

SANTA BARBARA
FEB./MARCH '08

QUANTUM TRANSPORT EQUATIONS
AND BARYGENESIS
IN THE EARLY UNIVERSE

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COSMOLOGY

ELEMENTARY PARTICLE PHYSICS



ASTROPHYSICS

BEYOND WEINBERG'S "THREE MINUTES"

FASCINATING- NEW OBSERVATIONS

• CMB

(WMAP...)

FLUCTUATIONS ↔ INFLATION

• GALAXIES WITH LARGE REDSHIFTS SUPERNOVAE

STRUCTURE FORMATION

• GRAVITATIONAL LENSING DEFECTS

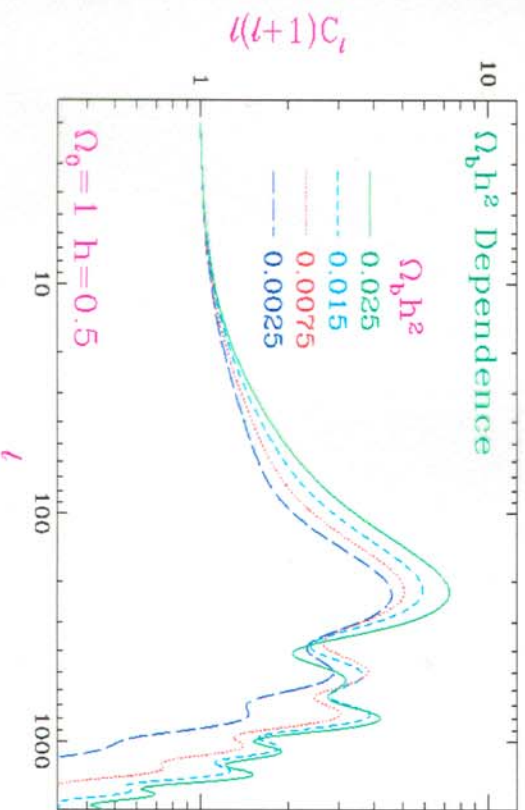
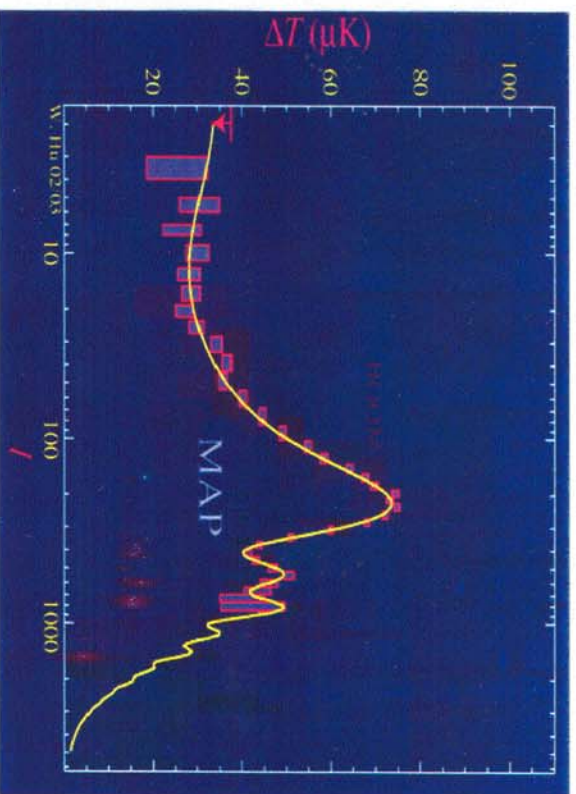
DARK MATTER / ENERGY ↔ SUSY

! • BARYON ASYMMETRY

$\eta = \frac{N_B}{N_\gamma} = (6.5 \pm 0.4) 10^{-10}$ FROM WMAP IN AGREEMENT WITH PRIMORDIAL NUCLEOSYNTHESIS

ALWAYS "BEYOND THE SM" REQUIRED

Baryonic matter and cmb

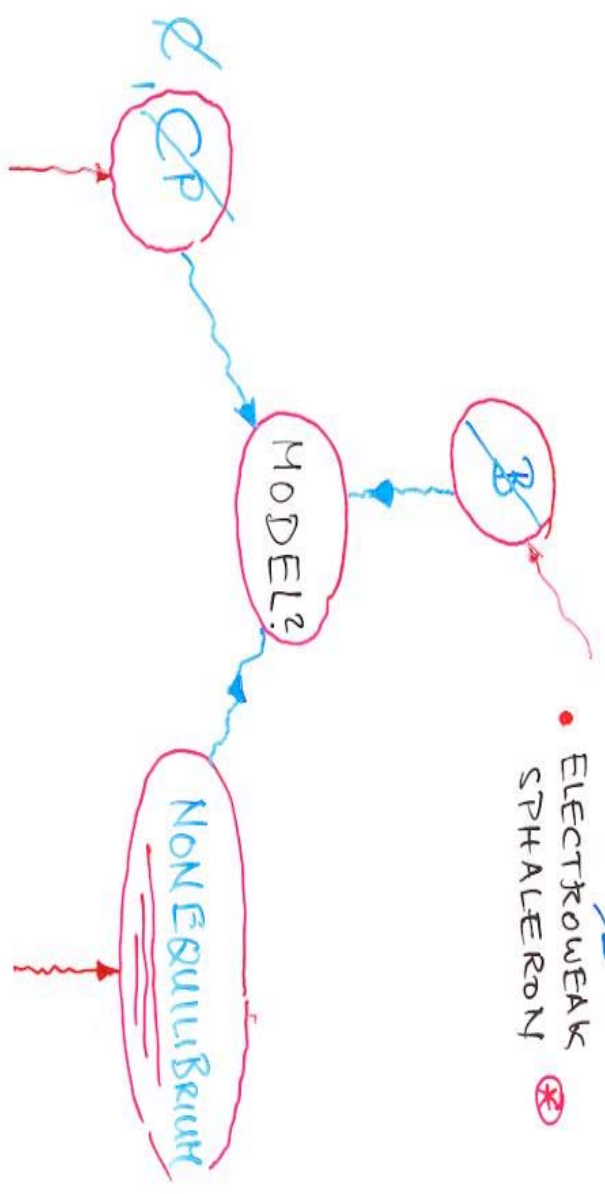


baryons: increase compression (odd) peaks, decrease rarefaction peaks

• BARYO GENESIS

SAKHAROV '67

- GUT, HAJORANA NEGR.
- ELECTROWEAK SPHALERON *



- KM - MATRIX *
- PHASES IN NONSTAND.-TH
- SPONTANEOUS BREAKING

- EXPANDING UNIVERSE
- OUT OF EQUIL. DECAY

- PHASE TRANSITION *

• POSSIBLE IN SM?

SHAPOSHNIKOV

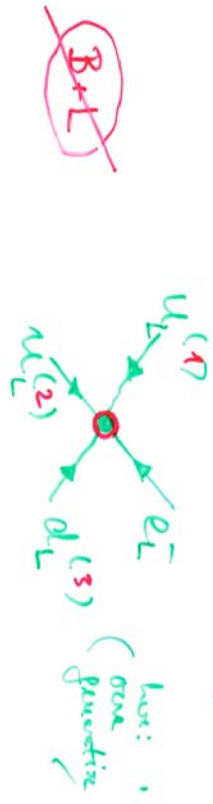
CONSIDER TWO MODELS \Rightarrow TRANSPORT!

- ELECTROWEAK BARYOGENESIS

NEED 1. ORDER PHASE-TR.



- SPHALERON TRANSITION (SM)

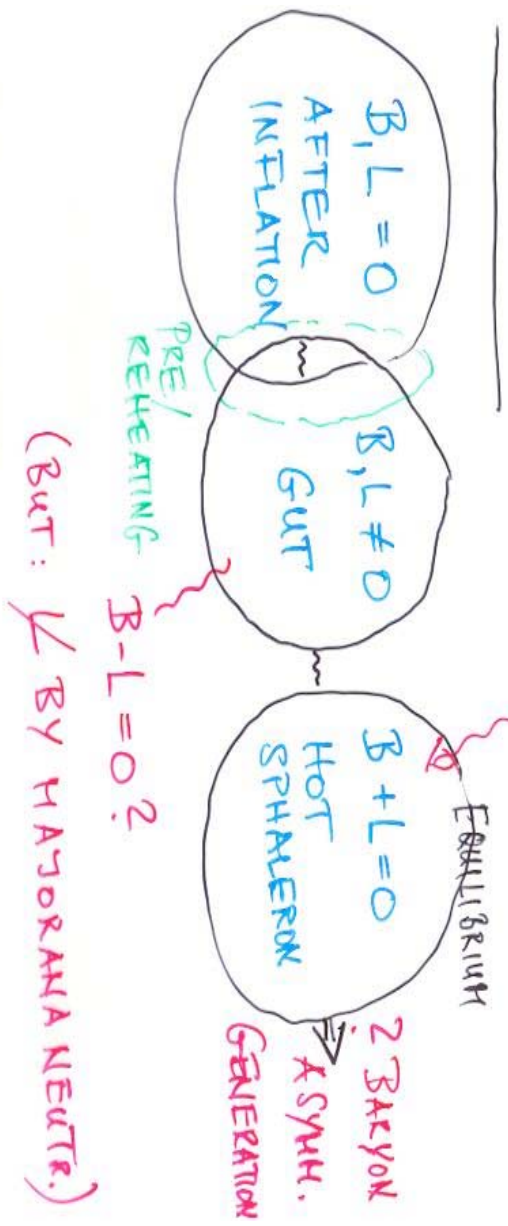
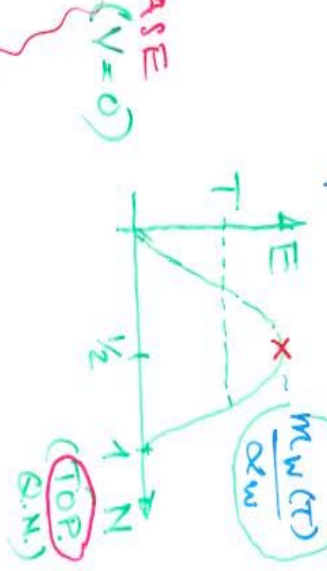


- COHERENT BARYOGENESIS
- CREATION OF A CHARGE ASYMMETRY AT THE END OF (HYBRID) INFLATION.
- LEPTON NUMBER VIOLATION BY HEAVY MAJORANA - NEUTRINO

$T \neq 0$: "SPHALERON" THERMAL TRANSITION

$\Gamma \sim (\alpha_w T)^4 \exp(-\frac{V(T)}{T})$

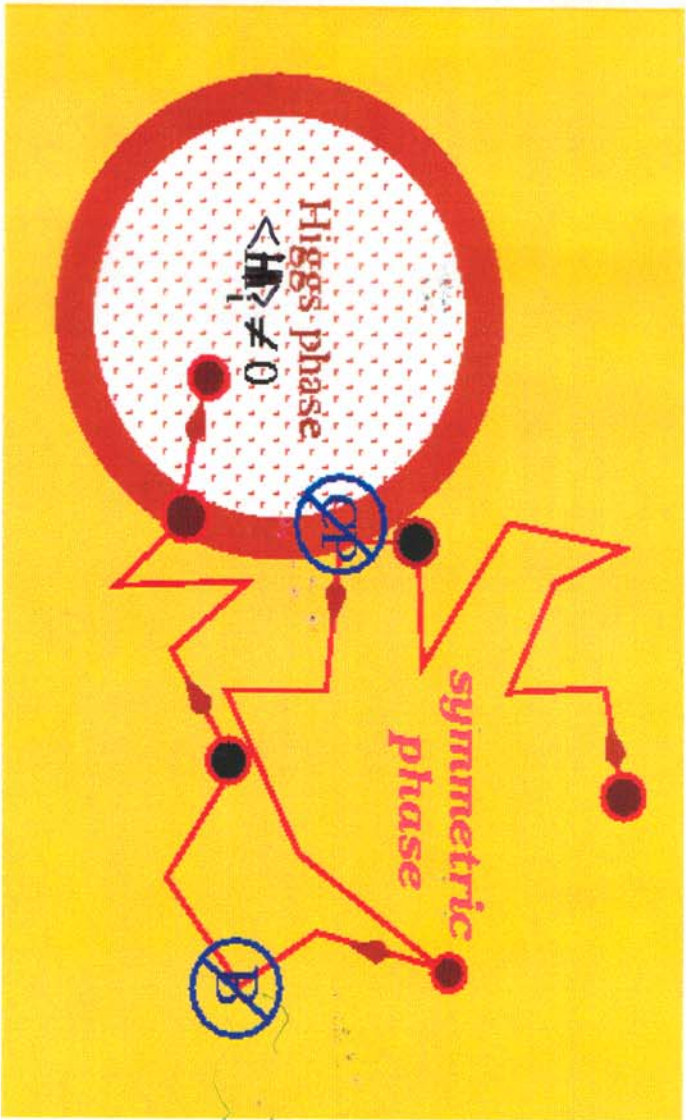
- UNSUPPRESSED IN SYMMETRIC (HOT) PHASE
- $(B+L)$ - VIOLATING



- ELECTROWEAK BARYOGENESIS DURING FIRST ORDER PHASE TRANSITION

Electroweak baryogenesis at a strong 1st order transition

CHARGE TRANSPORT



- expanding bubbles of higgs phase
- CP violation on bubble walls \Rightarrow CREATE CHIRAL ASYMM.
- B violation in symmetric phase (SPHALERON)

ELECTROWEAK BARYOGENESIS

SM -

KM - ~~CP~~ VERY SMALL

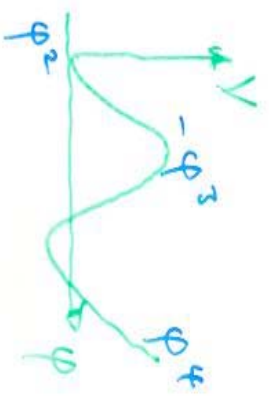
NO PHASE TRANSITION

FOR $m_h \gtrsim m_w$ (\leadsto "CROSSOVER")



SUPER SYMMETRIC VARIANTS

INCREASE " φ^3 " TERM



GET STRONG 1. ORDER PHASE TRANSITION

- BODEKER
- LAINE
- JOHN
- SCH.
- HARBE
- PELL.

- NHSSM
- nHSSM

• EXPLICIT CP-VIOLATION

MSSM : - 1N HIGGSINO - Gaugino mass

MATRIX BY COMPLEX M_2, μ

- 1N STOP-SYSTEM (VIA A_t, A_μ)

⇒ RESTRICTIONS BY EXP. BOUNDS ON n.d.d.m.!

• SPONTANEOUS VIOLATION OF CP IN HIGGS EFF. POTENTIAL (T-DEPENDENT!)

"TRANSITIONAL CP-VIOLATION" JUST IN THE BUBBLE WALL REGION NEAR THE CRITICAL TEMPERATURE OF THE P.T.

⇒ NO RESTRICTION BY EXP. BOUNDS ON n.d.d.m.

DOES EXIST IN NMSSM
DOES NOT EXIST IN MSSM

HURBER
JOHN
LAINE
seth.

ELECTROWEAK BARYOGENESIS

- A VERY CONCRETE STEP BY STEP PROCEDURE

• (MULTI-DIM.) HIGGS-FIELD CRITICAL BUBBLE

• TRANSITION PROBABILITY



• SUPER COOLING / NUCLEATION

TEMPERATURE ('ONE BUBBLE / UNIVERSE')

• STATIONARY EXPANSION

$V_{\text{wall}} \dots$; PROFILE

"DEFLAGRATION"

Higgs | SYMM. PHASE
→ V_{wall}

OUR SUBJECT TODAY

• TRANSPORT IN PRESENCE OF MOVING PHASE BOUNDARY WITH CP VIOLATING EFFECTS

↓ QUANTUM TRANSPORT EQS. FOR CHARGEDS

• DIFFUSION EQS. TO PRODUCE

CHIRAL ASYMMETRY $n_{q_L} - n_{\bar{q}_L}$

• BY "HOT" SPHALERON OF EWK. THEORY IN FRONT OF BUBBLE WALL

- DIFFUSION IN PRESENCE OF MOVING WALL

! "THICK WALL": $d \gg$ MEAN FREE PATH

$$p \sim T \gg \frac{1}{d} \text{ THERMAL PRT. (RELATIVISTIC)}$$

→ QUASICLASSICAL DESCRIPTION ?!
DERIVATIVE EXPANSION

NEED ORDER \hbar BECAUSE OF $\langle \rho \rangle$,
DIRAC - PARTICLES

- NAIV EXPECTATION: WKB-APPROXIMATION

$$\dots \left(\right) e^{-i\hbar} \int p_z(z') dz'$$

OLIVE
JOYCE
KATINDIAN
HUBER
SCH.

SIMPLIFICATION: $m = |m| e^{i\theta}$

LATER: COMPLEX MASS MATRIX M

$$M = V M_{\text{Dirac}} U^\dagger$$

- PROBLEM: $p_{\text{kin}} \neq p_{\text{canonical}}$ IN CASE OF $\langle \rho \rangle$

GET SPLIT IN PART. / PART.

USE THIS IN CLASSICAL TRANSPORT (BOLTZMANN)
EQS.

NEED FIRST PRINCIPLE DERIVATION
OF TRANSPORT / CONSTRAINT EQS. !

• FIRST PRINCIPLE DERIV. OF SEMICLASSICAL FORCE (KANUAINEN, PROKOPEC, SCH, WEINSTECK)

REAL TIME / KELDISH FORMALISM/

FOR FERMIONIC FIELDS WITH MASS

$m(x) = m_R(x) + i m_I(x) = |m| e^{i\theta(x)}$!

$\mathcal{L} = \bar{\psi} \not{\partial} \psi - \bar{\psi} \Gamma m \psi - \bar{\psi} \Gamma m^* \psi + \dots$

CENTRAL: $G_{\alpha\beta}^<(u,v) = i \langle \bar{\psi}_\beta(v) \psi_\alpha(u) \rangle$

WIGNER TRANSFORM

$G^<(x,k) = \int d^4x' e^{ikx'} G^<(x+\frac{T}{2}, x-\frac{T}{2})$

БАРЫН-КАДАНОВ \sim "CLASSICAL PHASE SPACE" $\{q, p\}$

$\Rightarrow \left(\hat{K} - \hat{m}_0 - i \hat{m}_s \gamma^5 \right) G^< = C$

$\hat{K}_\mu = k_\mu + \frac{i}{2} \partial_\mu$

$\hat{m}_0, s = m_{R,I}(x)$

WALL FRAME

$m = m(z)$

DERIVATIVE EXPANSION $\sim \hbar$ -EXP.

WALL $\rightarrow z=x_3$

CONSERVED SPIN S \perp WALL

$$-i\gamma^0 G^< = \sum_s \frac{1}{4} \sigma^a \times g^b \quad g_{ab}^s$$

REAL PART OF DIRAC EQ. \Rightarrow CONSTRAINT EQS
 IMAGINARY PART \Rightarrow TRANSPORT EQS.

CE - ELIMINATE... $\rightarrow g_{00}^s$ EQ.

$$[k^2 - |m(x)|^2 + \frac{S}{k_0} |m(x)|^2 \theta'] g_{00}^s = 0$$

$$k_0^2 = \text{sign } k_0 (k_0^2 - k_{||}^2)^{1/2}$$

FIRST ORDER
 DERIV. EXP.

$$\text{SOL. } g_{00}^s = \frac{2\pi}{z_s} f_s(\omega_s, k_z, z) \delta(k_0 - \omega_s) + \text{neg. frequ.}$$

\rightarrow DISPERSION RELATION

$$\omega_s = \omega_0 - S |m|^2 \theta' (2\omega_0 (k_0^2 - k_{||}^2)^{1/2})^{-1}$$

$$\omega_0 = (k^2 + |m|^2)^{1/2}$$

TE - USE CE AND ELIMINATE $\rightarrow g_{00}^S$ EQ.

$$\left[k_z \partial_z - \frac{1}{2} |m|^2 \partial_{k_z} - \frac{1}{2} (|m|^2 \theta') \partial_{k_z} \right] g_{00}^S = 0$$

SECOND ORDER
DERIV. EXP.

\rightarrow VLASOV EQ. FOR f_s

$$v_s \partial_z f_s + F_s \partial_{k_z} f_s = 0$$

WITH $v_s = \frac{k_z}{\omega_s}$ GROUP VELOCITY

$$F_s = -\frac{|m|^2}{2\omega_s} + \frac{S (|m|^2 \theta')}{2\omega_s (\omega_0^2 - k_{||}^2)^{1/2}}$$

SEMICLASSICAL FORCE

CP

VIOLATING

ROUGH AGREEMENT WITH WKBJ ($k_{kin}!$)

CAN BOOST TO PLASMA FRAME

• MASS MATRIX: FLAVOR OSCILLATIONS

MSSM: HIGGSINO - GAUGINO MIXING

CHARGINOS!

$$\psi_R = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{W}_R^+ \\ \tilde{t}_{A,R} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \psi_L = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{W}_L^+ \\ \tilde{t}_{2,L} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \bar{\psi} i \not{\partial} \psi - \bar{\psi}_L m \psi_R - \bar{\psi}_R m^+ \psi_L$$

$$m(x) = \begin{pmatrix} m_2 & g H_{2,0}^* \\ g H_{1,0}^* & \mu c \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{WALL} \Rightarrow \text{X-DEPENDENCE} \\ \text{CP-VIOL. PHASES} \end{matrix}$$

CE: ARE ALREADY NON ALGEBRAIC IN FIRST ORDER τ

CAN WRITE KINETIC EQS. FOR CHIRAL DENSITIES WITHOUT USE OF CE (K₀ INDEPENDENCE!)

(KONSTANDIN, PROKOROV, SCH. J. SECO '04 '05)

"FLAVOR" ROTATION

$$m(x) \rightarrow m_{\text{diag.}} = U m V^+$$

$$\begin{matrix} m m^+ & \rightarrow & m_d^2 & = & U m m^+ U^+ \\ m^+ m & \rightarrow & \dots & & \end{matrix}$$

- FLAVOR ROTATION OF MASS MATRIX

$$m \rightarrow m_d^{\text{Diag}} = U m V^\dagger$$

(CP NEUTRINO PHYSICS!)

$$m m^\dagger \rightarrow m_d^2 = U m m^\dagger U^\dagger$$

$$m^\dagger m \rightarrow m_d^2 = V m^\dagger m V^\dagger$$

NOT DIAG.!

$$g_R = g_0 \pm g_3$$

$$g_N = g_1 + i g_2$$

$$g_L \rightarrow U g_L U^\dagger = g_{L,d}$$

$$g_N \rightarrow U g_N V^\dagger = g_{N,d}$$

$g_i \leftrightarrow g_{ab}$

$$g_R = g_R^D + g_R^T$$

CONSTRUCT PROJECTORS

SEPARATE CONSTRAINTS / DISP. REL. NONLOCAL IN HIGHER DERIVATIVE ORDERS

- OBTAIN KINETICS IN STATIONARY CASE WITHOUT INSERTING CONSTRAINTS (v.o. INDEP.)
- CP-VIOLATING SOURCES
- CP DOES NOT COMMUTE WITH FLAVOR-ROTATIONS

! $(CP) \rightarrow Q : Q g(k, x) Q^\dagger = CP g^T(k, x) CP^\dagger$

$$= g(-k, \bar{x})$$

$\vec{x} = -\bar{x}$

PERTRURIONS IN $g_{R,L}^{S,T}$ - NONDIAGONAL IN MASS - EIGEN STATE BASIS

CP-VIOLATING TRANSPORT EQ. ALREADY IN ORDER k .

LINEAR RESPONSE

$$g_{R,L}^{S,T} = g_{eq} + \delta g_{R,L}^S, \quad g_{eq} = \frac{2\pi |k_0| \delta(k^2 - m_d^2)}{2\beta k_0 + 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[k_z \partial_z \delta g_R^{S,T} + \frac{i}{2} [m_d^2, \delta g_R^{S,T}] + k_0 \Gamma_k \delta g_R^{S,T} = S_R^S \right]$$

IN MASS E. BASIS
DAMPING FOR R.C.

WITH $S_R^S = -s \frac{k_z^2}{k_0} [VV^t, g_{eq}]$

$$-s/4k_0 [V (w^t w - w^t w'), V^t, g_{eq}] + s k_z / 4k_0 [V (w^t w)^t, V^t, g_{eq}]$$

(AND $R \leftrightarrow L, U \leftrightarrow V, s \leftrightarrow -s$)

AND CP/Q - TRANSFORMED EQS.

\Rightarrow CP-VIOLATING CURRENTS (VECTOR, AXIAL V.)

k -TYPICAL: $\sim \text{Im}(m_2 \mu_2) (u_2 \partial_z u_1 - u_1 \partial_z u_2) \times \text{Integral}$

k^2 FOR COMPARISON

$$\sim \text{Im}(m_2 \mu_2) (u_2 \partial_z u_1 + u_1 \partial_z u_2) \times \text{Integral}$$

$$u_{1,2} = g |H_{1,2}|$$

• **BOSONIC CASE ("EXERCISE")**
(KLEIN-GORDON EQ. ...)

$$\left[k^2 + i k_z \partial_z + \frac{1}{4} \partial_z^2 - M^2 - \frac{i}{2} M^2 \partial_{k_z} \right] \Delta^<(k, z)$$

$$= C_{\text{osc.}}$$

БАШН-КАДАНОФФ-EQ.
FIRST ORDER IN DERIV.
SELF-ENERGY TERM NEGLECTED

$$\Delta^< \neq -\Delta^<$$

HERMITIAN + ANTIHERM. PART

→ **CE** $(k^2 + \frac{1}{4} \partial_z^2) \Delta^< - \frac{i}{2} \{M^2, \Delta^<\} - \frac{i}{4} [M^2, \partial_{k_z} \Delta^<] = 0$

TE $k_z \partial_z \Delta^< + \frac{i}{2} [M^2, \Delta^<] - \frac{1}{4} \{M^2, \partial_{k_z} \Delta^<\} = C$

IN DIAGONAL MASS-BASIS

$$\Delta_d^< \rightarrow \Delta_d^D, \Delta_d^T$$

IN LOWEST (NO) DERIVATIVE ORDER

CE $(k^2 + M_d^2) \Delta_d^D = 0$

SEPARATE SPECTRA!!!

TE $(k^2 - \Lambda^2/k_z^2 - \frac{i}{2} k_z M_d^2) \Delta_d^T = 0$

$$\Lambda = (4k_z M^2 - 4d d t M^2)^{1/2}$$

TE $k_z \partial_z \Delta_d^D = 0 \rightarrow \Delta_d^D = \text{const.}$

$k_z \partial_z \Delta_d^T + \frac{i}{2} [M_d^2, \Delta_d^T] = 0 \Rightarrow$ FLAVOR ROTATION

LIKE NEUTRINO OSCILLATIONS (CREATE FLAVOR E.S. → MASS E.S.)

NEXT ORDER IN GRADIENT EXP.

CE : NOT ALGEBRAIC ANYMORE \ominus FOR $\Delta_d^{<Q}$

TE :

$$k_z \partial_z \Delta_d^{<} + k_z [\Sigma, \Delta_d^{<}] + \frac{i}{2} [M_d^2, \Delta_d^{<}] - \frac{1}{4} \{ \underbrace{M_d^2}' + \frac{1}{2} [\Sigma, M_d^2], \partial_{k_z} \Delta_d^{<} \} = C_d$$

$\Sigma = U + U'$

! CP DOES NOT COMMUTE WITH FLAVOR ROTATION (U)

CP \Rightarrow 'Q'-TRANSFORMATION : BASIS INDEPENDENT

$$\Delta^{<Q} := \Delta^{<CP*}$$

NEED EQUATION FOR $(\Delta^{<Q} - \Delta^{<})$ FOR CP-SOURCE

LINEAR RESPONSE : $\delta \Delta_d^{<} = \Delta_d^{<} - \Delta_{eq}^{<}$

$(M_d^2, \Sigma$ FIRST ORDER)

$$: \Delta_{eq}^{<} (k_p) = 2\pi \delta(b^2 - M_d^2) \frac{1}{2\beta k_0 - 1}$$

$$\Rightarrow k_z \partial_z \delta \Delta_d^{<T} + \frac{i}{2} [M_d^2, \delta \Delta_d^{<T}] - C_d \xrightarrow{\text{DAMPING}}$$

$$= -k_z [\Sigma, \Delta_{eq}^{<}]^T + \frac{1}{4} \{ M_d^2 + [\Sigma, M_d^2], \partial_{k_z} \Delta_{eq}^{<} \}^T$$

ONLY T-PART CONTRIBUTES IN $(\delta \Delta_d^{<} - \delta \Delta_d^{<Q})$

- COLLISION TERMS
- PROKOPEC
SCH.
WEINSTOCK

- DRIVE SYSTEM BACK TO EQUILIBRIUM
(GUT¹)

- ALSO GENERATE CP-ASYMMETRY
(LESS IMPORTANT)
ATTENTION!

- CHARGINO BARYOGENESIS

- (ASYMMETRIC) CHARGINOS DECAY
INTO QUARKS + LEPTONS

⇒ DIFFUSION EQUATIONS

HIGET
NELSON
CARENA
HORENO
GUILROS
PECO
WAGNER

- SPHALERON TRANSITION:
LEFT HANDED QUARKS + LEPTONS
(AND CP-TRANSFORMS)
PRODUCE BARYON ASYMMETRY

$$n_B = - \frac{3 \int_{\text{WEAK SPH.}}^1}{V_{\text{WH}}} \int_{-m_0}^0 d\tilde{z} m_L(\tilde{z}) \exp\left(\tilde{z} \frac{45 T_{\text{WS}}}{4 V_{\text{W}}}\right)$$

$$n_L = 5 n_B + 4 n_+$$

V. DIFFUSION EQUATIONS

Using our formalism, we can deduce the CP-violating particle densities in the chargino sector. To evaluate the baryon asymmetry in the broken phase, we need to compute the density of left-handed quarks and leptons n_L in front of the wall. These densities couple to the weak sphaleron and produce a net baryon number.

To determine how the CP-violating currents are transported from the charginos to the left-handed quarks and leptons we use a system of coupled diffusion equations as derived in [15], and later adapted in [12, 19] and [9]. The diffusion equations are

$$\begin{aligned} v_w n'_Q &= D_q n''_Q - \Gamma_Y \left[\frac{n_Q}{k_Q} - \frac{n_T}{k_T} - \frac{n_H + n_h}{k_H} \right] - \Gamma_m \left[\frac{n_Q}{k_Q} - \frac{n_T}{k_T} \right] \\ &\quad - 6\Gamma_{ss} \left[2 \frac{n_Q}{k_Q} - \frac{n_T}{k_T} + 9 \frac{n_Q + n_T}{k_B} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (51)$$

$$\begin{aligned} v_w n'_T &= D_q n''_T + \Gamma_Y \left[\frac{n_Q}{k_Q} - \frac{n_T}{k_T} - \frac{n_H + n_h}{k_H} \right] + \Gamma_m \left[\frac{n_Q}{k_Q} - \frac{n_T}{k_T} \right] \\ &\quad + 3\Gamma_{ss} \left[2 \frac{n_Q}{k_Q} - \frac{n_T}{k_T} + 9 \frac{n_Q + n_T}{k_B} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (52)$$

$$v_w n'_H = D_h n''_H + \Gamma_Y \left[\frac{n_Q}{k_Q} - \frac{n_T}{k_T} - \frac{n_H + n_h}{k_H} \right] - \Gamma_h \frac{n_H}{k_H} \quad (53)$$

$$v_w n'_h = D_h n''_h + \Gamma_Y \left[\frac{n_Q}{k_Q} - \frac{n_T}{k_T} - \frac{n_H + n_h}{k_H} \right] - (\Gamma_h + 4\Gamma_\mu) \frac{n_h}{k_H}, \quad (54)$$

where n_T denotes the density of the left-handed top and stop particles, n_Q the remaining left-handed quarks and squarks and n_H and n_h the sum and difference of the two Higgsino densities n_{H_1} and n_{H_2} . The quantities k_i are statistical factors defined by $n_i = k_i \mu_i \frac{T^2}{6}$ (μ_i

*
MSSM

T. KONSTANTIN
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H. SEGO

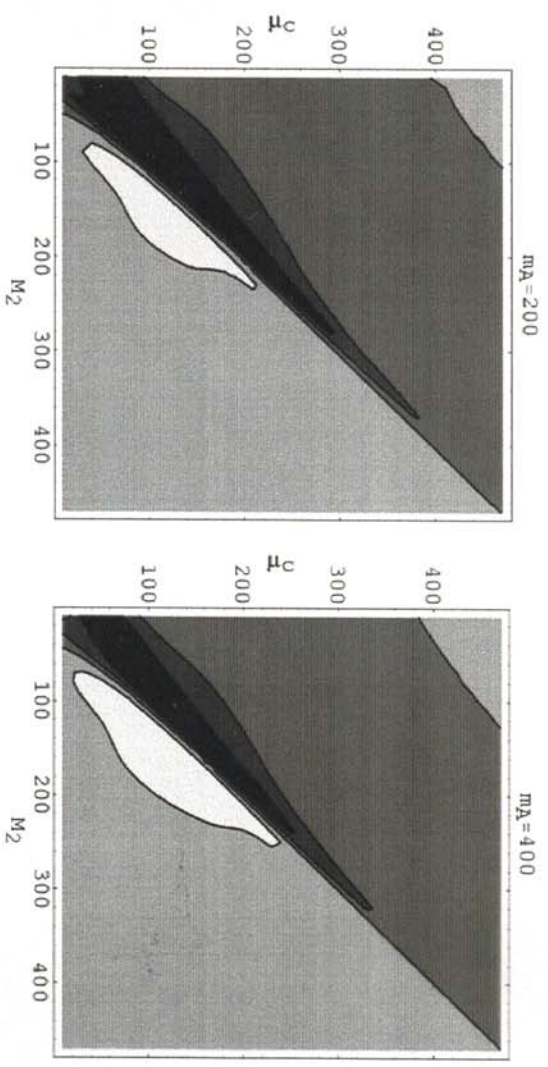


FIG. 5: The baryon-to-entropy ratio $\eta_{10} = 10^{10} \times \eta$ in the (M_2, μ_c) parameter space from (0 GeV, 0 GeV) to (400 GeV, 400 GeV). For the left plot the value $m_A = 200$ GeV is used, for the right plot $m_A = 400$ GeV. The black region denotes $\eta_{10} > 1$, where baryogenesis is viable. The other four regions are bordered by the values of η_{10} , $\{-0.5, 0, 0.5, 1\}$, beginning with the lightest color.

MAXIMAL CP-VIOLATION

RESTRICTIONS BY exp. n/η - ELECTRIC DIPOLE

LIMITS

$$N_{L10} = \frac{n_B \times 10^{10}}{58}$$

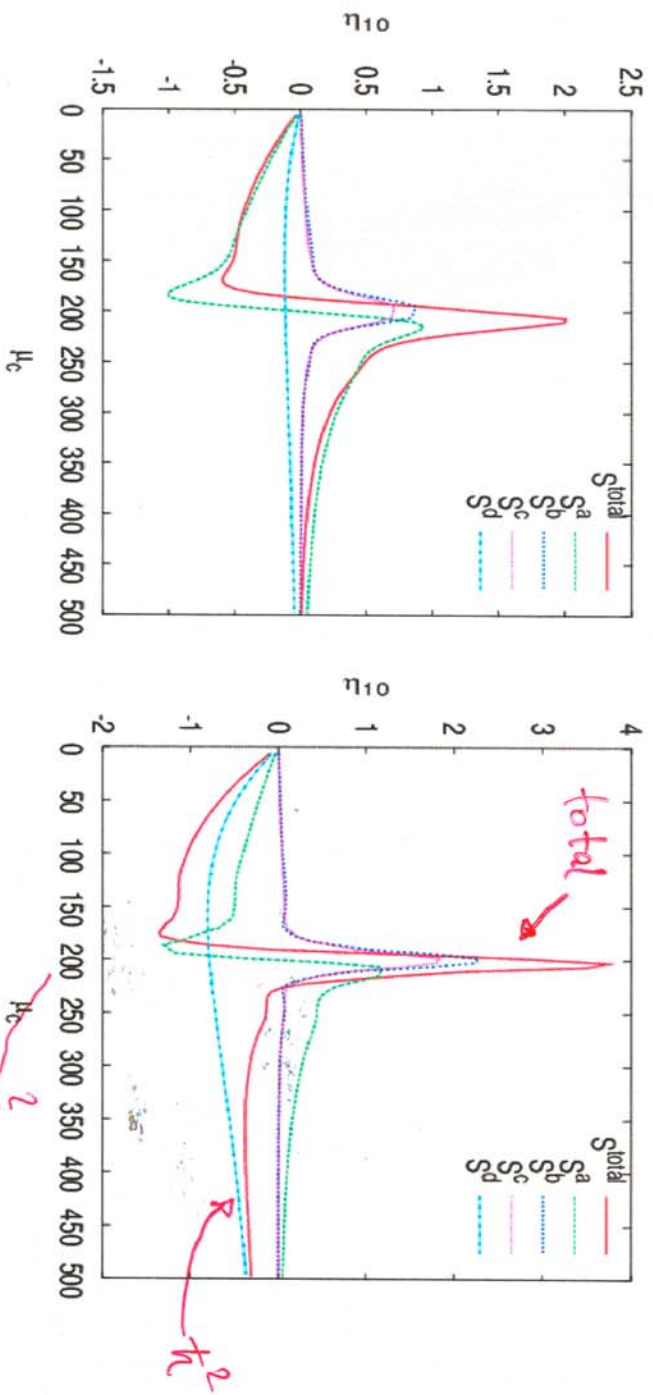


FIG. 2: This plot shows the first and second order sources as a function of μ_c with $M_2 = 200$ GeV. The plot on the left are the sources with the damping, $\Gamma = \alpha_w T_c$, while on the right plot, $\Gamma = 0.25\alpha_w T_c$.

MAXIMAL CP-VIOLATION ASSUMED

ELECTRIC DIPOLE MOMENT FROM MSSM

The current measurement bound of the electron electric dipole moment (EDM)

Regan et al, Phys. Rev. Lett. 88:071805, 2002

$$|d_e| \sim 1.6 \times 10^{-27} \text{ ecm}$$

The standard model (MSM) value for eEDM (4 loop)

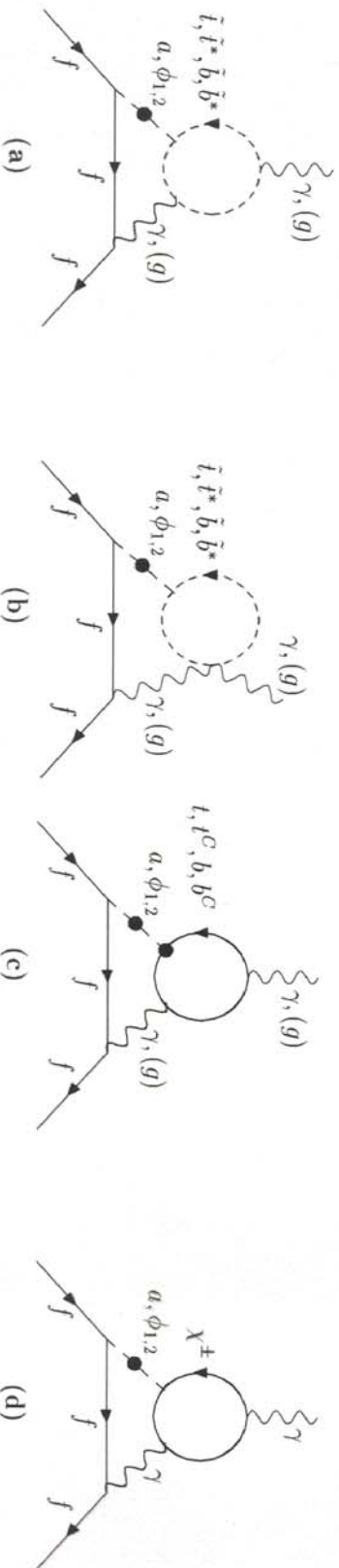
$$d_e^{\text{CKM}} \sim 1 \times 10^{-38} \text{ ecm}$$

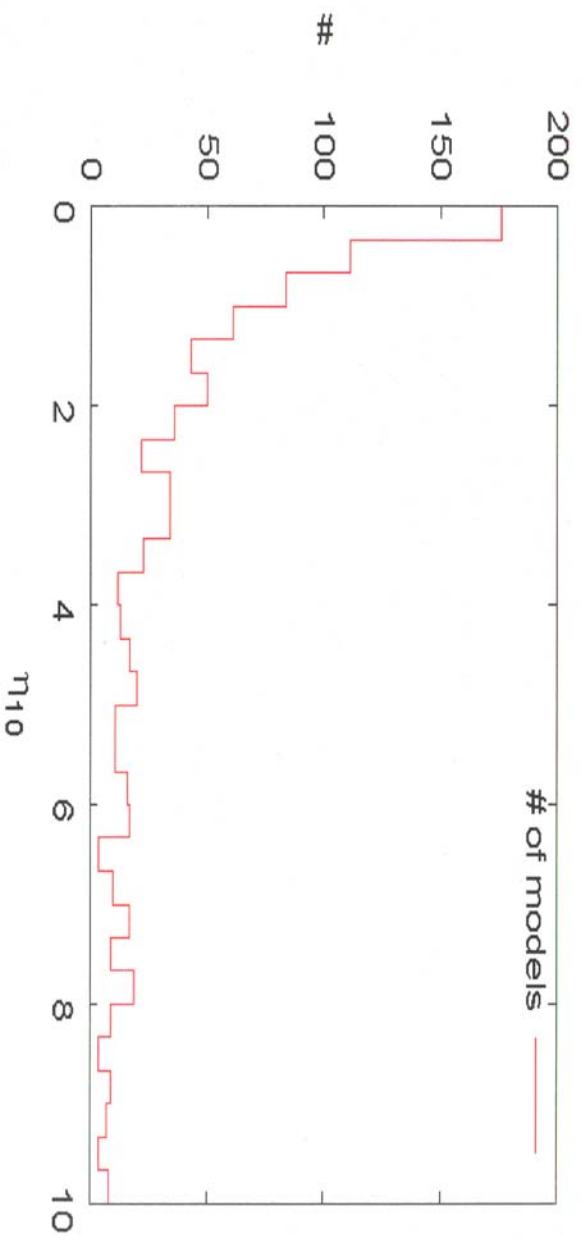
Pospelov, Khriplovich, Sov. J. Nucl. Phys. 53:638-640, 1991,
Yad. Fiz. 53:1030-1039, 1991

The standard model (MSM) value for neutron EDM (2 loop penguin)

$$d_n^{\text{CKM}} \sim 1 \times 10^{-32} \text{ ecm}$$

The MSSM 2 loop Higgs contribution for electron EDM





Produced baryon asymmetry in random nMSSM models.

HUBER '06
KONSTANTIN
PROKOPEC
SCHMIDT

• COHERENT BARYOGENESIS

"B. GARBRECHT
Т. ПРОКОПЕЦ
H. SCH.

- SCALAR FIELD CONDENSATE INDUCES TIME DEPENDENT MASS MATRIX IN COSMOLOGY
- COHERENT PARTICLE PRODUCTION BY NON ADIABATICAL TIME DEPENDENCE OF SCALAR COND.
- CERTAIN CHARGE NUMBERS TRANSFORMED TO B-L

WITHOUT B/L CHARGE!

~~CP~~ OF MASS MATRIX \Rightarrow ASYMMETRY \Rightarrow BARYON ASYM.

FRAMEWORK
AGAIN!

CONSIDER "QUANTUM BOLTZMANN EQS."

(SCHWINGER-KELDISH CTP...)

FOR FERMIONS / BOSONS \rightarrow MATRIX-EQS.



WIGNER FUNCTIONS

(CLOSEST TO CLASSICAL PHASE SPACE DISTRIBUTIONS)

$$iG^<(\underline{k}, \underline{x})_{ab} = \int d^4x e^{i\underline{k}\cdot\underline{x}} \langle \sqrt{\mu_b}(\underline{x} - \frac{\underline{x}}{2}) \psi_a(\underline{x} + \frac{\underline{x}}{2}) \rangle$$

a, b : species

$$(i\gamma^0 G^<)^t = i\gamma^0 G^<$$

DIRAC - EQ. WITH TIME DEPENDENT

MASS - MATRIX

$$\left(\cancel{\not{x}} + \frac{i}{2} \gamma^0 \partial_t - (M_H^D + i\gamma^5 M_A(t)) e^{-\frac{i}{2}(\not{\partial} + \not{k}_0)} \right) i G^<_{cb} = 0$$

$$M_H = \frac{1}{2}(M + M^+); \quad M_A = \frac{1}{2i}(M - M^+)$$

- $M(t)$ AND $\frac{dM(t)}{dt}$...: CP-VIOLATING PHASES CANNOT BE

BEYOND "JARLSKOG" SIMULTANEOUSLY REMOVED

- THE HELICITY OPERATOR $\hat{h} = \hat{k} \cdot \gamma^0 \vec{\gamma} \gamma^5$ COMPUTES WITH DIRAC-OPERATOR

SAME AS BEFORE WITH $\underline{x} \rightarrow t$!

• DECOMPOSE

$$-i\gamma^0 G_h^< = \frac{1}{4} (1 + h \hat{k} \cdot \vec{\sigma}) \otimes \overset{\text{Pauli-h.}}{g^{\mu\nu}} g_{\mu\nu}$$

• PROJECT DIRAC-EQ. WITH g^{μ}

• TAKE 0-th MOMENT $f_{\mu h} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{dtk_0}{2\pi} g_{\mu h}$

MATRIX EQS

$$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{aligned} \dot{f}_{0h} + i [M_H, f_{0h}] + i [M_A, f_{2h}] &= 0 \\ \dot{f}_{1h} + 2h |k| f_{2h} + i [M_H, f_{0h}] - \{M_A, f_{3h}\} &= 0 \\ \dot{f}_{2h} - 2h |k| f_{1h} + \{M_H, f_{3h}\} + i [M_A, f_{0h}] &= 0 \\ \dot{f}_{3h} - \{M_H, f_{2h}\} + \{M_A, f_{1h}\} &= 0 \end{aligned} \right.$$

INITIAL COND.: NO FERMIONS

FOR $t \rightarrow -\infty$

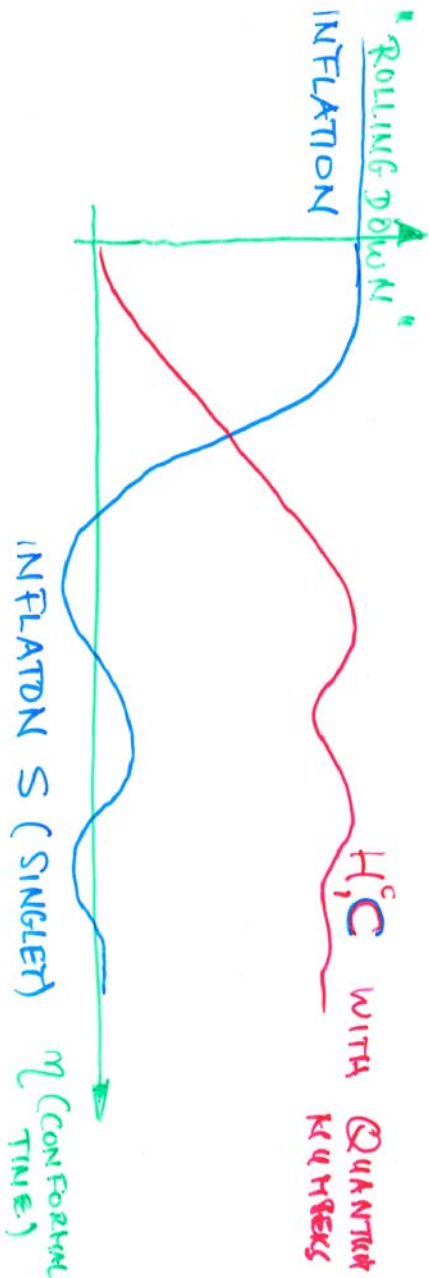
EXACT (WITHOUT COLLISION T.)
 <01...10>
 HEISENBERG

$f_{0h}^{aa} (|\vec{k}|, t)$ IS 0th COMPONENT OF VECTOR CURRENT

\Rightarrow CHARGE OF HODE WITH MOM. \vec{k} AND HELICITY $h = q_{0h}(k)$

$\sum_a q_{ah}(k)$ CONSERVED (YUKAWA INT. $\rightarrow U(1)$)

- APPLICATION: HYBRID INFLATION (SUPER SYM)



GUT - WATERFALL

EXAMPLES:

- PATI - SALAM: $G_{FS} = SU(4) \times SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$
 \downarrow "Color"
 $SU(3)_c \times U(1)$
 \downarrow
 $U(1)_Y$

- $SO(10) \rightarrow SM$

$W_{SUPERROT.} \supset K S (\bar{H}^c H^c - \mu^2) + \dots$ CP-VIOL. COUPLINGS

$$H^c = (\bar{4}, 1, 2)$$

$$C = [16]$$

PATI-SALAM

$SO(10)$

HYBRID INFLATION

1

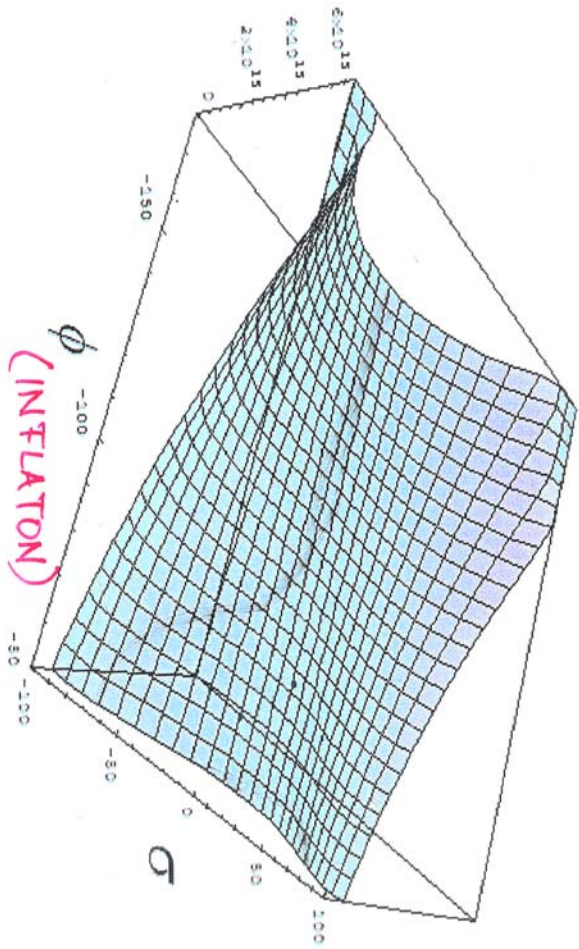


Figure 1: Hybrid Potential, using $m_{pl} = 10^9$, $\lambda = 10^4$, $g = 8 \cdot 10^3$, $m = 1.5 \cdot 10^{-6} m_{pl}$, and $M = 10^{-3} m_{pl}$.

ADISORN KULPRATITAN

SUPER SYMM. PATI-SALAM MODEL WITH HYBRID INFLATION

NEED B-L VIOLATION (OTHERWISE "SPHALERON WASH OUT")

- $G_{PS} = SU(4)_c \times SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R \subset SO(10)$

$$SU(3)_c \times U(1) \xrightarrow{\downarrow} U(1)$$

JEANNE ROT
KHALIL
LABRIDES
SHAFI
SNOGUE
SMF!

- GUT-SECTOR

$$H^c = (4, 1, 2) \quad \bar{H}^c = (4, 1, \bar{2})$$

$$S = (1, 1, 1) \quad G = (6_{as}, 1, 1)$$

$$H^c = \left(\begin{matrix} u_{H^c}^c & u_{H^c}^c & u_{H^c}^c \\ d_{H^c}^c & d_{H^c}^c & d_{H^c}^c \end{matrix} \right) \left(\begin{matrix} \nu_H^c \\ \nu_H^c \\ \nu_H^c \end{matrix} \right) \left\{ SU(2)_R \right.$$

$\rightarrow D_3 + \bar{D}_3$

"SHOOTER"
HYBRID INFLATION

"INFLATION"

$$W \supset \kappa S (H^c H^c - \mu^2) - \beta S \left(\frac{\bar{H}^c H^c}{M_S} \right)^2 + \gamma G H^c H^c + \xi G \bar{H}^c \bar{H}^c + \kappa_G S G^2$$

POT. MIN. : $\langle G \rangle = 0$, $\langle \nu_H^c \rangle = \langle \nu_H^c \rangle^* > (D\text{-TERM})_1$



$$V = 2 \left| S \nu_H^c \left(\kappa - 2\beta \frac{|\nu_H^c|^2}{M_S^2} \right) \right|^2 + \left| \kappa \left(\nu_H^c \right)^2 - \beta \frac{|\nu_H^c|^4}{M_S^2} \right|^2$$

$\neq 0$ DURING INFLATION

= 0 FOR SUSY-VAC.

• DIRAC FERMIONS

$$\chi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} -d_H^c \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{\nu} \end{pmatrix} \quad \chi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -D \\ \bar{d}_H^c \end{pmatrix}$$

MASS - MATRIX $(\bar{\chi}_1 \ \bar{\chi}_2) \left(\dots \right) \begin{pmatrix} \chi_1 \\ \chi_2 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \text{Re} \langle \nu_H^c \rangle \underline{\underline{y}} & (m_d + m_e)/2 \\ (m_d + m_e)/2 & \text{Re} \langle \nu_H^c \rangle \underline{\underline{y}} \end{pmatrix} + iy^c \begin{pmatrix} -\Im m \langle \nu_H^c \rangle \underline{\underline{y}} & i(m_d + m_e)/2 \\ -i(m_d - m_e)/2 & -\Im m \langle \nu_H^c \rangle \underline{\underline{y}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$m_d = \langle S \rangle (k/2 - \beta \langle \nu_H^c \rangle^2 / M_S^2) \quad m_e = 4k_g \langle S \rangle$$

→ 0 FOR BUSY-MINIMUM (S → 0)

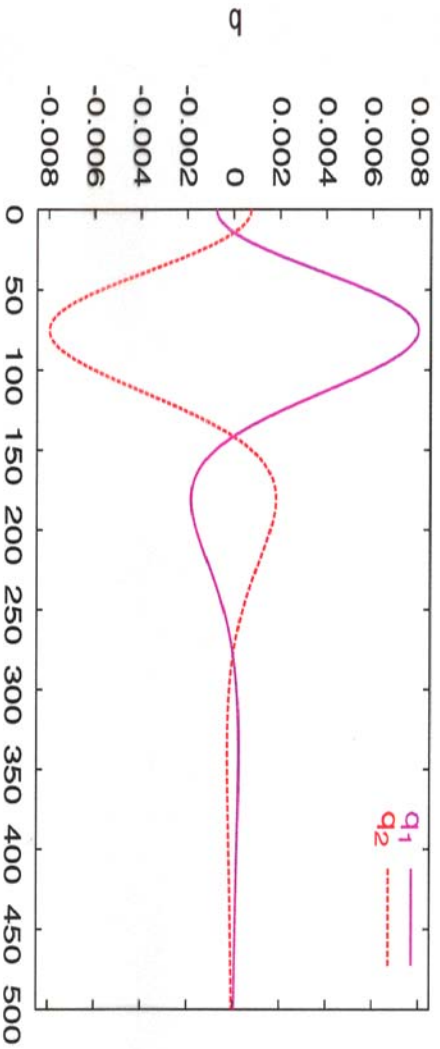
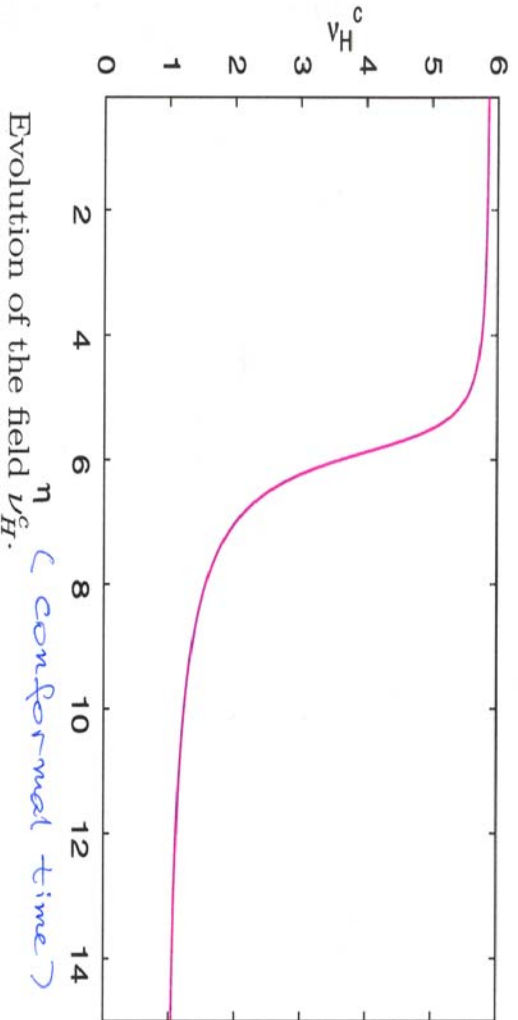
• FOR $y \neq \xi^*$: GENERATE CHARGE $q_1 = -q_2$ (FIG.)
($\langle \nu_H^c \rangle$ REAL CONV.)

• B-L ASYMMETRY GENERATED IN $\chi_{1,2}$ DECAY TO ORDINARY MATTER (SUMMED OVER COLOR)

$$F^C = (\bar{\nu}_1, 2) \text{ LEPTONS } + (\bar{u}, \bar{d}) \text{ QUARKS}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} u_1^c & u_2^c & u_3^c \\ d_1^c & d_2^c & d_3^c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \nu_e^c \\ \nu_\mu^c \\ \nu_\tau^c \end{pmatrix} \leftarrow \text{MAJORANA-NEUTRINO}$$

COHERENT BARYOGENESIS IN HYBRID INFLATION



The produced charges of the Dirac fermions χ_{1j} , χ_{2j} , summed over both helicities.

$\kappa = 0.007$	$\mu = 2.0 \times 10^{16} \text{ GeV}$	$\zeta = 0.12i$	$M_S = 50\mu$
$\beta = 1$		$\xi = 0.12$	$\Gamma = 0.1\mu$

REALISTIC
PARAMETERS
OF SENOGUCHI
SCAFFI - INFLATION

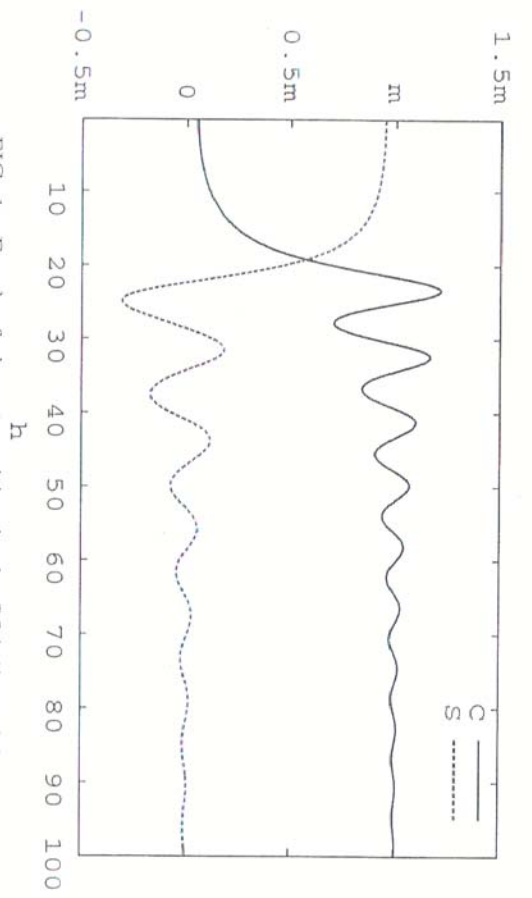


FIG. 1: Epoch of phase transition in the SO(10)-model

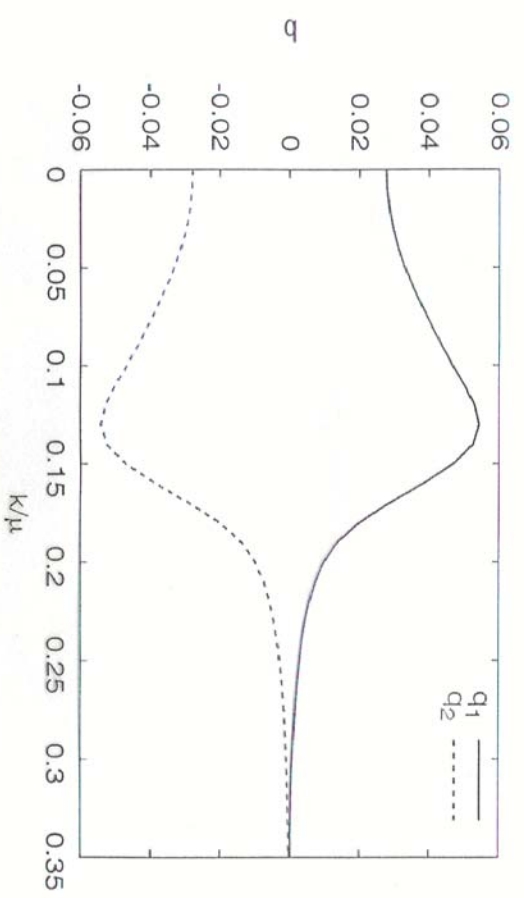
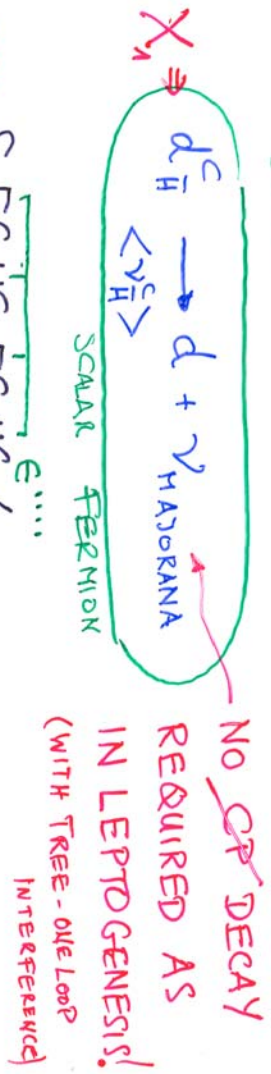


FIG. 2: The produced charges for the multiplet $(3, 2, \frac{1}{6})$.

• COUPLINGS

(i) $\gamma \underbrace{F^c \bar{H}^c F^c H^c}_{\text{SINGLET}} / M_S \rightarrow \text{MAJORANA MASS FOR } \nu$



(ii) $\delta \underbrace{F^c H^c F^c H^c}_{\epsilon''} / M_S$



$\Rightarrow B-L = -\frac{2}{3} q_2 + \frac{1}{3} q_1 = q_1$

AFTER SPHALERON PROCESSES

$B = \frac{10}{31} (B-L)$

ESTIMATE

VACUUM ENERGY $\rho = [k^2 \frac{M_S^2}{4R} - k\mu^2]^2 \sim \pi^2 g^* \frac{T_R^4}{30}$

$S < 22 g^* \frac{T_R^3}{45}$

$B/h\gamma > 10^{-10}$ EASILY

DETAILED REHEATING CALCULATION

$$\left\{ \frac{n_B}{S} = \frac{3}{4} \frac{n_B^{(0)} T_R}{V_0} \approx 1 \times 10^{-10} \right. \quad \text{(*)}$$

MORE DETAILED EVALUATION

$$n_B^{(0)} \sim 1.5 \cdot 10^{45} \text{ GeV}^3 \quad \text{baryon density produced at reheating}$$

Csum. g from fig. $\times 3$ (colors) $\times \frac{1}{5}$ (spiral.)

$$T_R = \left(\frac{90}{\pi^2 g_*} \right)^{1/4} \sqrt{T_{Hpl}} \sim 2.7 \cdot 10^9 \text{ GeV} \quad \text{REHEATING TEMPERATURE}$$

WITH $T \sim \frac{1}{g_*} m_{\nu_i}^2 (\chi_1 < \nu_H^e > / m_S)^2 \sim 15 \text{ GeV}$
 INFLATION DECADE $\rightarrow \nu_H^e \rightarrow \nu_H, \nu_{H^c}, \nu_{H^s}$
 $\nu_{H^c} \sim 4 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ GeV}$
 HADRON. NEUTRINO MASSES

$$V_0 \quad \text{ENERGY DENSITY AFTER INFLATION} \approx 3 \cdot 10^{64} \text{ GeV}^4$$

$$S = 2\pi^2 g_* T_R^3 / 45 \quad \text{ENTROPY DENSITY}$$

$$\text{(*) } n_B/S = n_B^{(0)} / S \quad \left(\frac{\rho_0}{\rho_R} \right)^3 \quad (H_R / H_0)^2 \quad \text{MATTER DOMINANCE}$$

$$H_0^2 = \frac{1}{3} V_0 / m_{Pl}^2 \quad H_R^2 = \pi^2 g_* T_R^4 / 30 / 3 m_{Pl}^2$$

• NONTHERMAL LEPTOGENESIS (IN SAME MODEL)

$\langle \nu_H^c \rangle \rightarrow$ MAJORANA NEUTRINO MASS AFTER PREHEATING
 LIGHTEST MASS $M_1 = 3.9 \times 10^{10}$ GeV }
 COMPARE $T_R = 2.7 \cdot 10^9$ GeV } **NONTHERMAL!**

MAXIMAL MIXING AND CP VIOLATION VIA
 1-LOOP INTERFERENCE

$$\frac{h_L}{s} \leq 3 \cdot 10^{-10} \frac{T_R}{m_{\nu_H^c}} \left(\frac{M_1}{10^6 \text{ GeV}} \right) \left(\frac{m_{\nu^3}}{0.04 \text{ eV}} \right) \approx 8 \times 10^{-11}$$

$\Rightarrow \frac{h_B}{s} \leq 3 \times 10^{-11}$ SMALLER! (SENOSQUZ | BATHFI)

CONCLUSIONS

- MODELS FOR THE GENERATION OF A BARYON ASYMMETRY HAVE TO COMBINE DETAILED INFORMATIONS FROM ELEM. PARTICLE PHYSICS, COSMOLOGY, AND QUANTUM (AT LEAST) TRANSPORT THEORY
 - TRY TO NARROW DOWN TO MODELS EXPLAINING ALSO OTHER FEATURES IN COSMOLOGY (INFLATION...) AND ELEM. PARTICLE PHYSICS (GUT'S ...)
 - MOST ASPECTS: BEYOND THE SM!
 - COMMON FEATURE: $B+L \rightarrow 0$ BY HOT SPHERON IN EQUILIBRIUM
 - B-GENERATION * IN (HOD, FIED) ELECTROWEAK THEORY AT PHASE BOUNDARY
- TRANSPORT:
- * AT GUT / INFLATION ENERGIES
 - BY NONEQUILIBRIUM AND
 - L-VIOLATING MAJORANA NEUTRINOS
- EXISTING FIELD AT THE BORDERLINE BETWEEN COSMOLOGY AND ELEM. PARTICLE PHYSICS