

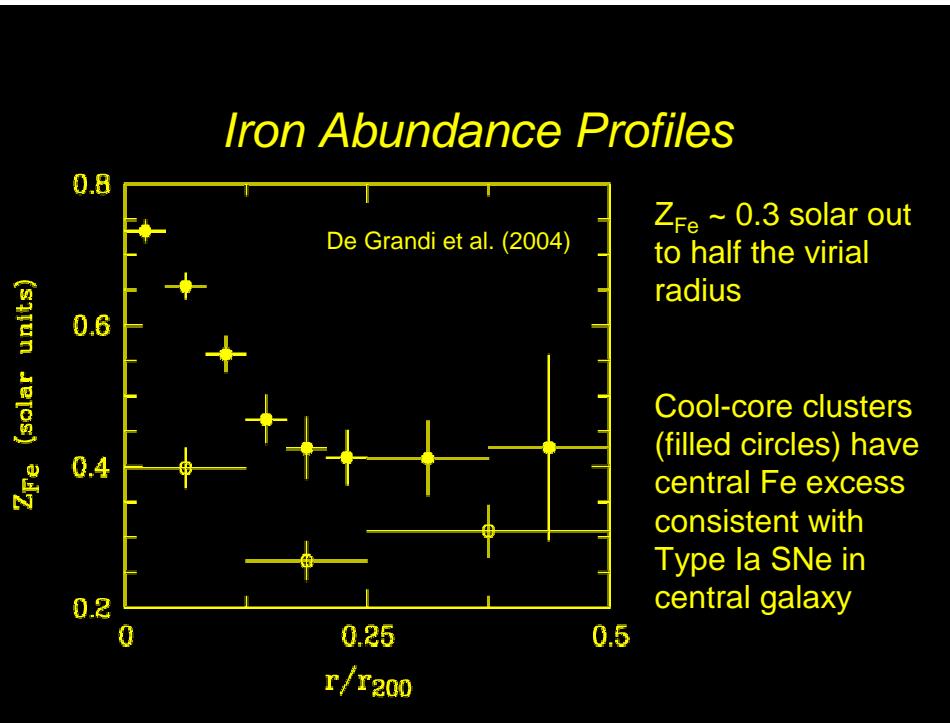
Cluster Thermodynamics: Entropy

Intracluster Entropy

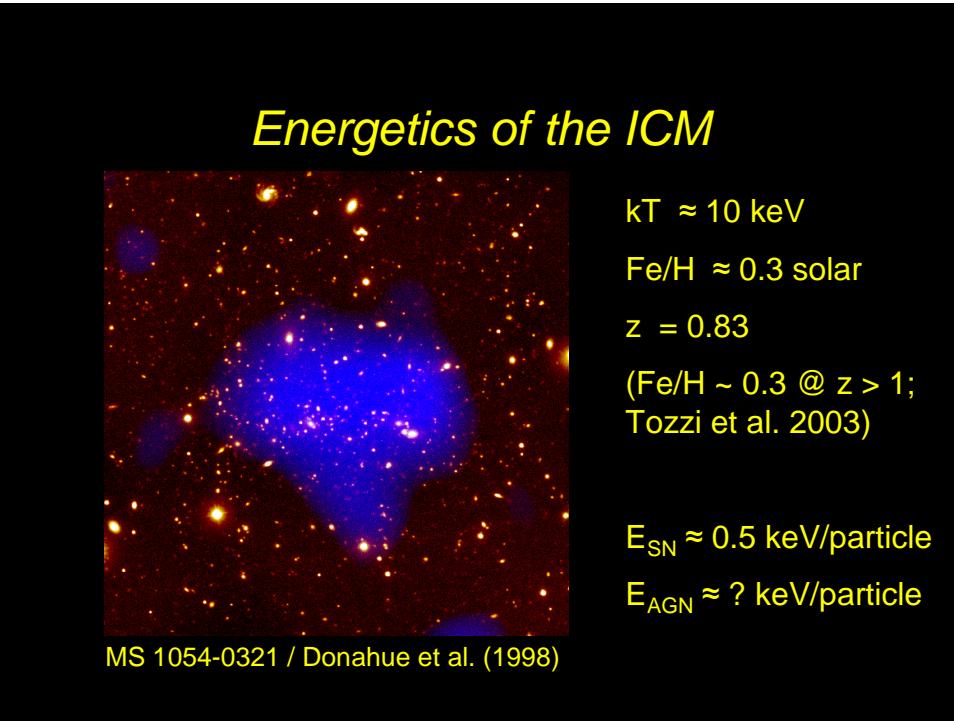
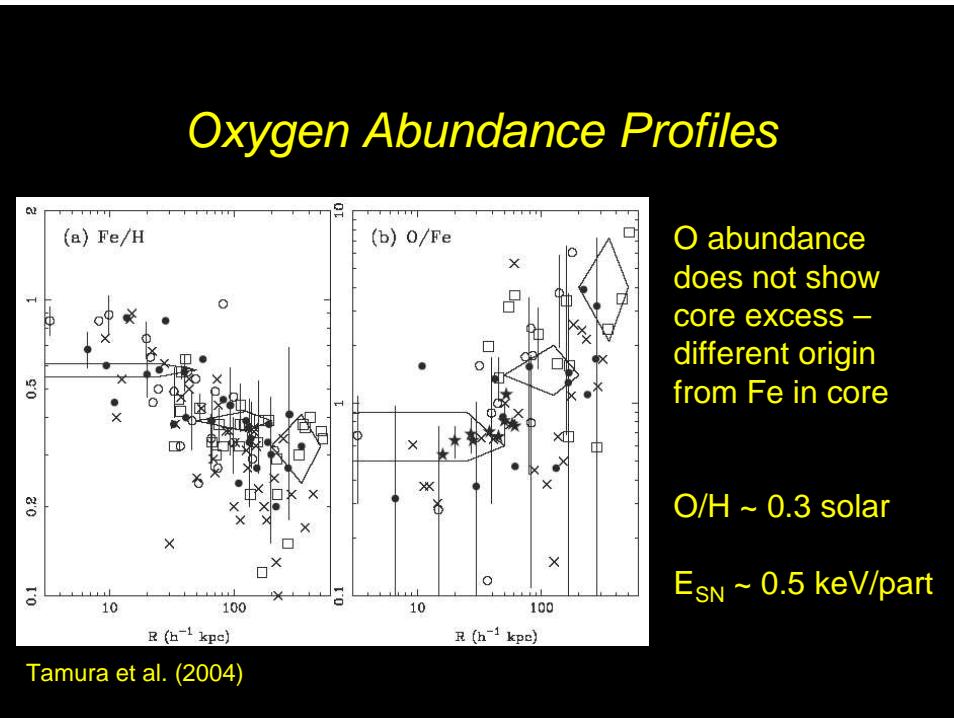
$$K = P\rho^{-5/3} \propto Tn_e^{-2/3} \text{ (keV cm}^2\text{)}$$

- Entropy distribution in ICM determines a cluster's equilibrium structure
- Entropy distribution retains information about cluster's thermodynamic history
- Feedback changes K more than T

*How much energy have
galaxies put into the ICM?*



The Thermodynamics of Galaxy Clusters



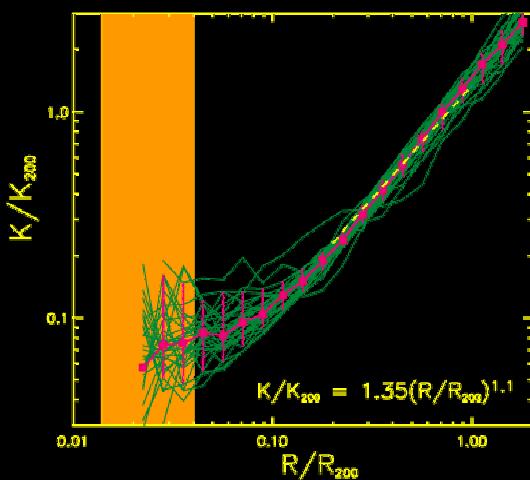
MS 1054-0321 / Donahue et al. (1998)

$kT \approx 10 \text{ keV}$
 $\text{Fe/H} \approx 0.3 \text{ solar}$
 $z = 0.83$
($\text{Fe/H} \sim 0.3 @ z > 1$;
Tozzi et al. 2003)

$E_{\text{SN}} \approx 0.5 \text{ keV/particle}$
 $E_{\text{AGN}} \approx ? \text{ keV/particle}$

How does galaxy feedback alter cluster structure?

Clusters Without Feedback



Self-similar entropy profiles in absence of galaxy formation scale with

$$K_{200} = \frac{T_{200}}{(200 f_b \rho_{cr})^{2/3}}$$

Also, $K(r) \sim r^{1.1}$

Voit, Kay, & Bryan (2004)

Entropy Floor: The Good

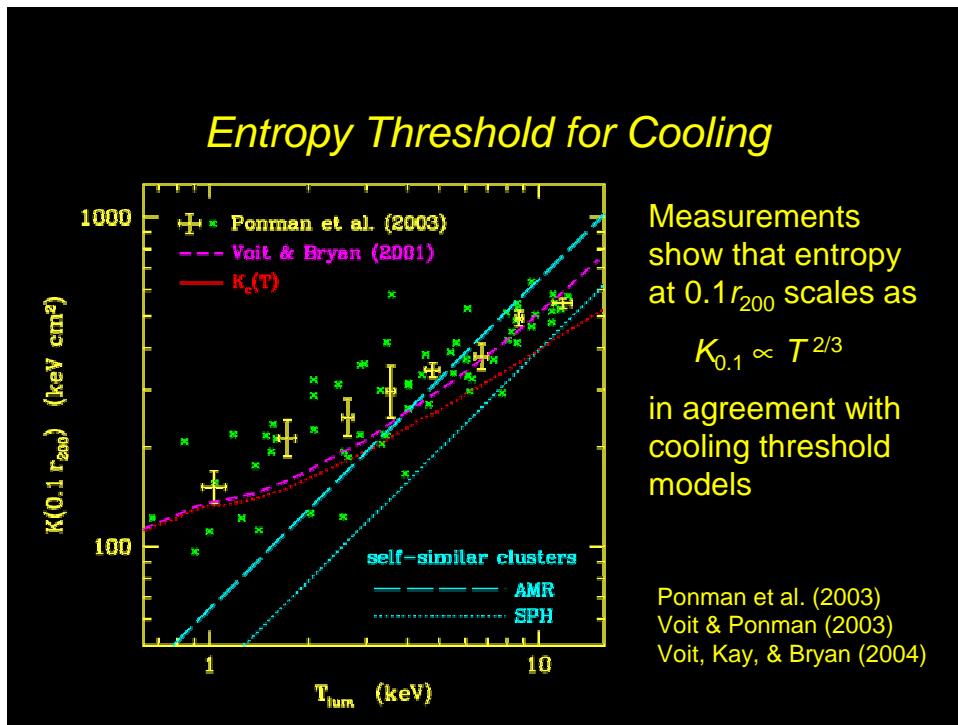
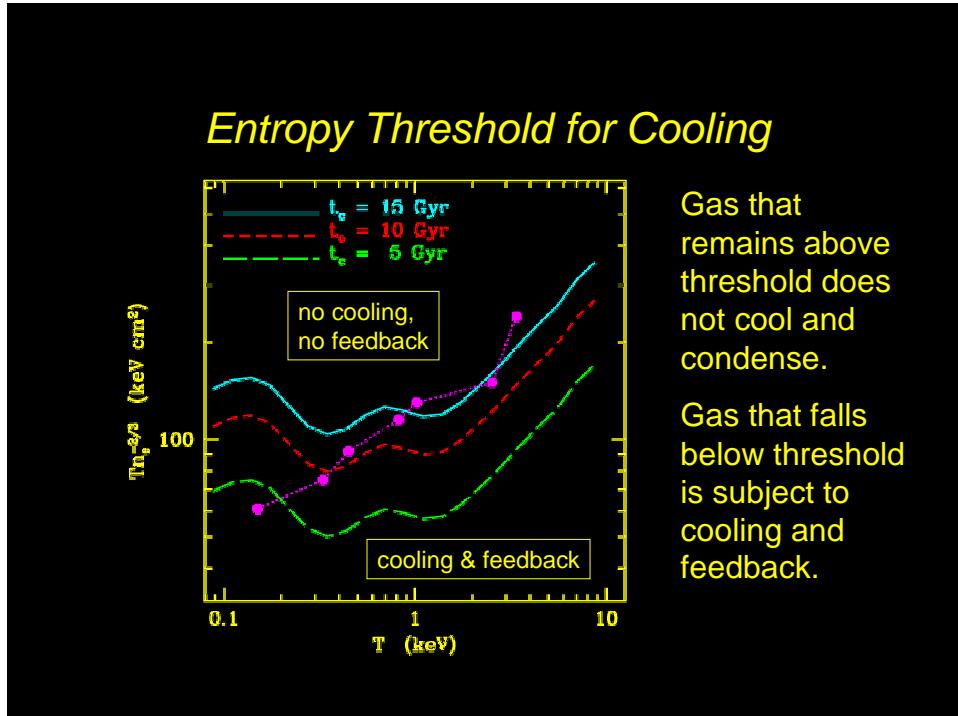
- Self-similar clusters: $L \sim T^2$
- Observed clusters: $L \sim T^3$
- Excess entropy in low- T systems suppresses core luminosity
- Universal entropy floor in early universe would lead to $L \sim T^3$
- Requires floor $\sim 100\text{-}200 \text{ keV cm}^2$

(Evrard & Henry 1991; Kaiser 1991)

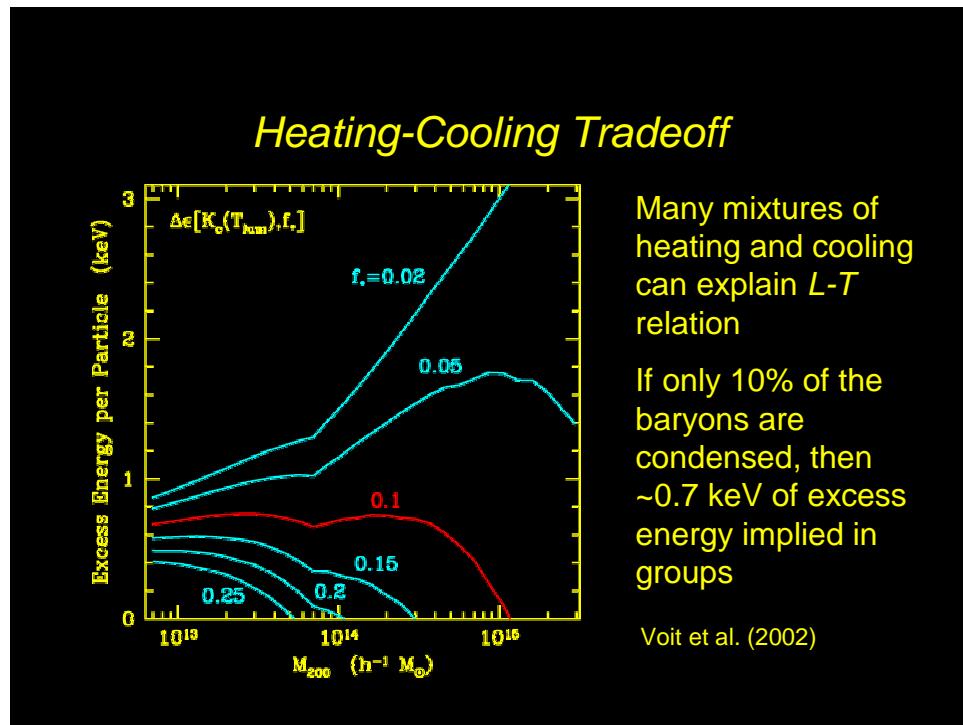
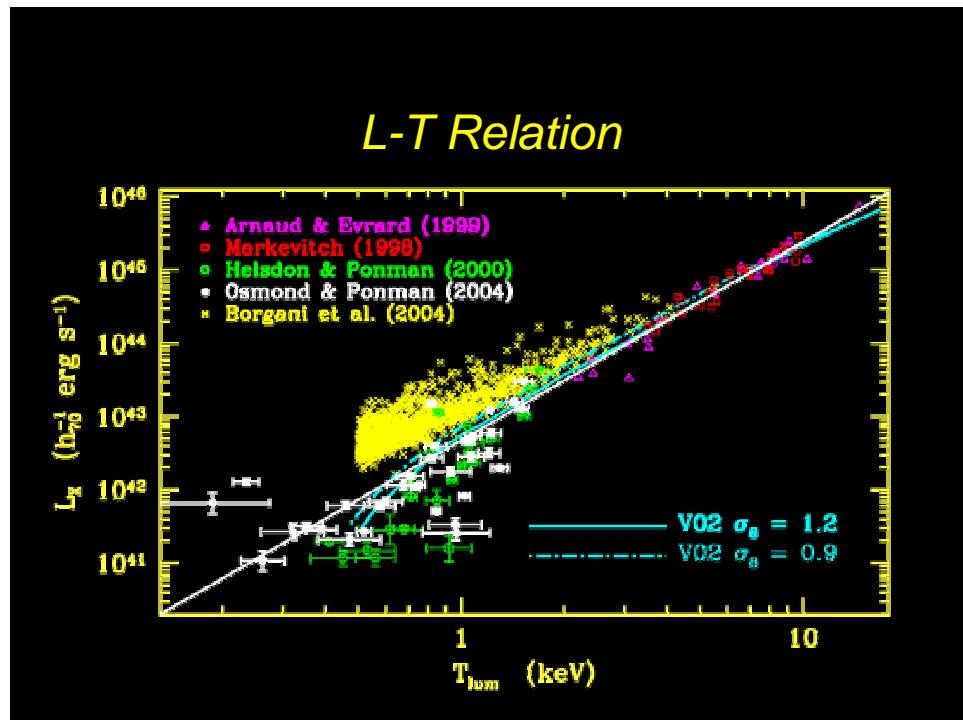
Entropy Floor: The Bad

- Universal floor at $z\sim 3$ implies $T_{\text{IGM}} > 10^5 \text{ K}$
- Imposing floor at $z\sim 3$ in virialized systems requires $\sim 1 \text{ keV part}^{-1}$
- XMM data do not show isentropic cores in groups

The Thermodynamics of Galaxy Clusters

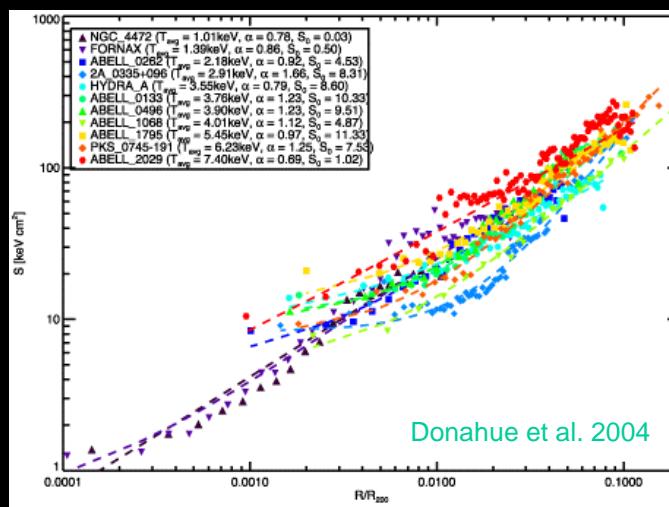


The Thermodynamics of Galaxy Clusters



What can cluster structure tell us about galaxy feedback?

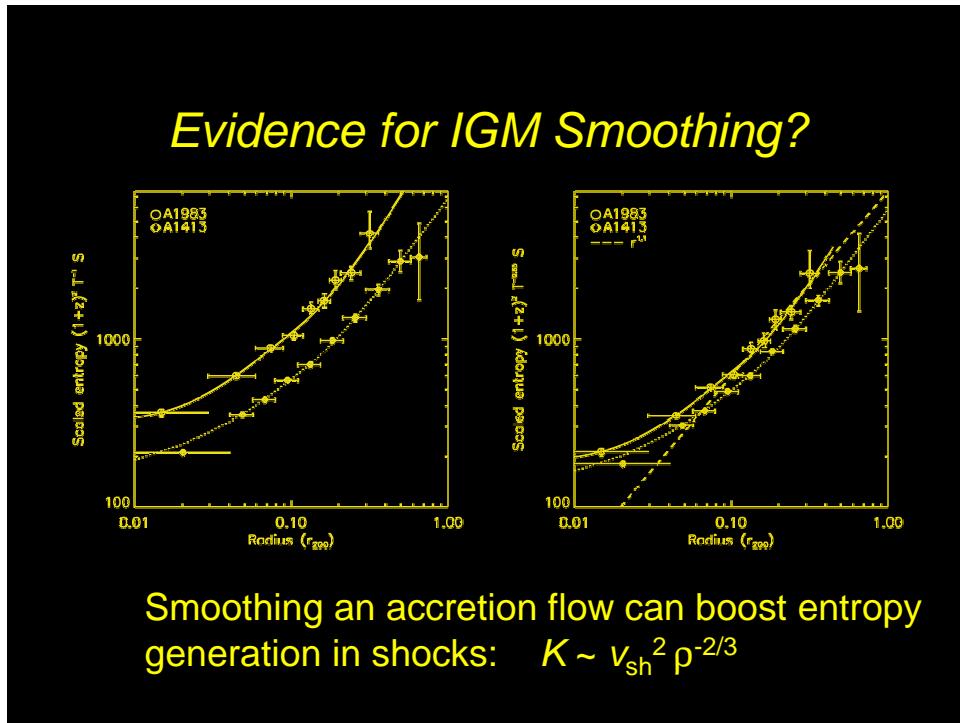
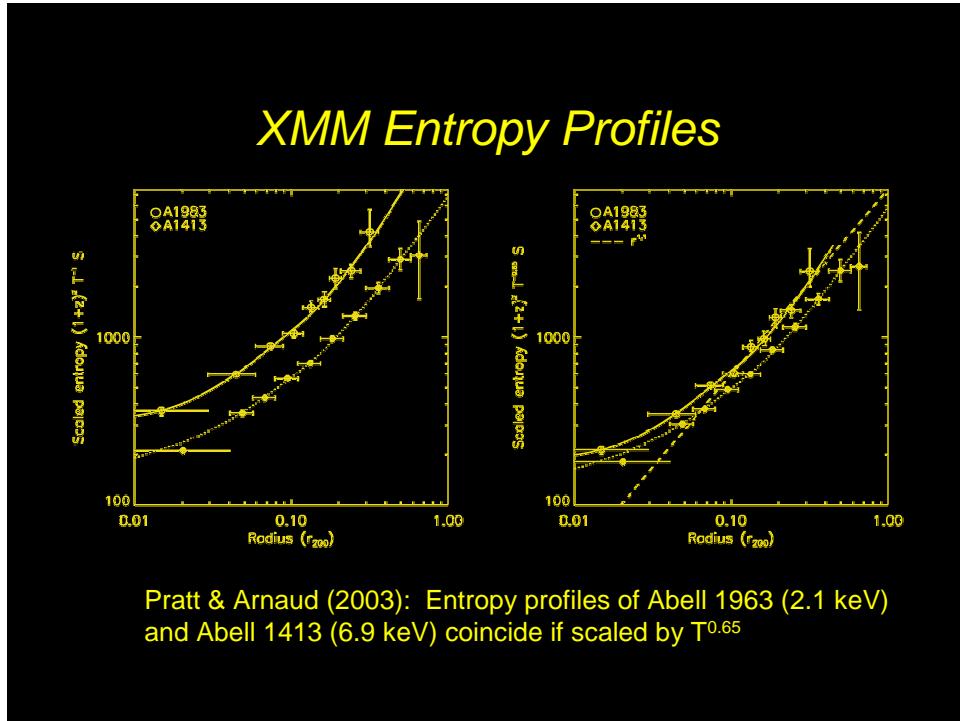
Chandra Entropy Profiles



Core entropy
profiles very
regular

No entropy
inversions
indicating
central
heating

The Thermodynamics of Galaxy Clusters



The Thermodynamics of Galaxy Clusters

