

Antiferromagnets on the kagomé lattice

Claire Lhuillier



Université Pierre et Marie Curie
& Institut Universitaire de France



Motterials Conference
September 10-14 2007
KITP U.C.S.B.

Outline

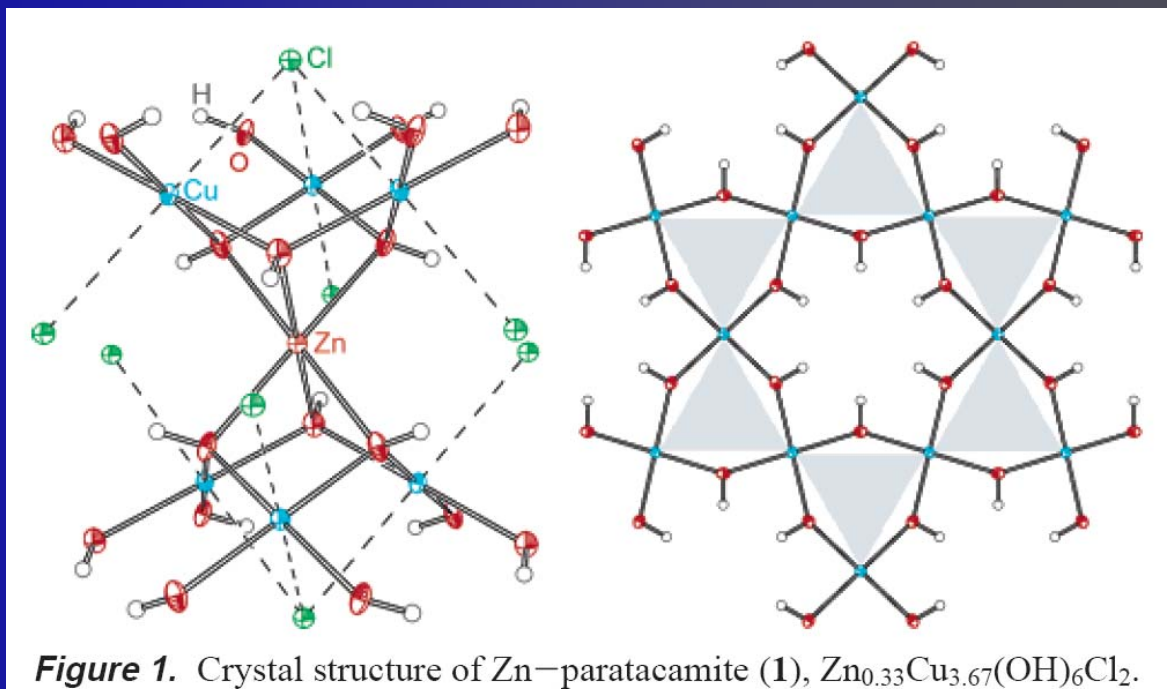
- Spin-1/2 Heisenberg model on kagomé lattice
 - Gap (?) and homogeneous susceptibility: **Ph. Sindzingre Paris**
 - Dynamical Spin Susceptibility: **A. Laeuchli EPFL**
- The J_1 - J_2 model on the kagomé lattice :
 - a new chiral low temperature phase
 - the role of vortices on the low temp. properties
J.-C. Dommange (Rutgers), L. Messio & P. Viot (Paris)

A Structurally Perfect $S = 1/2$ Kagomé Antiferromagnet

Matthew P. Shores, Emily A. Nytko, Bart M. Bartlett, and Daniel G. Nocera*

*Department of Chemistry, 6-335, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 77 Massachusetts Avenue,
Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139-4307*

Received June 13, 2005; E-mail: nocera@mit.edu



Quantum Magnetism in the Paratacamite Family: Towards an Ideal Kagomé Lattice

P. Mendels,¹ F. Bert,¹ M. A. de Vries,² A. Olariu,¹ A. Harrison,² F. Duc,³ J. C. Trombe,³
J. S. Lord,⁴ A. Amato,⁵ and C. Baines⁵

Spin Dynamics of the Spin-1/2 Kagome Lattice Antiferromagnet $\text{ZnCu}_3(\text{OH})_6\text{Cl}_2$

J. S. Helton,¹ K. Matan,¹ M. P. Shores,² E. A. Nytko,² B. M. Bartlett,² Y. Yoshida,³ Y. Takano,³ A. Suslov,⁴ Y. Qiu,⁵
J.-H. Chung,⁵ D. G. Nocera,² and Y. S. Lee¹

**Ground state and excitation properties of the quantum kagomé system
 $\text{ZnCu}_3(\text{OH})_6\text{Cl}_2$ investigated by local probes.**

Oren Ofer and Amit Keren

Physics Department, Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa 32000, Israel

Emily A. Nytko, Matthew P. Shores, Bart M. Bartlett, and Daniel G. Nocera
Department of Chemistry, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA 02139 USA

Chris Baines and Alex Amato

Paul Scherrer Institute, CH 5232 Villigen PSI, Switzerland

^{63}Cu and ^{35}Cl NMR Investigation of the $S = \frac{1}{2}$ Kagomé Lattice System $\text{ZnCu}_3(\text{OH})_6\text{Cl}_2$

T. Imai¹, E. A. Nytko², B.M. Bartlett², M.P. Shores², and D. G. Nocera²

¹*Department of Physics and Astronomy, McMaster University, Hamilton, ON L8S4M1, Canada*

²*Department of Chemistry, M.I.T., Cambridge, Massachusetts 02139*

(Dated: April 3, 2007)

Quantum spin liquid states in the two dimensional kagomé antiferromagnets, $\text{Zn}_x\text{Cu}_{4-x}(\text{OD})_6\text{Cl}_2$

S.-H. Lee^{*}, H. Kikuchi[†], Y. Qiu[†], B. Lake[§], Q. Huang[†], K. Habicht[§] and K. Kiefer[§]

Low temperature magnetization of the $S=1/2$ kagome antiferromagnet $\text{ZnCu}_3(\text{OH})_6\text{Cl}_2$

F. Bert,¹ S. Nakamae,² F. Ladieu,² D. L'Hôte,² P. Bonville,² F. Duc,³ J.-C. Trombe,³ and P. Mendels¹

¹*Laboratoire de Physique des Solides, UMR CNRS 8502, Université Paris-Sud, 91405 Orsay, France*

²*Service de Physique de l'État Condensé, DSM, CEA Saclay, 91191 Gif-sur-Yvette Cedex, France.*

³*Centre d'Élaboration des Matériaux et d'Études Structurales, CNRS UPR 8011, 31055 Toulouse, France*

(Dated: July 16, 2007)

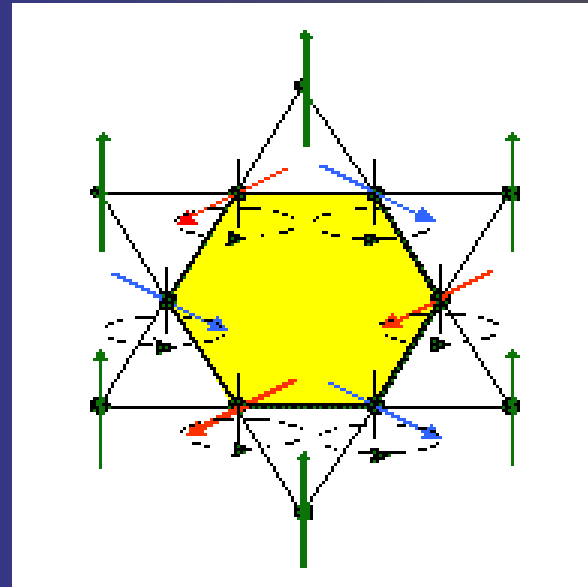


- Curie-Weiss temperature $\Theta_{\text{CW}} = -300 \text{ K}$
 - $J \cong 175 \text{ K}$
- No magnetic order down to 50 mK
- Dynamical features down to 50 mK
- No observable gap down to 0.1 meV
 - No SG transition

A spin liquid phase down to $T \leq J/1000$

Classical Heisenberg Hamiltonian on the kagomé lattice

$$H = \sum S_i \cdot S_j$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha} S_{\alpha}^2 + C$$



An infinite number of soft modes, an infinite $T=0$ degeneracy
Therm. fluct. select coplanar configurations at very low T
J. Chalker, et al 92, Huse & Rutemberg 92, Reimers & Berlinsky 93

Quantum Heisenberg Hamiltonian on the kagomé lattice

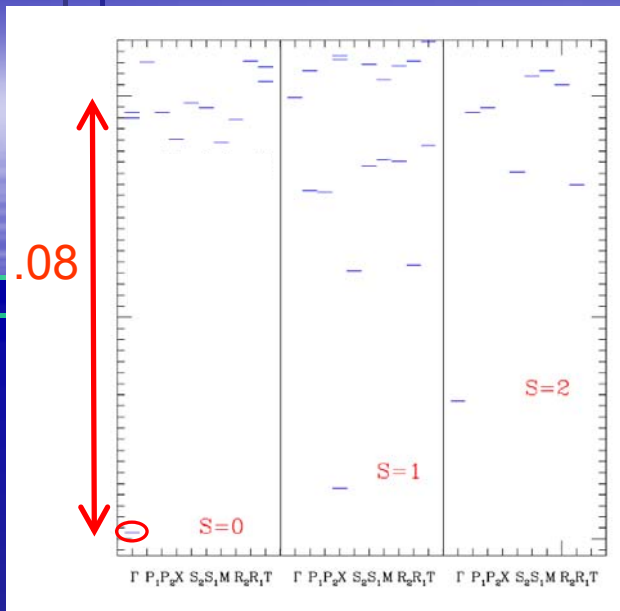
- V. Elser '89, C. Zeng & V.E. '90, P. Leung & V.E '93
- J. Chalker and J. Eastmond, '92
- P. Chandra & P. Coleman, Rutgers group, '93
- N. Elstner & A.P. Young, '94
- Paris Group: 95, 97, 99... 07

No Local order parameter

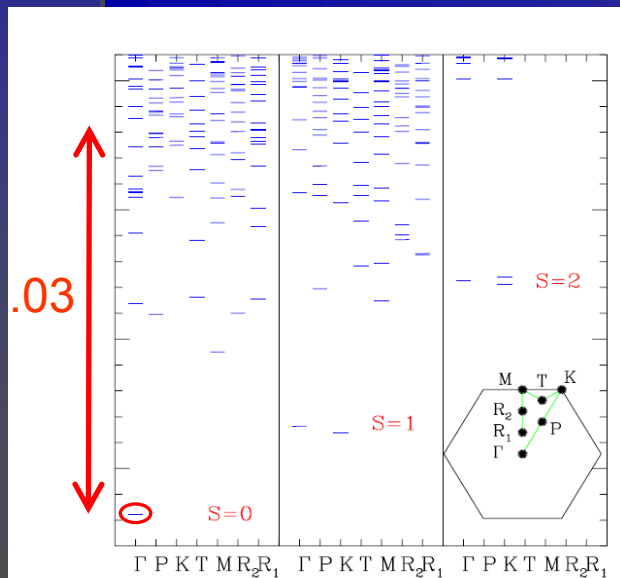
'Short' range correlations

- Dimer approach: Leung & Elser, F. Mila's group '98, '01...

Square N=36

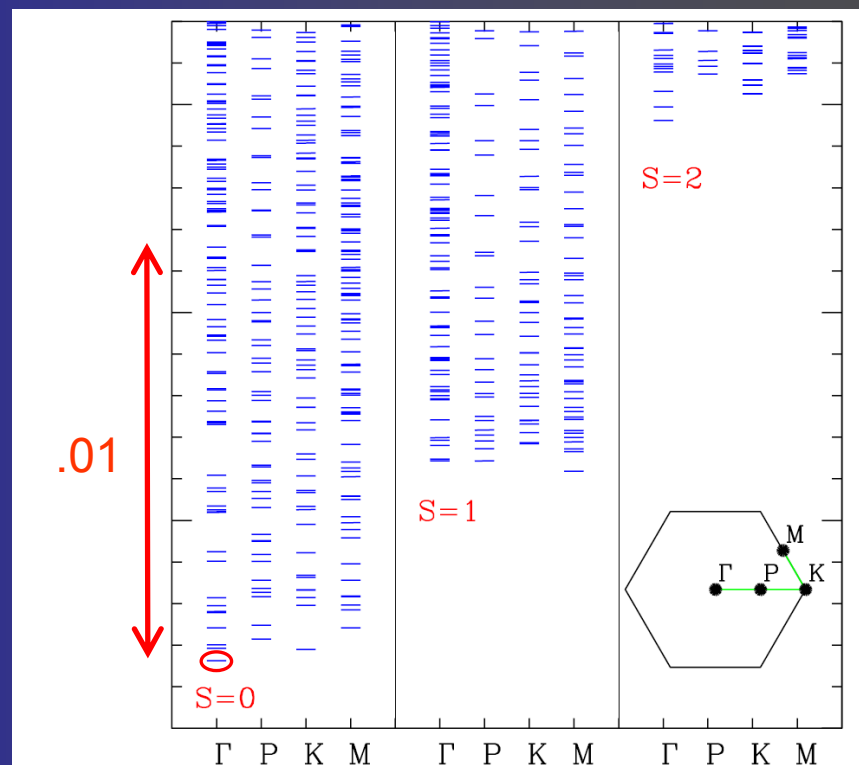


triangular N=36



Spectra of $H = \sum S_i \cdot S_j$ (per spin)

Kagomé N=36

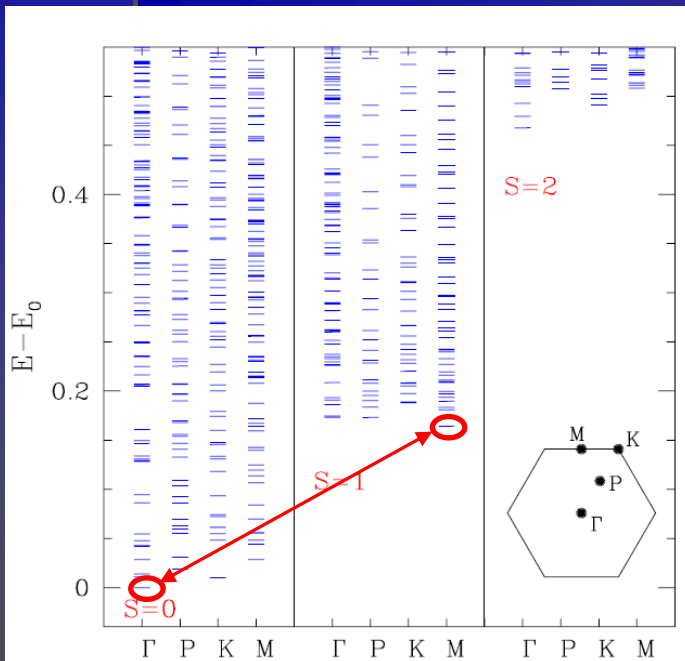


Extremely high density of low lying excitations
-> Extra low temperature dynamics

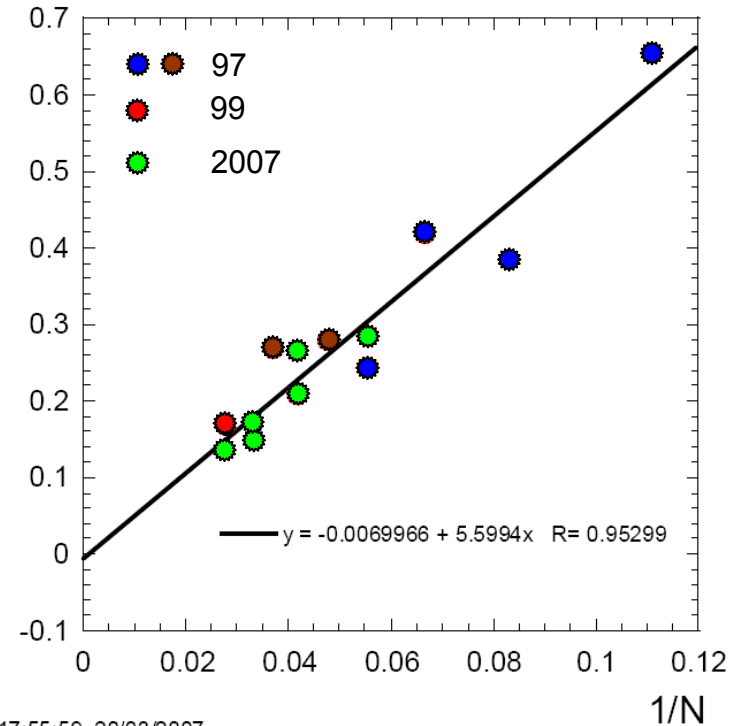
Is the $S=1/2$ KAH gapped ?

(standard analysis)

$$H = \sum S_i \cdot S_j$$

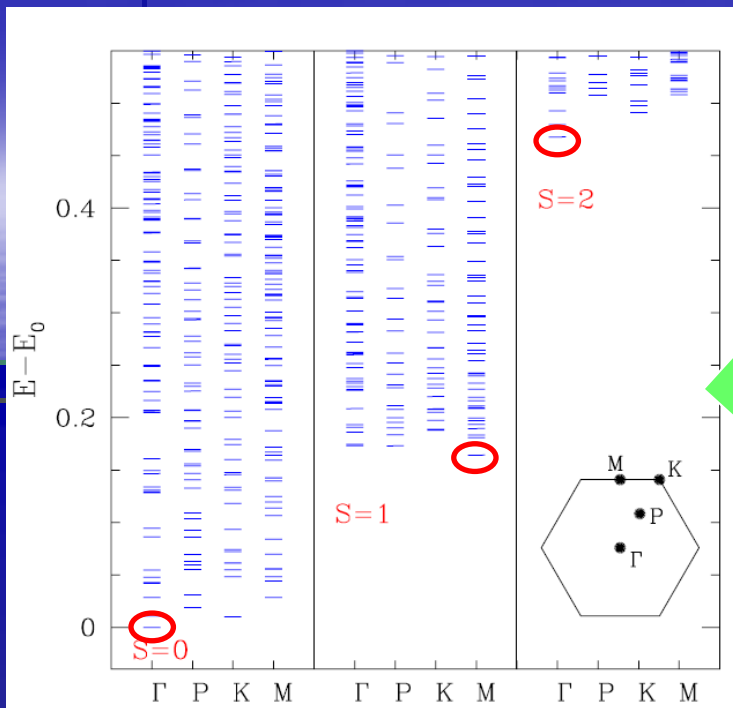


Gap KAH (all data) Ph. Sindzingre et C.L. 2007



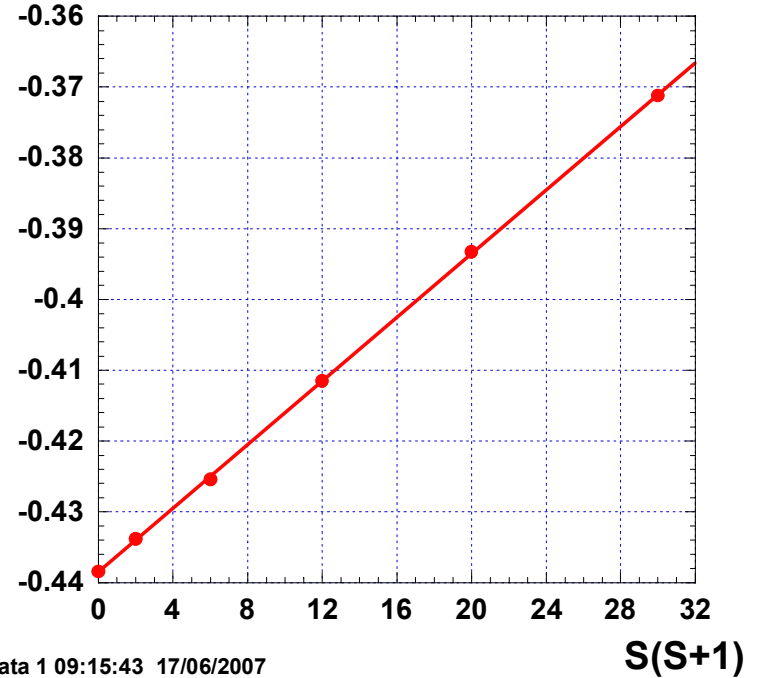
Data 3 17:55:59 20/03/2007

$$\text{Gap} = 0 \pm 0.027$$

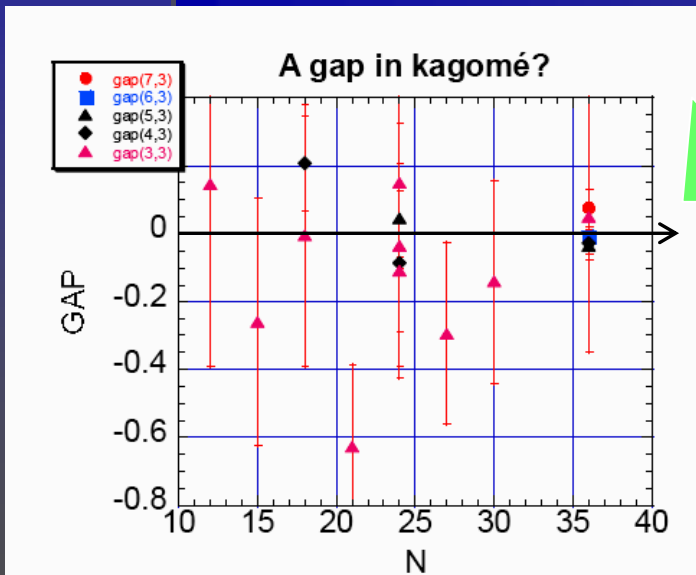


$\langle 2 S_i \cdot S_j \rangle$ Kagome symmetric sample N= 36

$y = -0.43847 + 0.0022471x$ $R = 0.99996$



Data 1 09:15:43 17/06/2007



Gap = 0 +/- 0.01

To be read:

Gap $\in [0 .. 0.01]$ with proba. 2/3

Is the $S=1/2$ KAH gapped ?

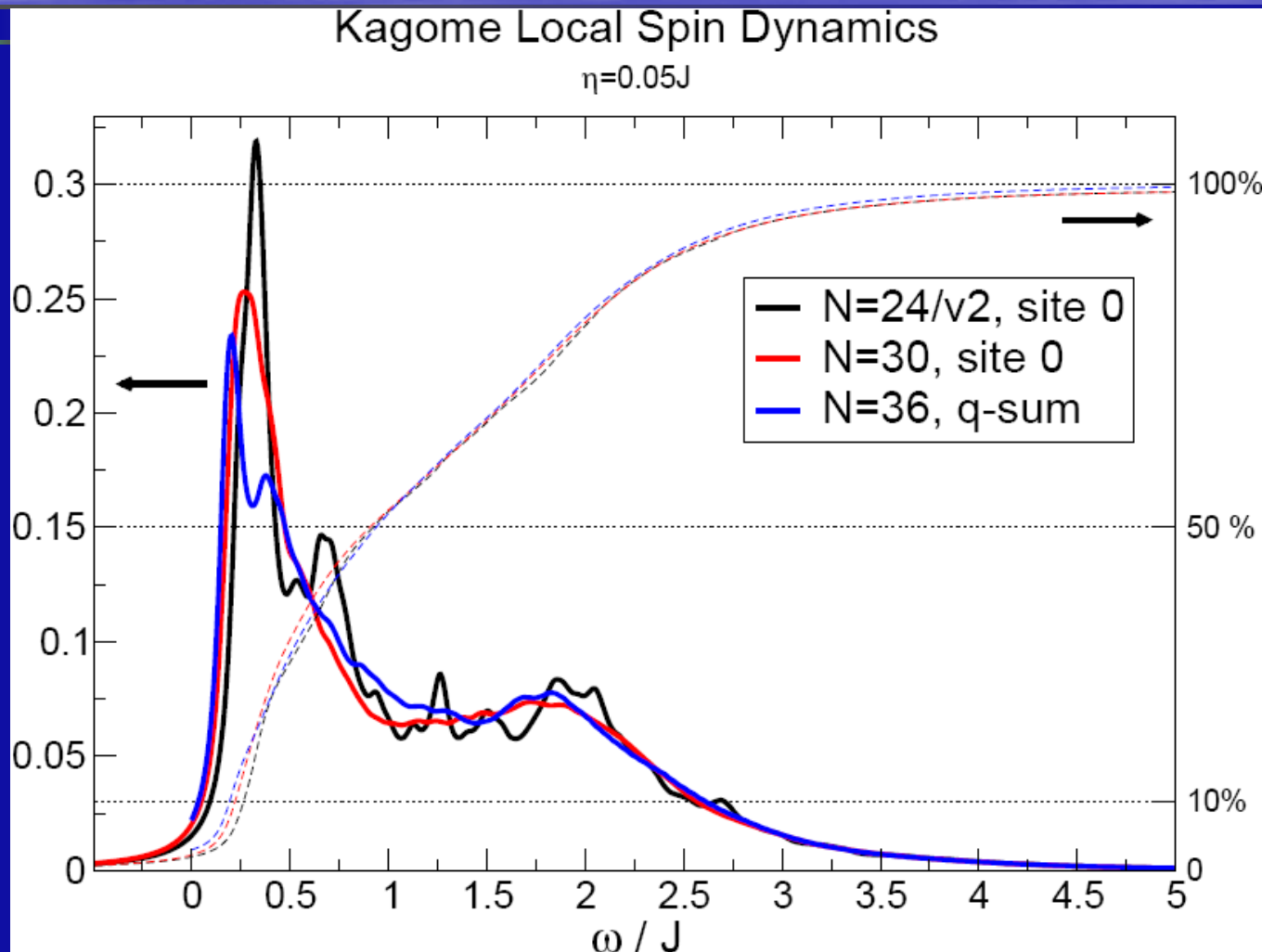
(refined analysis)

- *Spin Gap* $\in [0 .. 0.01]$
- $J \chi (T \sim 0.01J) = 0.09 \pm 0.015$

If $C = 0.5, J = 175 \text{ K},$
 $\chi (T \sim 0.01J) = 0.001 \text{ cm}^3/\text{mole}$

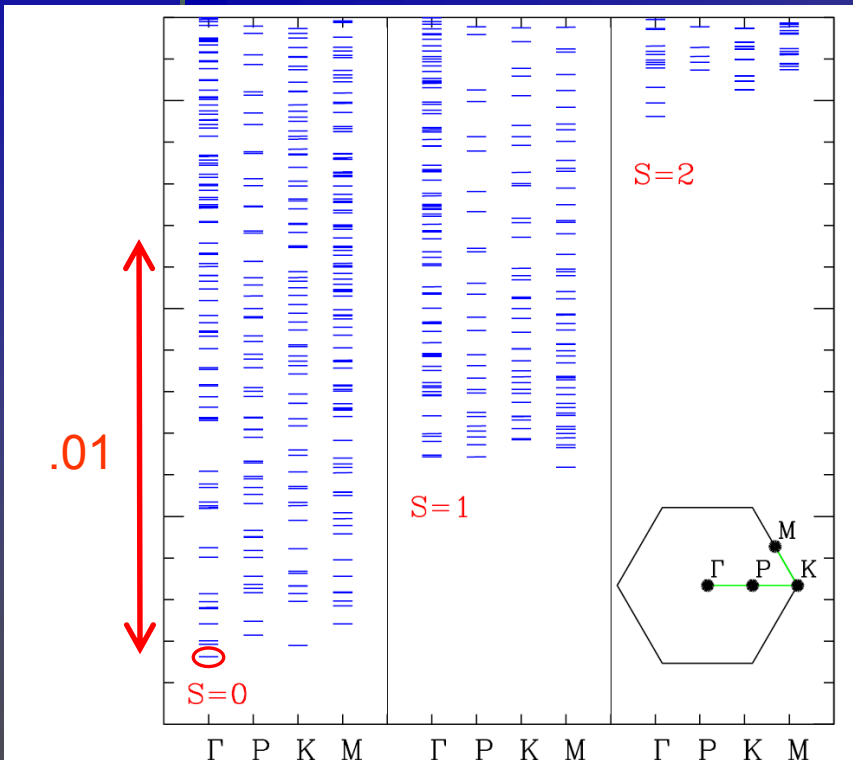
Dynamical Structure Factor

Andreas Laeuchli 2007



Nature of the low temperature phase?

Kagomé N=36



- Valence Bond Crystal ?
Zeng & Elser 1990, Syromyatnikov & Maleyev, Nikolic & Senthil, Misguich & Sindzingre 2006, Singh & Huse 2007
- Z₂ Spin Liquids ?
Sachdev 92, Wang & Vishnawath 2006
- U(1) Spin Liquid ?
Hastings 2001, Ran, Hermele, Lee & Wen Phys Rev. Lett. 98, 117205, 2007
- Algebraic Vortex liquid ?
Ryu, Motrunich, Aicea, M.P.A. Fisher Phys Rev. B. 184406 2007

Conclusions and open questions?

- Spin $\frac{1}{2}$ Heisenberg on the kagomé lattice may be gapless:

$$\text{Gap} = 0 \pm .01, \quad J \chi (T=.01\text{K}) = .09 \pm .015$$

- **Continuum of very dense low lying excitations:**

a very good explanation of the ultra-low temperature dynamics of $\text{ZnCu}_3(\text{OH})_6\text{Cl}_2$

- Is it a VBC?

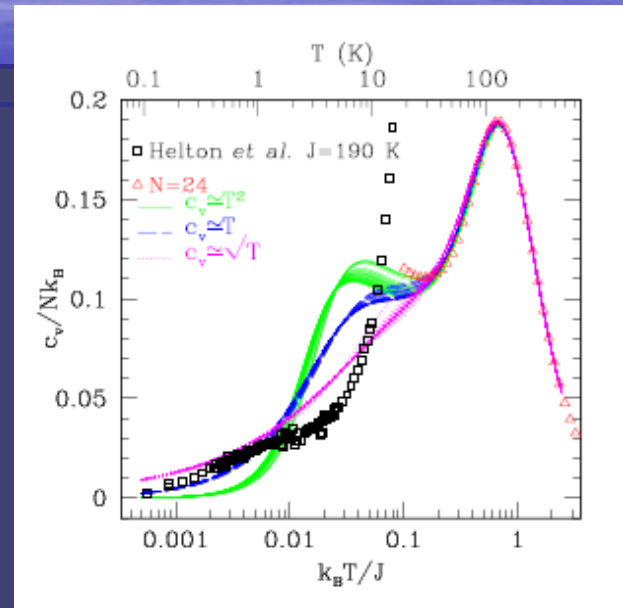
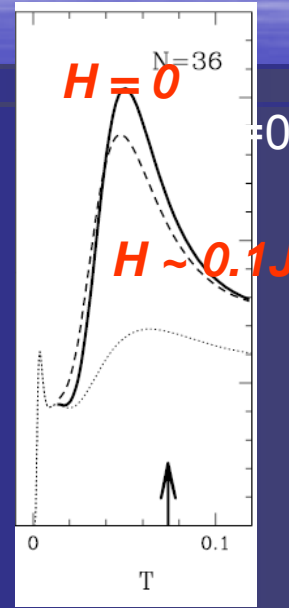
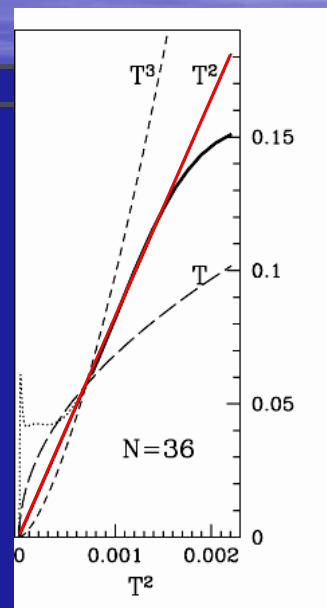
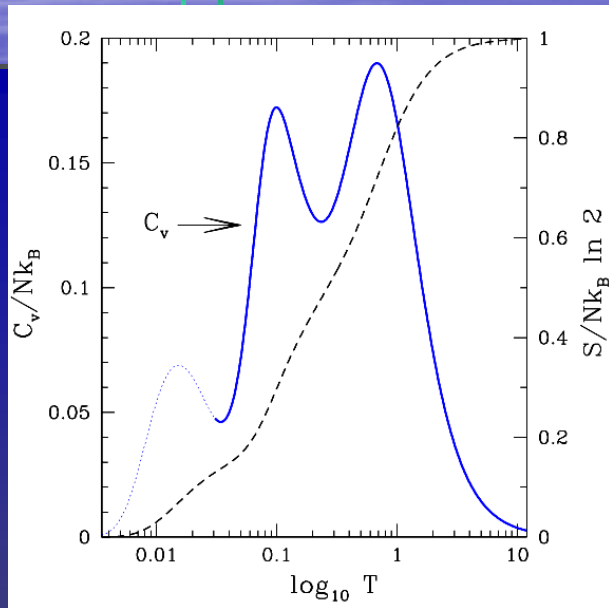
VBC not fully convincing

Our conclusions would be different for a pyrochlore, or integer spins on a kagome lattice

- A « Critical » Spin or Vortex Liquid?

May be plausible.. Many features still to be explored

KHAF specific heat



*P. Sindzingre et al.. PRL 00
Exact diagonalizations*

*G. Misguich & .Sindzingre
07 H.T. series*

Is it generic for quantum cooperative paramagnets?

A. Ramirez et al.. PRL 00 (SCGO),

S. Nakatsuji et al. Science 2005 (NiGa₂S₄)

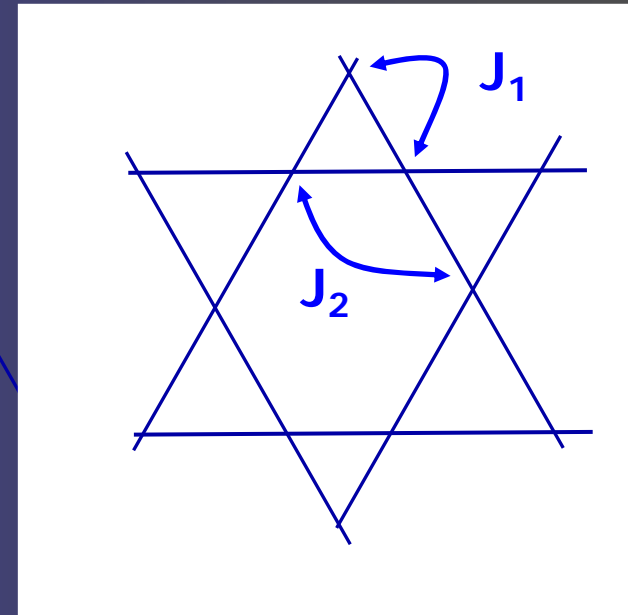
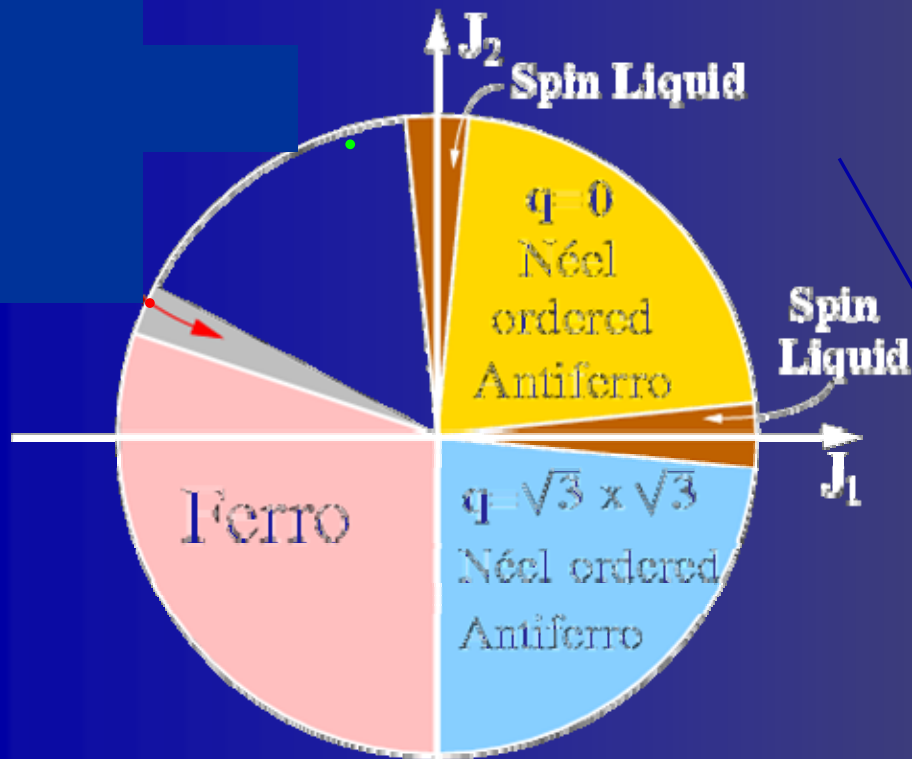
The J_1 - J_2 model on the kagomé lat.

a new chiral low temperature phase

role of thermally activated Z_2 vortices

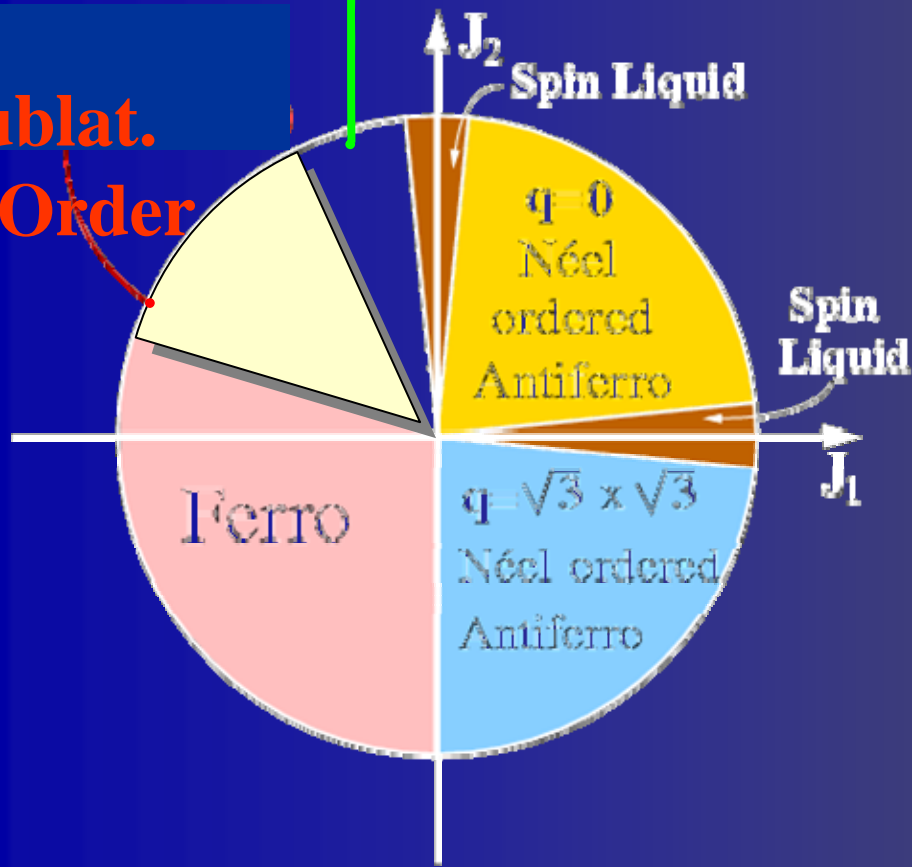
J.-C. Dommange (Rutgers),
L. Messio & P. Viot (Paris)

Quantum phase diagram of the J_1 - J_2 model on the kagomé latt.



Spin-1/2 phase diagram of the J_1 - J_2 model on the kagomé latt.

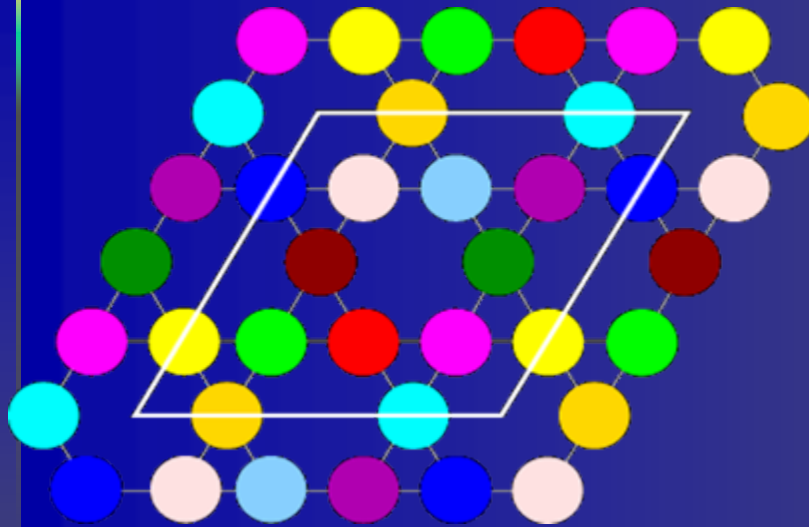
12 Sublat.
Néel Order



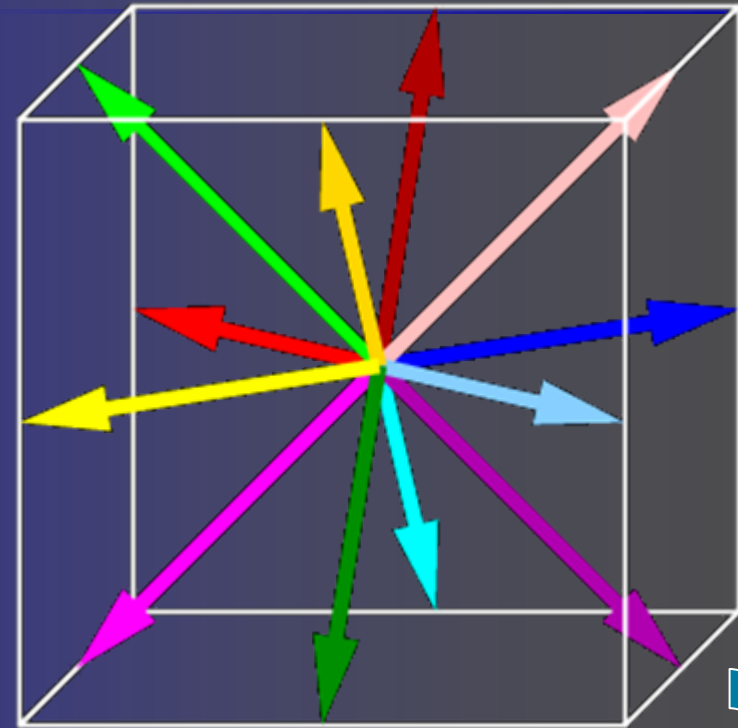
A new
fully gapped
quant. ph.

$$J_2/|J_1| < 3$$

T=0 **semi classical** Néel order



12 sub-lattice Néel order



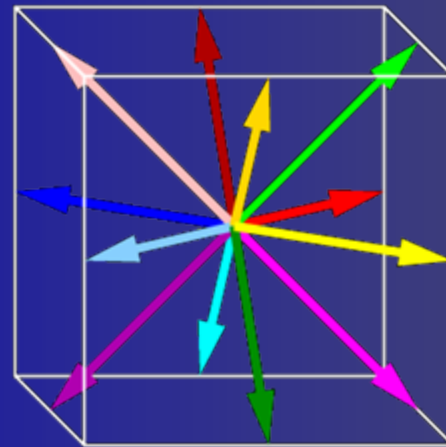
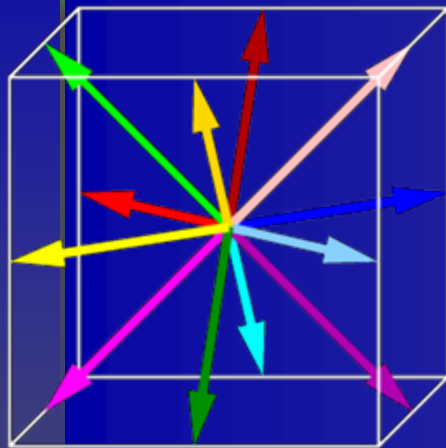
cuboctahedron symmetry of the order parameter

NO LRO in spin-spin correlations at T ≠ 0

Chiral symmetry breaking

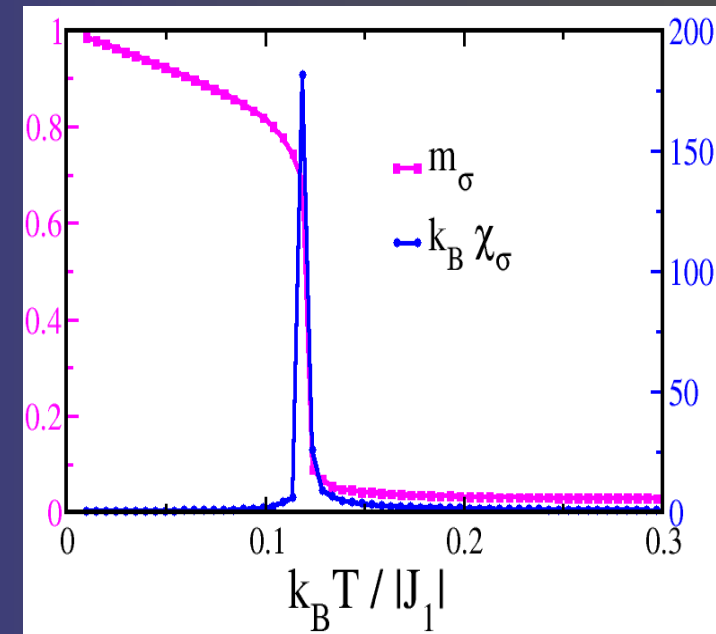
(M.C. study - classical spins)

$N=768, J_2/|J_1|=0.38$



Scalar
chirality $\sigma = +1$

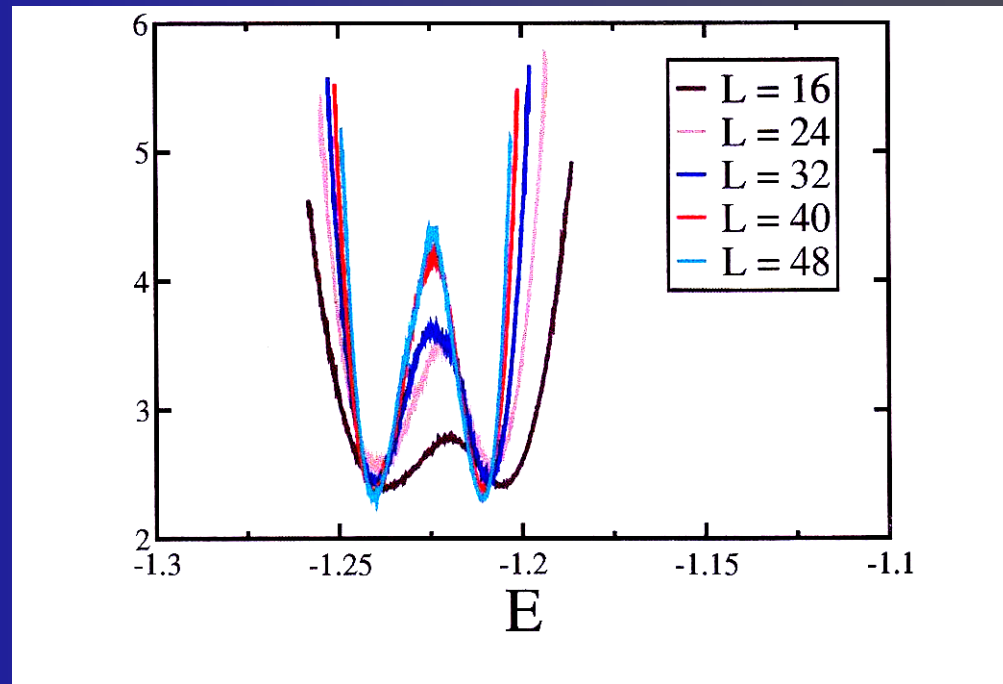
$\sigma = -1$



Weak universality (Suzuki 1984) ?

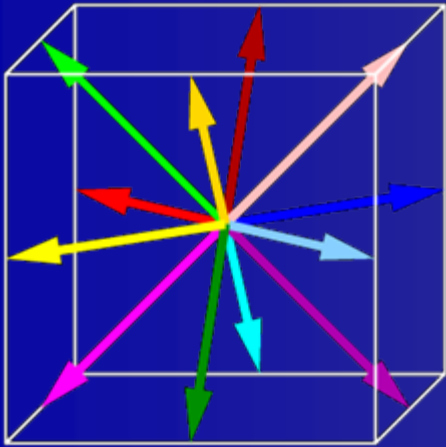
Free energy histogram

$$J_2 / |J_1| = 0.38$$

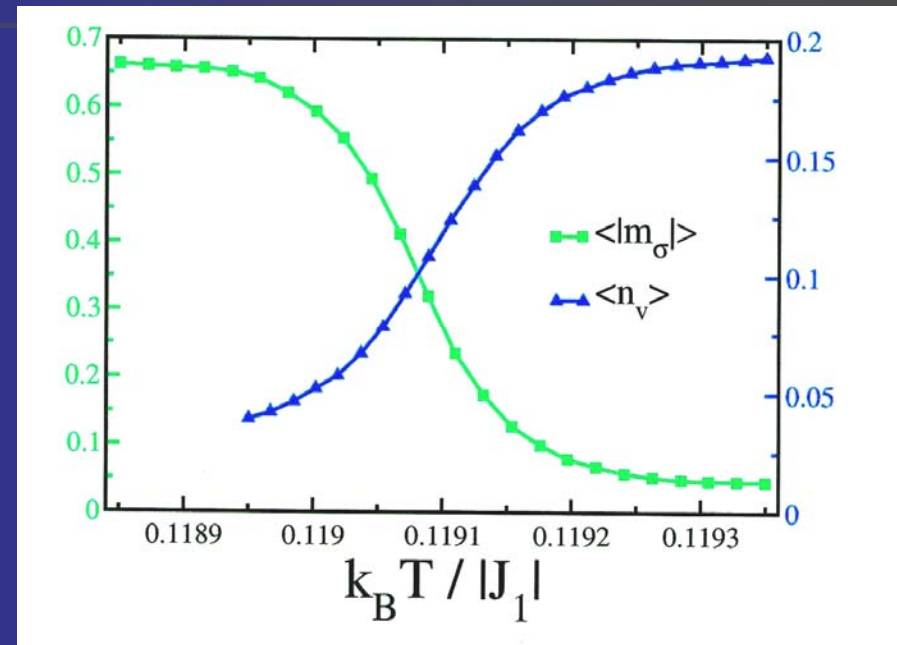


A very weak first order phase transition !

First order chiral phase transition mechanism?



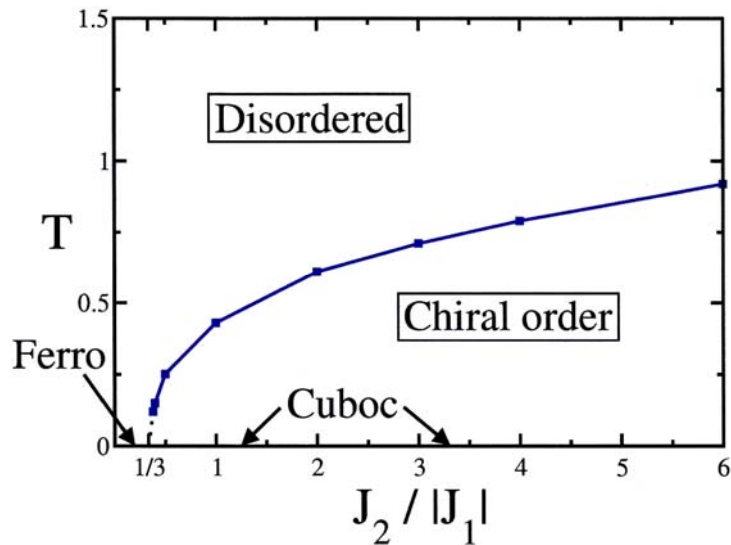
O_3 is completely broken
 Z_2 vortices can be present



$$J_2/|J_1| = 0.38$$

At $T \neq 0$ chirality disappears and Z_2 vortices proliferate

T≠0 Phase diagram of the F-AF model



The chiral phase transition:

- ✓ weakly first order at small $J_2/|J_1|$
- ✓ due to Z_2 vortices
- ✓ going towards criticality when $J_2/|J_1|$ increases
- ✓ cross over from 1st to 2nd order depends on chem. pot. of vortices

May be not so rare in frustrated magnets (*Momoi et al PRL 97*)

Conclusion of this 2nd part

- 2 new phases in the $J_1 < 0 - J_2 > 0$ model on the kagomé lattice
 - A semi-classical chiral phase with no LRO in spins, but with chiral order at $T \neq 0$ and a weakly first order phase transition driven by Z_2 defects
 - A quantum gapped phase

J.C. Domenge, P. Sindzingre, C. L. & L. Pierre: PRB '05.

L. Messio, P. Viot, C.L & L. Pierre (in prep.)