

HOLOGRAPHIC COSMOLOGY

KNOWN FORMULATIONS OF QG
HOLOGRAPHIC ON BOUNDARY

MEASUREMENT THEORY + GRAVITY →
LOCAL PHYSICS MUST BE AMBIGUOUS/GAUGE VARIANT

CONNECTION TO PROBLEM OF TIME:
 $U(t, t_0)$ NOT UNIQUELY SPECIFIED

HOLOPRINZIP: SMALL CAUSAL DIAMOND HAS FINITE ENTROPY
INTERPRET AS FINITE $\ln \dim \mathcal{H}$

BOUNDARIES ENTER IN FATE OF LARGE CAUSAL DIAMONDS

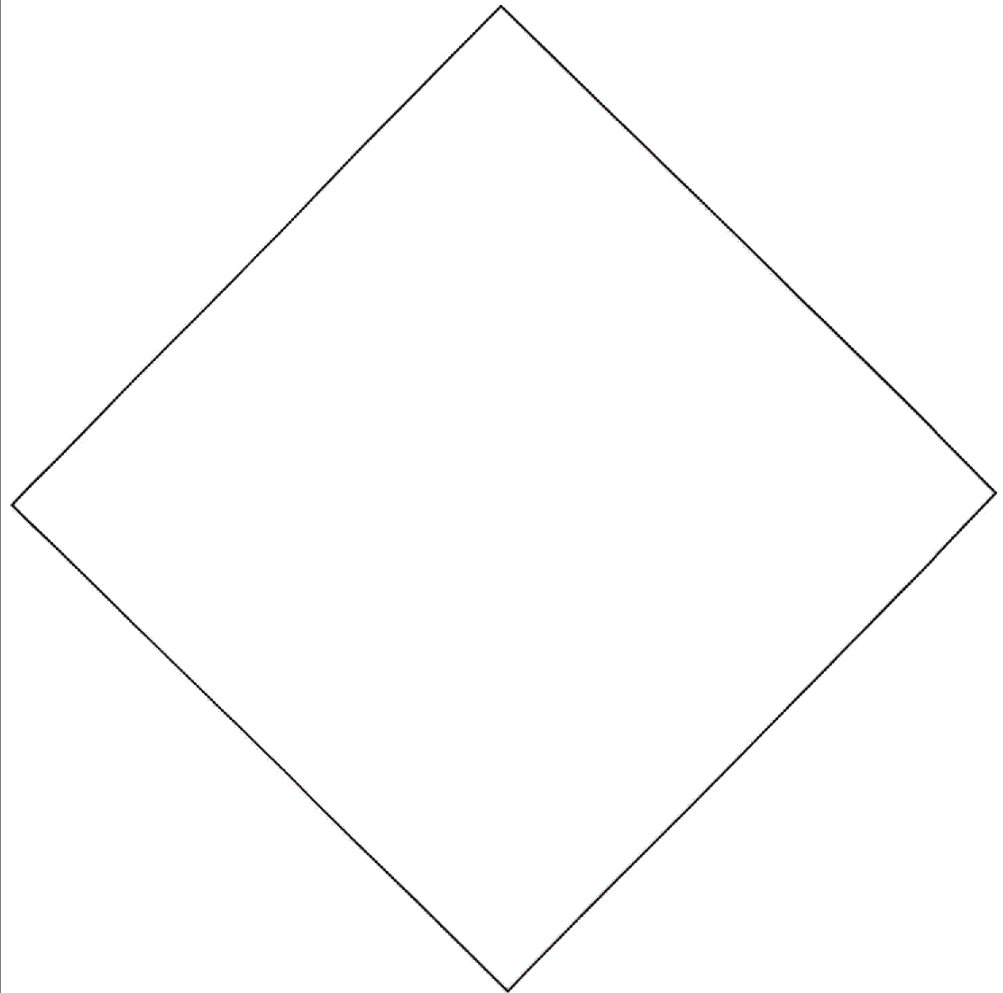
ASY FLAT: N GOES TO INFINITY WITH TIMELIKE SEPARATION

ASY ADS: N GOES TO INFINITY

AT FINITE TIMELIKE SEPARATION

ASY DS: N STAYS FINITE FOR ∞ TIMELIKE SEPARATION

BANG OR CRUNCH: DIAMONDS → CONES



**HILBERT SPACE OF AN OBSERVER
AND IT'S NEIGHBORS**

$$\mathcal{H}_N(\mathbf{x}) = \mathcal{K} \otimes \mathcal{H}_{N-1}(|\mathbf{x}|)$$

$$\text{Dim } \mathcal{K} = e^{A_0}$$

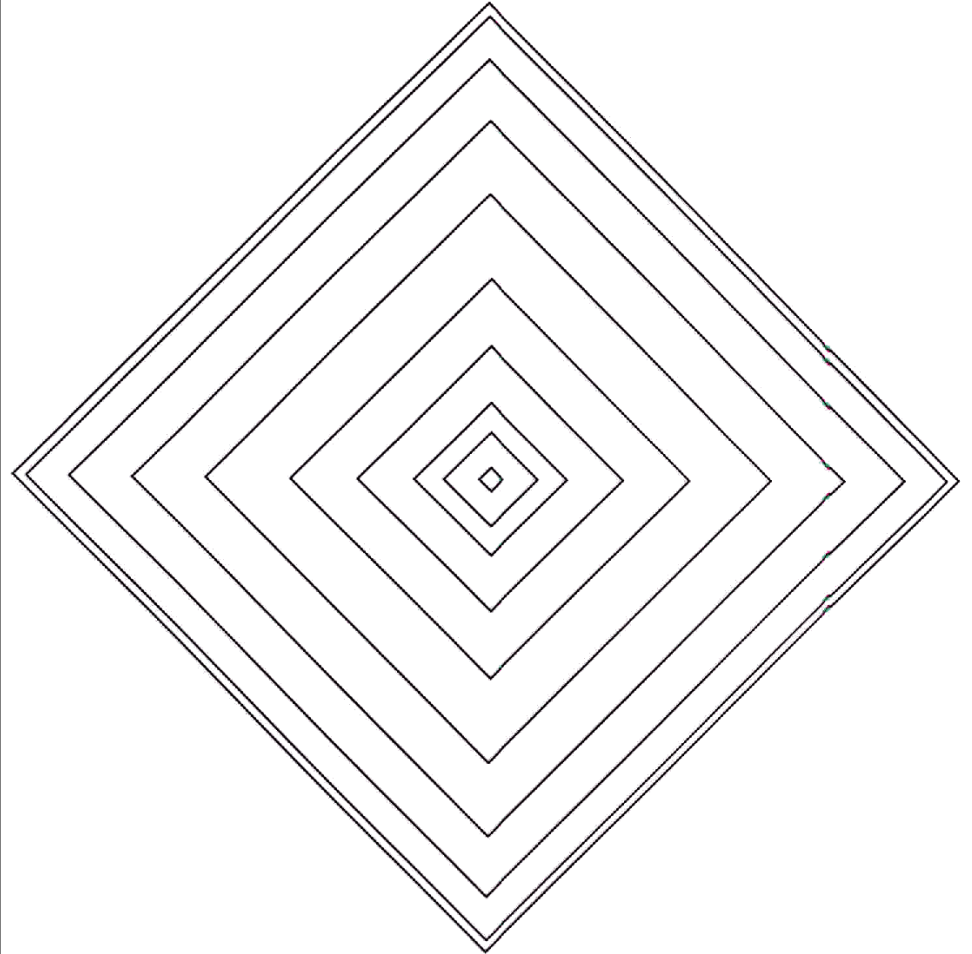
$$\text{IN } \mathcal{H}_N(\mathbf{x}): U_N(k) \quad 0 \leq k \leq N$$

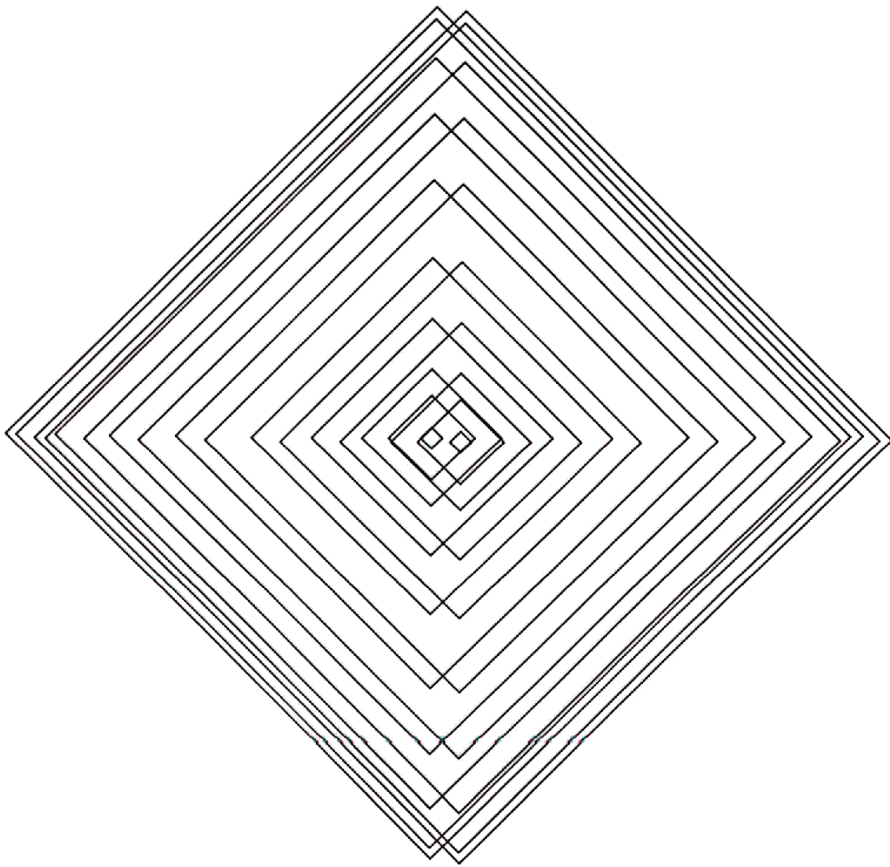
$$k < N, U_N(k) = U_k(k) \otimes V_N(k)$$

NEAREST NEIGHBORS: \mathbf{x} CUBIC SPATIAL LATTICE (TOPOLOGY)
TIPS OF CAUSAL DIAMONDS ON LATTICE POINTS

FOR EACH N AND μ MAP $C(N, \mathbf{x}, \mu)$ FROM
 $e^{(N-1)A_0}$ DIM'L FACTOR OF $\mathcal{H}_N(\mathbf{x}) \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_N(\mathbf{x} + \mu)$
 C 's AND $U_N(k, \mathbf{y})$ MUST BE COMPATIBLE

UV CUTOFF BUT GROWS WITH AREA $A \sim L^{D-2}$





VARIABLES: SUSY AND THE HOLOSREENS

CARTAN PENROSE RELATION: $\bar{\psi}\gamma^N\psi\gamma_N\psi = 0$

DEFINES NULL VECTOR $\bar{\psi}\gamma^M\psi$ AND TRANSVERSE PLANE

$$\bar{\psi}\gamma^{M_1\dots M_k}\psi$$

CLASSICAL PROJECTIVE GAUGE INVARIANCE: $\psi \rightarrow \lambda\psi$

QUANTUM MECHANICS: BHFSB ENTROPY RELATION

BREAKS CONFORMAL INV.

INTRODUCES SPACETIME METRIC

E.G. 11D: $[\hat{S}_a, \hat{S}_b]_+ = \delta_{ab} \quad S_a \in \mathbf{16}$ OF $SO(9)$

CHOOSE \mathcal{K} IRREP OF \hat{S}_a : QUANTIZED HOLOPIXEL

PROJECTIVE INVARIANCE BROKEN TO Z_2

Z_2 GAUGE (KLEIN) TRANSFORMATION

MAKES $S_a(N, \mathbf{x})$ FERMIONS

APPLICATION TO COSMOLOGY

DIAMONDS → CONES, INITIAL STATE PURE

CLASSICAL CLUES: $p = \rho$ DOMINATES NEAR SING IF IT EXISTS

$p = \rho$ CAN SATURATE COVARIANT ENTROPY
BOUND AT ALL TIMES

BKL CHAOS NEAR SINGULARITY

MISNER MIXMASTER, DAMOUR ET. AL. BILLIARDS

PROBLEM OF TIME SUGGESTS RANDOM $H(t)$

FIXED \mathbf{x} , $U_N(k) = e^{-iH_N(k)}$

$H_N(N) = \frac{1}{N}[S^T h_N S + I\{S\}]$

$h_N = -h_N^T$: GAUSSIAN RANDOM $2^{\lfloor \frac{d-2}{2} \rfloor} N \times 2^{\lfloor \frac{d-2}{2} \rfloor} N$ MATRIX

LARGE N : H_N APPROACHES 1 + 1 CFT (I CHOSEN IRRELEVANT

COEFFS OF I RANDOM ORDER ONE,

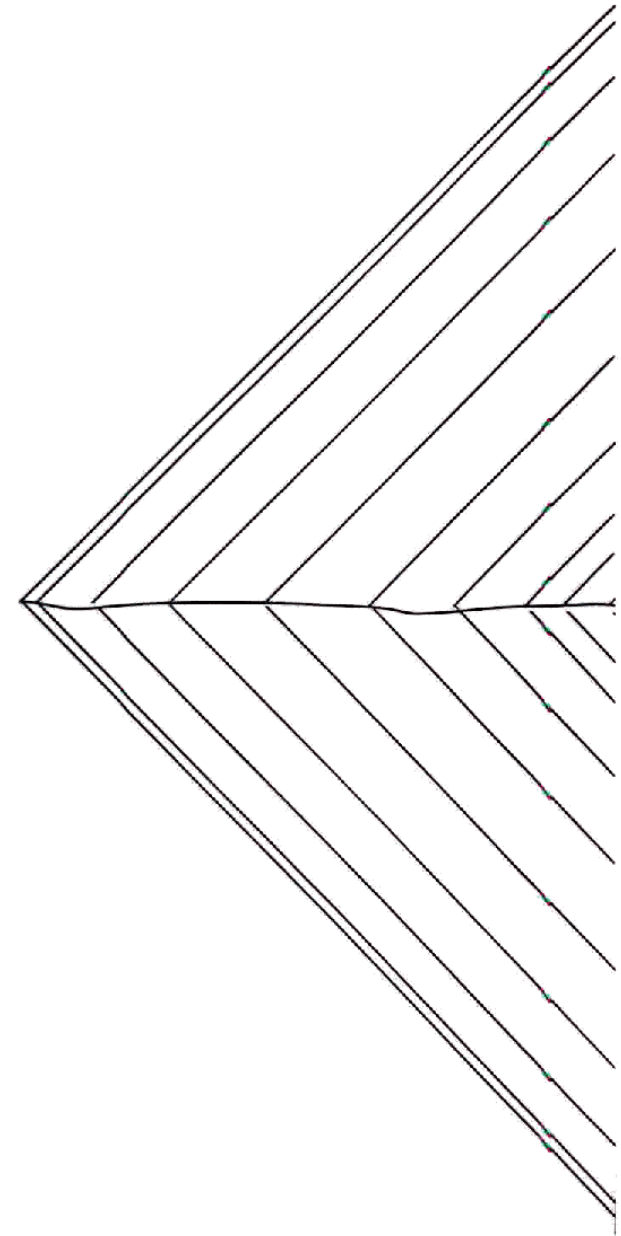
SIGN OF S^4 TERMS REPULSIVE

1 + 1 UV CUTOFF $o(1)$, SPACING $o(1/N)$

$\sigma \propto \sqrt{\rho}$: IDENTIFY WITH

SPACE-TIME ENTROPY AND ENERGY DENSITIES

TOTAL ENERGY ~ 1



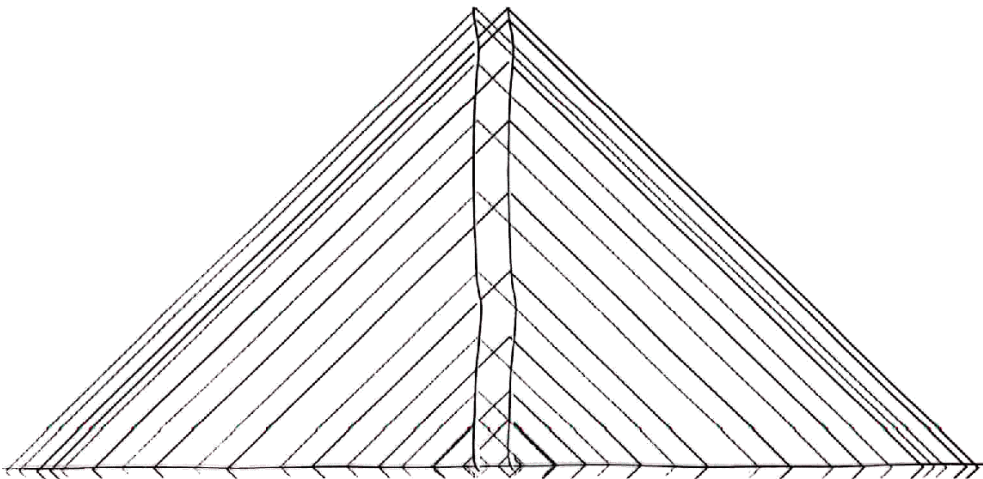
IN ANY FLAT FRW : AREA $\sim t^{d-2}$
 $\Delta N H_N \sim dt N^{\frac{d-3}{d-2}} H(t)$ IF $H_N \sim o(1)$,
 $H(t)$ MASS OF BLACK HOLE OF ENTROPY N

OVERLAP CONDITIONS SATISFIED BY TAKING

OVERLAP TO BE $\mathcal{H}_{N-1}(\mathbf{x})$

PROBLEM WITH INHOMOGENEOUS INITIAL CONDITIONS,
 BUT THIS IS ERASED

BY RANDOM EVOLUTION ??????



HEURISTIC PICTURE: THE DENSE BLACK HOLE FLUID

$$n \sim \frac{1}{R_S^{d-1}}$$

$$\rho \sim R_S^{(d-3)-(d-1)} = R_S^{-2}$$

$$\sigma \sim R_S^{(d-2)-(d-1)} \sim \sqrt{\rho}$$

EQN OF STATE IF BLACK HOLES CONSTANTLY MERGE

PREVIOUS AS MOTIVATION FOR
EARLIER HEURISTIC PICTURE OF $p = \rho$

“SOLVES HORIZON AND FLATNESS PROBLEMS”

EQUAL AREA SLICING: SLICES ARE HOMOGENEOUS
BECAUSE HOMOGENEOUS FLUID SATURATES ENTROPY
BUT IT ONLY WORKS FOR FLAT FRW

FLAT $p = \rho$ UNIVERSE STABLE QUANTUM COSMOLOGY
MOST ENTROPIC INITIAL CONDITIONS
BUT BORING !!!!!

WHAT ARE THE MOST ENTROPIC
“INTERESTING” INITIAL CONDITIONS?

HEURISTIC: ISRAEL COND'N FOR SPHERE OF “NORMAL” FRW
 $-1 < w: L(t) \sim Lt^{\frac{1-w}{3(1+w)}}$
MUST CHOOSE INITIAL COORD SPHERE \gg CURRENT HORIZON

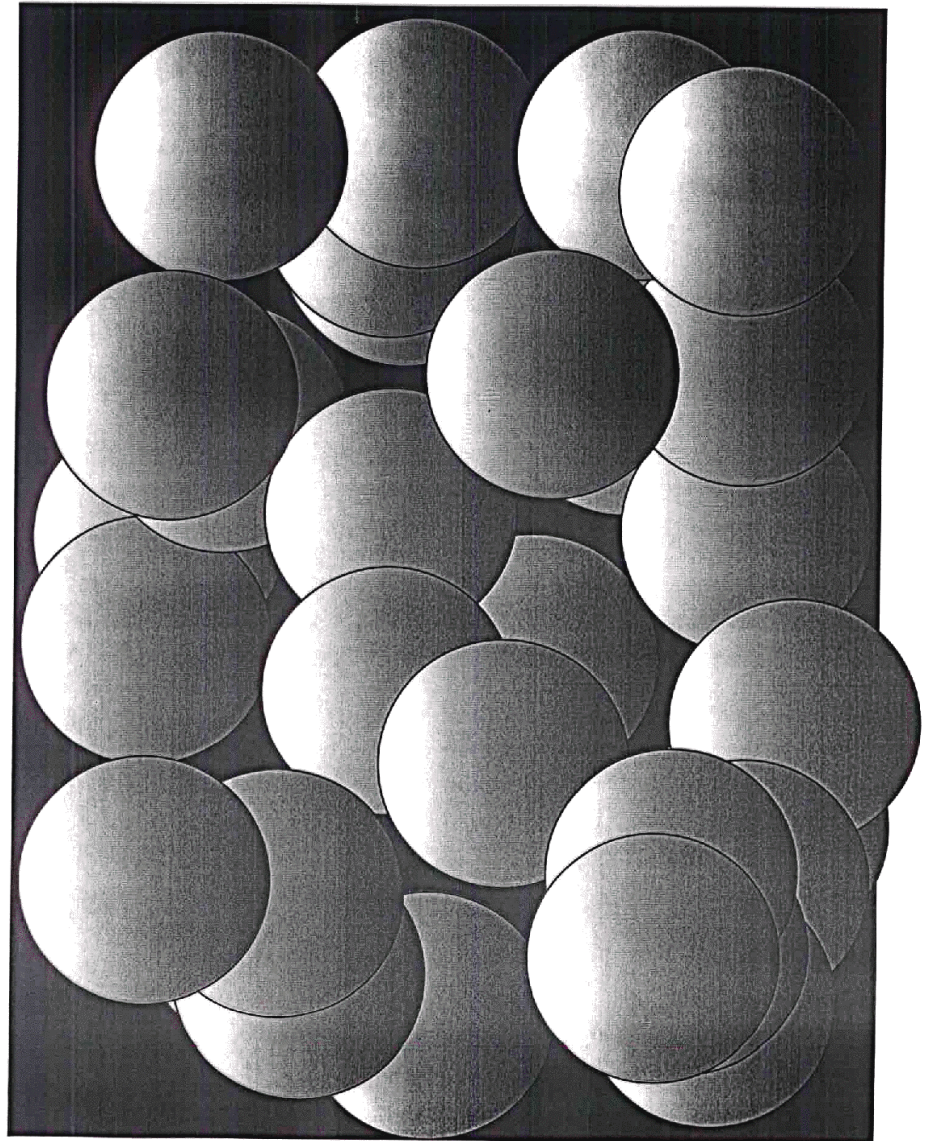
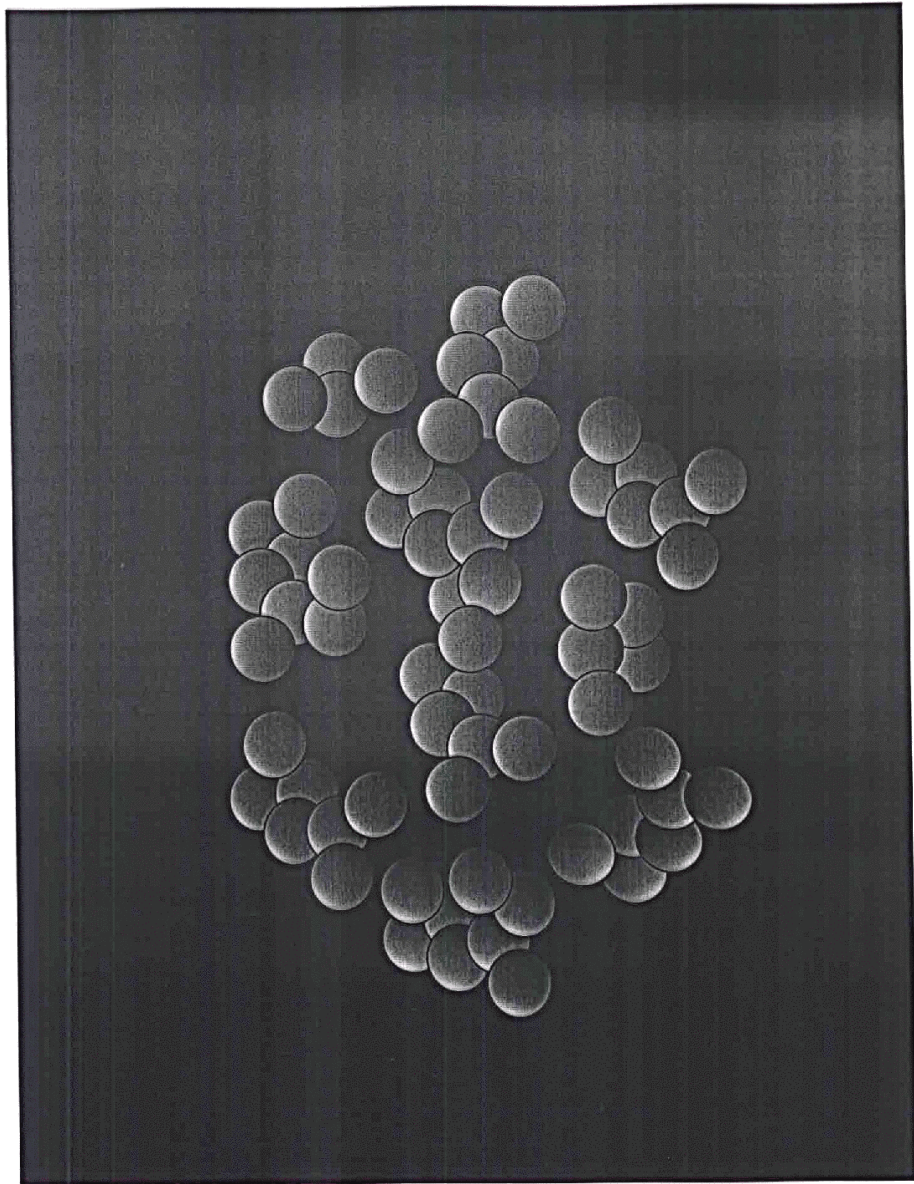
MORE ENTROPIC TO CHOOSE “FRACTAL”
COVERING FRACTION ϵ OF THIS VOLUME

IN EQ AREA SLICING “NORMAL” VOLUME

GROWS FASTER THAN $p = \rho$

→ NORMAL UNIVERSE WITH INTERSTITIAL BLACK HOLES
DILUTE BLACK HOLE GAS

$\frac{M \sim 1}{\epsilon^2}$ AVG. BH MASS AT END OF $p = \rho$



FLUCTUATIONS

IN HOLOGRAPHIC COSMOLOGY PRIMORDIAL FLUCTUATIONS ARE FLUCTUATIONS IN THE DENSITY OF BLACK HOLES JUST AFTER THE PHASE TRANSITION TO DILUTE BLACK HOLE GAS - BOTH POSITION AND SIZE FLUCTUATIONS

CALCULATED IN TERMS OF DENSITY FLUCTUATIONS $P(\mathbf{x}, t, t')$ OF NORMAL REGIONS DURING $p = \rho$ PHASE

$$\langle \delta(k, T)\delta(-k, T) \rangle = \int_{t_0}^T ds \int_{t_0}^T ds' f(k, s)f(-k, s')P(k, s, s')$$

f SHORT RANGE, GIVES INTERSTICE DENSITY

IN TERMS OF FRACTAL DENSITY

TRANSLATION INVARIANCE: FROM $p = \rho$ BACKGROUND

$$ds^2 = -dt^2 + t^{2/3}d\mathbf{x}^2 \quad t \rightarrow at; \mathbf{x} \rightarrow a^{2/3}\mathbf{x}$$

$p = \rho$ PHYSICS INVARIANT UNDER THIS CKV

$P(\mathbf{x}, t, t')d^3x$ INVARIANT

$$\langle \delta(k, T)\delta(-k, T) \rangle = \frac{1}{k^3}|f|^2 \int_{k^{3/2}t_0}^{k^{3/2}T} ds \int_{k^{3/2}t_0}^{k^{3/2}T} ds' f(k, s)f(-k, s')P(1, s, s')$$

SCALE INV SPECTRUM FOR $T^{-2/3} \leq k \leq .1(?)$

.1 UV CUTOFF BELOW WHICH $p = \rho$ DESCRIPTION FAILS

MAX CORRELATION LENGTH: HORIZON SIZE AT END OF $p = \rho$
NEED A BIT OF INFLATION TO STRETCH
TO CURRENT PARTICLE HORIZON

FLUCTUATIONS MUST BE SMALL FOR SURVIVAL
DILUTE BH GAS AT END OF $p = \rho$ AT THE EDGE OF PHASE
TRANSITION TO DENSE BLACK HOLE FLUID. LARGE
FLUCTUATIONS DRIVE IT BACK TO $p = \rho$

WHY ARE FLUCTUATIONS GAUSSIAN?

CAN WE CALCULATE 10^{-5} FROM FIRST PRINCIPLES?

CRITICAL PARAMETER M : BH MASS AT END OF $p = \rho$
TYPICALLY NEED LOW SCALE INFLATION MODEL WITH $N_e < 30$

T_{RH} NOT FAR FROM NUCLEOSYNTHESIS

IMPLICATIONS FOR BARYOGENESIS, DARK MATTER
SUSY BREAKING