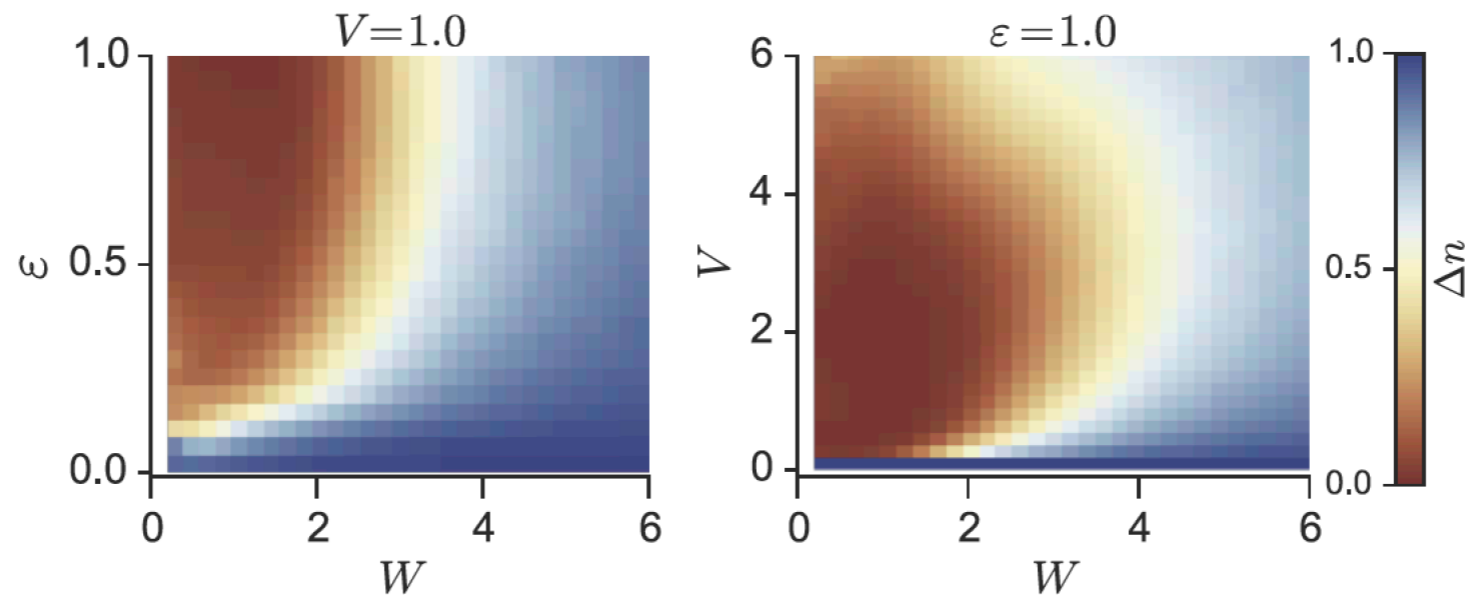


Many-body localization from a one-particle perspective



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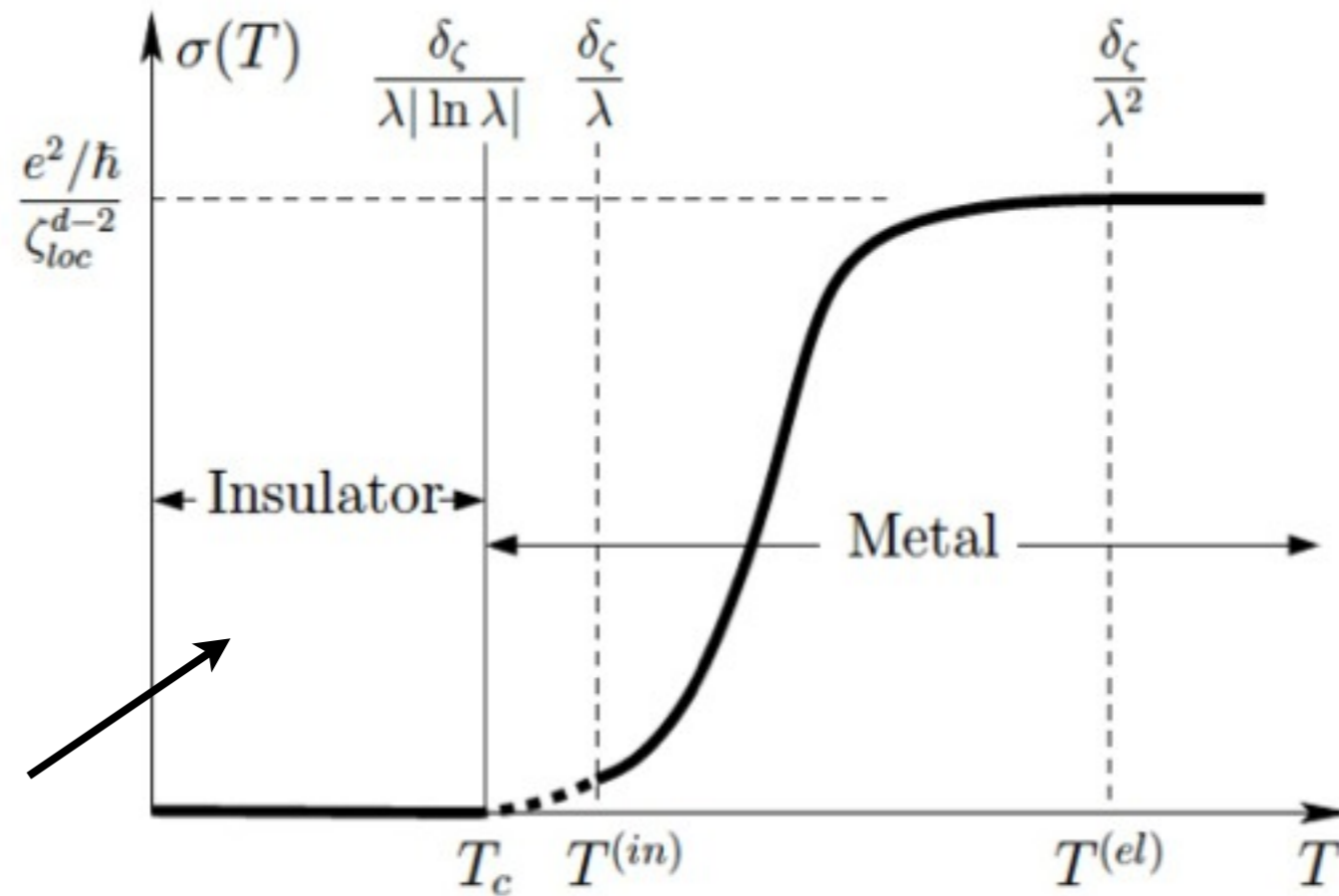
Discussions with:
Ehud Altman, Frank Pollmann

For details: Bera, Schomerus, FHM, Bardarson, Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 046603 (2015)

Disorder & interactions

Can interactions lead to delocalization?

Is the localized phase stable?



“Many-body”
localized

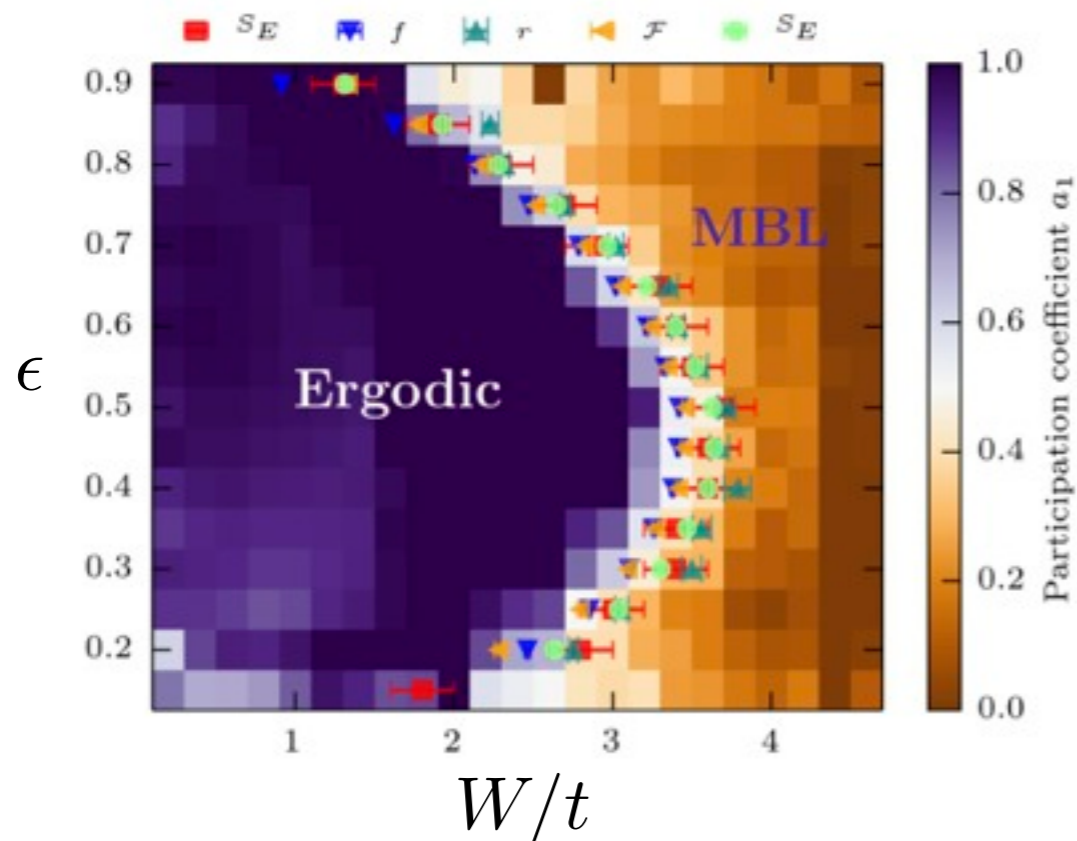
Standard model of 1D MBL

Spinless fermions in 1D = Spin-1/2 XXZ chain

$$H = \sum_{i=1}^L \left[-\frac{t}{2} (c_{i+1}^\dagger c_i + h.c.) + V n_i n_{i+1} \right] - \sum_i \epsilon_i n_i \quad \epsilon_i \in [-W, W]$$

Phase diagram

Critical disorder strength
at $T=\infty$

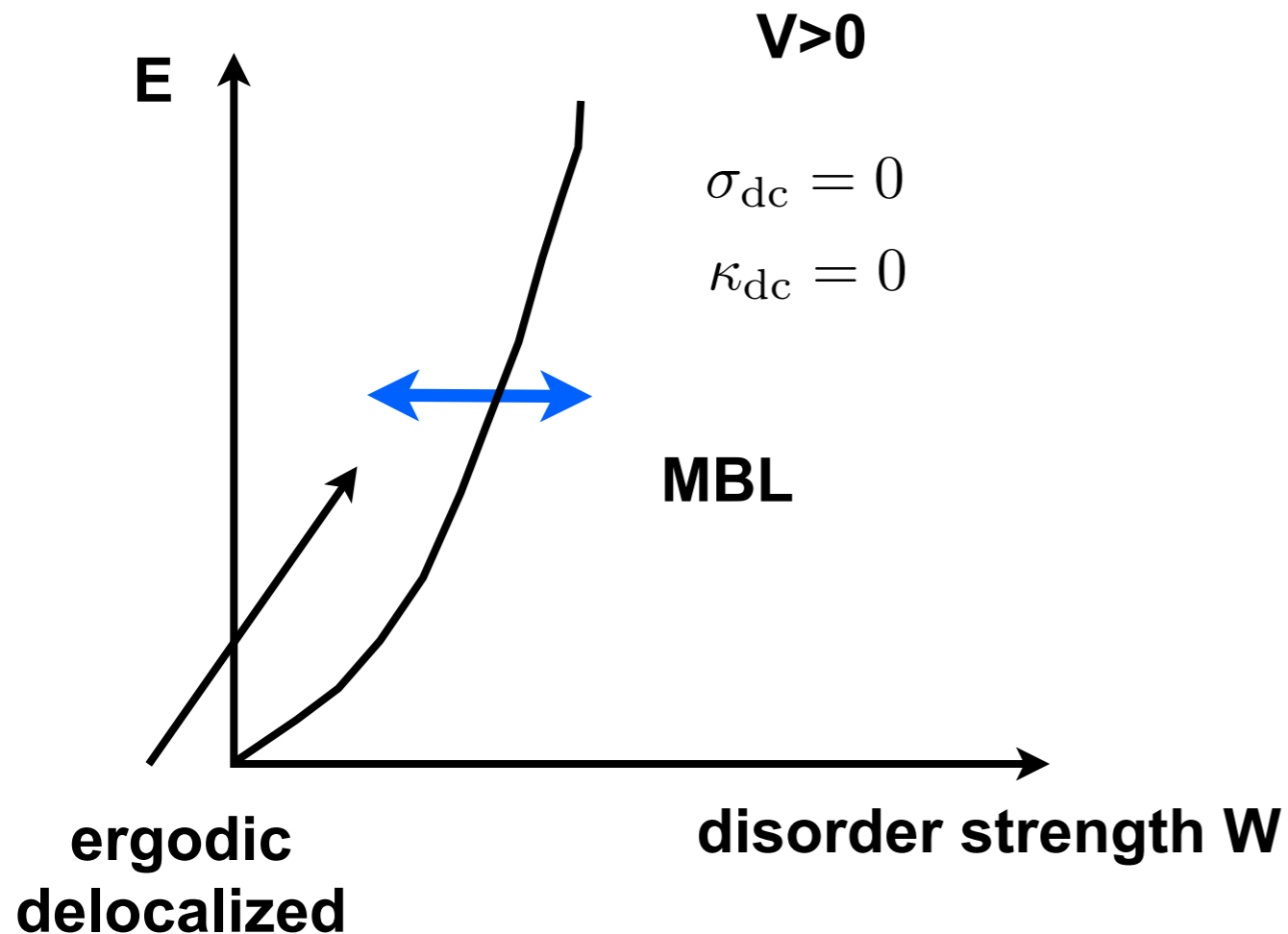


$$W_c \sim 3.5t$$

- Level spacing
- Entanglement entropy fluctuations
- Participation ratios
- ...

Luitz, Laflorencie, Alet Phys. Rev. B 91, 081103(R) (2015)
 Oganesyan, Huse, Phys. Rev. B 75, 155111 (2007); Pal, Huse, Phys. Rev. B 82, 174411 (2010)
 Bar Lev, Cohen, Reichman Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 100601 (2015), ...

Properties of the MBL phase & transition



Exciting, because:

Finite E “quantum phase transition”

No signature in thermodynamics

No thermalization, transport

Area law in excited states

**Local conserved charges,
robust “integrable” system**

Log-increase in entanglement

Bardarson, Pollmann, Moore, PRL 2012
Znidaric, Prelovsek, Prosen PRB 2008

MBL vs AL?

“Visualize” localization length?

Characterization of transition?

2D?

Anderson localization

Electrons in periodic potential: **Bloch states**

$$\psi_{\vec{k}}(\vec{r} + \vec{R}) = e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{R}} \psi_{\vec{k}}(\vec{r})$$

$$H = - \sum_{ij} t_{ij} (c_i^\dagger c_j + h.c.)$$

**Electrons in the presence of disorder:
full localization of all single-particle eigenstates possible**

**Asymptotic form of eigenstates:
localization length**

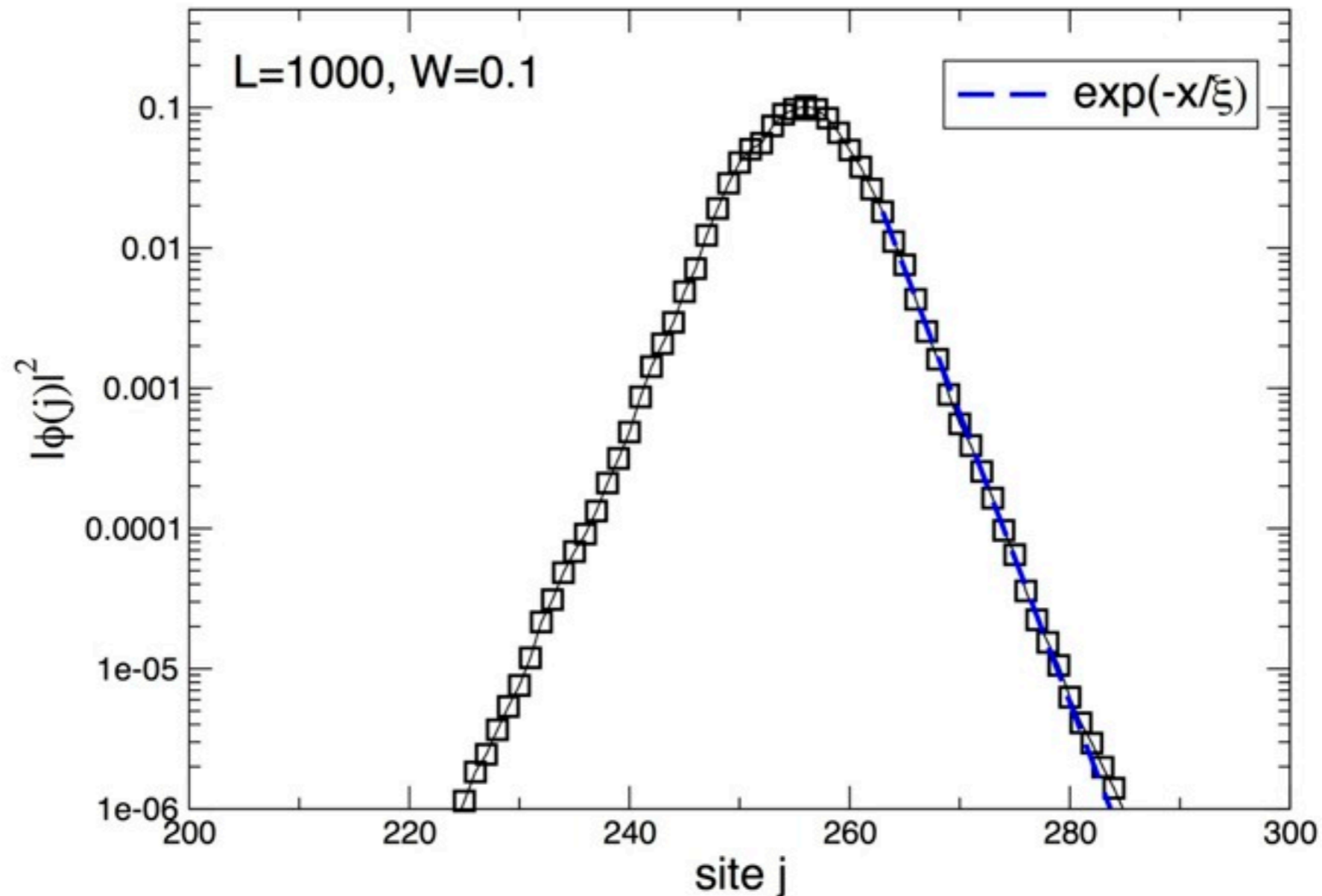
$$\psi(r) = f(r) e^{-r/\xi}$$

$$H = - \sum_{ij} t_{ij} (c_i^\dagger c_j + h.c.) - \sum_i \epsilon_i n_i$$

$$\epsilon_i \in [-W, W]$$

Anderson Phys. Rev. 109, 1492 (1958)

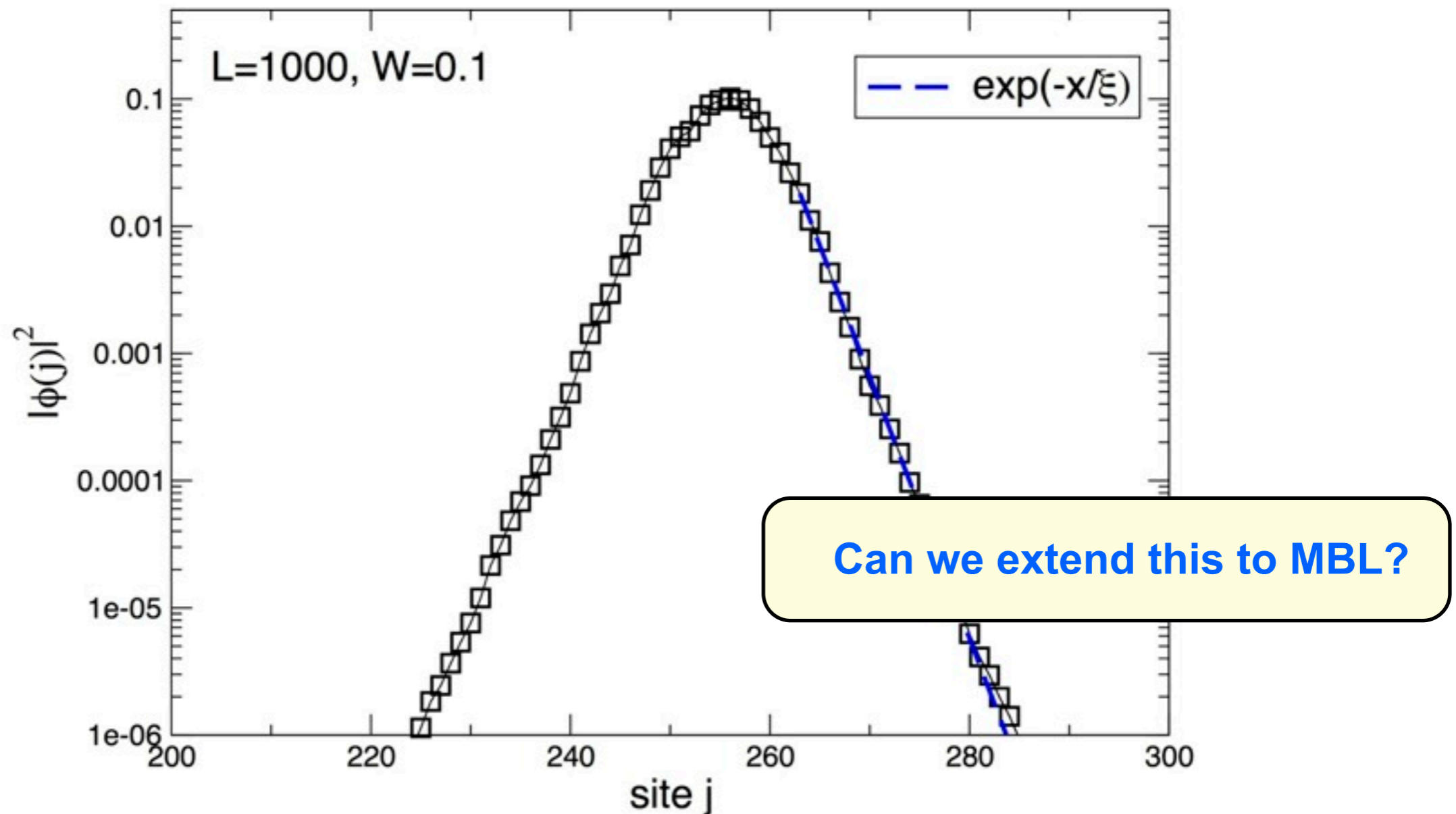
Typical localized single-particle state



**Localization length in MBL:
Entanglement entropy, coefficients in I-bit Hamiltonian, ...**

Bauer, Nayak J. Stat. Mech. (2013) P09005, Huse, Nandishkore, Oganesyan Phys. Rev. B 90, 174202 (2014)
Serbyn, Pappic, and Abanin, Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 127201 (2013), Vosk, Altman, Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 067204 (2013), ...

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Key results

→ **Model: 1D interacting, spinless fermions**

→ **One-particle density matrix (OPDM): Single-particle description of MBL**

$$\rho_{ij}^{(1)} = \langle \psi_n | c_i^\dagger c_j | \psi_n \rangle$$

$$\rho^{(1)} |\phi_\alpha\rangle = n_\alpha |\phi_\alpha\rangle$$

Natural orbitals

Occupation spectrum

**V, realization-dependent set
of single-particle states:**

**Localized in MBL phase
Delocalized in ergodic phase**

**Fermi-liquid like
Different from Anderson insulator!**

One-particle density matrix

Definition

$$\rho^{(1)}(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') = N \int d\vec{r}_2^3 \dots \int d\vec{r}_N^3 \psi_N^*(\vec{r}, \vec{r}_2, \dots, \vec{r}_N) \psi_N(\vec{r}', \vec{r}_2, \dots, \vec{r}_N)$$

Eigenstates (natural orbitals) & values (=occupations)

$$\int d\vec{r}' \rho^{(1)}(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') \phi_\alpha(\vec{r}') = n_\alpha \phi_\alpha(\vec{r})$$

Bose-Einstein condensation in many-body systems

$$\rho^{(1)}(\vec{r}, \vec{r}') = n_0 \phi_0^*(\vec{r}) \phi_0(\vec{r}') + \sum_{\alpha \neq 0} n_\alpha \phi_\alpha^*(\vec{r}) \phi_\alpha(\vec{r}')$$

$$n_0 \sim \mathcal{O}(N)$$

Penrose, Onsager, C.H. Yang

Bloch theorem in many-body systems

$$\phi_\alpha(\vec{r} + \vec{R}) = e^{i\vec{k} \cdot \vec{R}} \phi_\alpha(\vec{r})$$

Koch, Goedecker, Solid State Communications

Single-particle description of MBL

What we do, using exact diagonalization

→ **Fixed energy E**

→ **Obtain many-body eigenstates with $E_n \sim E$** $H|\psi_n\rangle = E_n|\psi_n\rangle; \quad E_n \approx E$

→ **Compute OPDM**

$$\rho_{ij}^{(1)} = \langle \psi_n | c_i^\dagger c_j | \psi_n \rangle$$

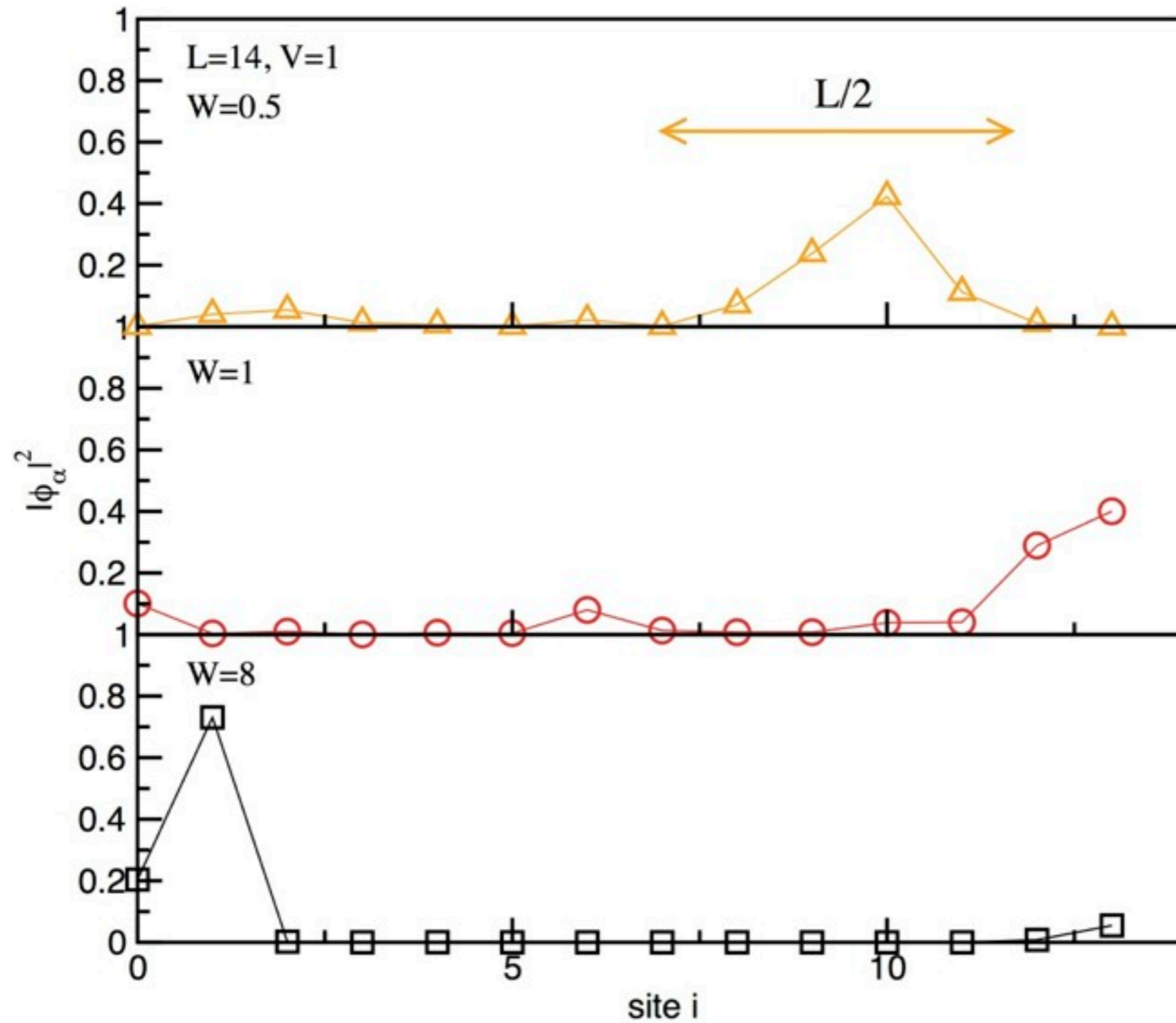
→ **Diagonalize it !**

$$\rho^{(1)}|\phi_\alpha\rangle = n_\alpha|\phi_\alpha\rangle; \quad c_\alpha^\dagger = U_{\alpha j}c_j^\dagger$$

→ **Average over impurity configurations**

Two previous studies of OPDM eigenstates of HCBs with disorder (no connection to MBL transition):
Nessi, Iucci Phys. Rev. A 84, 063614 (2011); Gramsch, Rigol, Phys. Rev. A 86, 053615 (2012)

Typical OPDM eigenstates



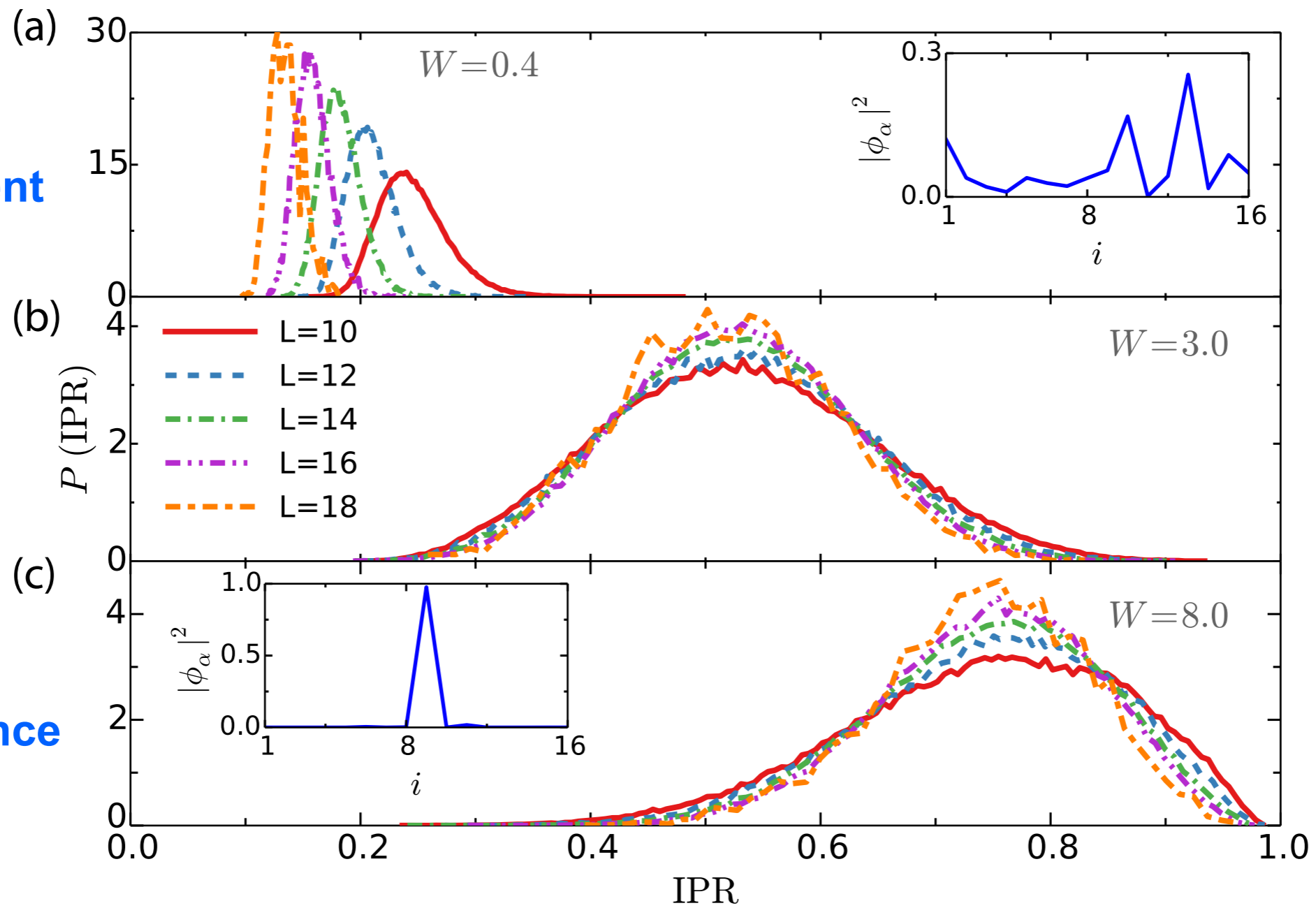
delocalized

several localization centers

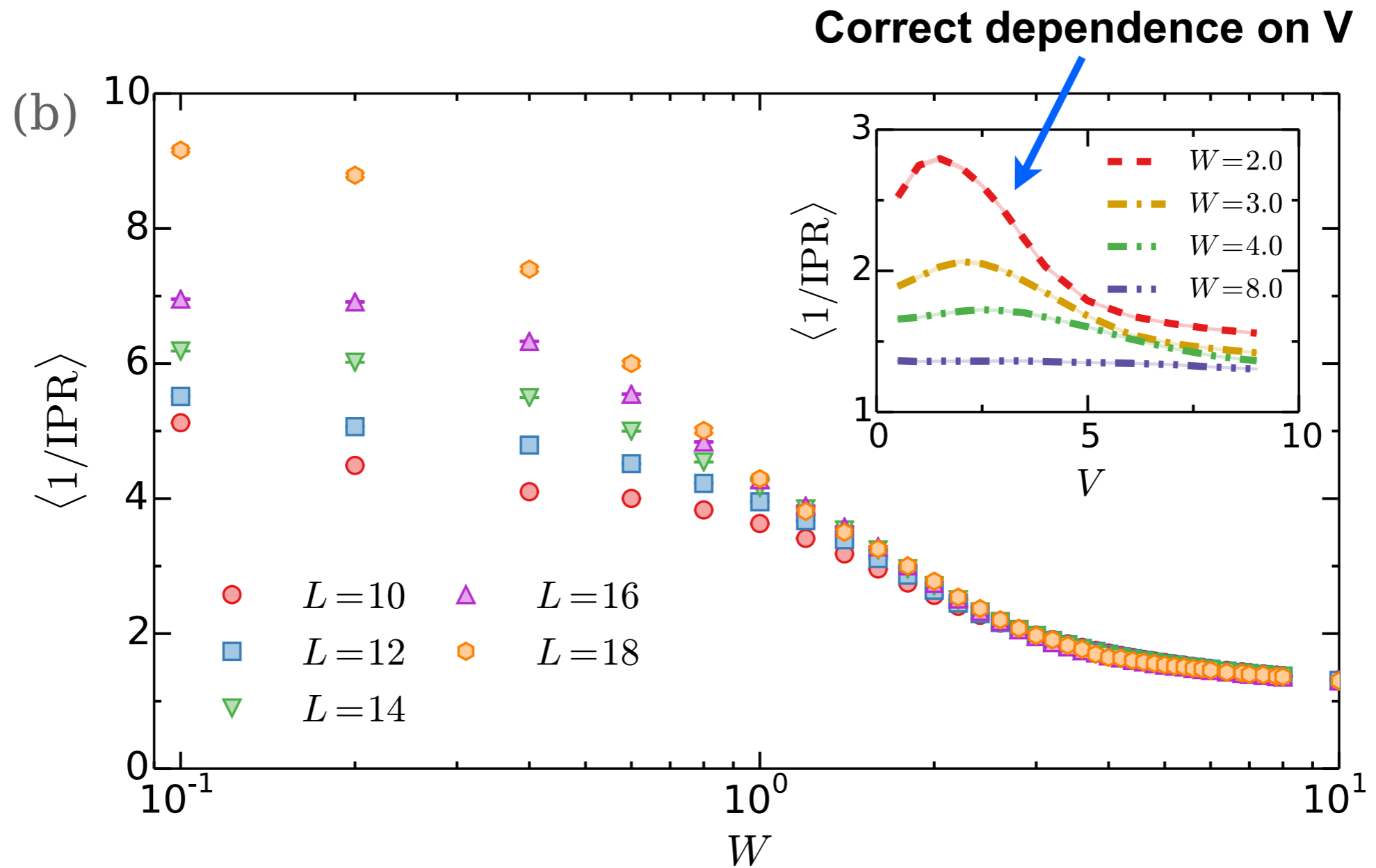
localized

Inverse participation ratio

$$IPR = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{\alpha=1}^L n_{\alpha} \sum_{i=1}^L |\phi_{\alpha}(i)|^4$$



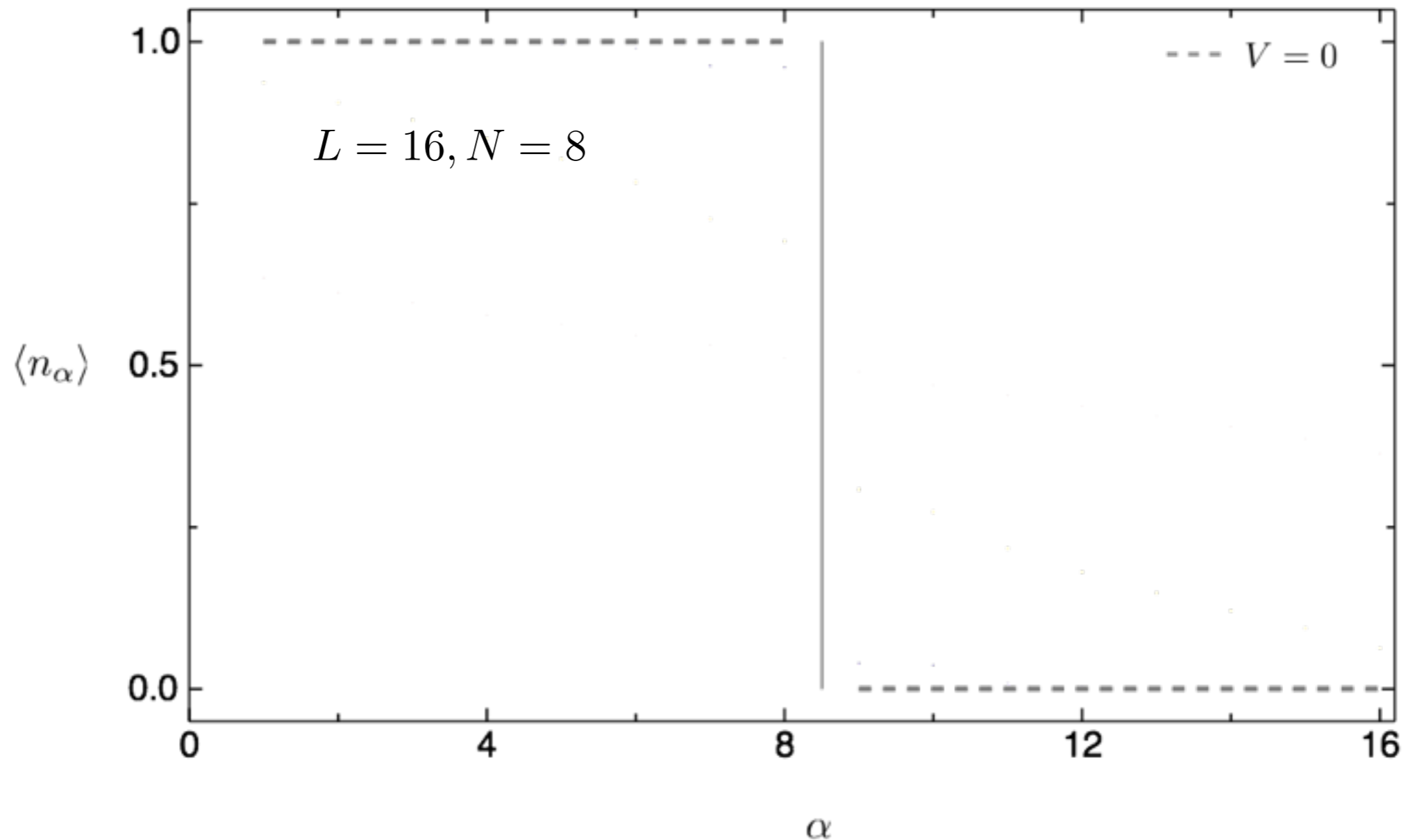
Inverse participation ratio



Increases with L in ergodic phase: “ballistic regime”
L-independent in MBL phase
No clear L-dependence at the transition

OPDM occupations

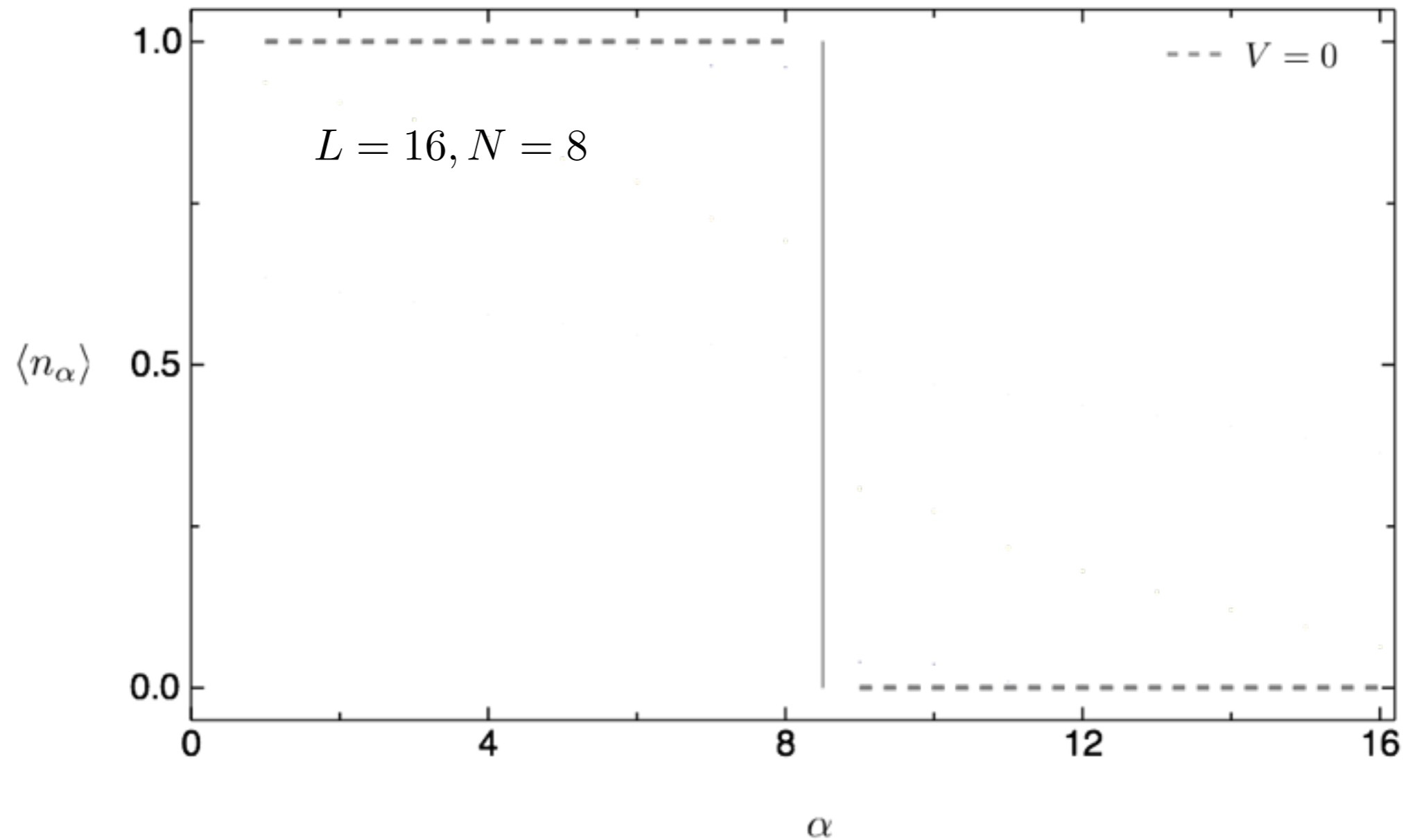
Clean system: $n_\alpha = n_k = \langle c_k^\dagger c_k \rangle$



$$H = -t \sum_i (c_i^\dagger c_{i+1} + h.c.) - \sum_i \epsilon_i n_i$$

Anderson insulator
For each many-body state:
Slater determinant
independent of disorder: step function

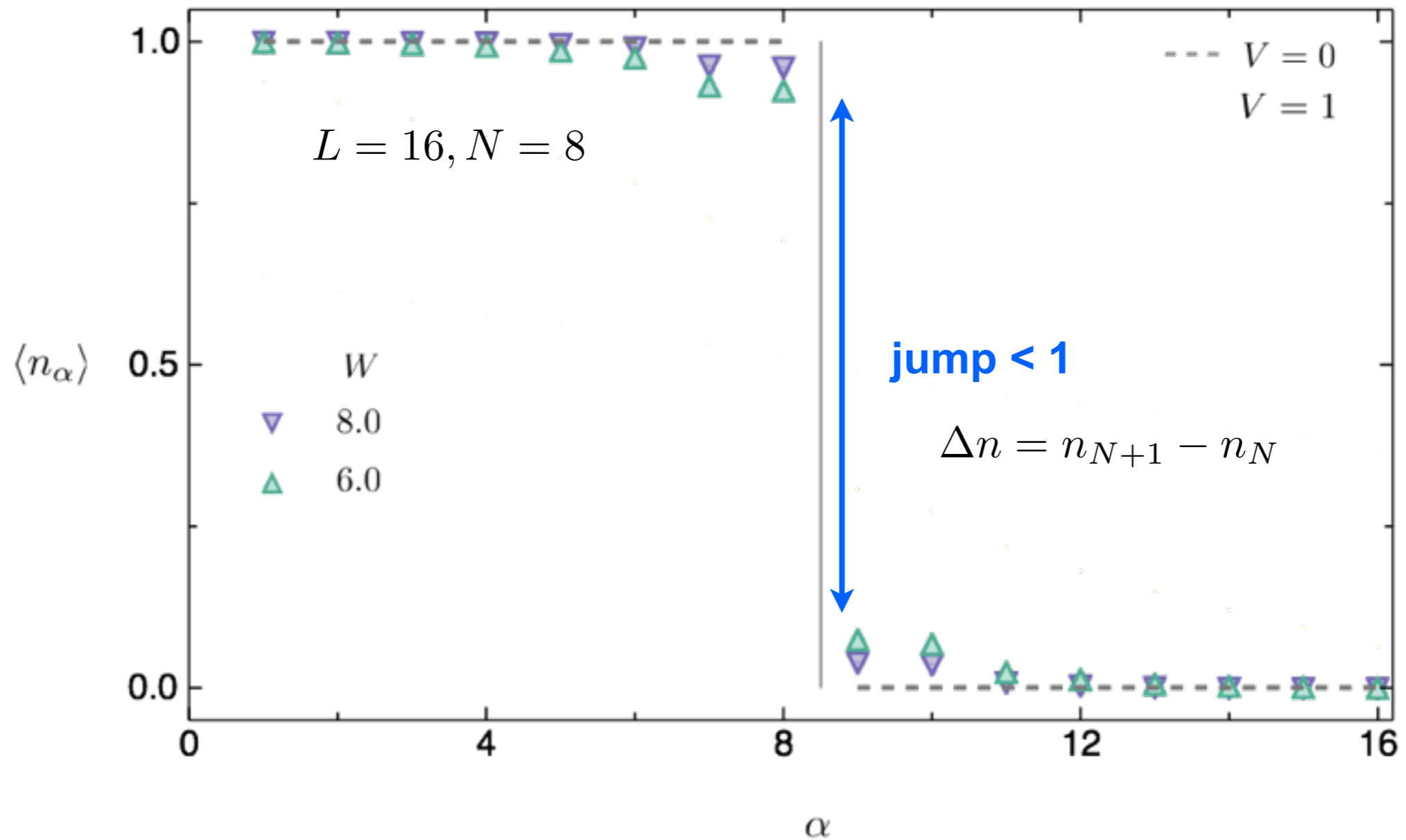
OPDM occupations



$$W \gg t, V : \quad H = \sum_i \epsilon_i n_i$$

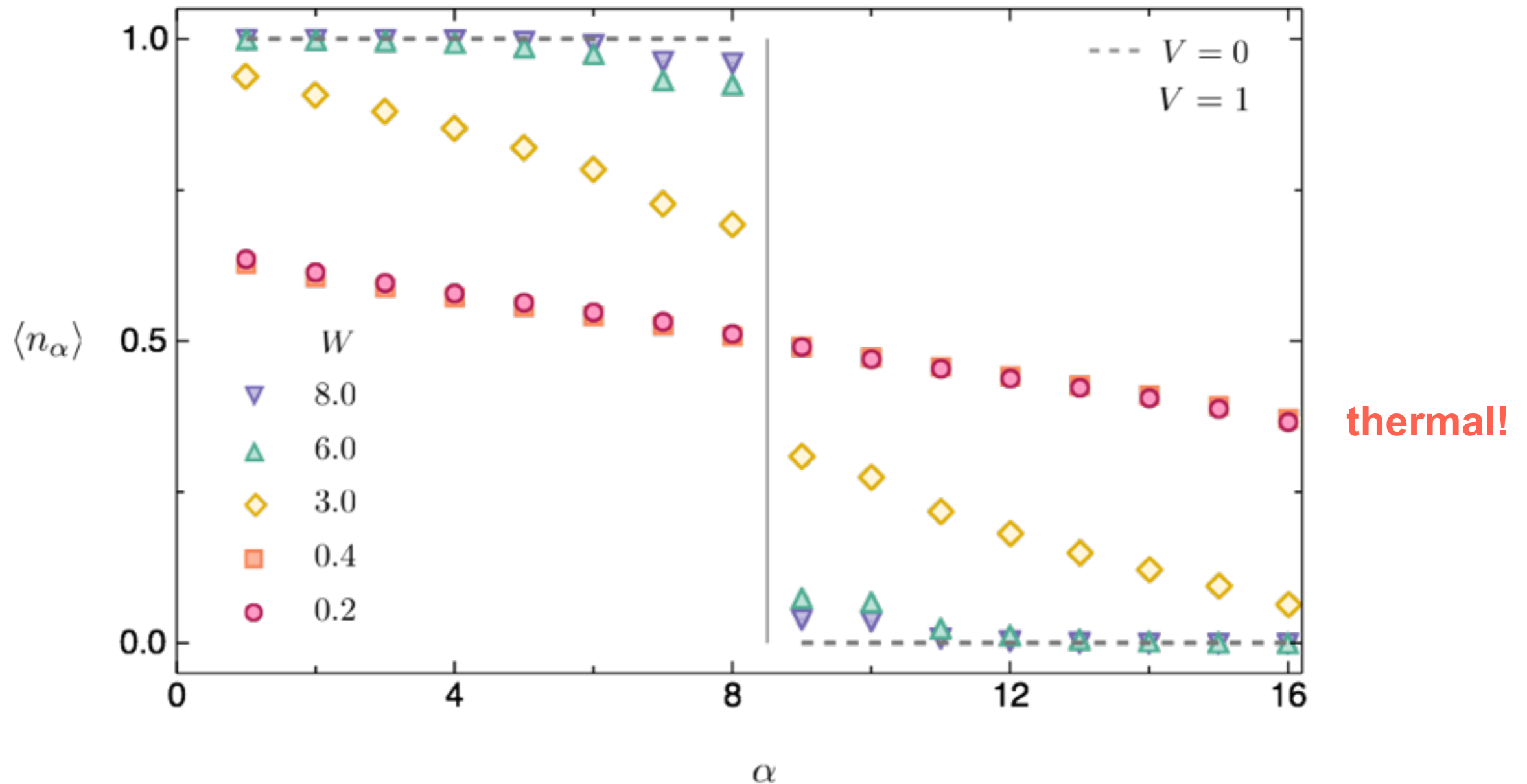
Deep in MBL phase
For each many-body state:
Slater determinant

OPDM occupations



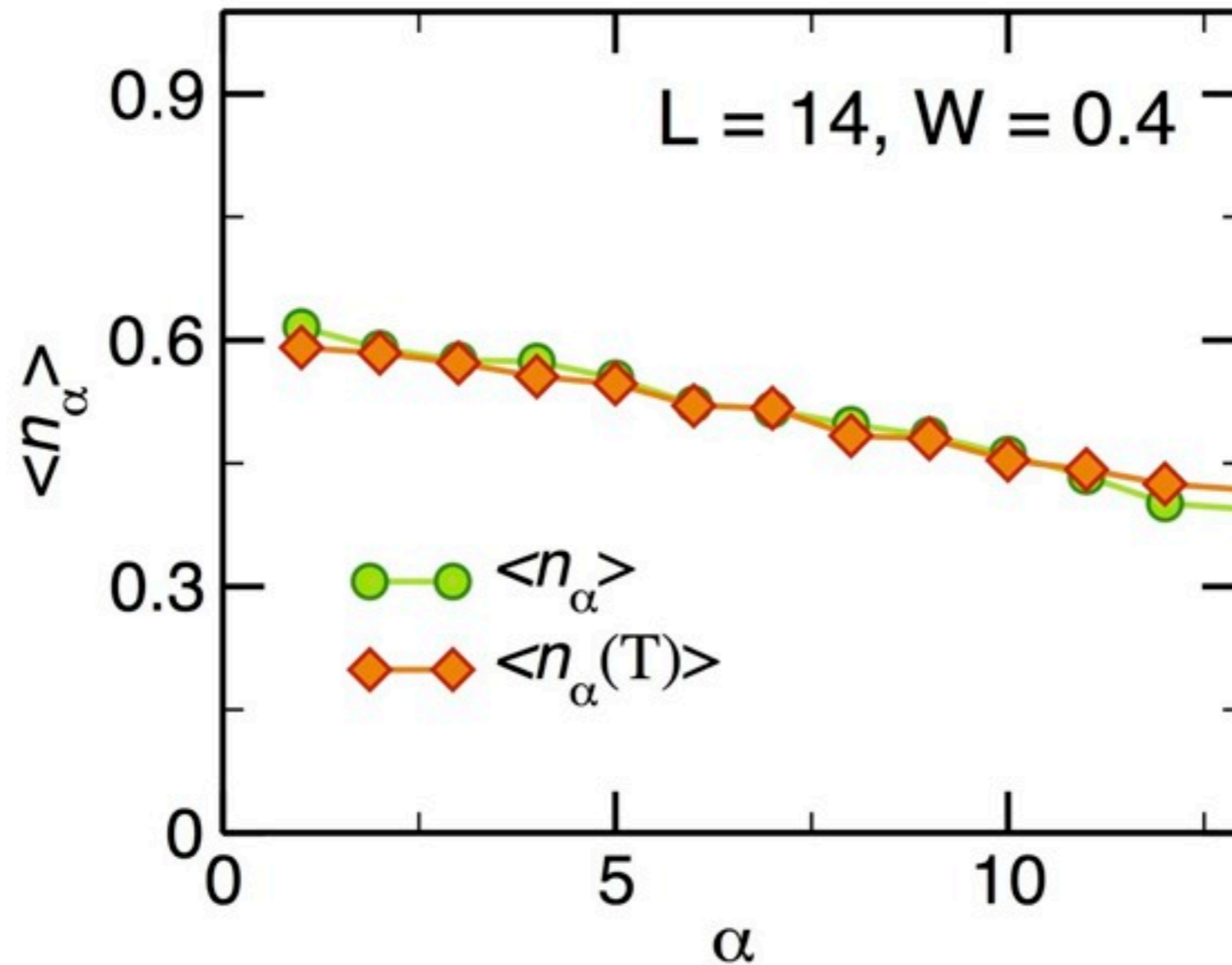
**Deep in the MBL phase: Slater determinant
Finite jump survives - Similar to Fermi-liquid**

OPDM occupations



**MBL: discontinuity, Fermi-liquid-like
Transition is delocalization in Fock space
Thermal distribution in ergodic phase**

OPDM occupations in delocalized phase

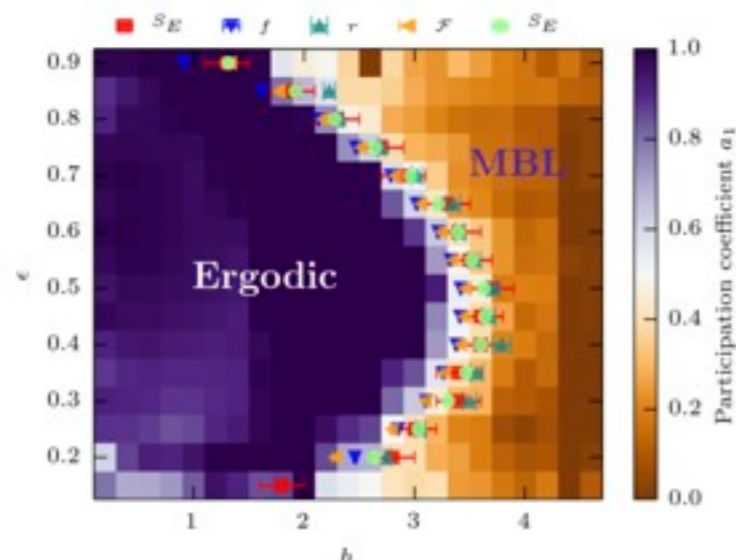
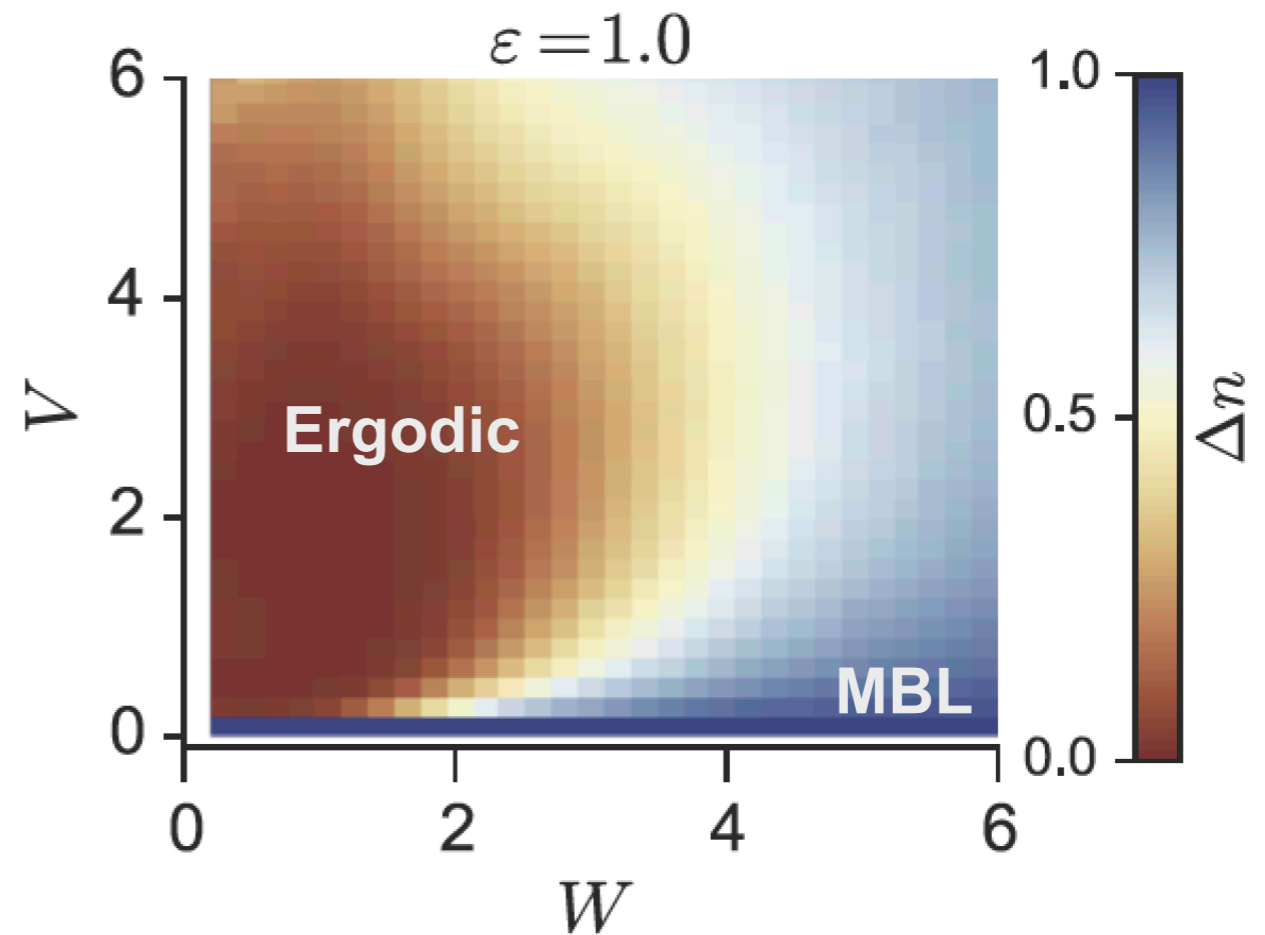
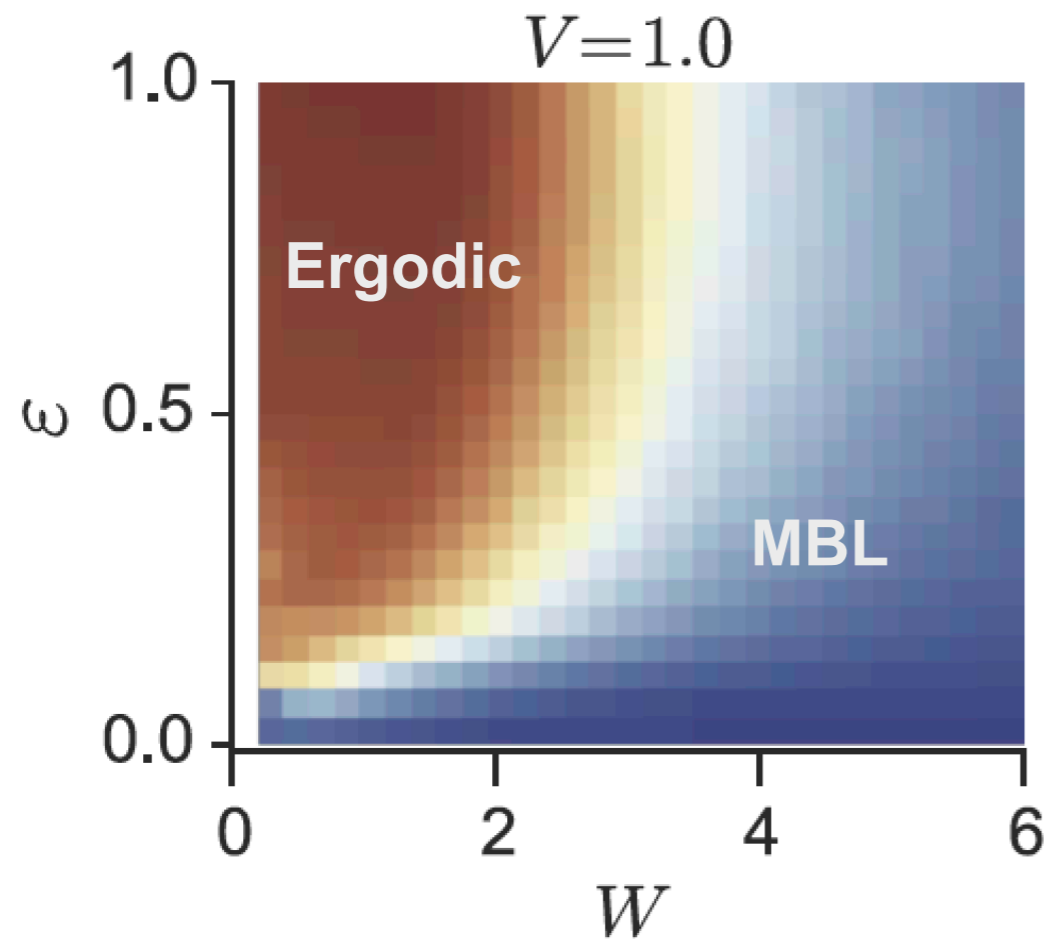


$$E \approx \langle \psi_n | H | \psi_n \rangle = \text{tr}(\rho(T)H)$$

$$\rho_{ij}^{(1)}(T) = \text{tr}[\rho_{\text{can}}(T)c_i^\dagger c_j] \rightarrow \langle n_\alpha(T) \rangle$$

Discontinuity in occupations: “Phase” diagrams

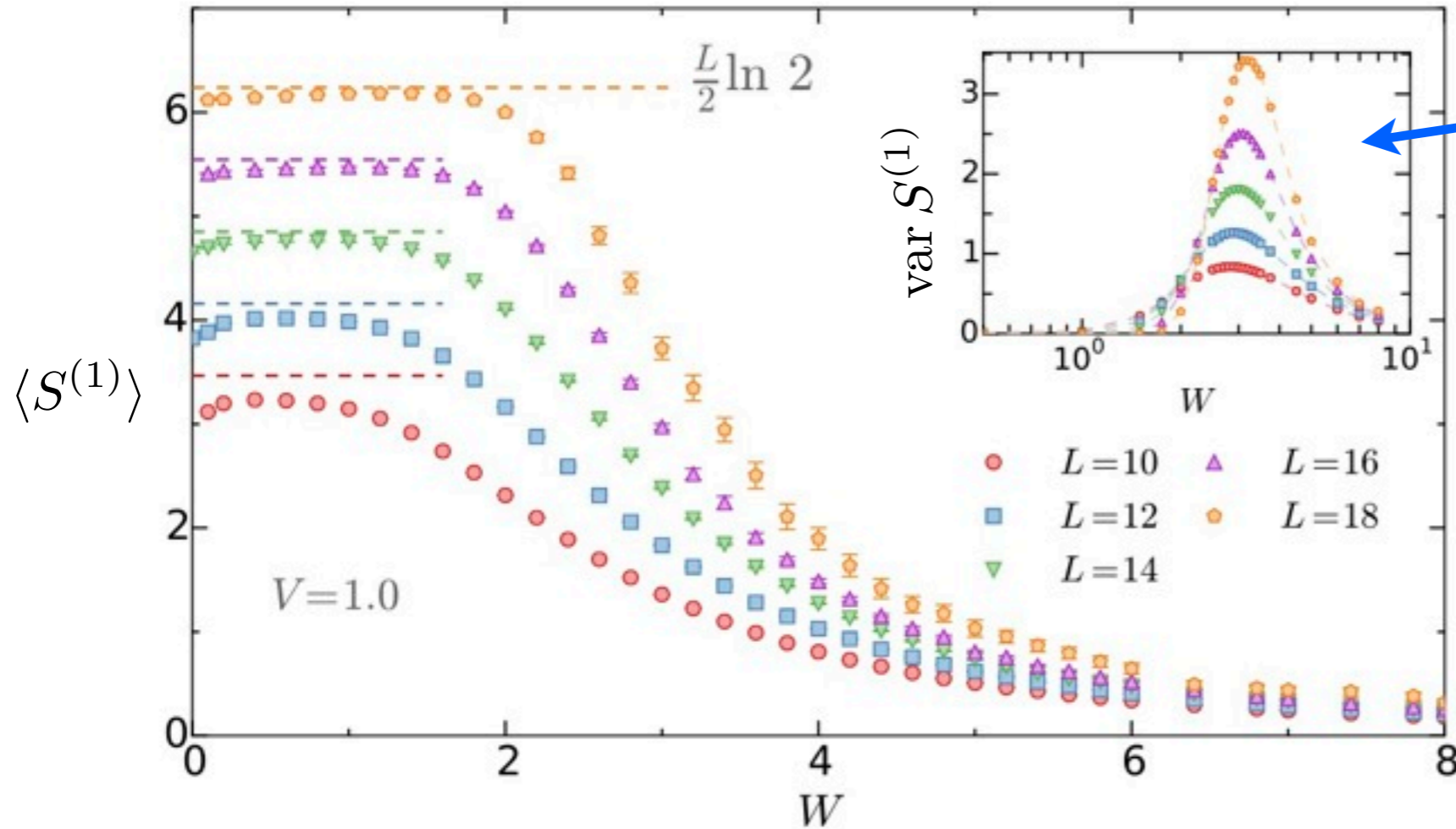
$$\Delta n = n_{N+1} - n_N$$



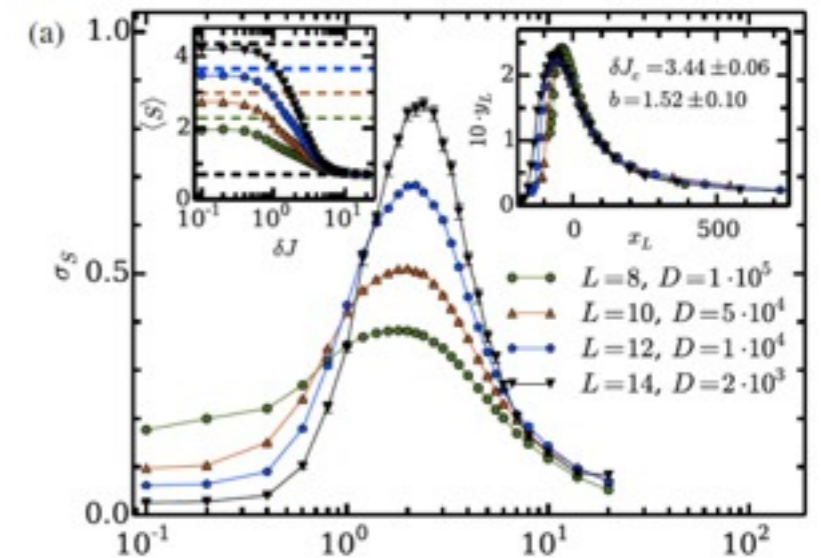
**Step-like discontinuity
similar to $n(k)$ of a Fermi-liquid
agrees with known phase diagram**

One-particle occupation entropy

$$S^{(1)} = - \sum_{\alpha} [n_{\alpha} \ln(n_{\alpha})]$$



Similar to entanglement entropy

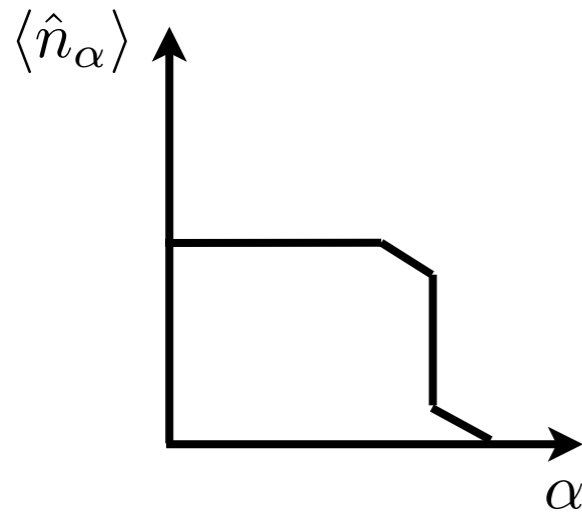


Kjall, Bardarson, Pollmann
PRL 2014

Maximum in fluctuations at transition!

MBL & Fermi-liquids

→ Connection to conserved charges & Fermi-liquid interpretation
(one realization!)

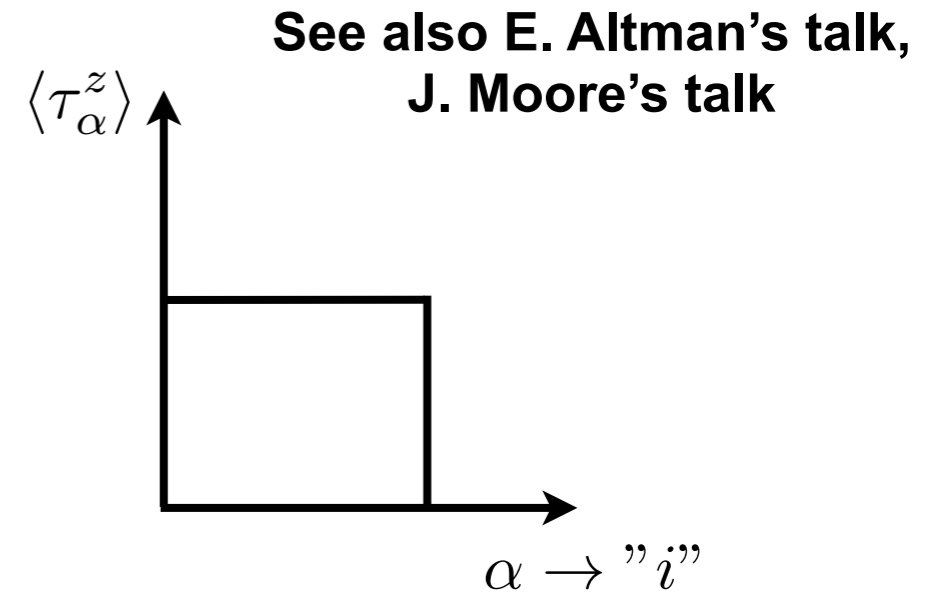


“Physical”
particles in FL

OPDM
eigenstates

I-bits

$$\hat{n}_\alpha = c_\alpha^\dagger c_\alpha \leftrightarrow \tau_\alpha^z$$



Quasi-particles
in FL

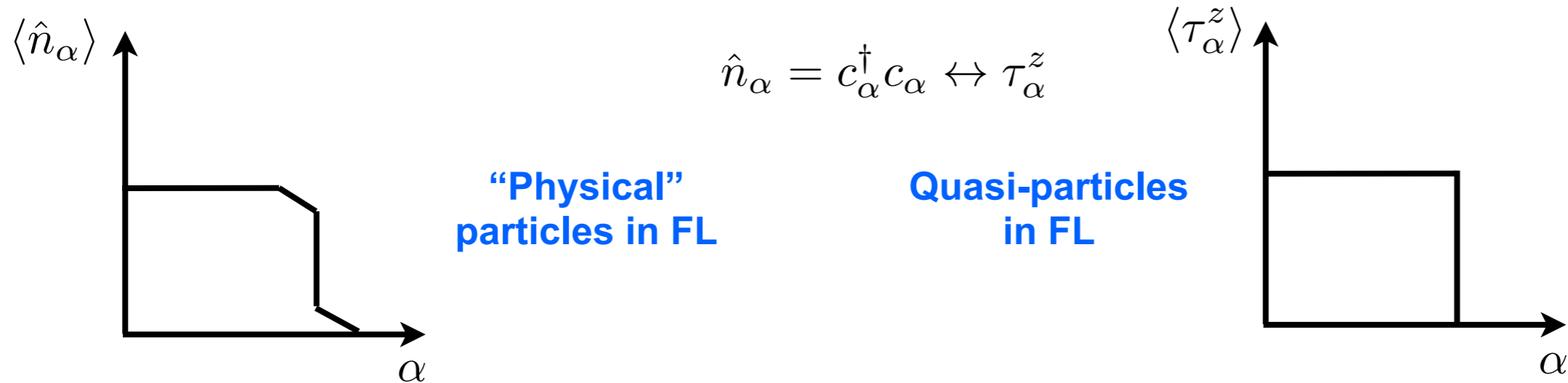
$$H = \sum_i \epsilon_i \tau_i^z + \sum_{i,j} J_{i,j} \tau_i^z \tau_j^z + \sum_{i,j,\{k\}} K_{i,\{k\},j}^n \tau_i^z \tau_{k_1}^z \cdots \tau_{k_n}^z \tau_j^z$$

$$\tau_i^z = \sum_j a_j^{(i)} n_j + \sum_{l,j,m} b_{l,m}^{(i)} c_l^\dagger n_j c_m + \dots$$

Huse, Nandishkore, Oganesyan Phys. Rev. B 90, 174202 (2014)
Serbyn, Papić, and Abanin, Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 127201 (2013)
Vosk, Altman, Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 067204 (2013)

Outlook

→ **Connection to conserved charges & Fermi-liquid interpretation**



→ **Quantitative analysis - scaling**

→ **Larger systems: DMRG**

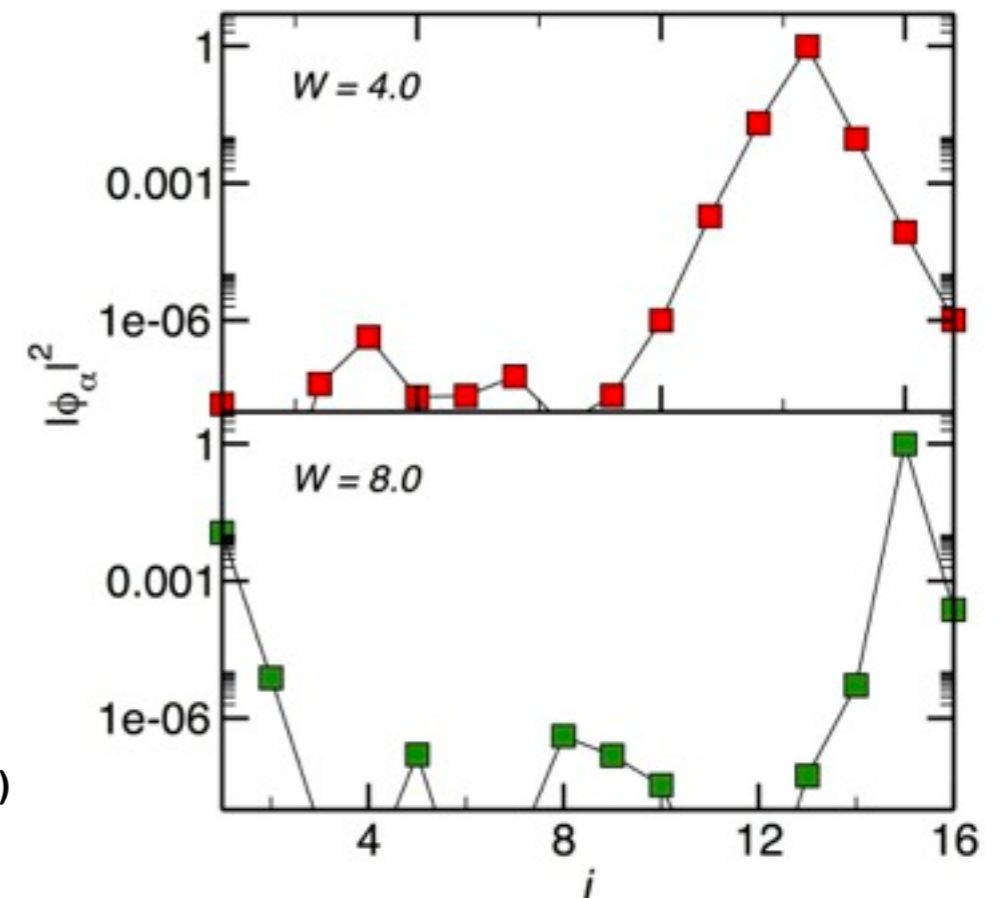
Khemani, Pollmann, Sondhi arXiv:1509.00483; Yu, Pekker, Clark arXiv:1509.01244
Lim, Sheng arXiv:1510.08145; Karrasch, Kennes arXiv:1511.02205

→ **Localization length from natural orbitals**

→ **Multifractal natural orbitals? See Kravtsov’s talk**

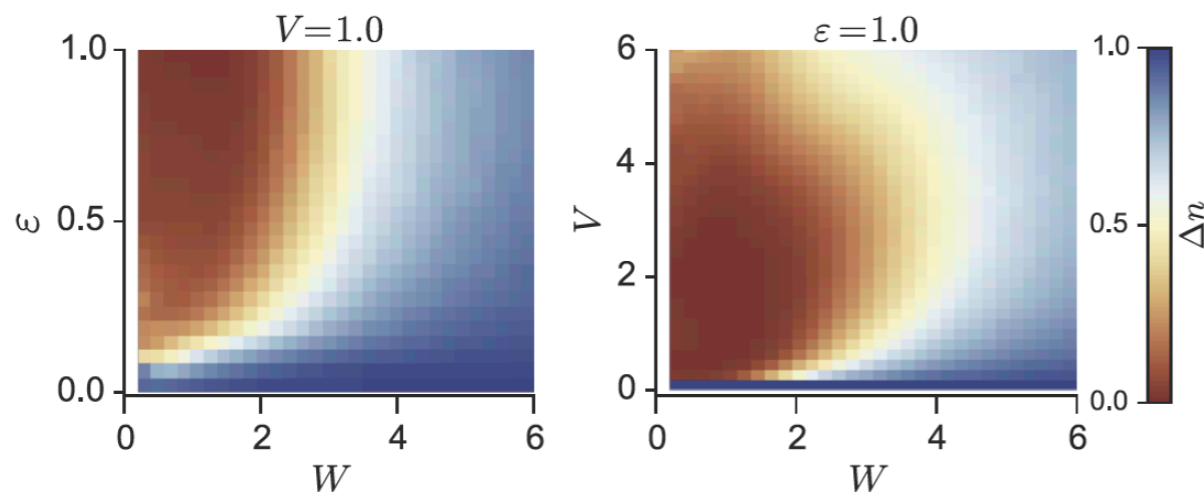
→ **Connect to OL experiments**

Schreiber et al. Science 349, 842 (2015); Bordia et al. arXiv:1509.00478 (Bloch group)



Summary

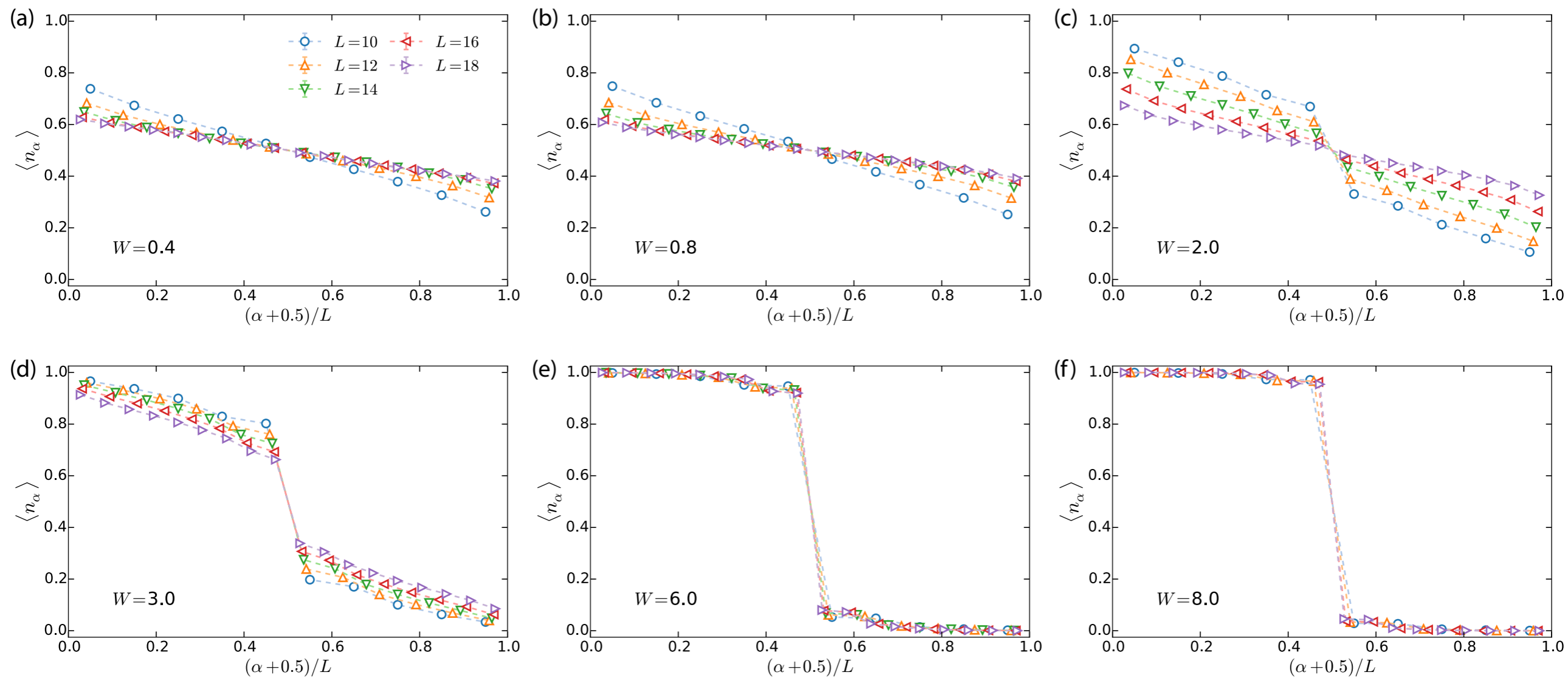
- Single-particle description based on one-particle density matrix
- Natural orbitals (de)localized in (ergodic) MBL phase
- **Discontinuity in occupations!**
Reminiscent of Fermi-liquid:
distinguishes MBL from Anderson insulator
- Additional tool for diagnostics of MBL phase



Bera, Schomerus, FHM, Bardarson,
Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 046603 (2015)

Thank you!

Finite-size dependence of occupation discontinuity



OPDM eigenvalues in individual realizations

