

Spectrum of the S-1/2, XXZ Antiferromagnet from Zero to High Longitudinal Magnetic Field

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Spin-1/2 Antiferromagnet Heisenberg and Ising limits Spinons and bound modes

$SrCo_2V_2O_8 - XXZ$ Heisenberg-Ising chain

Free spinons T>T_N bound spinons T<T_N theoretical models

SrCo₂V₂O₈ – in Longitubinal Magnetic Field

B, T phase diagram
Bethe string states
Bethe Ansatz calculations
Neutron observation of Bethe strings
comparison to theory





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Spin-1/2 AFM chains

$$H = J \sum_{j} S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} + \varepsilon \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right)$$
$$H = J' \sum_{j} \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right) + \Delta S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z}$$
$$J = J' \Delta \qquad \varepsilon = 1/\Delta$$

Spin-1/2, Heisenberg, Antiferromagnetic Chain

$$H_{AFM} = J \sum_{j} S_{j} S_{j+1} \quad \begin{array}{c} \varepsilon = 0\\ \Delta \rightarrow \infty \end{array}$$

<u>Spinons</u>

- Fractional S-½ particles
- created in multipl pairs
- spinon-pair continuum

Hans Bethe, (1931) No long-range order

Fadeev & Taktajan (1981) Spinon Excitations

J.-S. Caux, R. Hagemans, J. M. Maillet (2006) Spectrum



$$H = J \sum_{j} S_j^z S_{j+1}^z + \varepsilon \left(S_j^x S_{j+1}^x + S_j^y S_{j+1}^y \right)$$













highly degenerate first excited states.



Spin-1/2 Heisenberg Antiferromagnetic Chain

Heisenberg limit ($\varepsilon = 1$) J.-S. Caux, **R.** Hagemans, J. M. Maillet (2006) Gapless Spinon continuum

Comparison to theories

 $H = J \sum S_j S_{j+1}$





B. Lake et al, Phys. Rev. Lett. (2013)

Spin-1/2 Heisenberg Antiferromagnetic Chain



Gapped longitudinal S^{zz} Mode \rightarrow binding of Spinons B. Lake, D.A. Tennant, S.E. Nagler et al Phys. Rev. Lett. (2000) F. H. L. Essler, A.M. Tsvelik, G. Delfino, Phys. Rev. B 56, 11 001 (1997).

Spinons confined by interchain coupling



Longitudinal Mode,

• Observed in S^{zz}

1.45

1.5

wavevetor transfer [0,0,I] (r.l.u.)

1.55

1.6

1.4

• Broad, finite lifetime

Spin-1/2 Ising Antiferromagnet Chain

$$H = J \sum_{i} S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} + \varepsilon \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right) - h^{z} \sum_{i} (-1)^{j} S_{j}^{z}$$

Strong Ising limit ε<<1

Free spinons/kinks



N. Ishimura, H. Shiba JPJS PTP 1980 J..S. Caux J. Mossel, I. P. Castillo, Stat Mech P08006 (2008).





Bound spinons/kinks



H. Shiba JPJS[®]PTP 1980





Transverse bound modes, S^{xx}, Sharp, long lifetime

$$H = J \sum_{j} S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} + \varepsilon \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right)$$
$$H = J' \sum_{j} \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right) + \Delta S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z}$$
$$\Delta = 2 \qquad \varepsilon = 1/2$$

SrCo₂V₂O₈ - Quasi-1D XXZ spin-1/2 Antiferromagnetic





Half-integer spin-chain Co²⁺; 3*d*⁷, effective S=1/2 Kramer doublet - anisotropy



Specific heat

A. K. Bera, B. Lake *et. al.*, Phys. Rev. B 89, 094402 (2014)

Neutron diffraction





Spin-1/2 screw chains along *c* axis.

AFM order below $T_N = 5.2K$ Anisotropic magnetism Ising universality class Spins point along c axis

Magnetic excitations of $SrCo_2V_2O_8$ for T>T_N



Experiment at T=6K >T_N=5.2 K

- Spinon continuum
 - free spinons
- Energy gap, ∆ ~ 1.5 meV
 - XXZ anisotropy
- Dispersions up to 14.5 meV

Theory at T=0K

J..S. Caux J. Mossel, I. P. Castillo, J. Stat Mech P08006 (2008).

H. Bougourzi, M. Karbach, G. Müller, PRB 57, 11429(1998).

$$H = J \sum_{j} S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} + \varepsilon \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right)$$

$$H = J' \sum_{j} \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right) + \Delta S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z}$$





Magnetic excitations of $SrCo_2V_2O_8$ for $T < T_N - Spinon$ Confinement



Hierarchy of discrete excited states

$$H_{AFM} = J \sum_{j} S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} + \varepsilon \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right)$$

- Confinement of pairs of spinons.
- String potential due to interchain coupling.





Magnetic excitations of SrCo₂V₂O₈ for T<T_N– Spinon Confinement



SrCo₂V₂O₈ XXZ, S-1/2 1D AFM – T>T_N Confined Spinons

1.6



1D Schrödinger equation with linear potential

$$-\frac{\hbar^2}{\mu}\frac{d^2\varphi}{dz^2} + \lambda|z|\varphi = (E - 2E_0)\varphi$$

Solution: -ve zeros

 $E_j = 2E_0 + \alpha \zeta_j \qquad j = 1, 2, 3, \dots,$ of the Airy function $Ai(-\zeta_i) = 0$, $\zeta_i = 2.338, 4.088, 5.520$,

Similar results from $BaCo_2V_2O_8$



Spin-1/2 XXZ Ferromagnetic Chain – CoNb₂O₆



R. Coldea D.A.Tennant et al science

Bound states only observed in the transverse structure factor

> S^{xx} & S^{yy} not S^{zz}

Theoretical Methods

Perturbation theory

strong Ising limit $\varepsilon = 0.2$, h=0.05 Strong transverse, weak longitudinal F.H.L. Essler;



Tangent Space Matrix Product Space Method Intermediate XXZ region, ε=0.56, h=0.006 Similar strength Transverse & longitudinal L. Vanderstraeten;



DMRG

strong Ising limit ε =0.2, h=0.05 Strong transverse, weak longitudinal



Comparison to data

SrCo₂V₂O₈ ε=0.56, h=0.006



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SrCo₂V₂O₈ in a Longitudinal Magnetic Field

$$H = J \sum_{j} S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} + \varepsilon \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right) - g \mu_{B} \sum_{i} S_{i}^{z} B$$
$$H = J' \sum_{j} \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right) + \Delta S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} - g \mu_{B} \sum_{i} S_{i}^{z} B$$
$$\Delta = 2 \qquad \varepsilon = 1/2$$

Spin-1/2 XXZ AFM Chain in a Longitudinal Magnetic Field

$$H = J \sum_{j} S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} + \varepsilon \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right) - g \,\mu_{B} \sum_{i} S_{i}^{z} B$$
$$H = J' \sum_{j} \left(S_{j}^{x} S_{j+1}^{x} + S_{j}^{y} S_{j+1}^{y} \right) + \Delta S_{j}^{z} S_{j+1}^{z} - g \,\mu_{B} \sum_{i} S_{i}^{z} B$$



Ising-like ($\varepsilon < 1$; $\Delta > 1$):

- Field induced quantum critical behavior
- Incommensurate longitudinal spin component
- Staggered transverse component

Phase diagram for SrCo₂V₂O₈ in a Longitudinal Field





2 Field-induced phase transitions. $B_{c1} = 3.7 \text{ T}$: $B_{c2} = 7.2 \text{ T}$:

> NAF: $B < B_{c1}$ LSDW: $B_{c1} < B < B_{c2}$ TAF: $B_{c2} < B < B_{s}$

Long-range magnetic order is B. Lastrongly suppressed above $\rm B_{c1}$



Phase diagram for SrCo₂V₂O₈ in a Longitudinal Field

Longitudinal field

- Field induced QPT at B=3.8T to quantum critical Tomonaga Luttinger Liquid.
- Non-linear magnetization indicates strong quantum fluctuations
- Saturation at Bs=28.7 T



Excitations of SrCo₂V₂O₈ in a small longitudinal field

Terahertz Optical Spectroscopy

Field-dependent spectrum at Q = 0, $\pi/2$, π ; 3 $\pi/2$ Transverse excitations only *Zhe Wang, Jianda Wu, Wang Yang et al Nature 554 221 (2019)*



 $B < B_{c1}$ Zeeman splitting of the the bound spinons $B = B_{c1}$ Lowest E excitation goes into the ground state $B > B_{c1}$ Complete change in the spectrum

Excitations of SrCo₂V₂O₈ in a high longitudinal field

Terahertz Optical Spectroscopy for B > Bc1 Field-dependent spectrum at Q = 0, $\pi/2$, π Transverse excitations only



New excitations observed for $B > B_{c1}$ identified by comparison to Bethe Ansatz

Zhe Wang, Jianda Wu, Wang Yang et al Nature 554 221 (2019) R^{PP} psinon-psinon pair R^{PAP} psinon-antipsinon pair $\chi^{(2)}$ 2-string Bethe $\chi^{(3)}$ 3-string Bethe n-string = addition of n bound magnons (spins pointing against the field)

B. Lake; KITP, Oct 2019

First observation of Bethe strings

Bethe Strings

History of Bethe strings

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- A sequence of flipped spins or magnons bound together within the strongly correlated background of single spin flips
- 2-string state first predicted for Heisenberg chain in zero field by Hans Bethe in 1931
- Multi-string states later predicted by several theorists stabilized by anisotropy
- Not observed due to their weak signal dominated by the spinon spectrum.
- Observeable for XXZ chain in a longitudinal magnetic field which separates them from the other excitations

Theory for S-1/2 1D XXZ AFM in longitudinal Field





Bethe Ansatz Jianda. Wu, Wang Yang

- **J=3.9 meV**
- **∆=1.8**
- 2m=0.12

SZZ

Szz

2

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Dispersions of Psinon, Anti-Psinon & Bethe Strings

$SrCo_2V_2O_8$





4-fold screw chain ⇒ Zone folding

B. Lake; KITP, Oct 2019



Theory

Experiment

Dispersions of Psinon, Anti-Psinon & Bethe Strings

Detailed comparison to Bethe Ansatz



Field-Dependence of Psinon, Anti-Psinon & Bethe Strings



Good agreement between experiment and theory for the field dependence and intensity





Spin-1/2 Antiferromagnet

Heisenberg and Ising limits Spinons and bound modes

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B, T phase diagram
Bethe string states -terahertz
Bethe Ansatz calculations
Neutron observation of Bethe strings
Agreement for dispersion, field, intensities,