

Sensing and decision-making in natural ecosystems

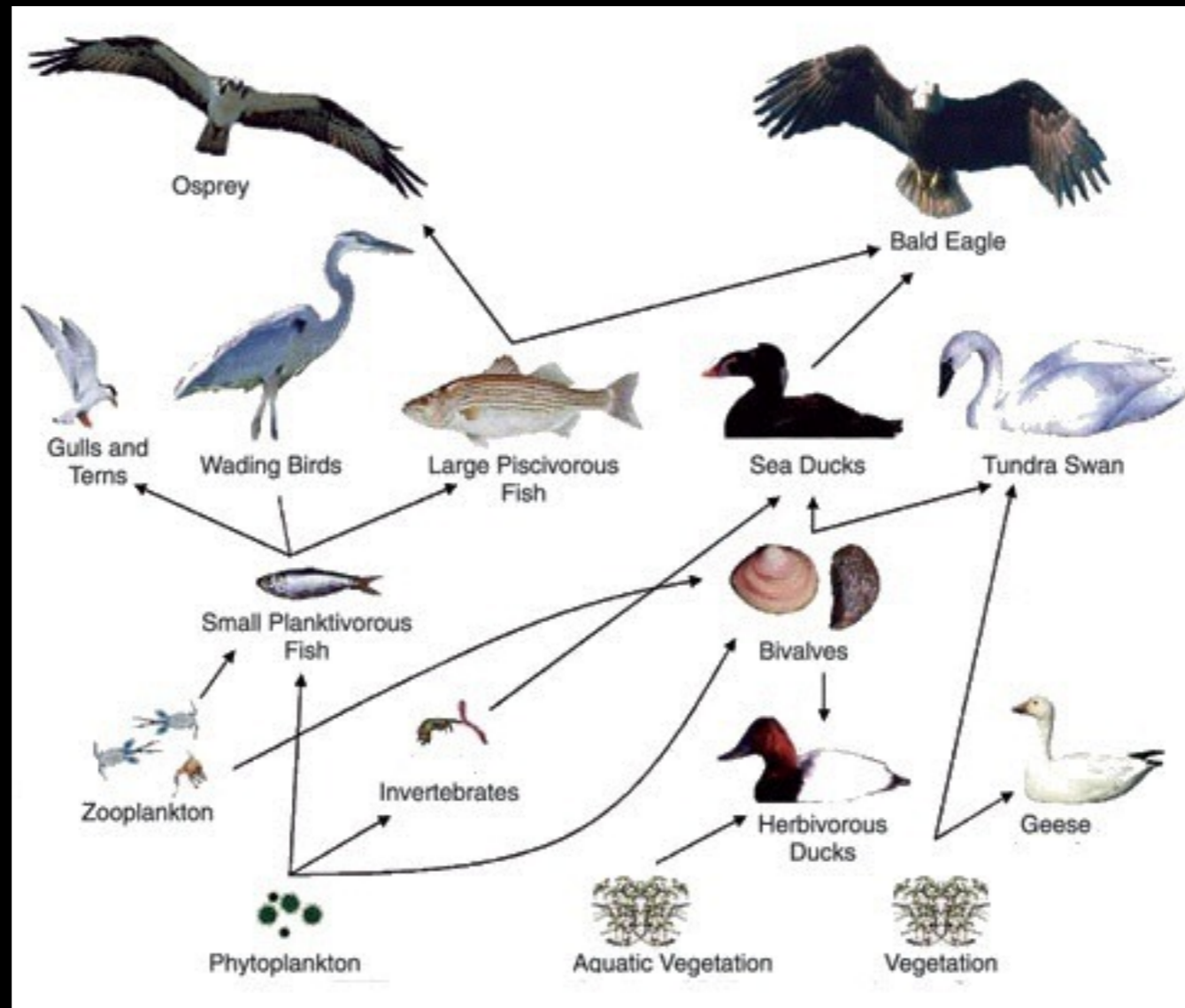
Andrew Hein, UCSC/NOAA



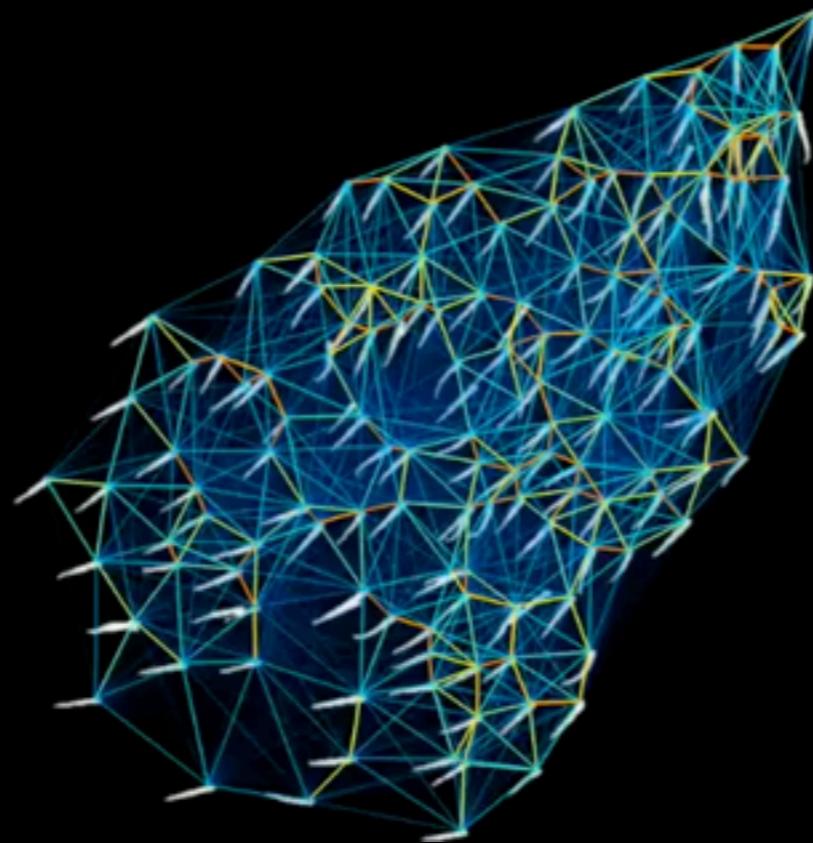
UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
SANTA CRUZ



Sensory systems evolved and operate in the context of ecosystems



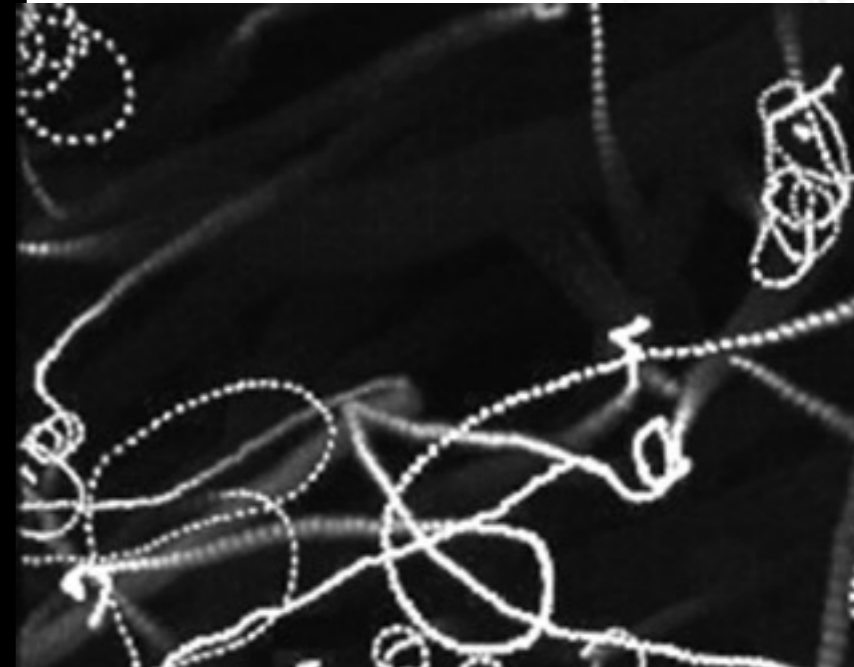
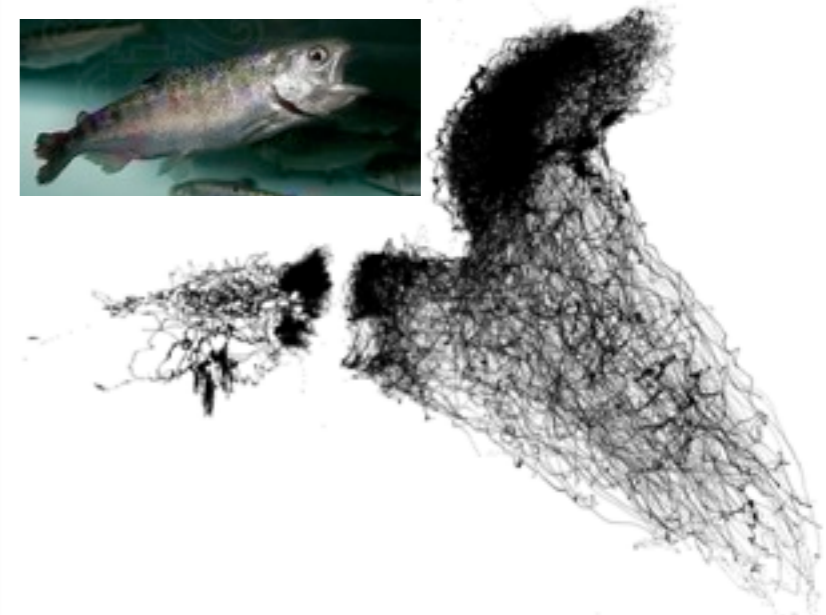
Sensory feedbacks -> interactions with other individuals
Individual and collective computation are simultaneous



Decision-making in ecological systems



Navigation, attack, and evasion: robust behavioral control



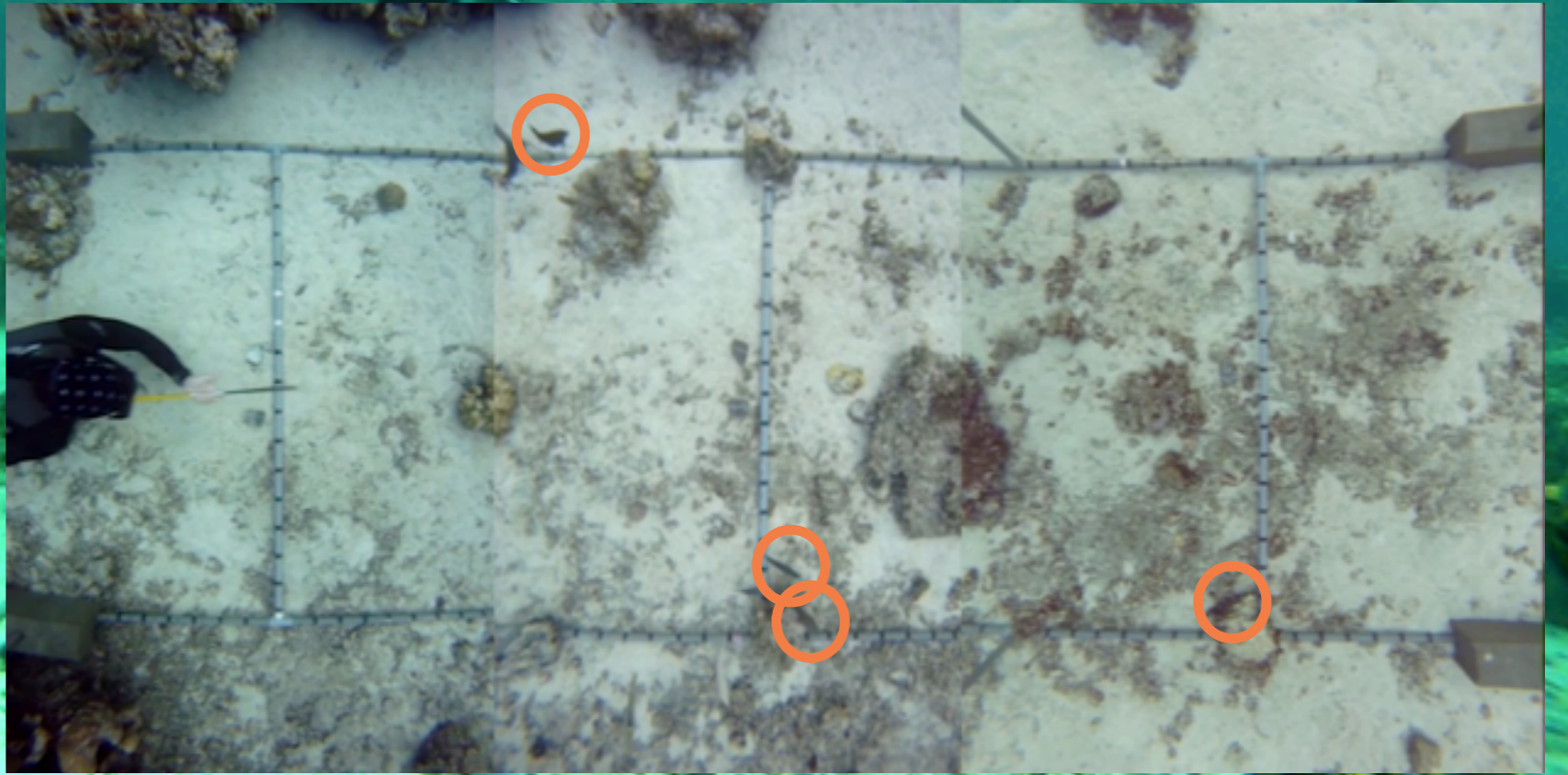
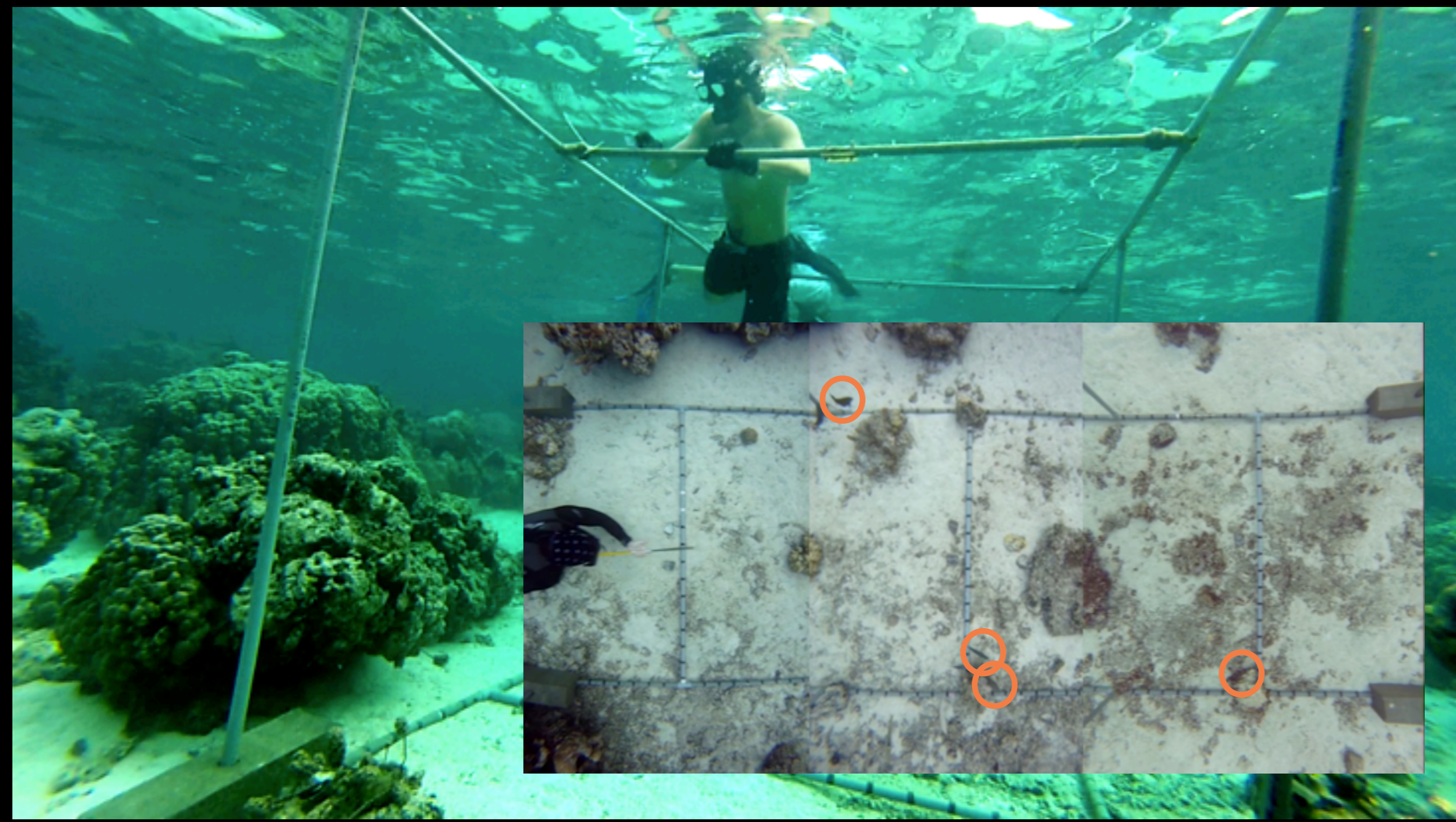
Decision-making in the wild: taking the lab into the sea

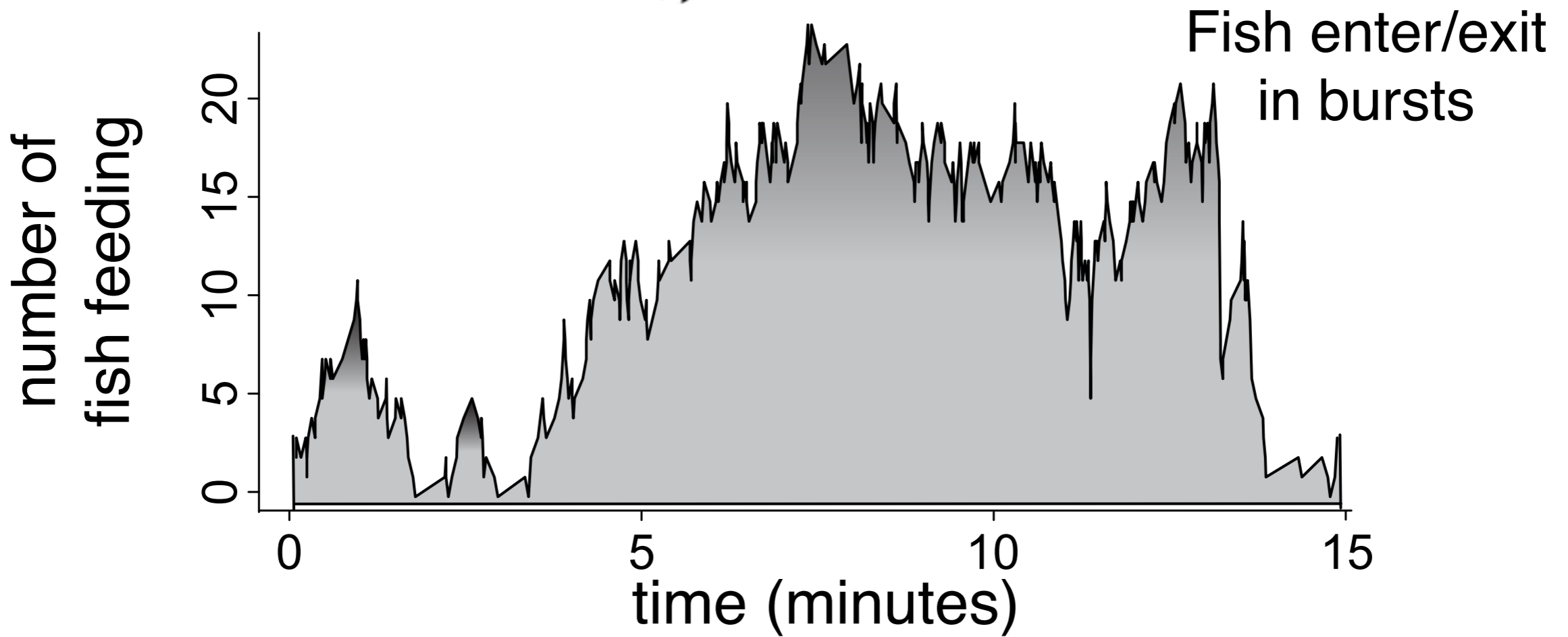
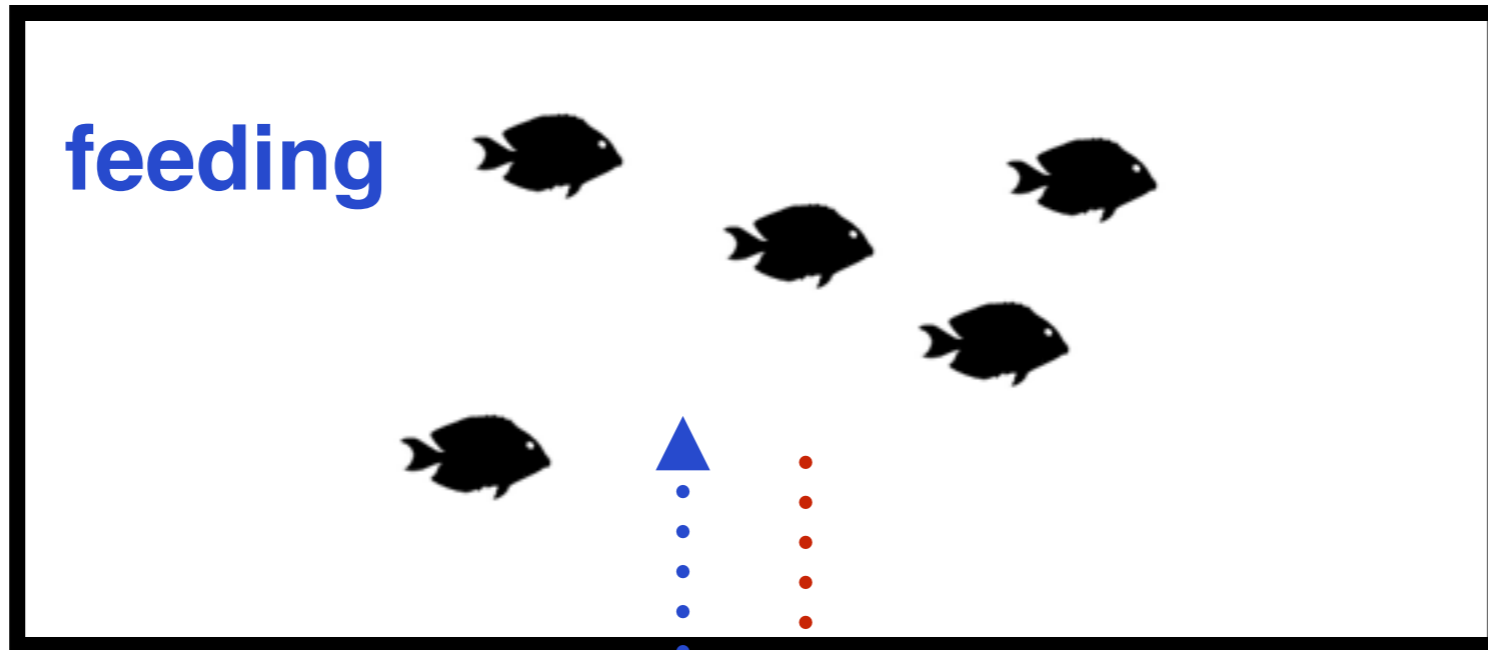


Mike Gil (Postdoc, UCSC)
Colin Twomey (U Penn)

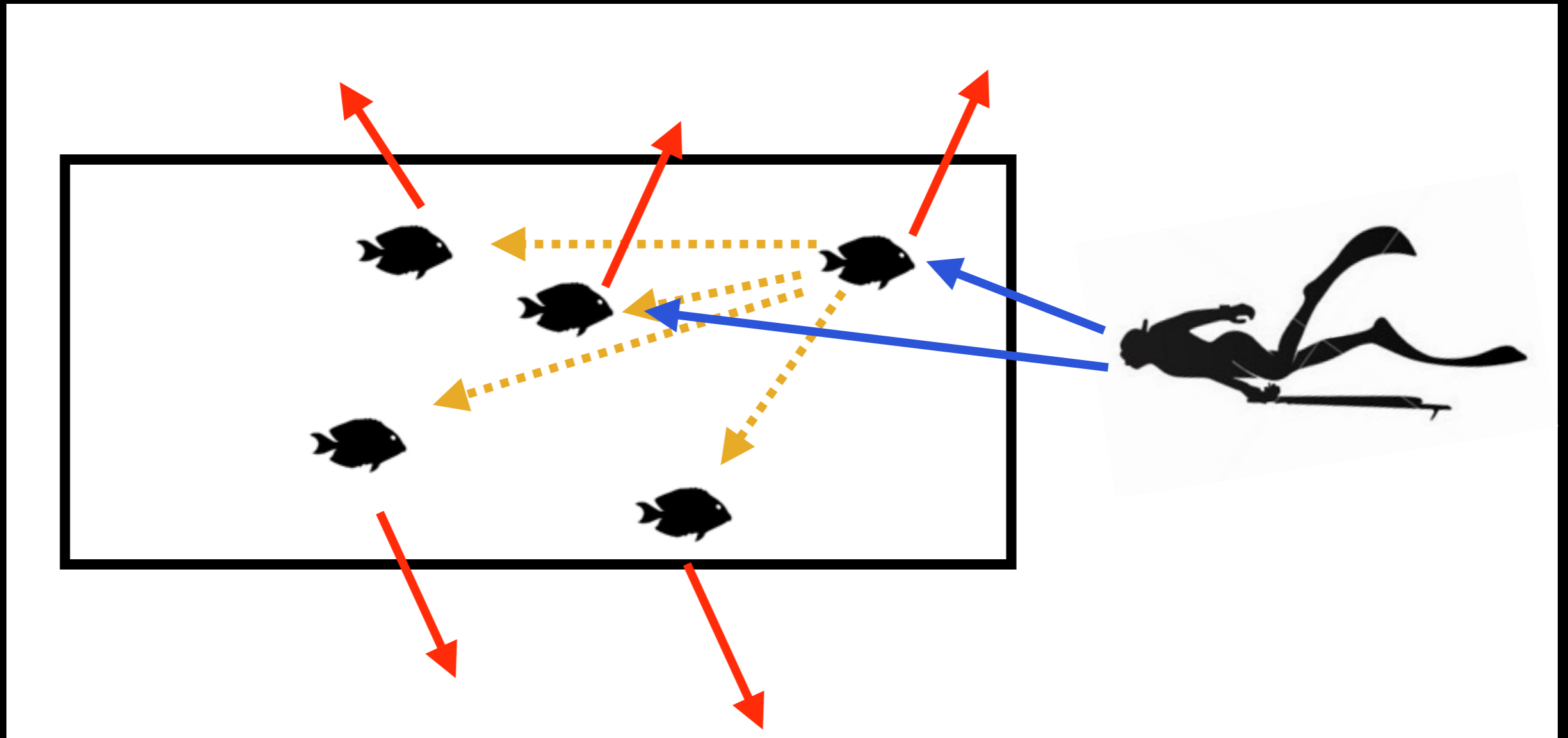




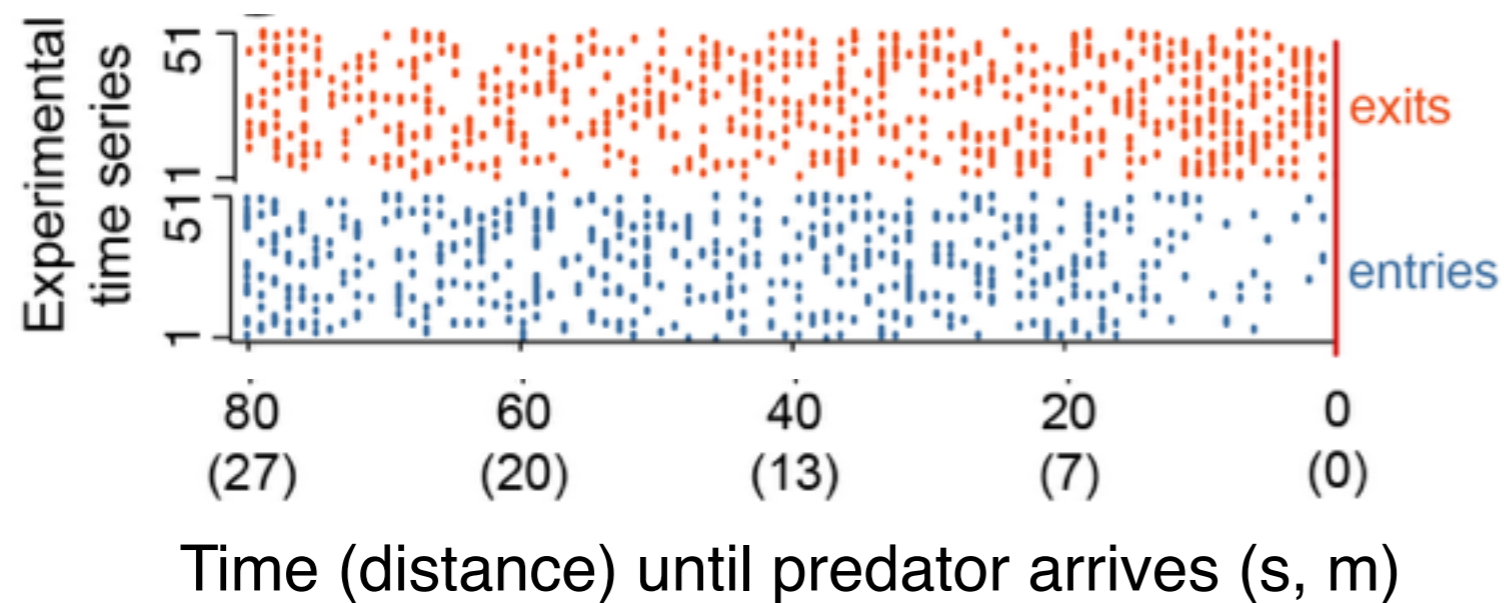
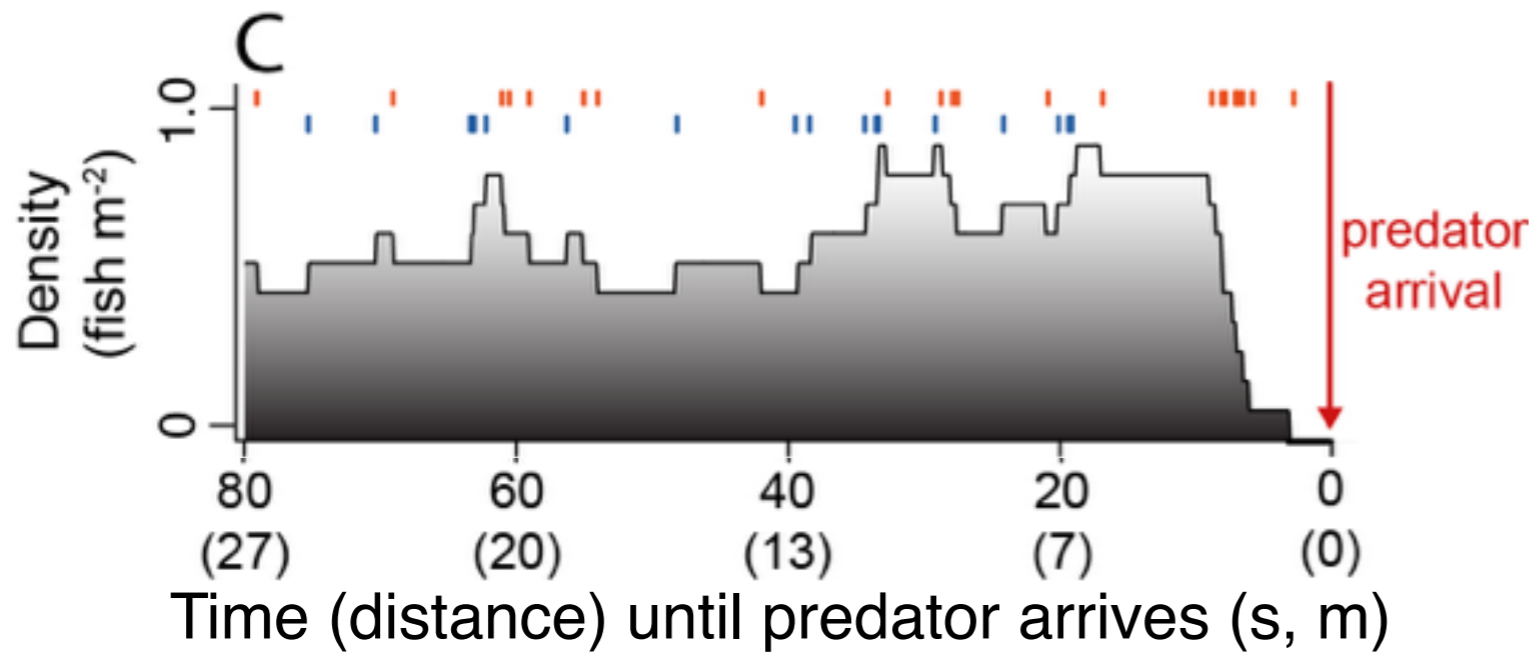
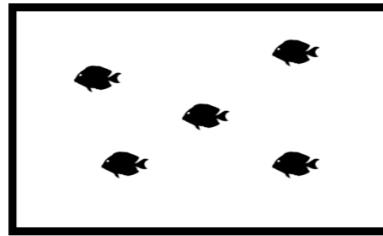




Role of sensory information?



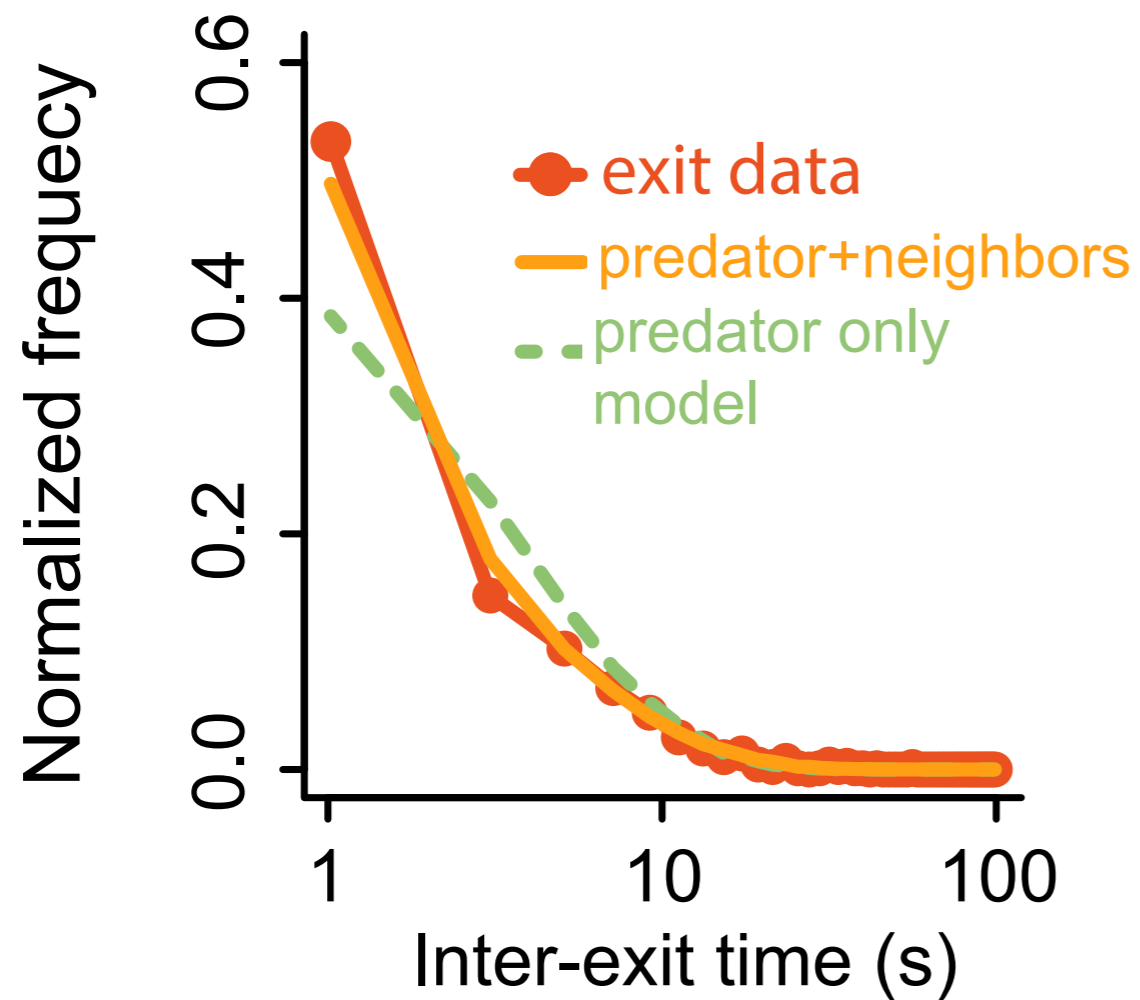
Could generate observed “bursty” behavior



Formulate as self-exciting birth-death model

Likelihood-based method for comparing models

Fish respond to both predators and other fish



Two important effects
of neighbor density:

spontaneous

$$\text{rate} = \lambda(t) + \theta(t) + \psi(t)$$

social
excitation

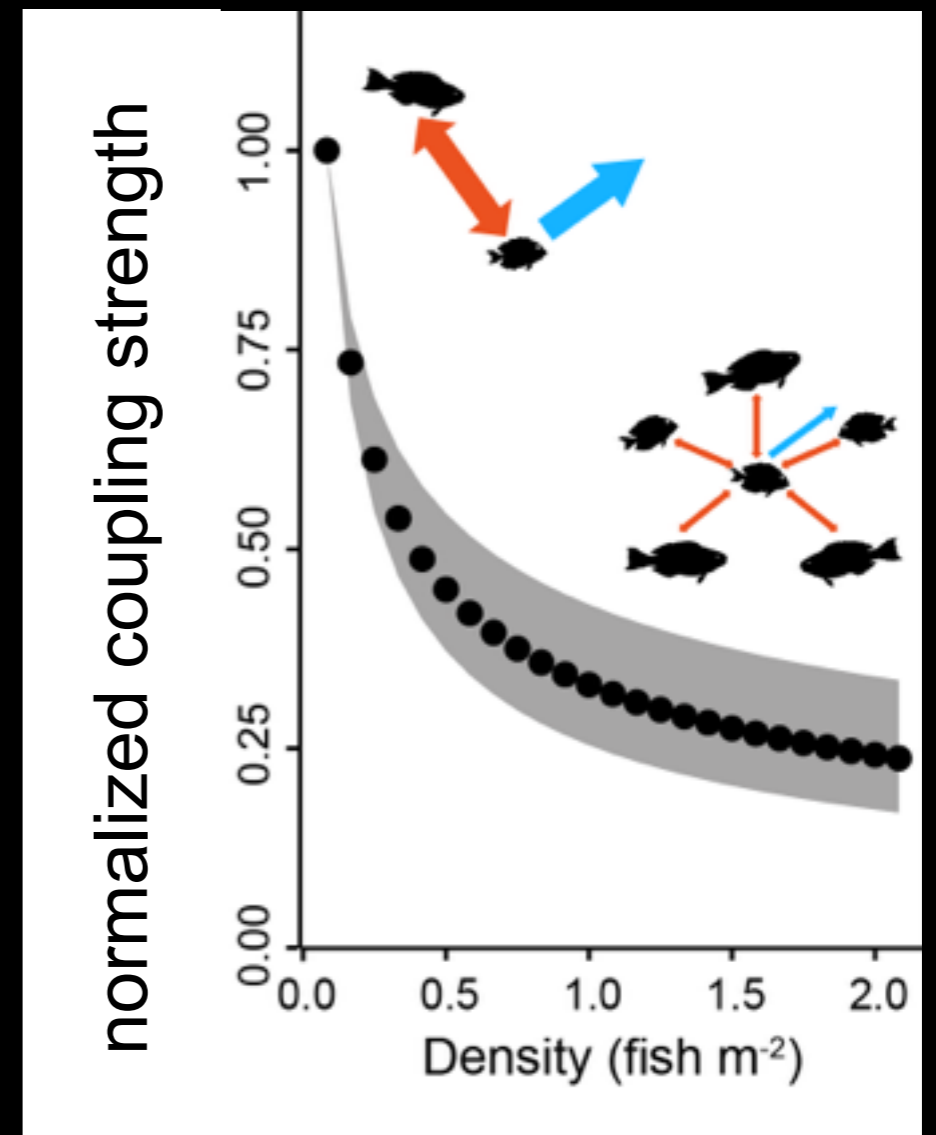
predator forcing

Lower spontaneous exit
rate when more
neighbors present

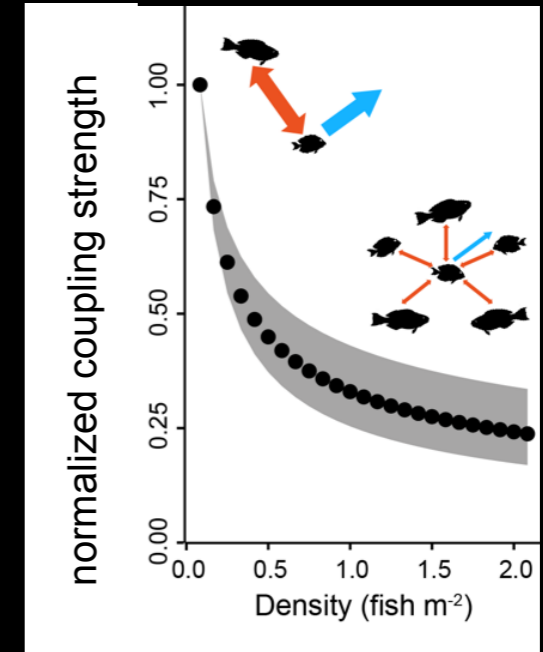
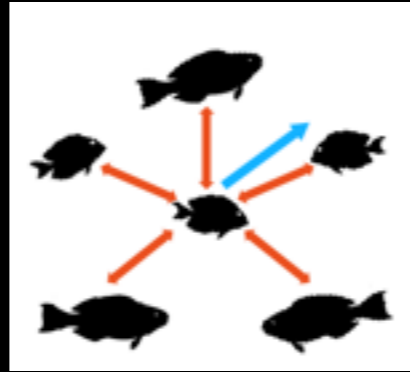
$$\lambda(t) = \lambda_0 N(t)^{-\eta}$$

Less responsive to
exits when more
neighbors present

$$\psi(t) = \psi_0 N(t)^{-\gamma} \sum_{t_i < t} e^{-\alpha(t-t_i)}$$

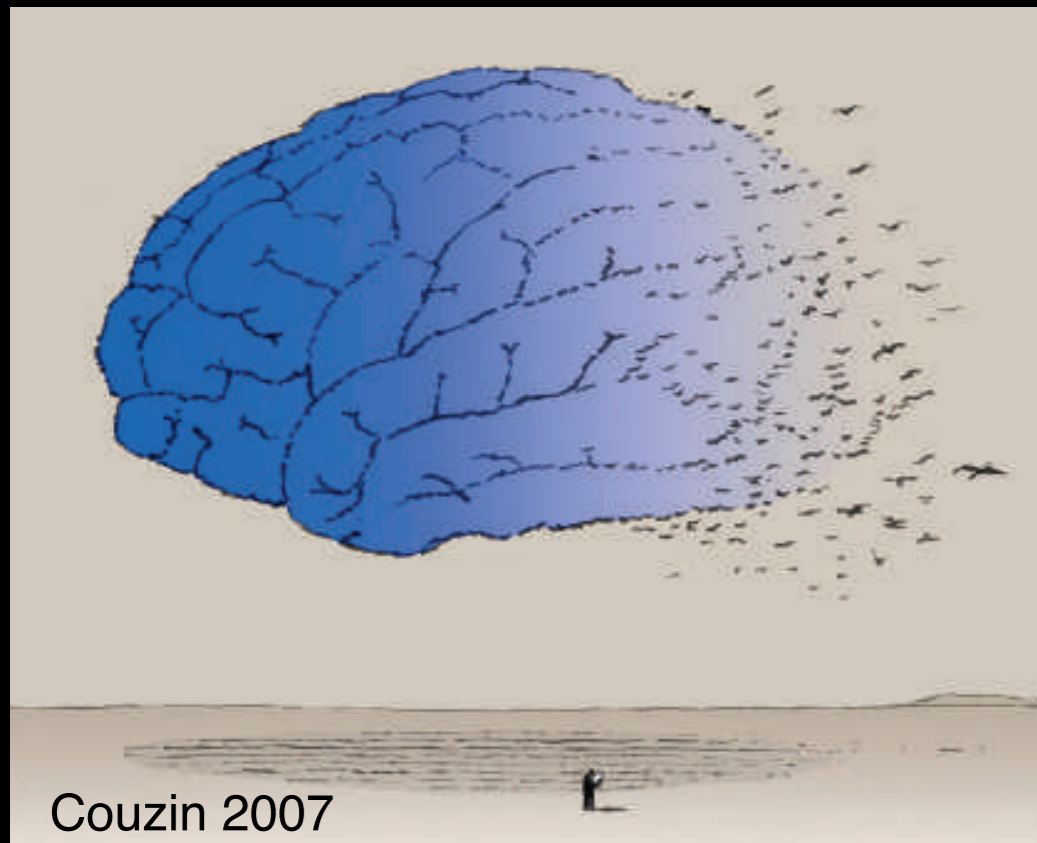


simulation experiment



**Lowered responsiveness
prevents hypersensitivity**

Hypersensitivity/Hyposensitivity in collective systems



INTERFACE

rsif.royalsocietypublishing.org

Social information use and the evolution of unresponsiveness in collective systems

Anim. Behav., 1995, **50**, 1097–1108

**Collective detection of predatory attack by social foragers:
fraught with ambiguity?**

**Potential disadvantages of using socially acquired
information**

Luc-Alain Giraldeau^{1*}, Thomas J. Valone² and Jennifer J. Templeton³



RESEARCH ARTICLE

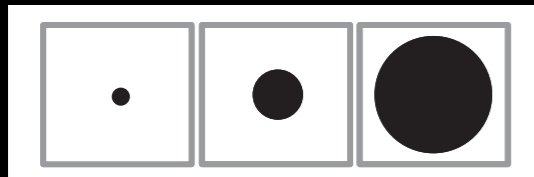


The evolution of distributed sensing and collective computation in animal populations

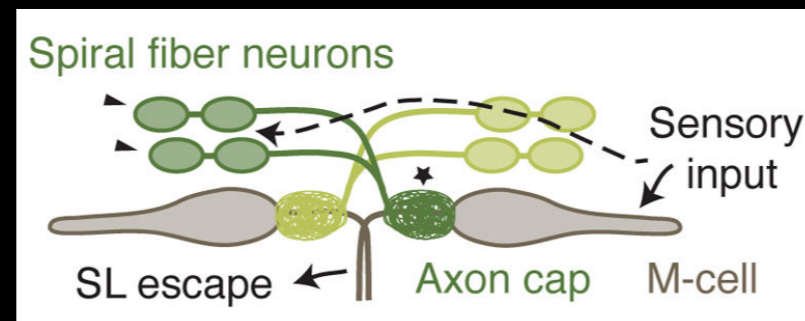
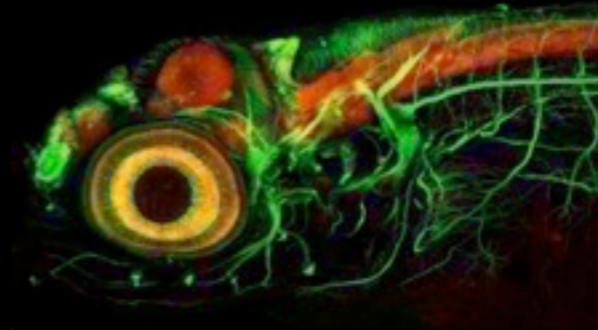
Andrew M Hein^{1*†}, Sara Brin Rosenthal^{2,3†}, George I Hagstrom^{1†}, Andrew Berdahl⁴, Colin J Torney⁵, Iain D Couzin^{3,6*}

Hein et al. *eLife* 2015

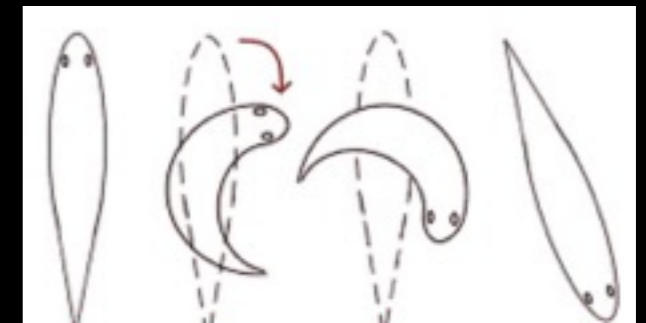
What is the neural basis of these phenomena?



looming visual stimulus



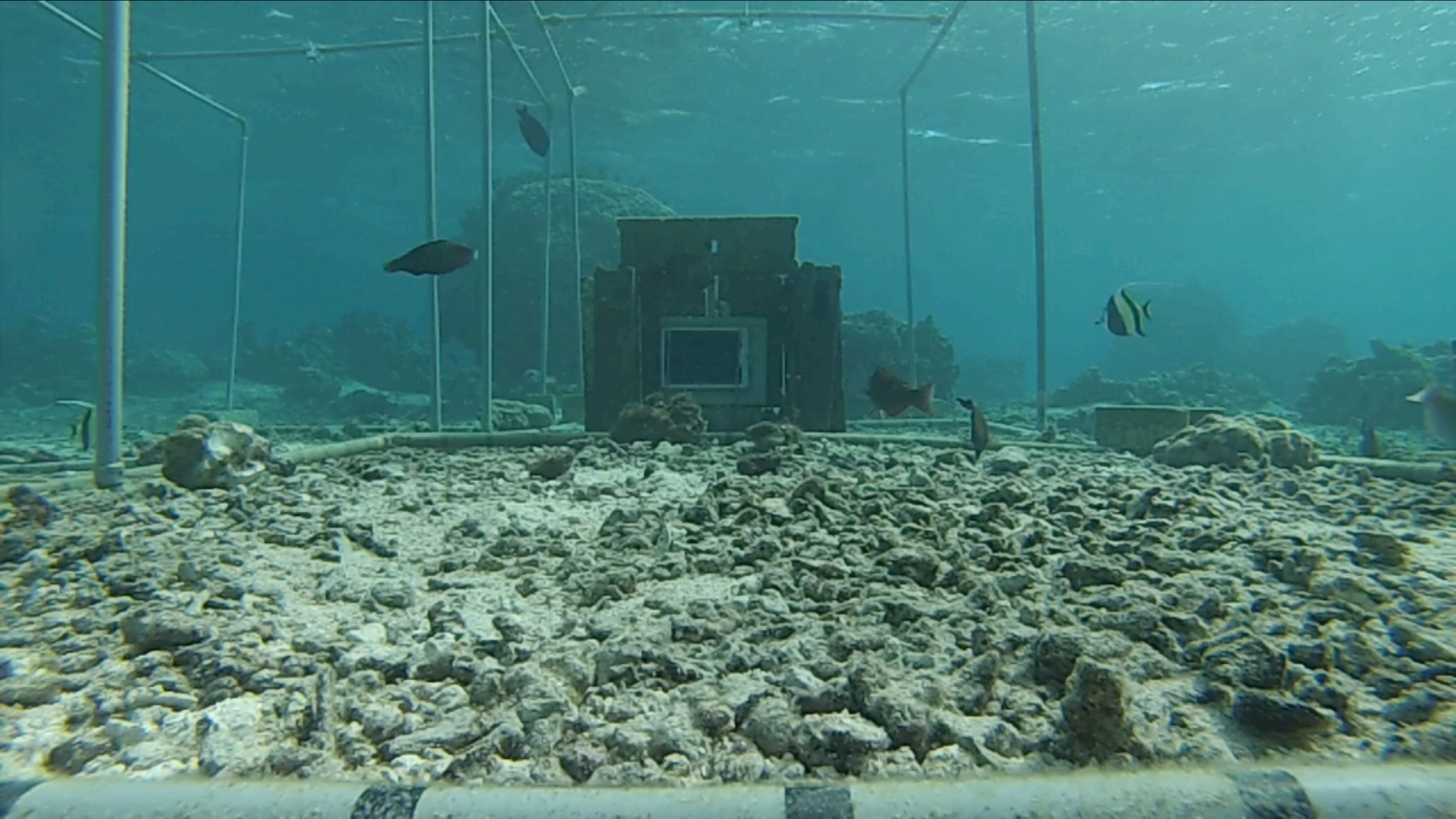
threat detection

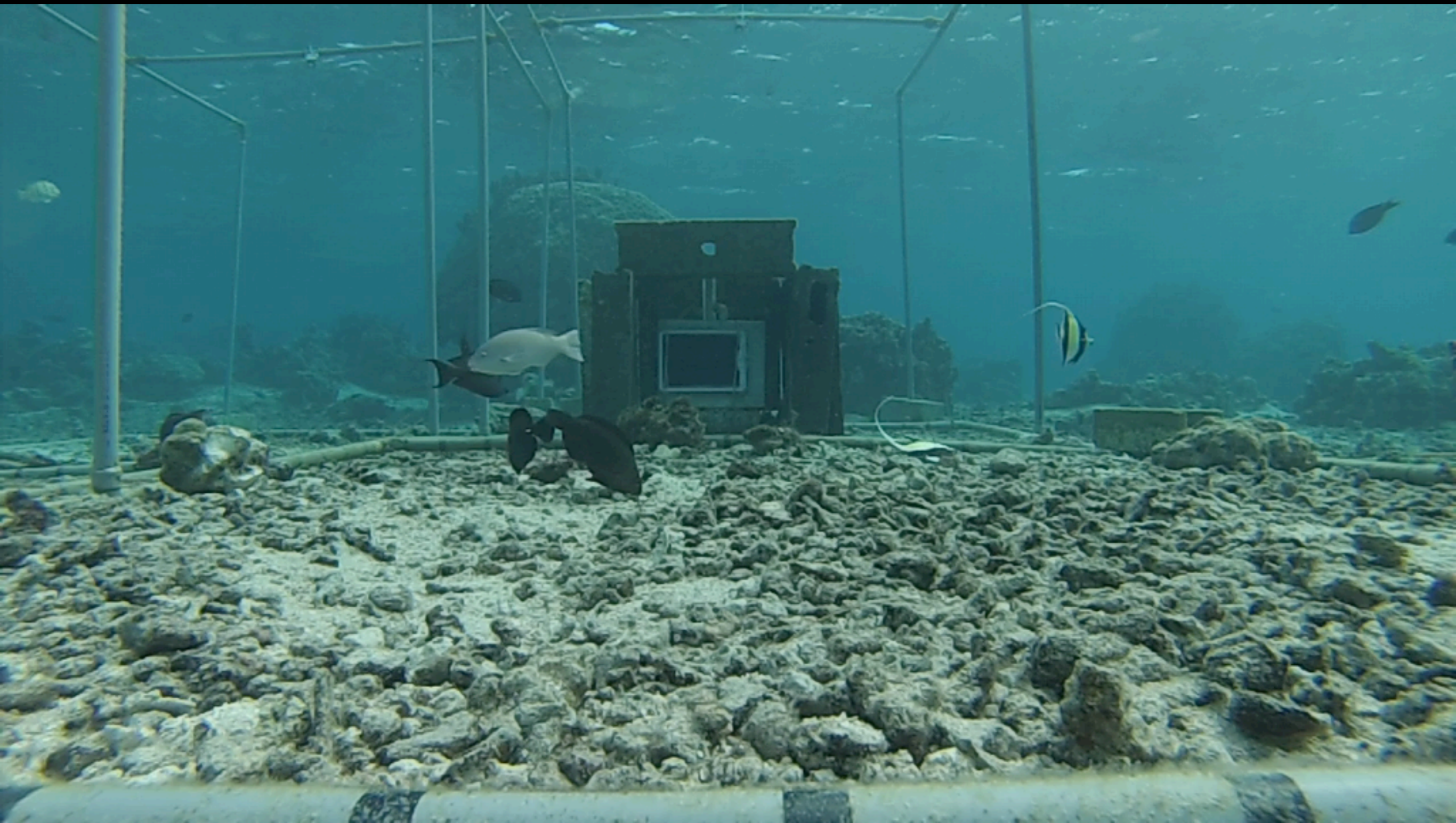


triggers escape response









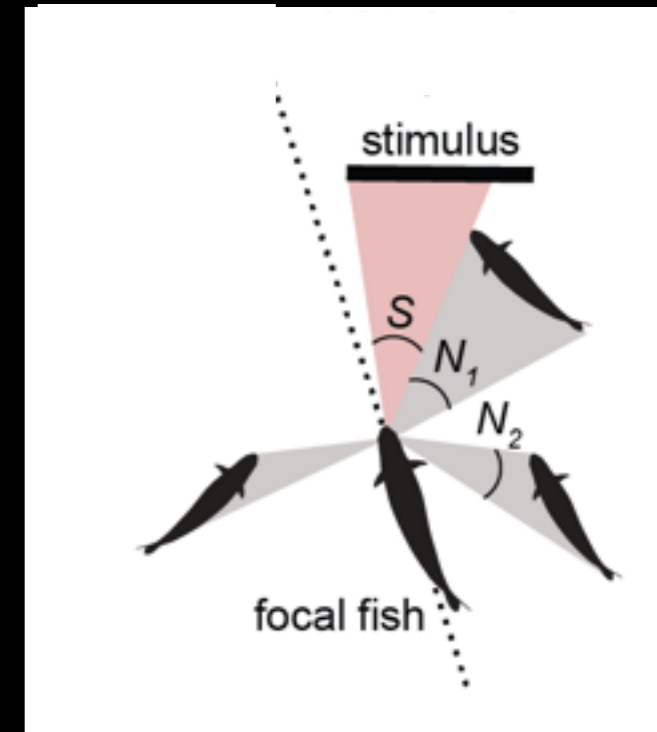


The nature of information flow

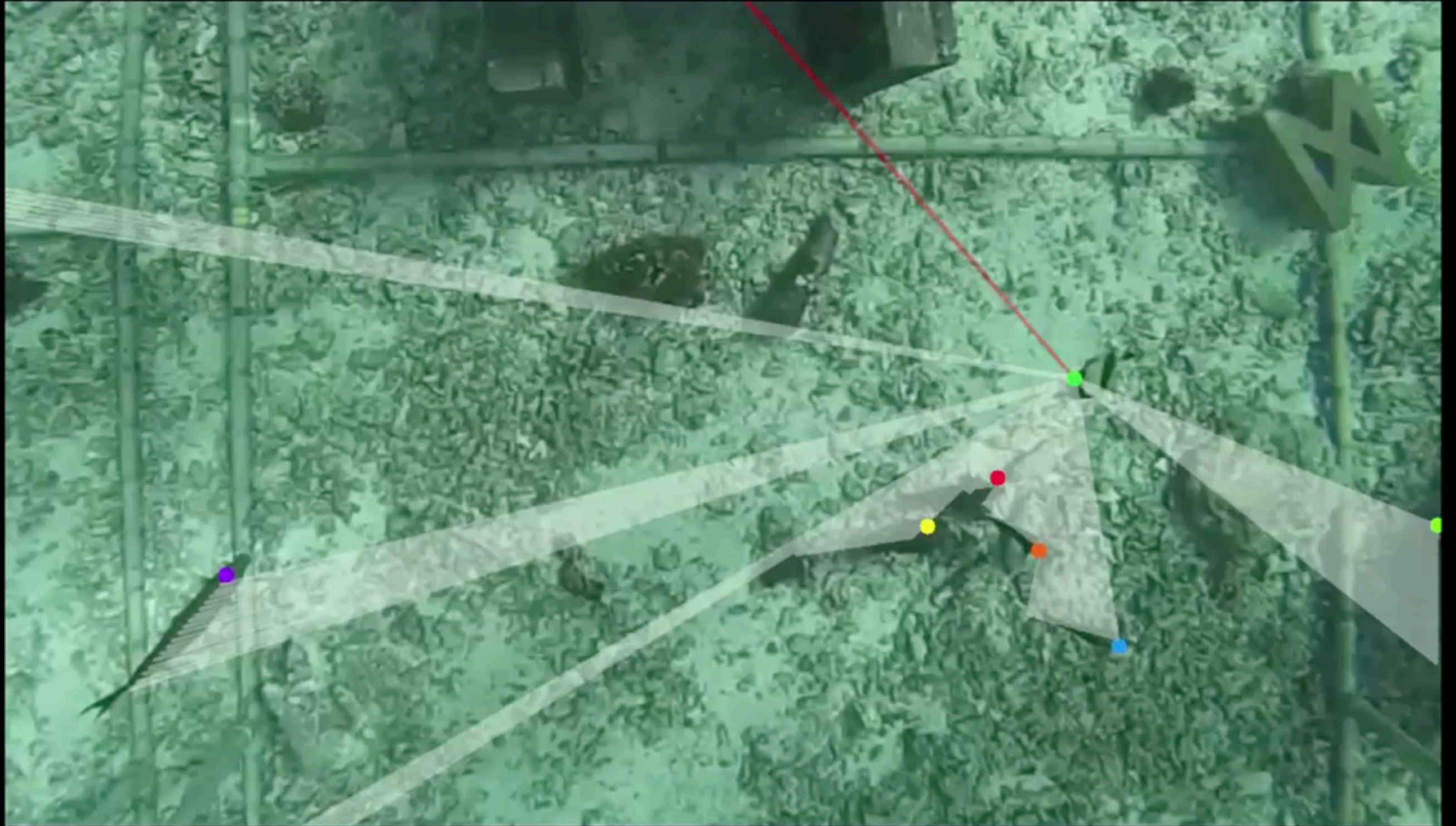
Data about threat transmitted through visual cues

What is the processing algorithm (decision rule) that transforms data into action?

Need to know exactly what fish saw



Sensory reconstruction



A decision-making circuit for threat response

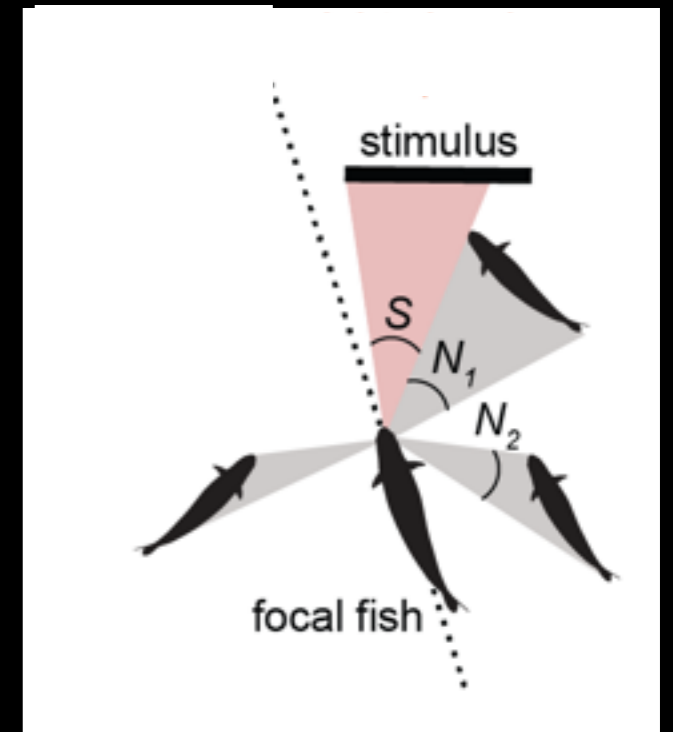
loom expansion rate

$$D(t) = \kappa_1 S' \exp(-\kappa_2 S - \kappa_3 N)$$

$\kappa_i > 0$ are constants

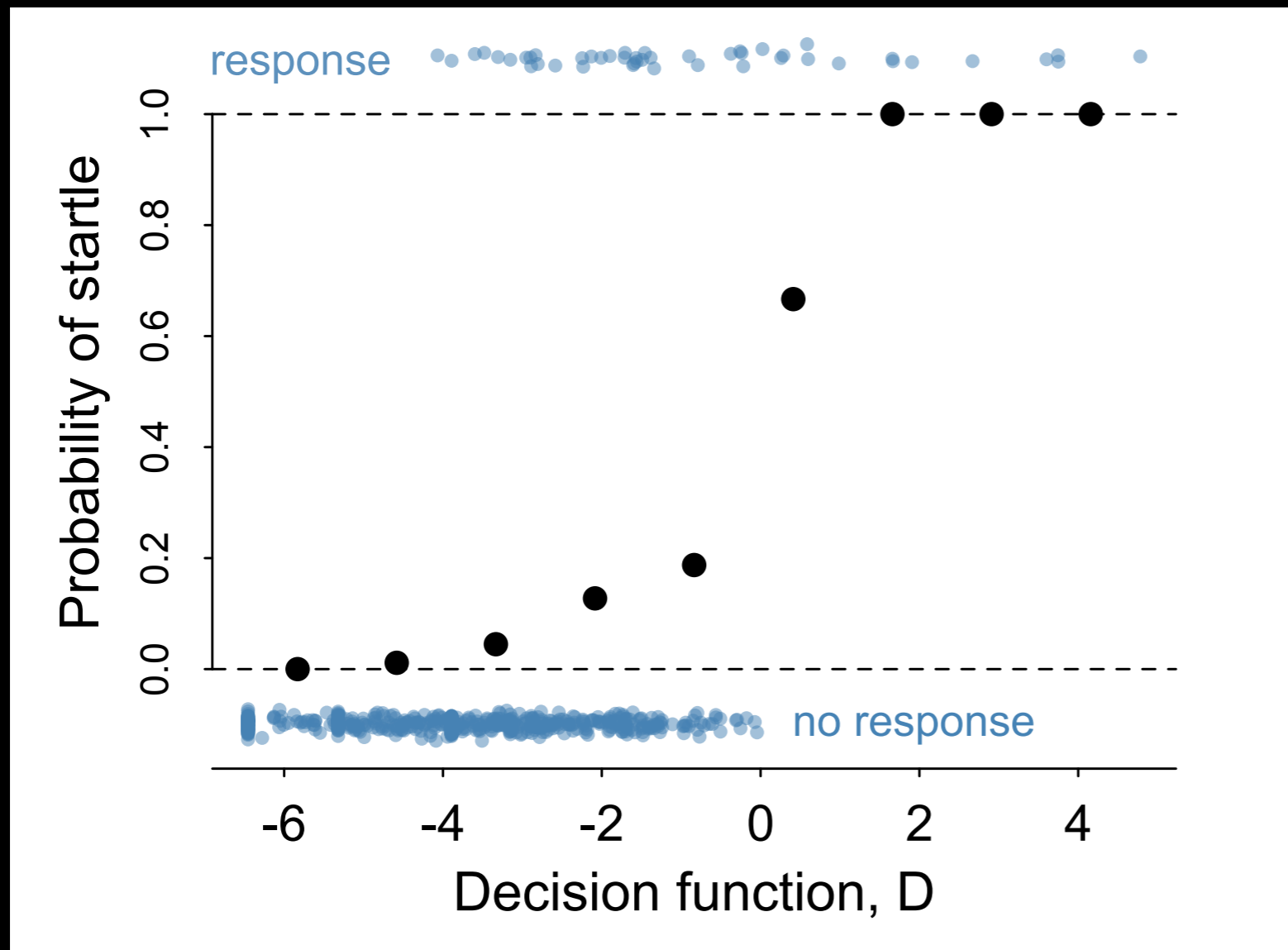
loom size

visual area occupied by
neighboring fish



Mechanism for response rescaling from previous experiment

A decision-making circuit for threat detection



Correctly classifies
82-97% of responses
out of sample

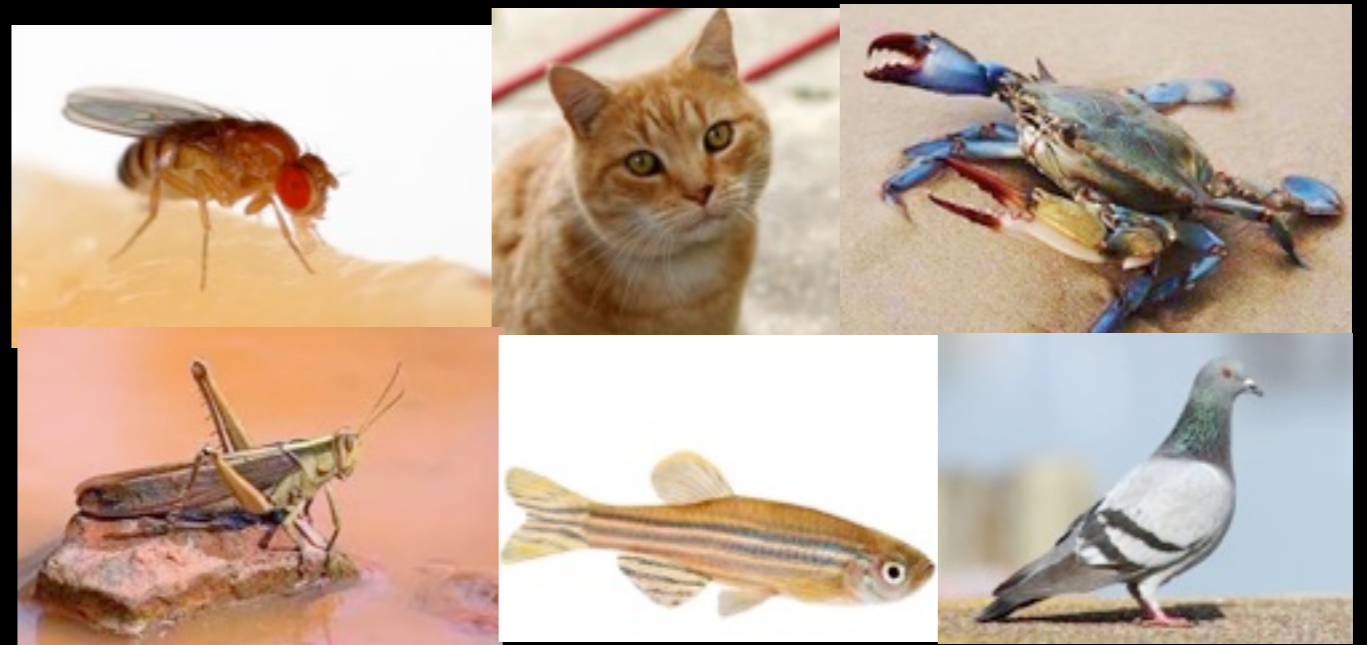
$$D(t) = \kappa_1 S' \exp(-\kappa_2 S - \kappa_3 N)$$

Same rule applies
to 12 species in 9
families



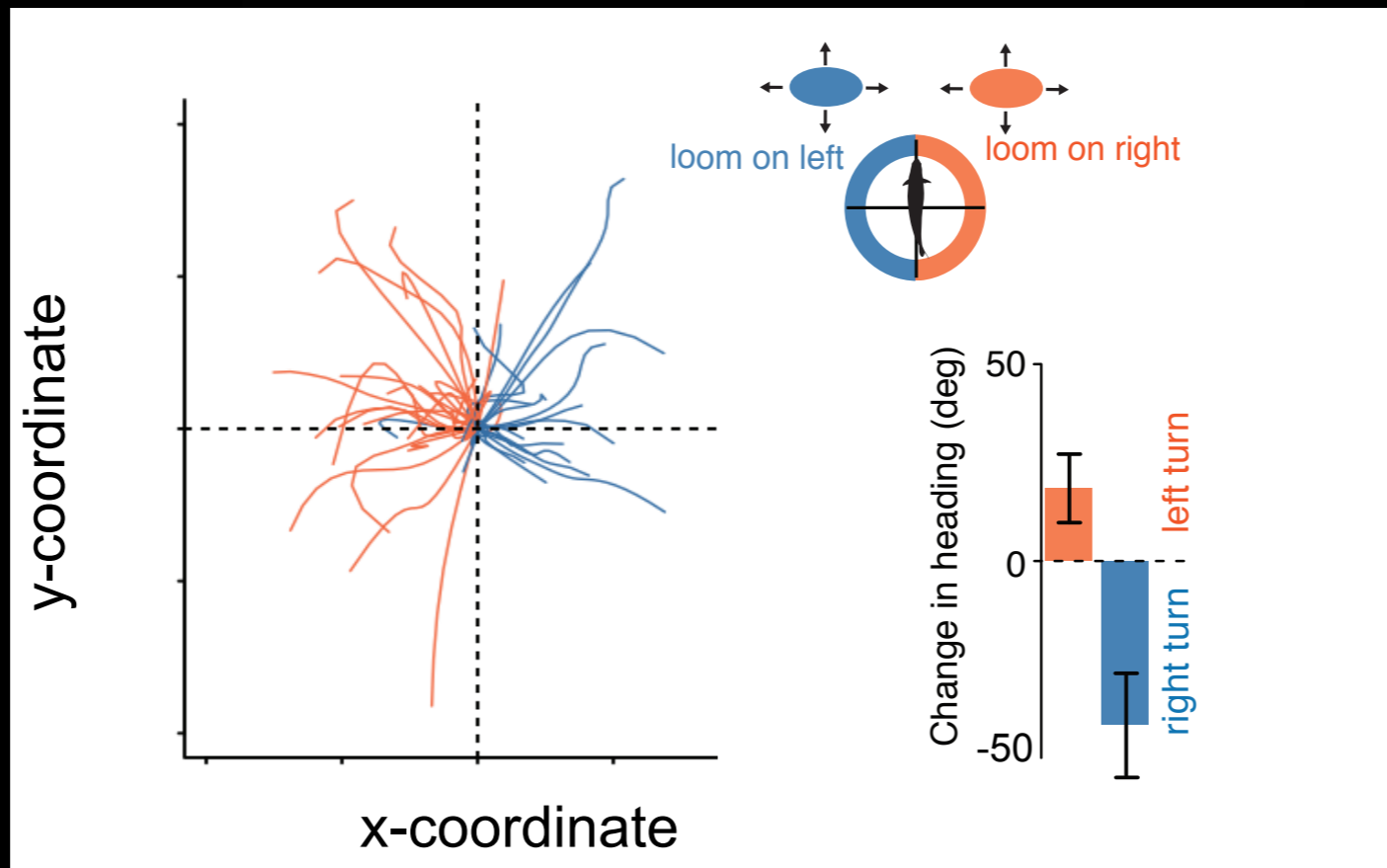
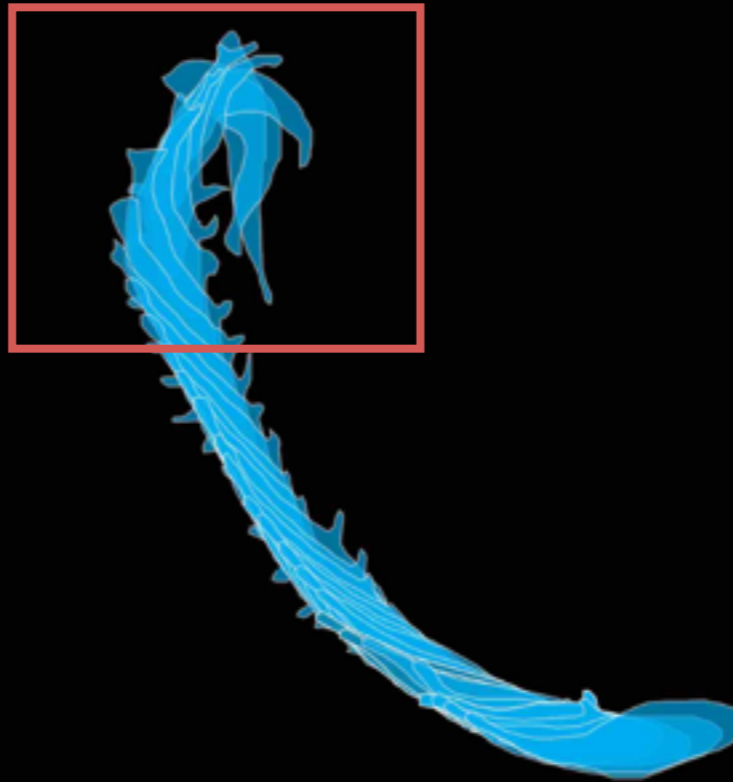
We weren't the first to find
this decision rule

$$D(t) = k_1 S' \exp(-k_2 S)$$

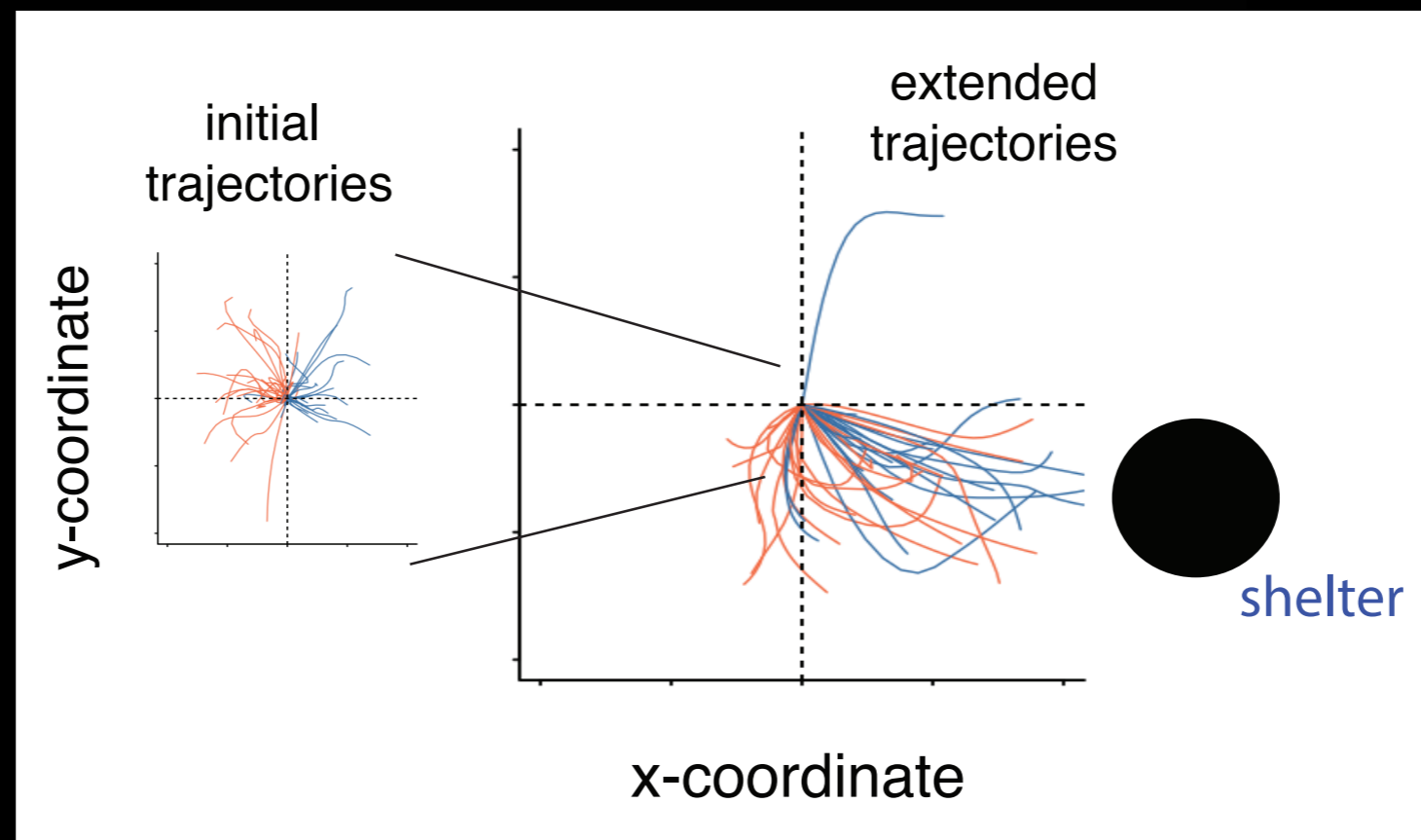


Conserved algorithm translates data into escape responses

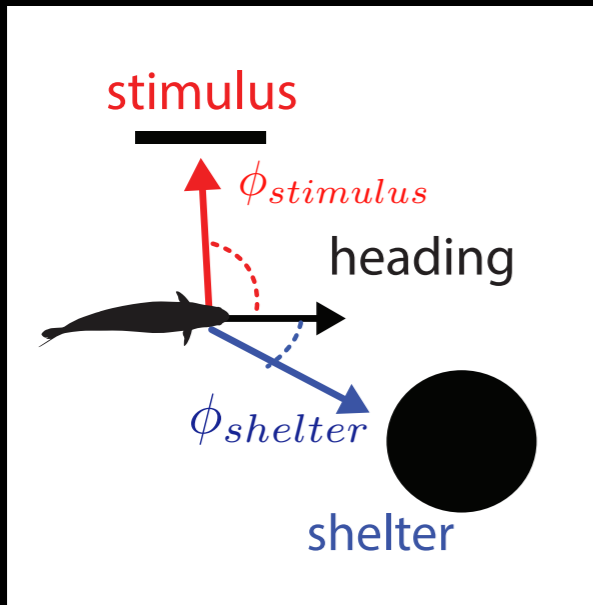
A nod to Navigation



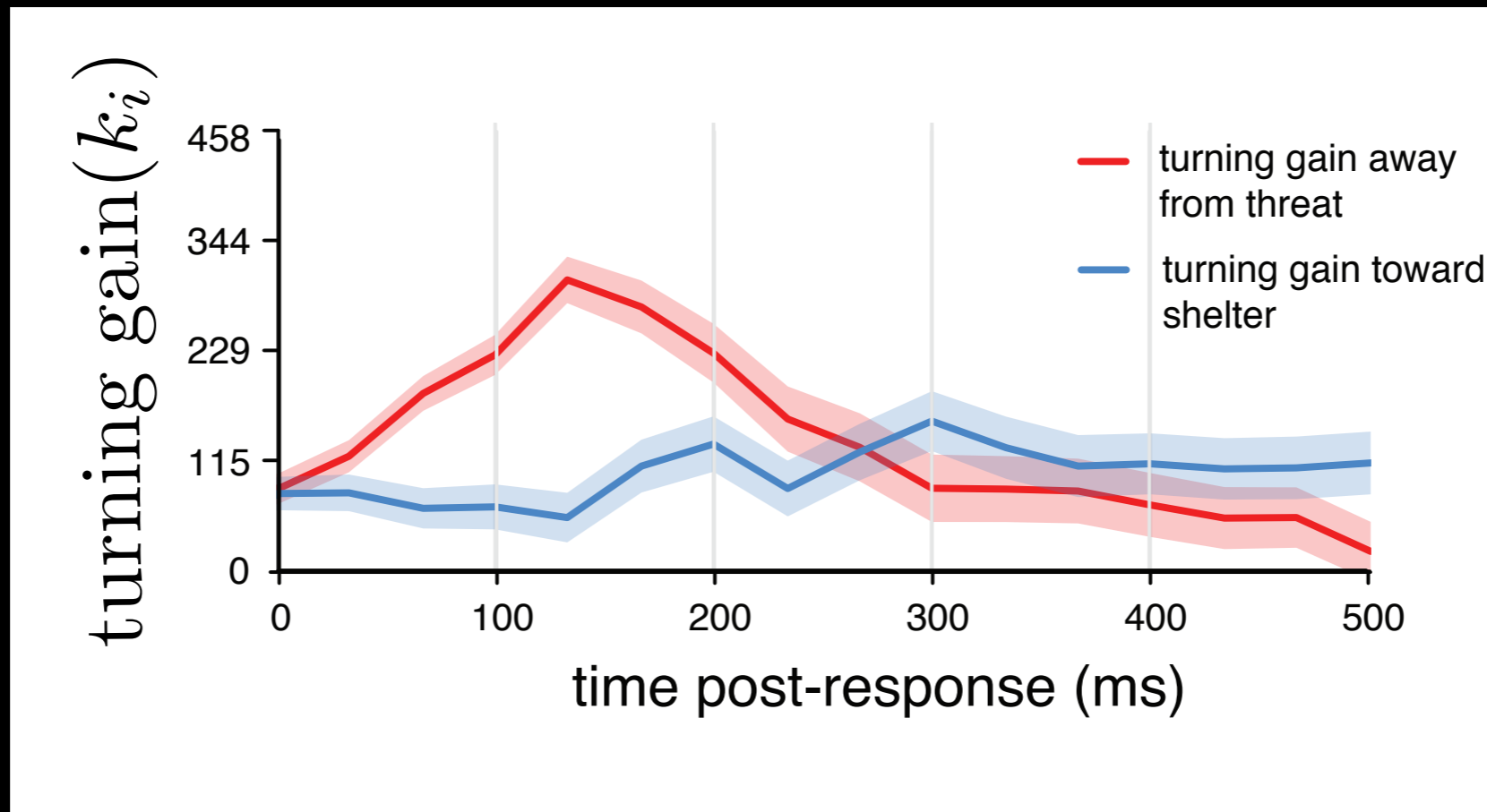
Transition in trajectory control



Dynamic gain control



$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = k_0(t)\phi_{shelt}(t) - k_1(t)\phi_{stim}(t)$$

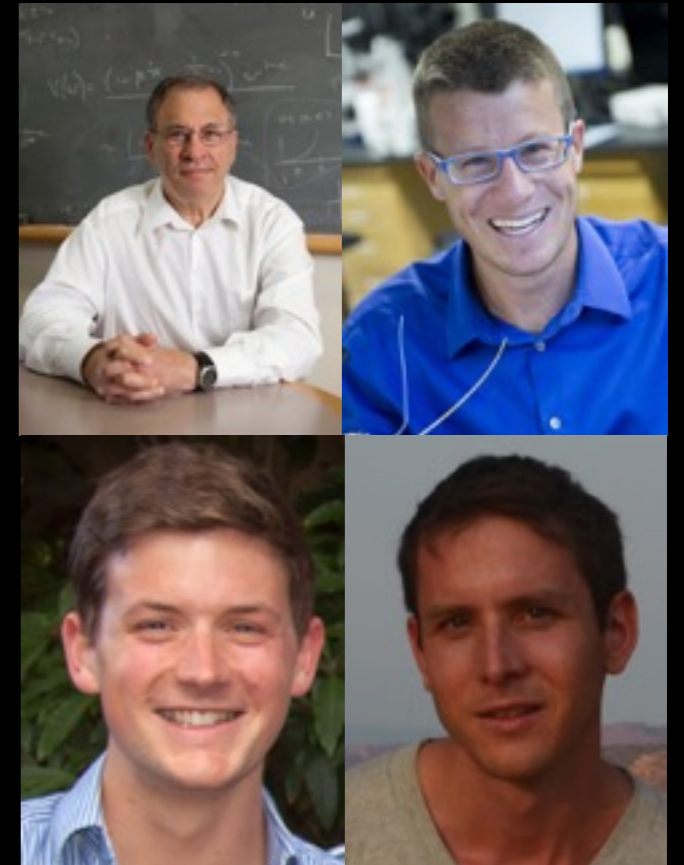
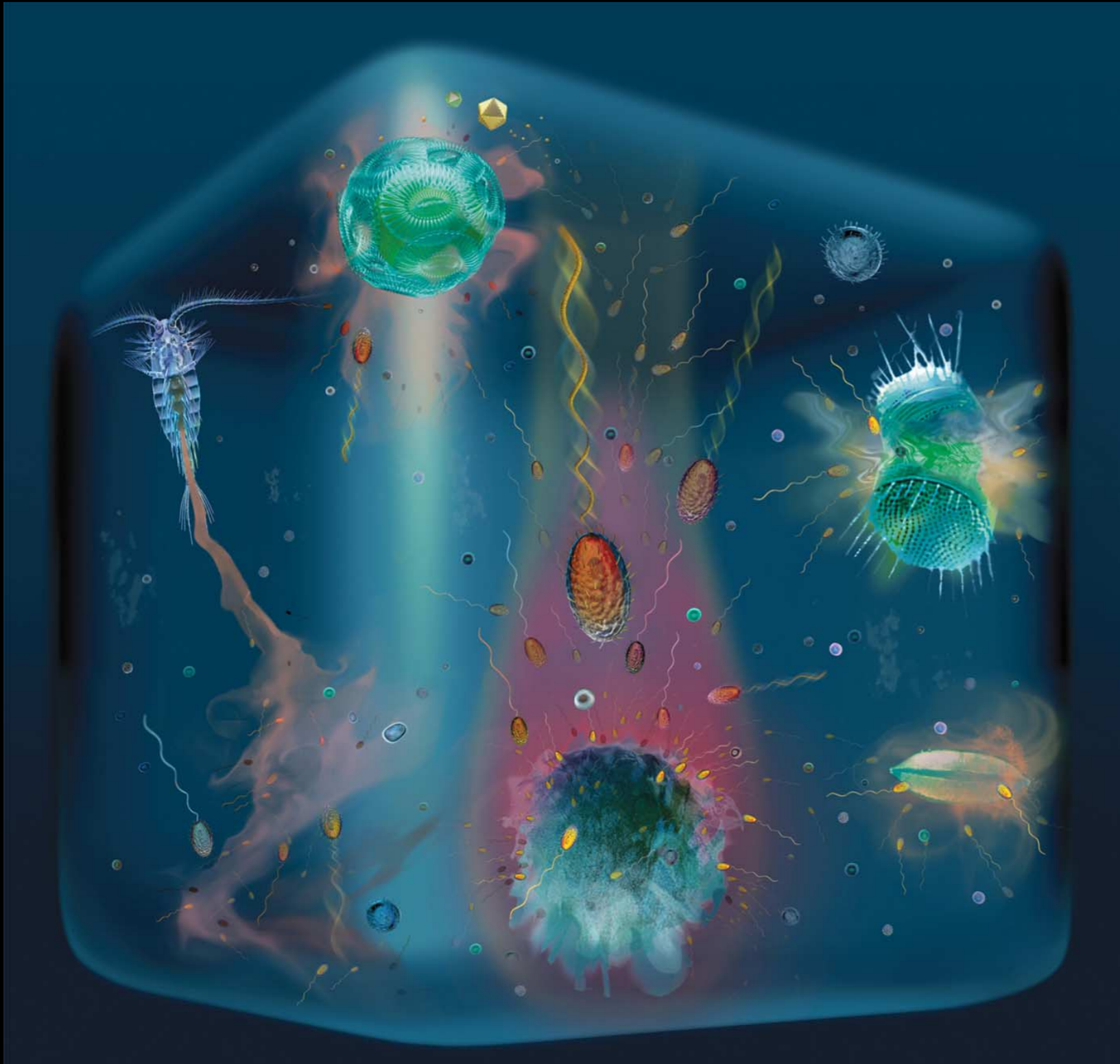


Decision-making in an ecological system

- Individual and collective computations simultaneous
- Multi-objective navigation
- Response rescaling, gain control
- Specific neural circuits implicated (M-cell)

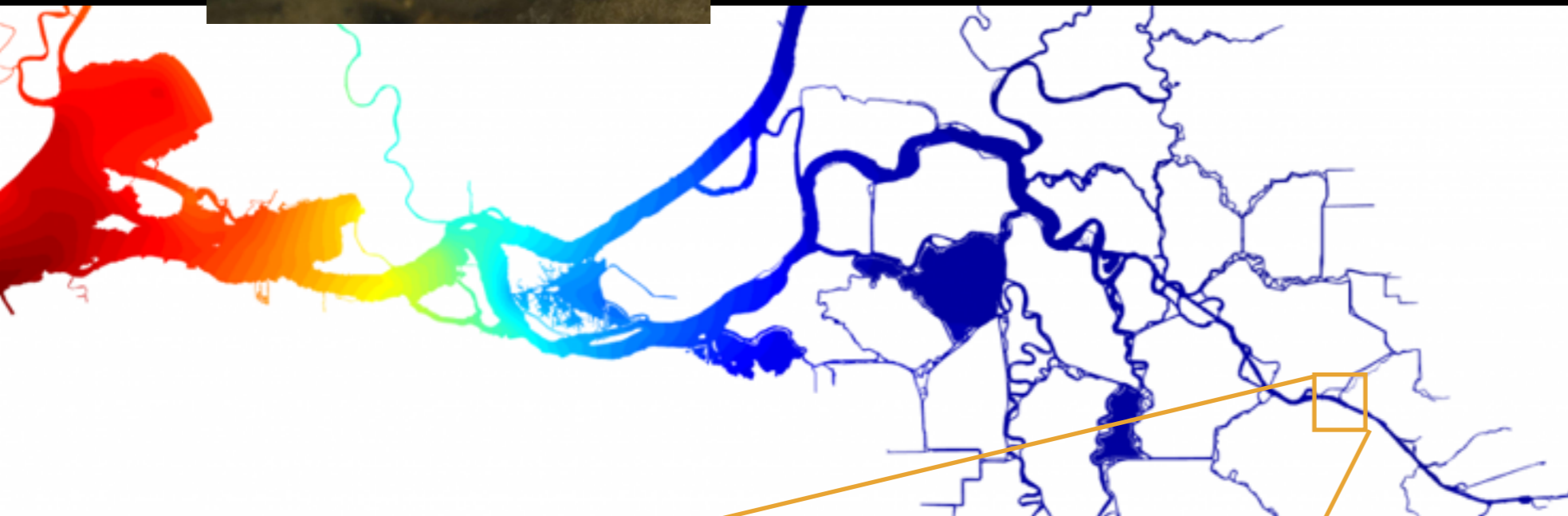


Bacterial navigation in dynamic seascapes



Simon Levin
Roman Stocker
Francesco Carrara
Doug Brumley

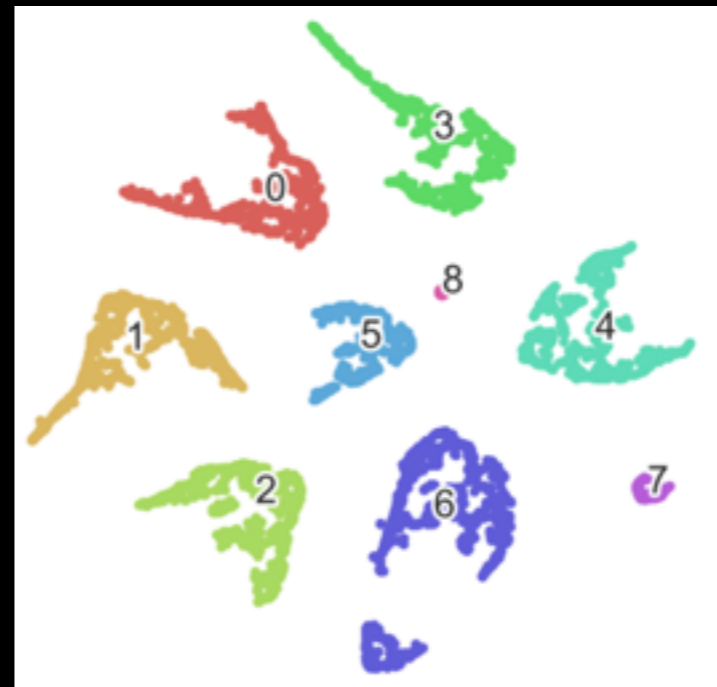
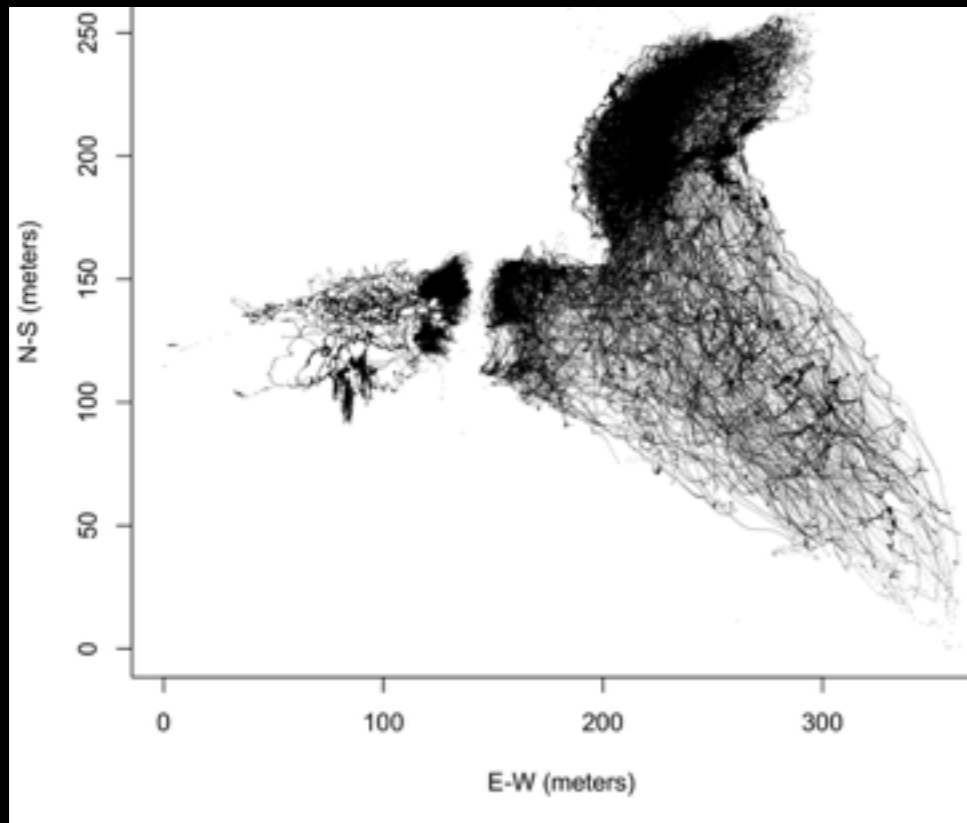
Fish navigation through rivers and estuaries



Natnael Hamda
Vamsi Sridharan



Fish navigation through rivers and estuaries: behavioral repertoire mapping



Natnael Hamda
Vamsi Sridharan

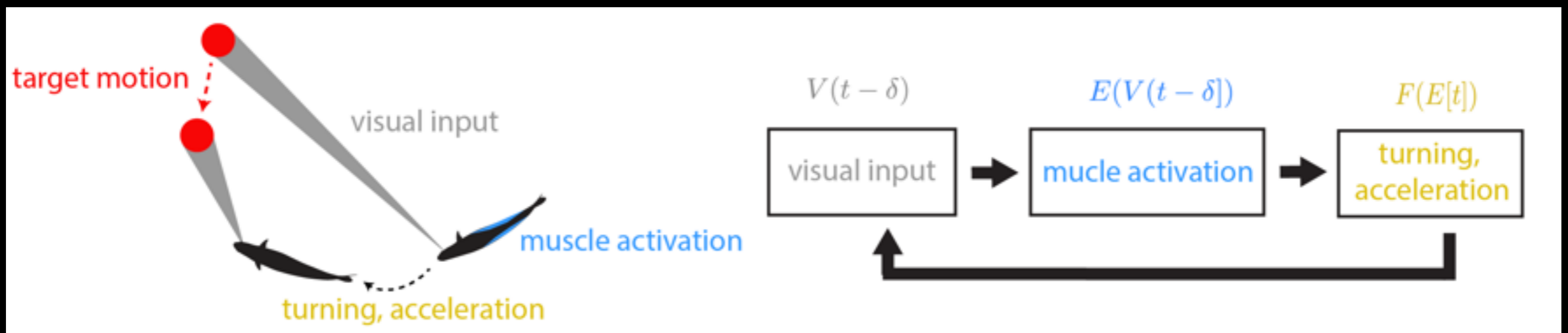
Berman et al.
2014, 2016



Behavioral control during attack and evasion in turbulence



Jimmy Liao
Ben Martin
Steve Munch



Untangling the bank



behavior, decision-making,
information processing



Algorithms

Collaborators

Mike Gil (UC Davis)
Colin Twomey (U Penn)
Brin Rosenthal (UCSD)
Iain Couzin (Max Planck)
Ben Martin (UCSC NOAA)
Simon Levin (Princeton, EEB)
Roman Stocker (ETH Zurich, Engineering)
Francesco Carrara (ETH Zurich)
Doug Brumley (U Melbourne)
Steve Munch (UCSC NOAA)
Jimmy Liao (UF)

James S. McDonnell Foundation



SIMONS
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