



Unconventional Metals in Doped J_{eff} =1/2 Mott Insulators

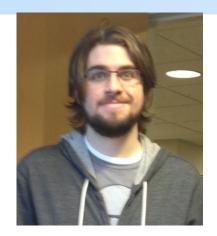
Unusual magnetism and competing electronic states in Ruddlesden-Popper series strontium iridates



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Collaborators

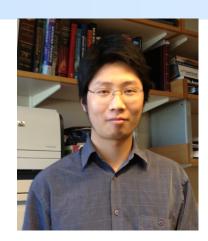


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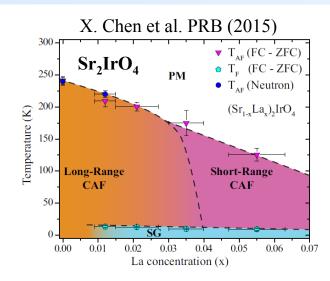
Ruihua He Ziqiang Wang

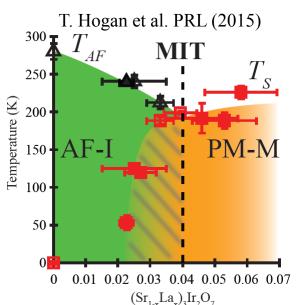


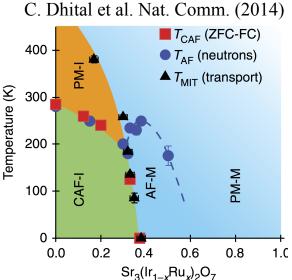
Soonjae Moon

Talk Outline

- Ruddlesden-Popper iridates as J_{eff}=1/2 Mott insulators
 - Monolayer Sr₂IrO₄
 - Bilayer Sr₃Ir₂O₇
- Effect of electron doping R.P. iridates
 - Competing electronic states
 - $(Sr_{1-x}La_x)_2IrO_4$
 - $(Sr_{1-x}Lax)_3Ir_2O_7$
- Effect of hole doping R.P. iridates
 - Intermediate SDW state beyond the collapse of Mott state
 - $Sr_3(Ir_{1-x}Ru_x)_2O_7$
- Summary

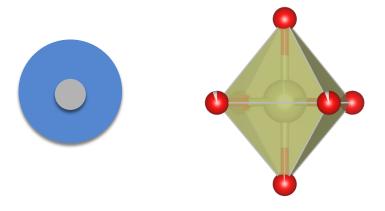




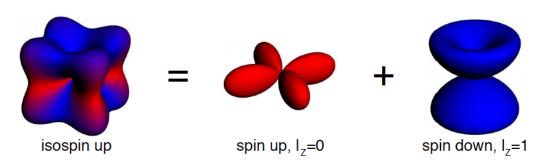


SOC in a cubic crystal field

Heavy transition metal cation with 5 valence electrons in a cubic crystal field

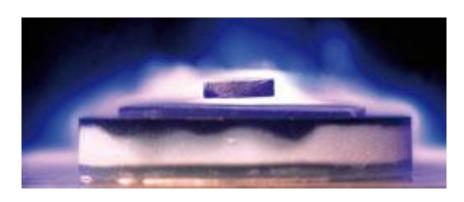


$$\left| J_{eff} = \frac{1}{2}; m_J = \pm \frac{1}{2} \right\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \left(\left| xy, \mp \sigma \right\rangle \mp \left| yz, \pm \sigma \right\rangle + i \left| zx, \pm \sigma \right\rangle \right)$$



Phys. Rev. Lett. 102, 017205 (2009)

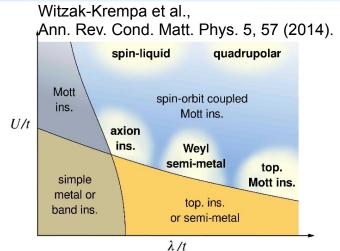
New phases in/near J_{eff}=1/2 Mott states



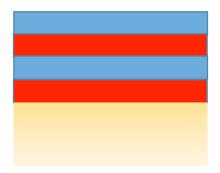
Layered lattices with corner sharing IrO₆ octahedra R.P. iridates Sr₂IrO₄, Sr₃Ir₂O₇, ...



Frustrated lattices with edge-sharing IrO_6 octahedra $\alpha\beta\gamma$ -Na₂ IrO_3 , Na₄ Ir_3O_8 ,...

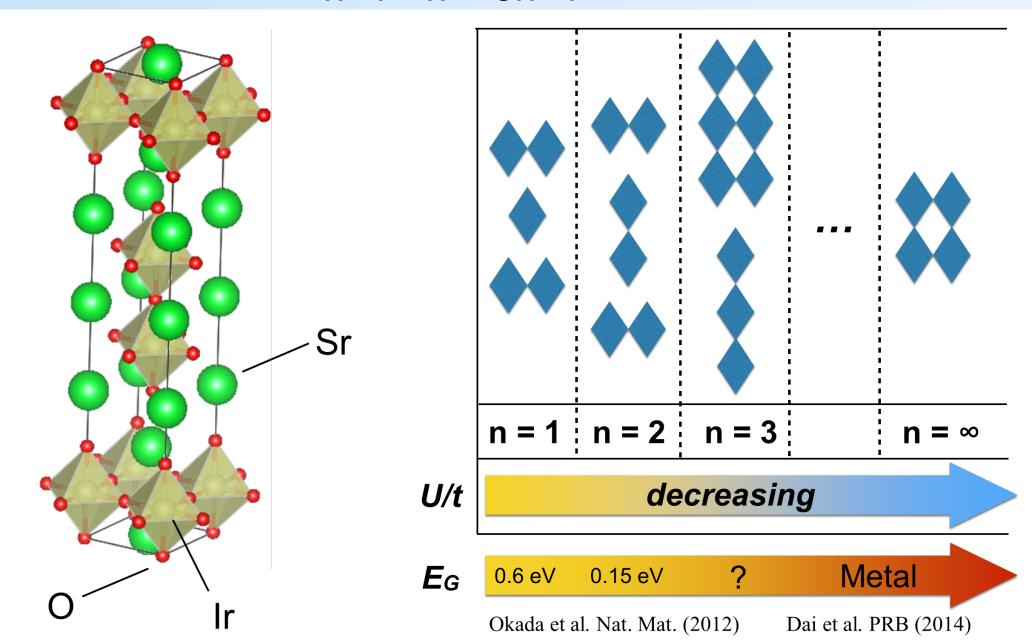


Pyrochlore lattice of IrO₆ octahedra RE₂Ir₂O₇, Y₂Ir₂O₇, Bi₂Ir₂O₇...

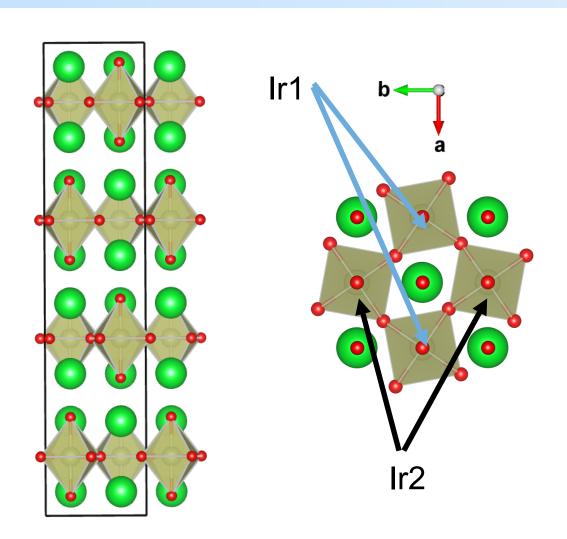


Multilayer modulation of J_{eff} =1/2 wavefunction, 5d-3d electron interfaces, 111 iridate films

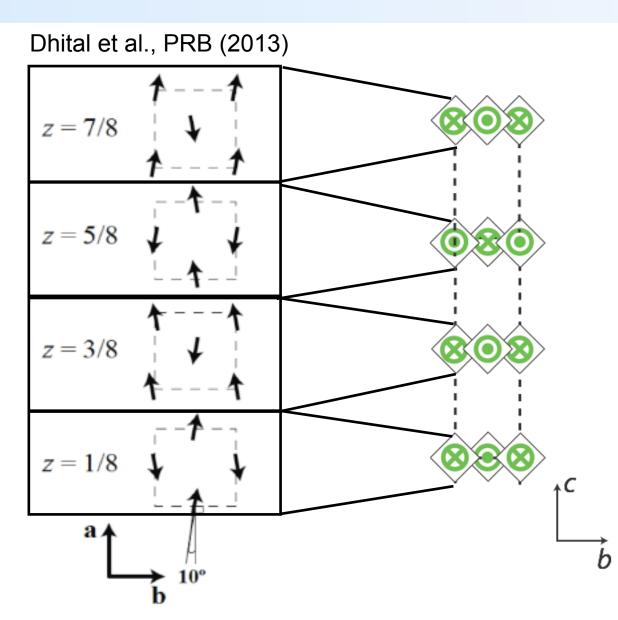
R.P. Iridates: $Sr_{n+1}Ir_nO_{3n+1}$



Electron-doping Sr₂IrO₄: La substitution



I4₁/a most likely space group: Torchinsky et al., PRL (2015)



High-T_c predicted in *n*-type Sr₂IrO₄

PRL **106**, 136402 (2011)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending 1 APRIL 2011

Twisted Hubbard Model for Sr₂IrO₄: Magnetism and Possible High Temperature Superconductivity

Fa Wang and T. Senthil

$$\begin{split} H &= -\sum_{\langle jk \rangle,\alpha} (t + i \epsilon_{\alpha} \epsilon_{j} \bar{t}) d_{j,\alpha}^{\dagger} d_{k,\alpha} - \sum_{\langle \langle jk \rangle \rangle,\alpha} t' d_{j,\alpha}^{\dagger} d_{k,\alpha} \\ &- \sum_{\langle \langle \langle jk \rangle \rangle \rangle,\alpha} t'' d_{j,\alpha}^{\dagger} d_{k,\alpha} + U \sum_{j} d_{j,\uparrow}^{\dagger} d_{j,\uparrow} d_{j,\downarrow}^{\dagger} d_{j,\downarrow}, \end{split}$$

n-type iridate maps to *p*-type cuprate

PRL **110,** 027002 (2013)

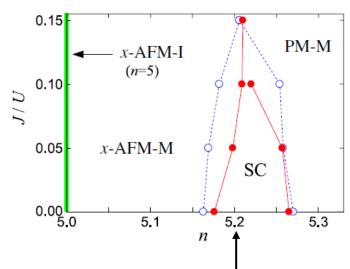
PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending 11 JANUARY 2013

Monte Carlo Study of an Unconventional Superconducting Phase in Iridium Oxide $J_{\rm eff} = 1/2$ Mott Insulators Induced by Carrier Doping

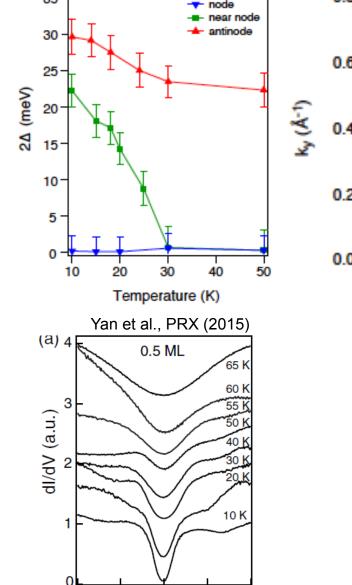
Hiroshi Watanabe,* Tomonori Shirakawa, and Seiji Yunoki

Other studies predicting SC, some also in *p*-type Sr₂IrO₄



SC predicted near 20% electrons/Ir cation

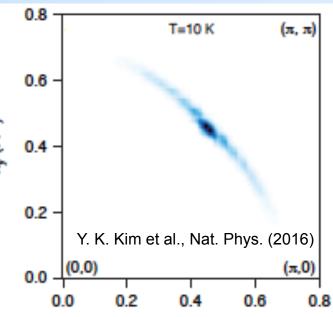
Unusual metals in surface doped Sr₂IrO₄



50

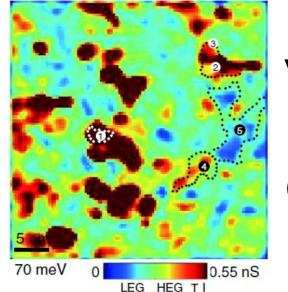
Bias (mV)

100



Nodal metal phase apparent around ~7% electrons/Ir

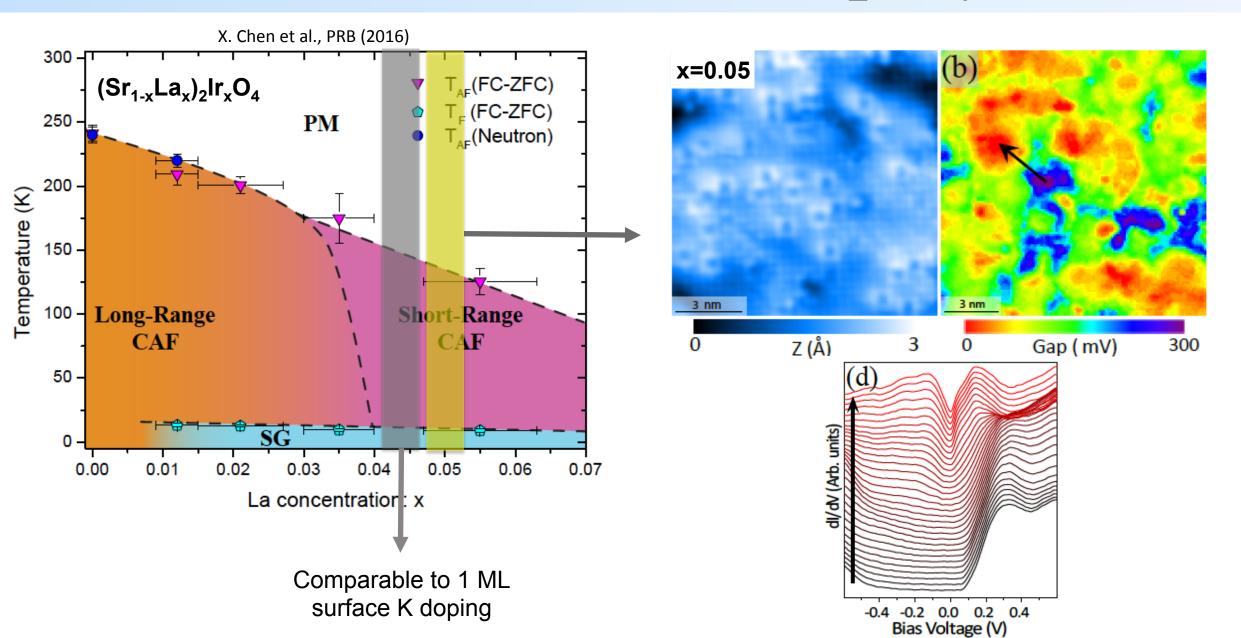
D-wave gap opens under surface K-dosing



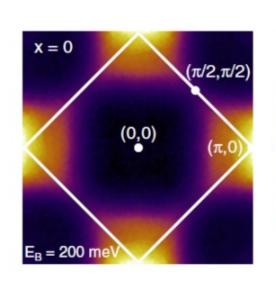
V-shaped gap opens around 50K at 0.5 ML

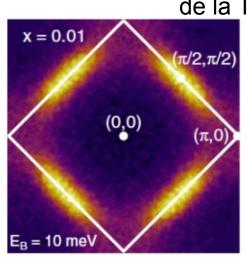
Surface electronically phase separated (coexisting insulating and metallic patches)

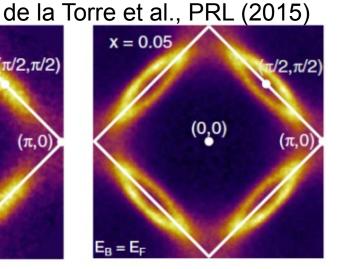
Phase diagram of bulk *n*-type Sr₂IrO₄



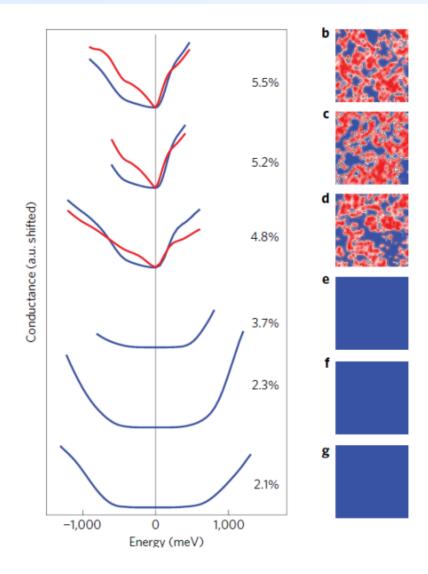
Quasiparticles in bulk (Sr_{1-x}La_x)₂IrO₄





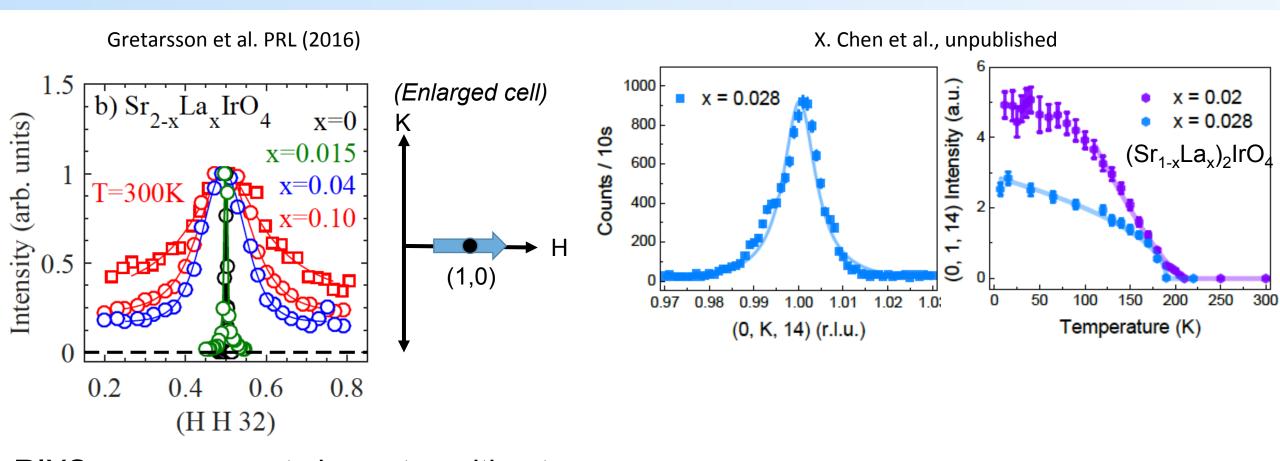


- Nodal FS observed at x=0.05
- Pseudogap-like state
- STM observes the formation of phase separated state above x=0.04 (8% electrons/lr)
 - Metallic regions stabilize near this boundary



Battisti et al., Nat. Phys. (2016)

Remnant AF order in (Sr_{1-x}La_x)₂IrO₄

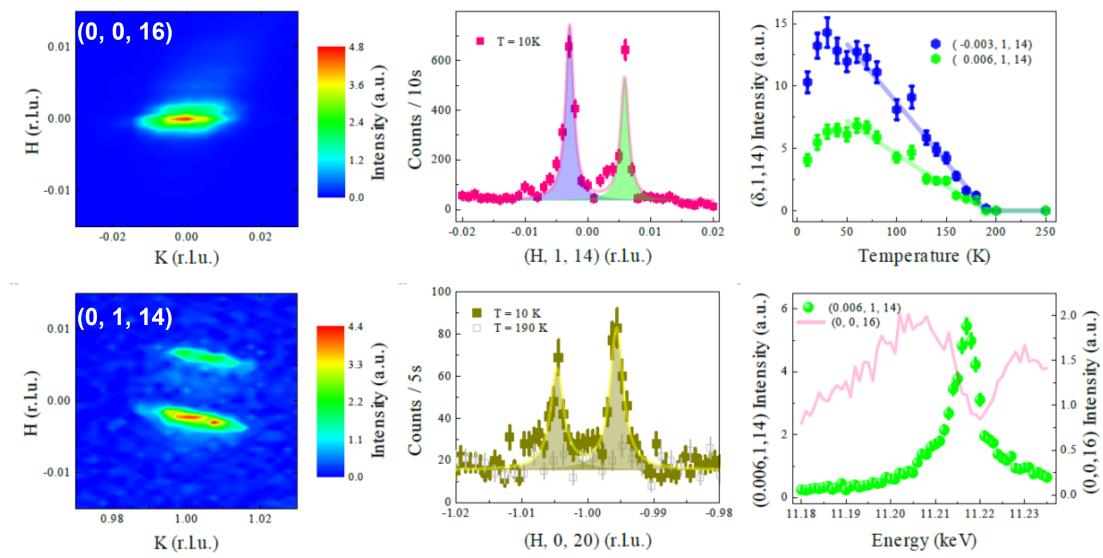


RIXS measurement shows transition to short-range order at 4% electrons/Ir and survival of short-range AF order at highest doping levels

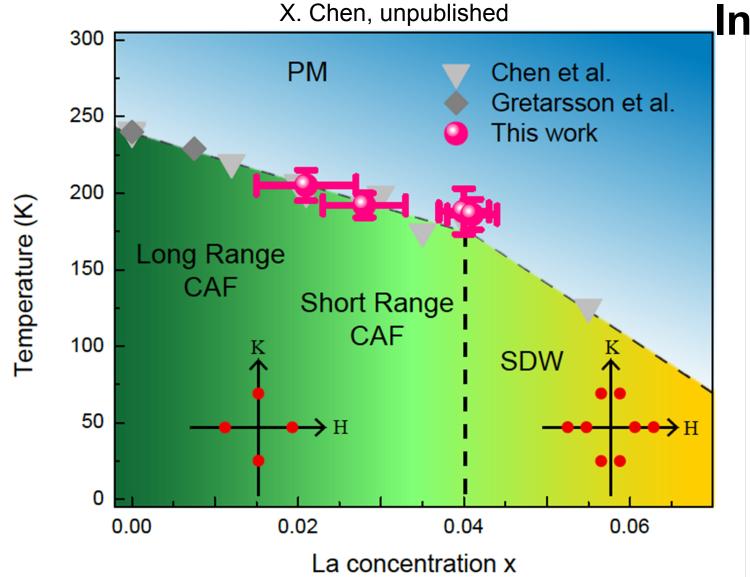
REXS measurements show coexisting long-range AF order up to 5% electrons/lr (coexisting diffuse and Bragg scatter)

Is magnetism supported in metallic regions?

 $(Sr_{1-x}La_x)_2IrO_4$, x=0.04 (8% electrons/Ir)



Formation of IC order via correlated metallic regions in $(Sr_{1-x}La_x)_2IrO_4$

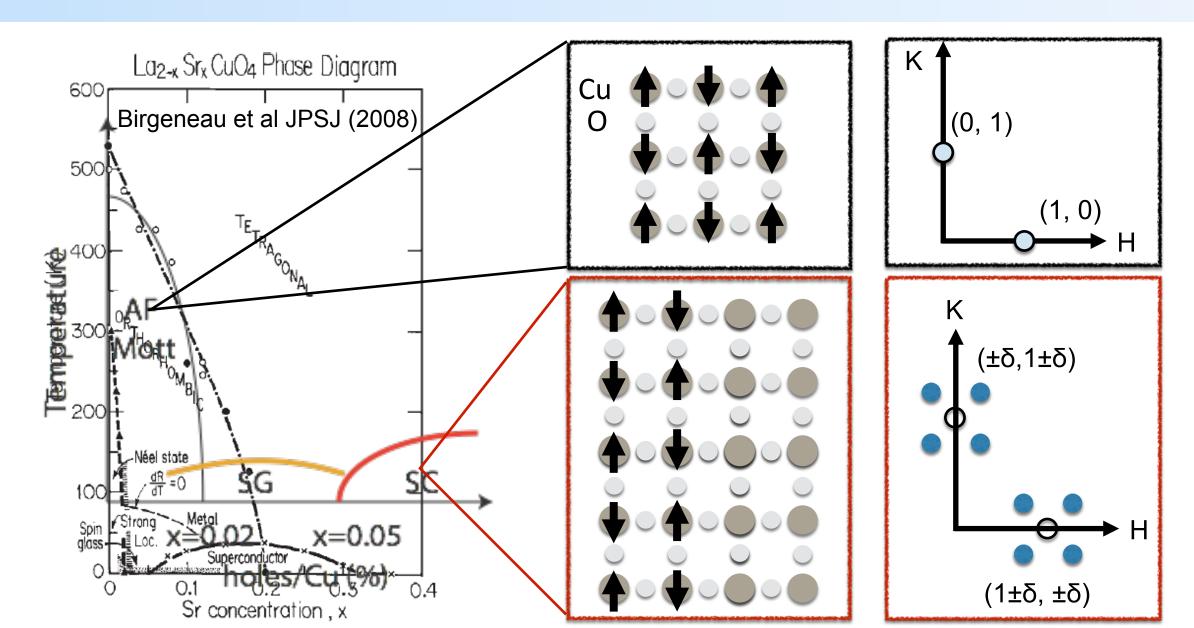


Incommensurate SDW state forms at FS threshold

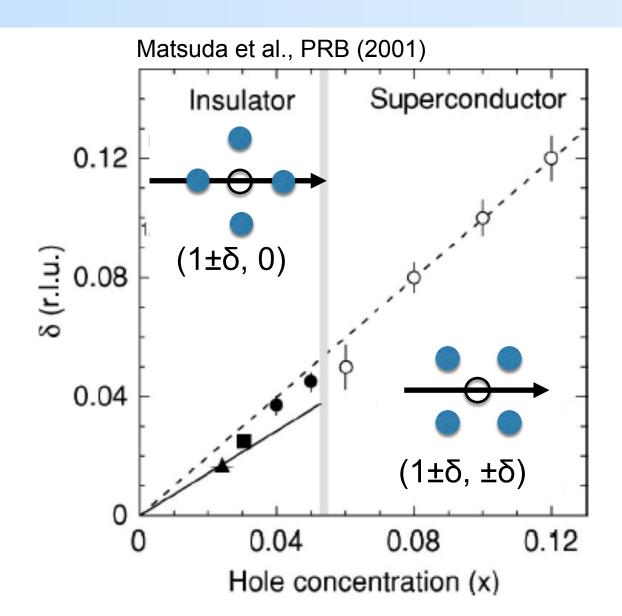


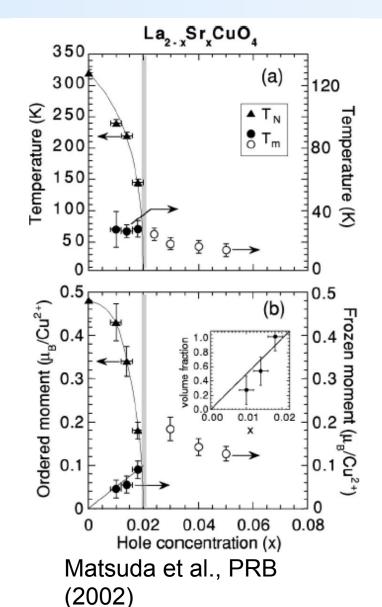
- Splitting along Ir-Ir bond diagonal
- Short-range along c (~8 unit cells)
- Necessarily lives phase separated with short-range AF correlations

Comparison to monolayer cuprates



"Diagonal" spin density wave in cuprates

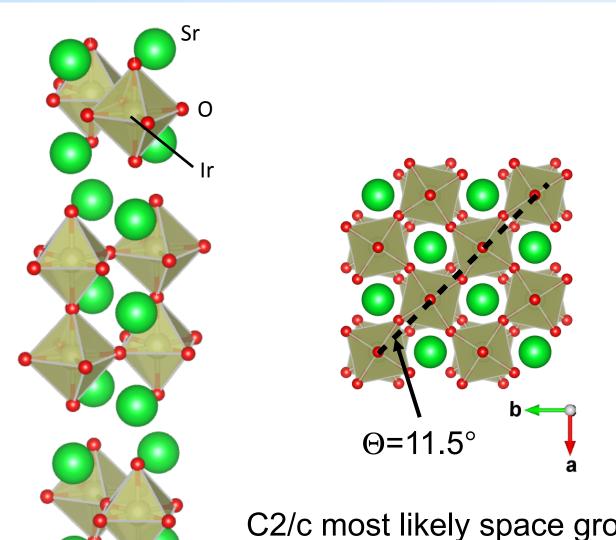




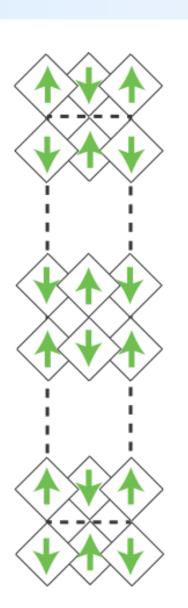
Summary for (Sr_{1-x}La_x)₂IrO₄

- Behaves like very lightly doped monolayer cuprate
- Electronic phase separation persists to current limits of electrondoping
 - Insulating regions coexist with metallic patches on nanoscale
 - Short-range AF order survives
- Metallic regions that form near 8% electrons/Ir are coincident with appearance of incommensurate spin state
 - Reminiscent of diagonal spin density wave state in monolayer cuprates
 - Suggestive of common magnetic instability
- Relation between incommensurate spin state and persistent AF correlations with pseudogap remains an open question

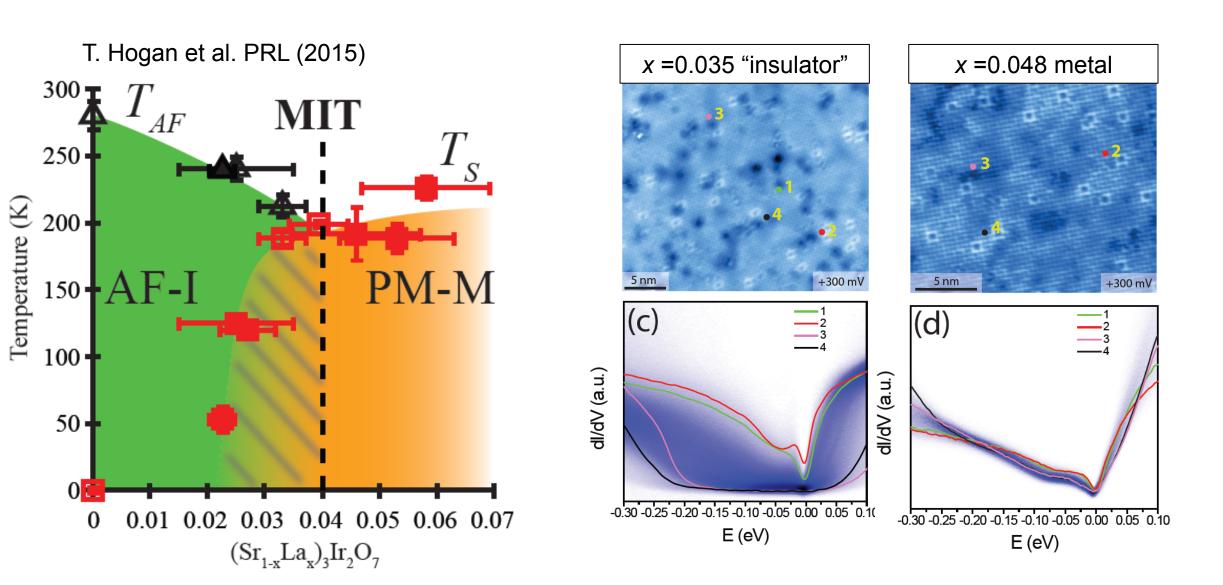
Electron-doping Sr₃Ir₂O₇: La substitution



C2/c most likely space group: Hogan et al., PRB (2016)



Electronic phase diagram (Sr_{1-x}La_x)₃Ir₂O₇



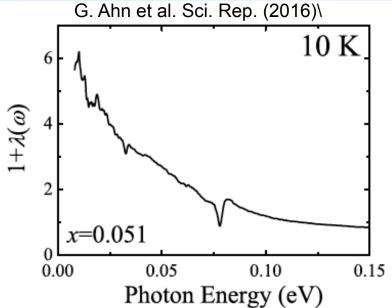
Correlation effects in metallic (Sr_{1-x}La_x)₃Ir₂O₇

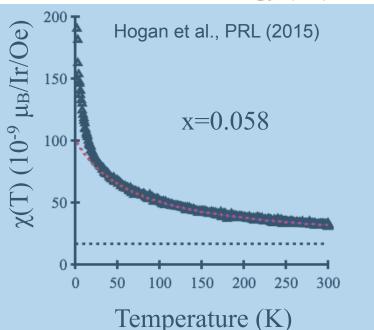
- Mass enhancement in frequency dependent conductivity

 - Mass enhancement of ~6
 - Extended Drude model: $1 + \lambda(\omega) \equiv \frac{m^*(\omega)}{2}$

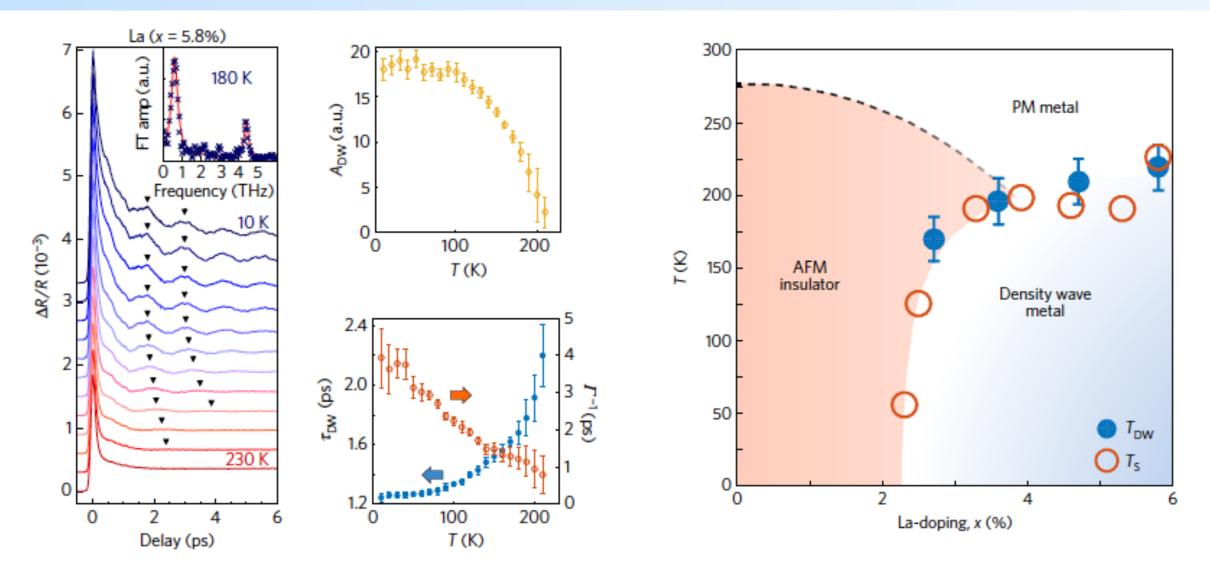


- $m_{eff} = 0.5 \, \mu_{B} / lr$
- $\Theta_{CW} = -70 \text{ K}$
- Absent in parent system...



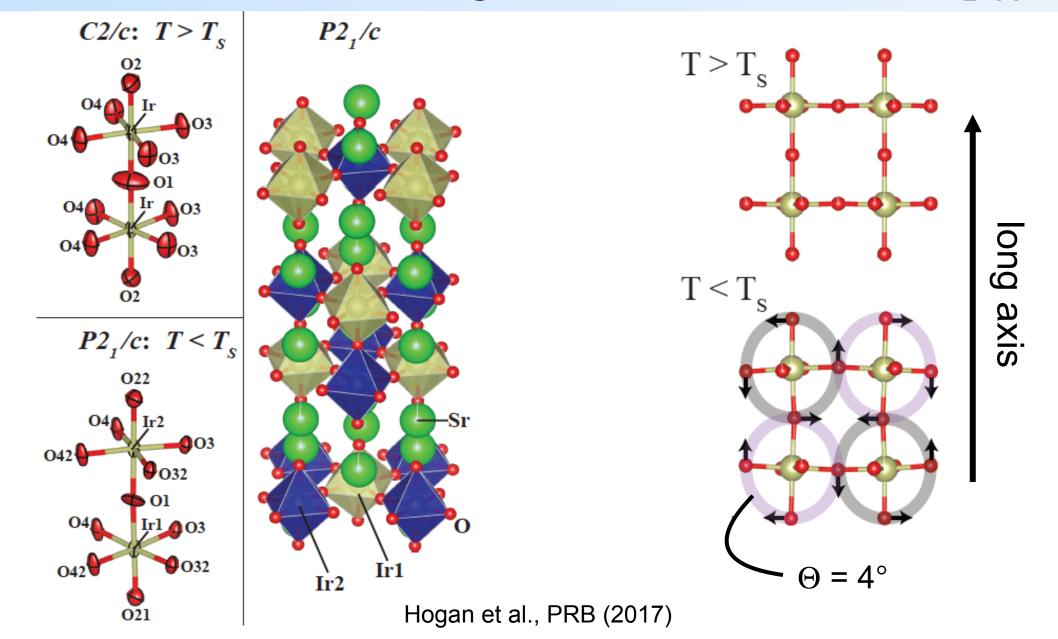


Charge density wave-like instability



H. Chu et al., Nature Materials

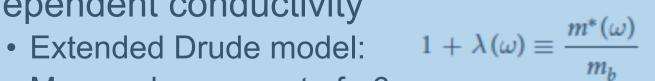
Structural distortion, T_S, coincident with T_{DW}

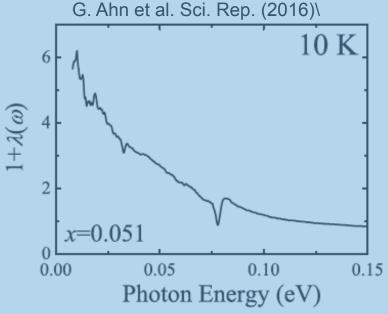


Correlation effects in metallic (Sr_{1-x}La_x)₃Ir₂O₇

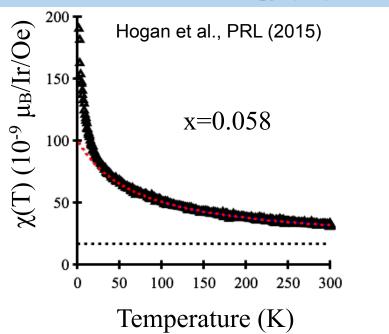
- Mass enhancement in frequency dependent conductivity

 - Mass enhancement of ~6

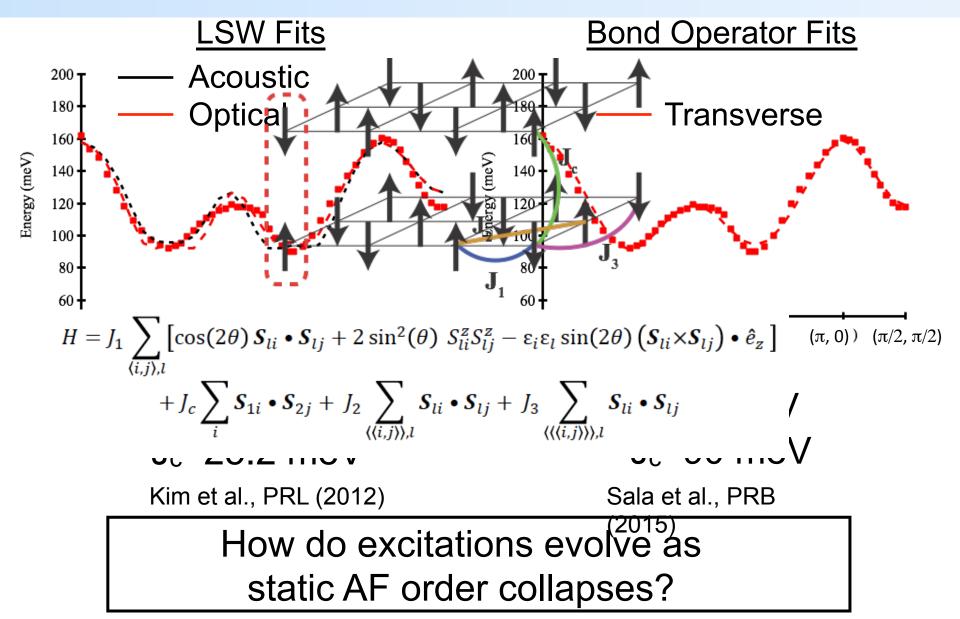




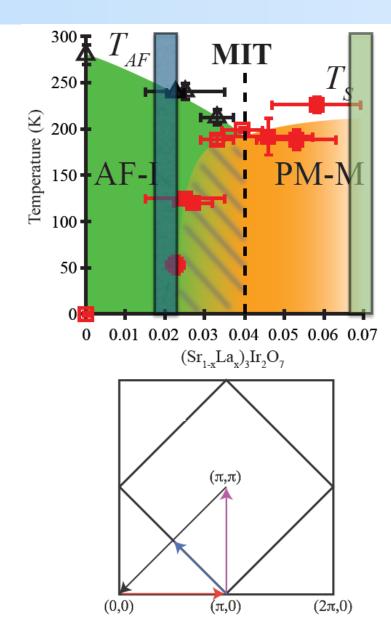
- Curie-Weiss local moment behavior
 - $m_{eff} = 0.5 \, \mu_{B} / lr$
 - $\Theta_{CW} = -70 \text{ K}$
 - Absent in parent system...

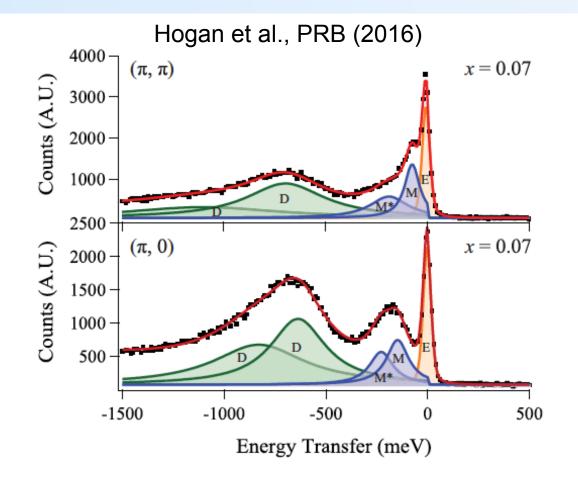


Spin dynamics in parent Sr₃Ir₂O₇



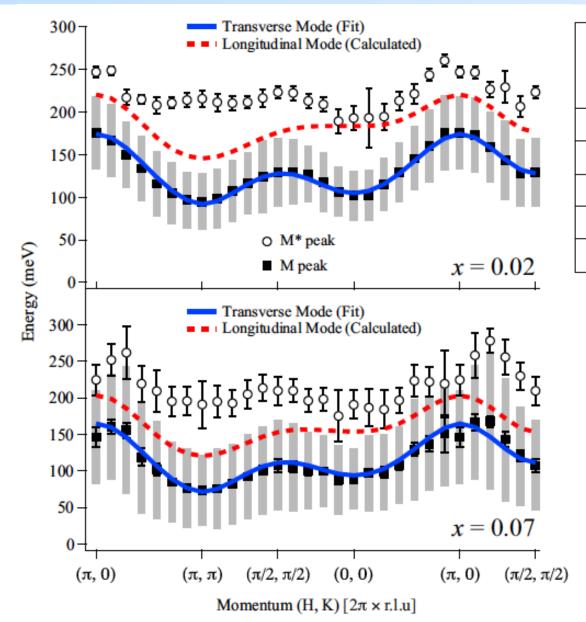
RIXS measurements of (Sr_{1-x}La_x)₃Ir₂O₇





Gapped magnons survive long after collapse of long-range AF order

Magnon dispersion in $(Sr_{1-x}La_x)_3Ir_2O_7$



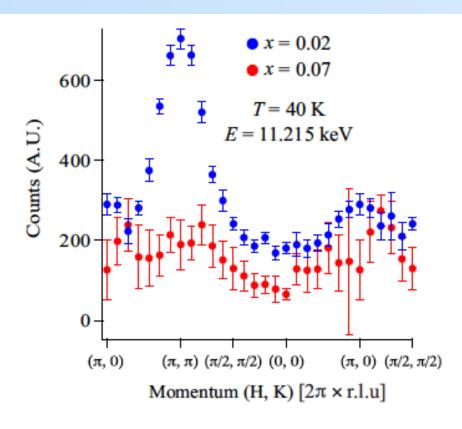
	x = 0 Moretti Sala, et al.	x = 0.022	x = 0.071	Units
J_1	26	37.7 ± 0.4	29.1 ± 0.7	meV
J_2	-15	-14.0 ± 0.3	-17.0 ± 0.6	meV
J_3	6	4.8 ± 0.3	5.2 ± 0.6	meV
J_c	90	87.6 ± 1.1	80.1 ± 2.3	meV
$\boldsymbol{\theta}$	37	41.2 ± 0.7	37.2 ± 1.7	degrees

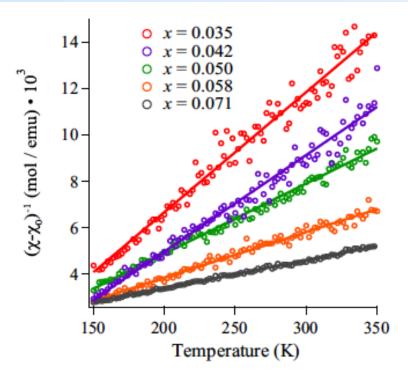
Magnon spectrum only weakly affected upon entering metallic state and loss of static order

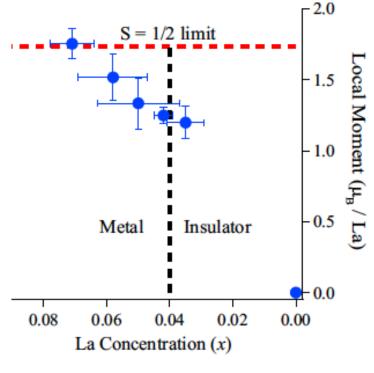
Carrier-induced damping of magnons has largest effect

Hogan et al., PRB (2016)

Hints of disordered dimer spin state





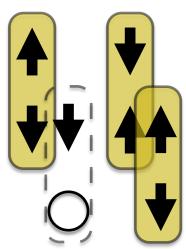


ZC spectral weight suppressed across MIT (vanishing AF order)

Remnant weight has weak momentum dependence

Local moments induced by La-substitution

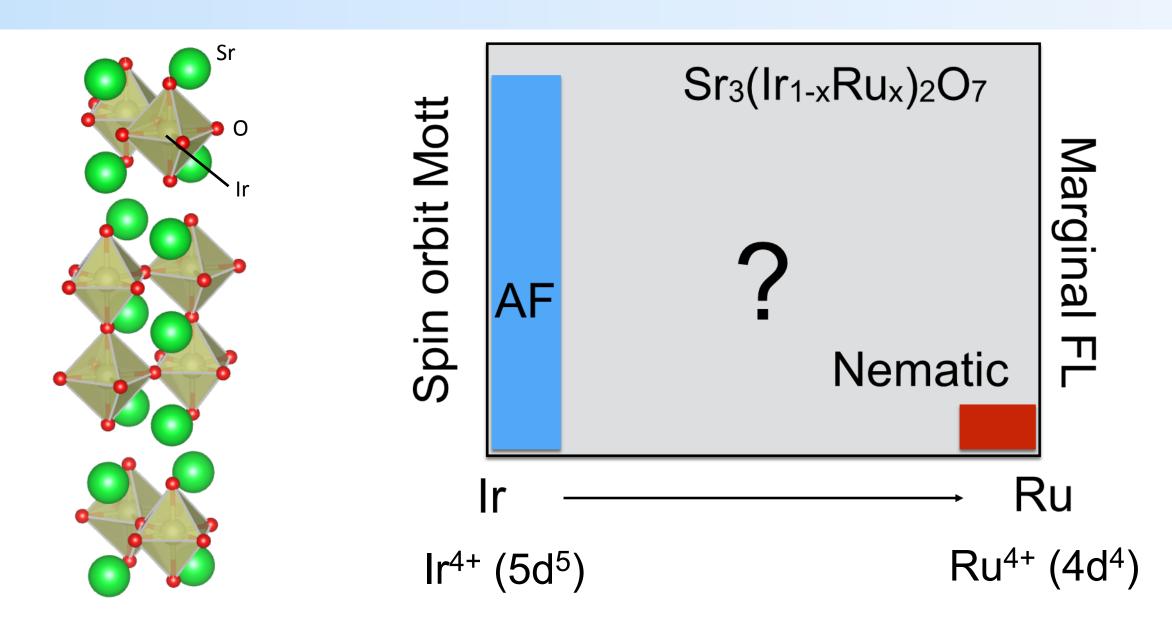
Induced moment approaches J=1/2 per electron doped



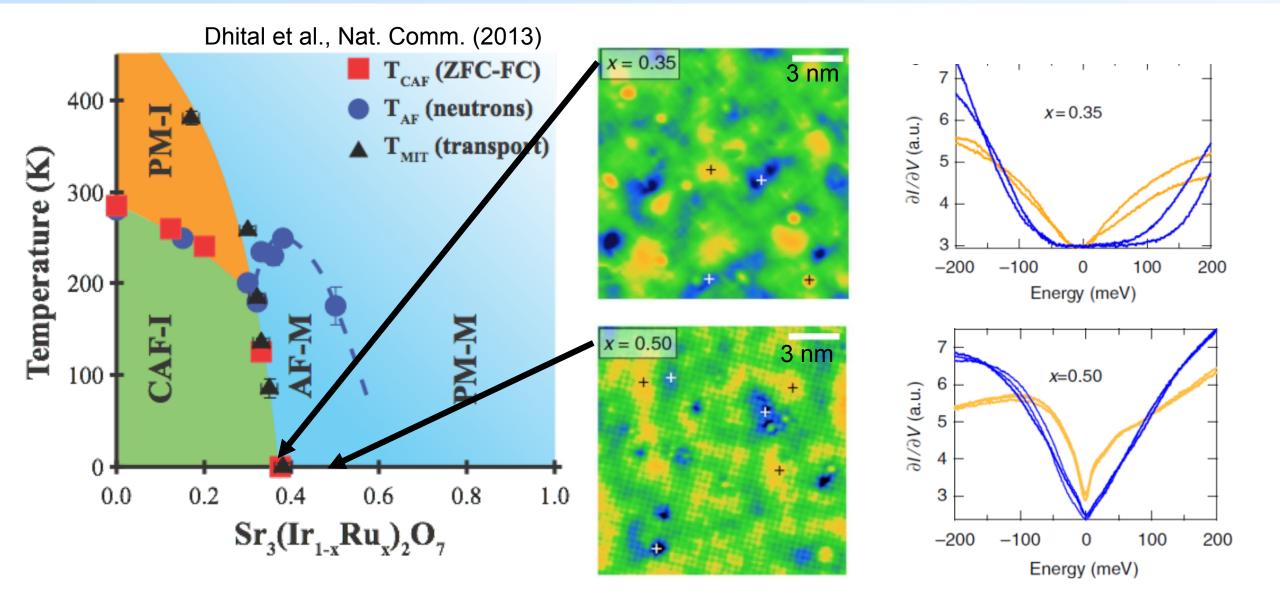
Summary for (Sr_{1-x}La_x)₃Ir₂O₇

- Electron doping Sr₃Ir₂O₇ causes first order collapse of spin-orbit Mott state
 - Competing charge density wave (-like) instability appears
 - Lattice distortion accompanies this density wave order
- Magnetism's evolution into nearby correlated metallic state is unusual
 - Static AF order vanishes at MIT
 - Robust spin dynamics persist up to the limit of doping
 - Gap value, bandwidth, and modeled exchange parameters only weakly affected
 - Evolution of spectral weight and magnon dispersions best modeled via bond operator derived model
- Local moments appear with doped electrons and scale as S=1/2 impurities
 - Suggest potential disordered dimer state...

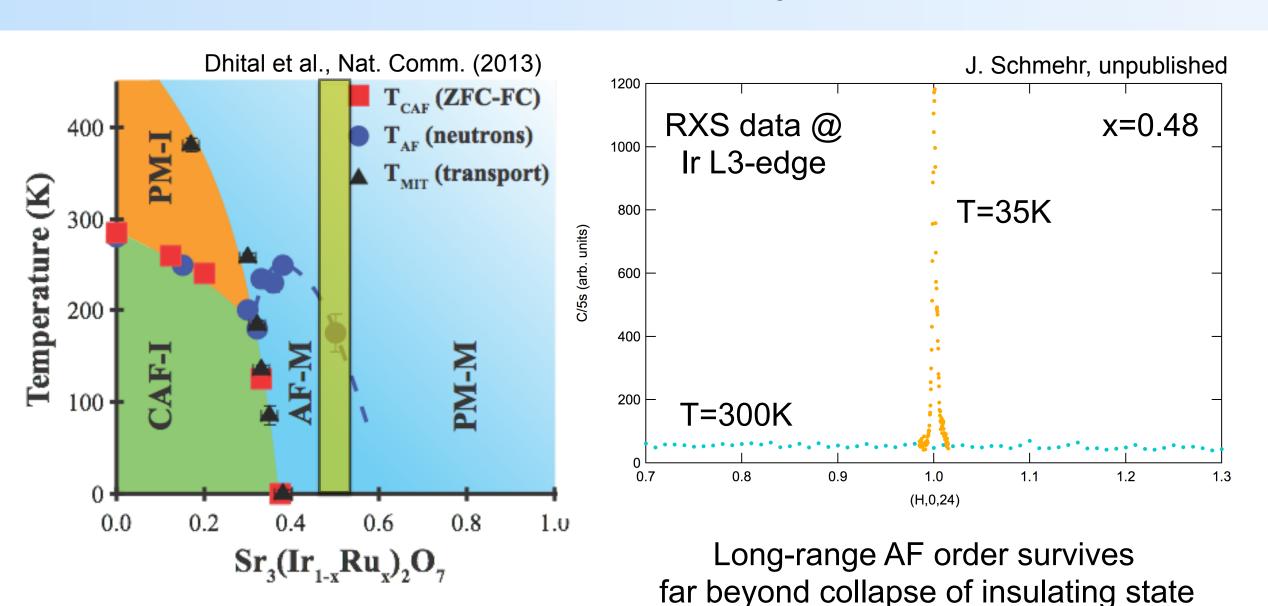
Sr₃Ir₂O₇: B-site substitution



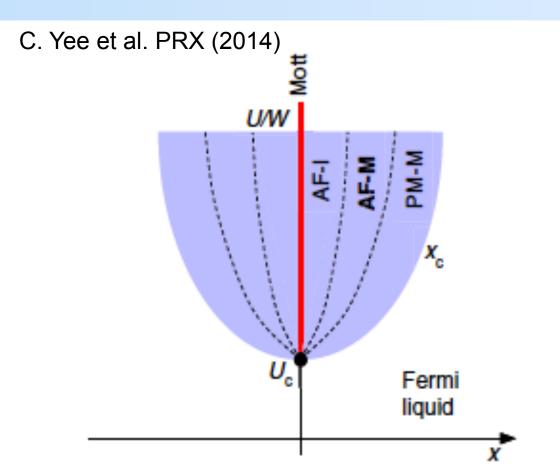
MIT in $Sr_3(Ir_{1-x}Ru_x)_2O_7$

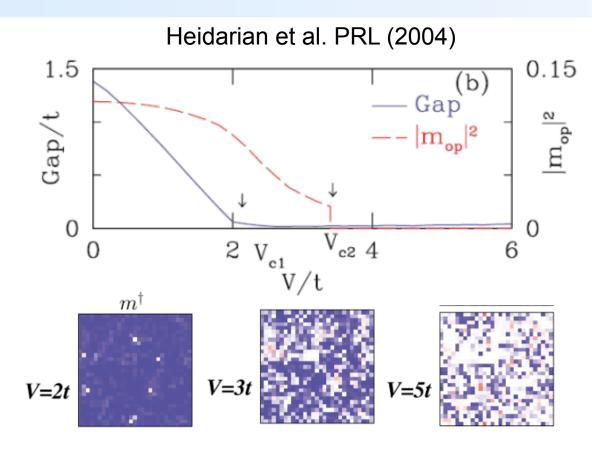


Intermediate SDW state in Sr₃(Ir_{1-x}Ru_x)₂O₇



Intermediate AF states beyond the Mott state

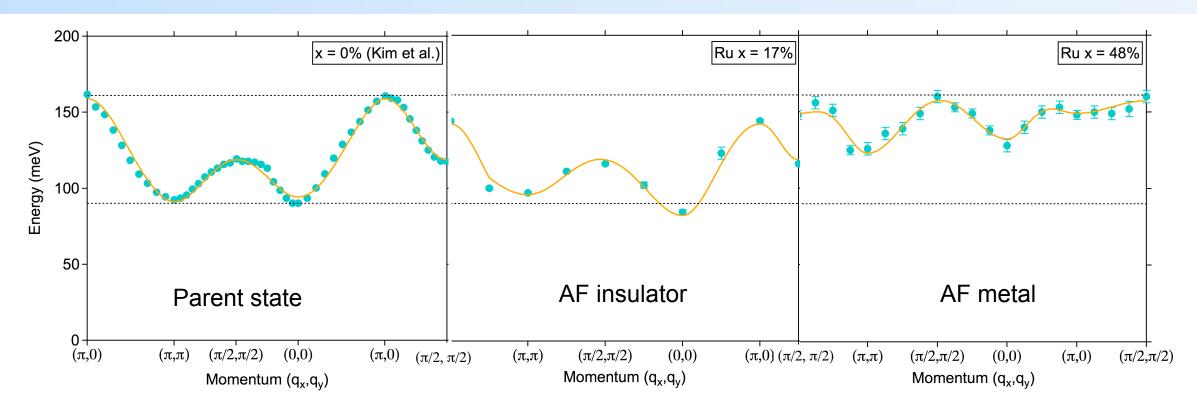




Thermodynamic arguments for first order transition into AF-M

Disorder driven collapse of Mott gap with extended survival of AF-M

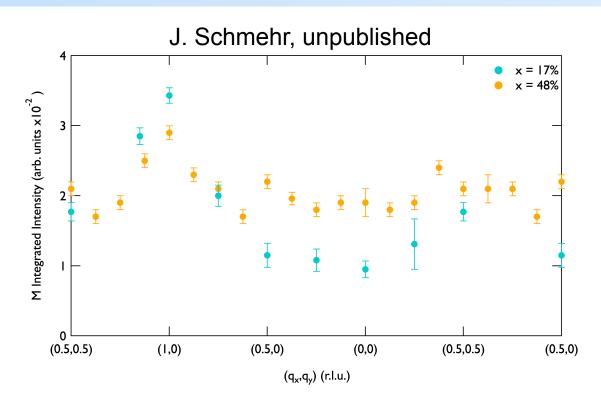
Spin dynamics in intermediate SDW state



x	gap (meV)	bandwidth (meV)
0	90	72
17%	84	60
48%	125	35

Increasing gap and narrowing bandwidth with increased Ru content

S(q) and J values in AF metallic phase



Parent Mott state

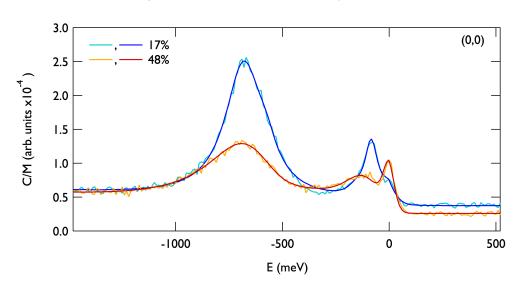
$$J_1$$
 = 26 meV
 J_2 = -15 meV
 J_3 = 6 meV
 J_c = 90 meV
 Θ = 37 meV

AF metallic state

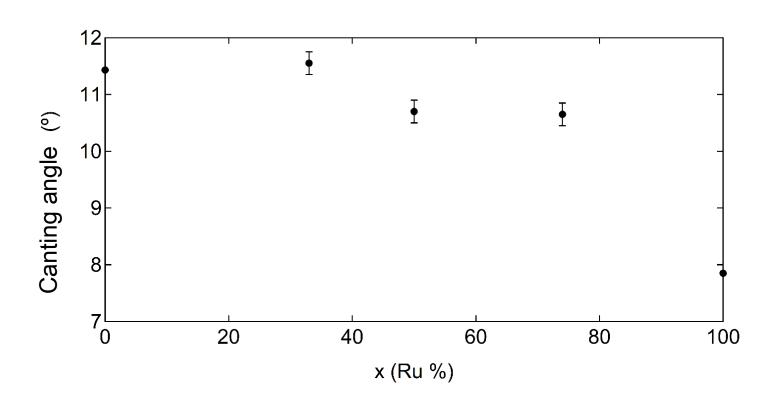
$$J_1 = 59 \text{ meV}$$

 $J_2 = 4 \text{ meV}$
 $J_3 = 0 \text{ meV}$
 $J_c = 97 \text{ meV}$
 $\Theta = 43 \text{ meV}$

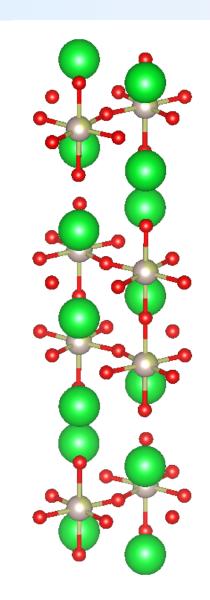
- Difficult to parameterize
 - Evolution of Θ unknown
 - Anisotropy coupled to J_C
- Extended in-plane exchange damped out
- Interplane coupling largely unaffected
- Magnons heavily damped



Structure largely unperturbed in Sr₃(Ir_{1-x}Ru_x)₂O₇



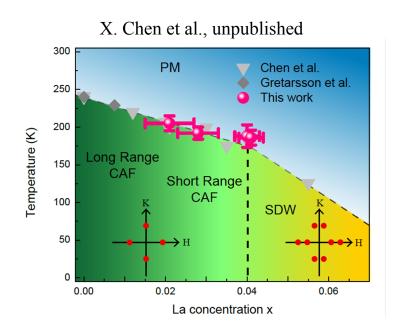
Heavy alloying with Ru is only a weak perturbation to the lattice structure

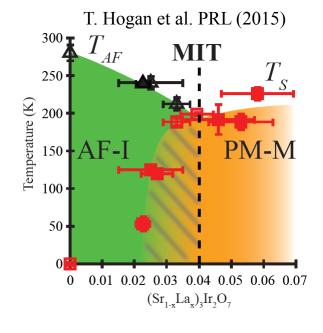


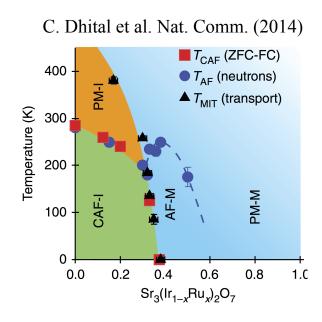
Summary for $Sr_3(Ir_{1-x}Ru_x)_2O_7$

- Ru-alloying into is naively a strong perturbation to J_{eff}=1/2 state
 - Modified SOC
 - Added holes
 - S=1 impurities
- J_{eff}=1/2 Mott insulating phase survives locally until ~50% replacement of Ir with Ru
 - AF survives beyond this and remains stable within an inhomogenous, globally metallic, state
- Spin dynamics are unusual in new AF metallic state
 - Spin gap increases, bandwidth narrows
 - Disorder screens longer range J terms
 - Coupling between layers robust (in dimer type fitting)
- Work ongoing in exploring this state....

Unconventional metals in doped R.P. iridates







Electron-doped Sr₂IrO₄ at 12% electrons/Ir acts like hole-doped La₂CuO₄ at 2% holes/Cu

Phase separated spin density wave state with "diagonal" character

Electron-doped Sr₃Ir₂O₇ reveals competing CDW-like instability

Persistent spin dynamics beyond collapse of static AF order. Phenomena suggestive of potential disordered dimer phase. Electron-doped Sr₃Ir₂O₇ reveals competing CDW-like instability

Persistent spin dynamics beyond collapse of static AF order. Phenomena suggestive of potential disordered dimer phase.