

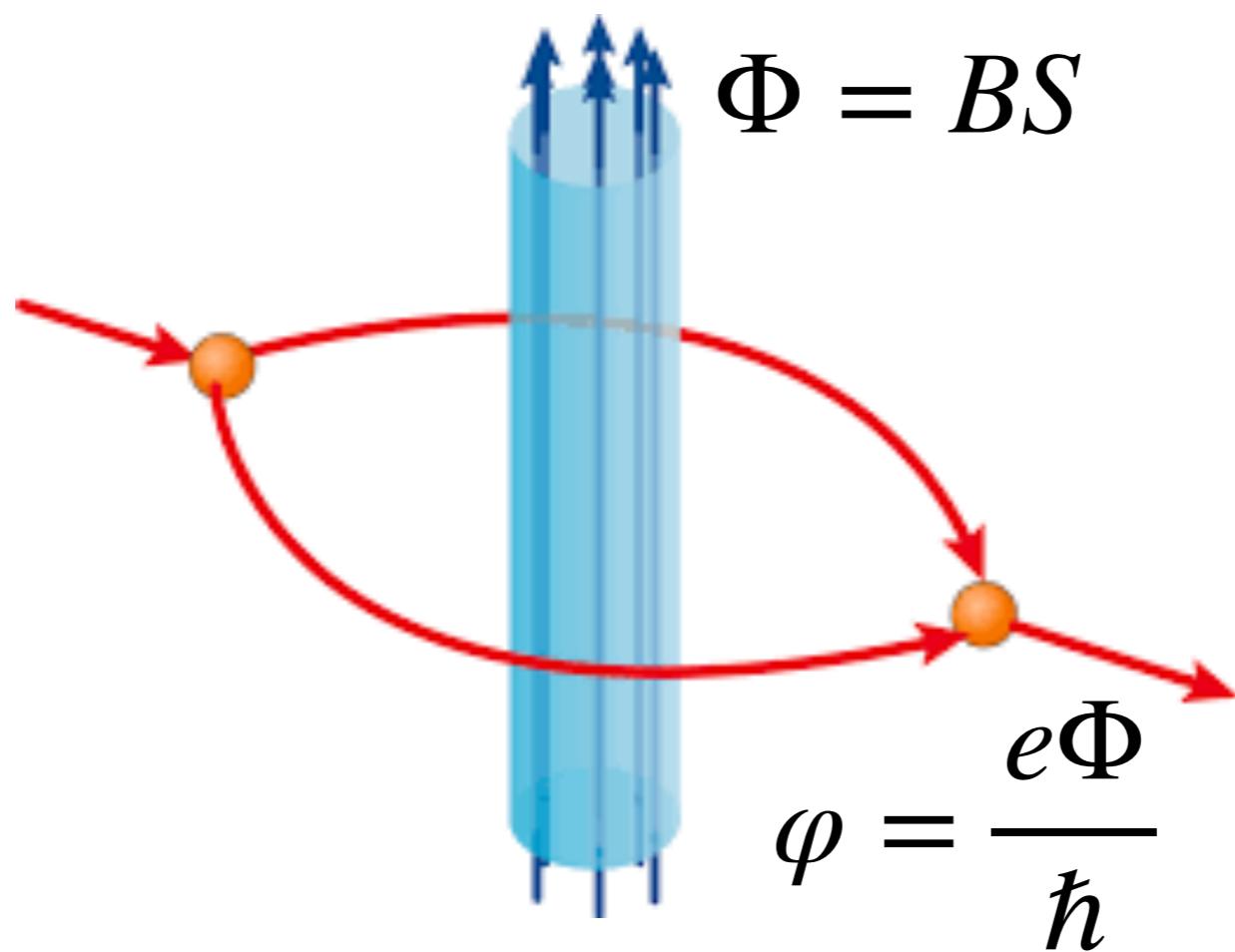
Berry phase from Axiverse string

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1912.02823

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Topological effects



Aharonov-Bohm effect

Topological new physics

Topological defects

Topological interaction

Topological defects

Monopoles

Strings

Domain Walls

Magnetic monopoles

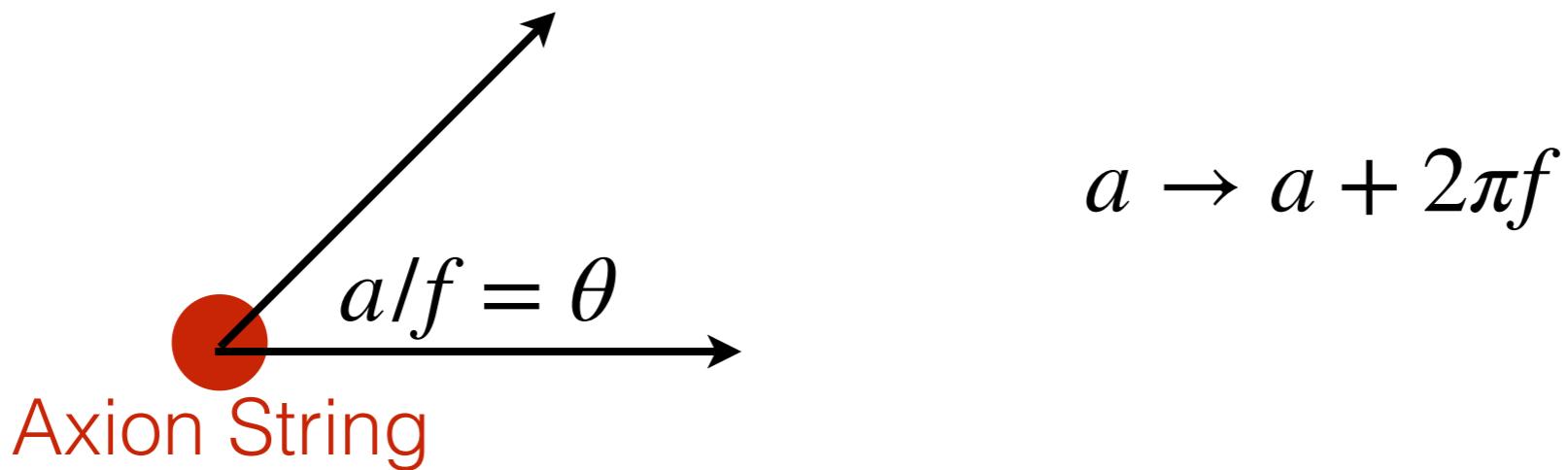
- Dirac Quantization: $eg = 2\pi n$
Dirac 1931
- A single monopole will teach us valuable information about charge quantization

$eg = 2\pi \rightarrow$ electron has unit charge

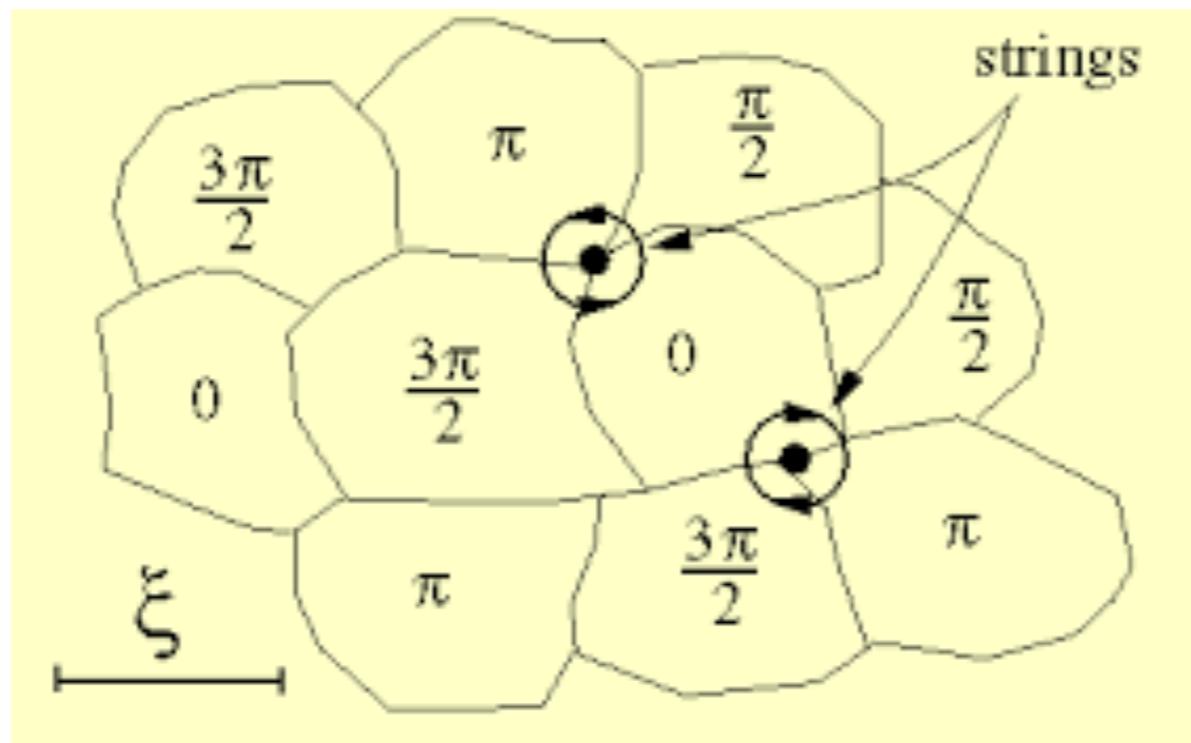
- The monopole problem (Inflation)

Topological defect

- Cosmic Axion string (defect)



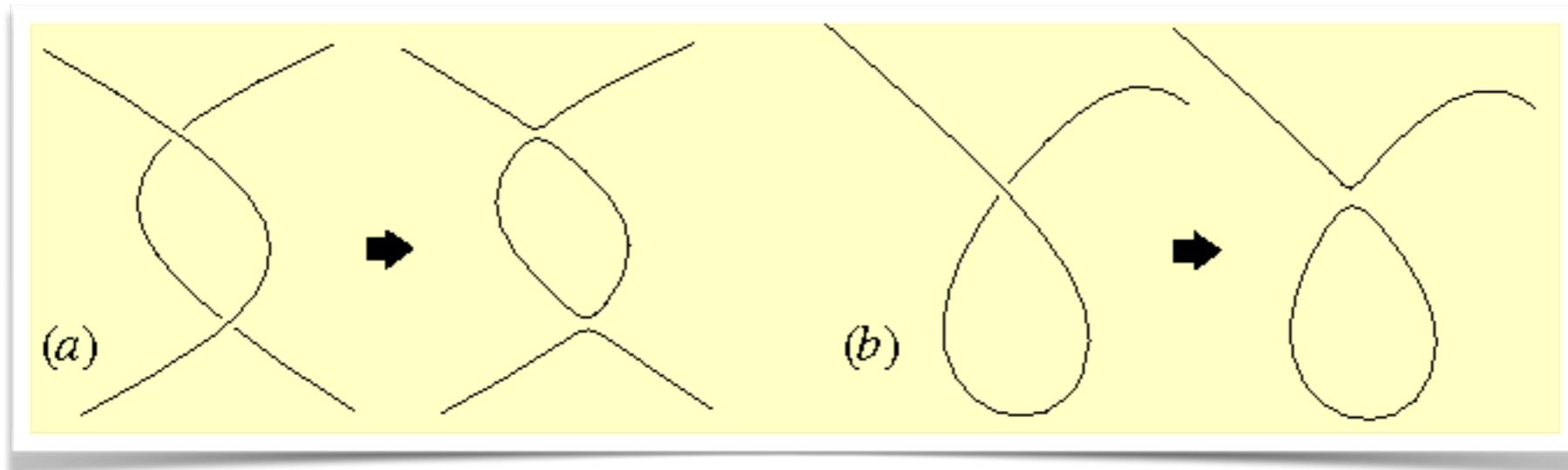
- Kibble Mechanism



Kibble 1976

Topological defect

- Strings interact by cutting each other open



- String network will reach a scaling solution
 $O(1)$ string/Hubble volume

Kibble 1976

- Logarithmic scaling violation

$$L \sim \xi / H \quad \xi \sim (1, 1000)$$

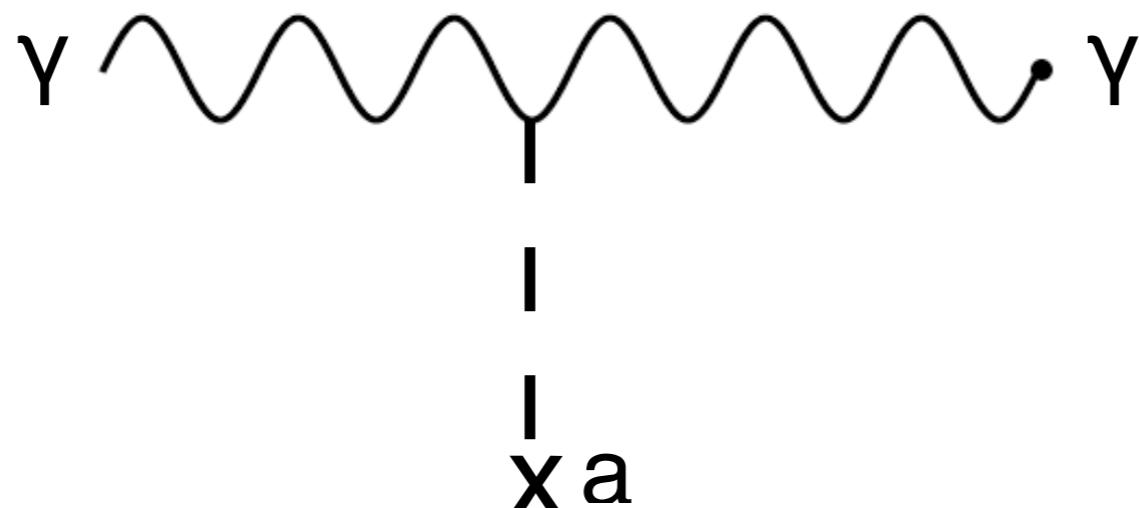
Gorghetto, Hardy, Villadoro, 1806.04677

Topological interactions

- Axion photon coupling (topological interaction)

$$g_{a\gamma\gamma} a F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}$$

- Light propagation in Axion background?



Topological interactions

- Axion photon coupling (topological interaction)

$$g_{a\gamma\gamma} a F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}$$

- Circularly polarized photon in axion background (phase accumulation)

$$A_\sigma(\eta, z) = A_\sigma(0,0) \times \exp [-i\omega\eta + ikz + i\sigma\Delta\Phi(\eta, z)]$$

$$\Delta\Phi(\eta, z) = g_{a\gamma\gamma} (a(\eta, z) - a(0,0))$$

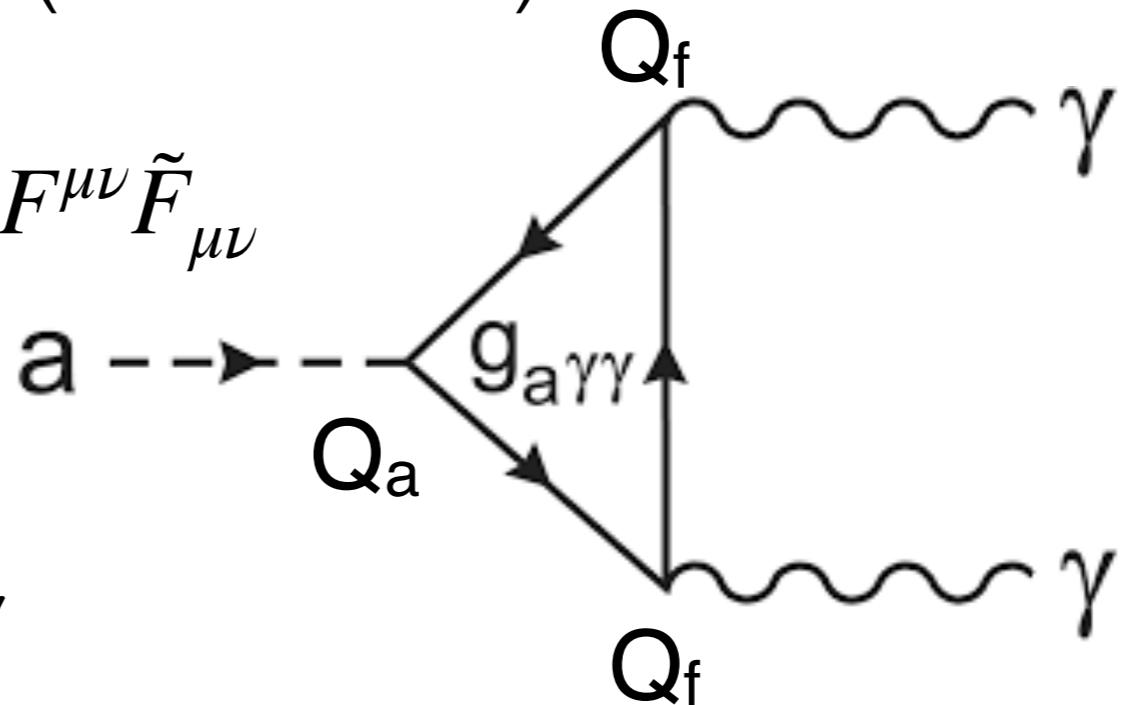
Fedderke, Graham, Rajendran, 1903.02666

- Linear polarization rotates

Topological interactions

- Axion photon coupling (interaction)

$$g_{a\gamma\gamma} a F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu} \rightarrow \mathcal{A} \frac{\alpha_{\text{em}}}{4\pi} \frac{a}{f} F^{\mu\nu} \tilde{F}_{\mu\nu}$$



- Anomaly coefficient \mathcal{A}

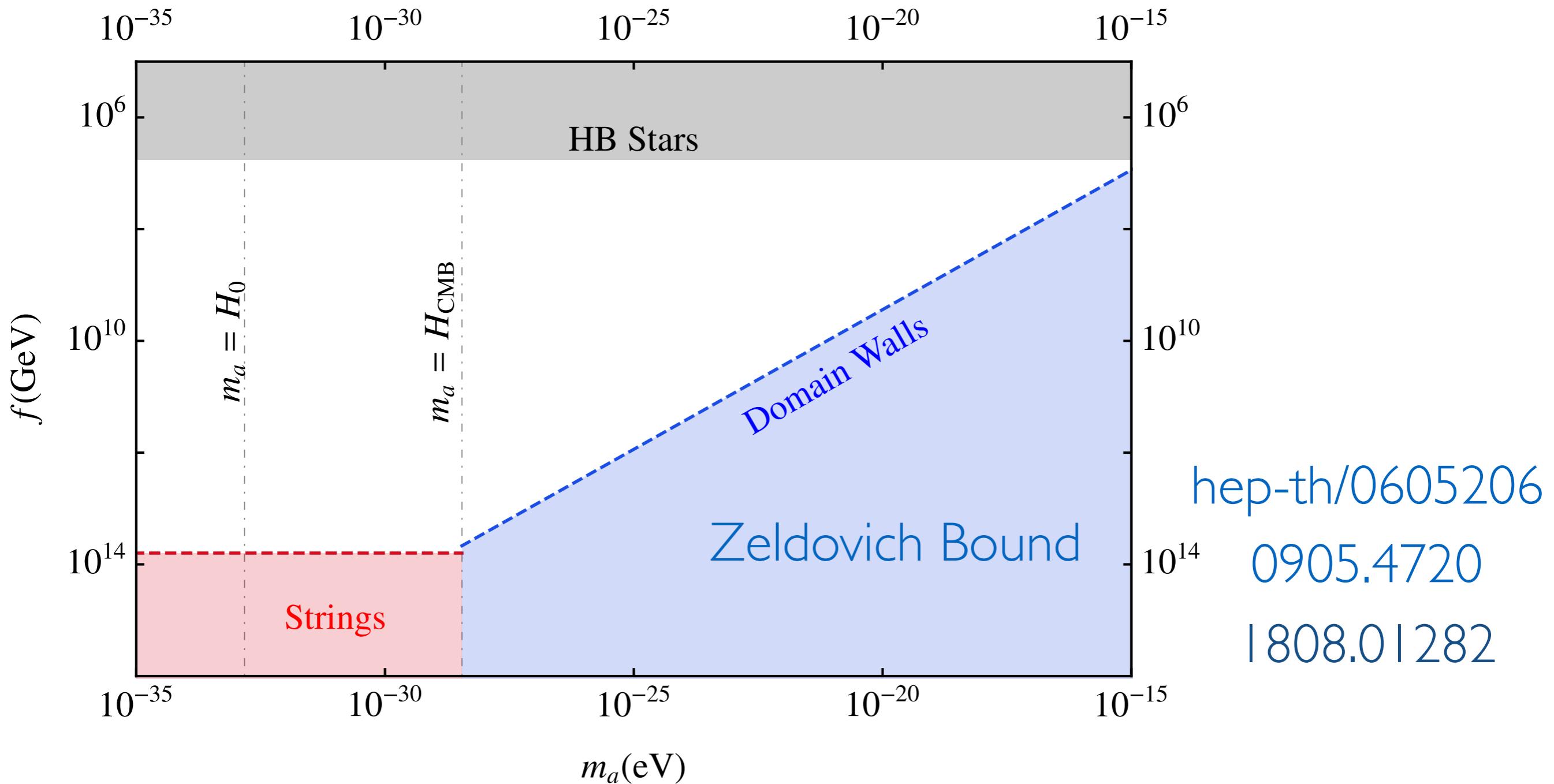
$$\mathcal{A} = \sum Q_f^2 Q_a =$$

Minimal GUT: 4/3
Electron like: Int
Quark like: Int/9

- If axion is DM, CMB suggests: $\frac{\mathcal{A}a}{f} \lesssim 60$

Parameter space

Our Berry Phase is independent of either m or f , no need for axion DM

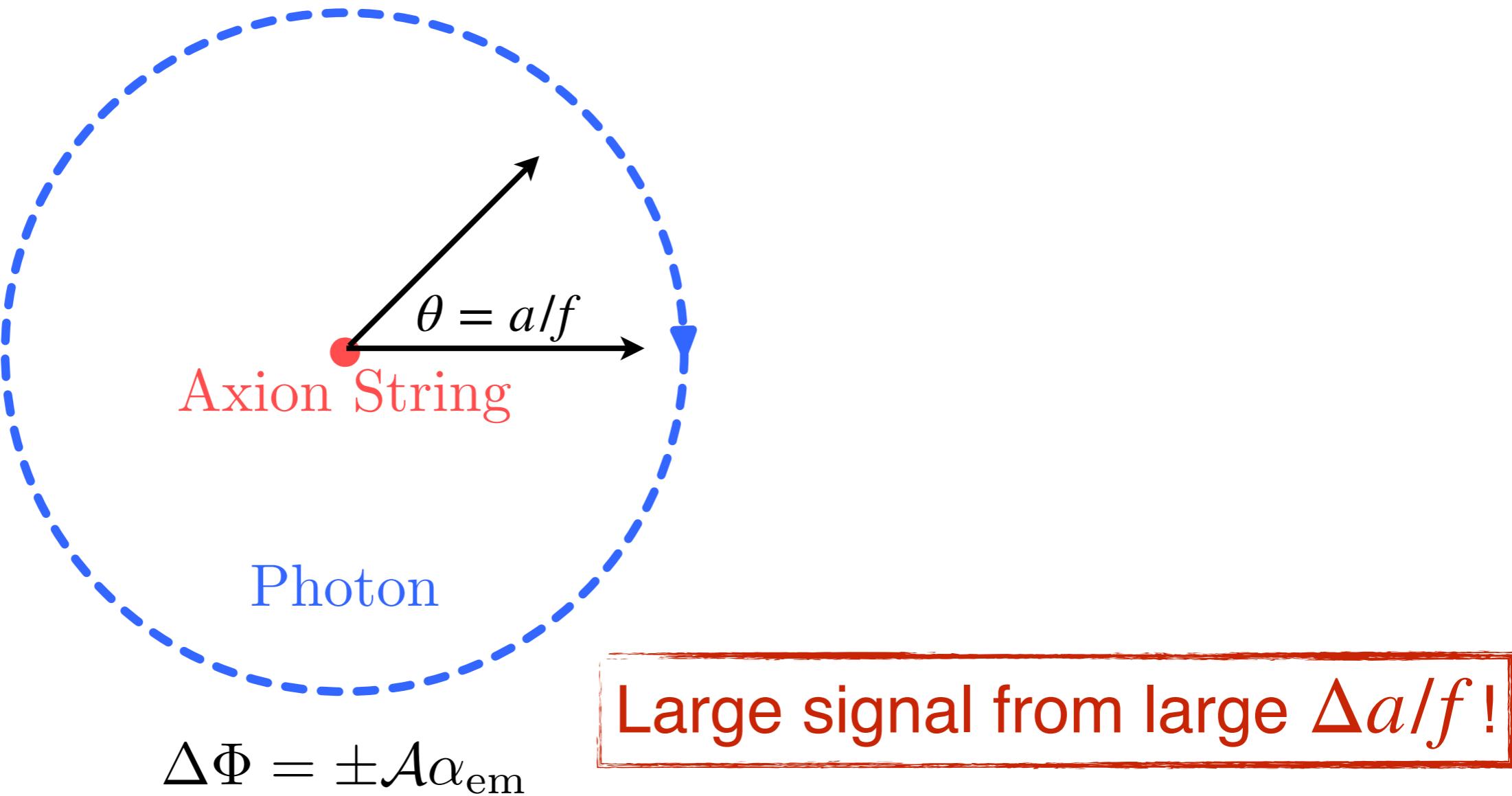


How to look for topological
effect of topological defect?

Axion Berry Phase
from
A single string

A single string (1)

Berry Phase: $\Delta\Phi(\eta, z) = \mathcal{A}\alpha_{\text{em}} \frac{a(\eta, z) - a(0,0)}{2\pi f}$



A single string (2)



Photon 1

$$\Delta\Phi_1 = \pm \mathcal{A}\alpha_{\text{em}}/2$$

Axion String

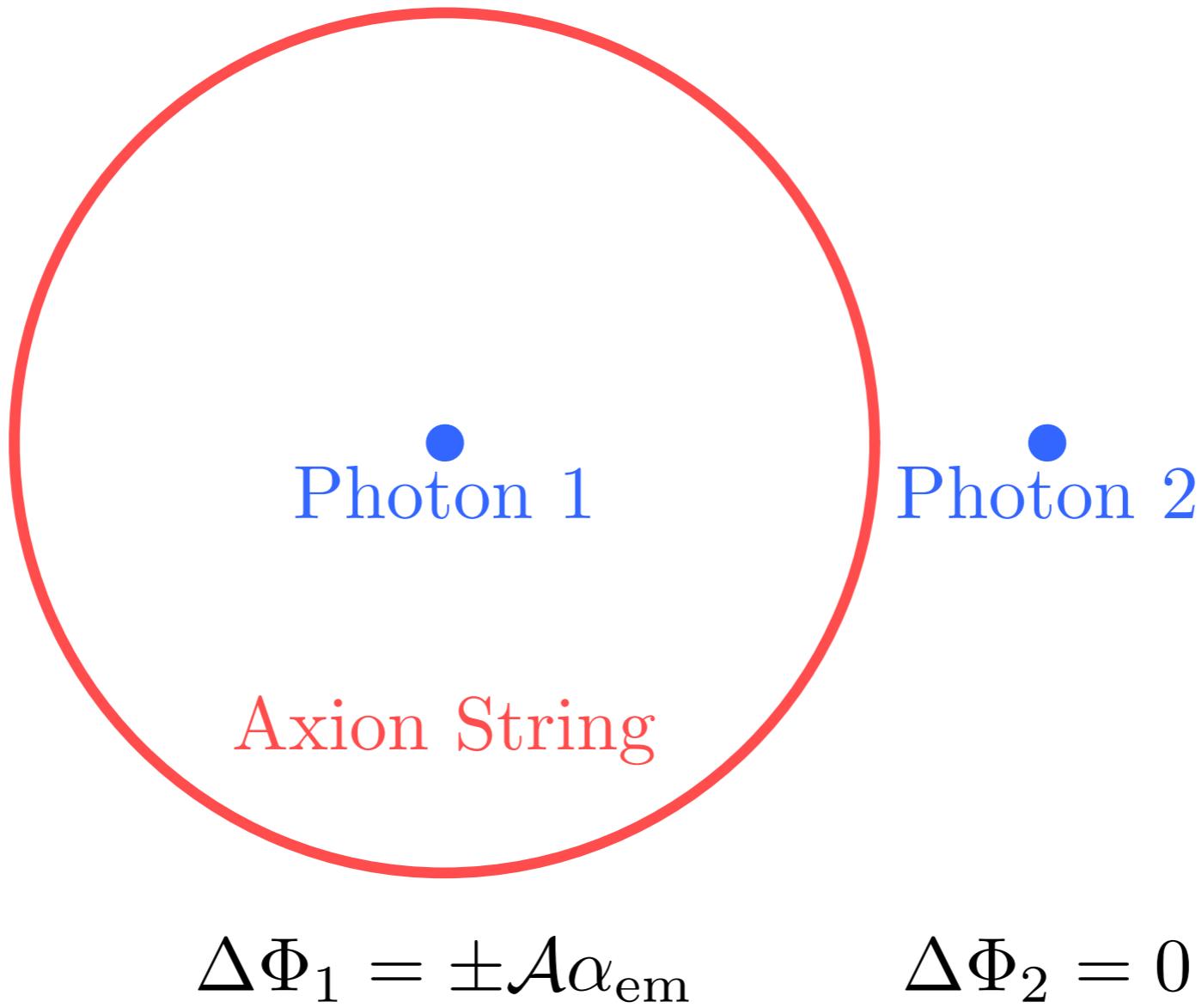
Photon 2

$$\Delta\Phi_2 = \mp \mathcal{A}\alpha_{\text{em}}/2$$



CMB (numerical method)

Axion string loop (3)

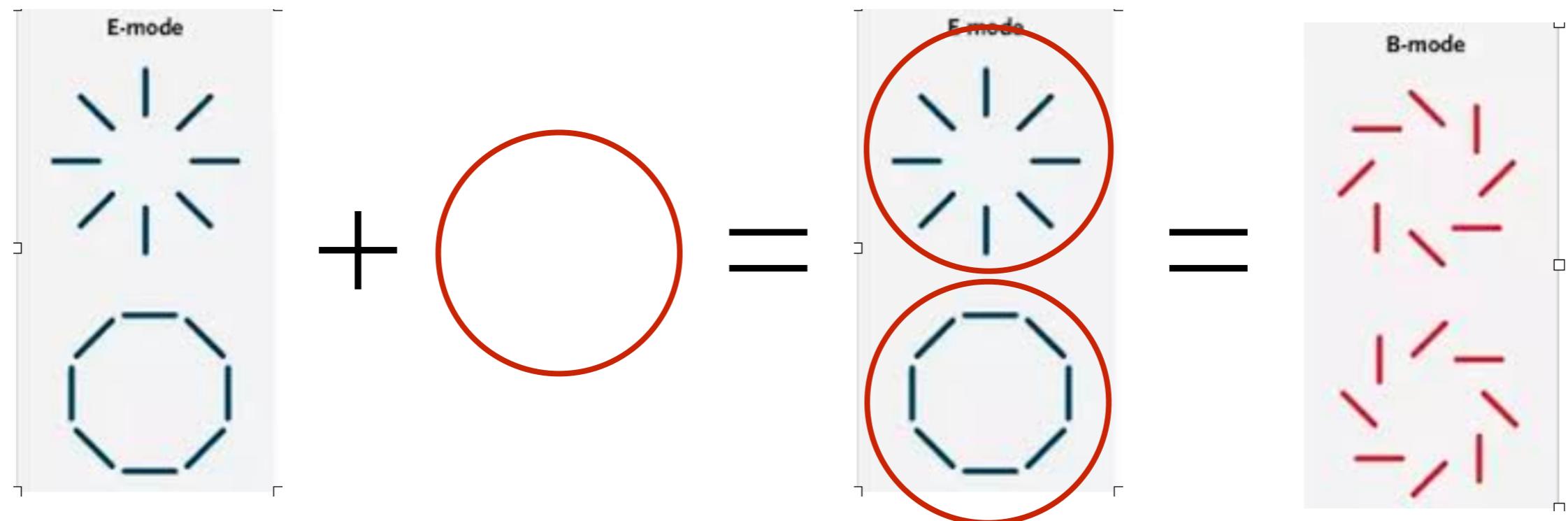


CMB (analytical method)



Polarization rotation correlations
&
CMB observables

CMB observable

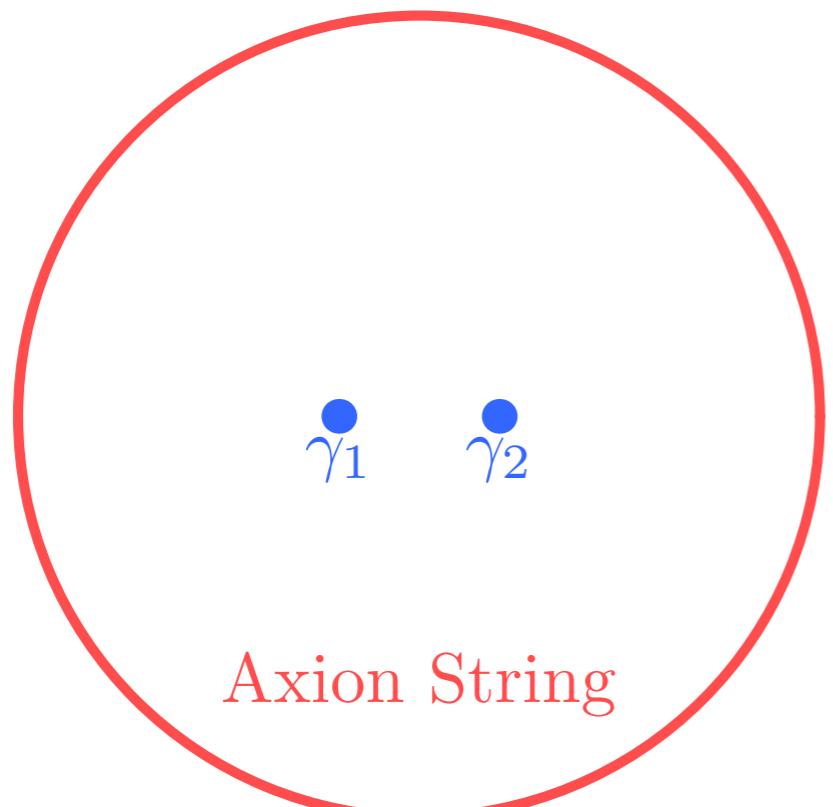


$$E + \Phi = B \quad \leftrightarrow \quad E + B \rightarrow \Phi \quad (\langle EBEB \rangle \rightarrow \langle \Phi\Phi \rangle)$$

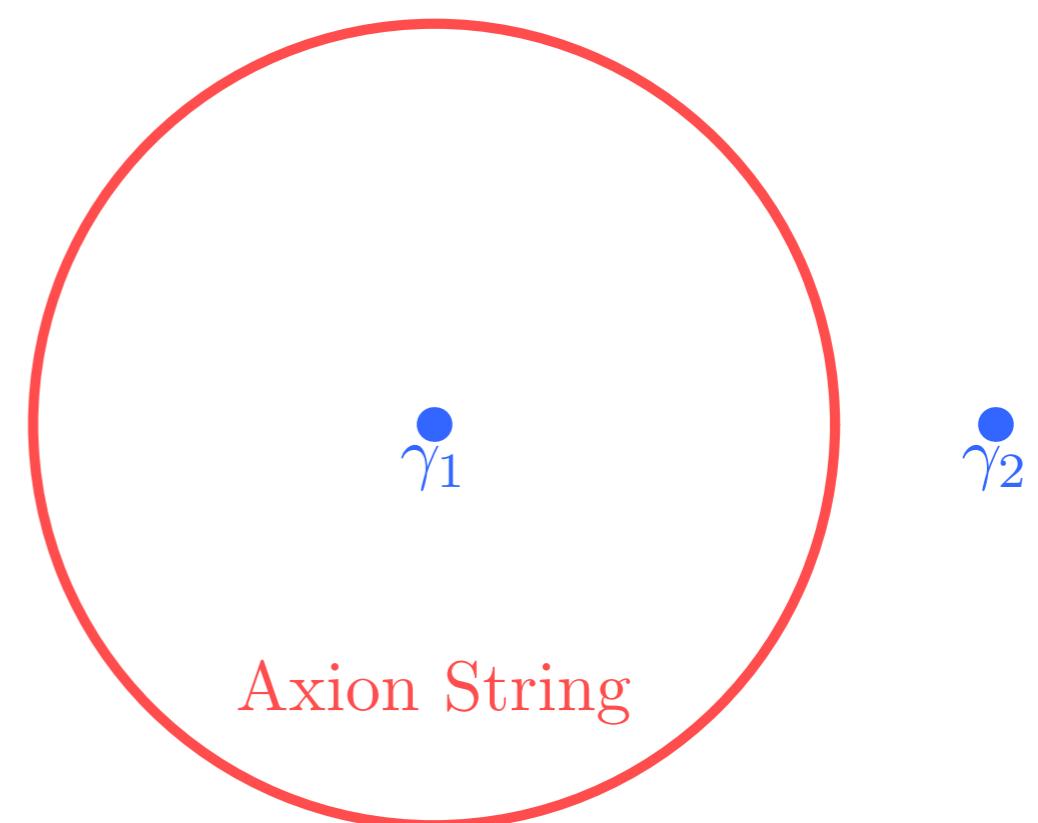
Topological => Frequency independent

$\Phi\Phi$ correlation (Analytical)

- The correlations are generated when



Correlation

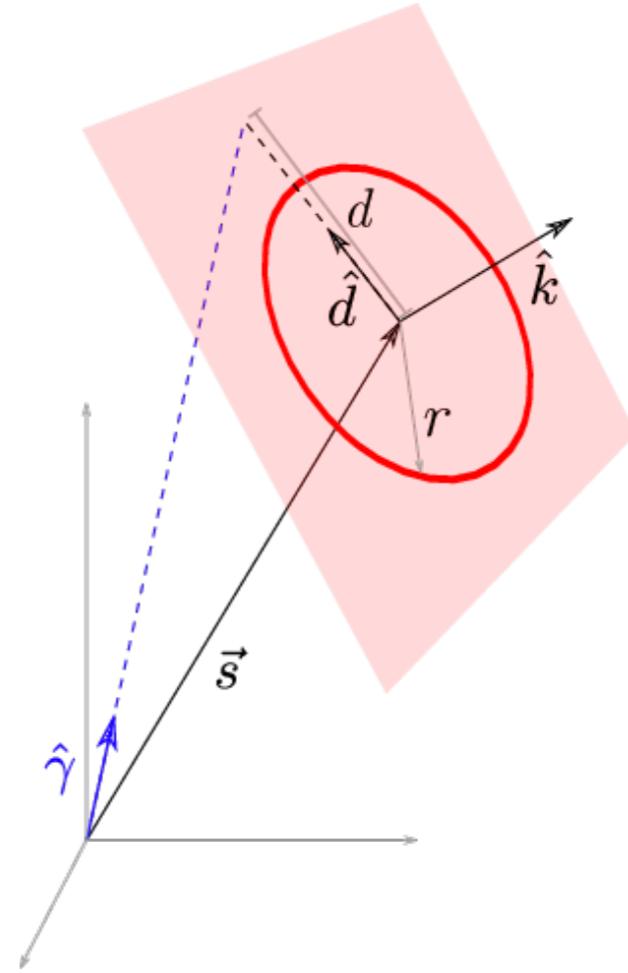


No correlation

- Same for higher point correlation functions

A toy analytical model

- We treat strings as loops with a radius of $r=1/H(\eta)$
- $\langle \Phi \rangle = 0$
- Two point functions:

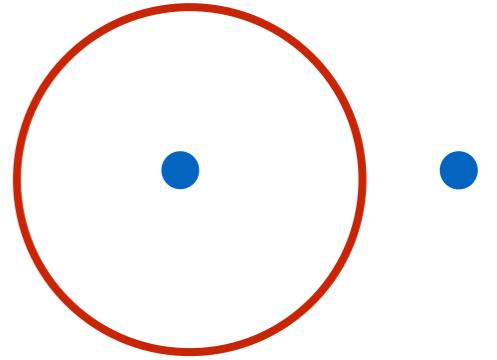


$$\langle \Phi(\hat{\gamma})\Phi(\hat{\gamma}') \rangle = (\mathcal{A}\alpha_{\text{em}})^2 \left[\int d\eta \int d^2\hat{s} \int d^2\hat{k} (\eta_0 - \eta)^2 f(\eta) \right] \times \Theta\left(\frac{\eta}{2} - d(\hat{s}, \hat{\gamma}, \hat{k}, \eta)\right) \Theta\left(\frac{\eta}{2} - d(\hat{s}, \hat{\gamma}', \hat{k}, \eta)\right)$$

Counting loops

Photon goes through the loop

Toy analytical model

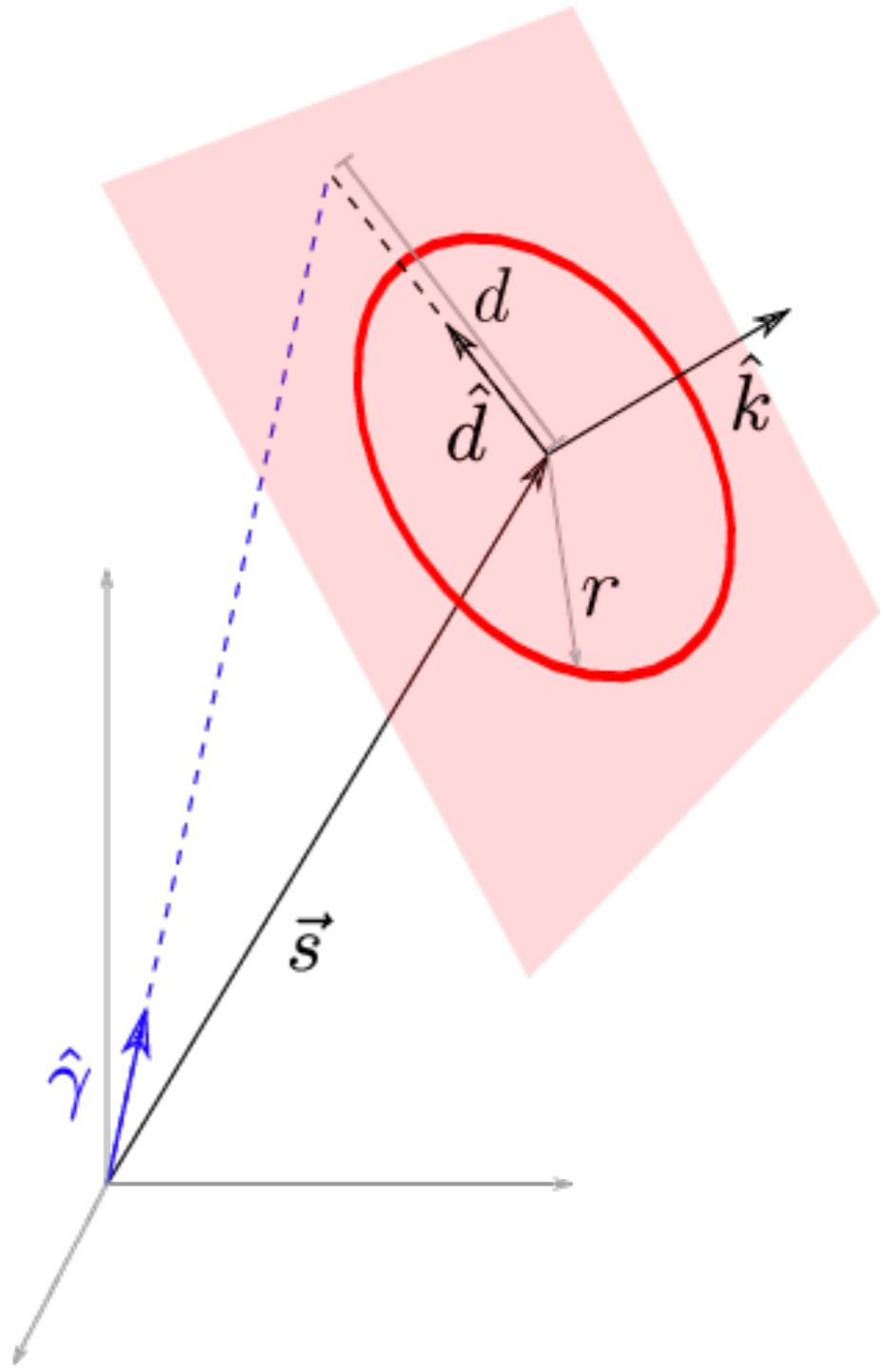


- The amplitude of the signal:

$$\langle \Phi(\hat{\gamma})\Phi(\hat{\gamma}) \rangle \approx \xi \mathcal{A}^2 \alpha_{\text{em}}^2 \log \left(\frac{\eta_0}{\eta_{CMB}} \right)$$

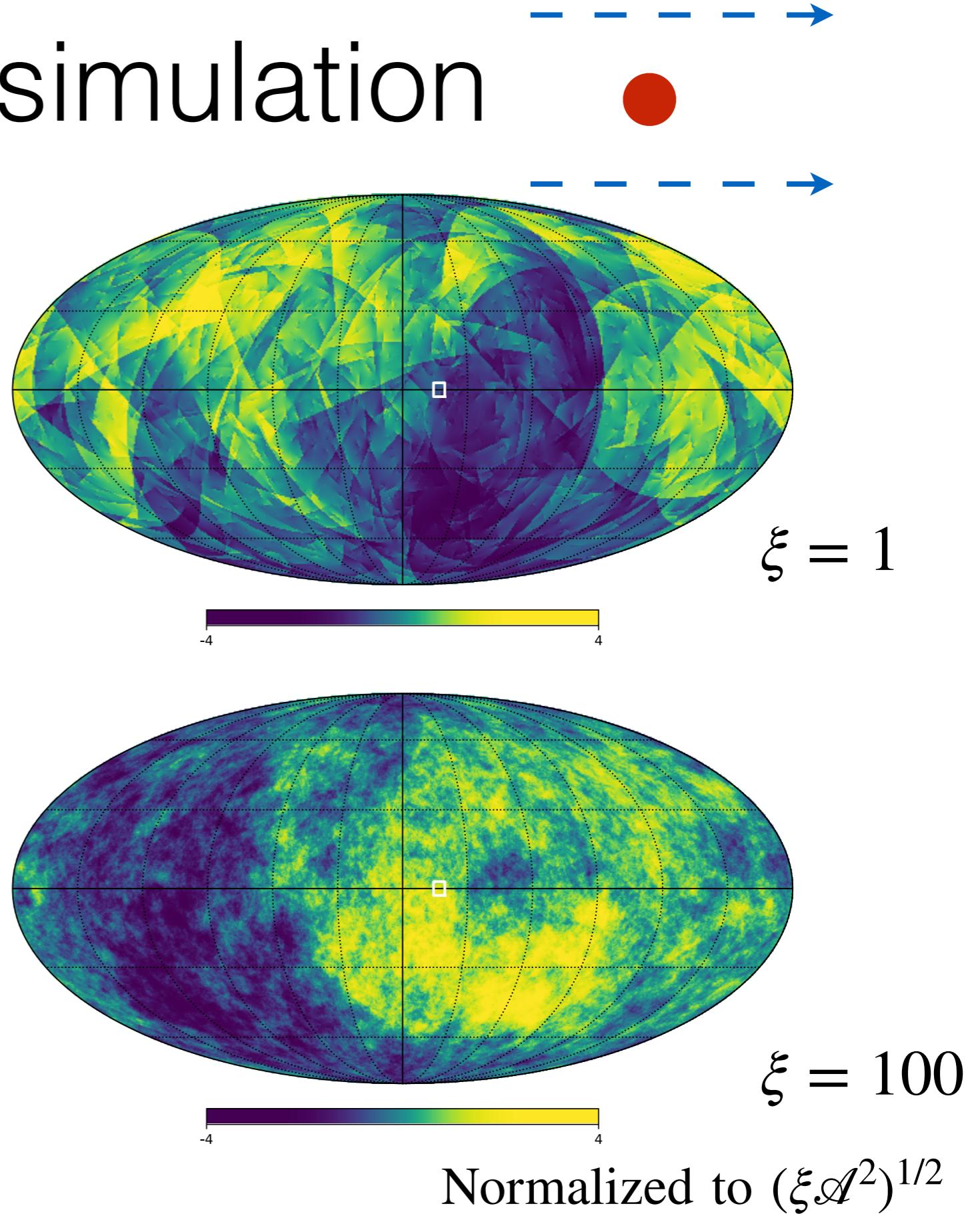
$$\sqrt{\Phi\Phi} \sim \mathcal{A} \alpha_{\text{em}} \sqrt{N_{\text{string}}}$$

Large signal from random walk!

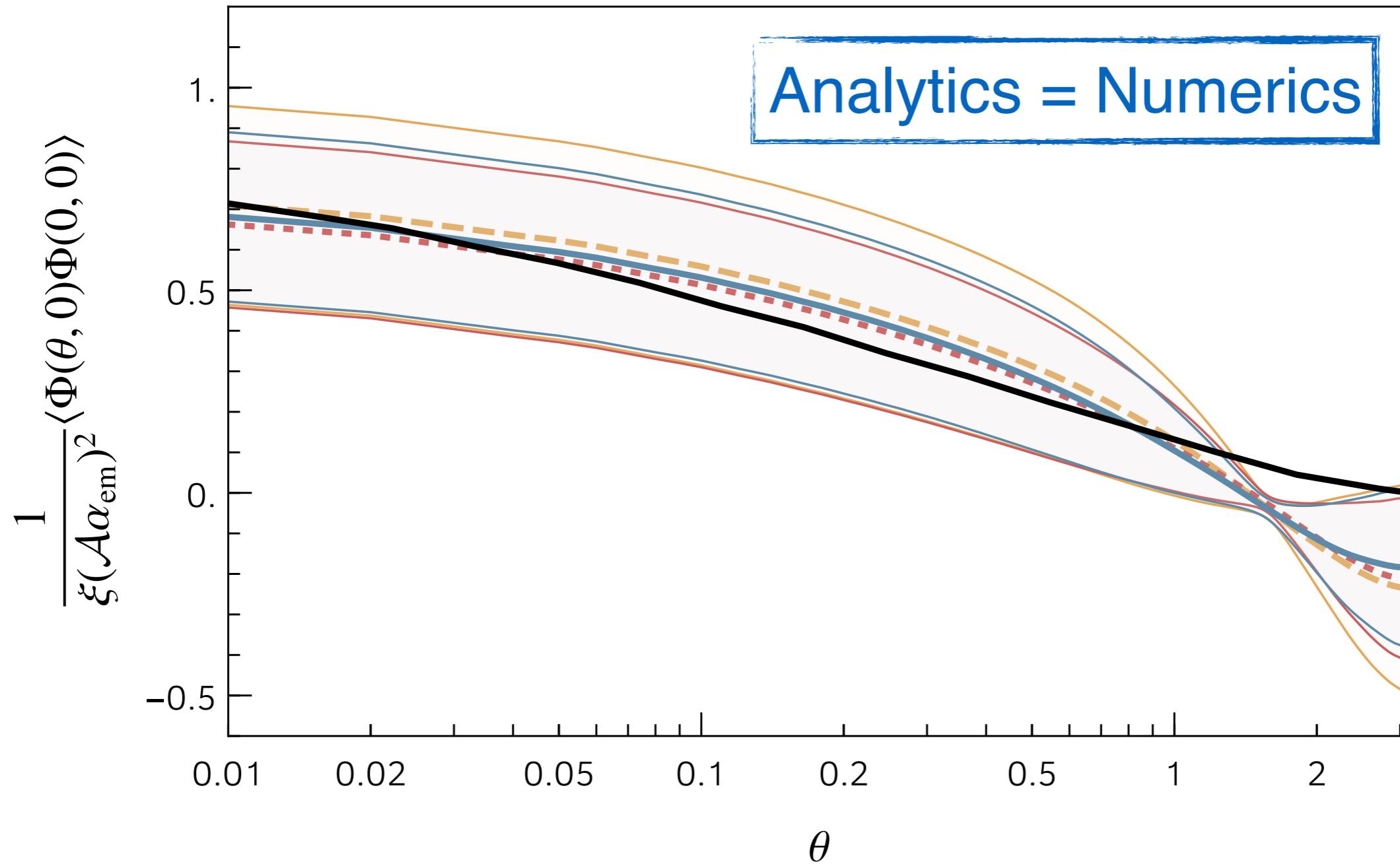


A toy simulation

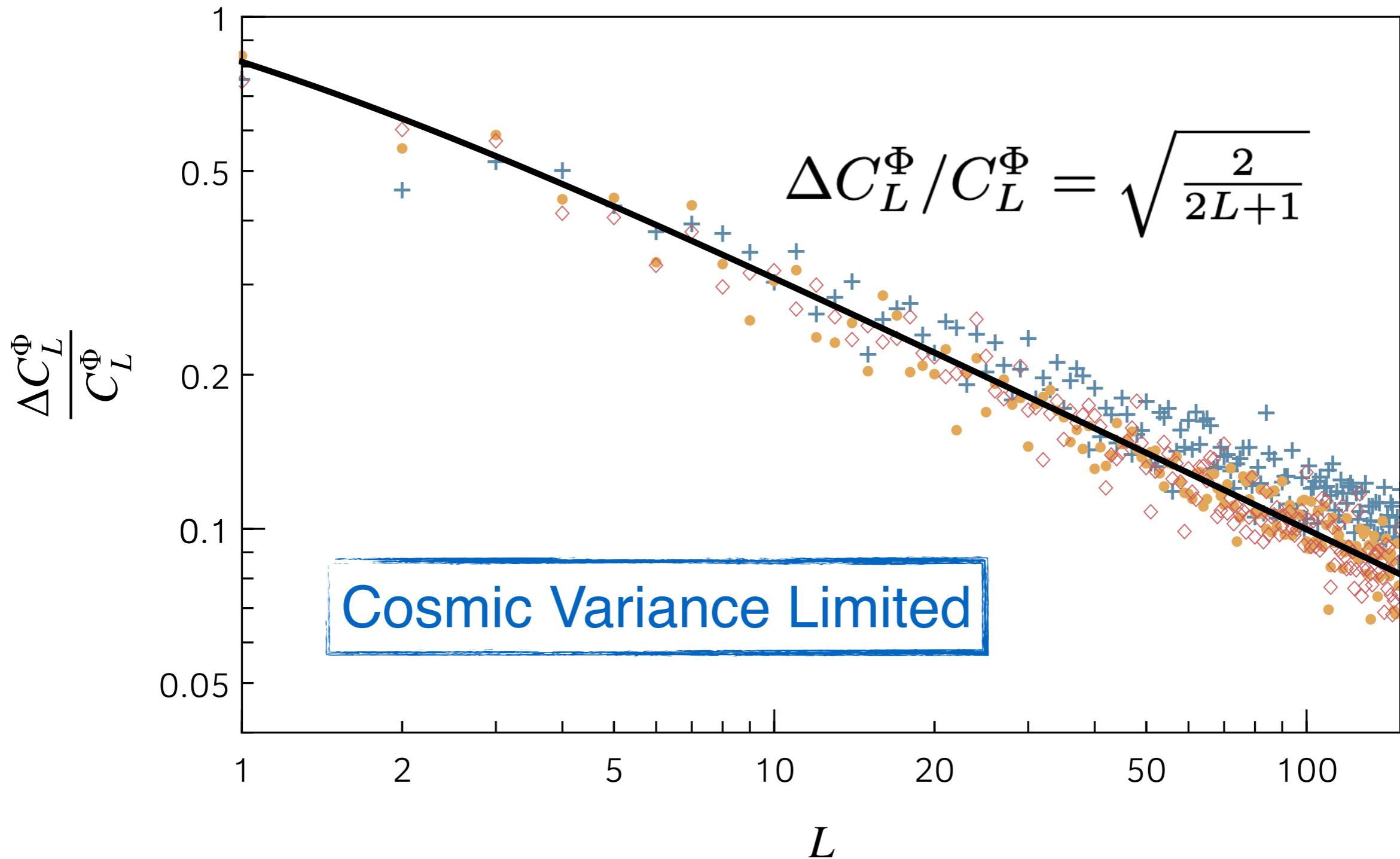
- We treat strings as infinite lines in the Hubble patch
- We make strings randomly disappear as universe expand
- Photons accumulate phases as it pass the string networks



Power Spectrum

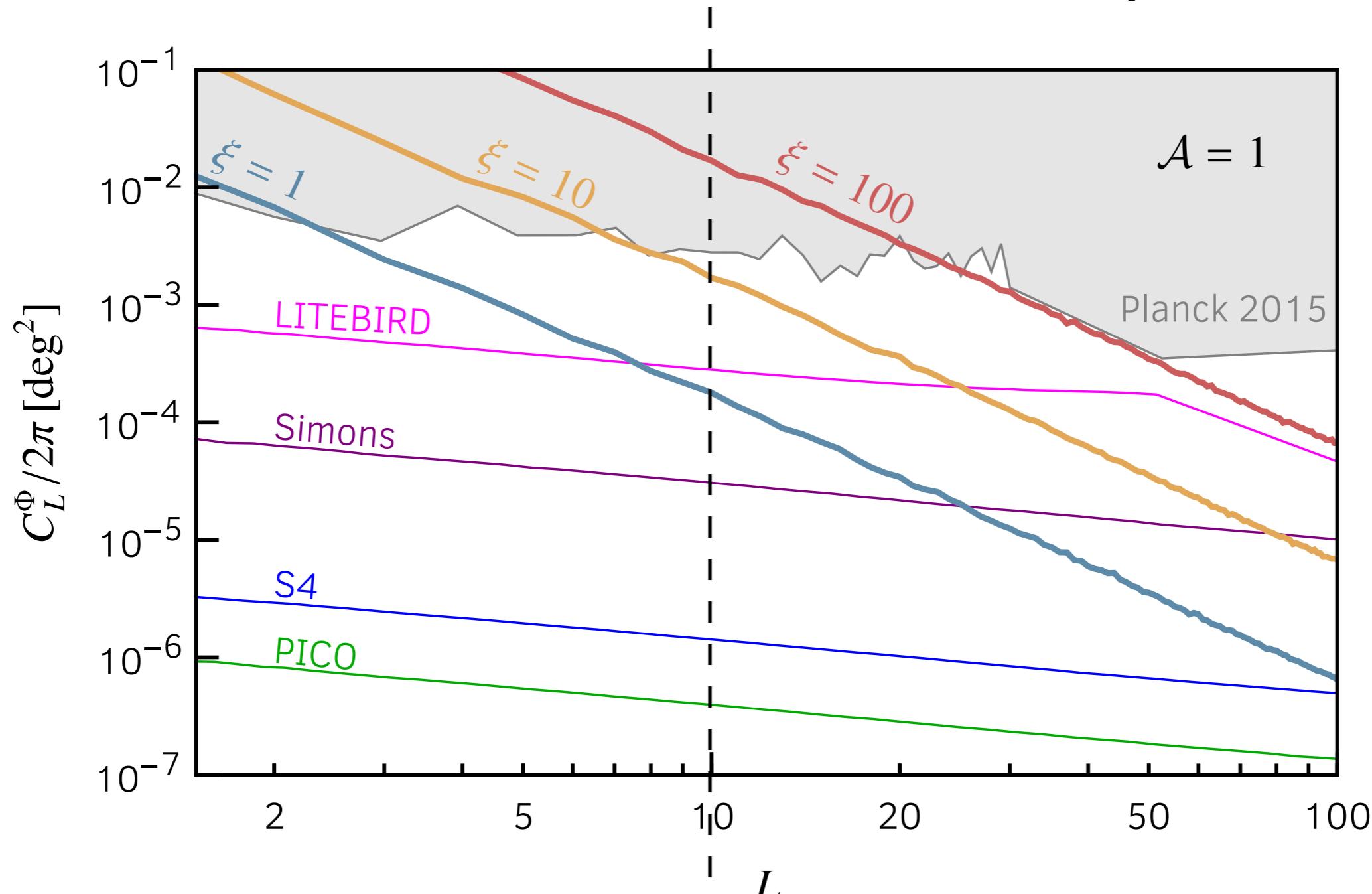


Cosmic Variance



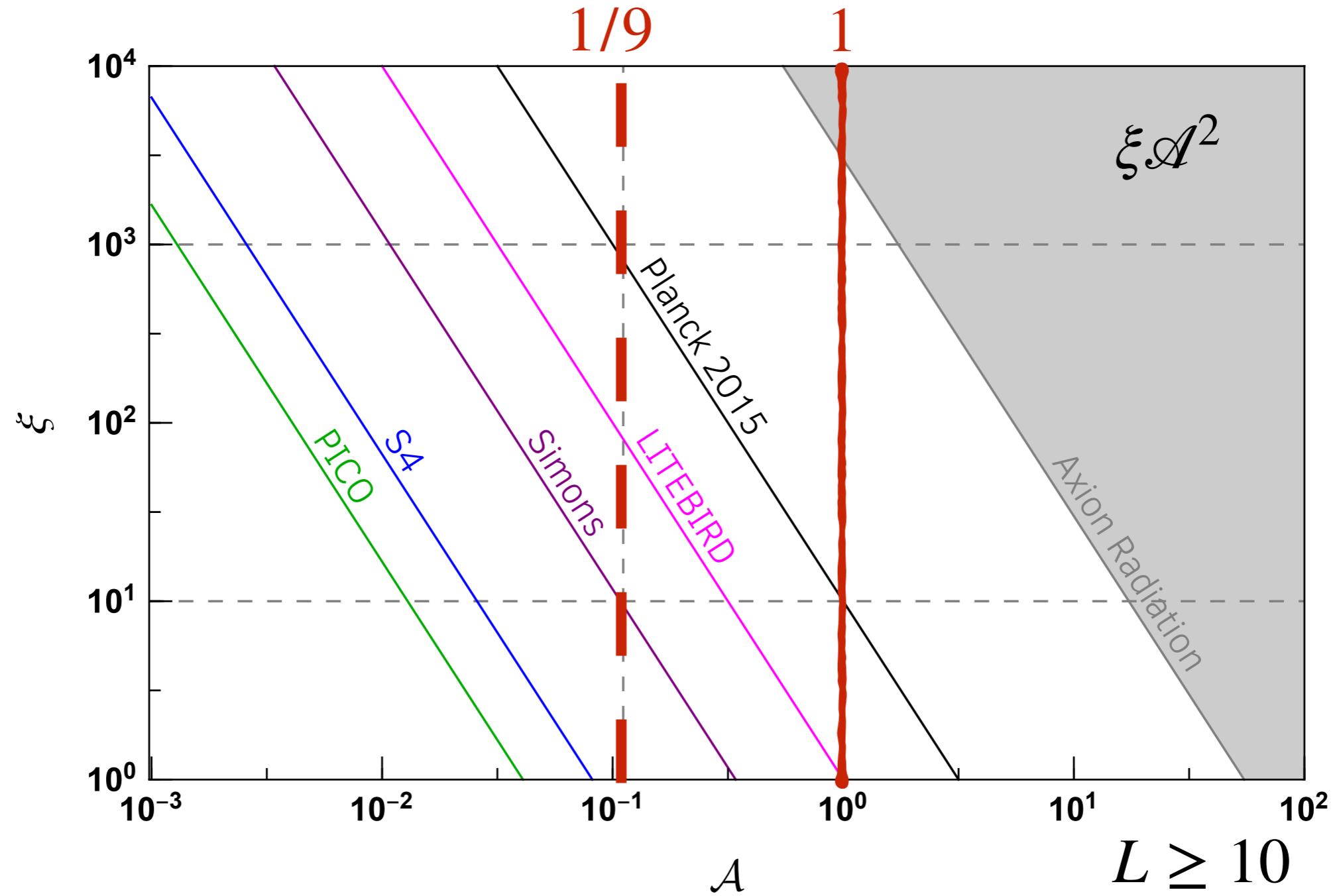
CMB spectrum Constraint and Prospect

Constraint and Prospect

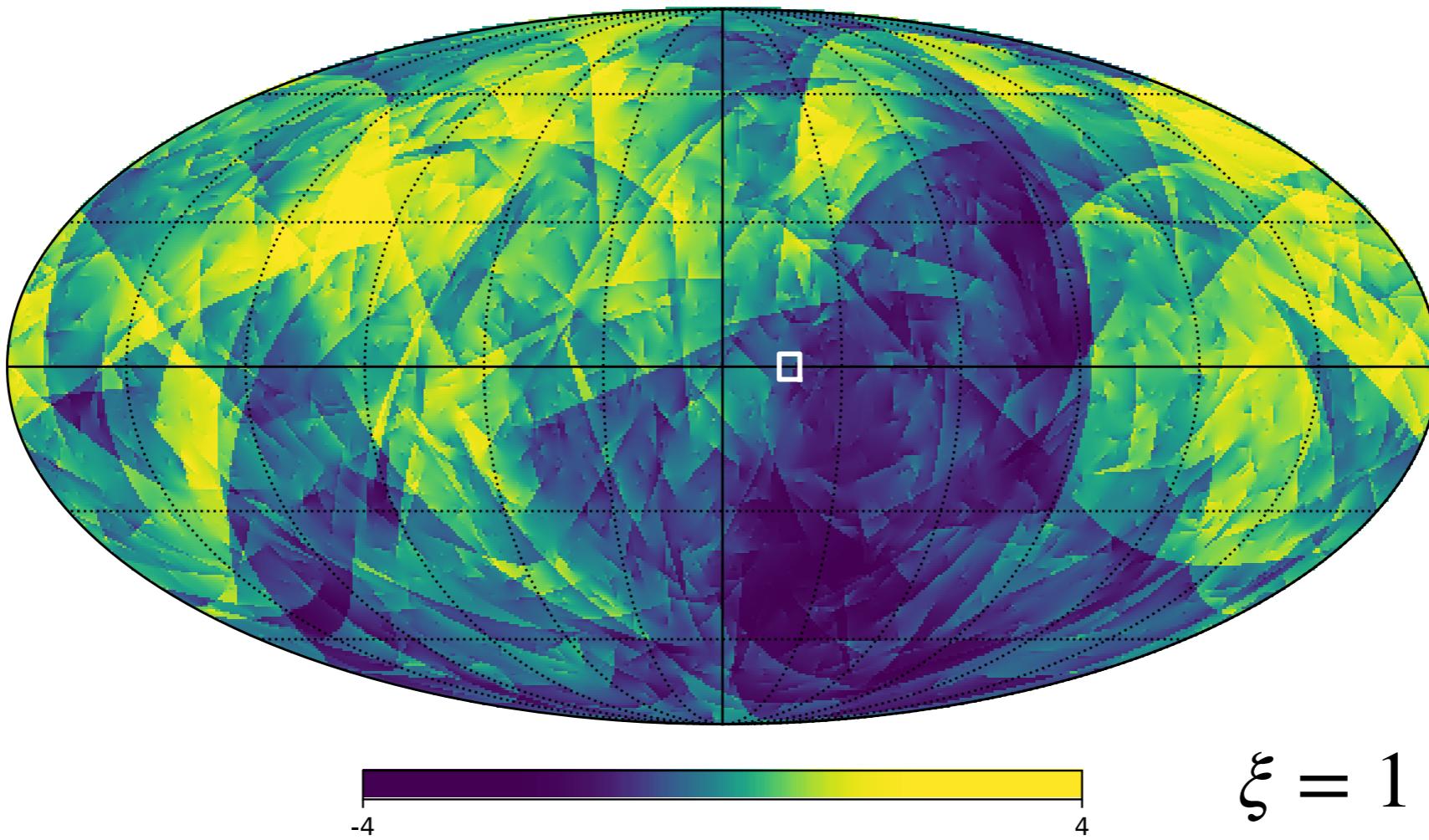


Scales as $\xi \mathcal{A}^2$

Searching for axion string



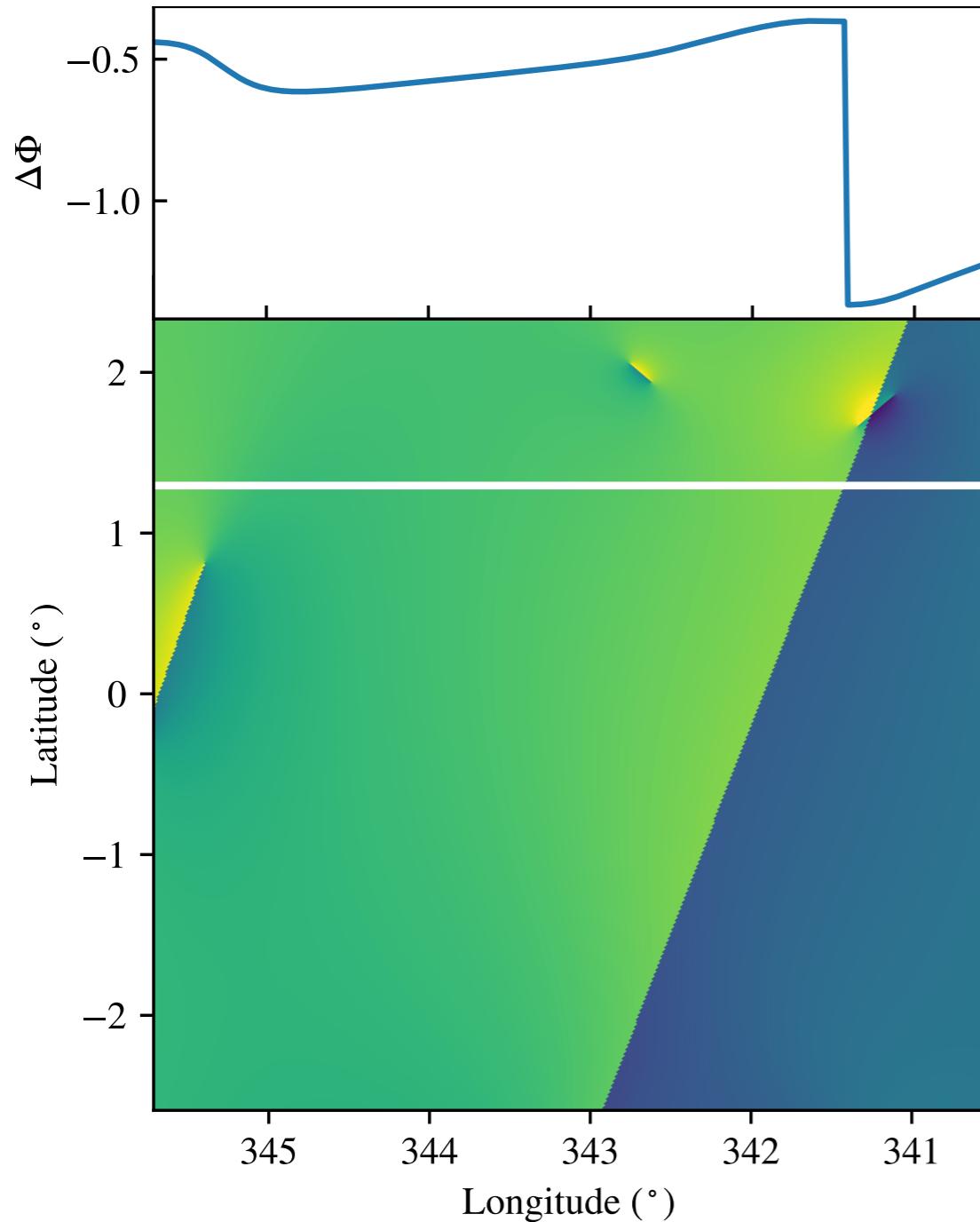
Angular space



We see long and short strings in our universe

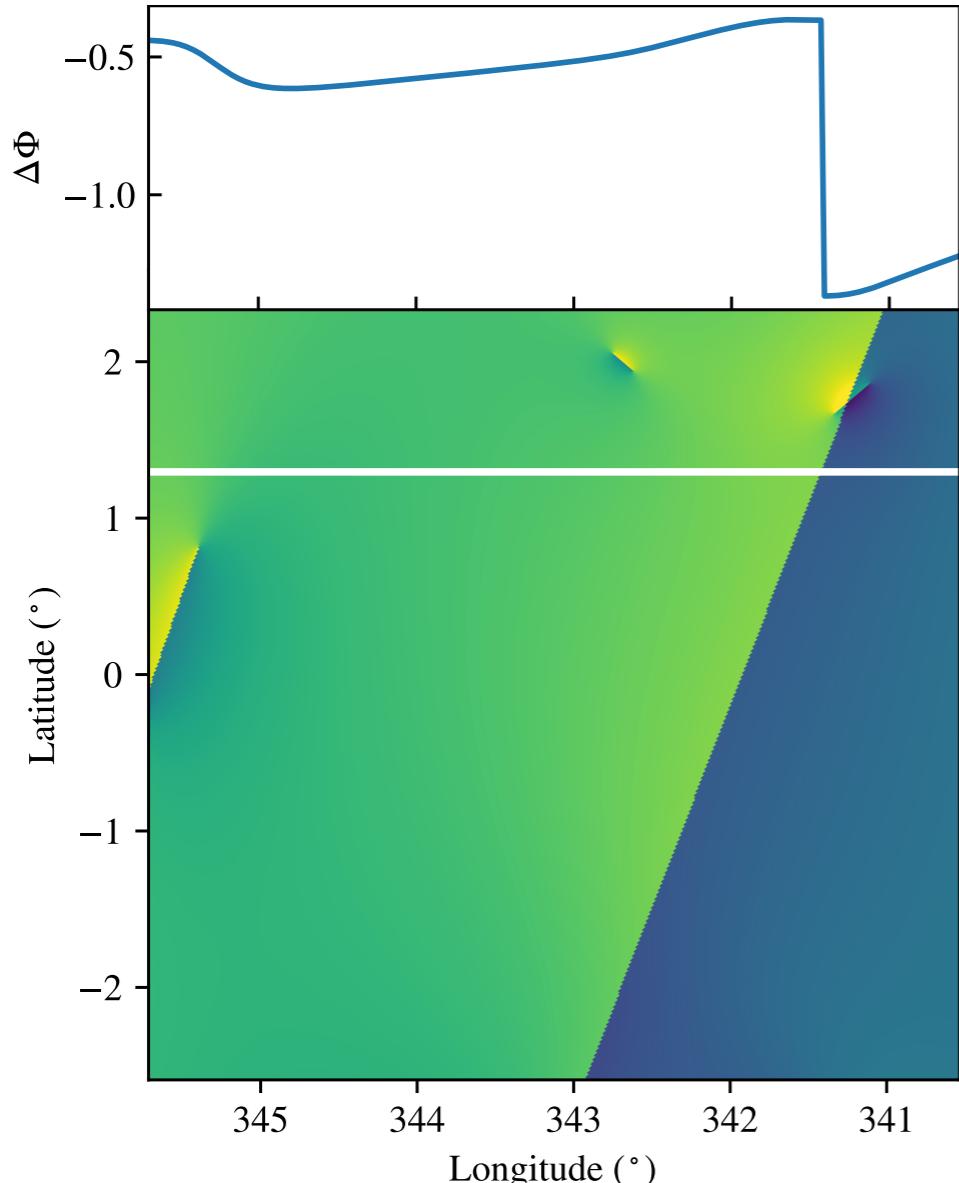
How to look for an axion string?

Edge detection



- The smallest string loop has a length of a few degree
- ACTpol/Simons/SPT:
 - Area of view: $\sim(100 \text{ deg})^2$
 - Angular resolution: $\sim 1'$
- We can look for a string in CMB in position space!

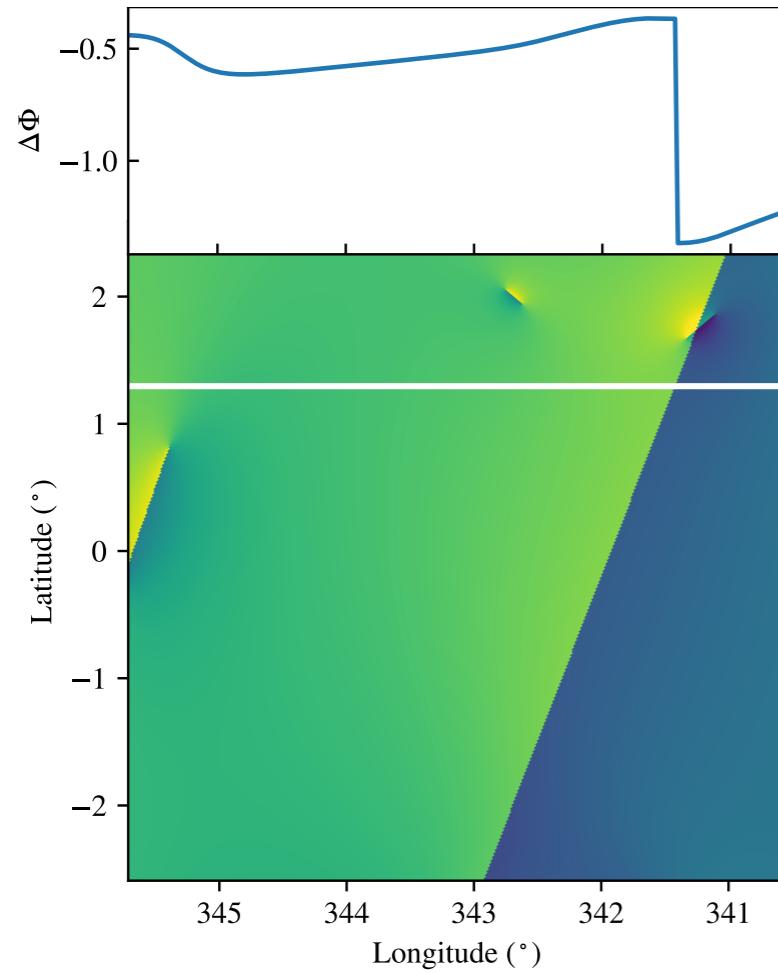
A single string in the Universe



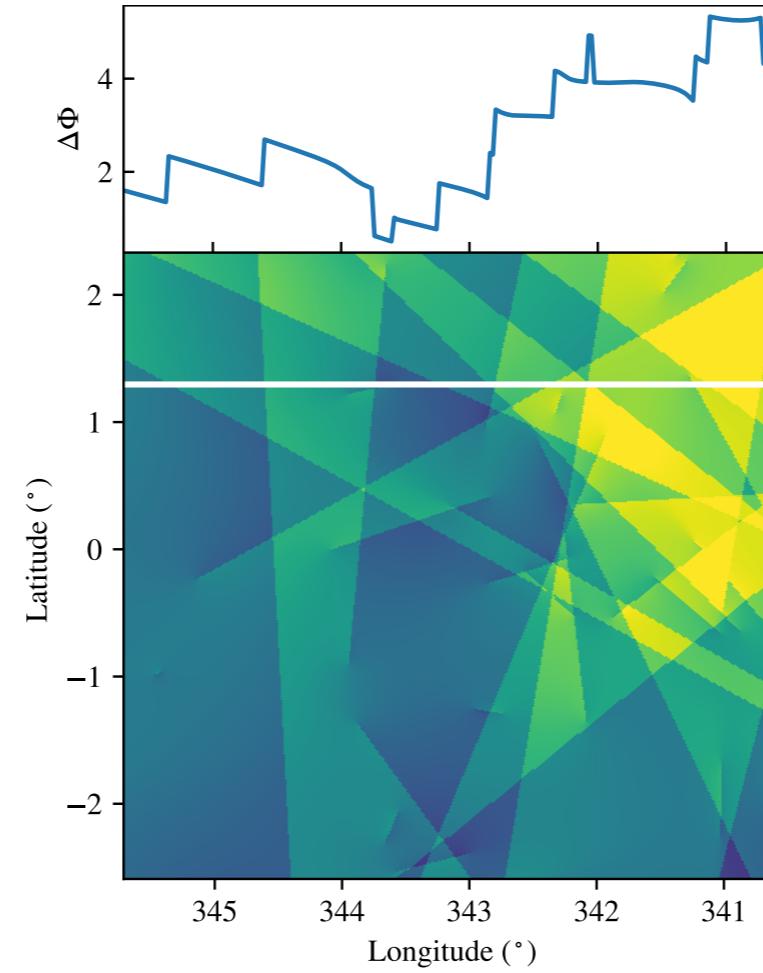
$$\xi = 1$$

- For PQ symmetry broken before inflation, there can be one string in the whole Universe
- Edge detection can be sensitive to that string
- Implications for the duration and the beginning of inflation

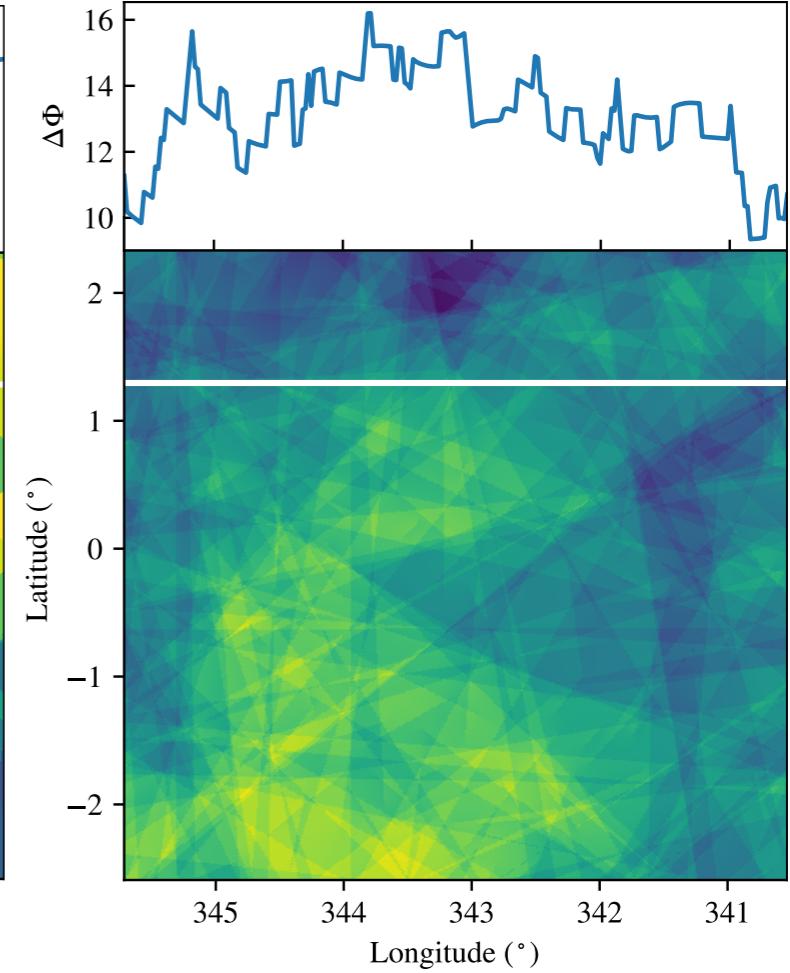
Edge detection



$$\xi = 1$$



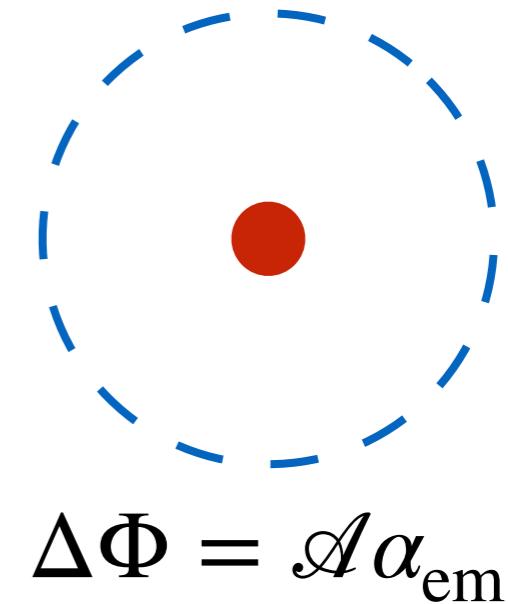
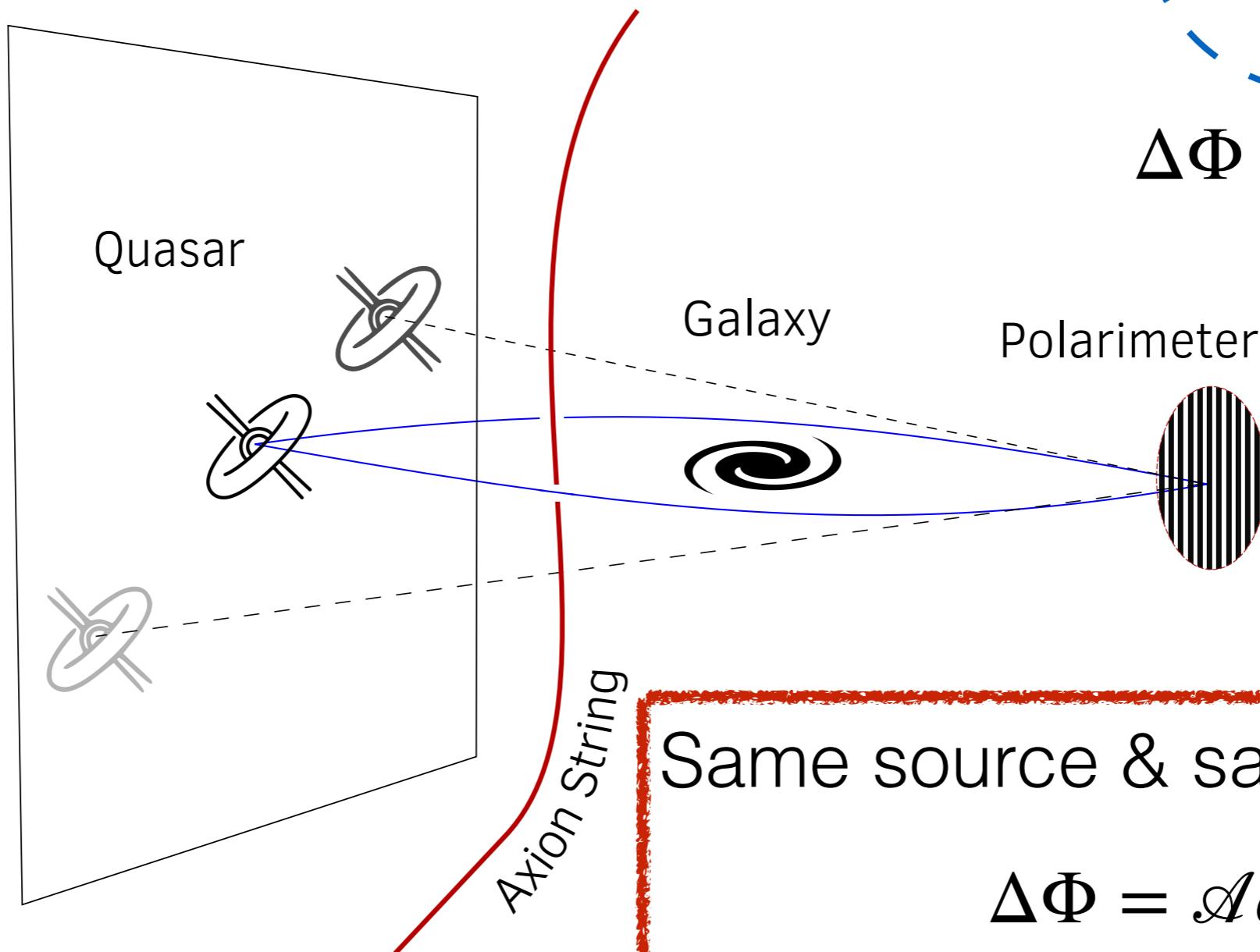
$$\xi = 10$$



$$\xi = 100$$

Adding string = Blurring images

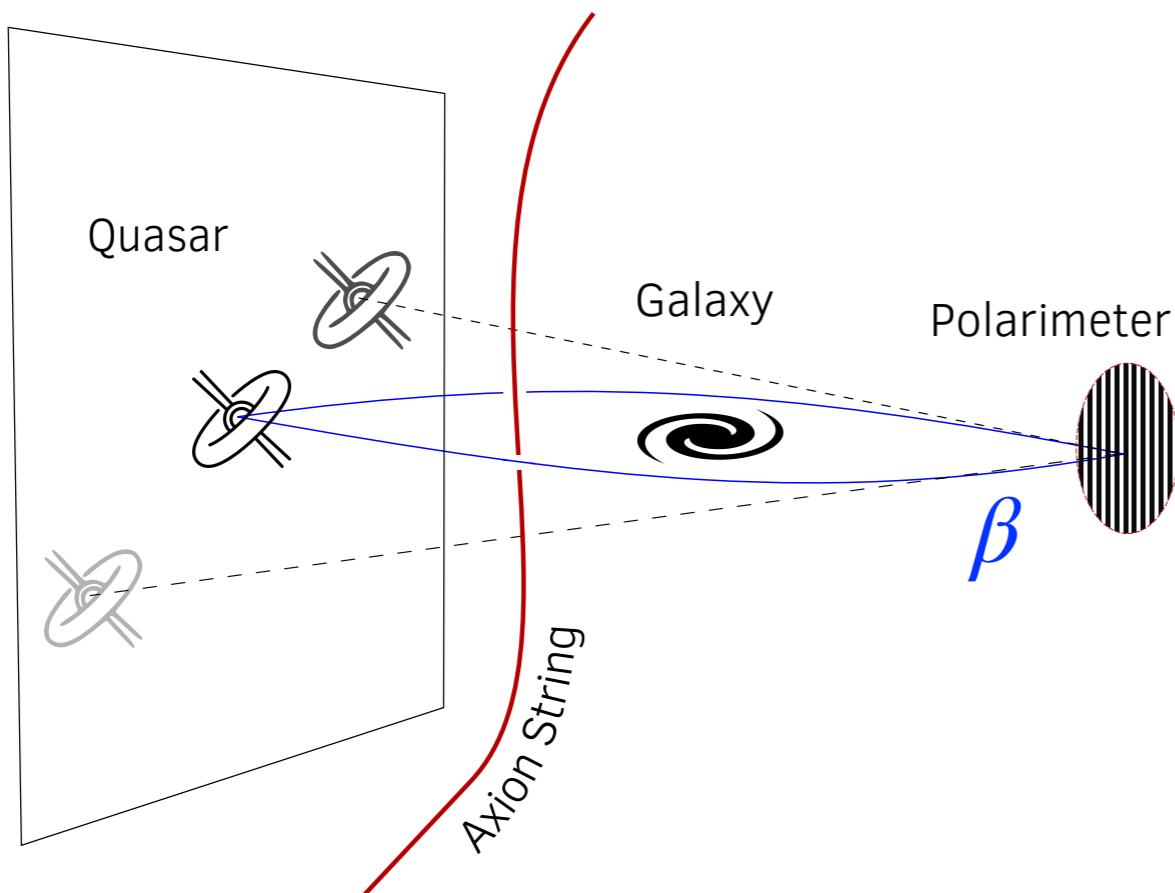
Lensed Quasar



Same source & same receiver

$$\Delta\Phi = \mathcal{A}\alpha_{\text{em}}$$

Quasar + String



- We have confirmed 205 gravitationally lensed Quasar systems

- Angular separation:
Galaxy Cluster as a lens

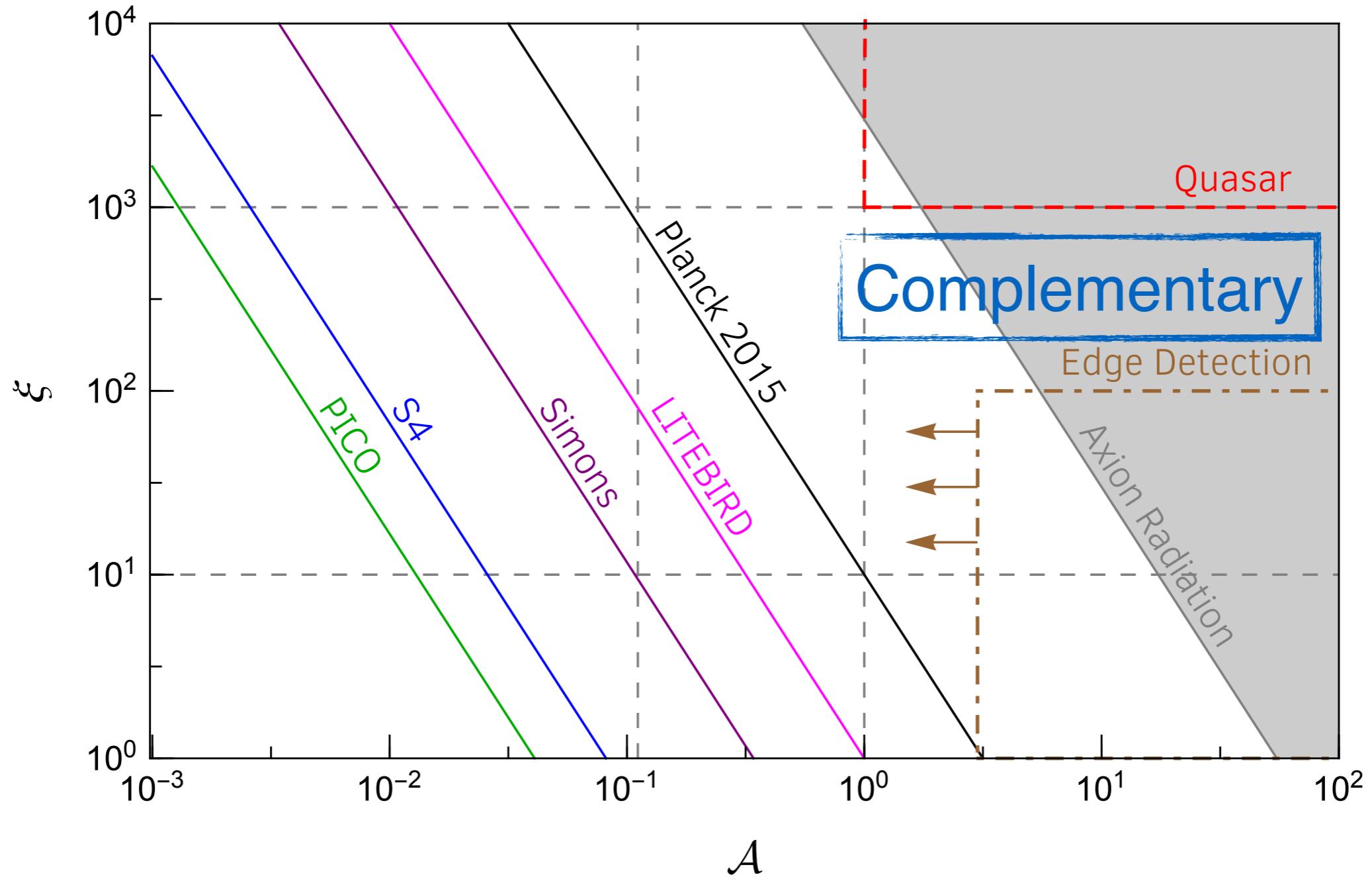
$$\beta \sim 10''$$

- Probability of a string:

$$p \simeq 10^{-3} \frac{\xi}{100} \frac{\beta}{10''}$$

Adding string = Increasing chances

Moving forward...



Implications & Remarks

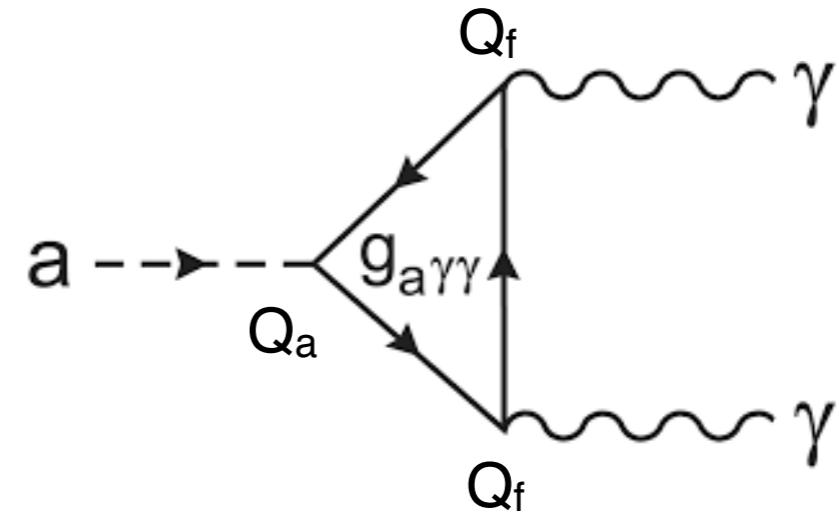
What will we learn?

- Axiverse axion
- Axion photon coupling (\mathcal{A})
- Cosmic strings
- Scaling solution and scaling violation (ξ)
- Before inflation/Total duration of inflation
- Topological interaction & defect = UV knowledge?

What can \mathcal{A} be?

What can \mathcal{A} be?

- Axion photon coupling



- UV contribution:

$a - \dots \times \dots - \pi$

- IR contribution

- Example: QCD Axion?

$$g_{a\gamma\gamma} = \frac{\alpha_{em}}{2\pi f_a} \left[\frac{E}{N} - \frac{2}{3} \frac{4m_d + m_u}{m_d + m_u} \right]$$

What can \mathcal{A} be?

- (QCD Axion example) Pion rotates as the axion field rotates around a string

$$\left\langle \frac{\pi_0}{f_\pi} \right\rangle = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{m_u - m_d}{m_u + m_d} \tan \left(\frac{a}{2f} \right) \right)$$

- The combined axion and “pion” anomaly remains an integer ratio
- Implications
 - Charge Quantization and the unit of electric charge
 - For massless axion, if $\mathcal{A} \neq \text{Integer}$, electron is not fundamentally charged!

Excluding simple GUT!
 - Sensitivity to massless dark photon (Irrational \mathcal{A})

Conclusion

- Cosmic axion strings can have topological interactions with photons,
- ...this generates a Berry phase
- ...that can be observable today!
- so, let's go find it!

Thank you!