

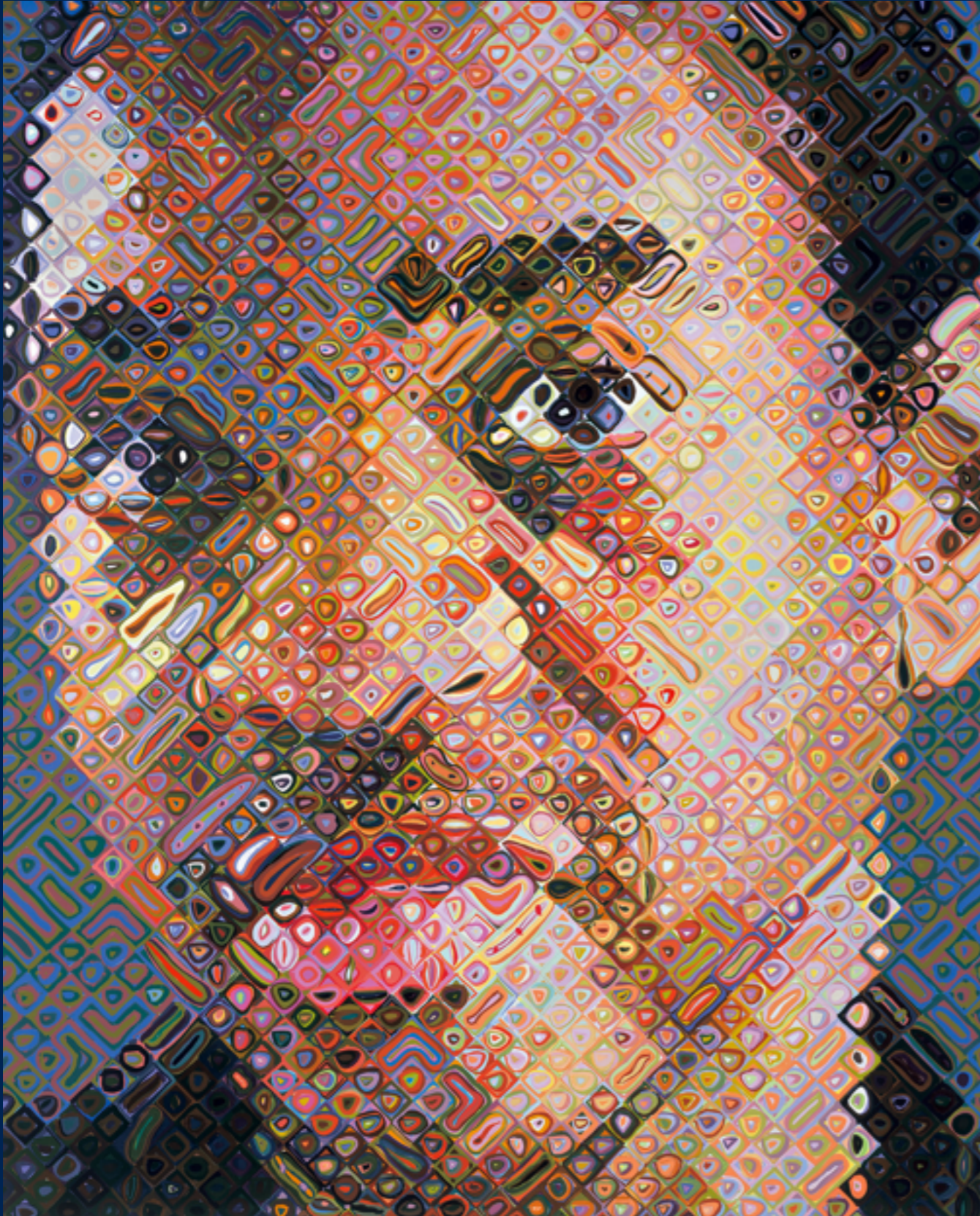
# Development of the Compound Eye in *Drosophila*



Richard Carthew  
Northwestern University, Evanston



# Scaling of Pattern Formation



1 m

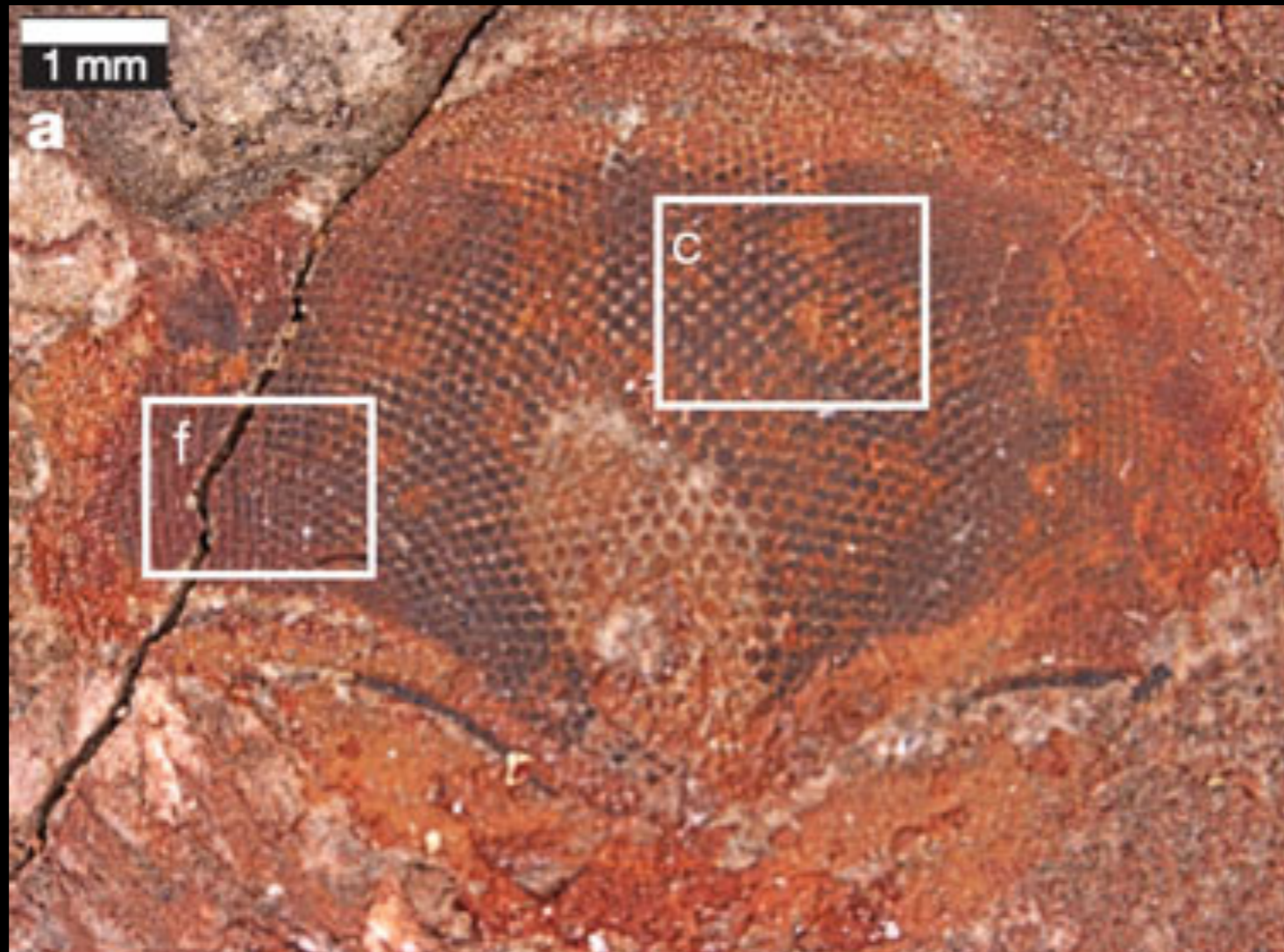


# Scaling of Pattern Formation



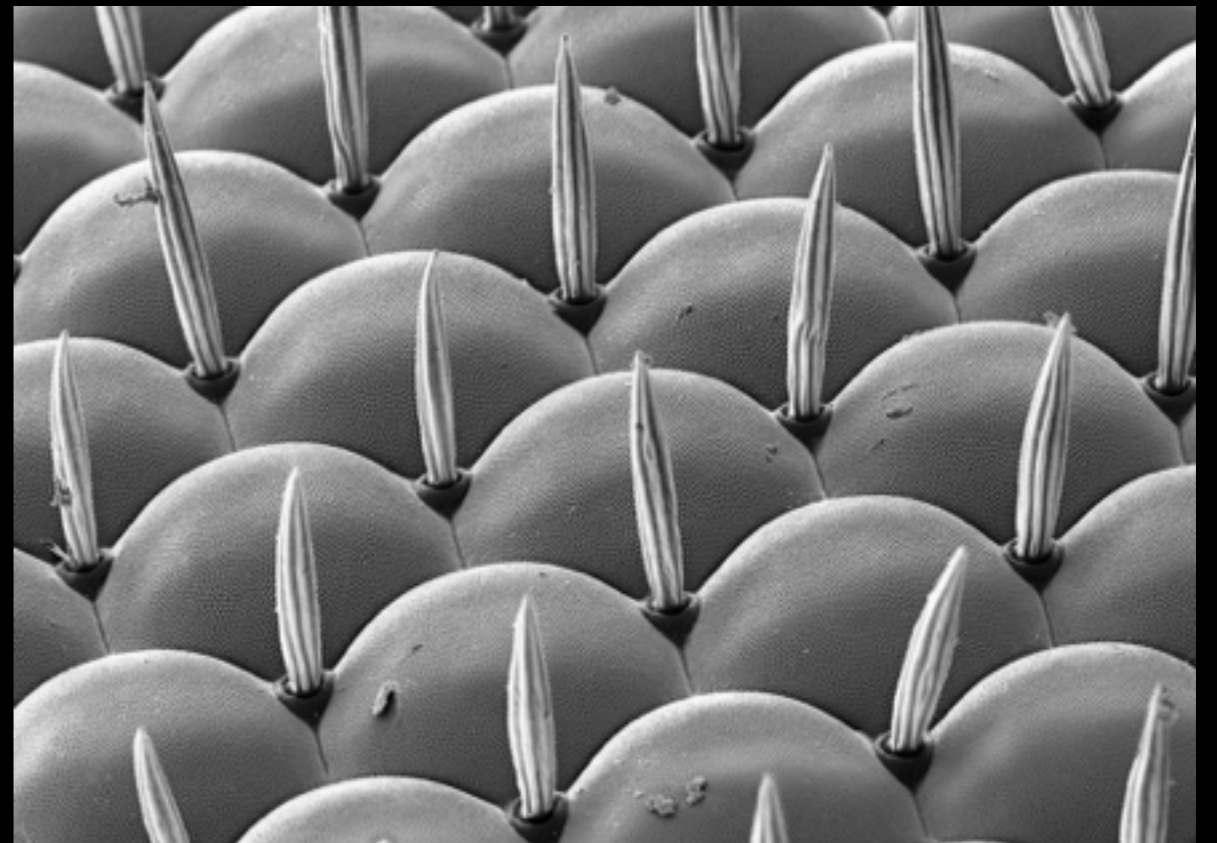
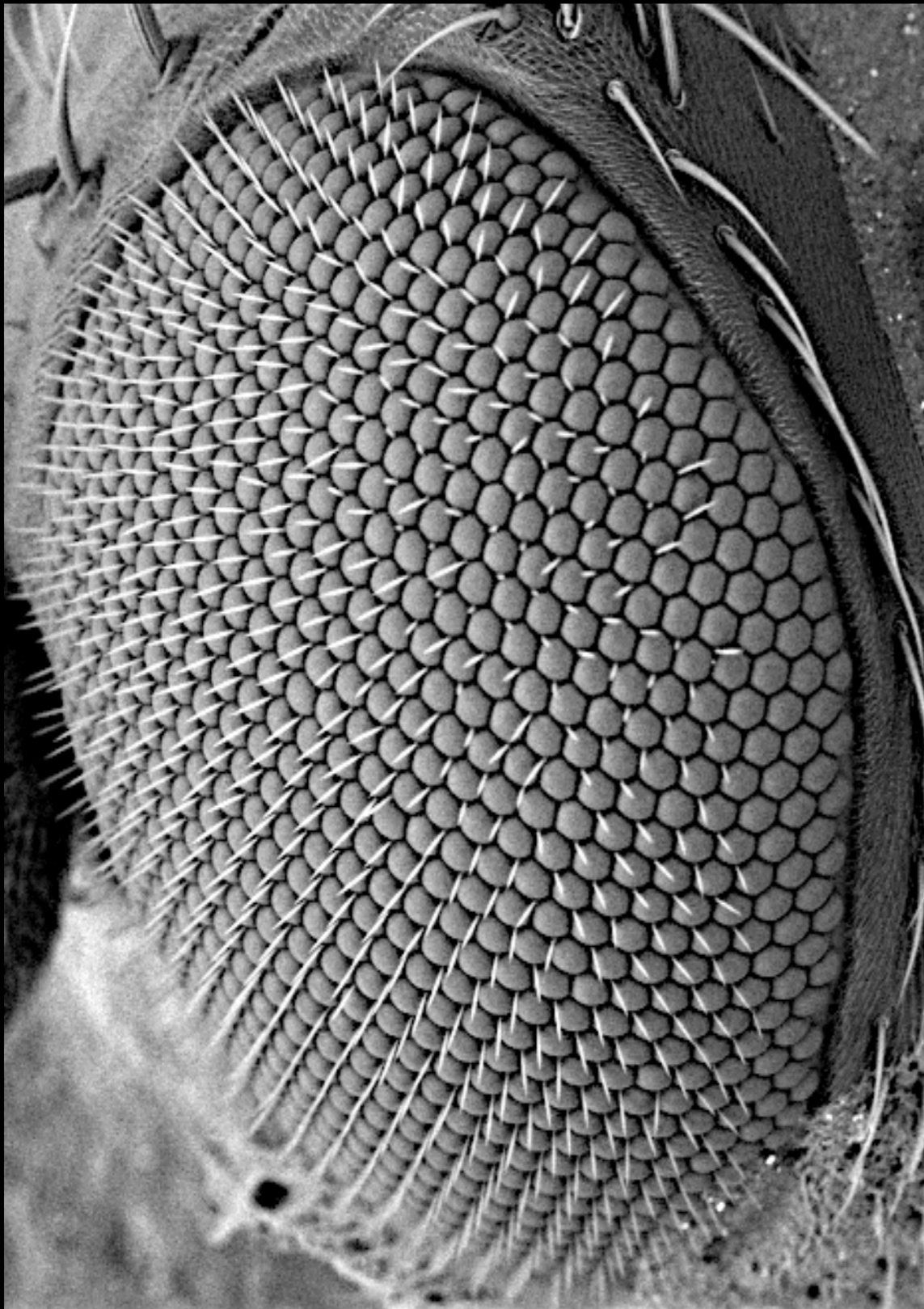
2.3 cm

# Ancient Origins of the Compound Eye



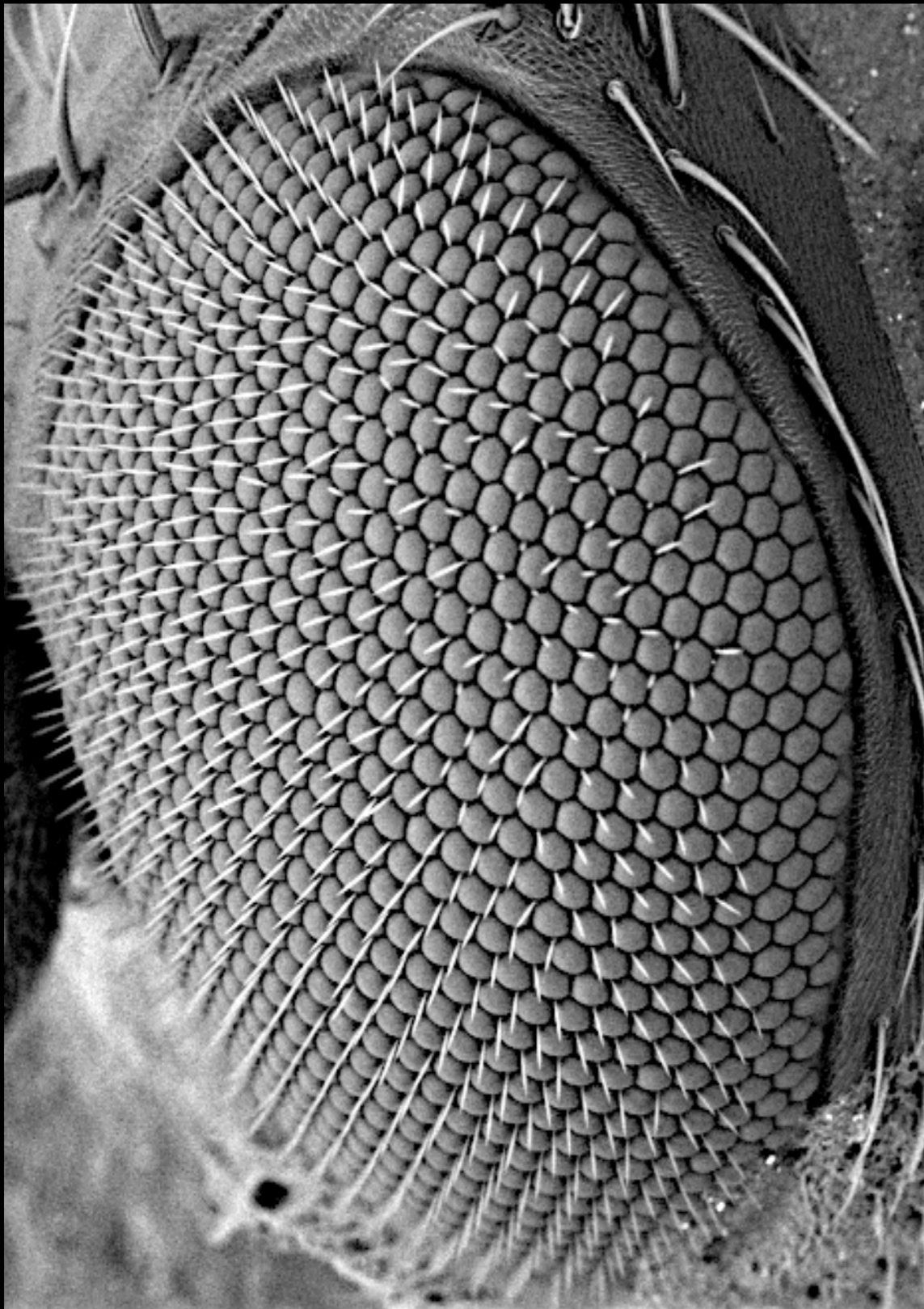
Lee et al, (2011) Nature



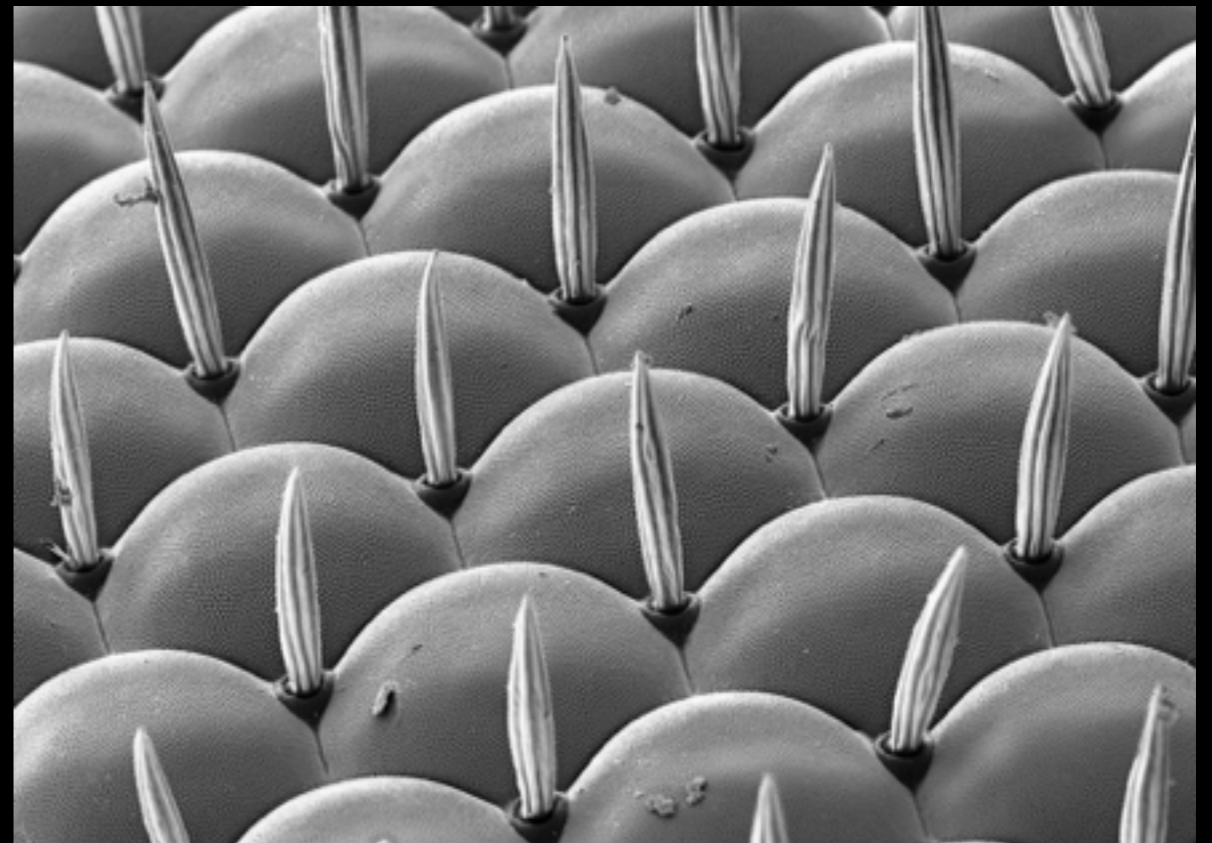


Martin Oeggerli





Ommatidium (Greek: Eyelet)



Martin Oeggerli





Thomas Shahan





Thomas Shahan





Jeff Burchler





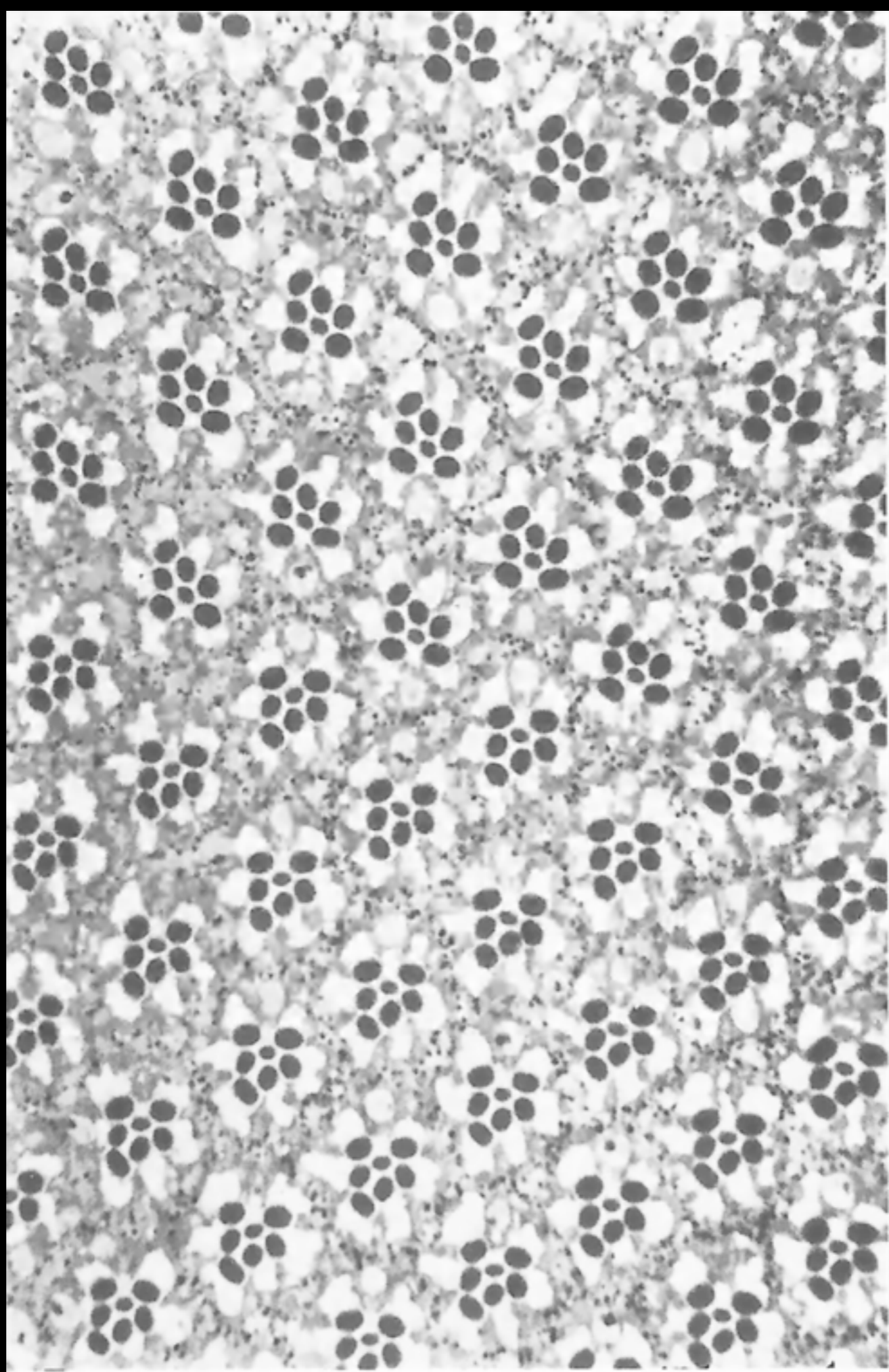
Thomas Shahan



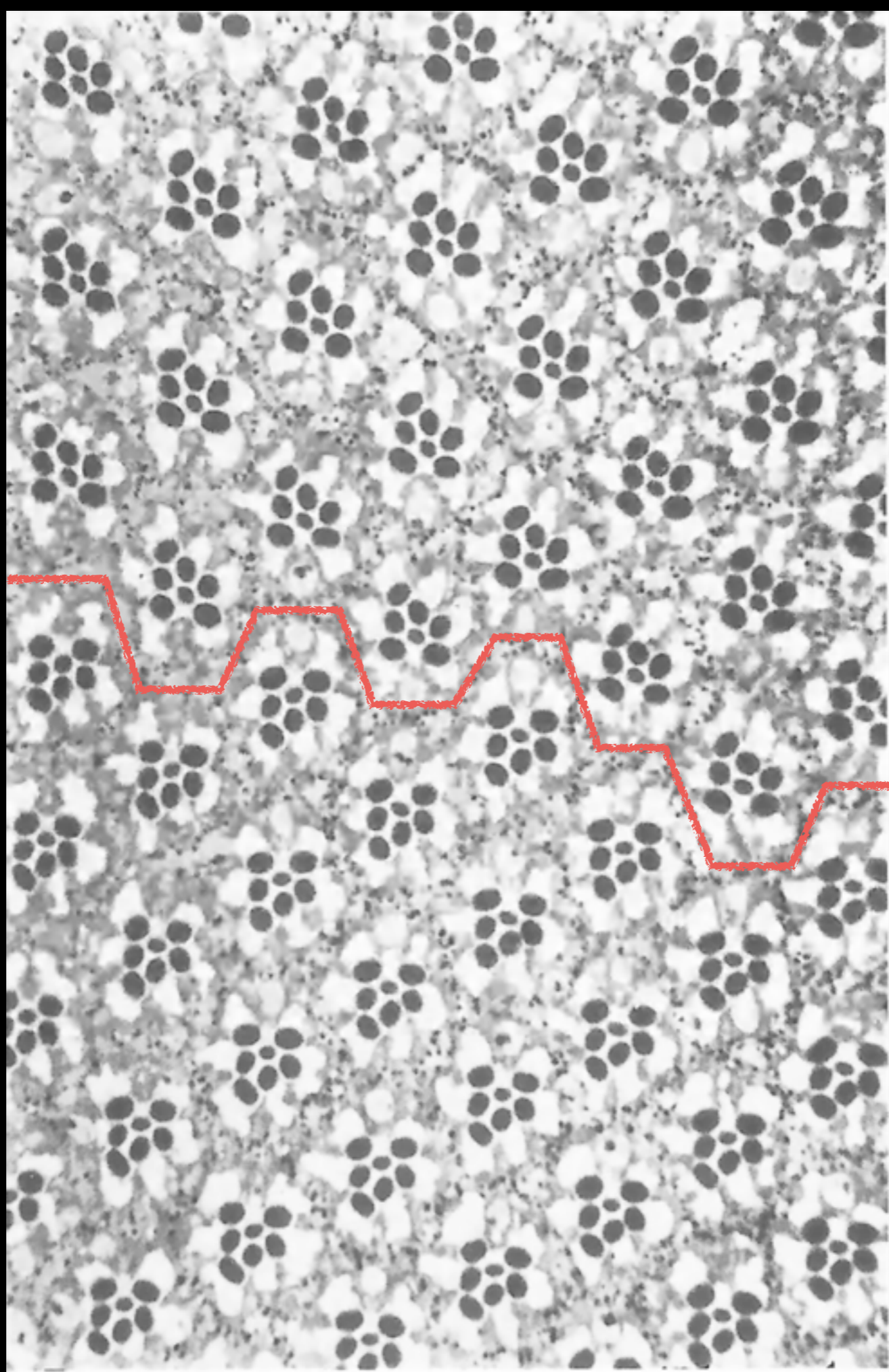


Andrew Mitchell

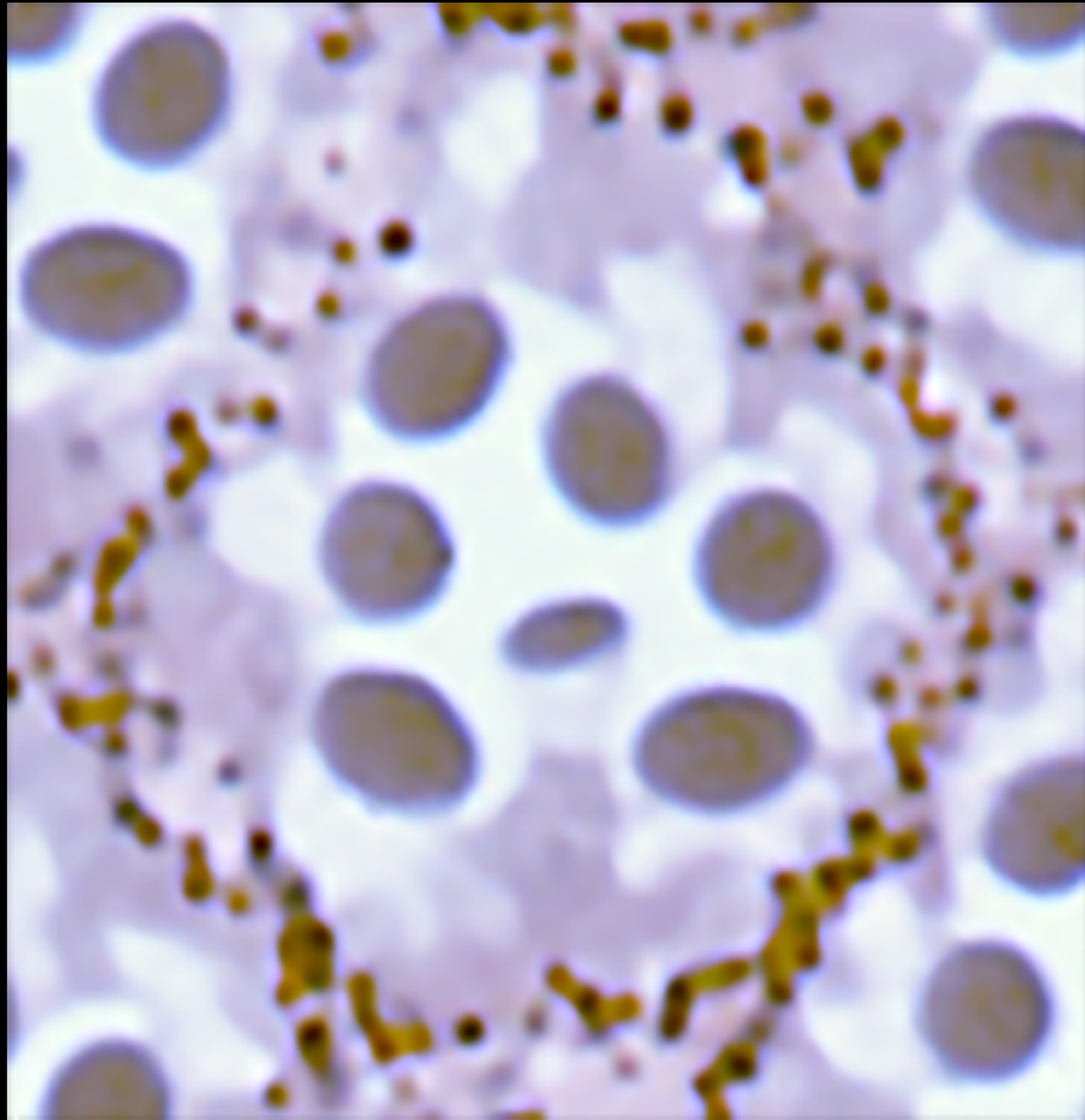




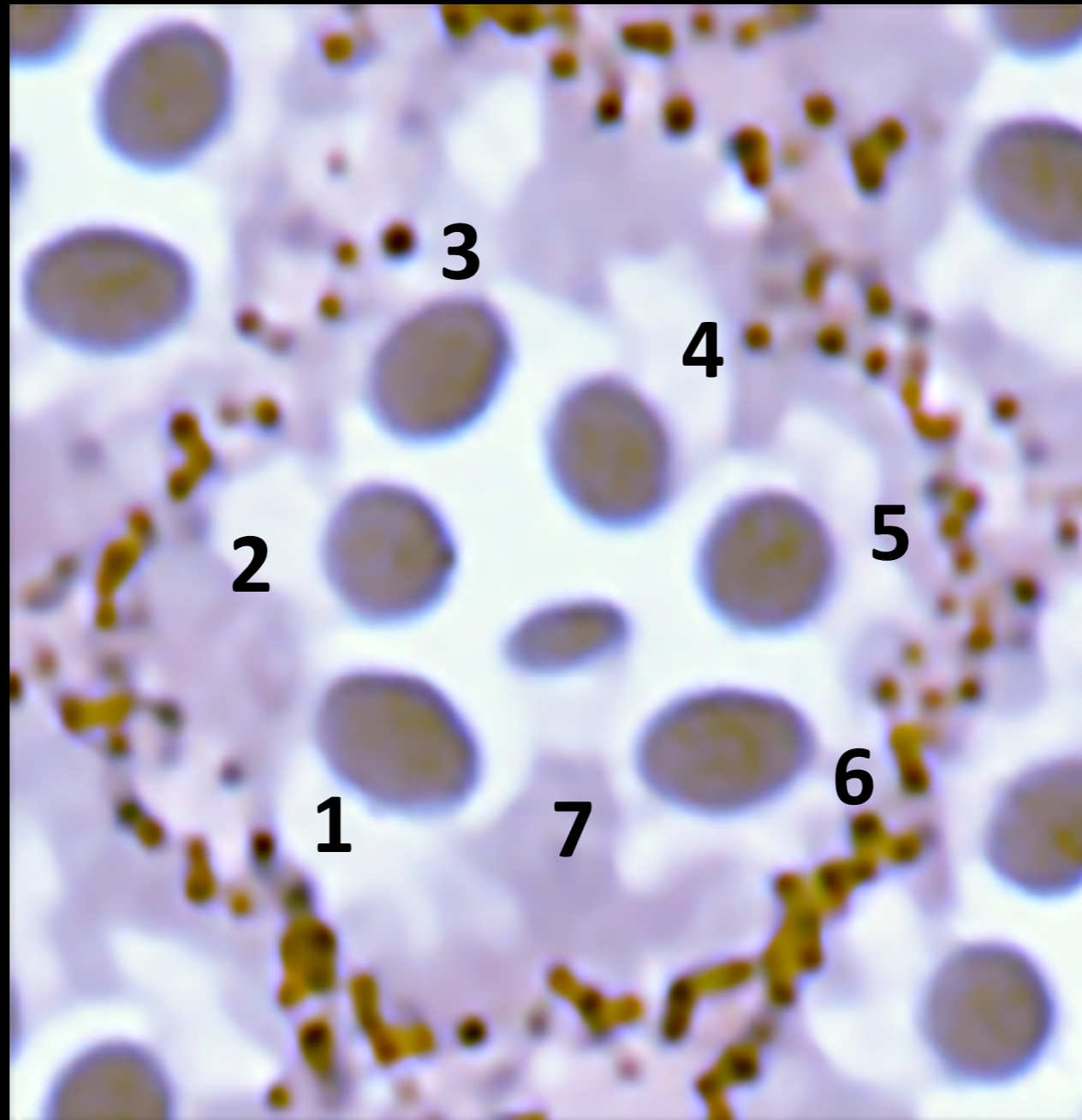




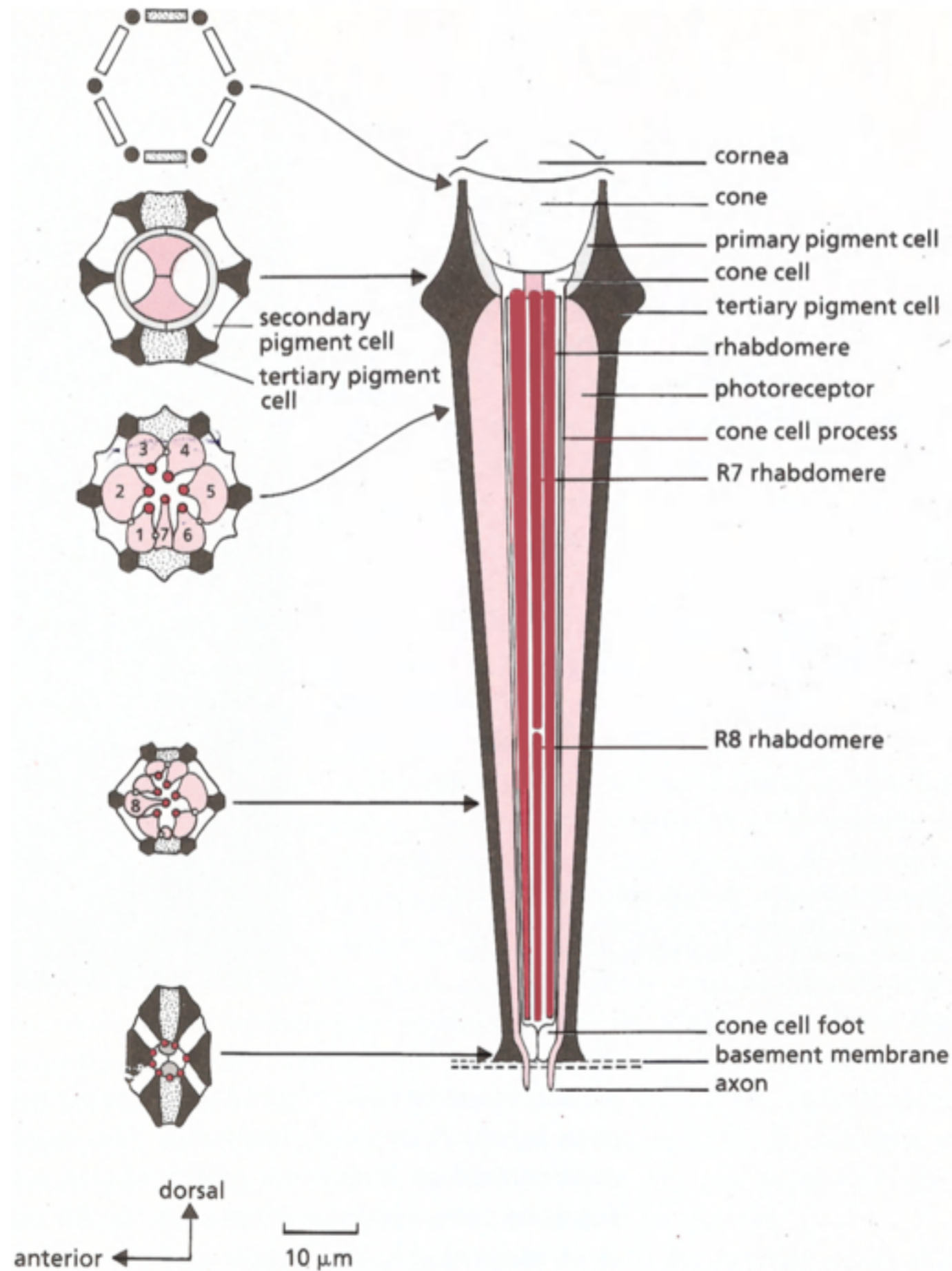












Peter Lawrence, Making of the Fly (1992)



**THE FAR SIDE**

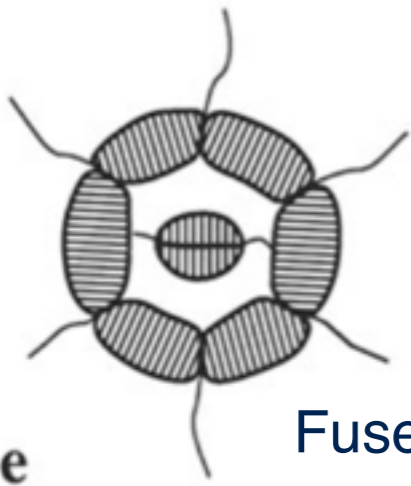
By GARY LARSON



**The last thing a fly ever sees**

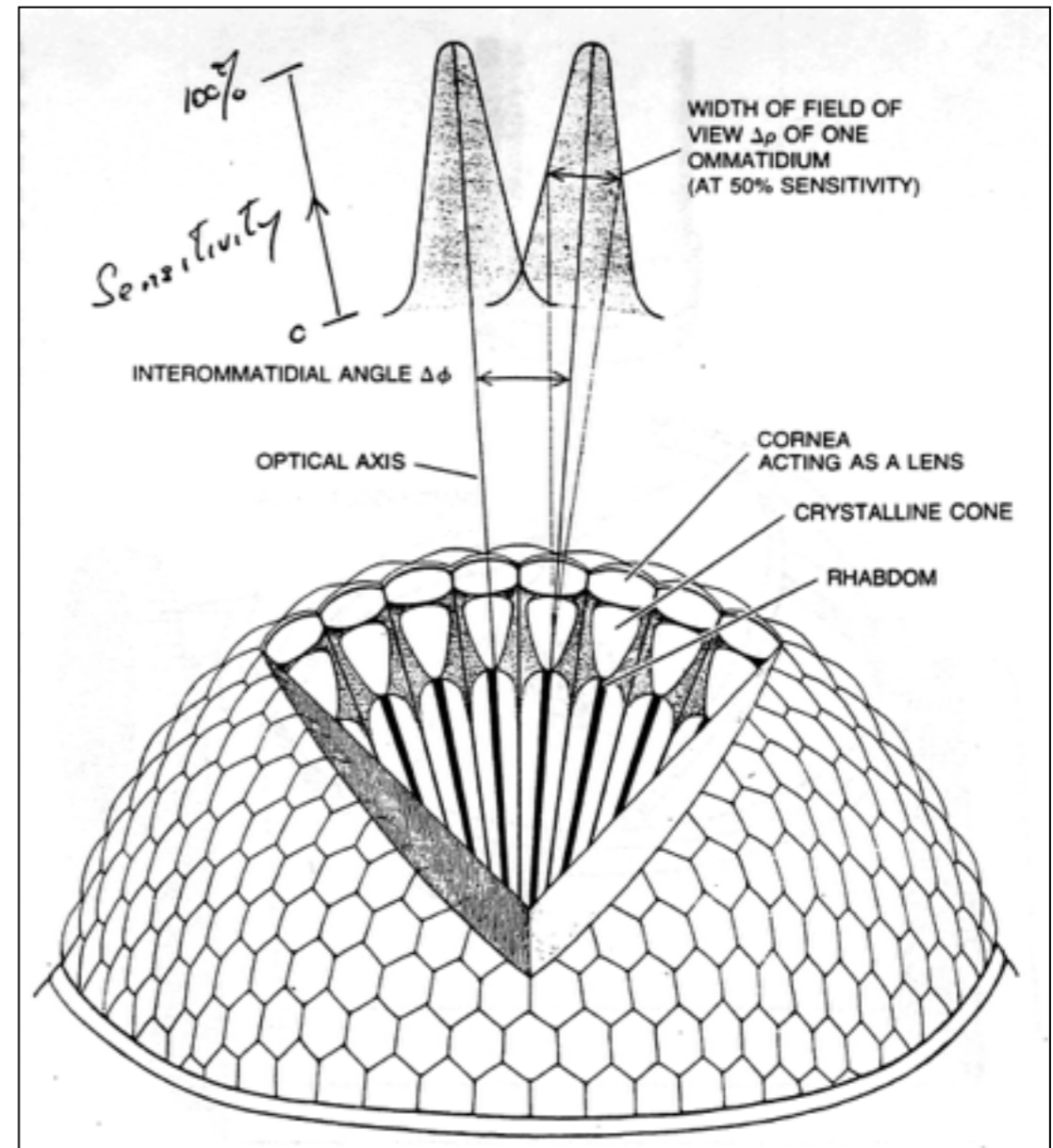
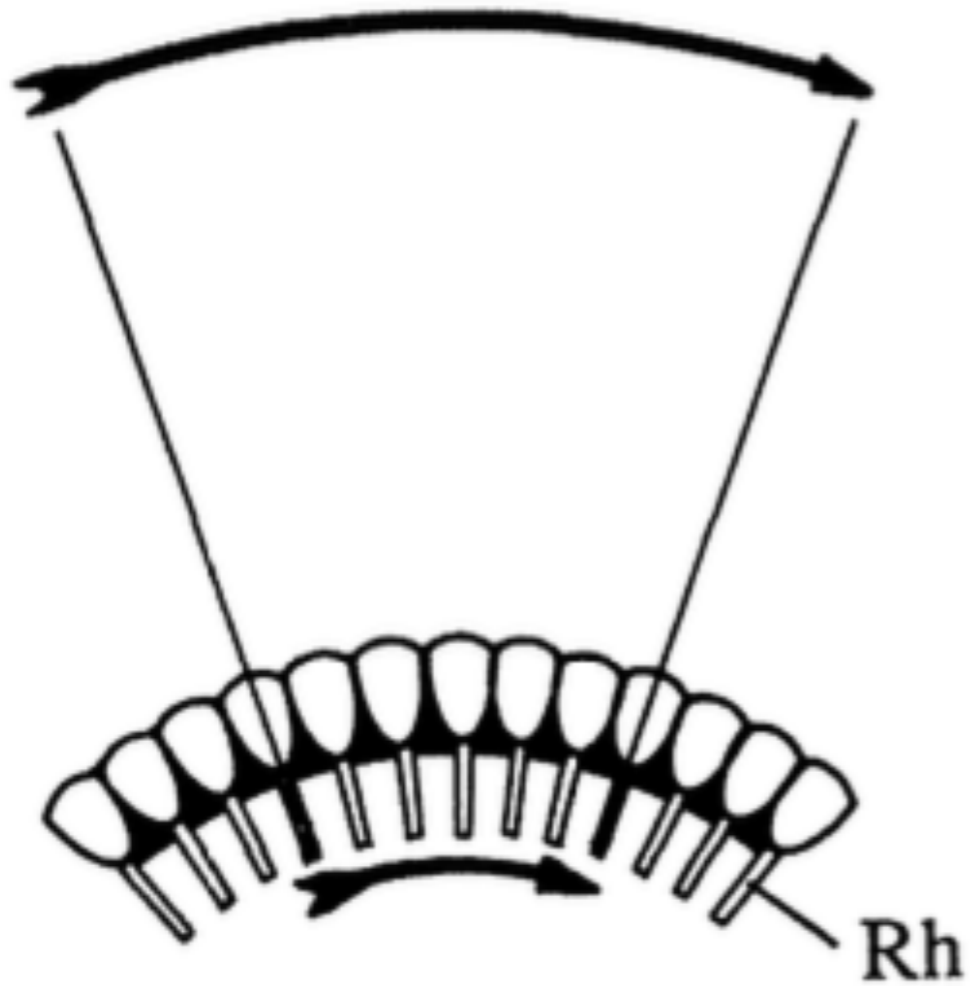


# Apposition Eye



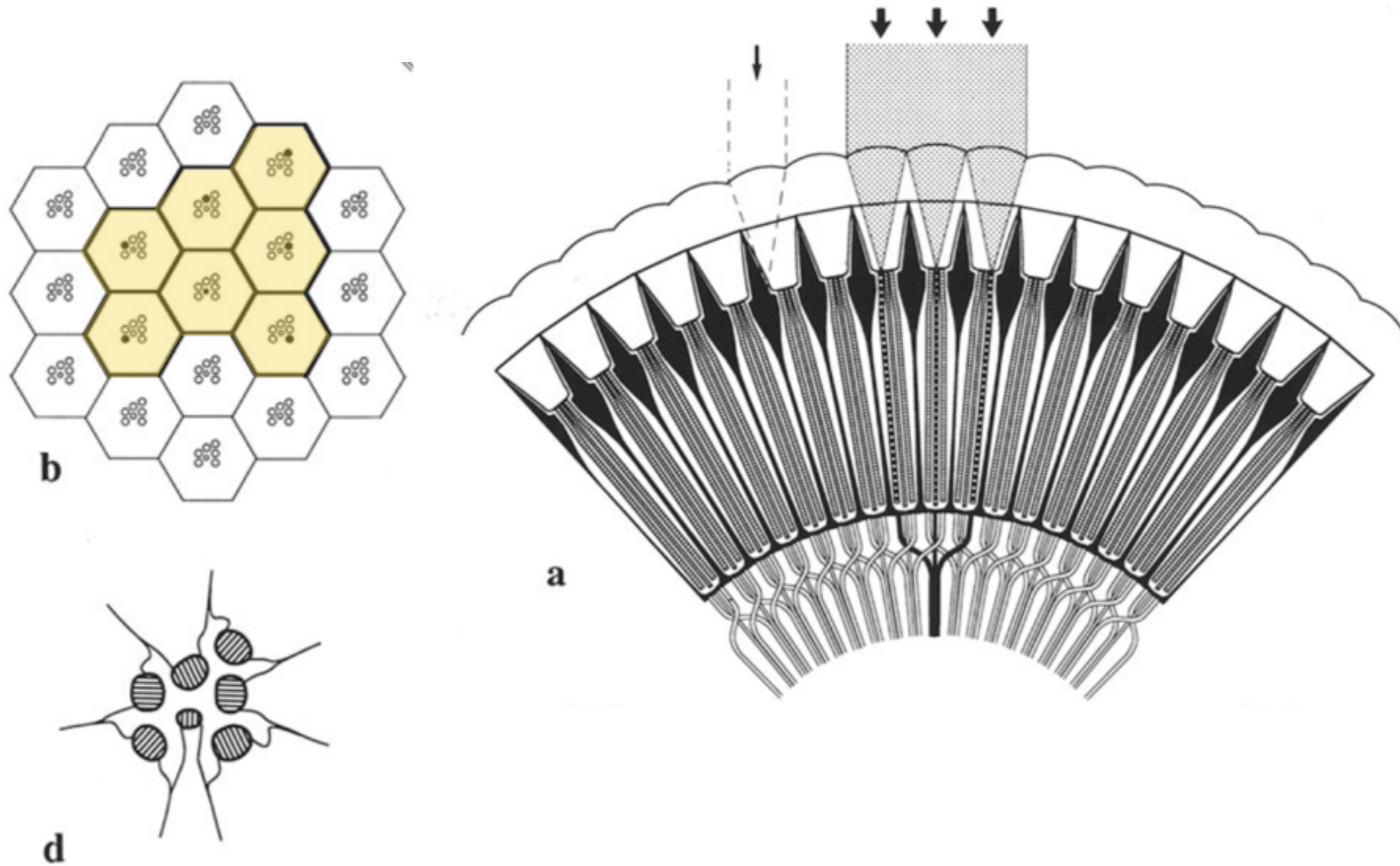
Fused Rhabdomeres - Rhabdom (Greek: Rod)

e

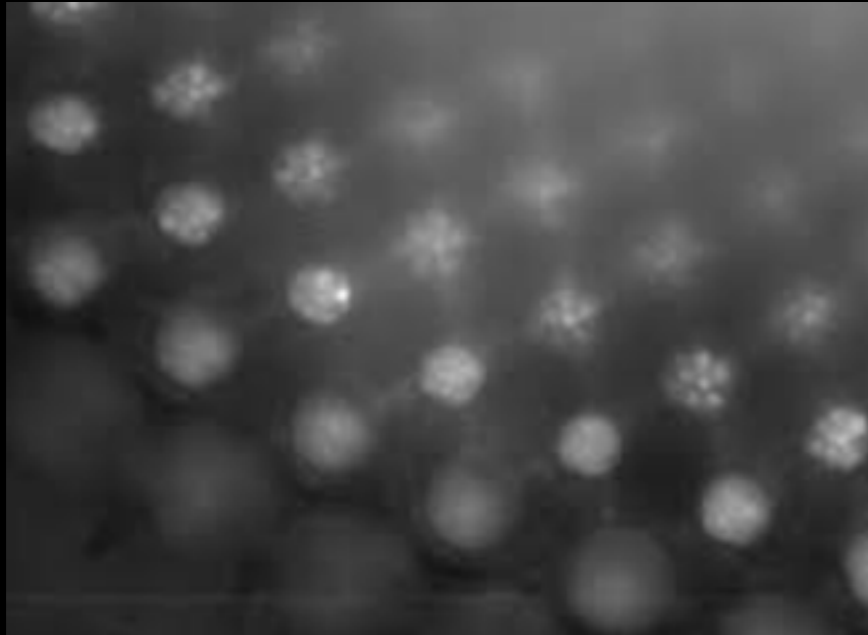




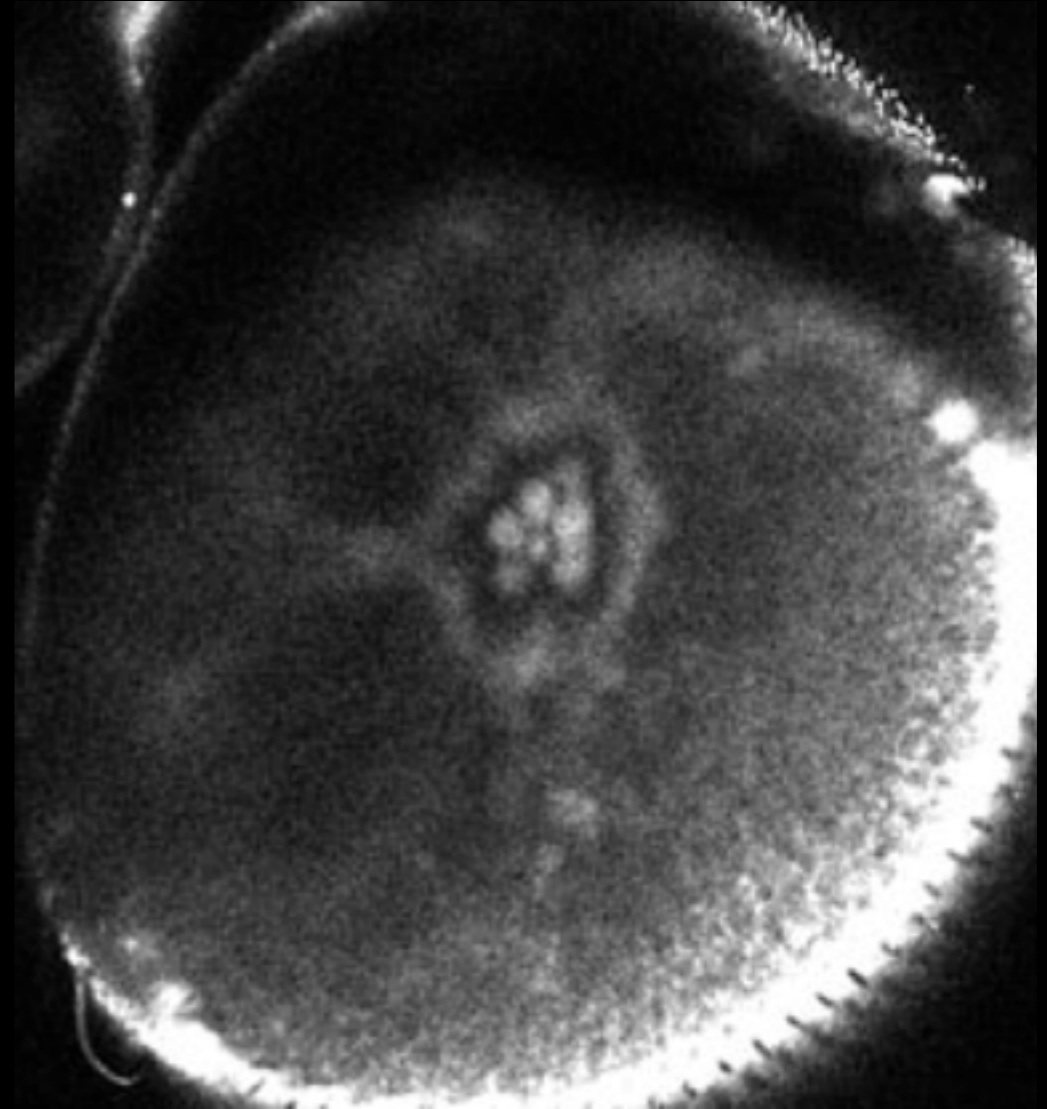
# Open Rhabdomeres - Neural Superposition Eye







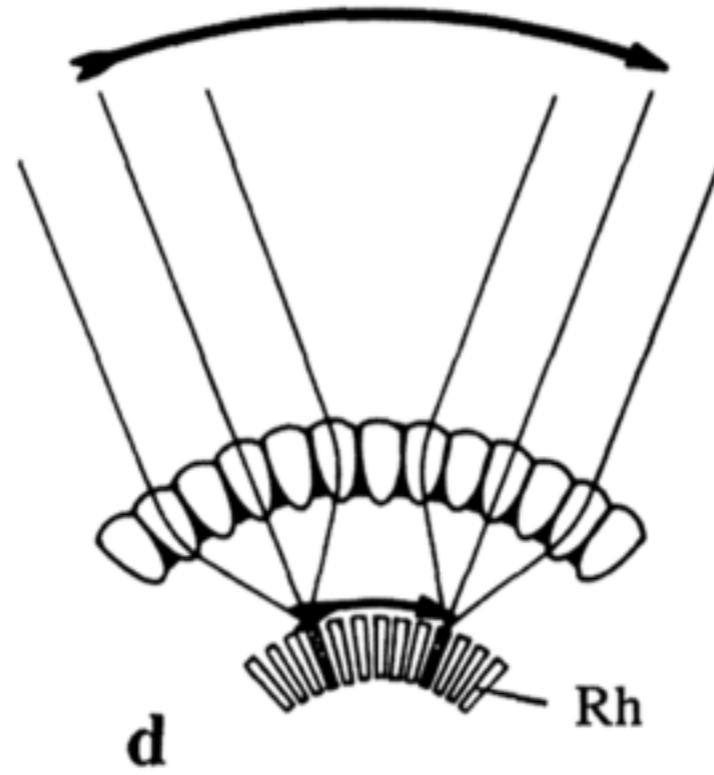
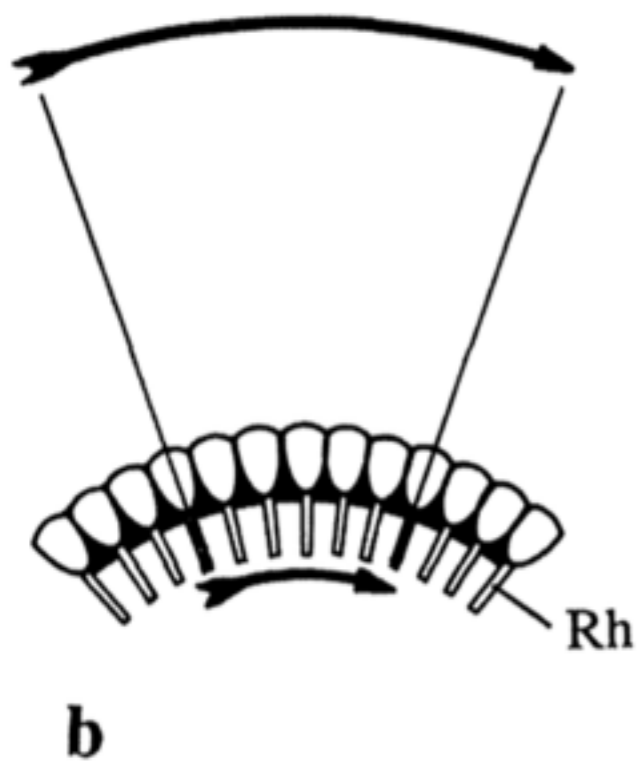
Simple pseudopupil



Deep pseudopupil

# True Superposition Eye

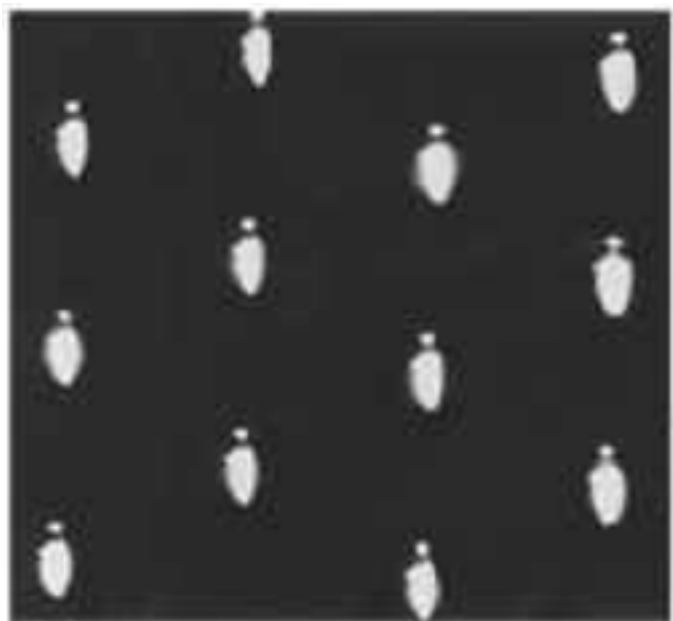
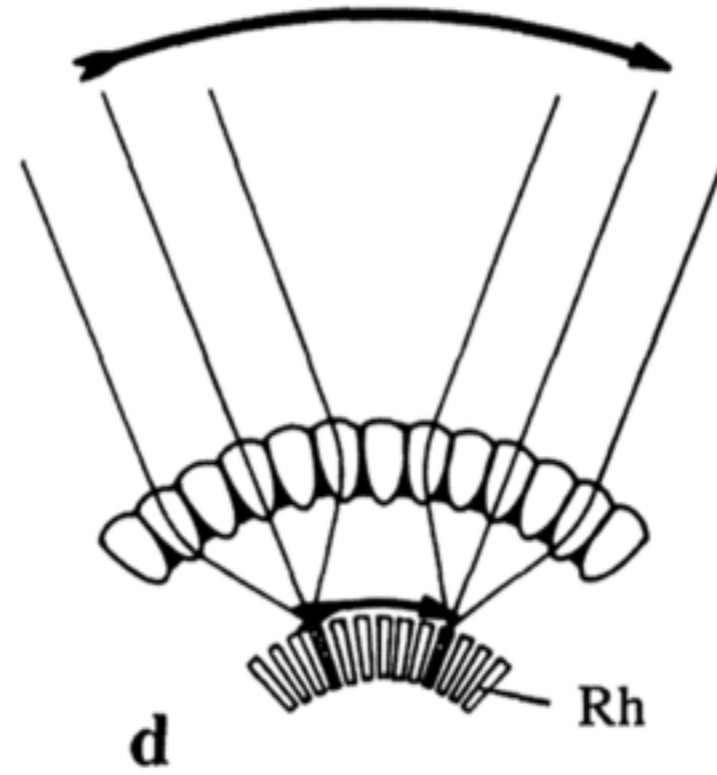
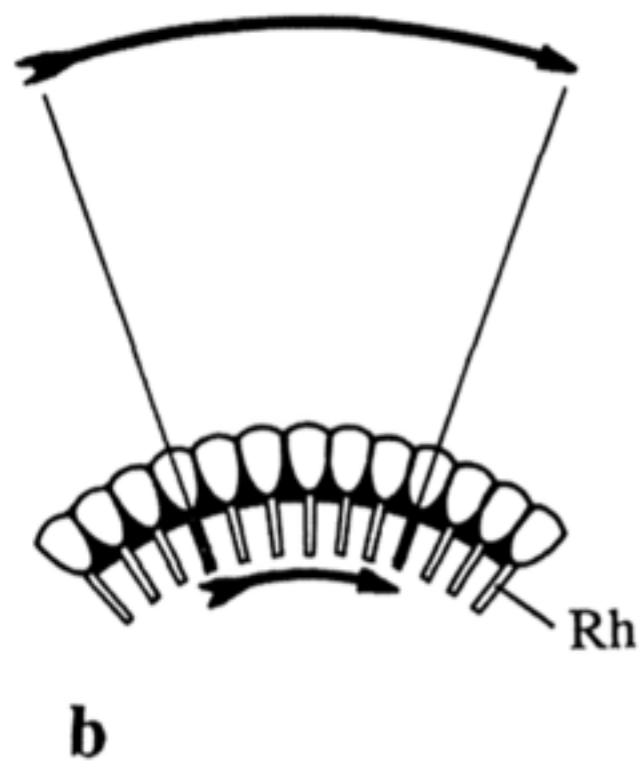
Dan-Eric Nilsson (1989)





# True Superposition Eye

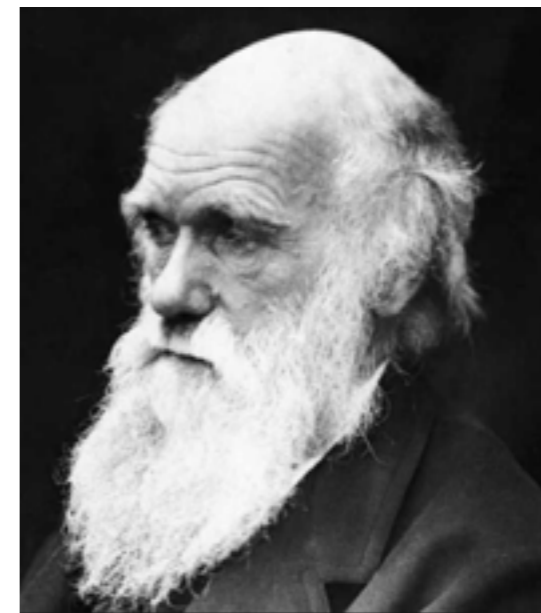
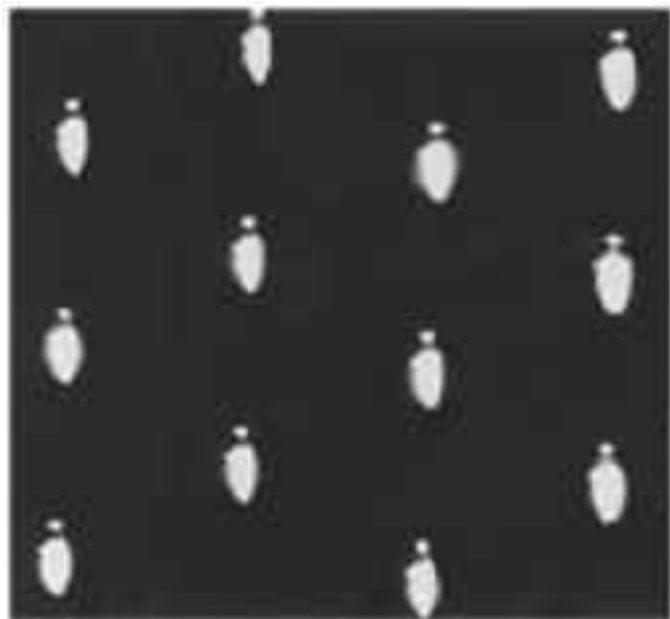
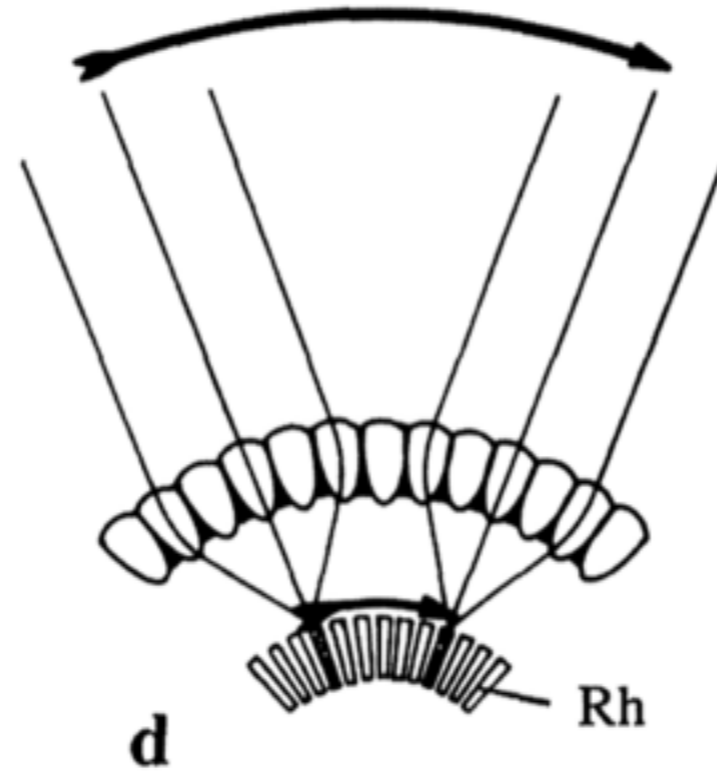
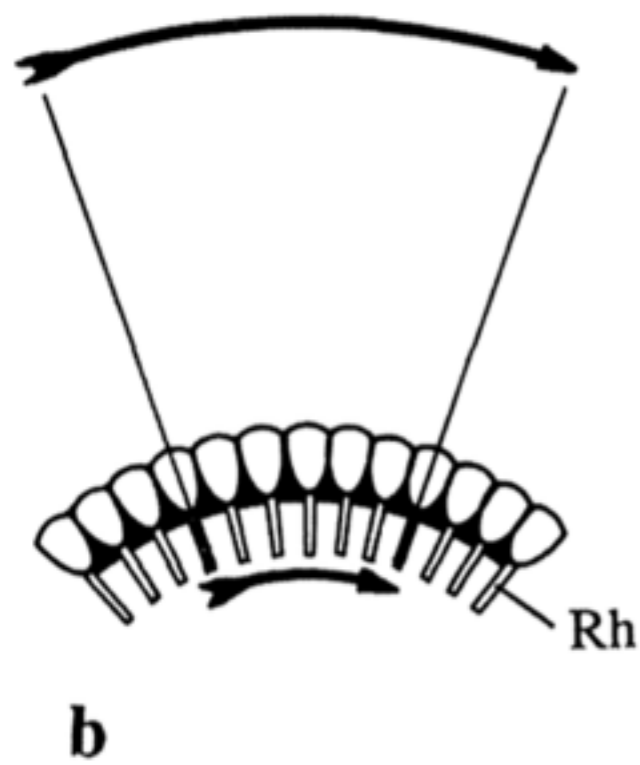
Dan-Eric Nilsson (1989)



Michael Land

# True Superposition Eye

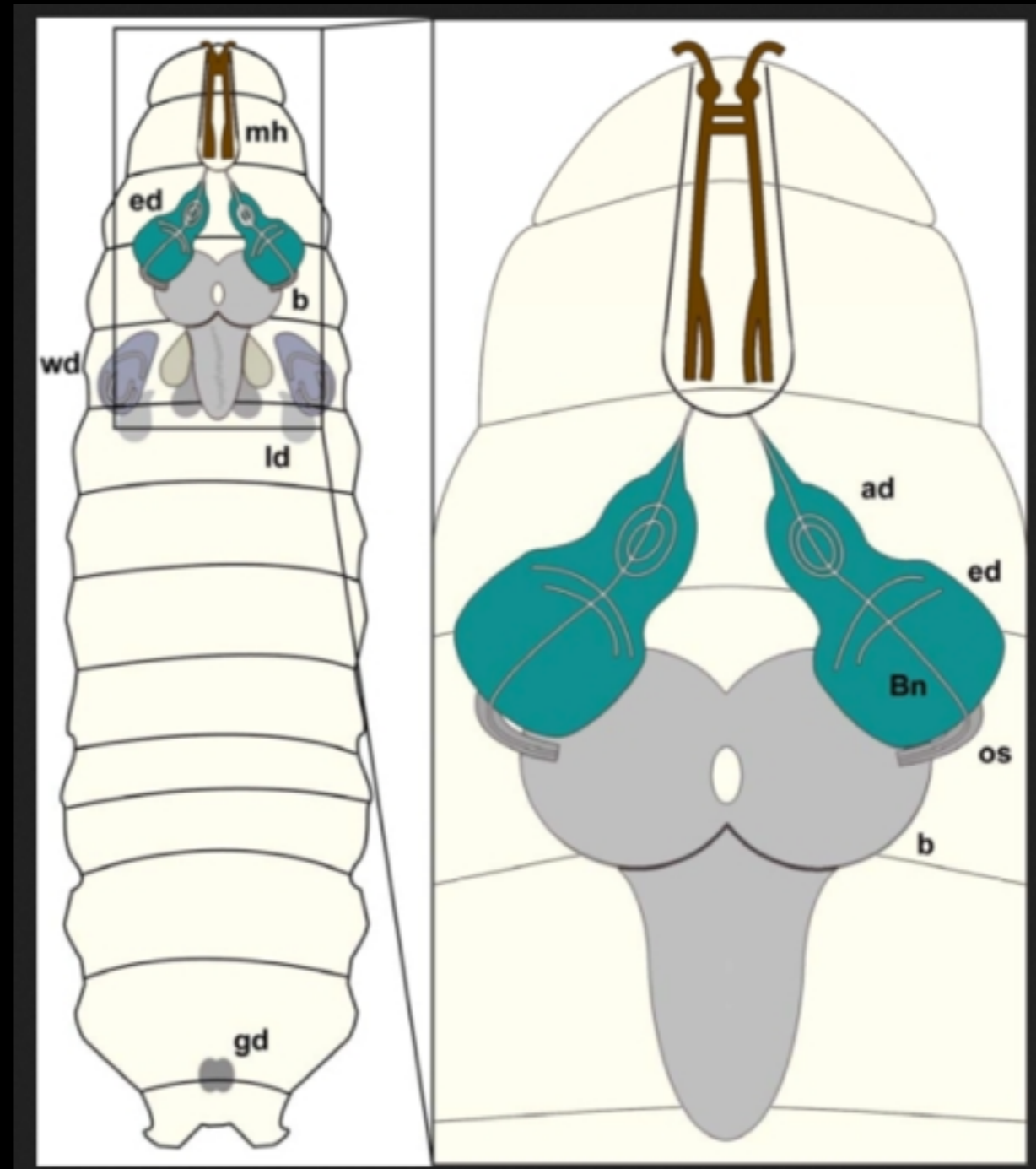
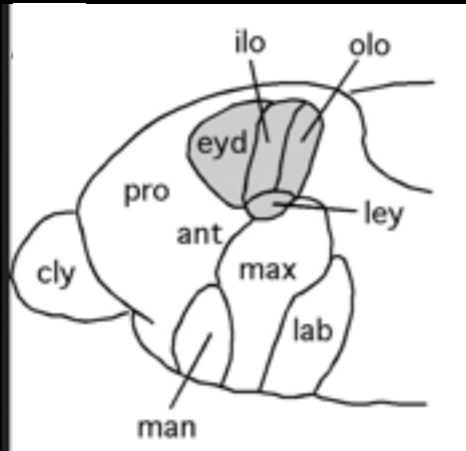
Dan-Eric Nilsson (1989)

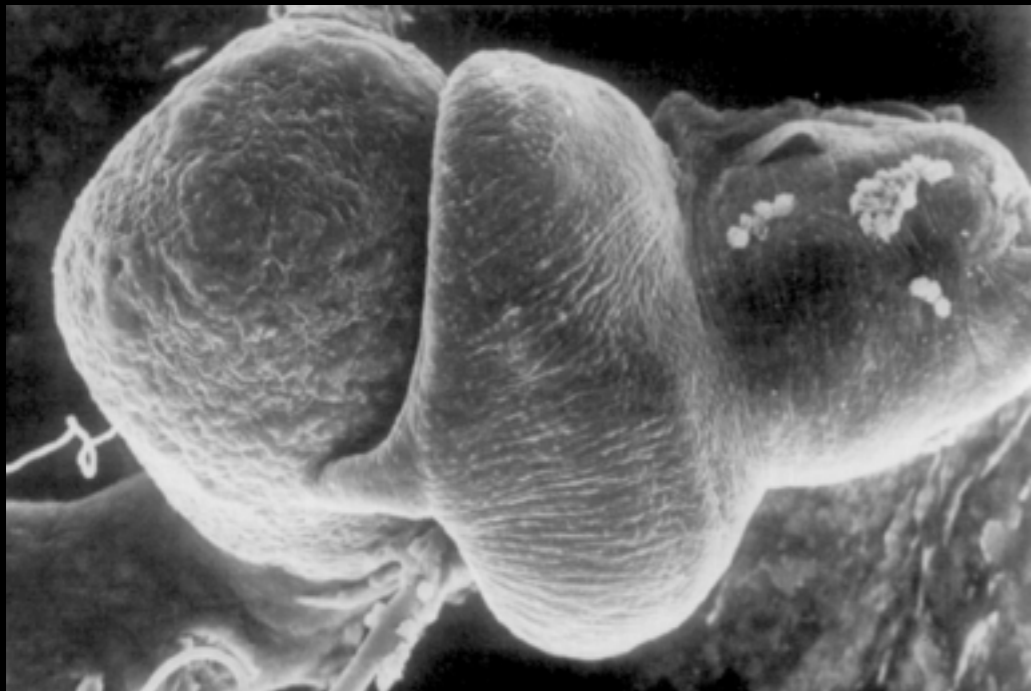


Michael Land

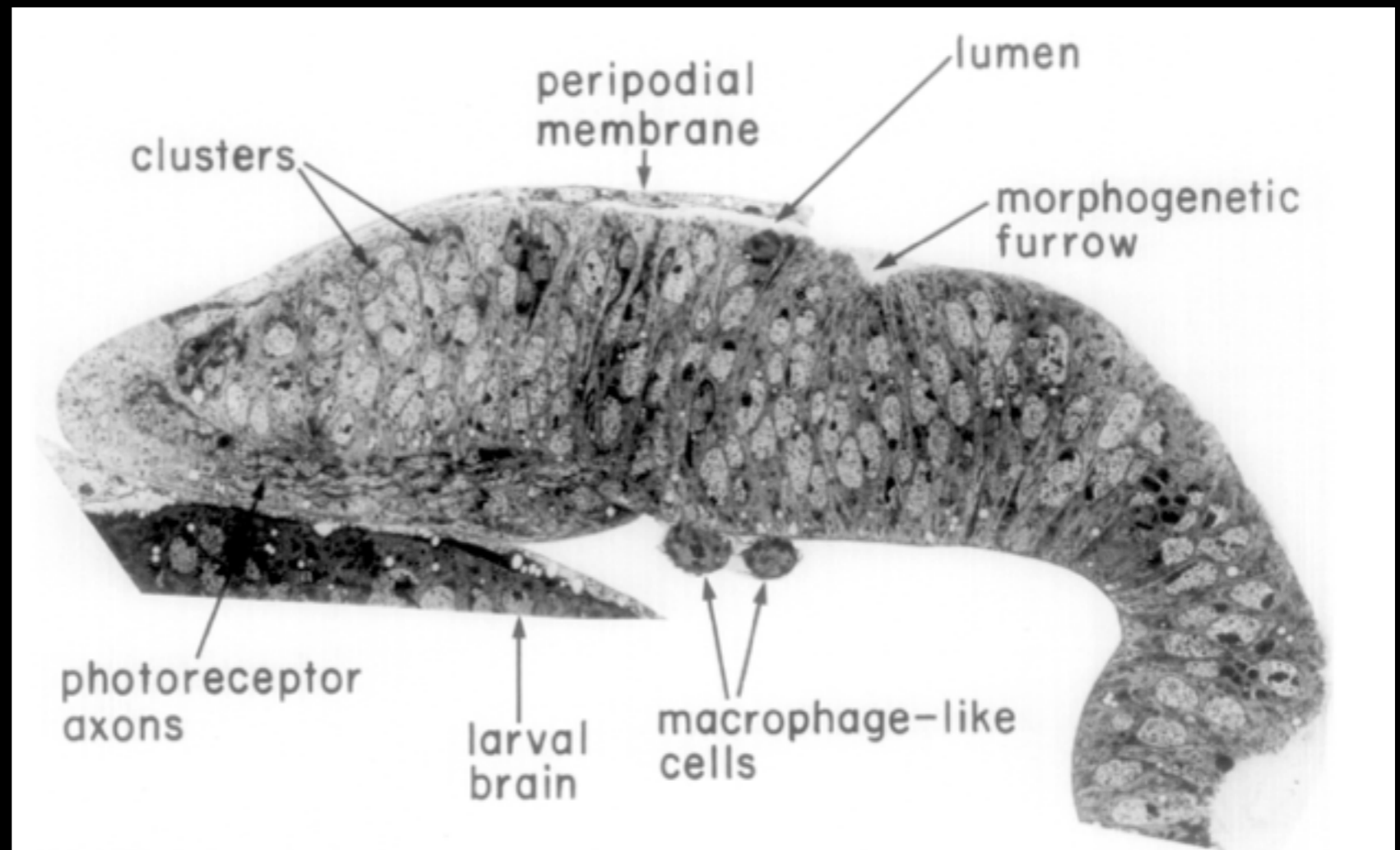


# Early Development of the Drosophila Eye





Ready, Hansen and Benzer 1976



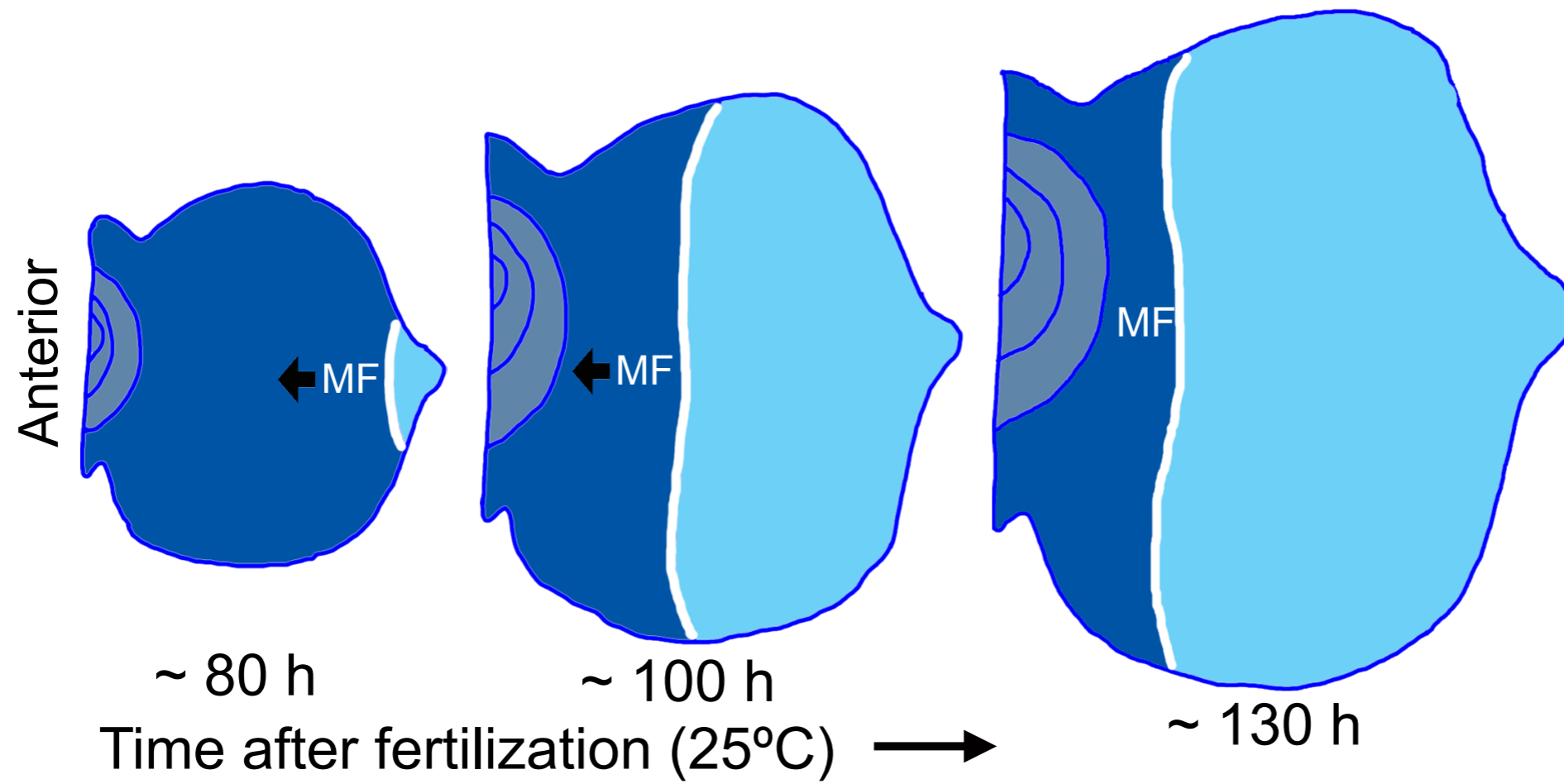
50  $\mu\text{m}$  —————



Ready, Hansen and Benzer 1976

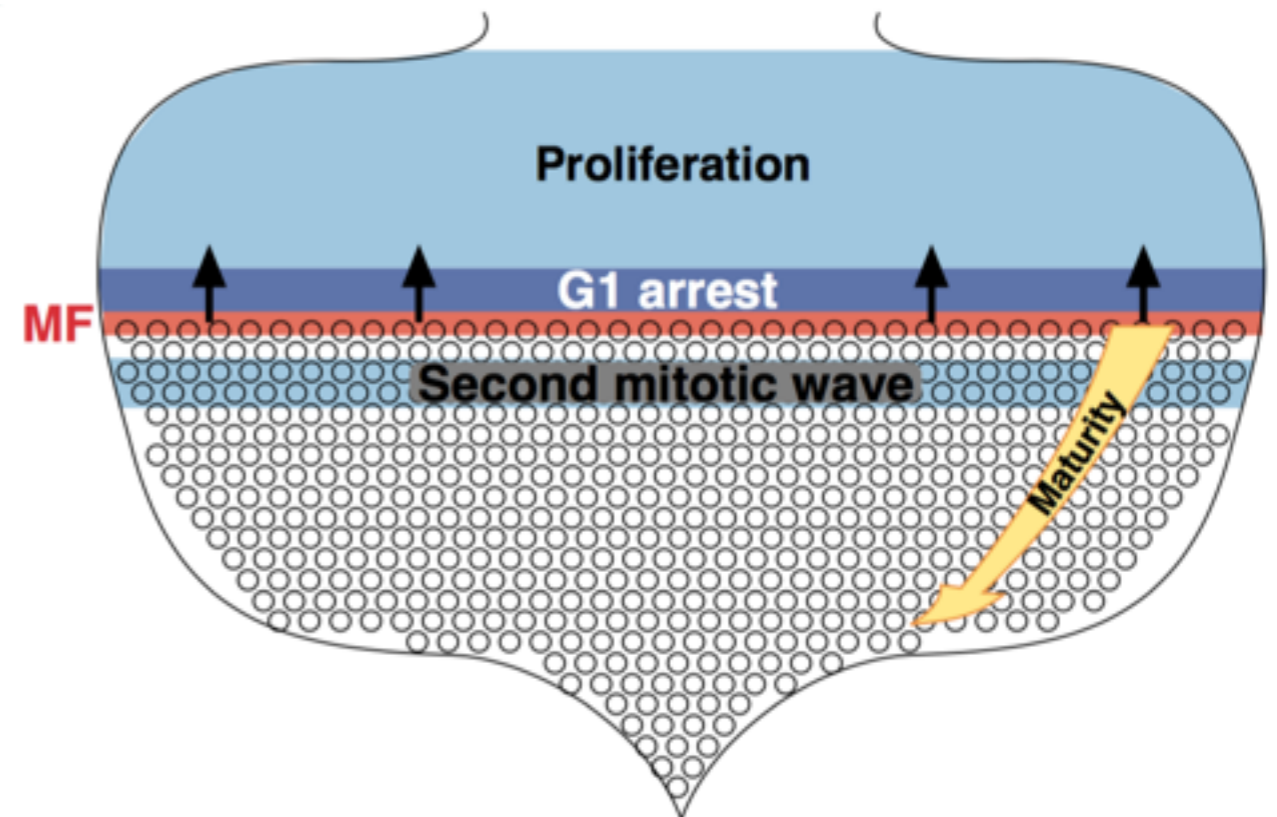
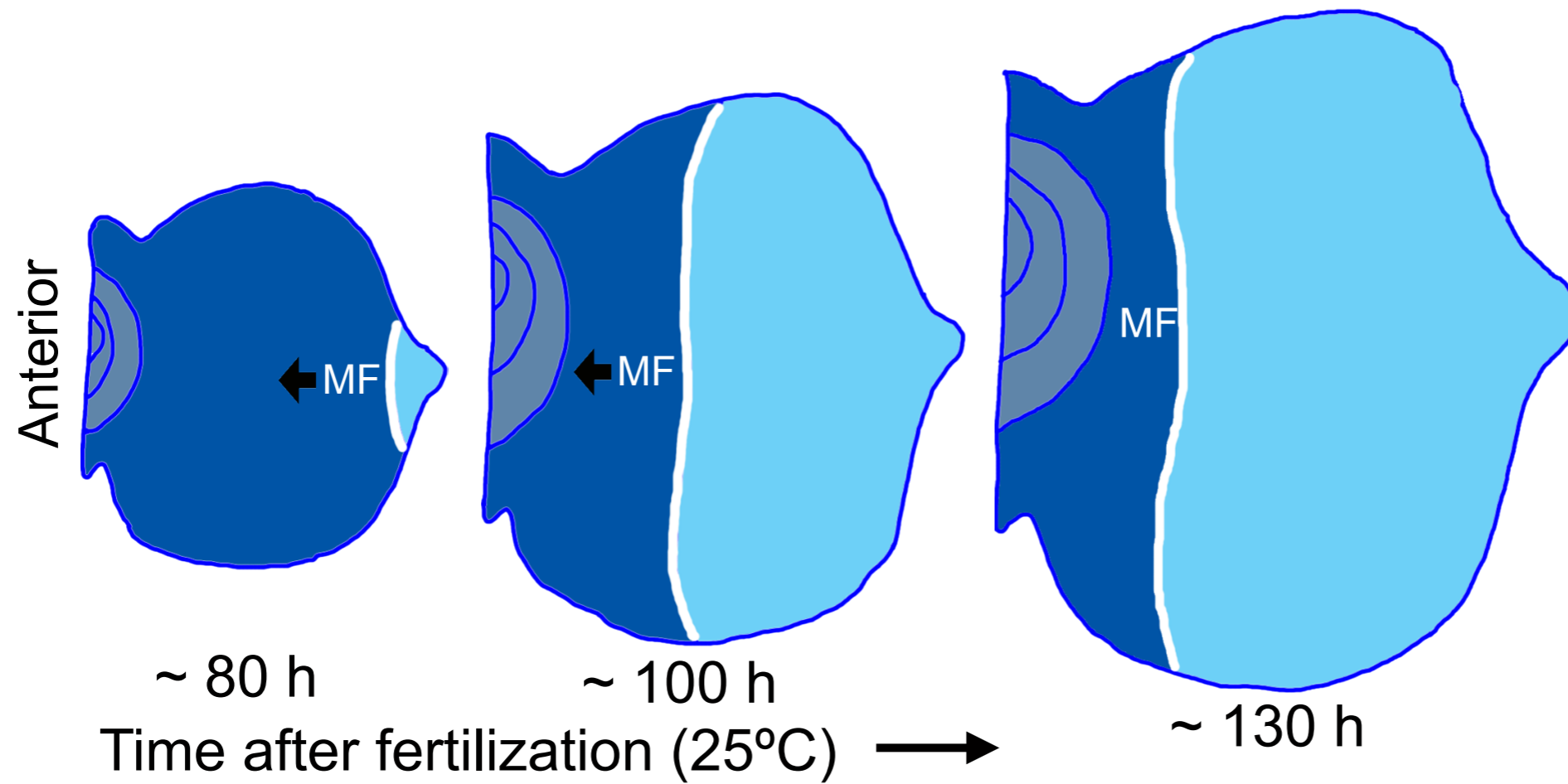


# A Moving Wave of Morphogenesis and Differentiation

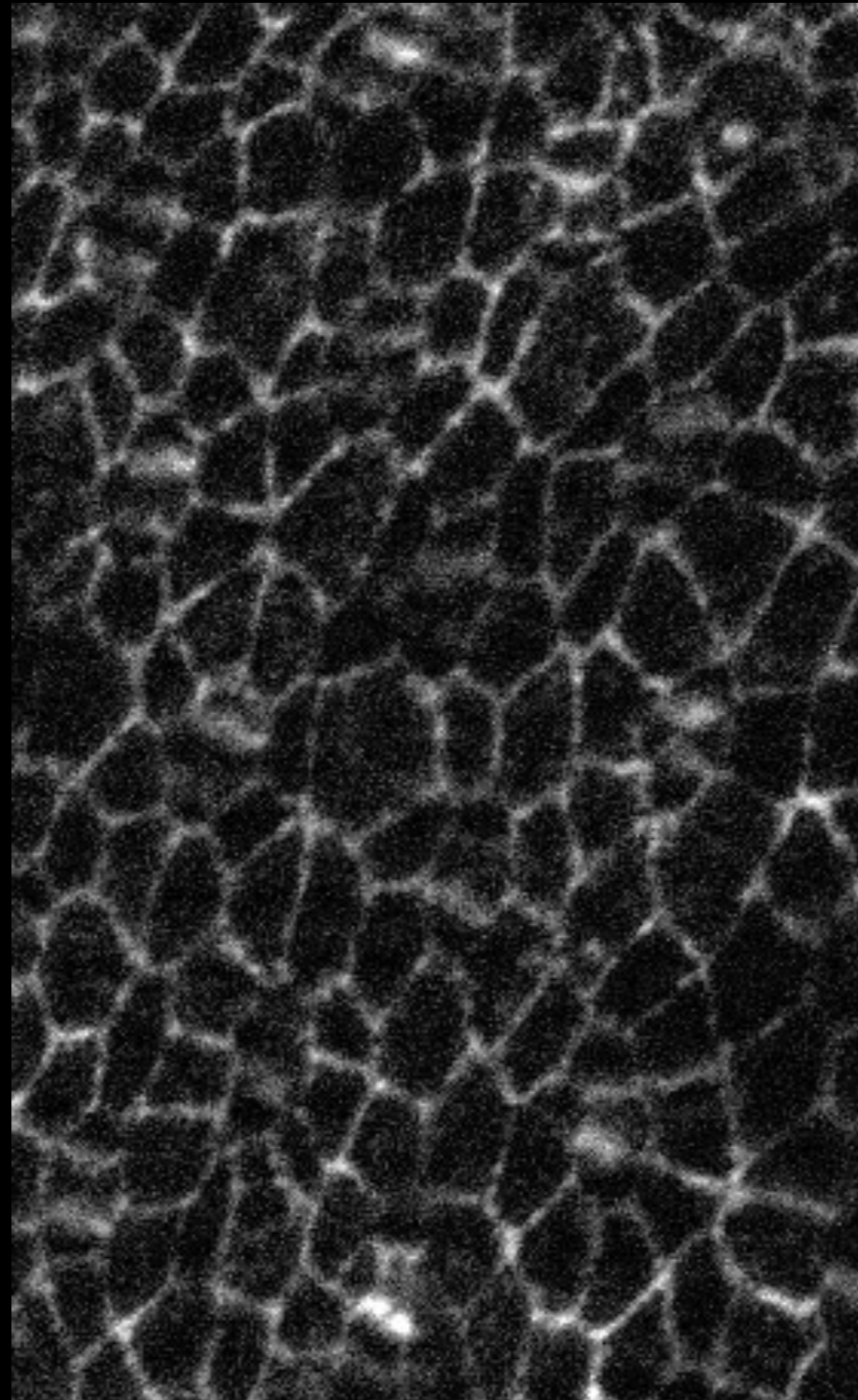




# A Moving Wave of Morphogenesis and Differentiation

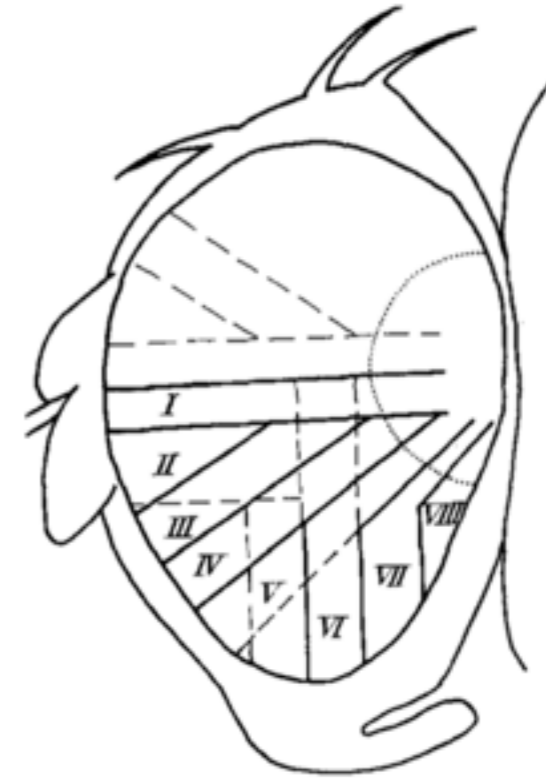
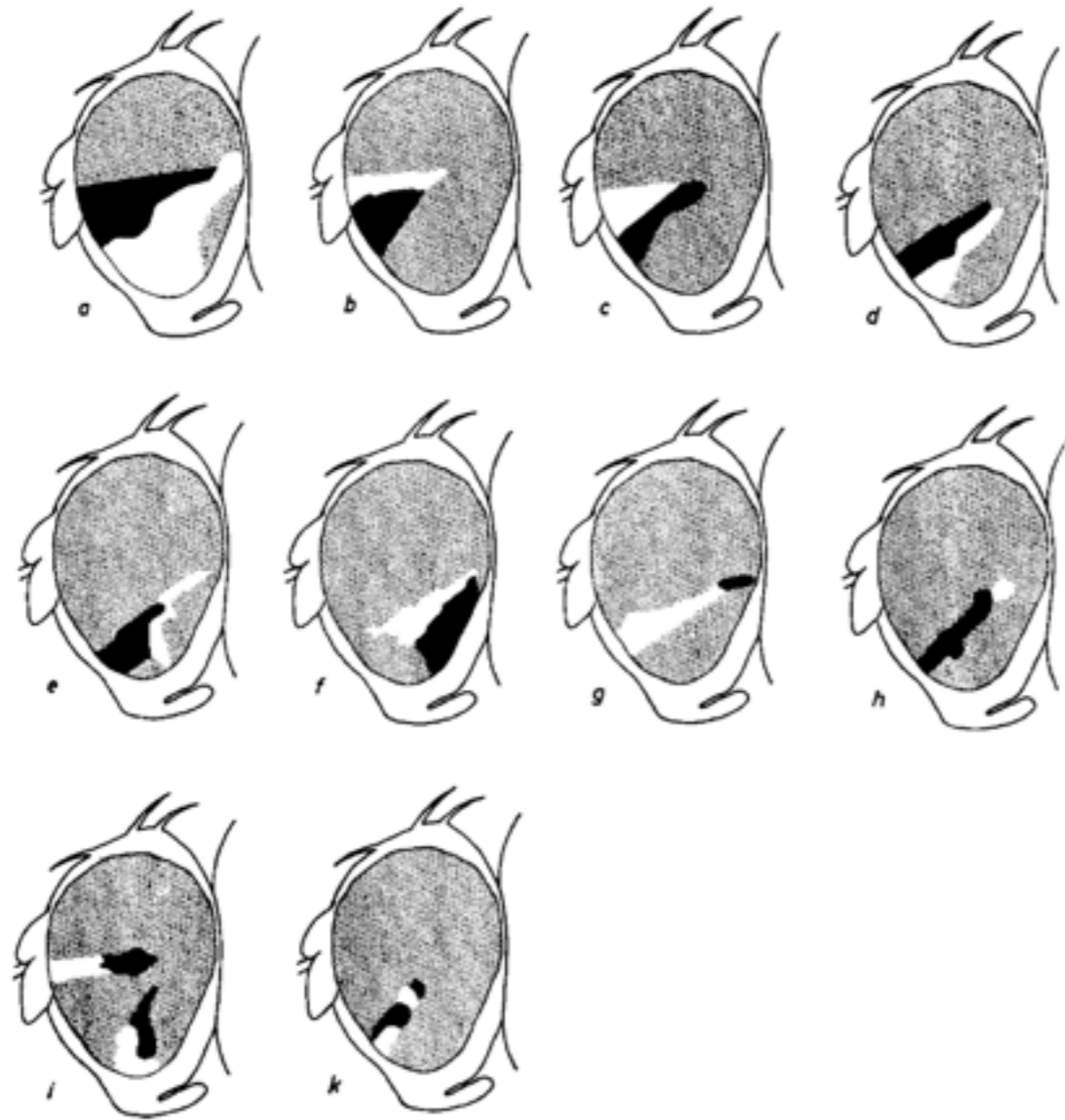


# Cell Pattern After Most Growth Has Terminated



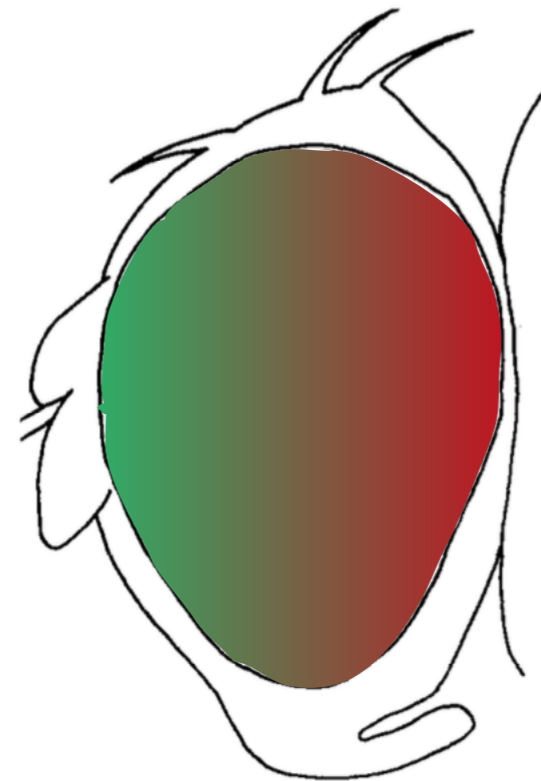
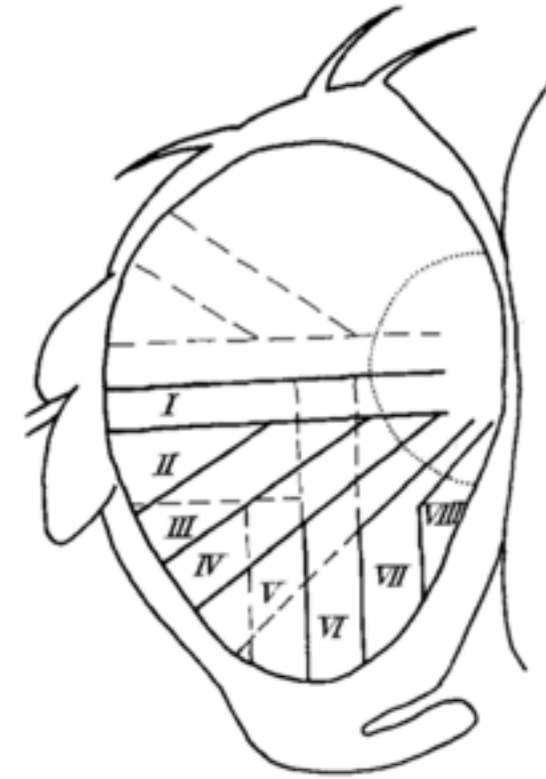
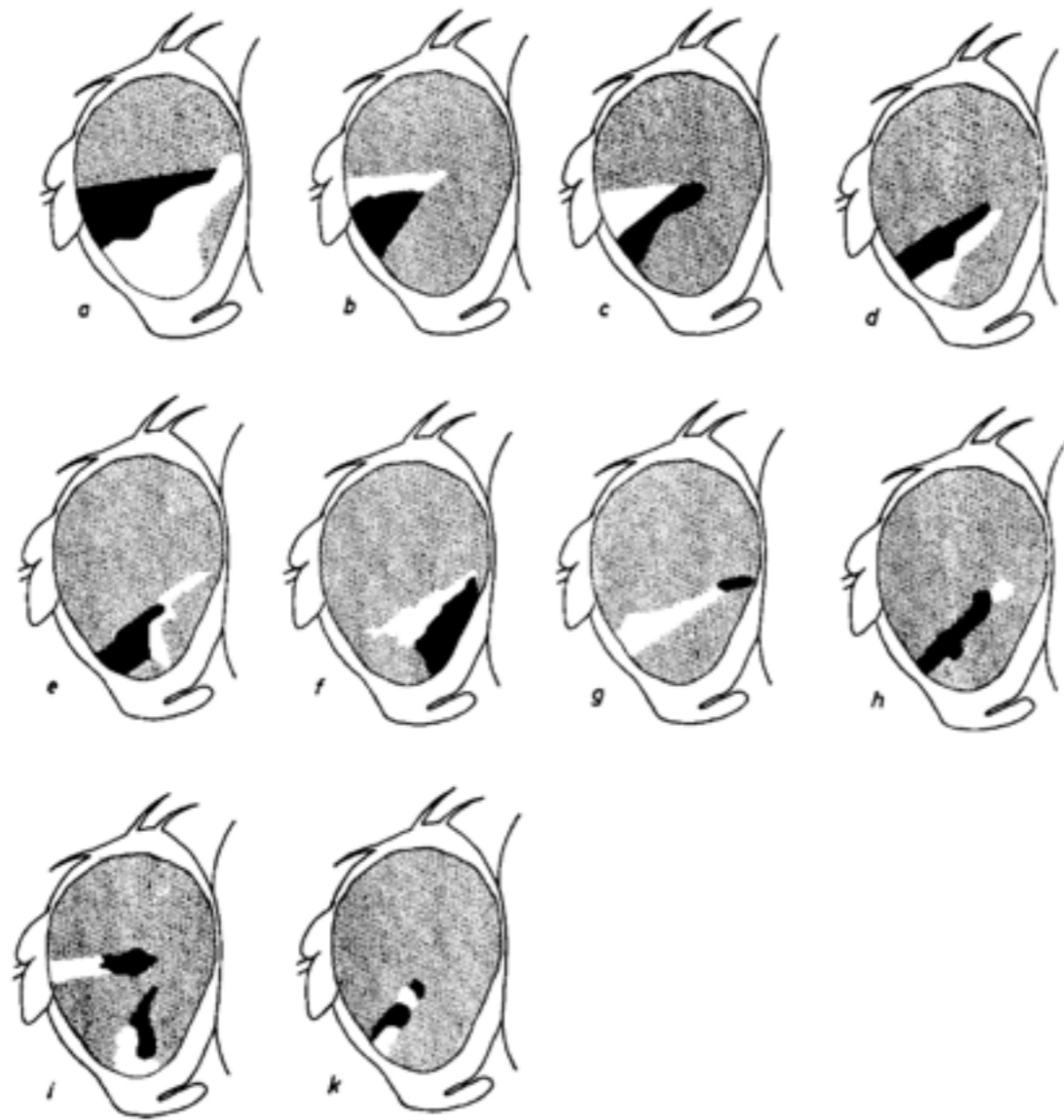


# Typical Patterns of Clonal Lineage Traced Beginning 48hr AEL




HJ Becker (1957) Mol Gen Genet

# Typical Patterns of Clonal Lineage Traced Beginning 48hr AEL



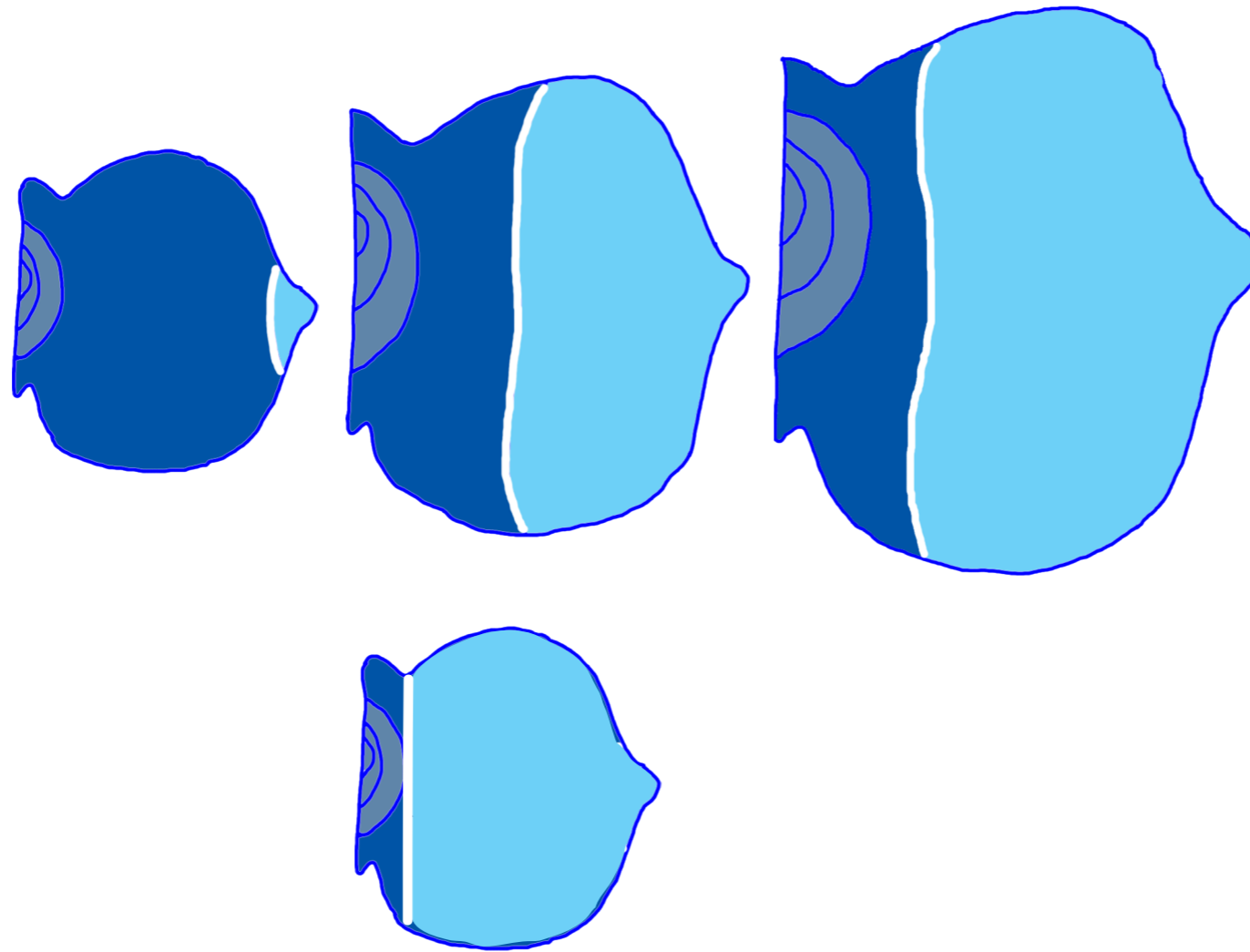
HJ Becker (1957) Mol Gen Genet

Number of Cell Divisions  
High  Low

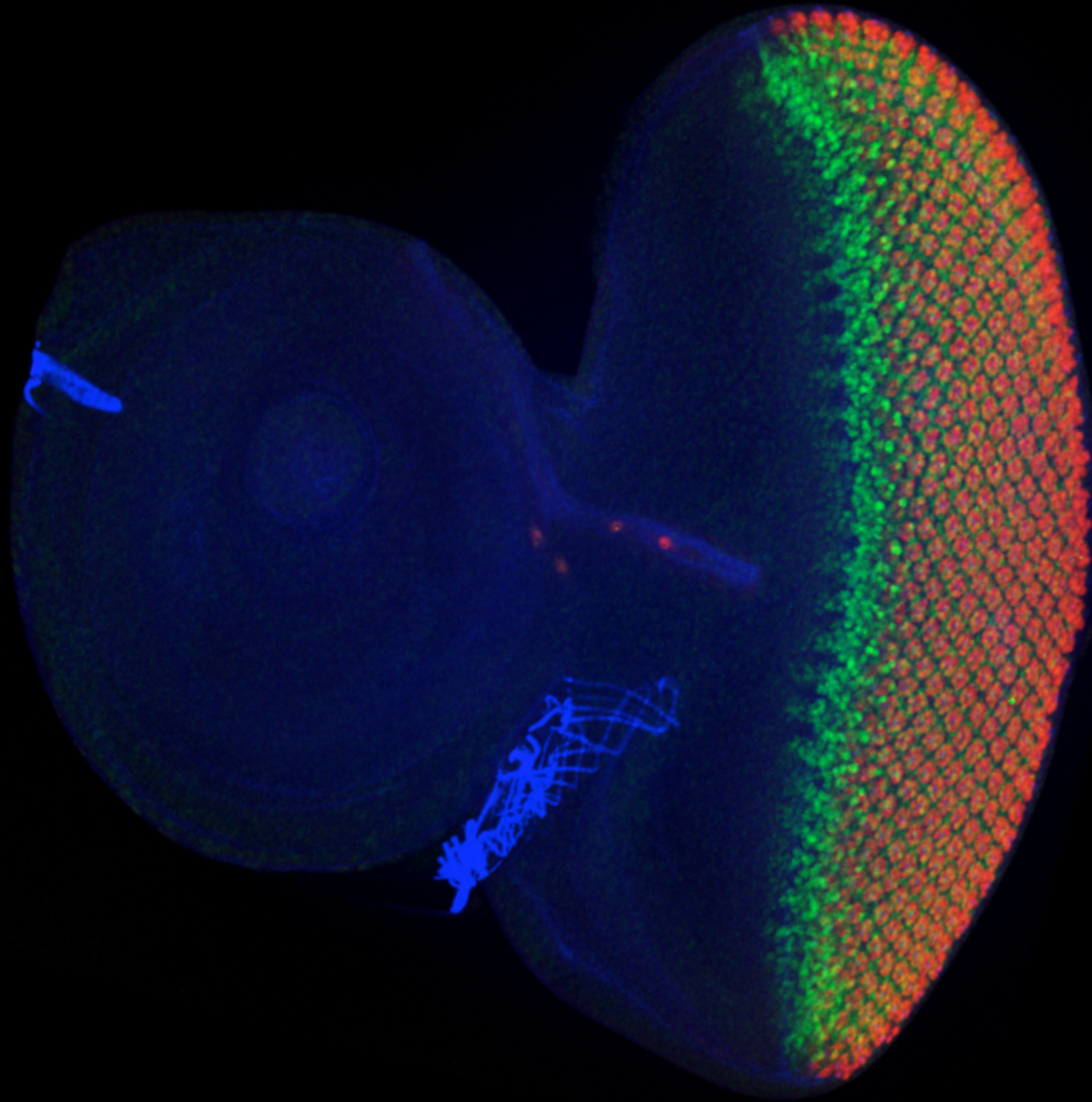


Furrow moves ~ 2 cell diameters / hr

Average cell cycle time = 8 - 10 hr

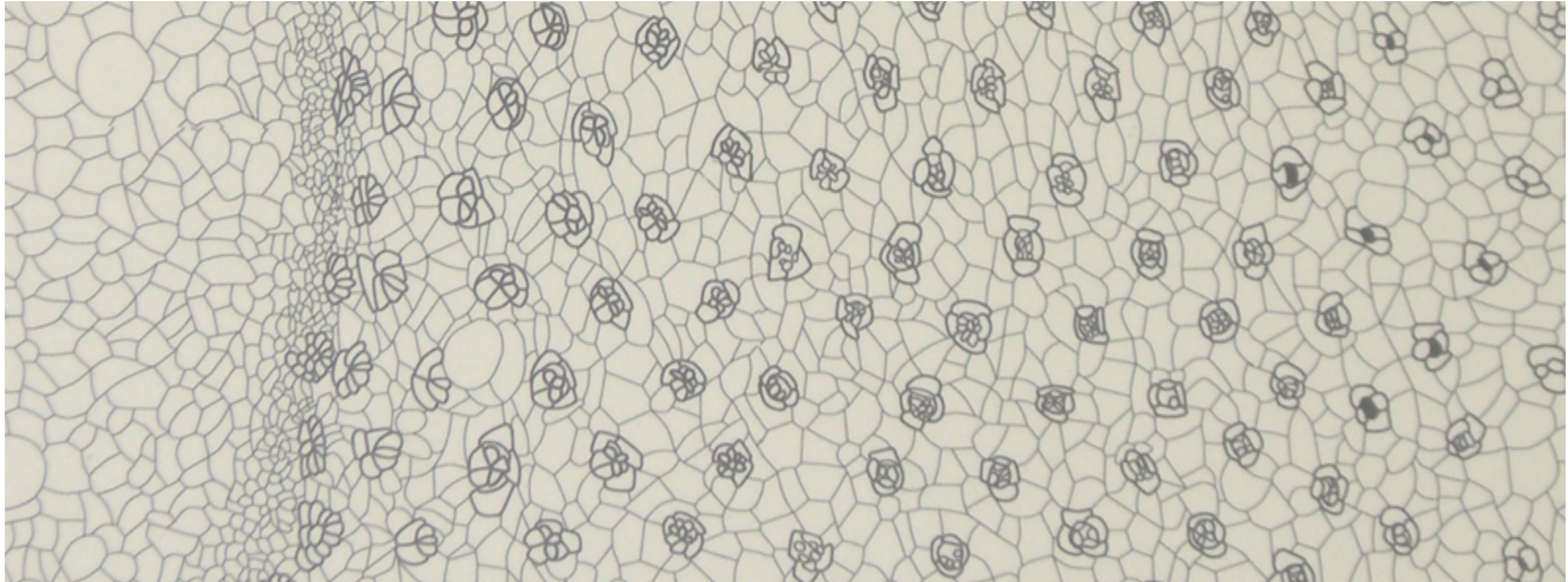


# A Moving Wave of Morphogenesis and Differentiation

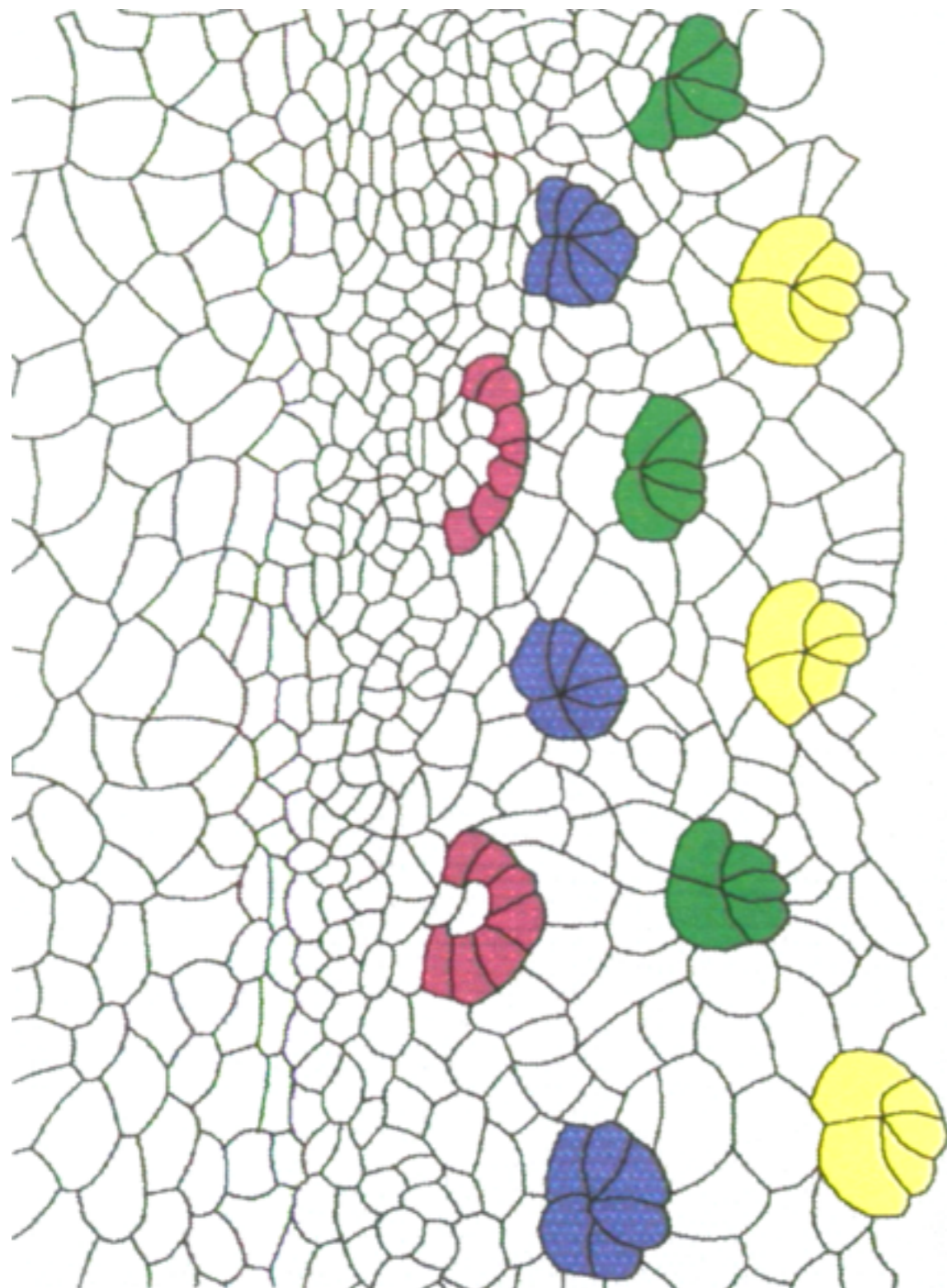




# A Moving Wave of Morphogenesis and Differentiation

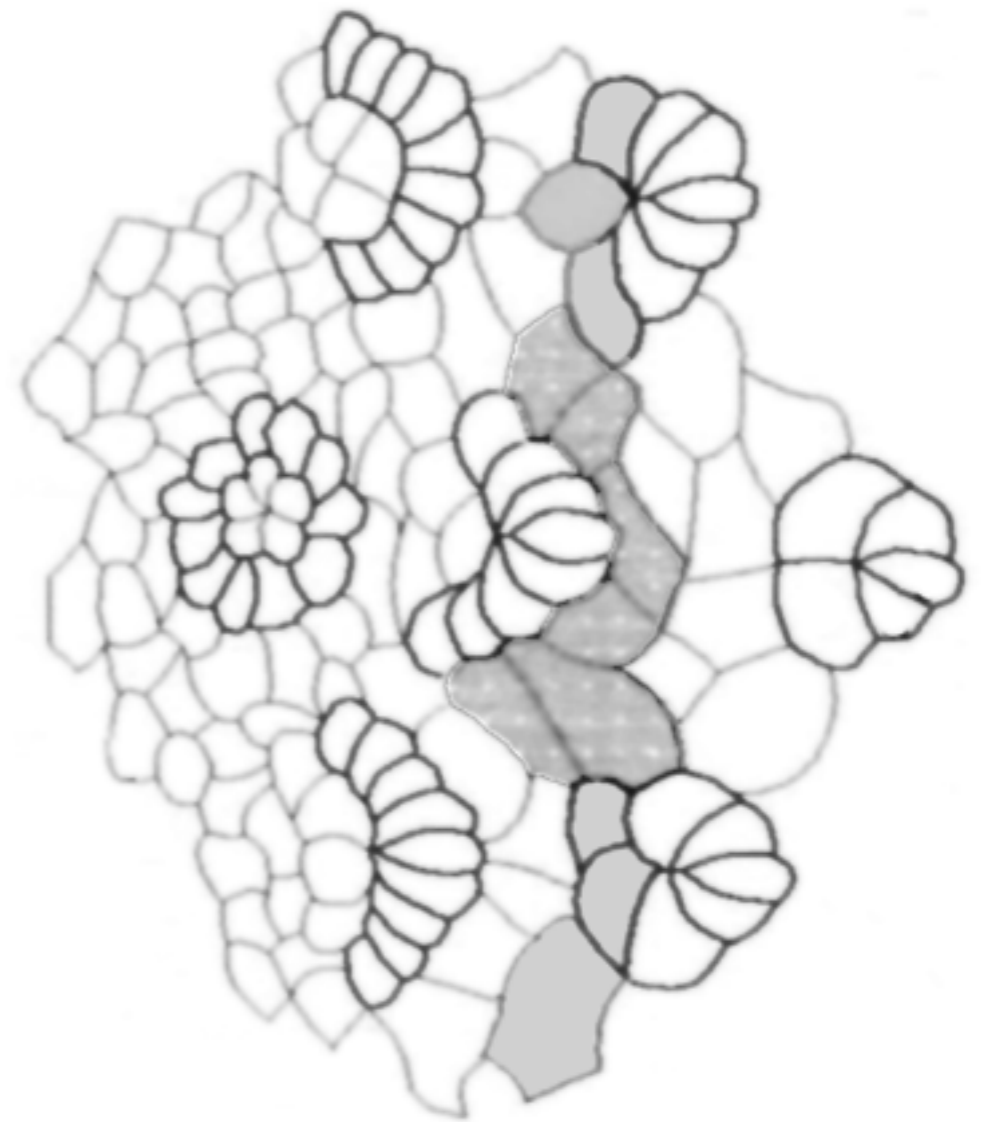
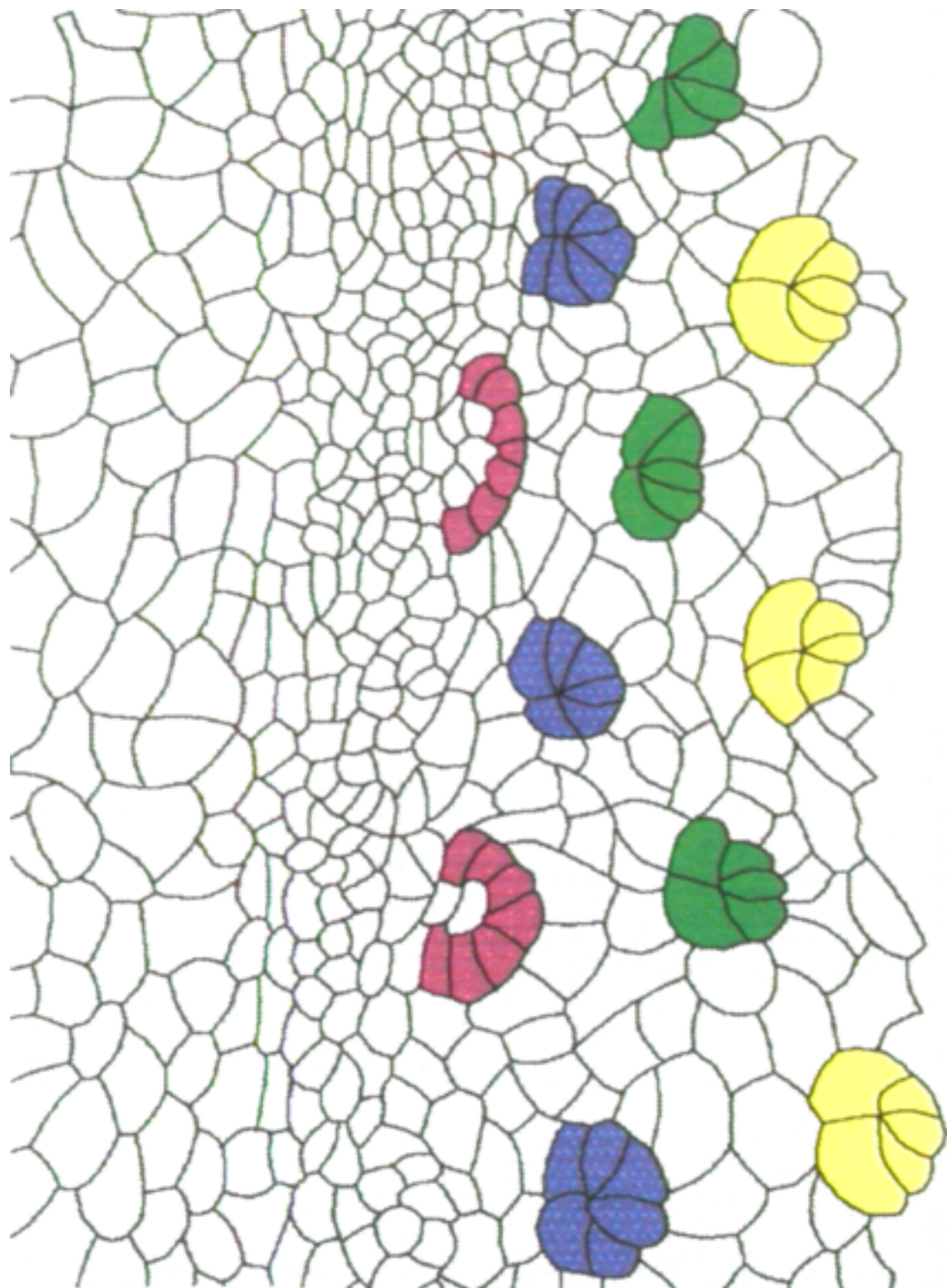


Wolff and Ready (1991)

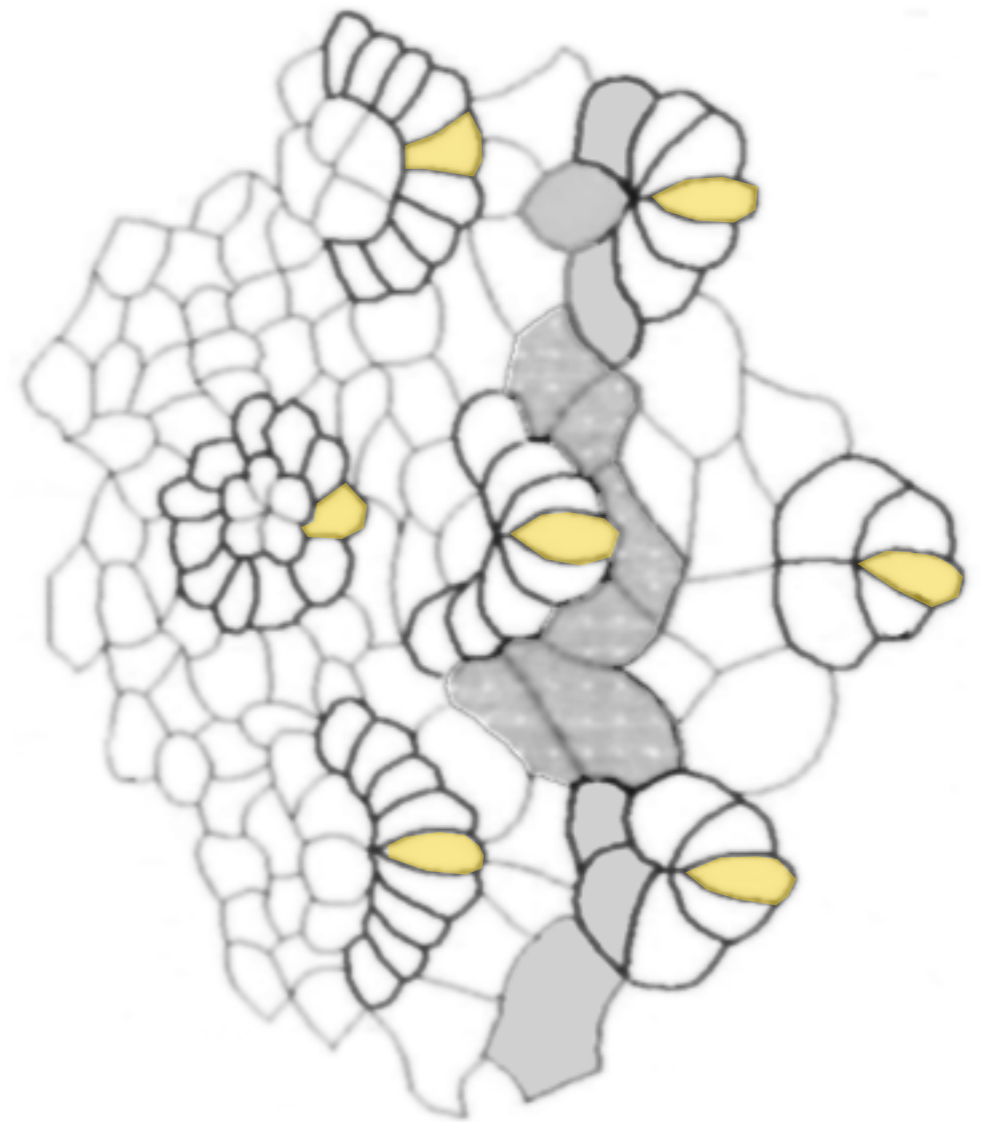
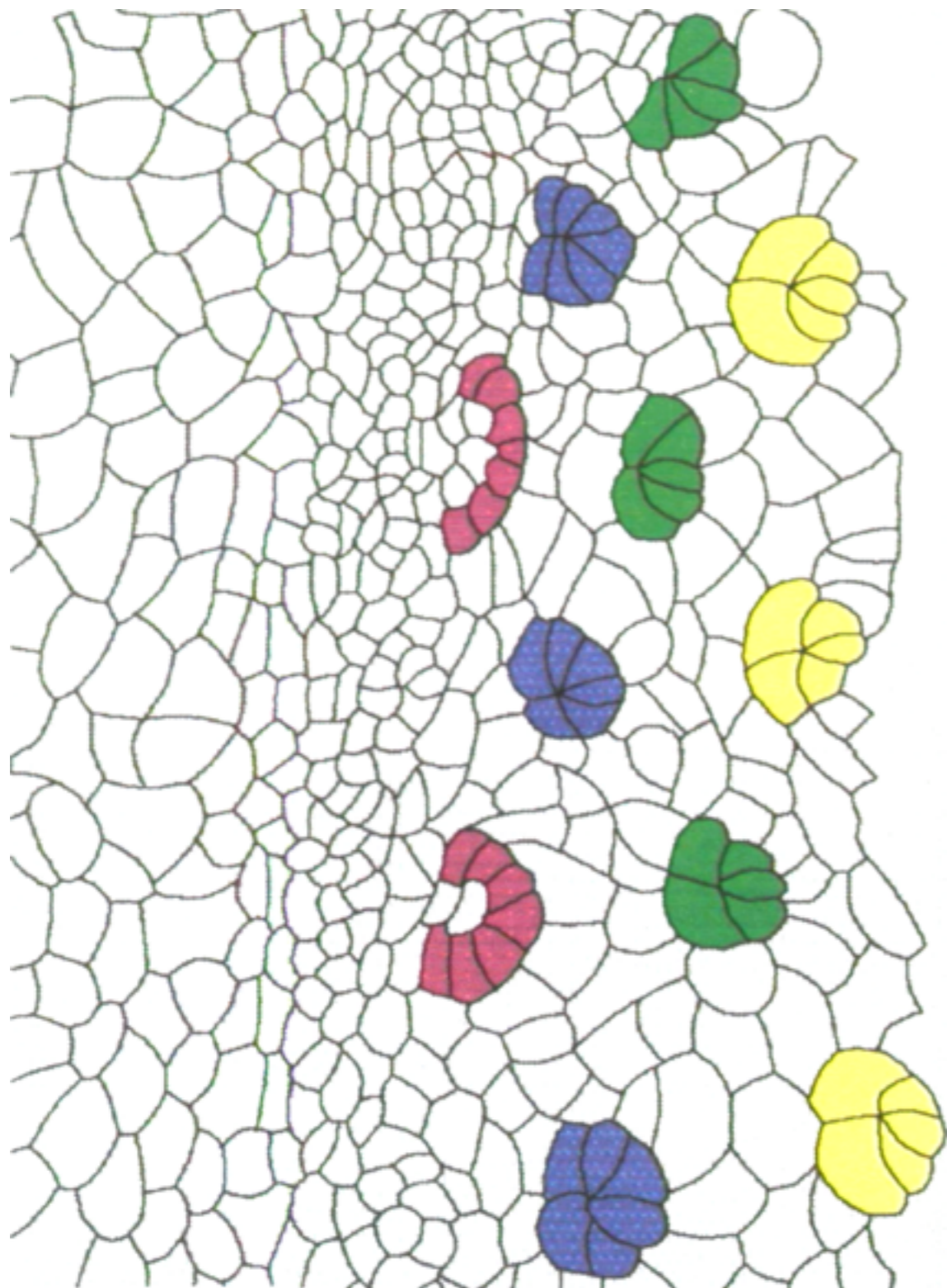


Wolff and Ready (1991)



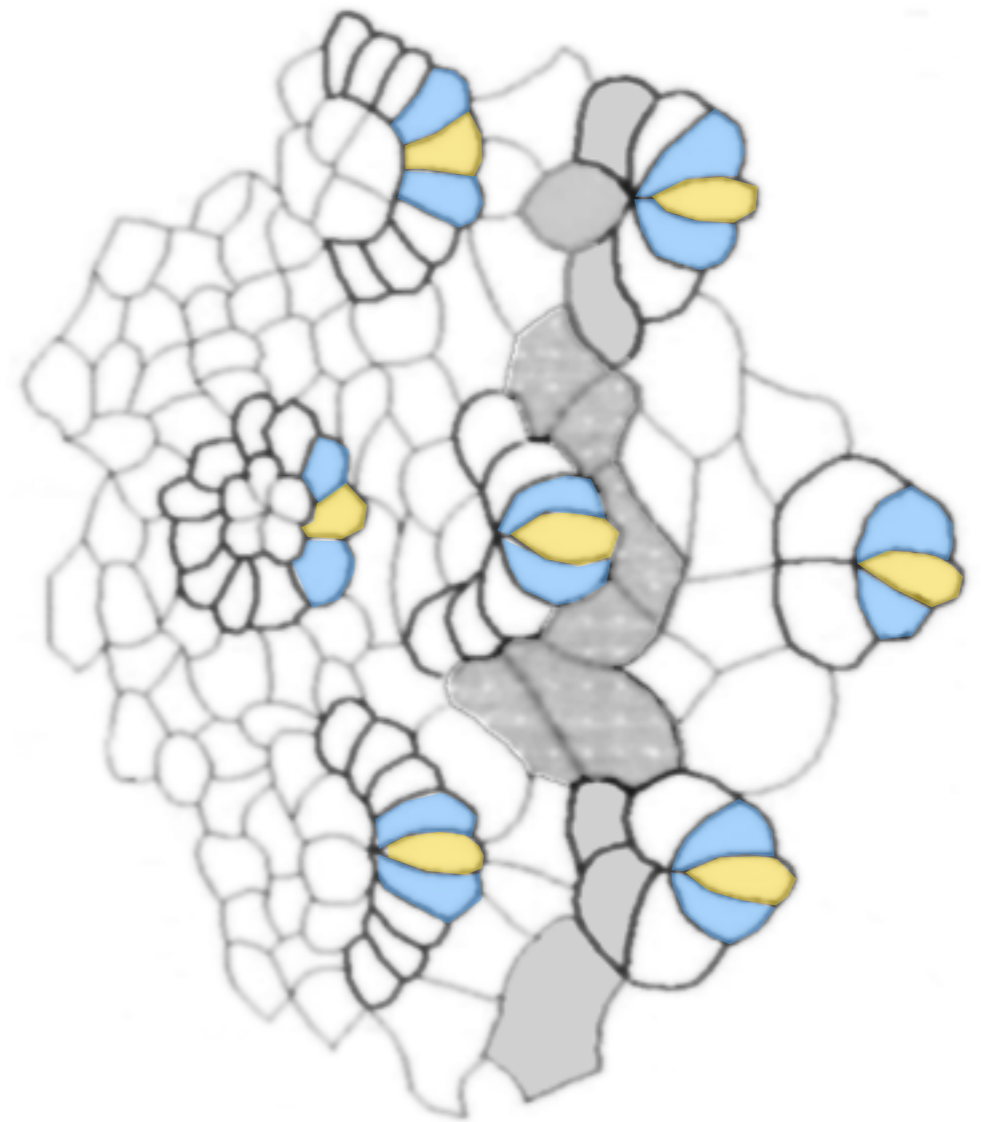
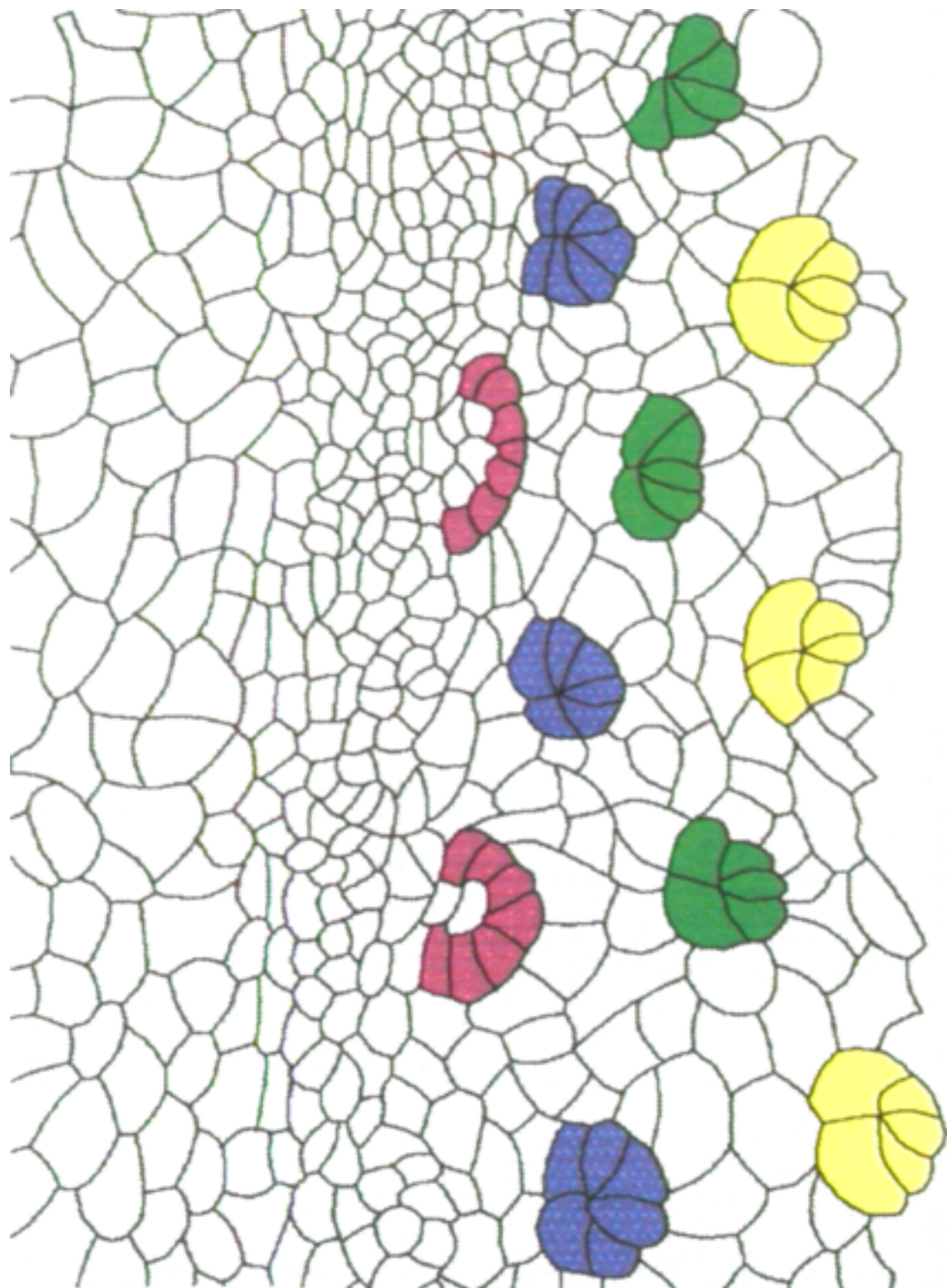


Wolff and Ready (1991)

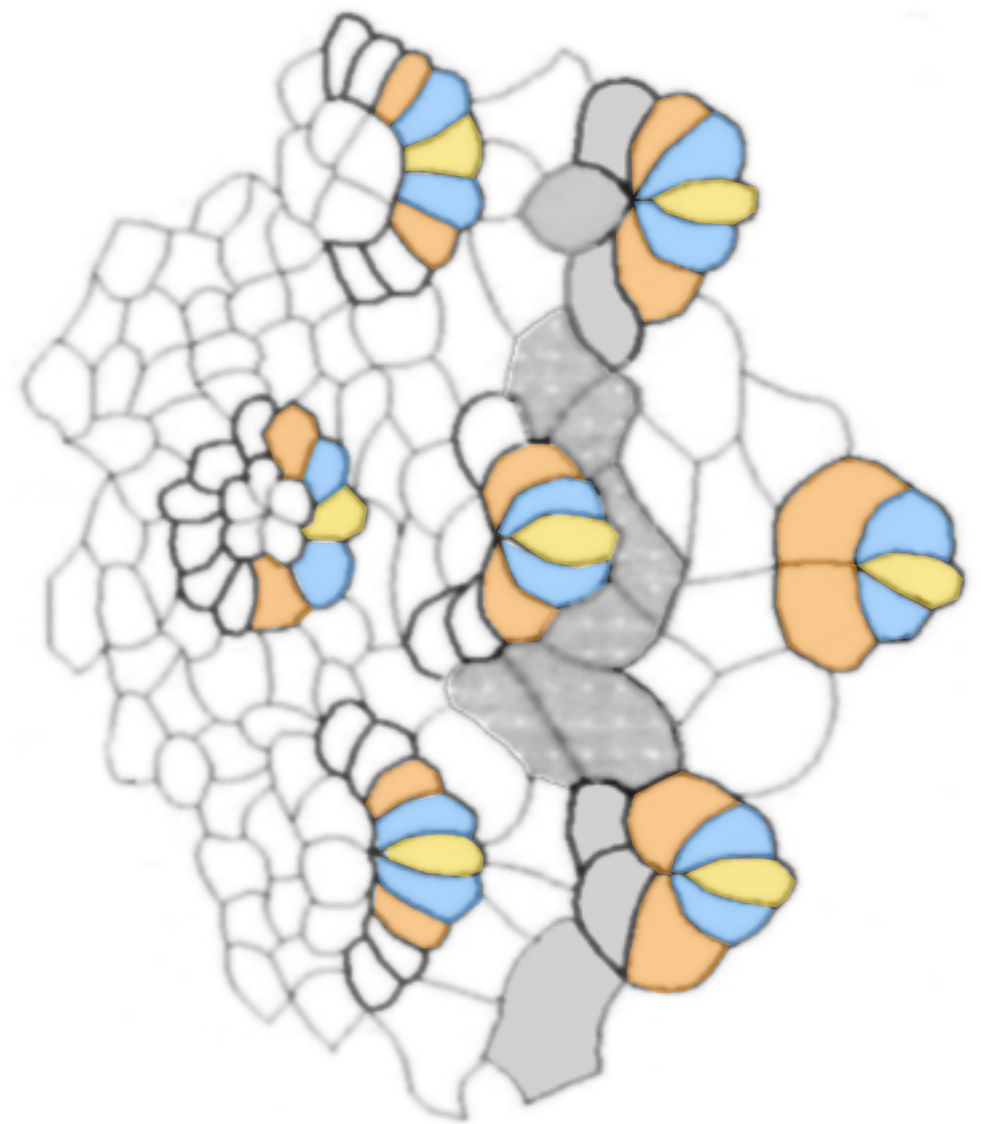
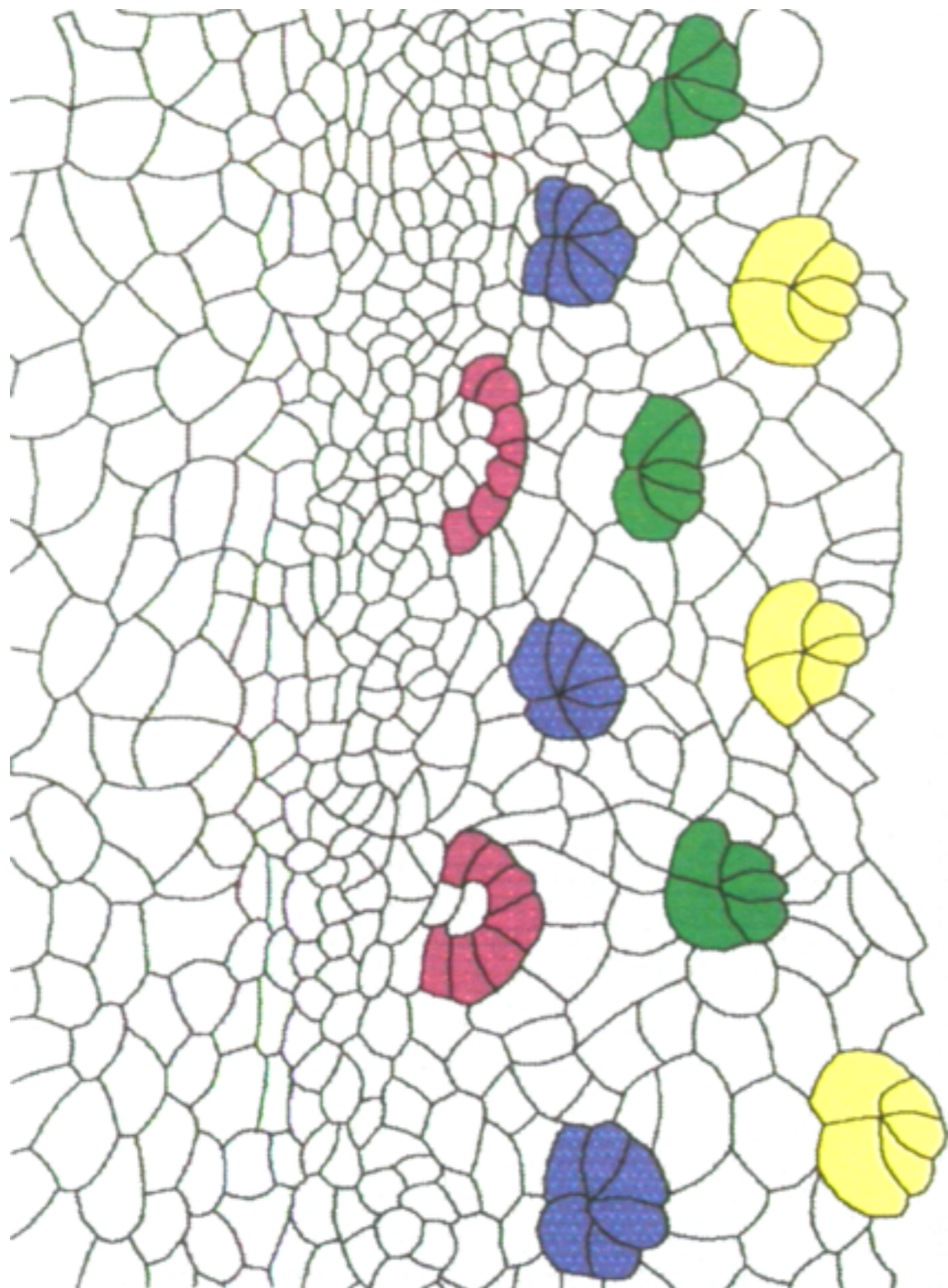


Wolff and Ready (1991)



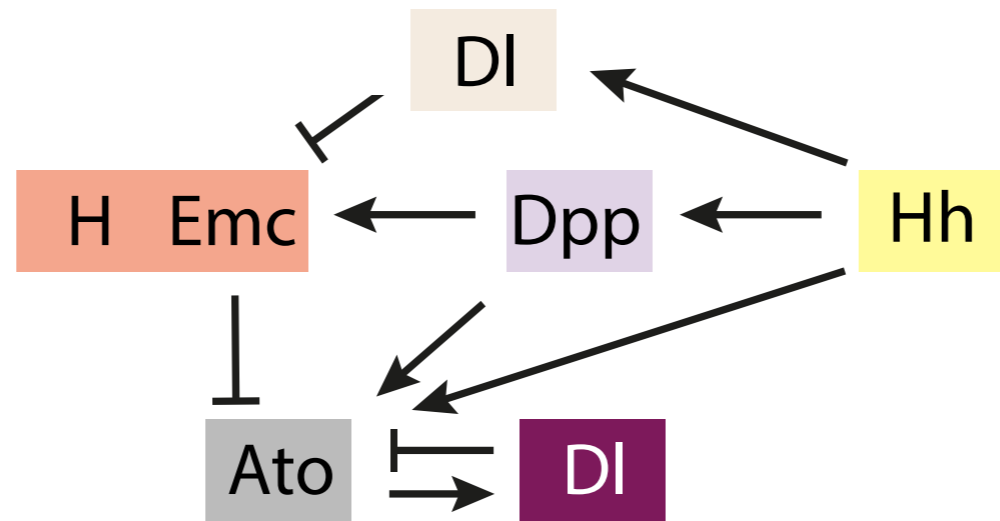
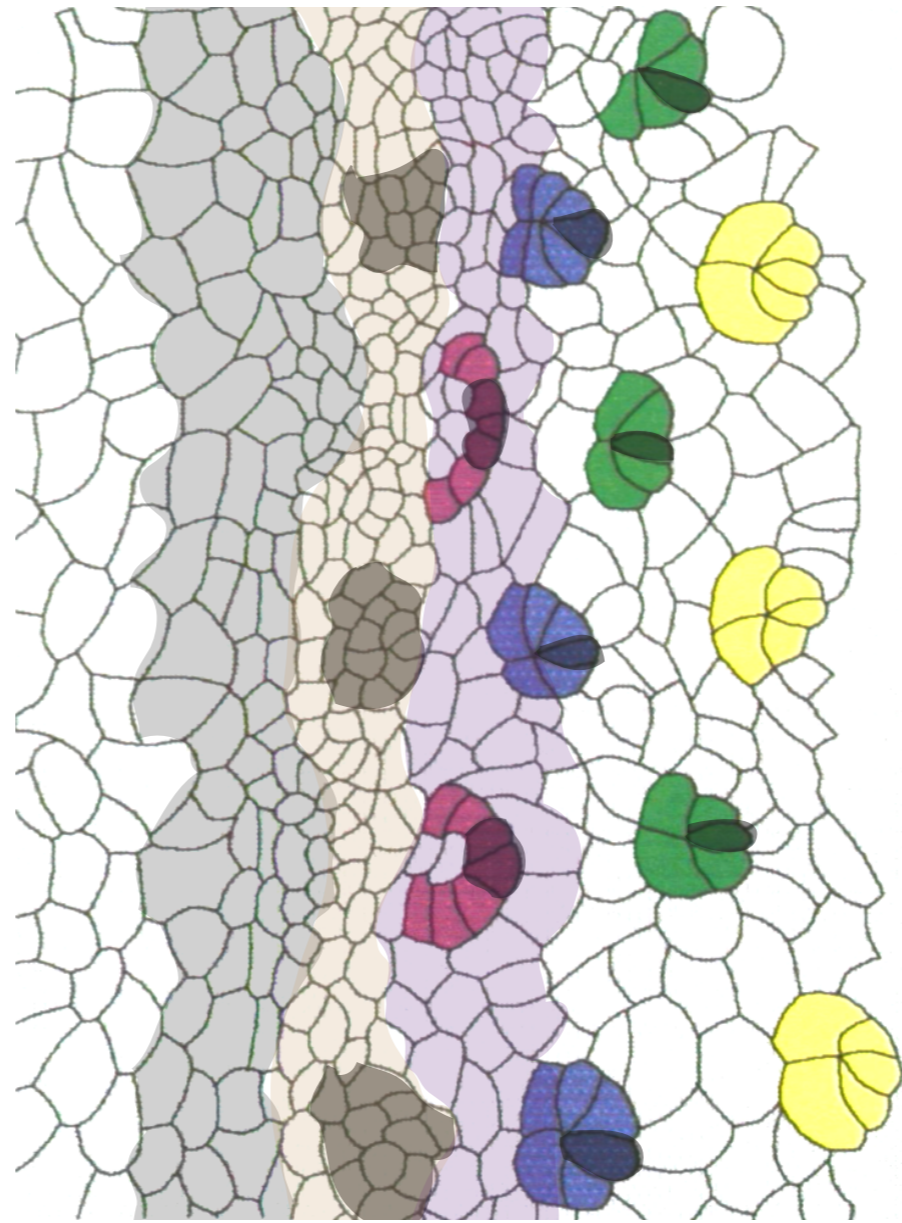


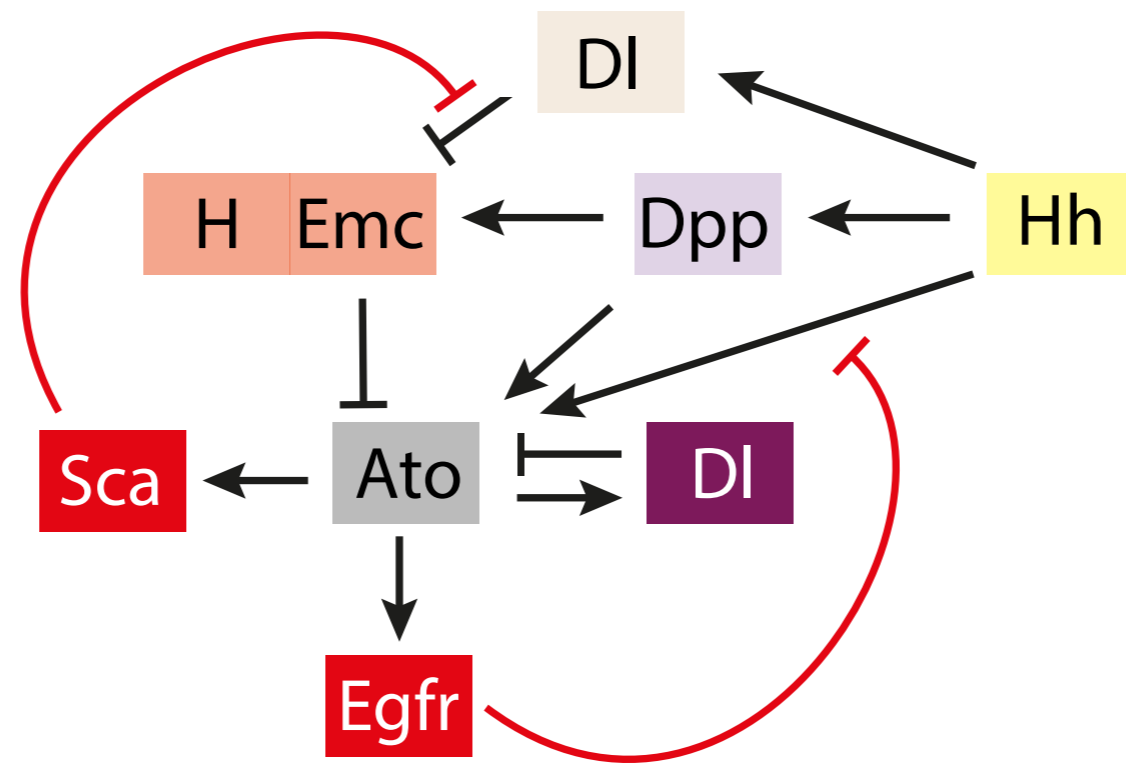
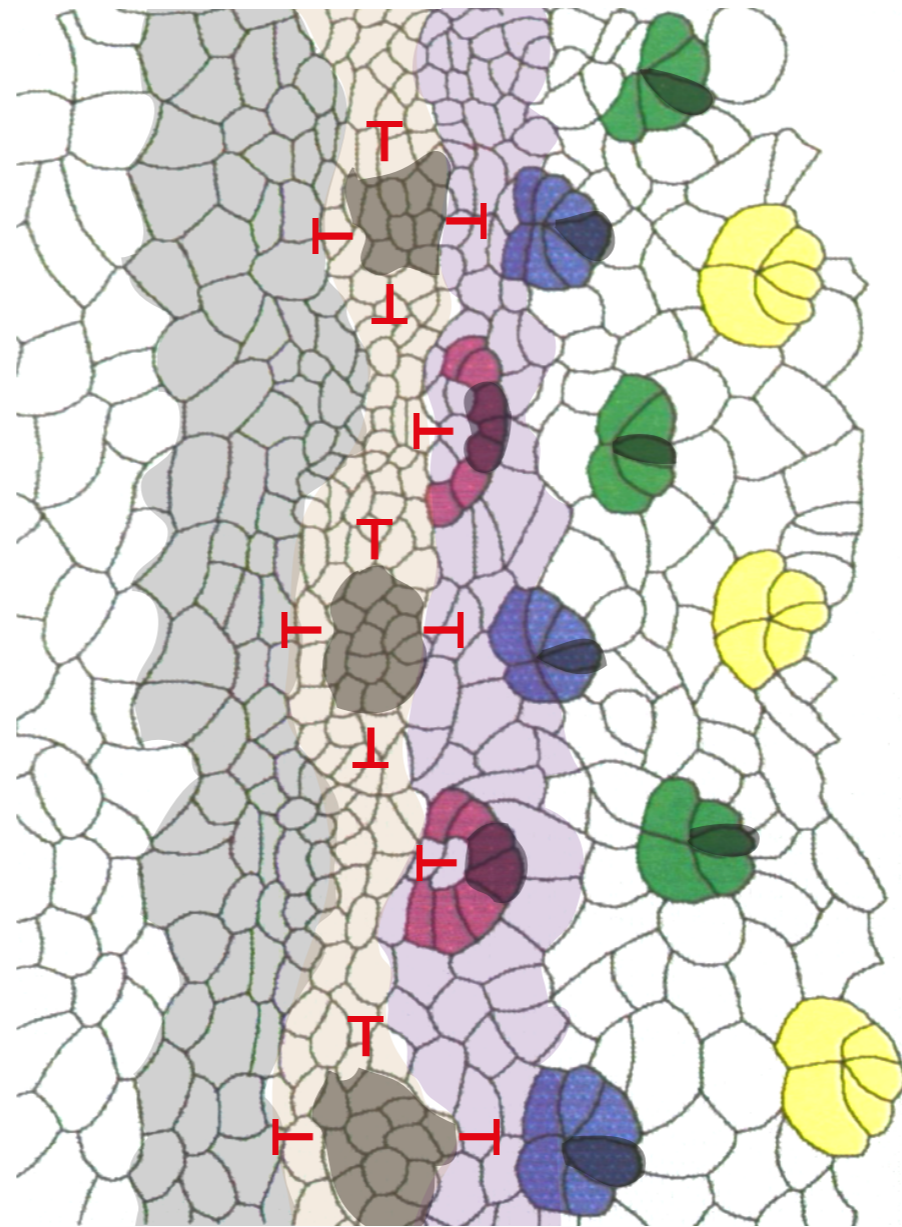
Wolff and Ready (1991)



Wolff and Ready (1991)

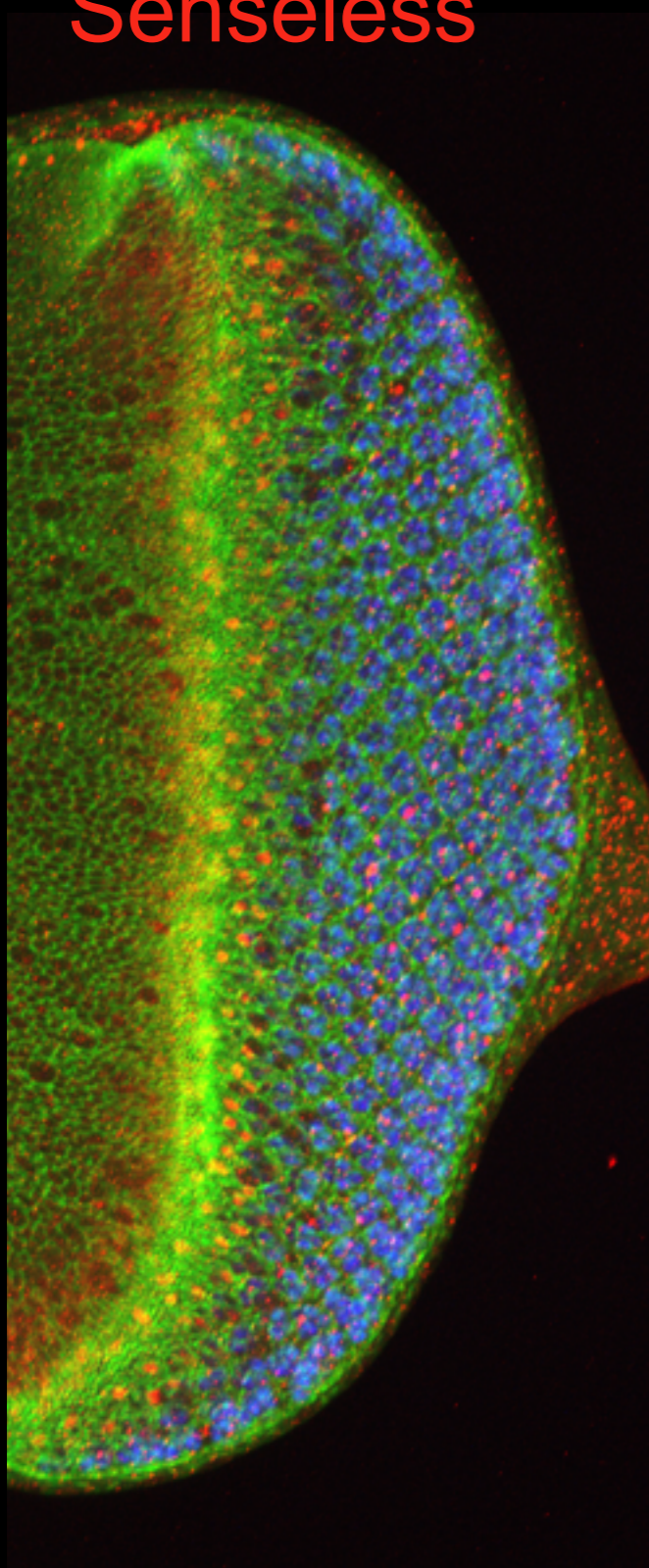






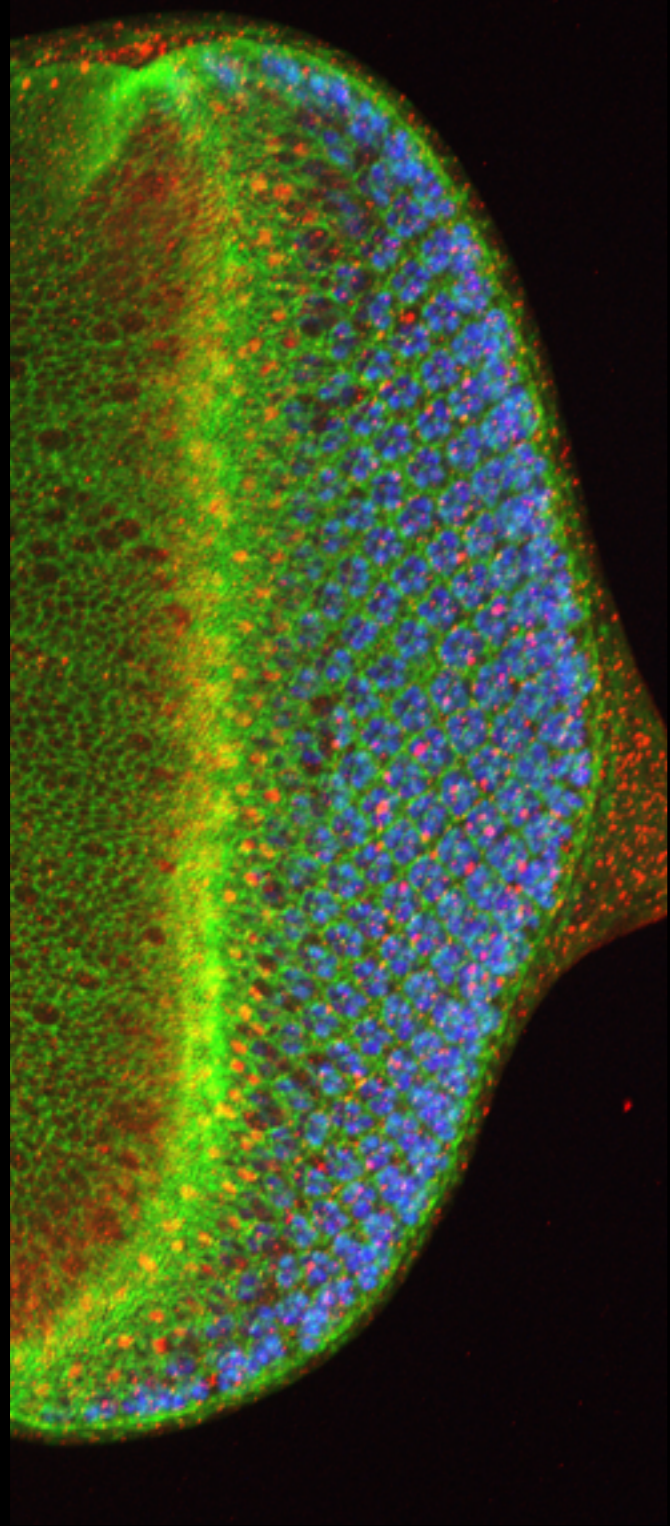


Beta-Catenin  
Photoreceptors  
Senseless

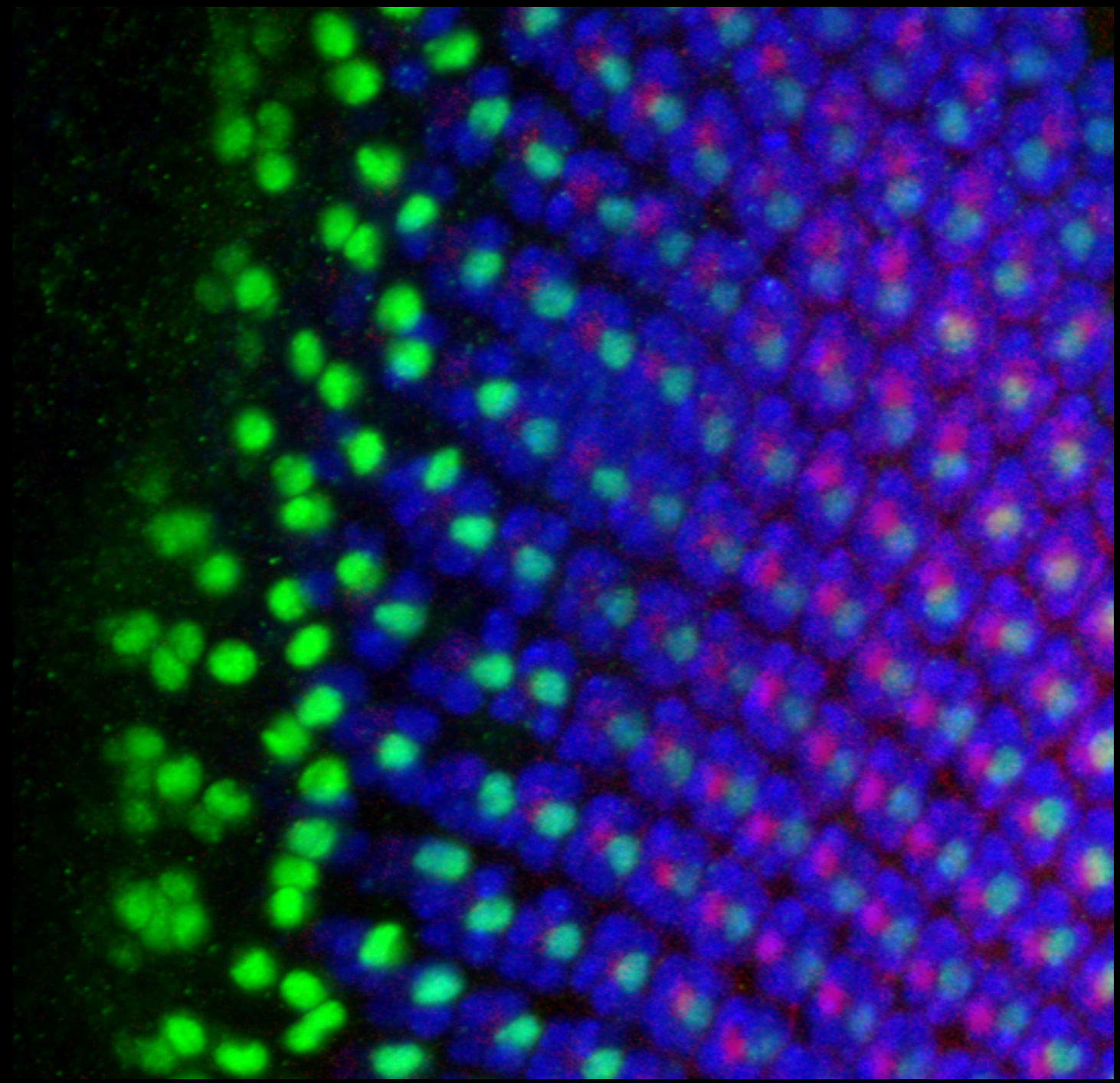




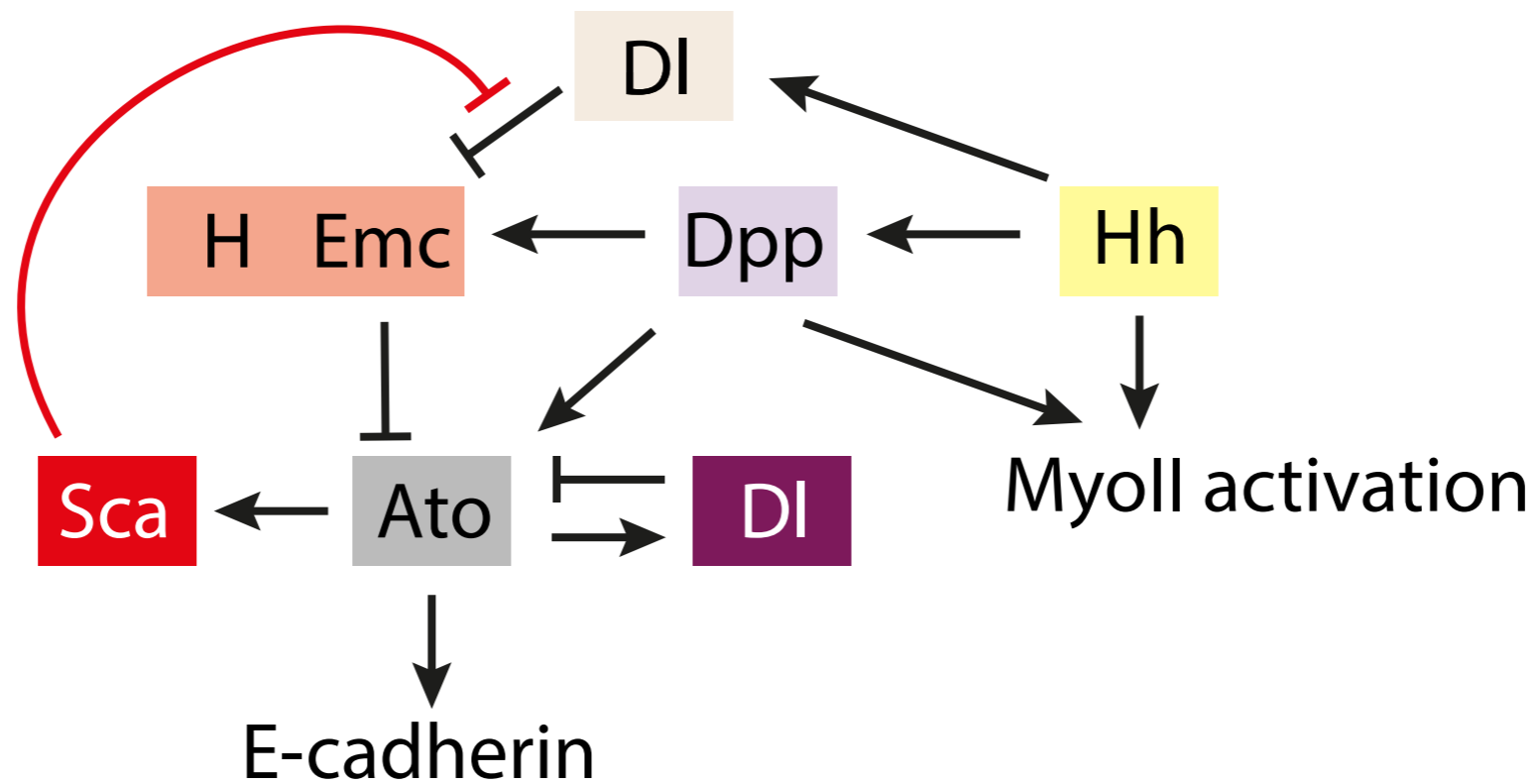
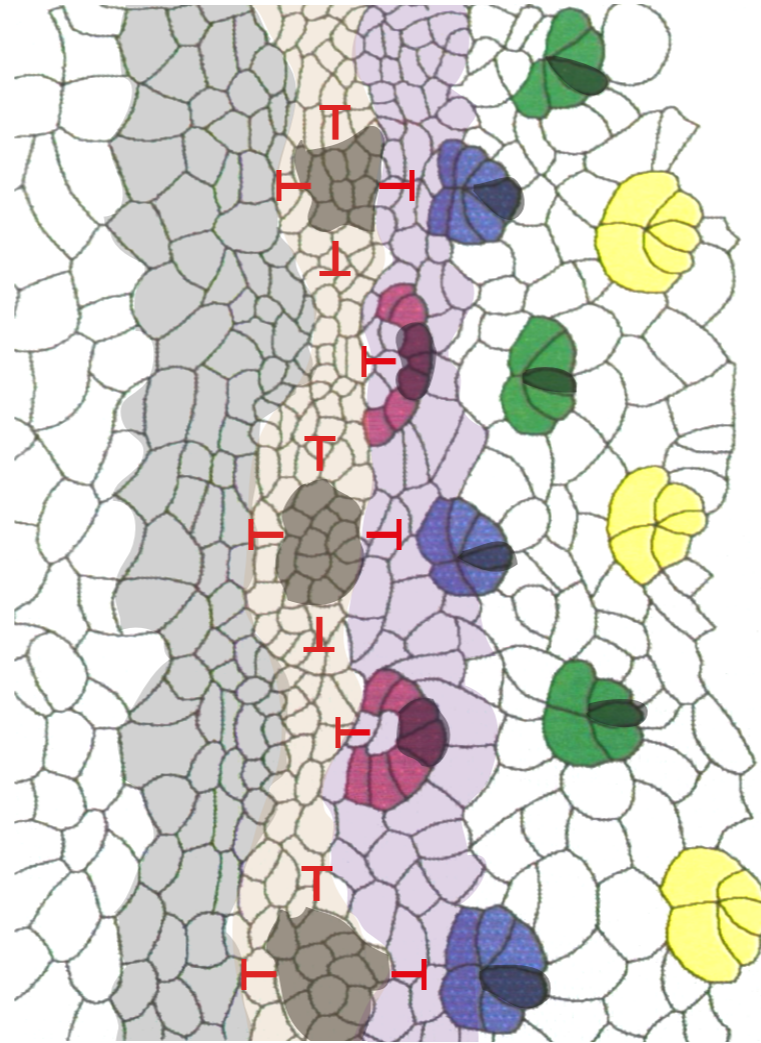
Beta-Catenin  
Photoreceptors  
Senseless

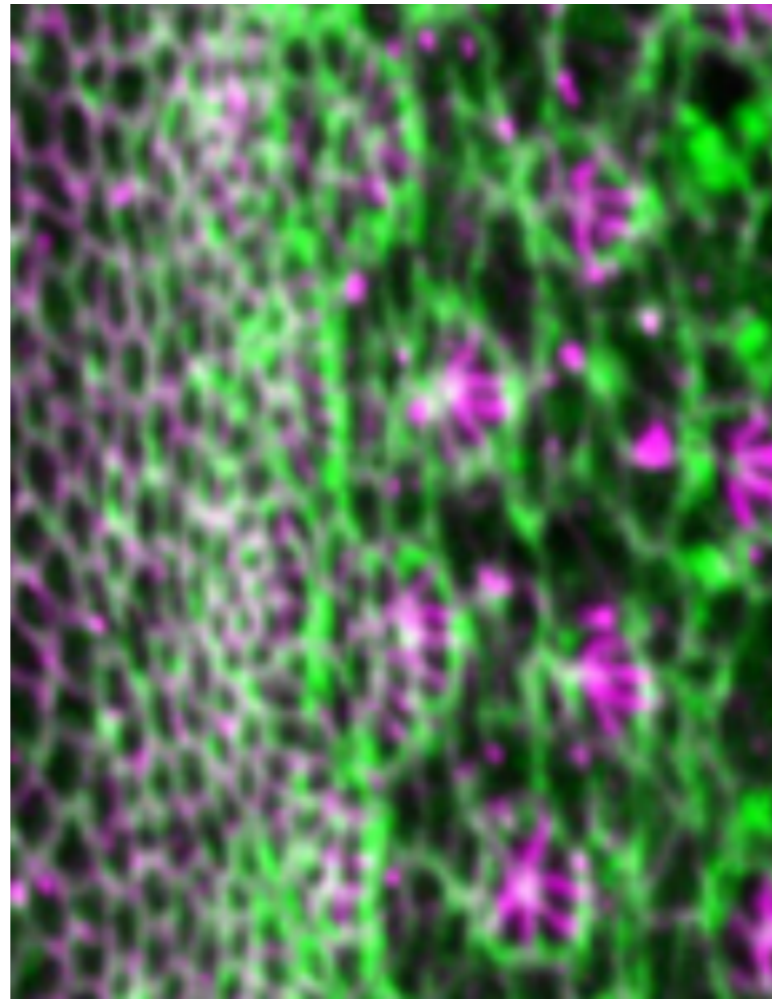
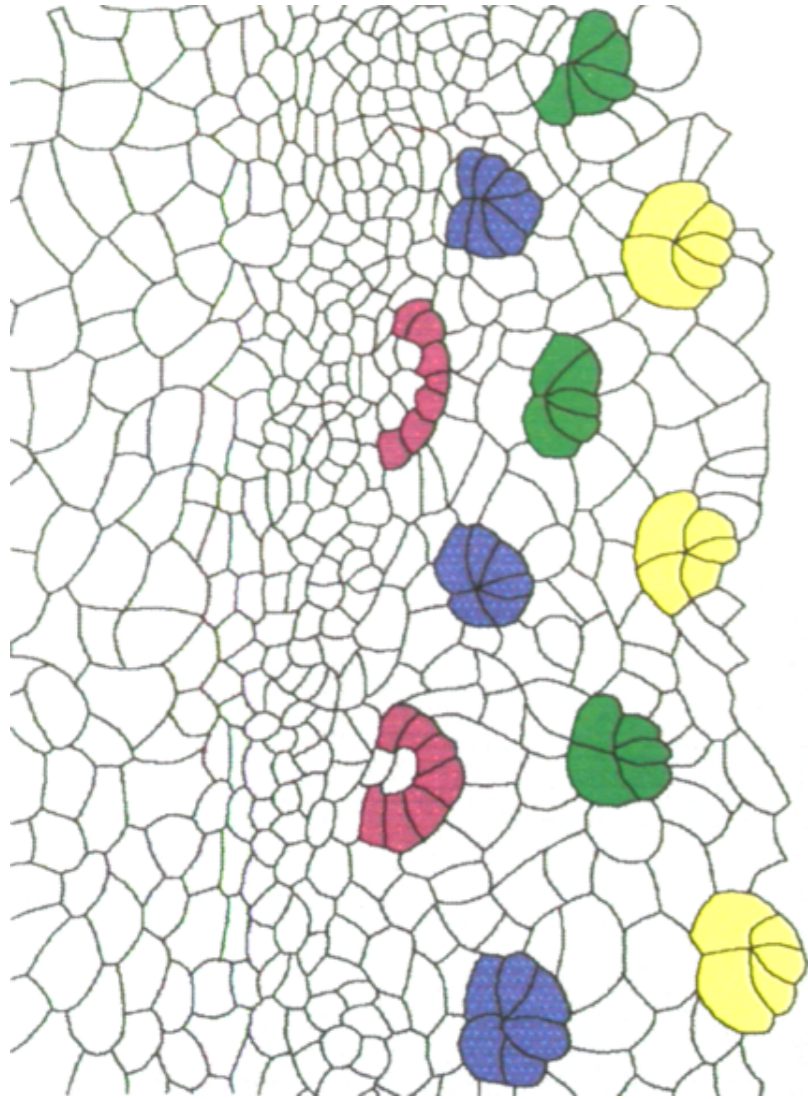


Photoreceptors  
Senseless

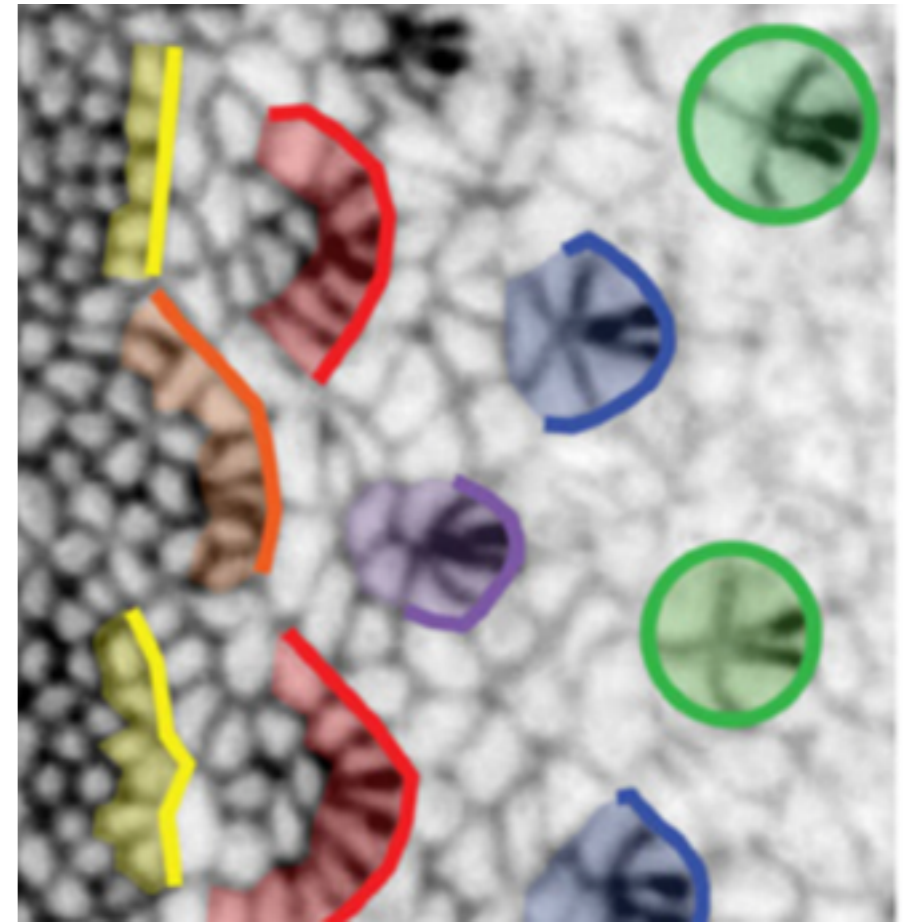






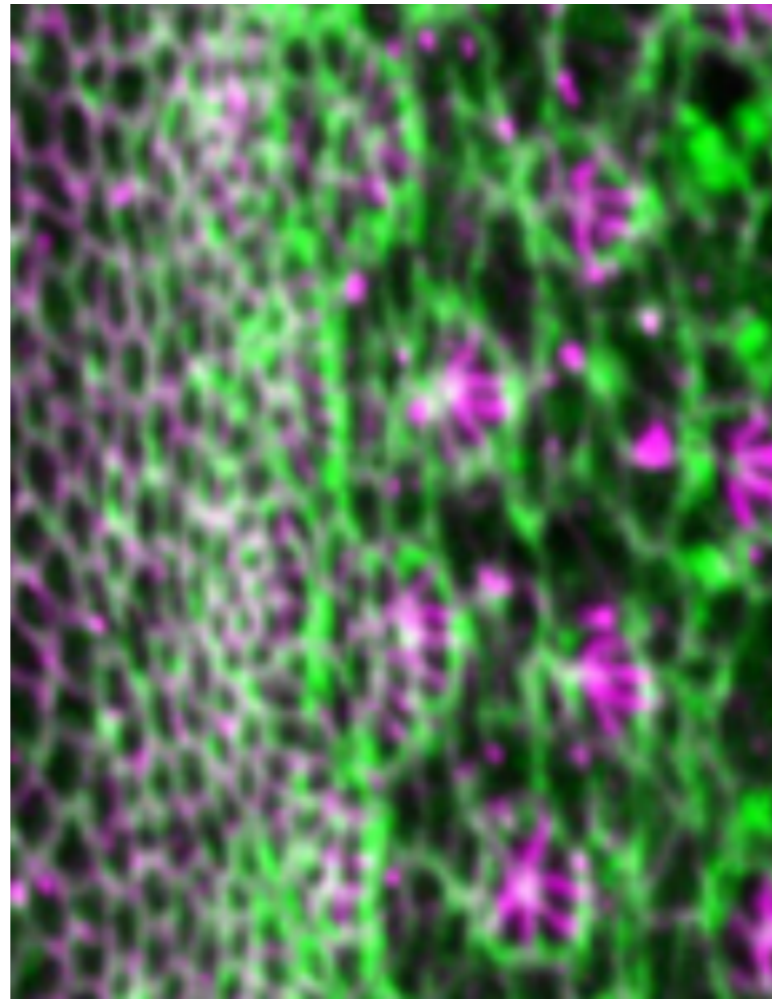
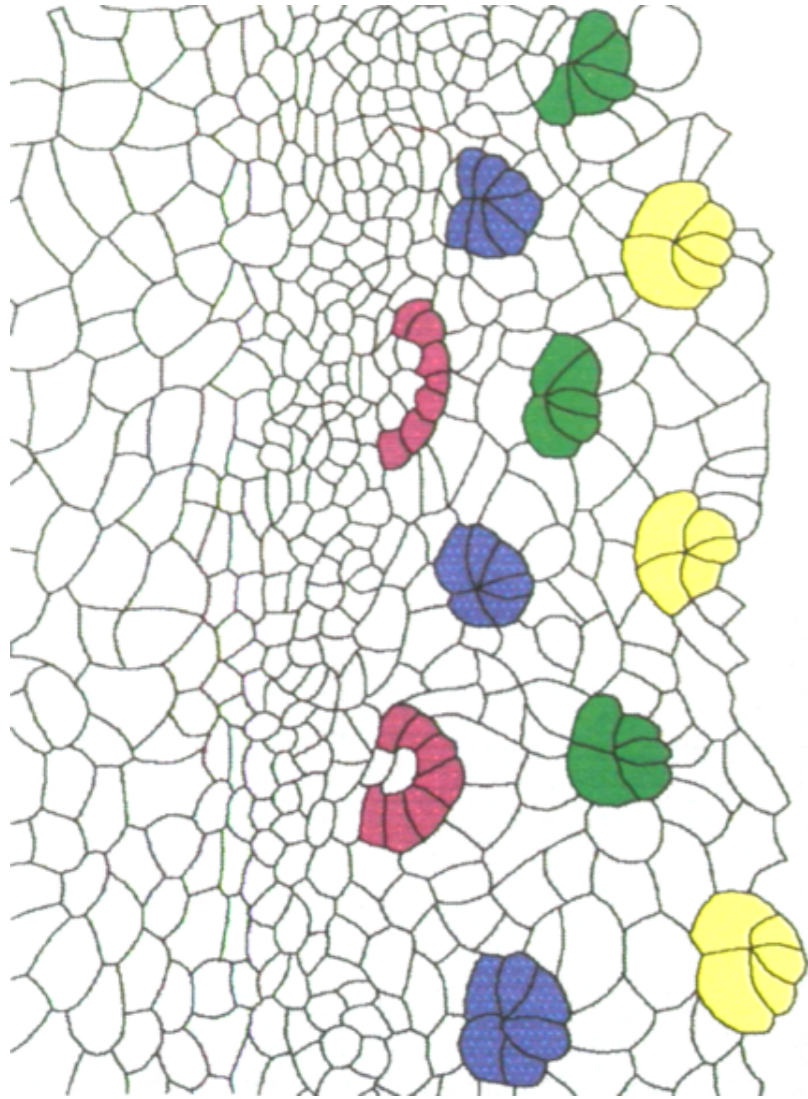


**E-cadherin**  
**Sqh-GFP**

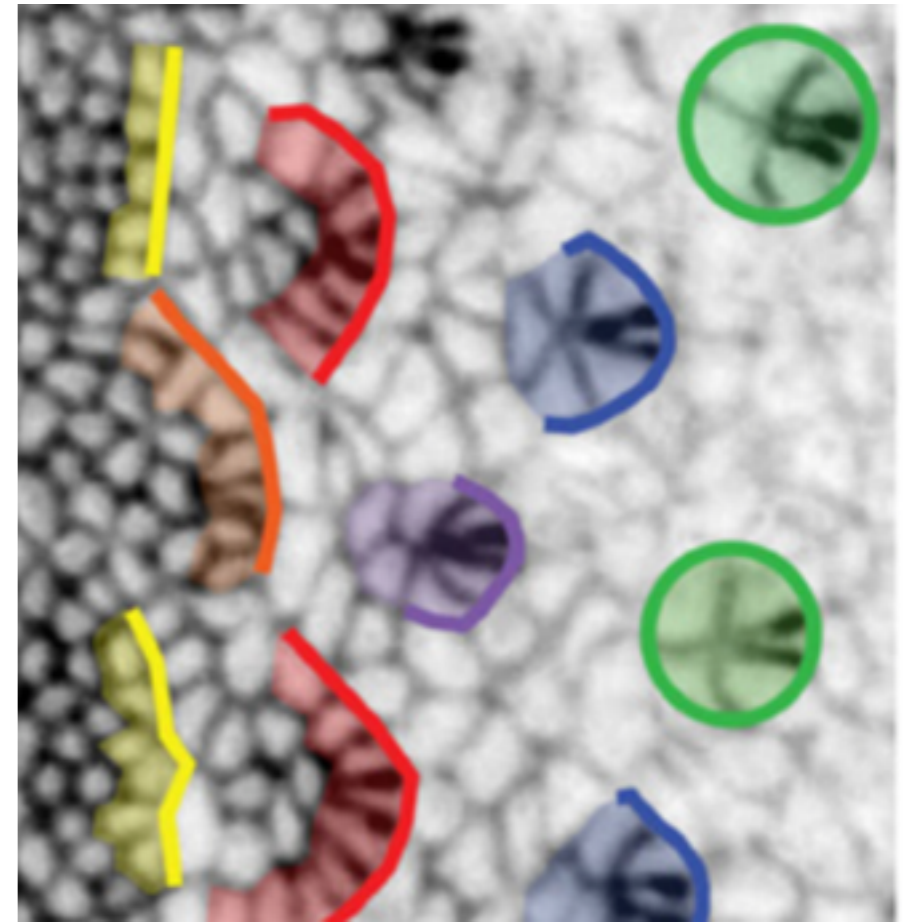


Escudero et al (2007)

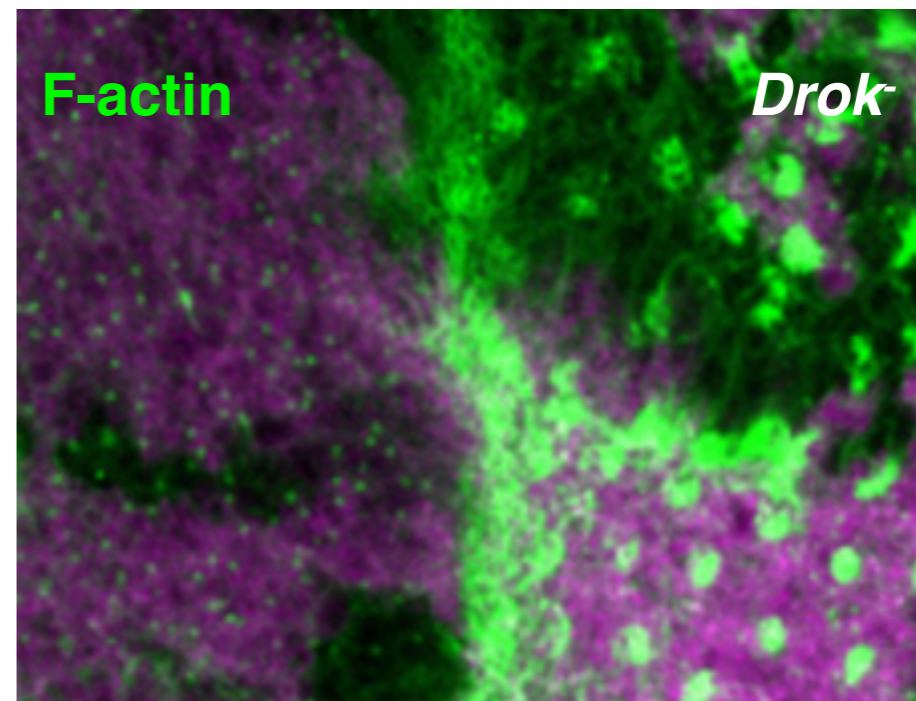




**E-cadherin**  
**Sqh-GFP**



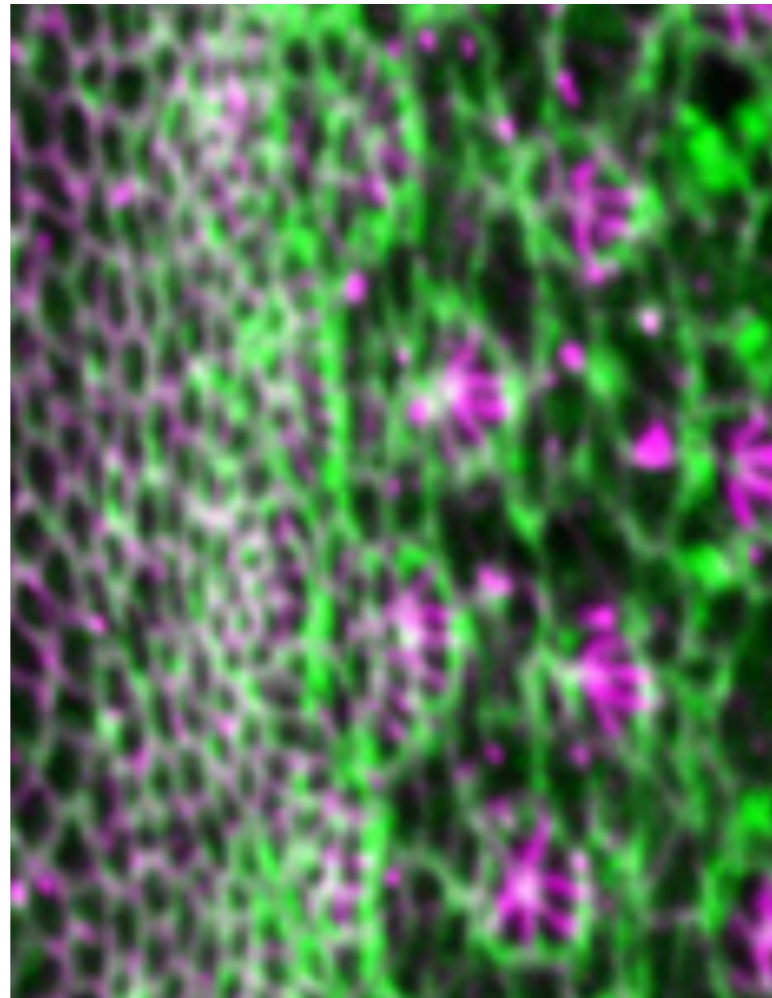
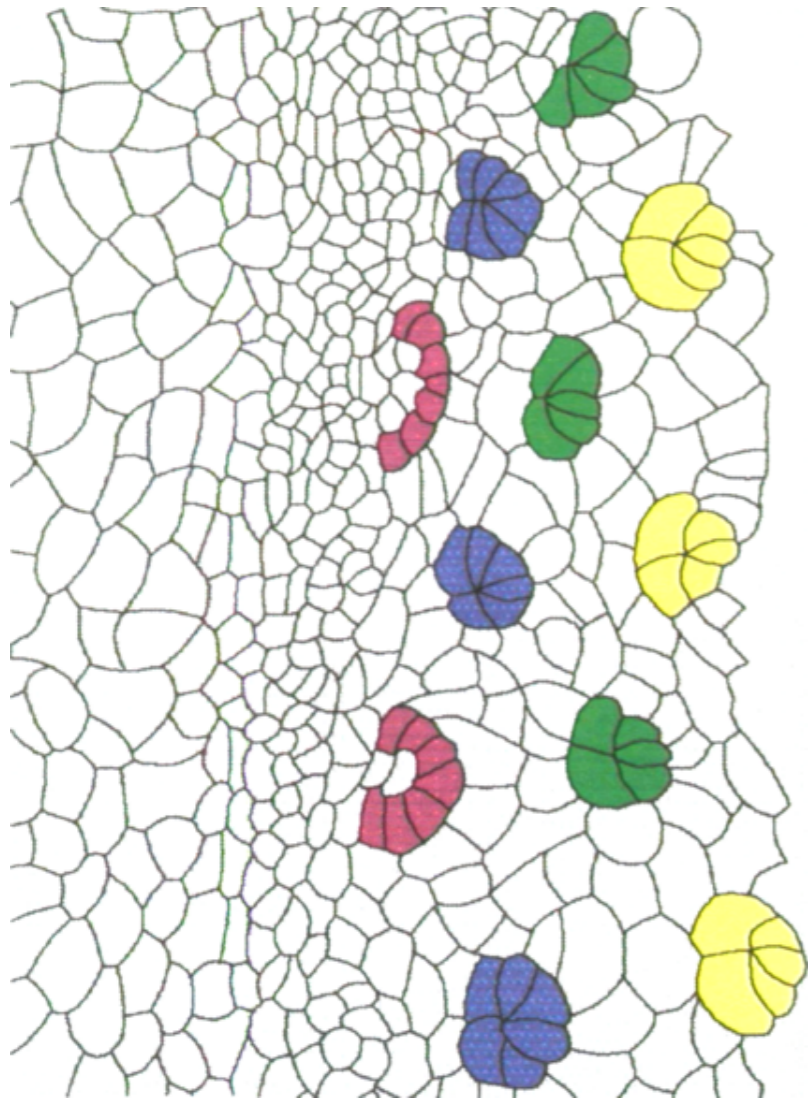
Escudero et al (2007)



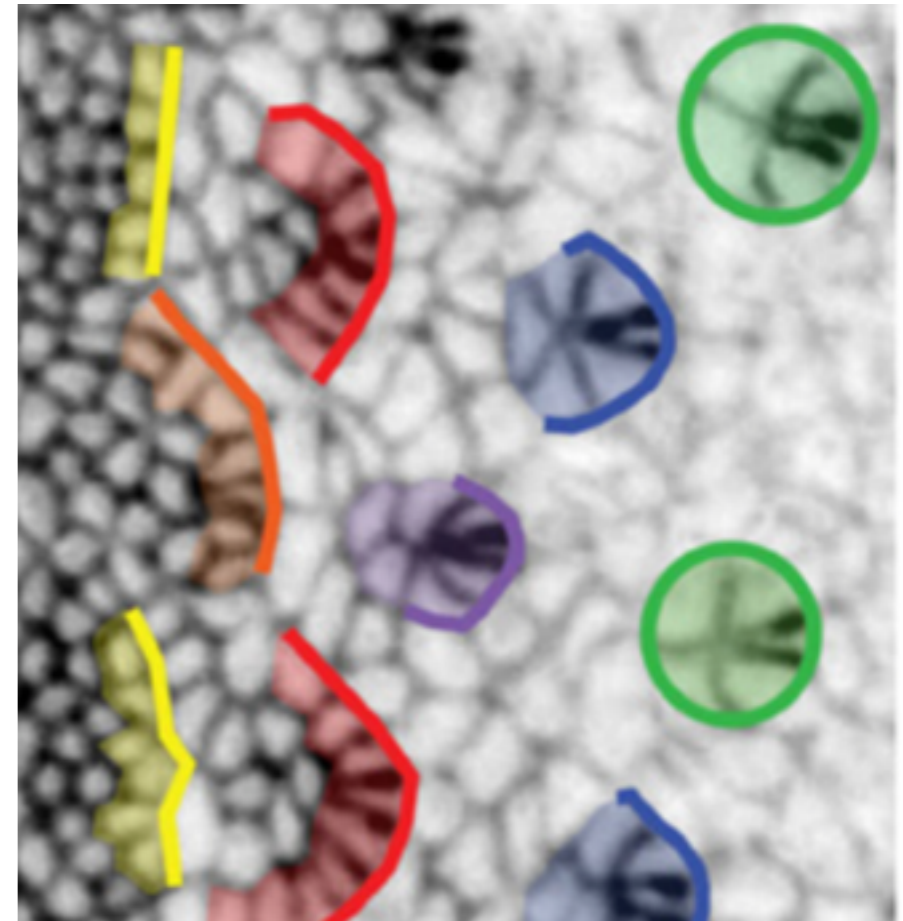
**F-actin**

*Drok*



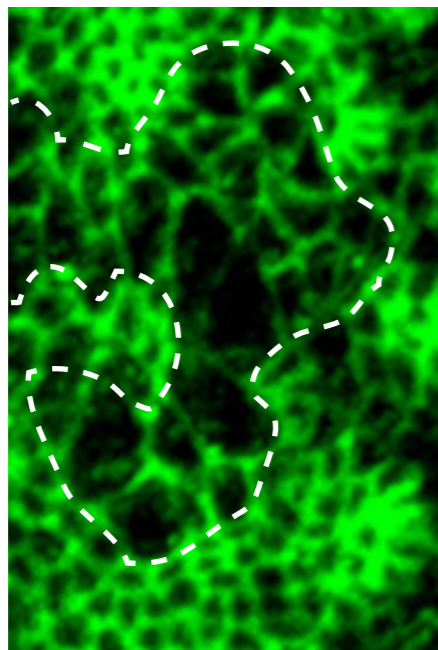


**E-cadherin**  
**Sqh-GFP**

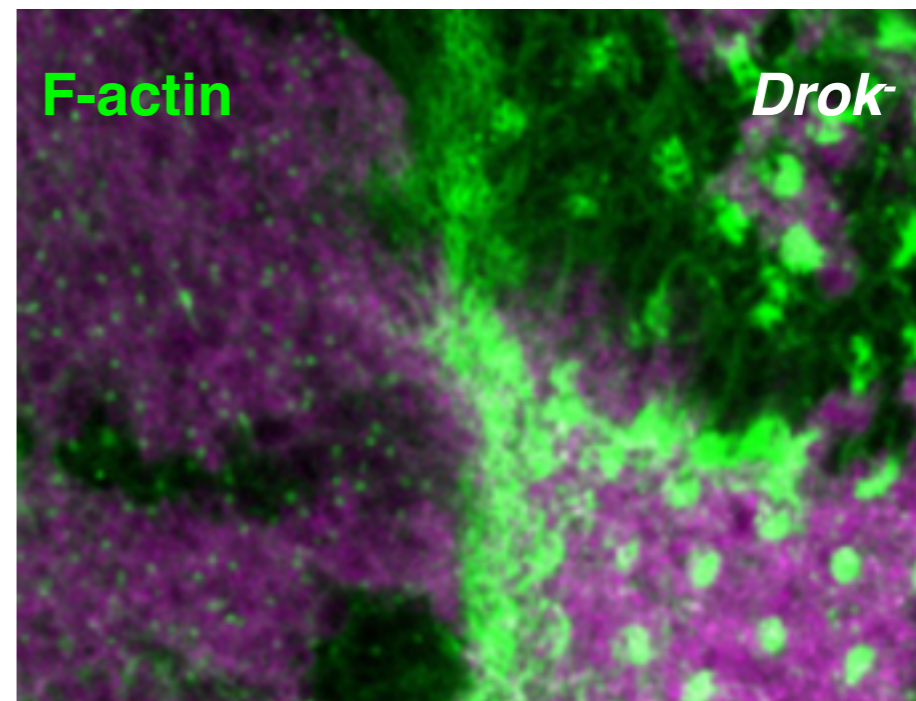


Escudero et al (2007)

***Myo-DN***



**$\beta$ -catenin**



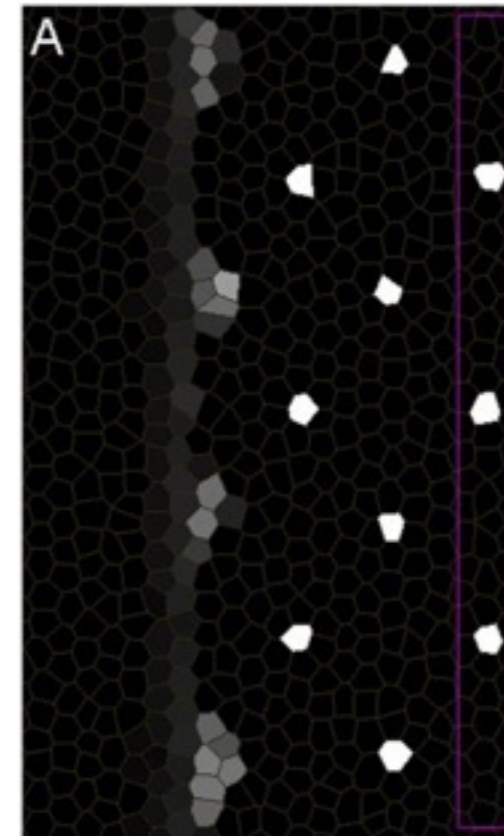
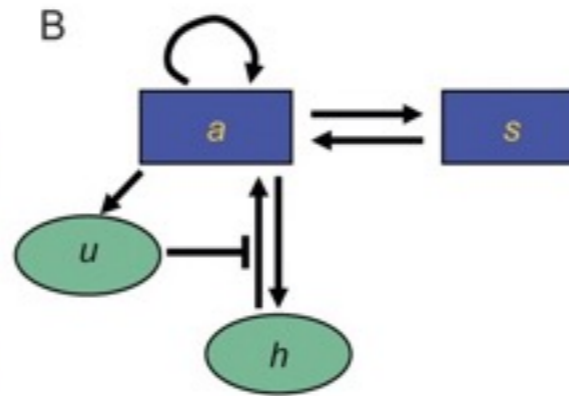
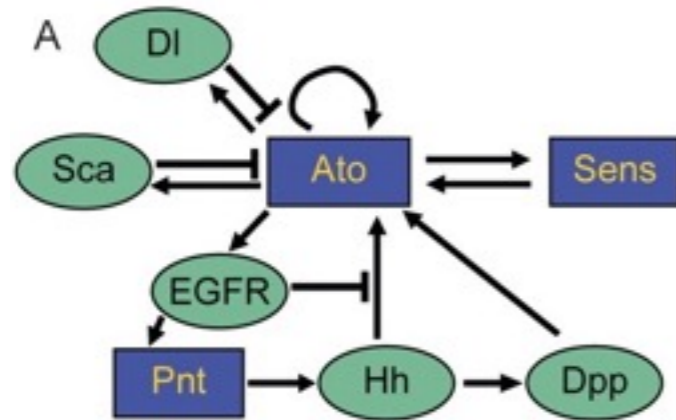
**F-actin**

***Drok***



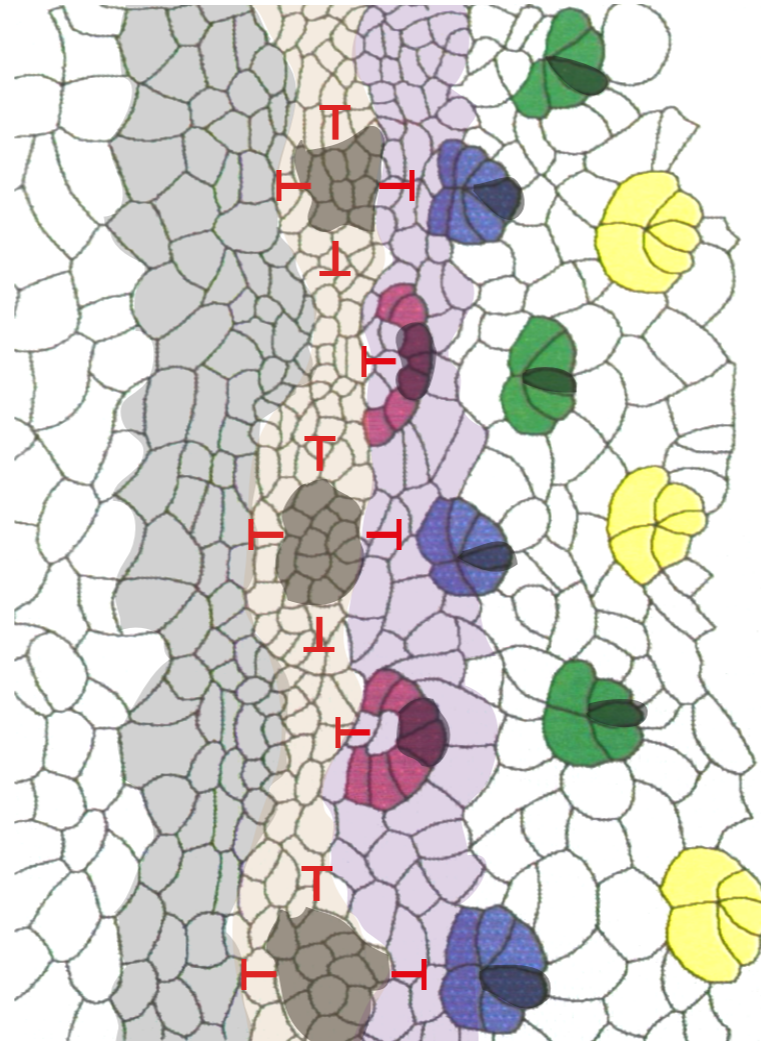
Why is a morphogenic deformation coupled to a chemical wave?

# Why is a morphogenic deformation coupled to a chemical wave?

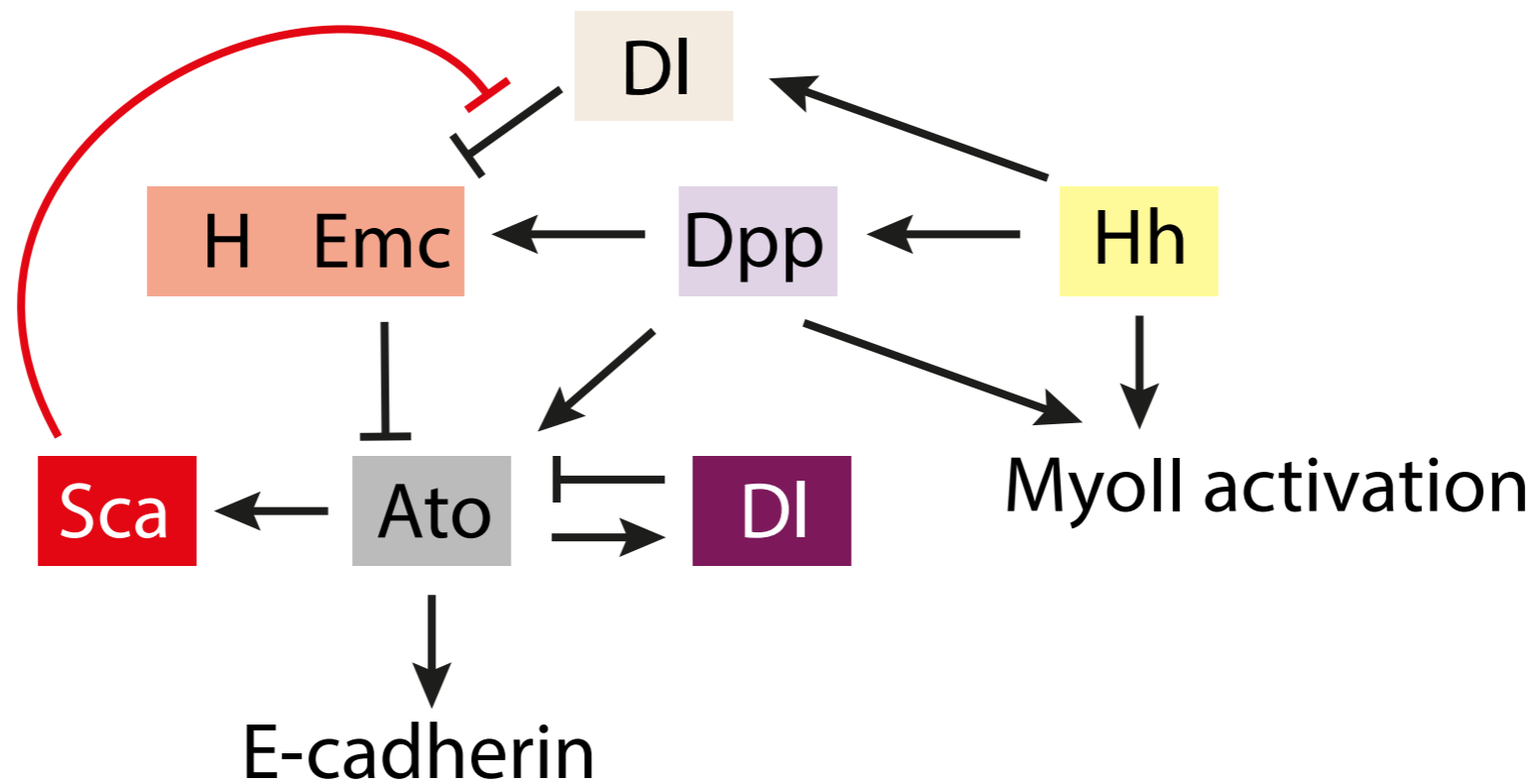


Lubensky et al (2011) PNAS

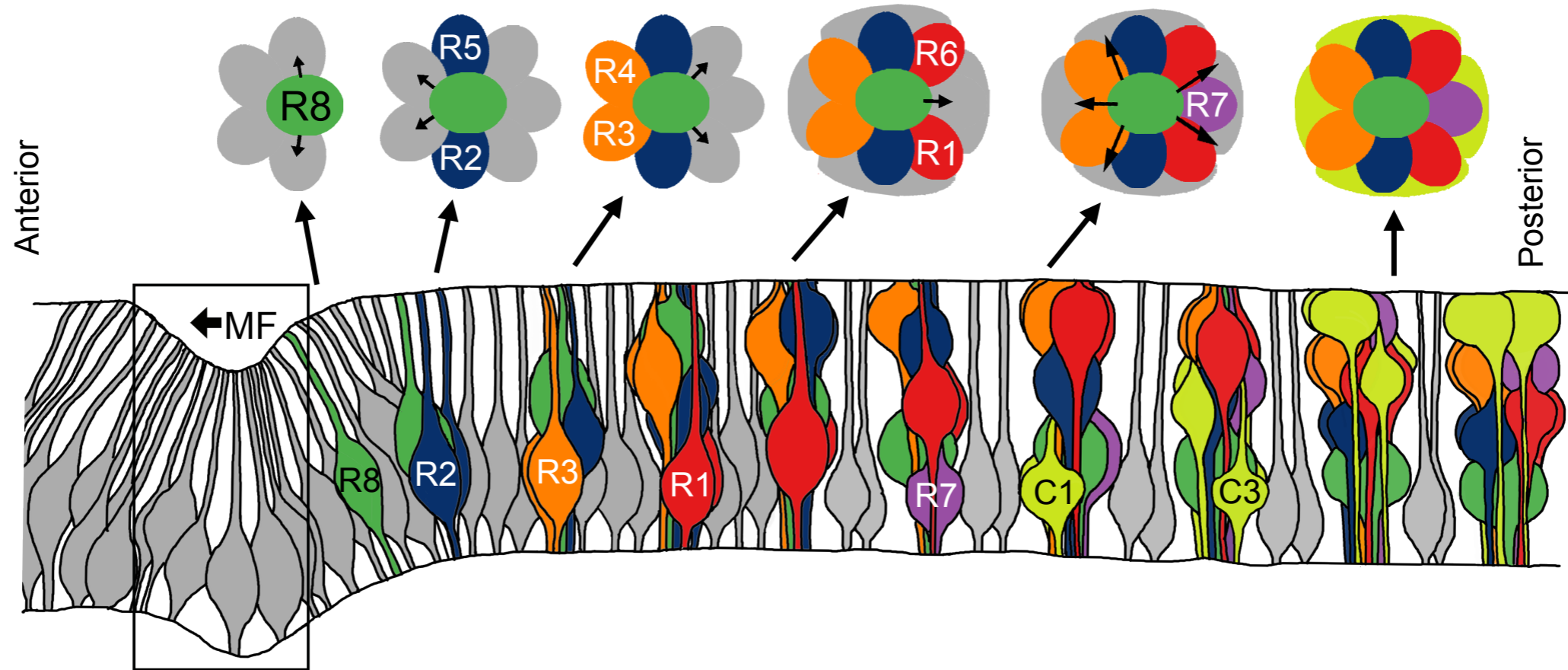




Feedback in the furrow?

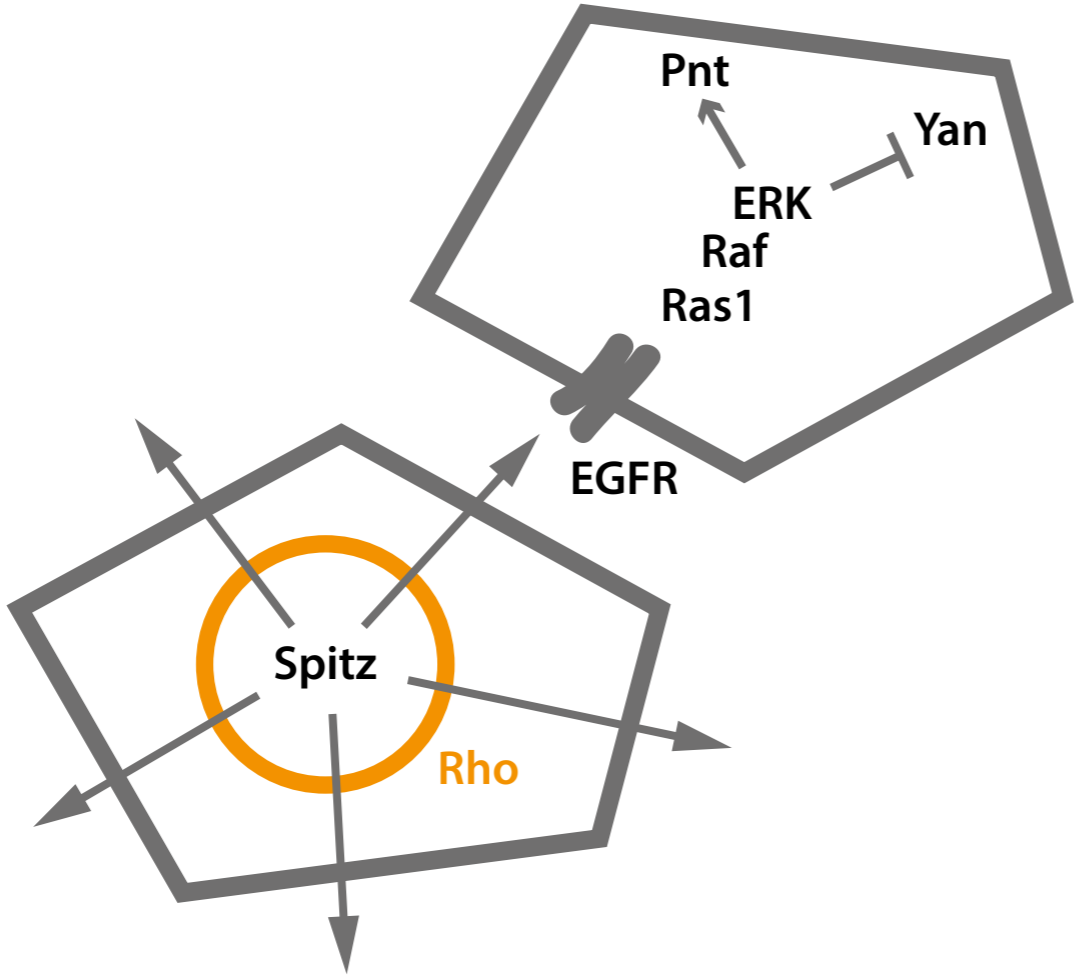


# Local Induction of Cell Fates by R8

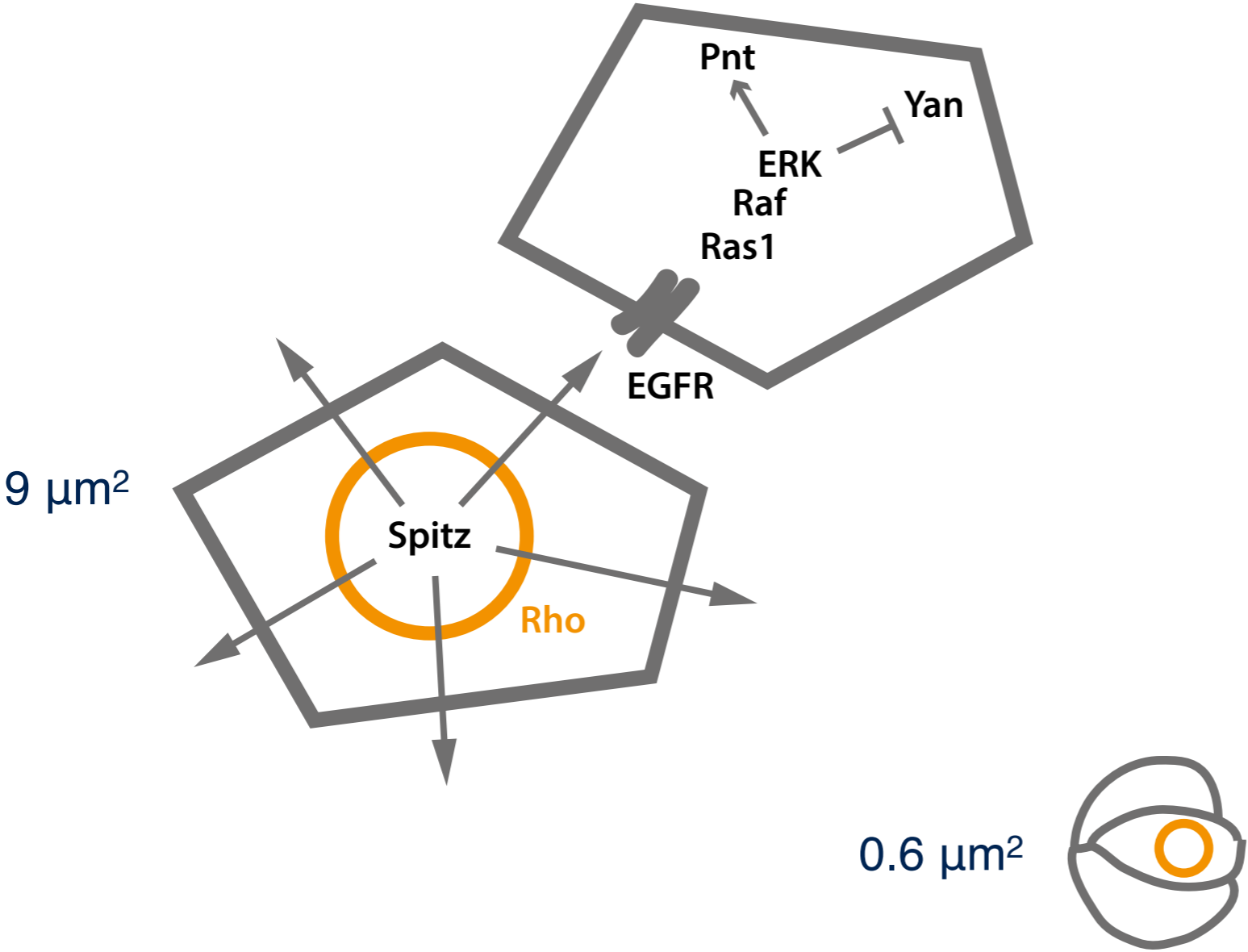




# R8 Secretes Spitz to Activate EGFR and Trigger Differentiation

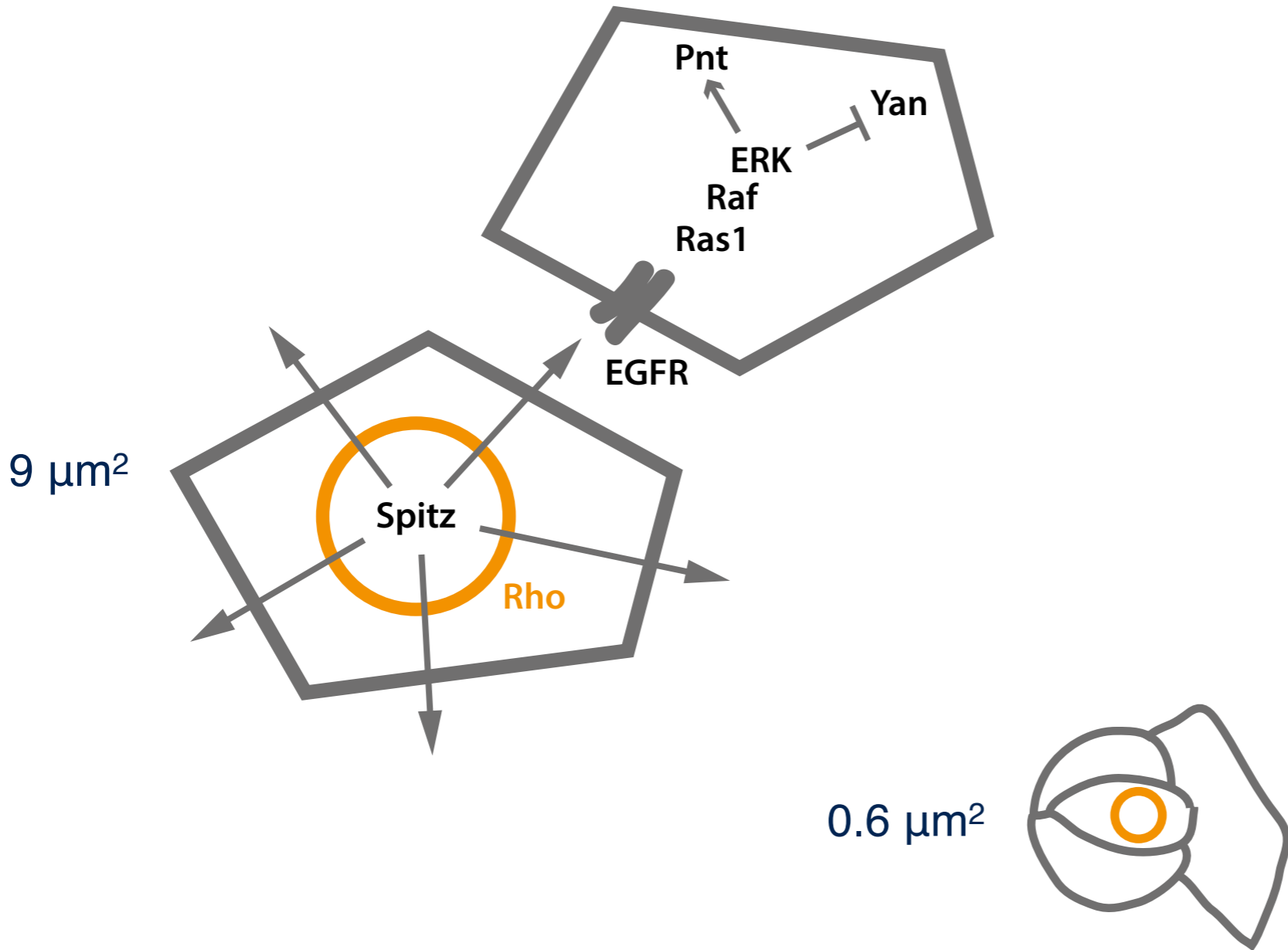


# R8 Secretes Spitz to Activate EGFR and Trigger Differentiation

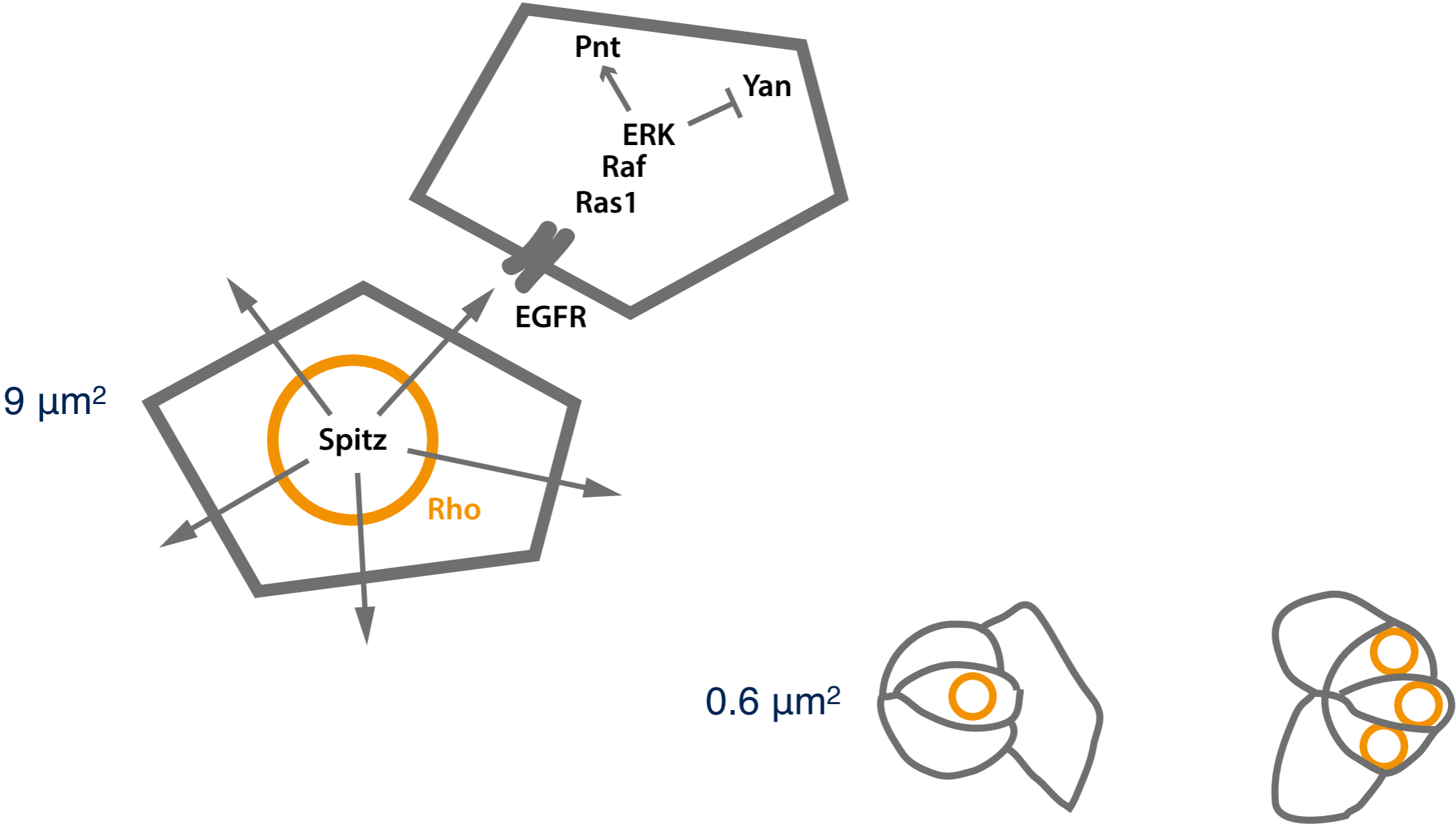




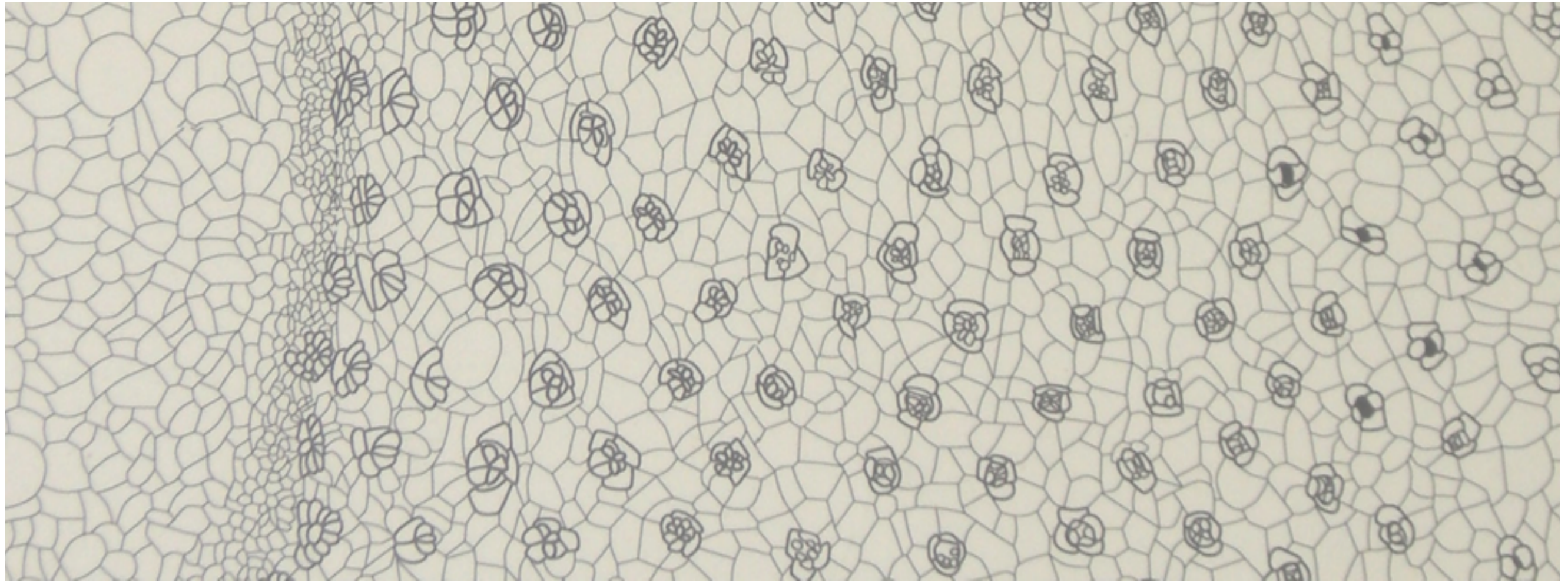
# R8 Secretes Spitz to Activate EGFR and Trigger Differentiation



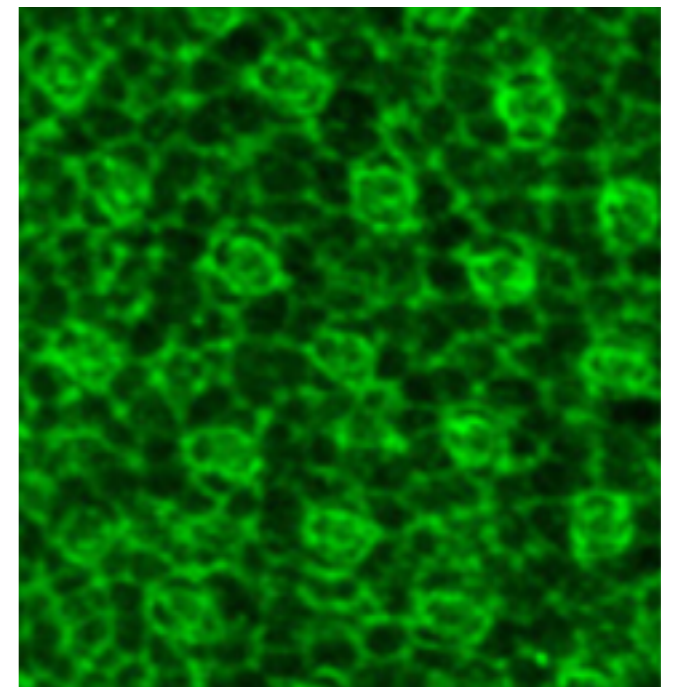
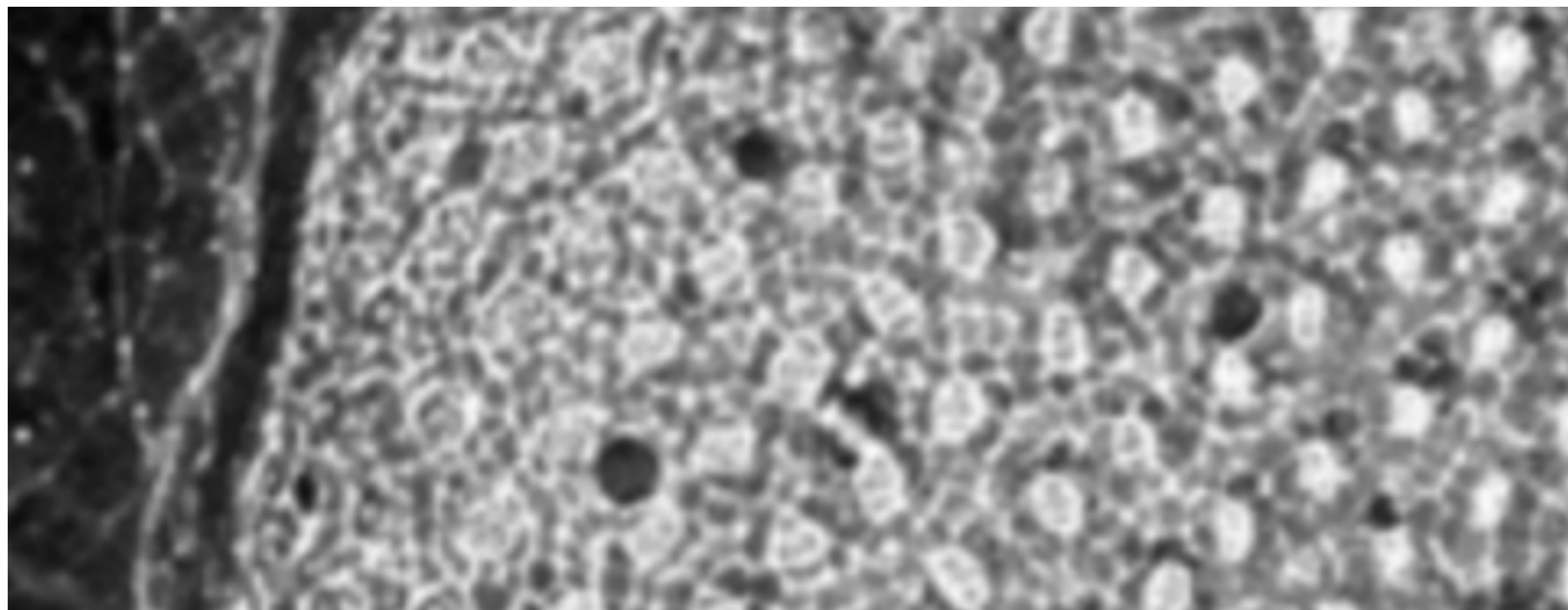
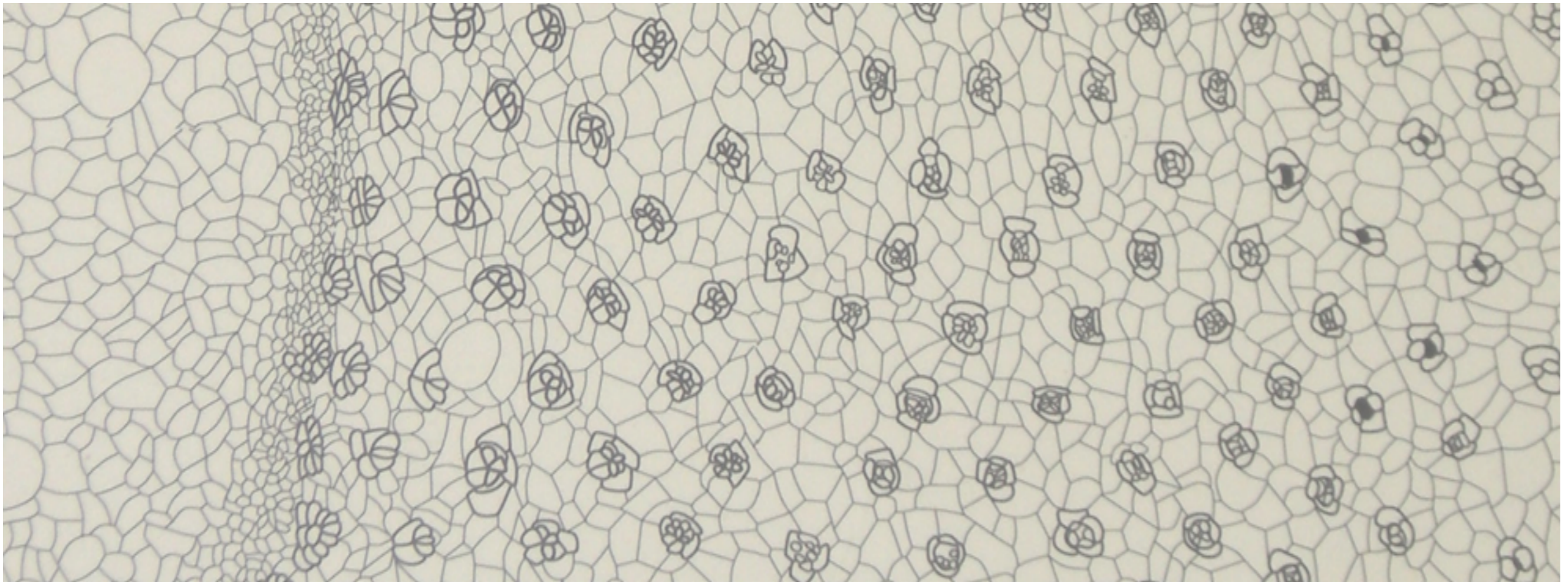
# R8 Secretes Spitz to Activate EGFR and Trigger Differentiation









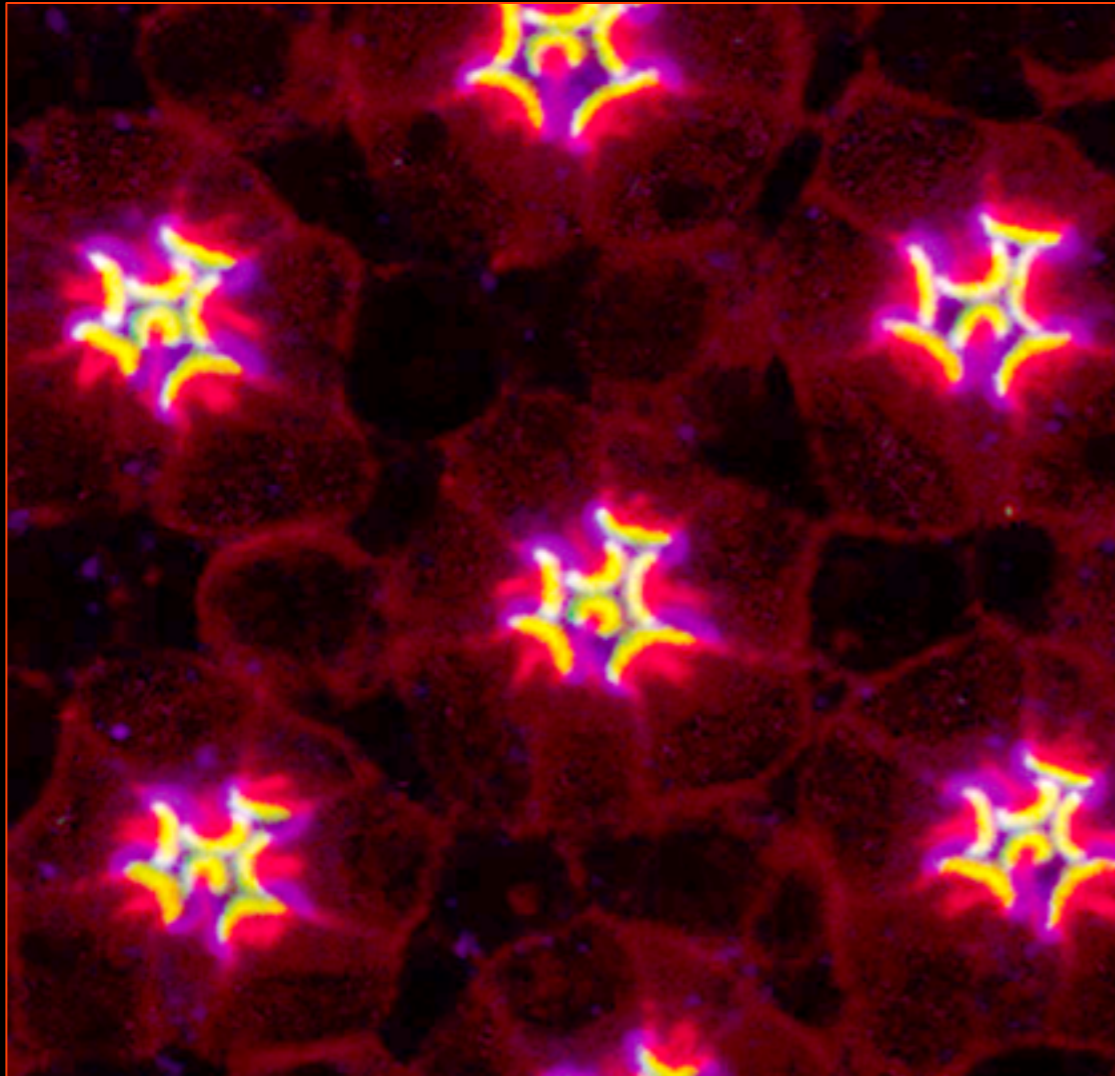


Escudero et al (2007)



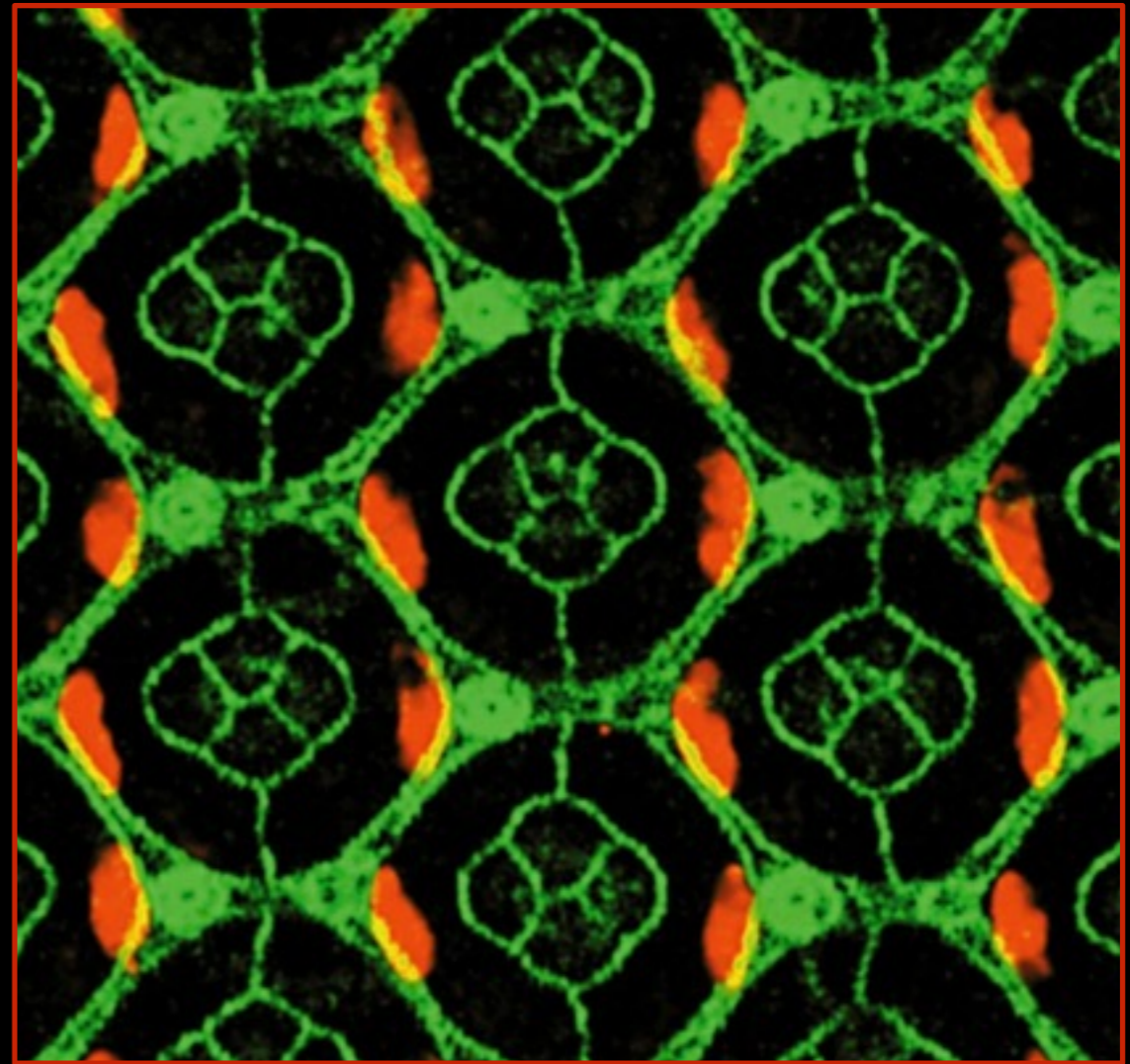
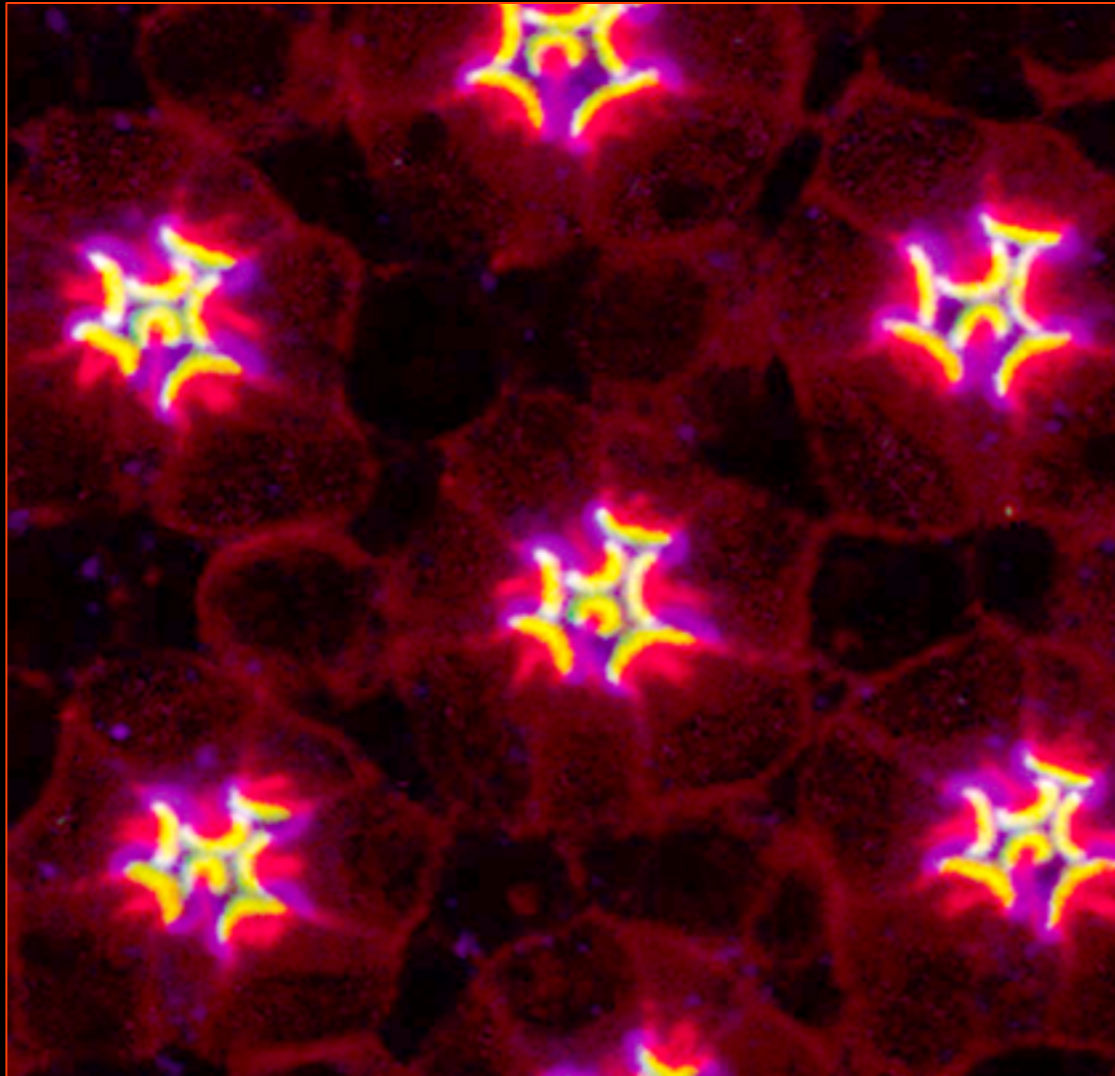
Two Days Later.....

Two Days Later.....



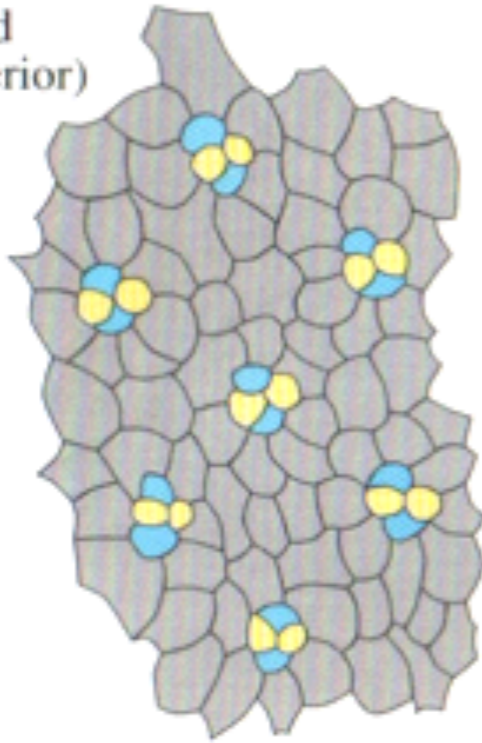


Two Days Later.....

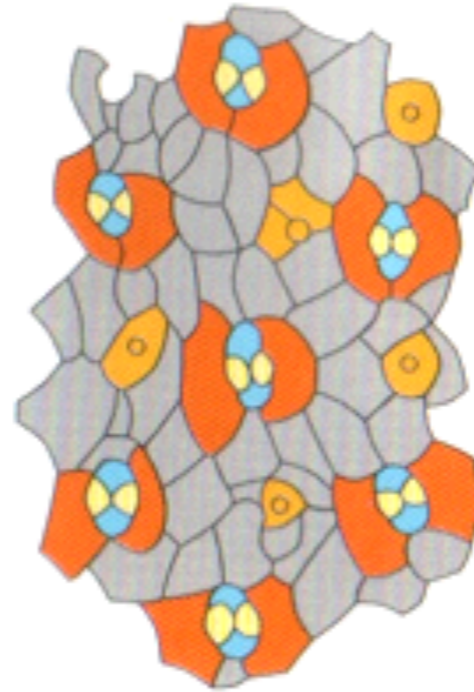




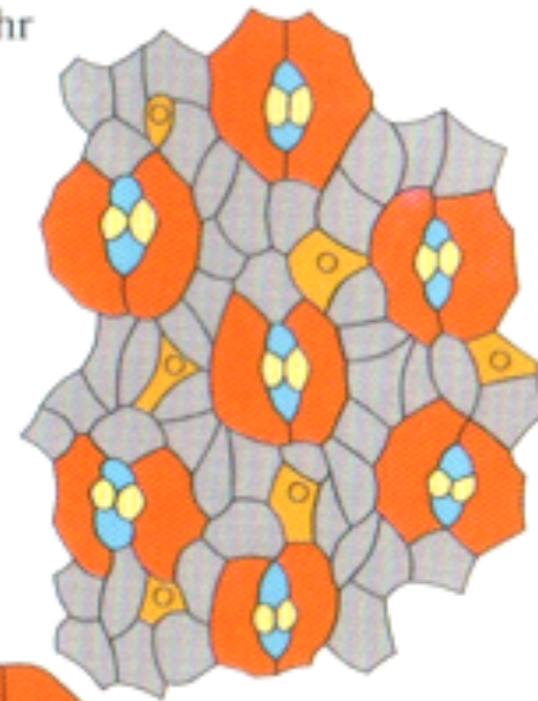
A. Late third instar (posterior)



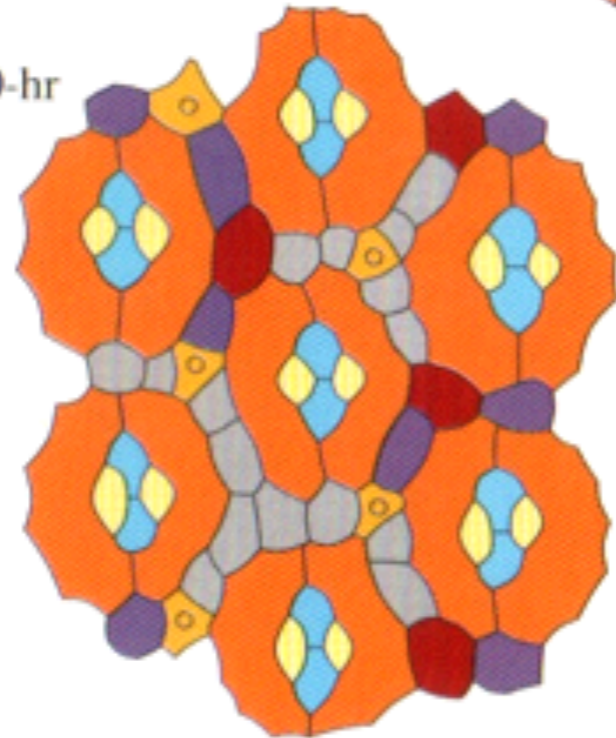
B. 20-hr



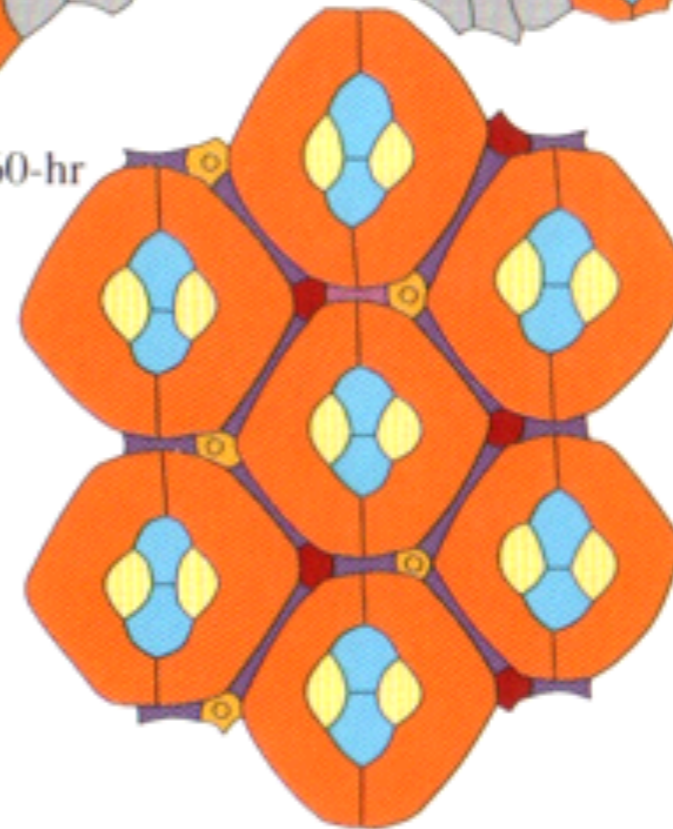
C. 30-hr



D. 40-hr

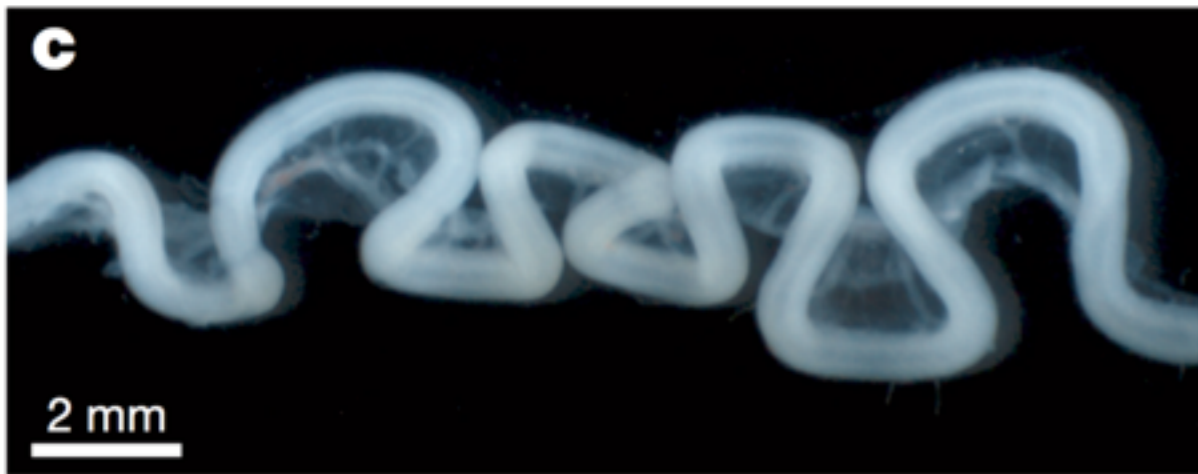
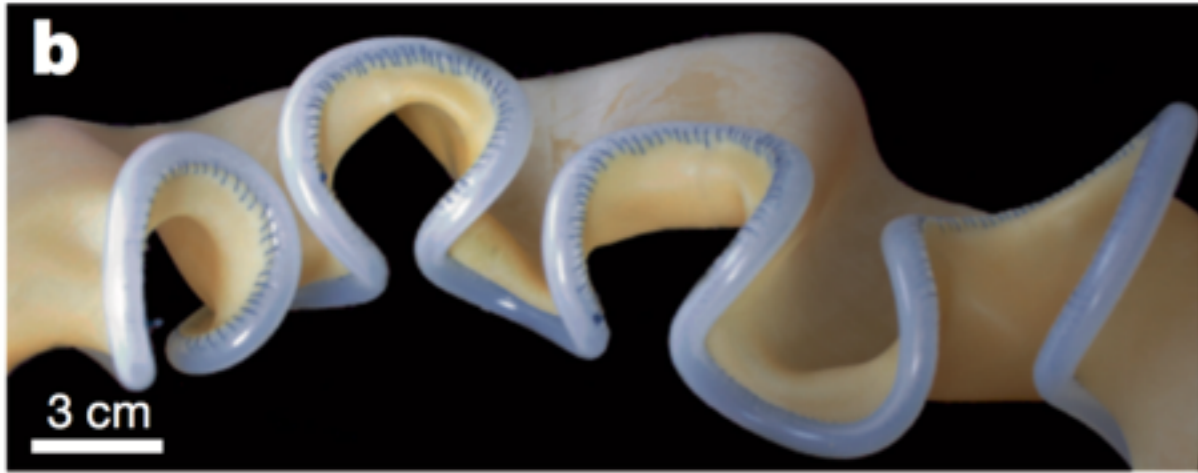


E. 60-hr

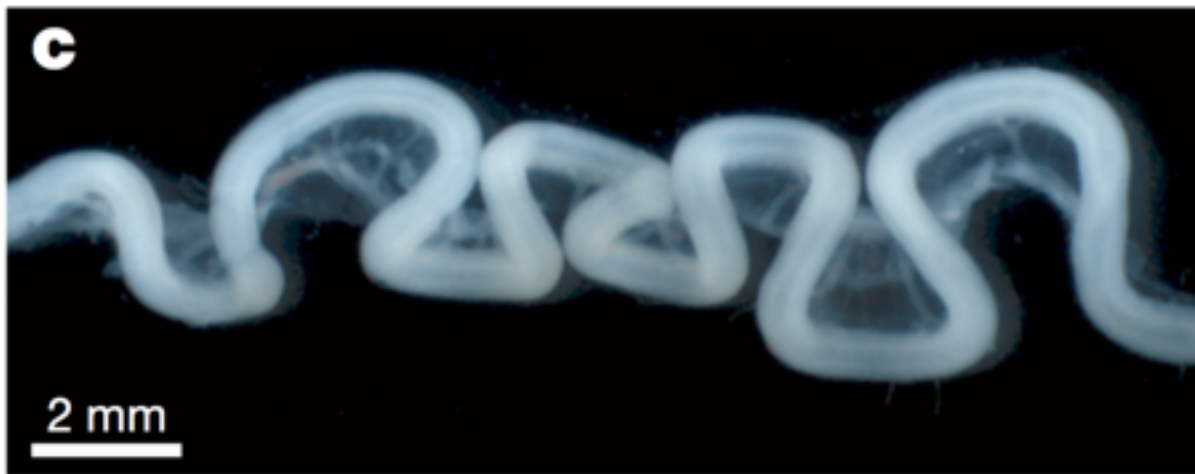
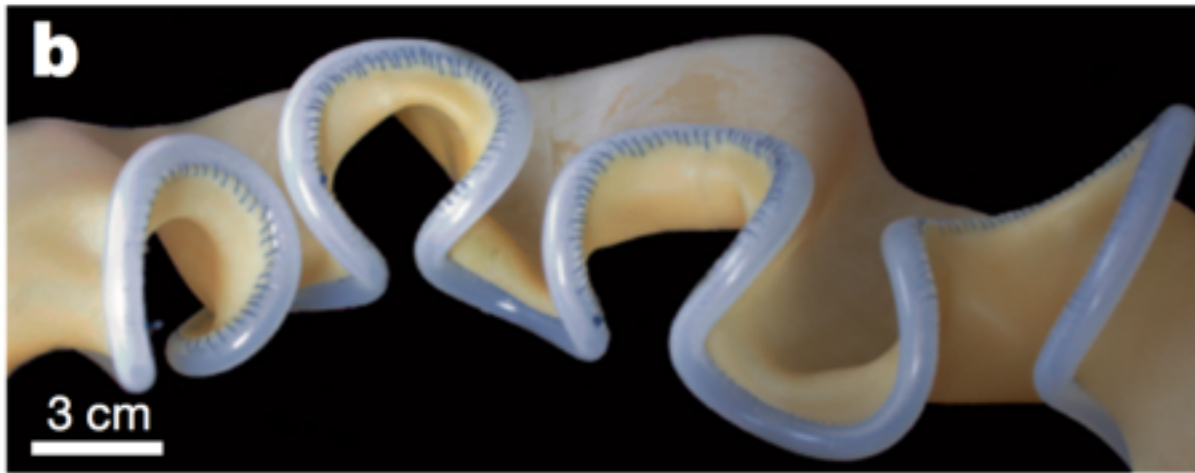


anterior →  
10μ





Savin et al (2011) On Growth and Form of the Gut



Savin et al (2011) On Growth and Form of the Gut

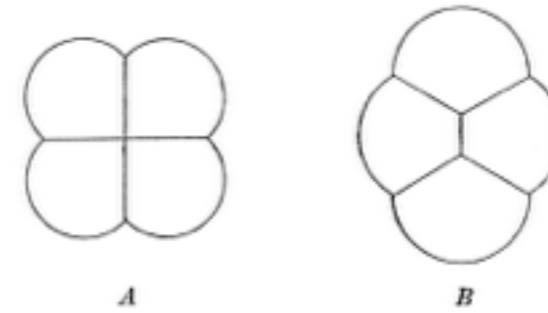


Fig. 172. A, an unstable arrangement of four cells or bubbles. B, the normal and stable configuration, showing the polar furrow.

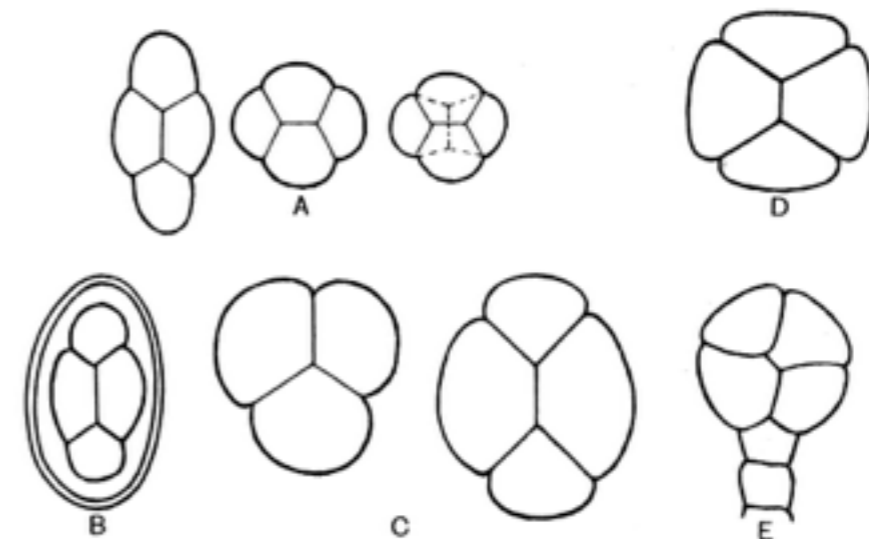


Fig. 173. Examples of the "polar furrow". A, Pollen-grains (tetrads) of *Neottia*. B, Egg of hookworm (*Ankylostoma*). C, First cells of a wasp's nest (*Polistes*). (From Packard, after Saussure.) D, Four-celled stage of *Volvox*: from Janet. E, Hair of *Salvia*, after Hanstein.

D. Thompson (1917) On Growth and Form



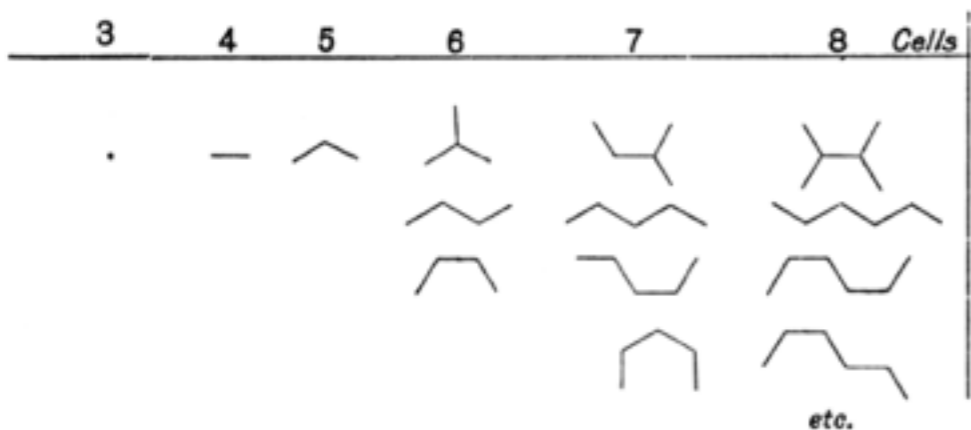


Fig. 245. Various possible arrangements of internal partition walls, in groups of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 cells.

## D. Thompson (1917) On Growth and Form



Fig. 246. Configurations for six cells.

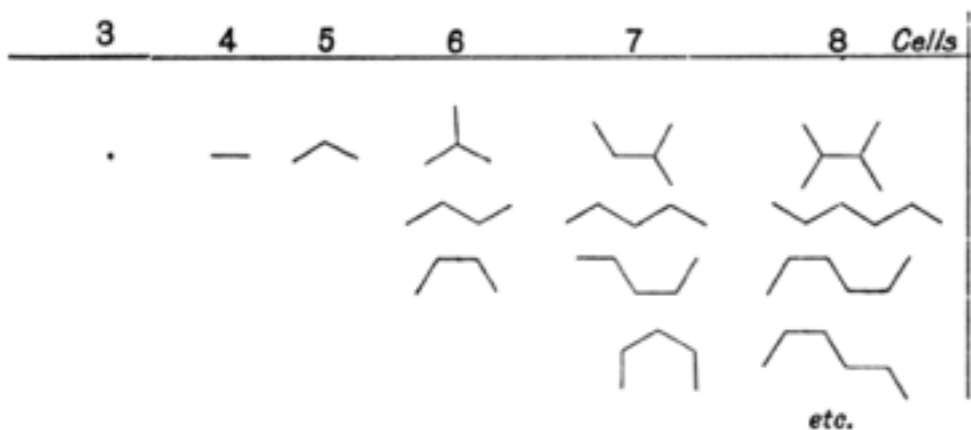


Fig. 245. Various possible arrangements of internal partition walls, in groups of 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 cells.

### D. Thompson (1917) On Growth and Form



Fig. 246. Configurations for six cells.

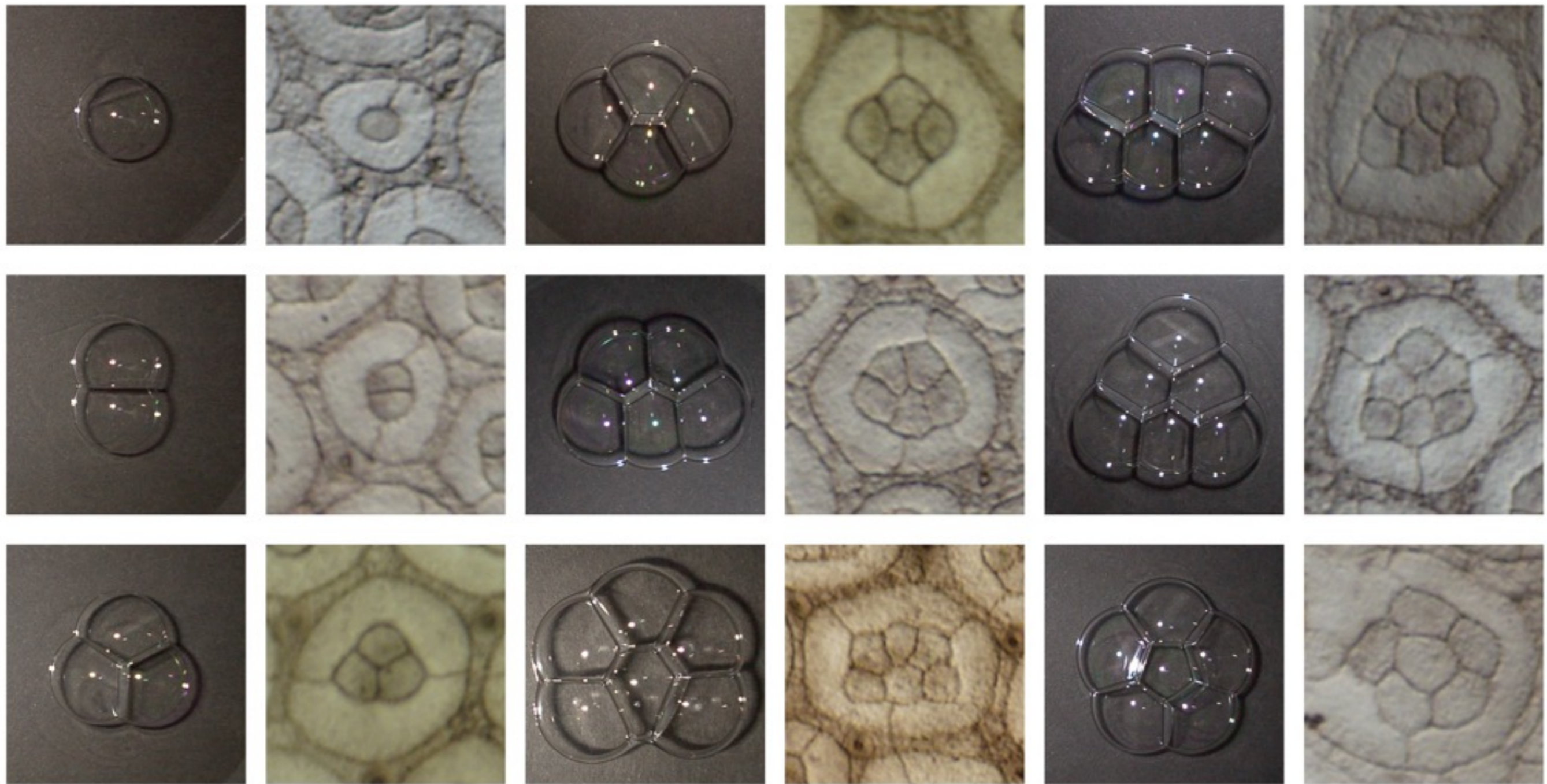


wild type



Roi/+



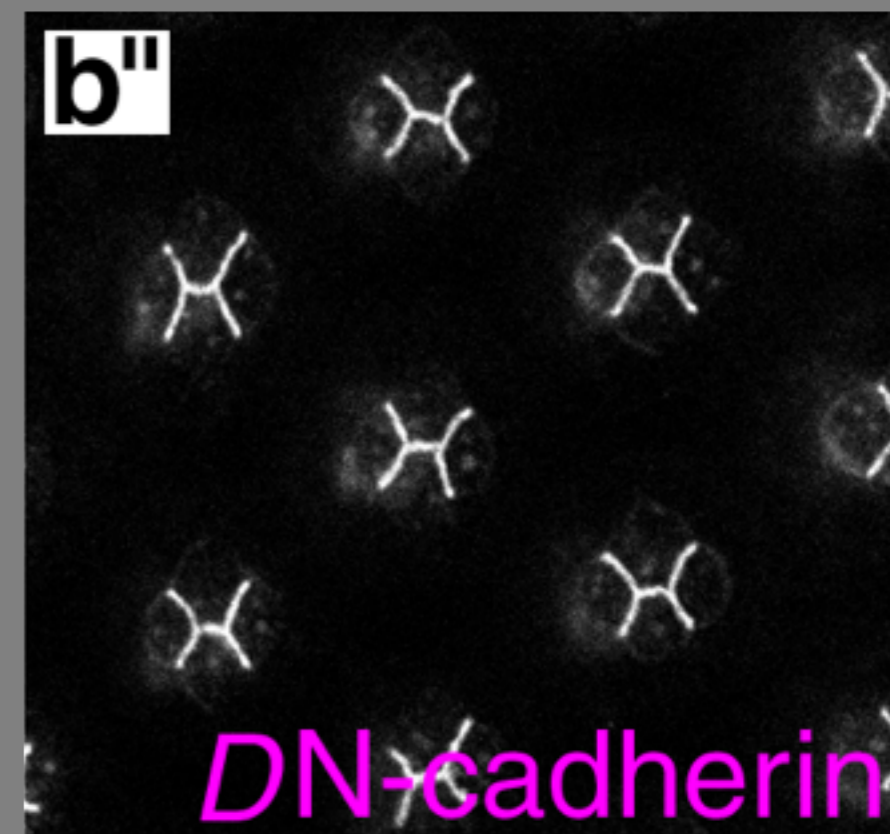
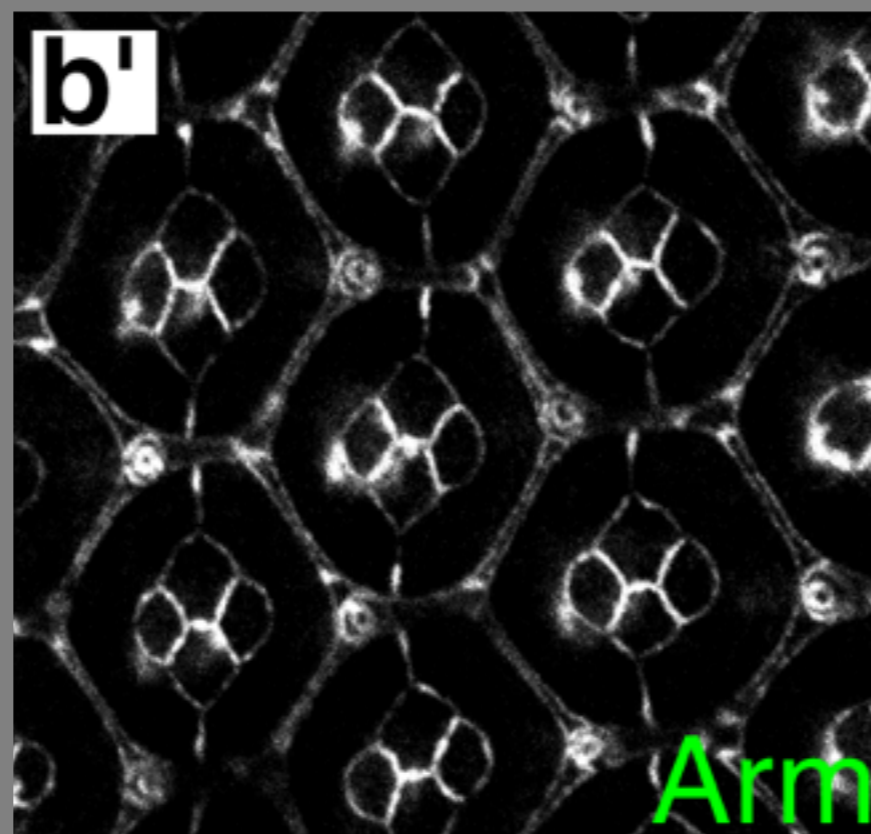
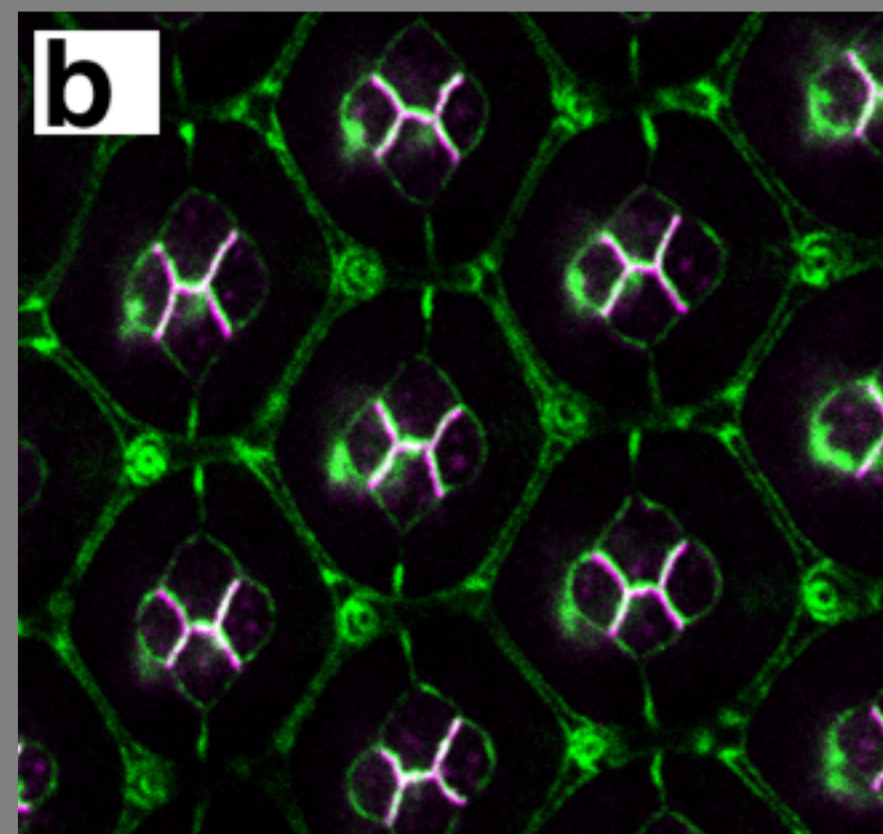
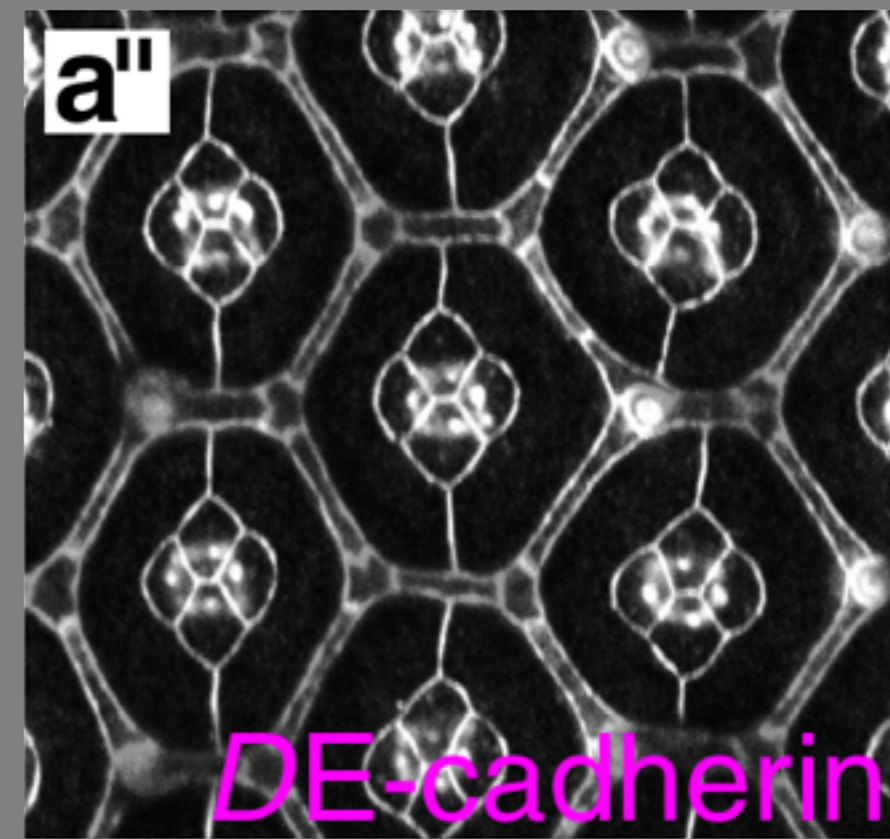
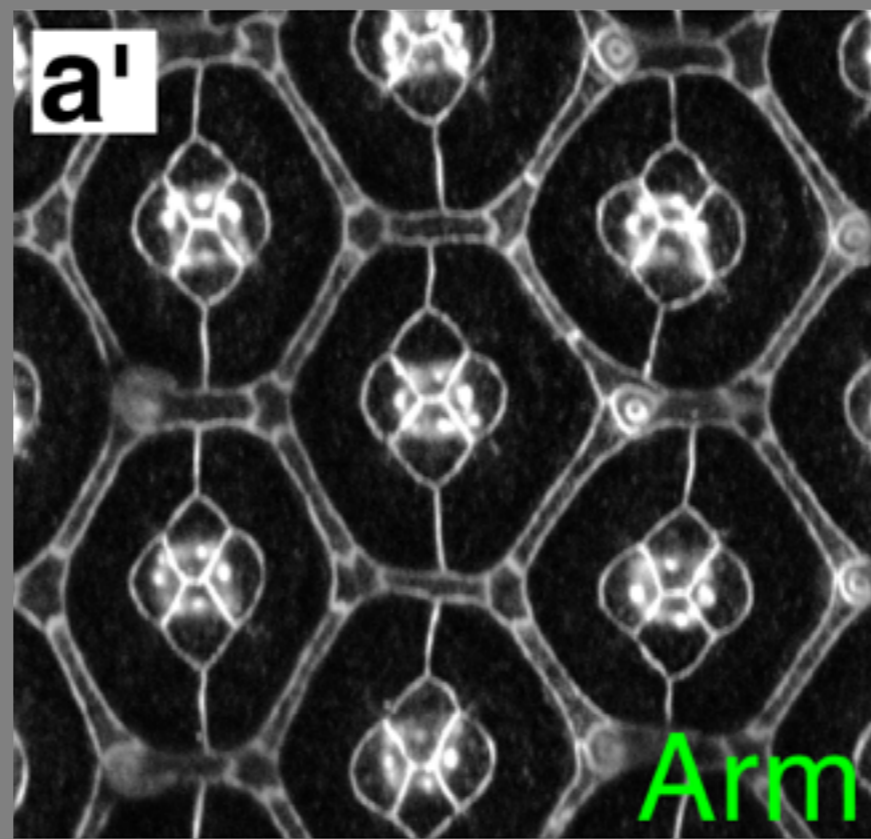
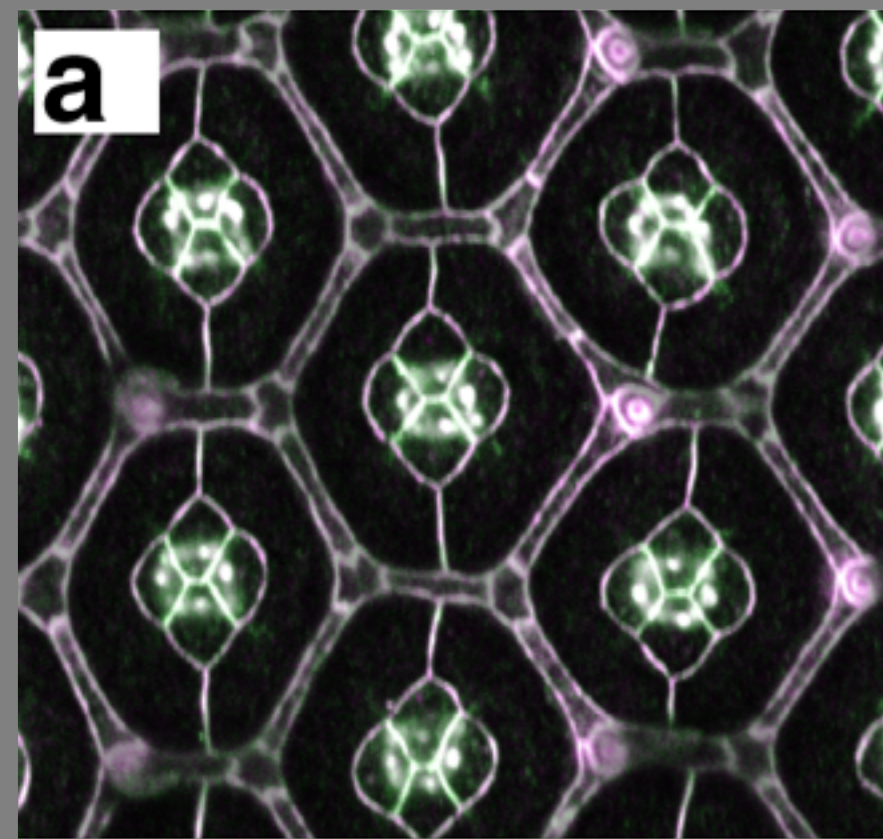


# Configuration of cone cells and soap bubbles

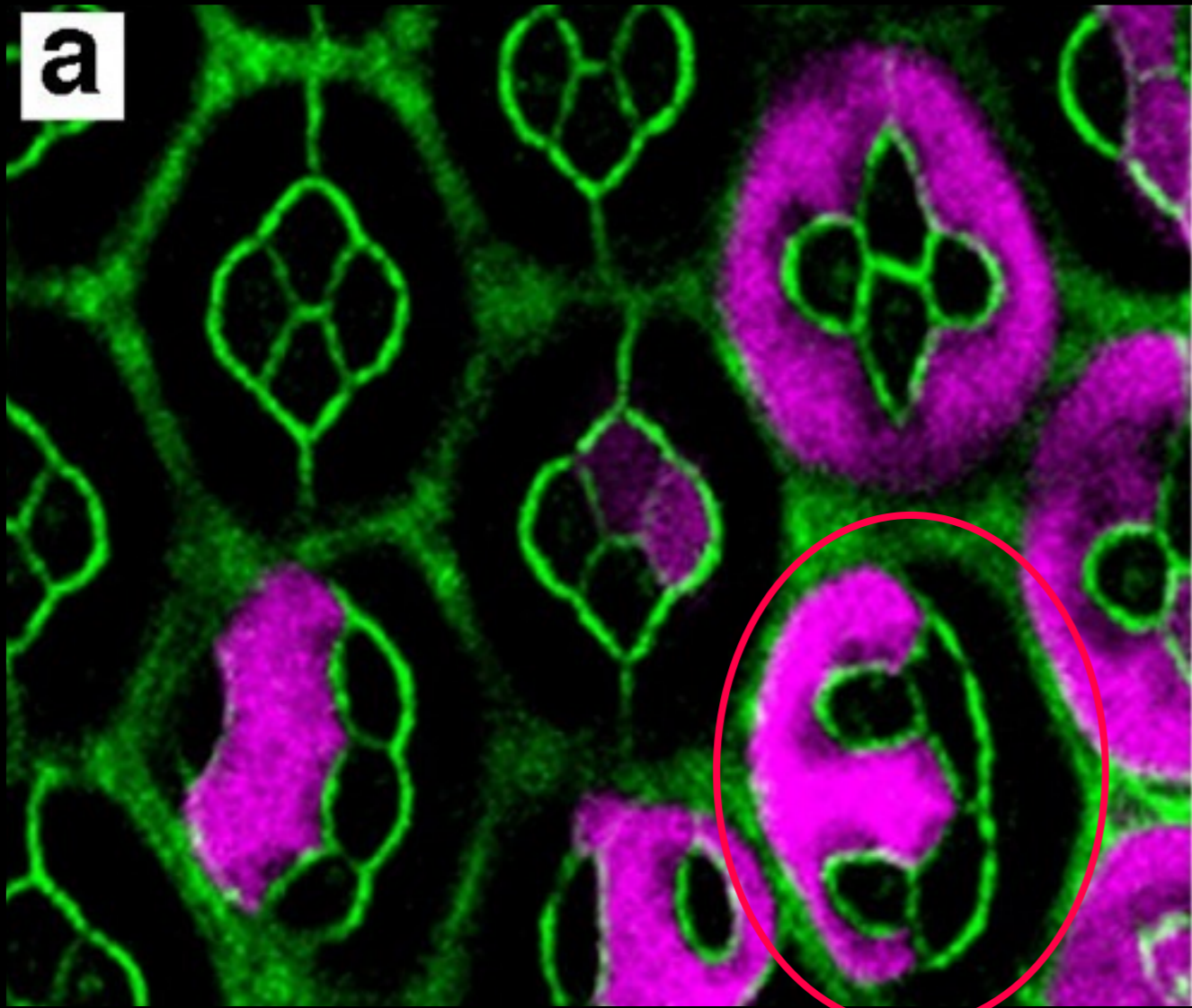
Hayashi and Carthew (2004)



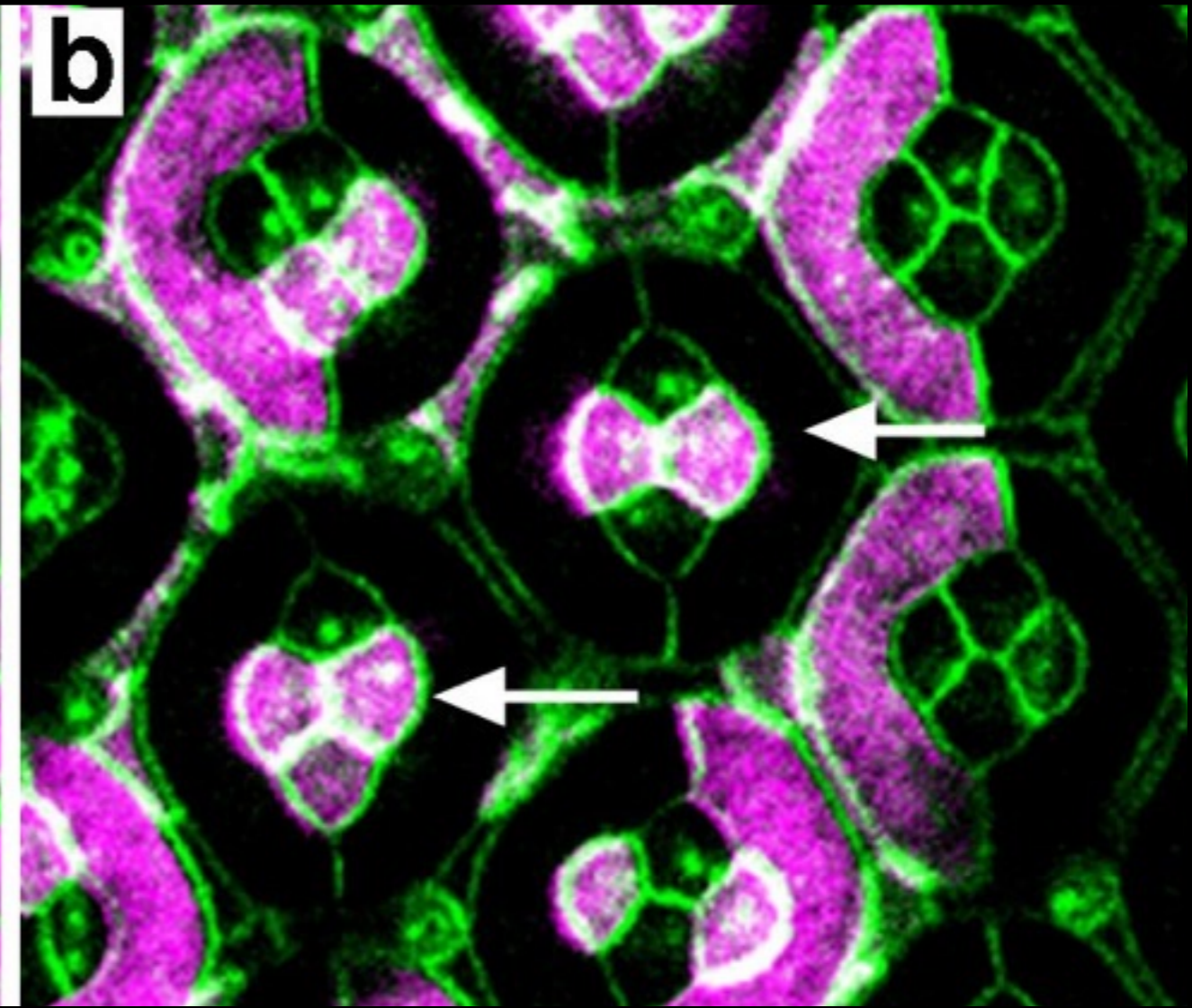
# Two Cadherins are differentially expressed in the eye







N-Cadherin+ Cells



E-Cadherin+ Cells

# Acknowledgements



Takashi Hayashi  
Desmond Watt  
Sinem Eriskan

Jos Kaefer and Francois Graner (Grenoble)

Ian Gemp and Sascha Hilgenfeldt (U.of Illinois)



National Institute of  
General Medical Sciences