stability of Different Edge Structures



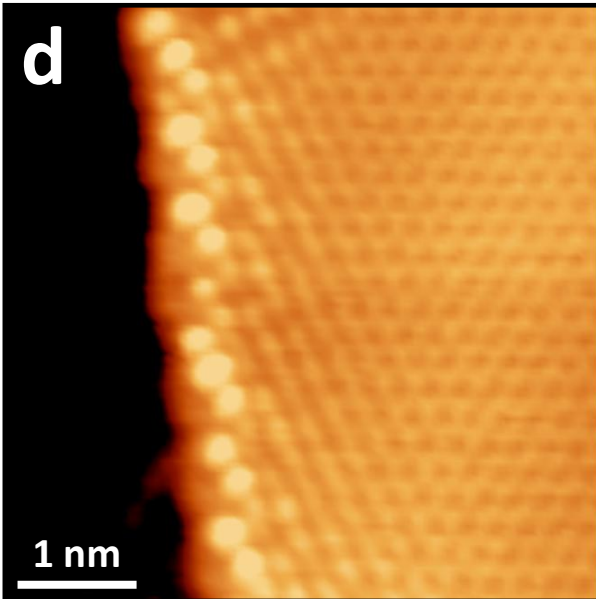
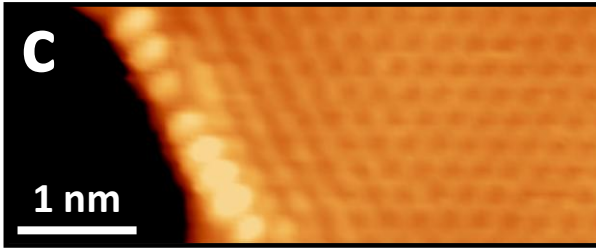
O. Yazyev, S. G. Louie & co-workers

Previous Work:

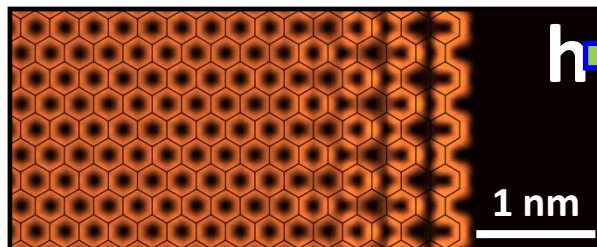
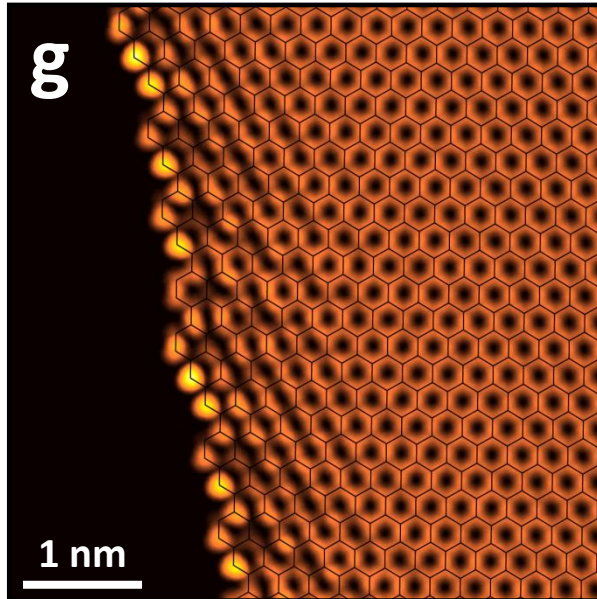
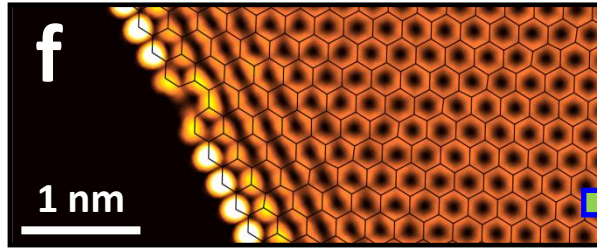
Wassman, Seitsonen, Marco Saitta, Lazzeri, Mauri,
PRL **101**, 096402 (2008)

Comparing Exp. Edge to Theory w/ Proper *H*-structure

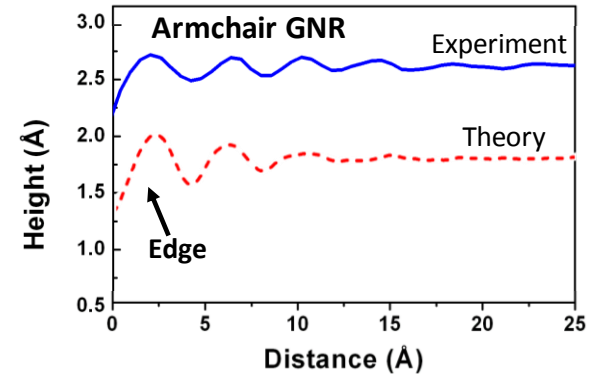
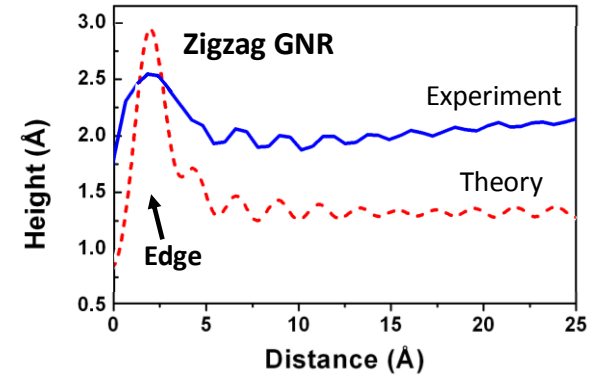
EXPERIMENT



THEORY



Averaged Linescans



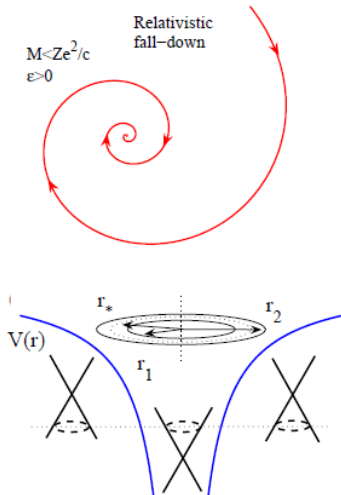
Conclusion

I) Dirac Fermion Screening of Tunable Charge Impurities

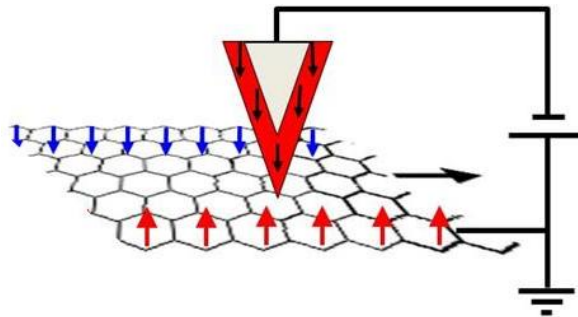
II) Controlling GNR Edges through Chemical Functionalization

Future:

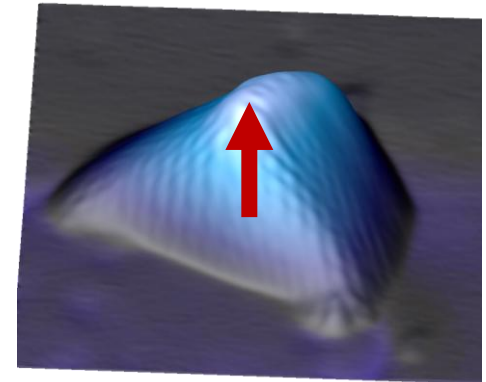
Atomic Collapse



SPSTM of GNRs



Pseudo-field and Spin



Collaborators:

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The End