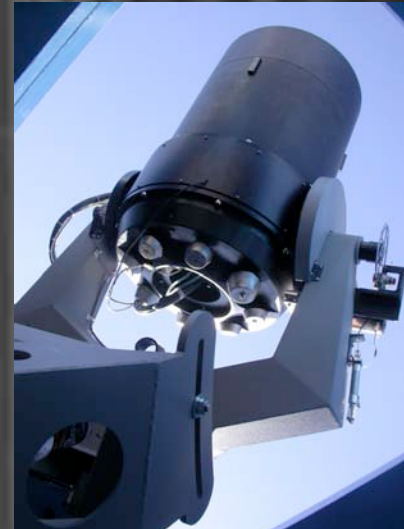
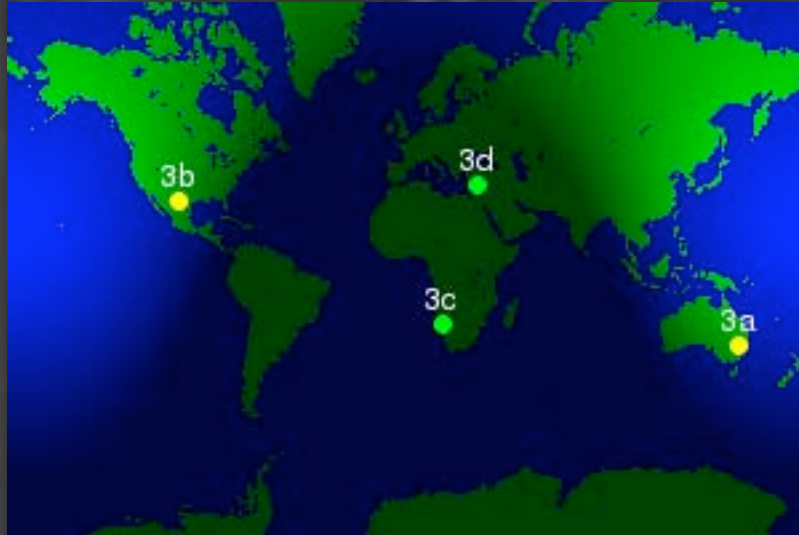


**Type II's, Ib/c's, and
Other Non-Type Ia
Supernovae From
ROTSE-III**

Robert Quimby
November 20, 2007

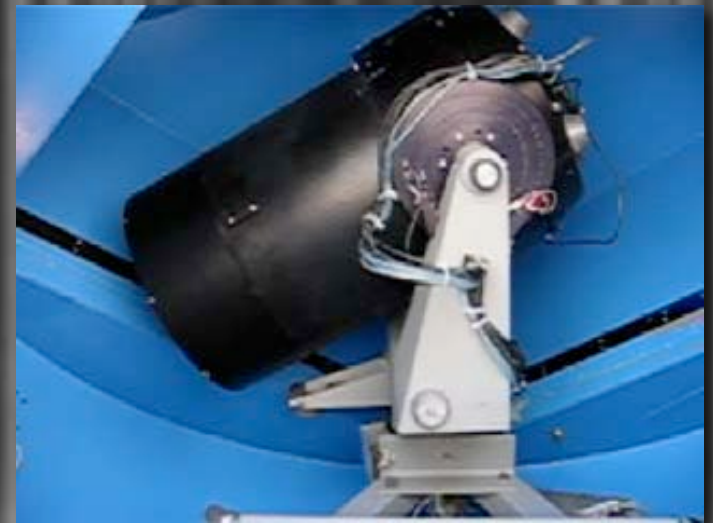
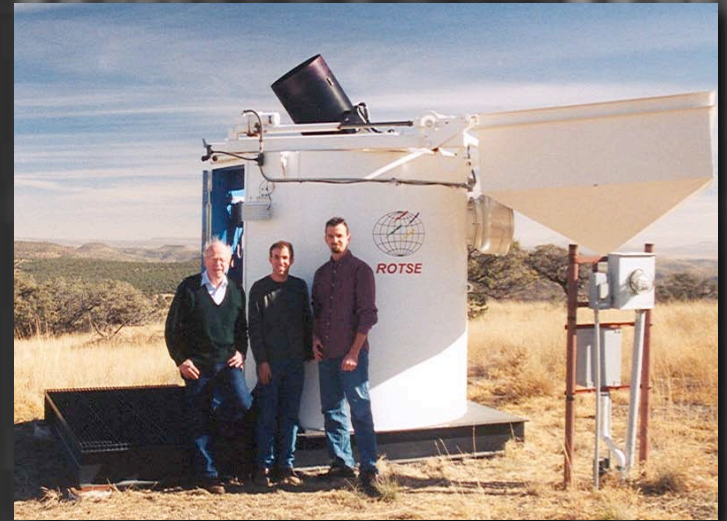
ROTSE-III



- Four 0.45 m telescopes positioned around the world
- Designed to capture the optical afterglows associated with gamma-ray bursts (Akerlof et al. 2003)
- Fully robotic operation

ROTSE-IIIb

- Designed for rapid response to GRB triggers
- 45 cm, f/1.9 primary
- Low inertial weight design
- 1.85 x 1.85 degree FOV
- 2k x 2k Marconi CCD (3.25 "/pixel)
- Typical limiting magnitudes of 17, 17.5, and 18.5 in 5s, 20s, and 60s exposures
- Texas share 30% each night

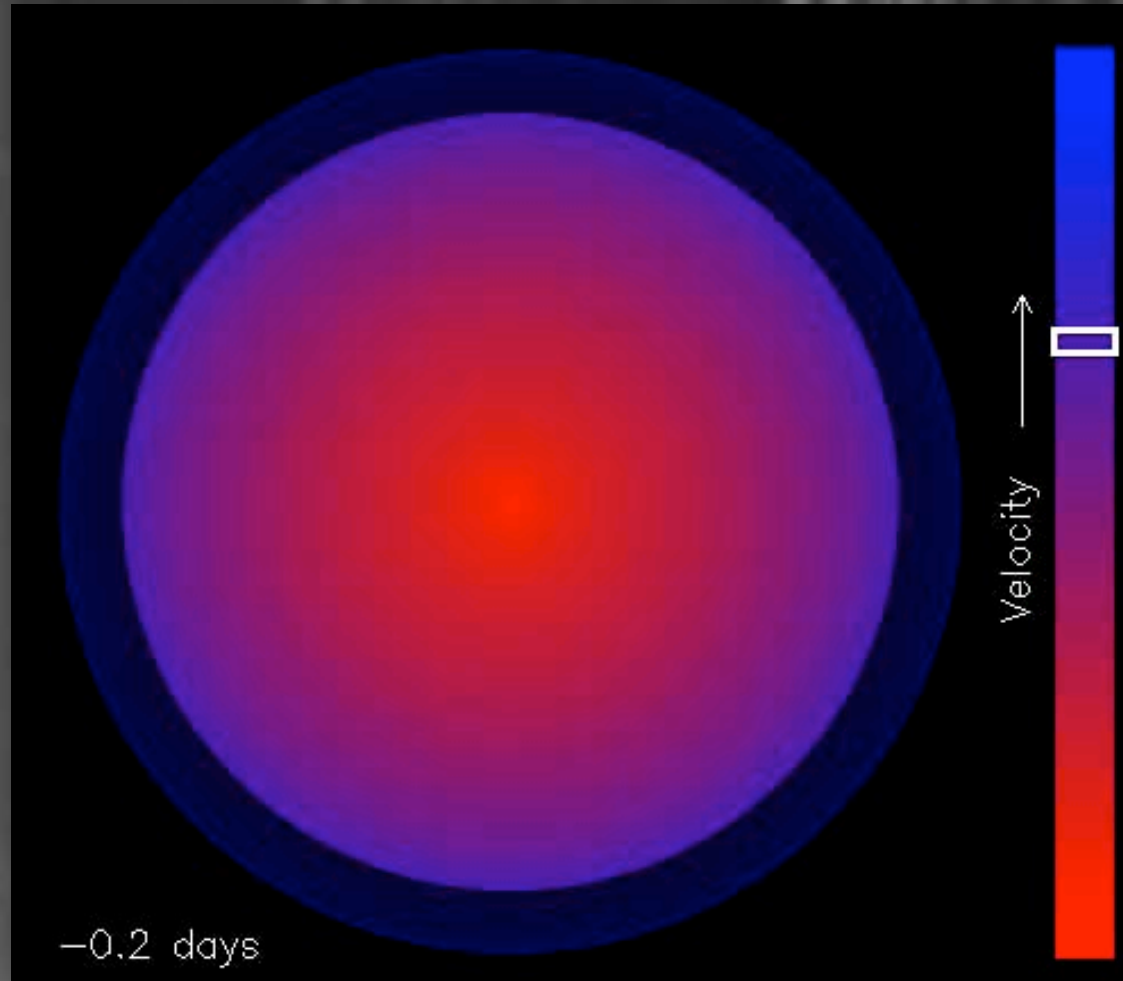


Hobby-Eberly Telescope

- Located at the McDonald observatory
- 11.1 x 9.8 m primary (9.2 m effective aperture)
- Fixed elevation
- Arecibo style tracker
- Queue scheduled
- Dedicated to spectroscopy



Photosphere



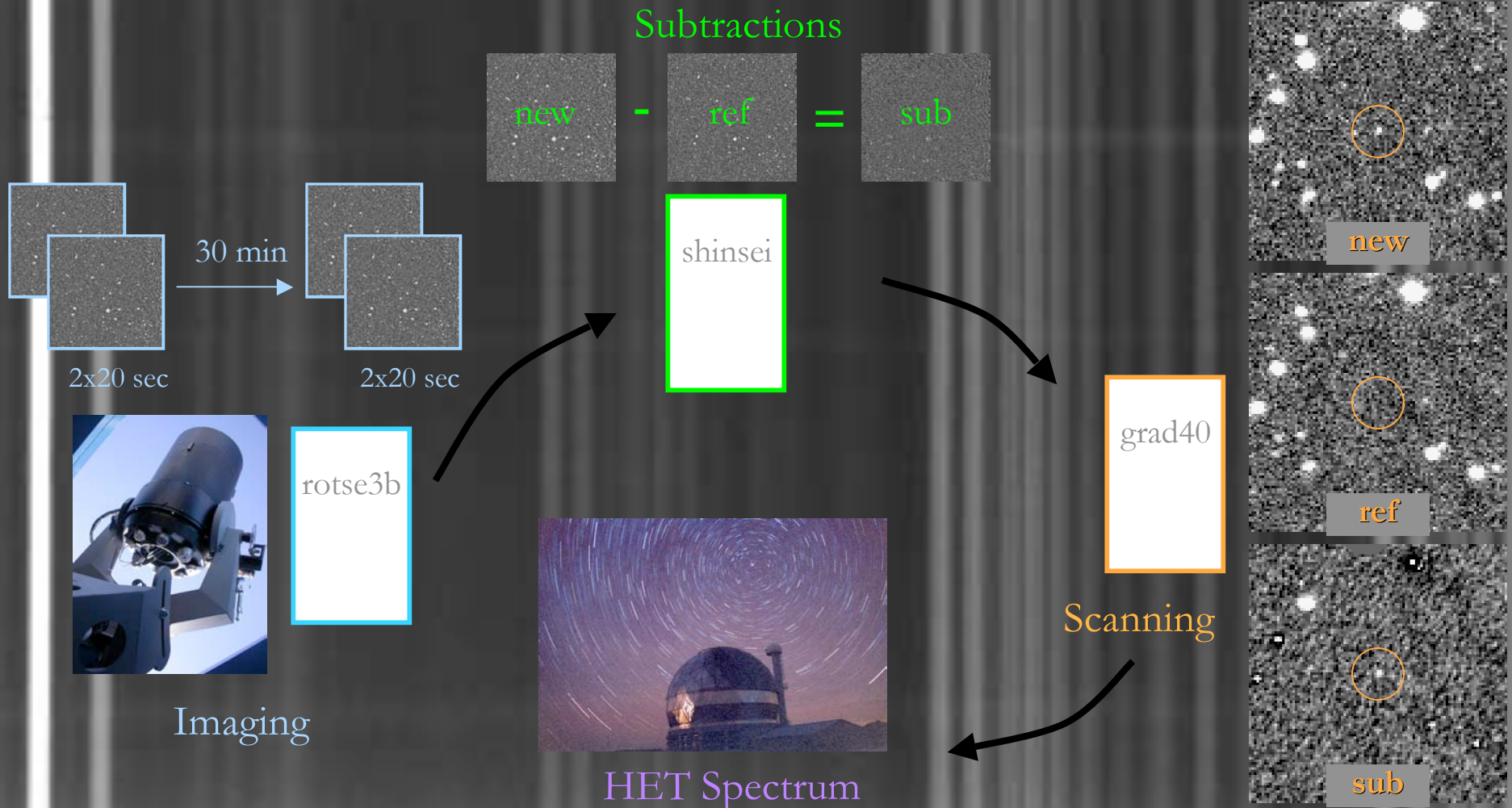
Texas Supernova Search

Project goal: to discover and spectroscopically follow-up the youngest possible SNe.

- Blind, wide field search with ROTSE-IIIb
- Visit each field every 1-3 days
- Rapid spectroscopic follow-up with the HET



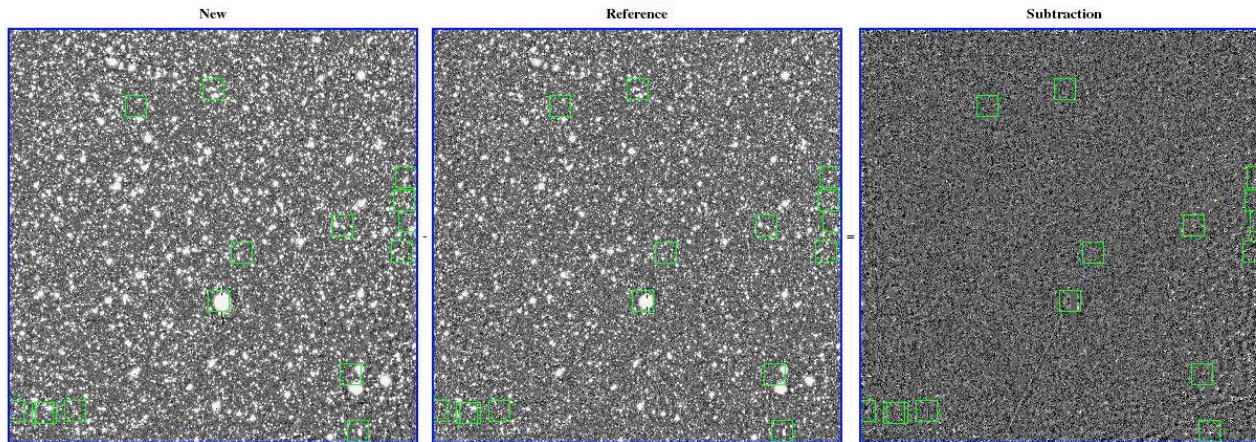
Pipeline



Scanning

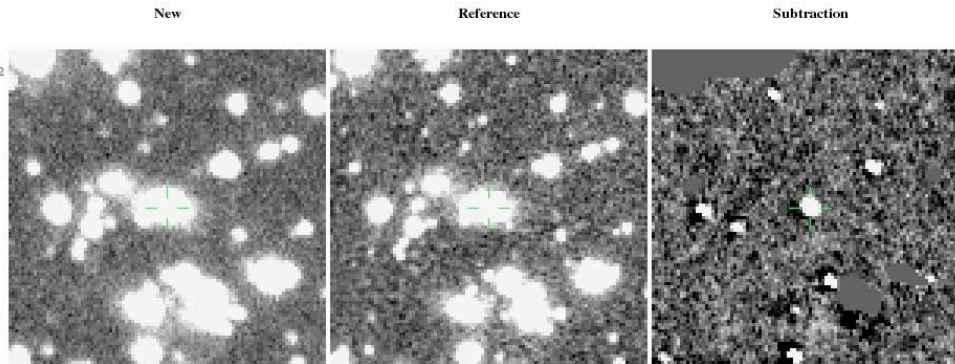
060918_PER5

<- PER4
Reference



```
# Notes for 060918_PER5_sum1_alg114
NEW0 sep 18.29 060918_rqa0317+4045_3b001.fit 15.41
NEW1 sep 18.30 060918_rqa0317+4045_3b002.fit 15.32
NEW2 sep 18.30 060918_rqa0317+4045_3b003.fit 15.32
# Subtraction limiting mag is 16.93
```

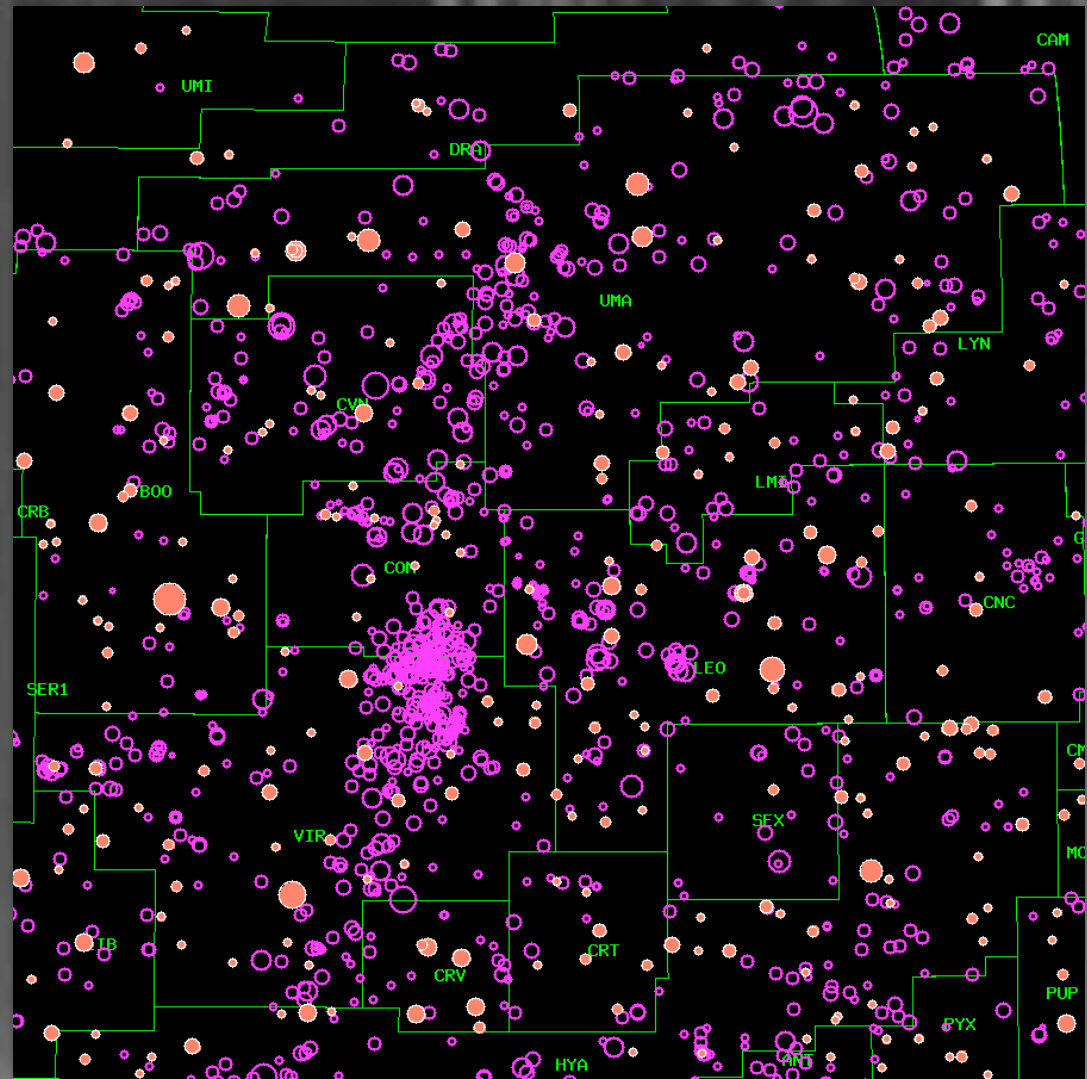
cand0
RA 03:17:27.14
DEC +41:24:19.92
SIGMA 75.96
PERINC 16.97
SUB1SIG 32.84
SUB2SIG 23.97
DSUB1SUB 0.15
NEIGHDIS 0.41
MAG 14.72
HOST NGC 1260



Comments:

The Spring Sky

Target Galaxy Clusters to maximize galaxy sampling (takes advantage of ROTSE-IIIs wide field of view)

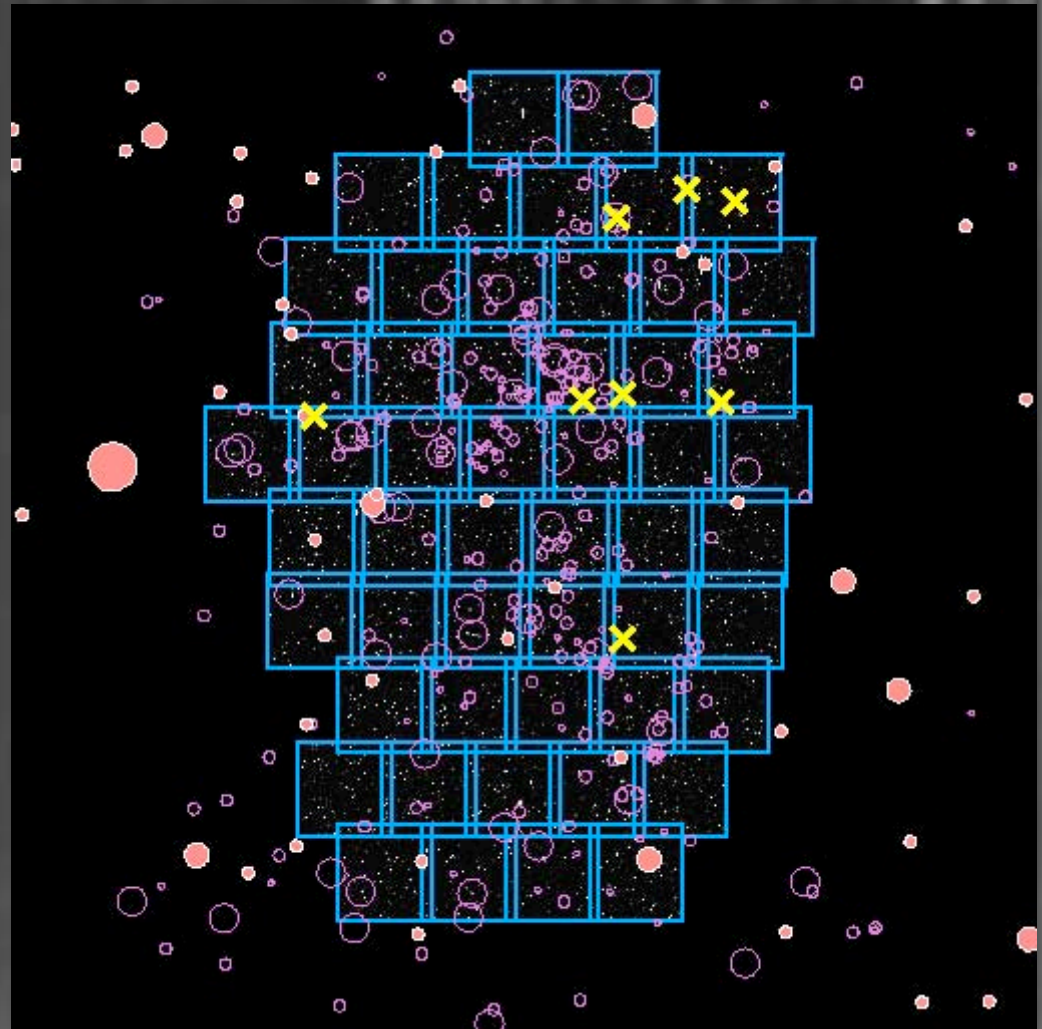


The Virgo Galaxy Cluster

Binggeli et al. 1985

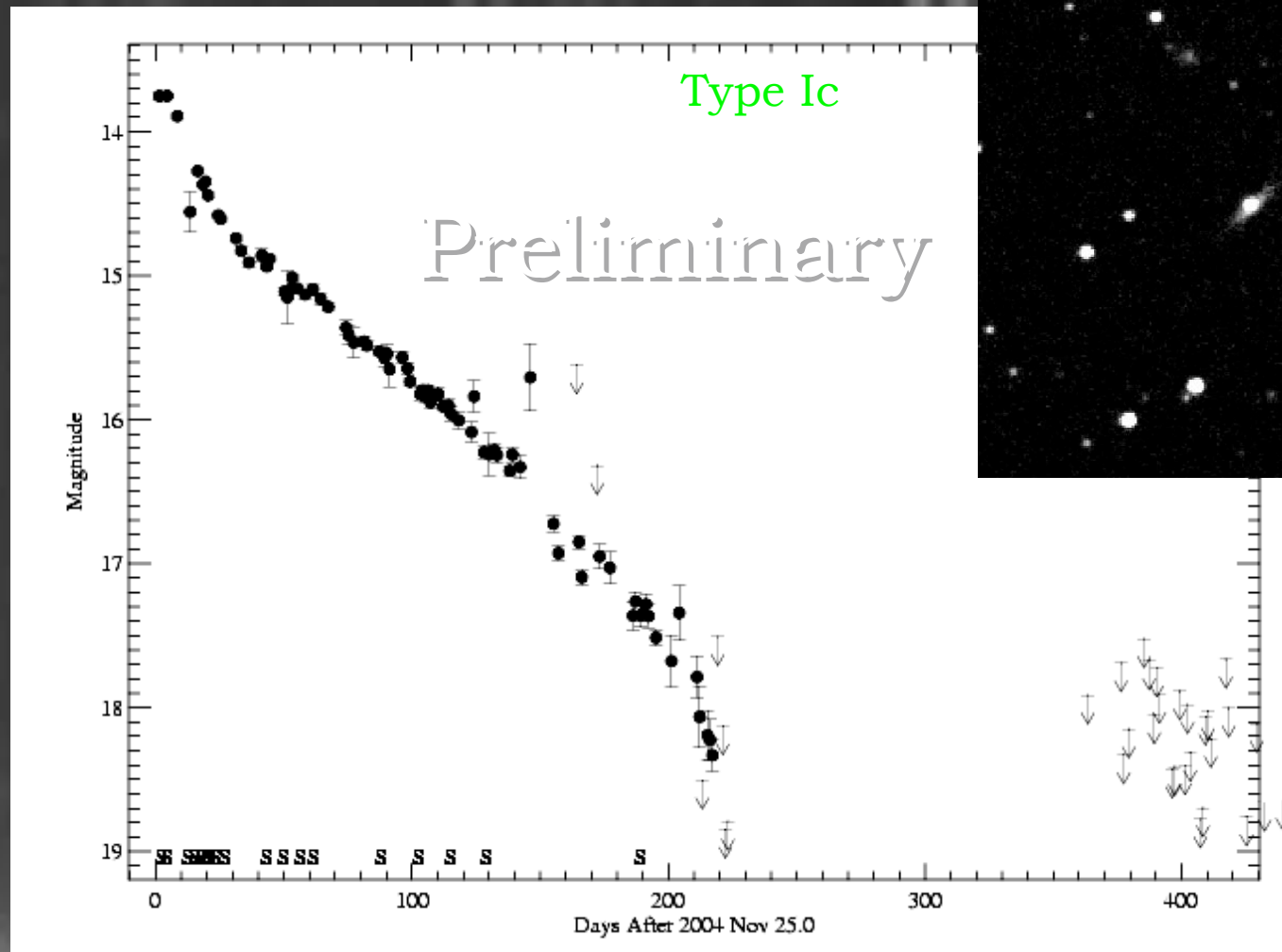
Elliptical	30
S0	49
Spiral	128
Dwarf elliptical	828
Dwarf S0	30
Dwarf irregular	89
Dwarf irregular/elliptical	89
Other	34
Total	127

Distance ~ 20 Mpc
SNIa at max light = 12 mag
Area ~ 140 deg²

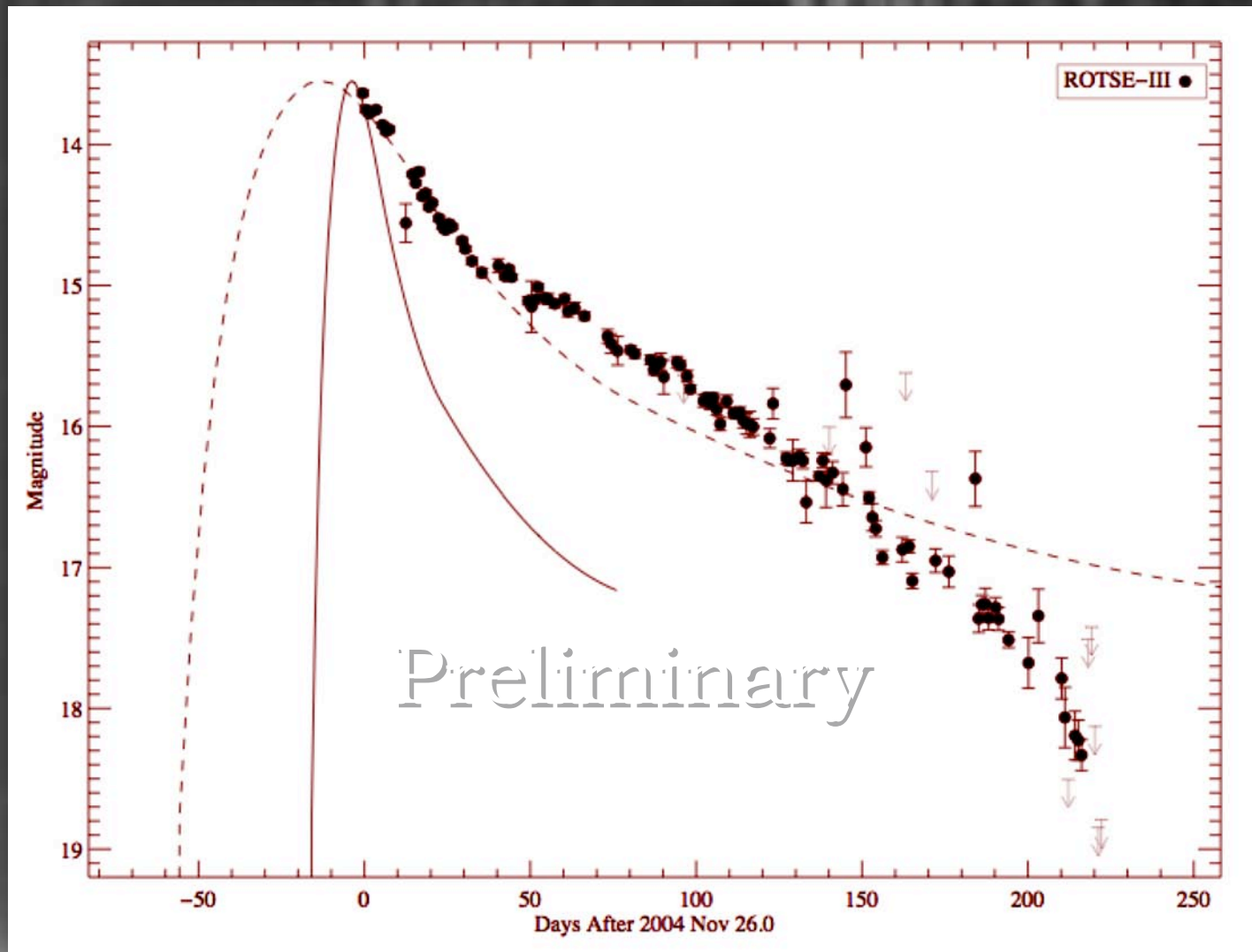


SN 2004gk Light Curve

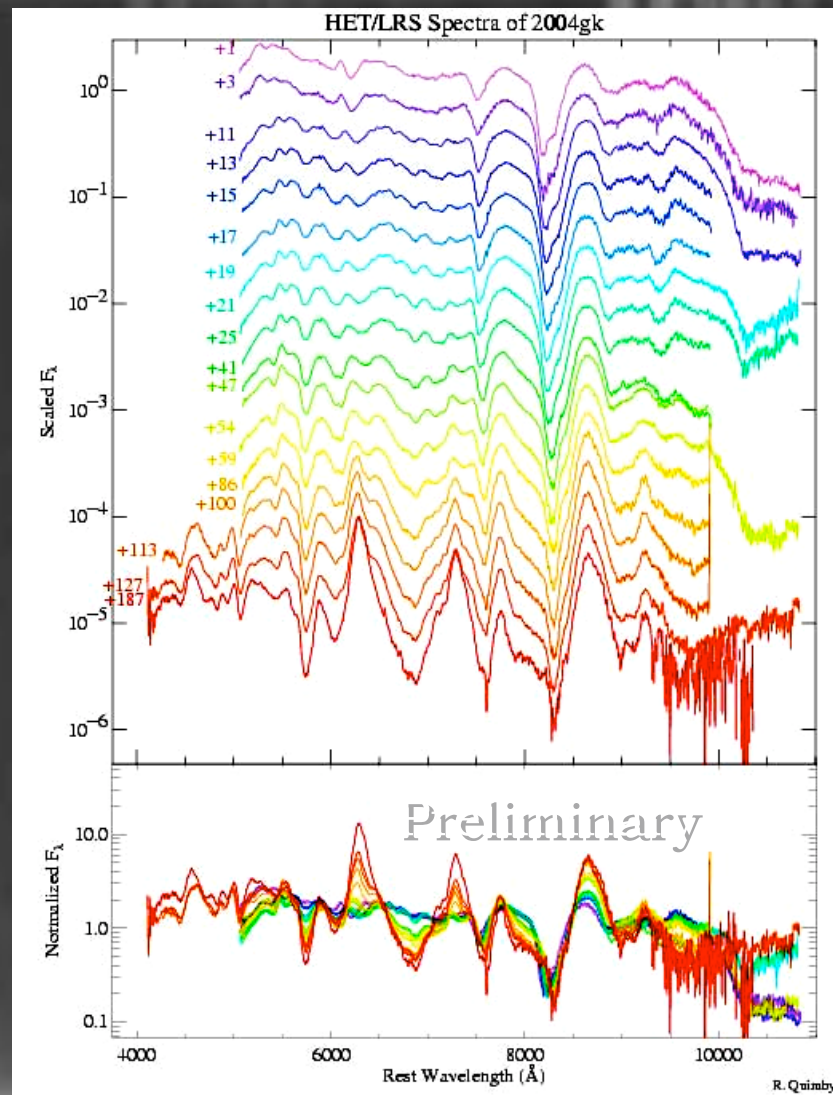
First Discovery



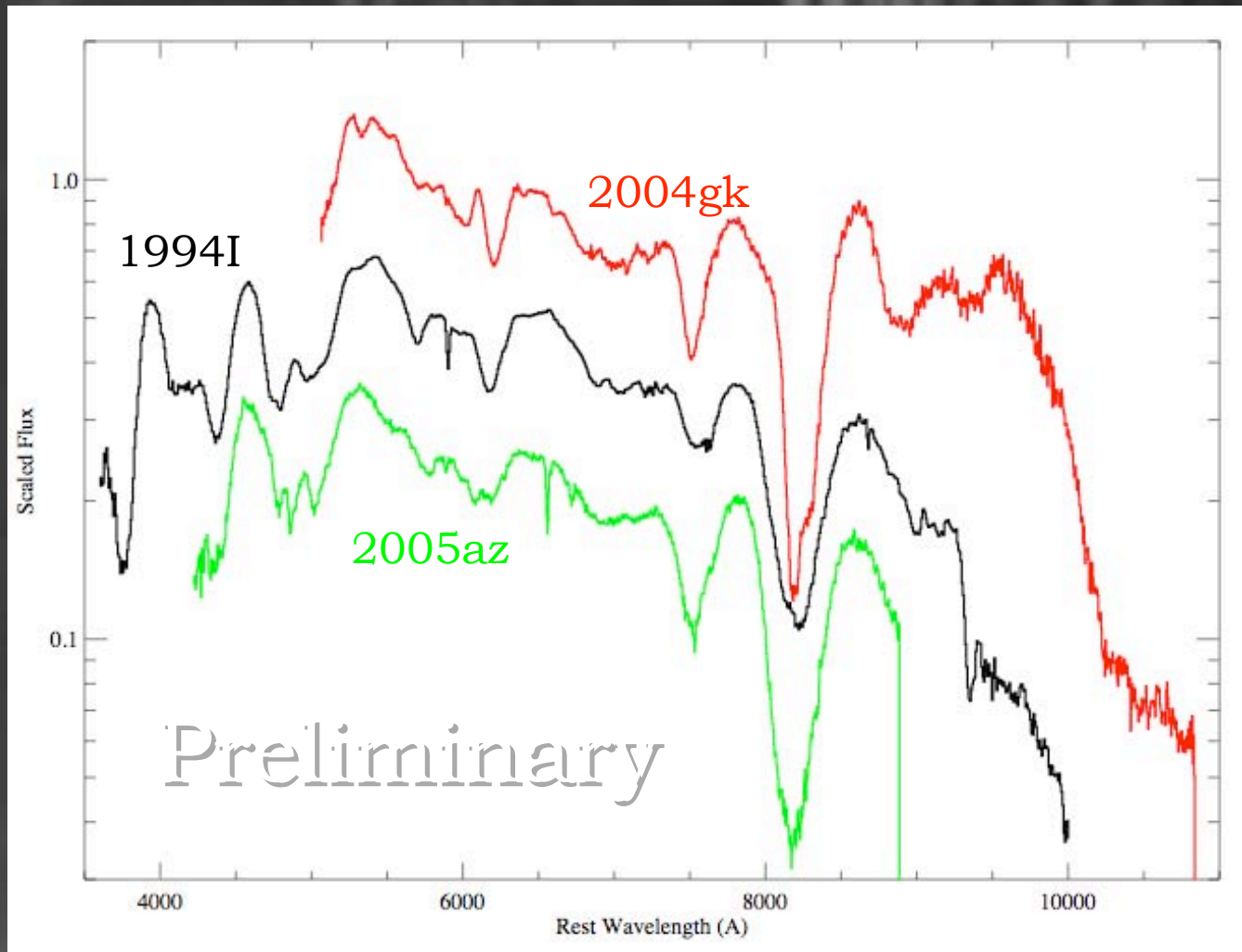
SN 2004gk Light Curve



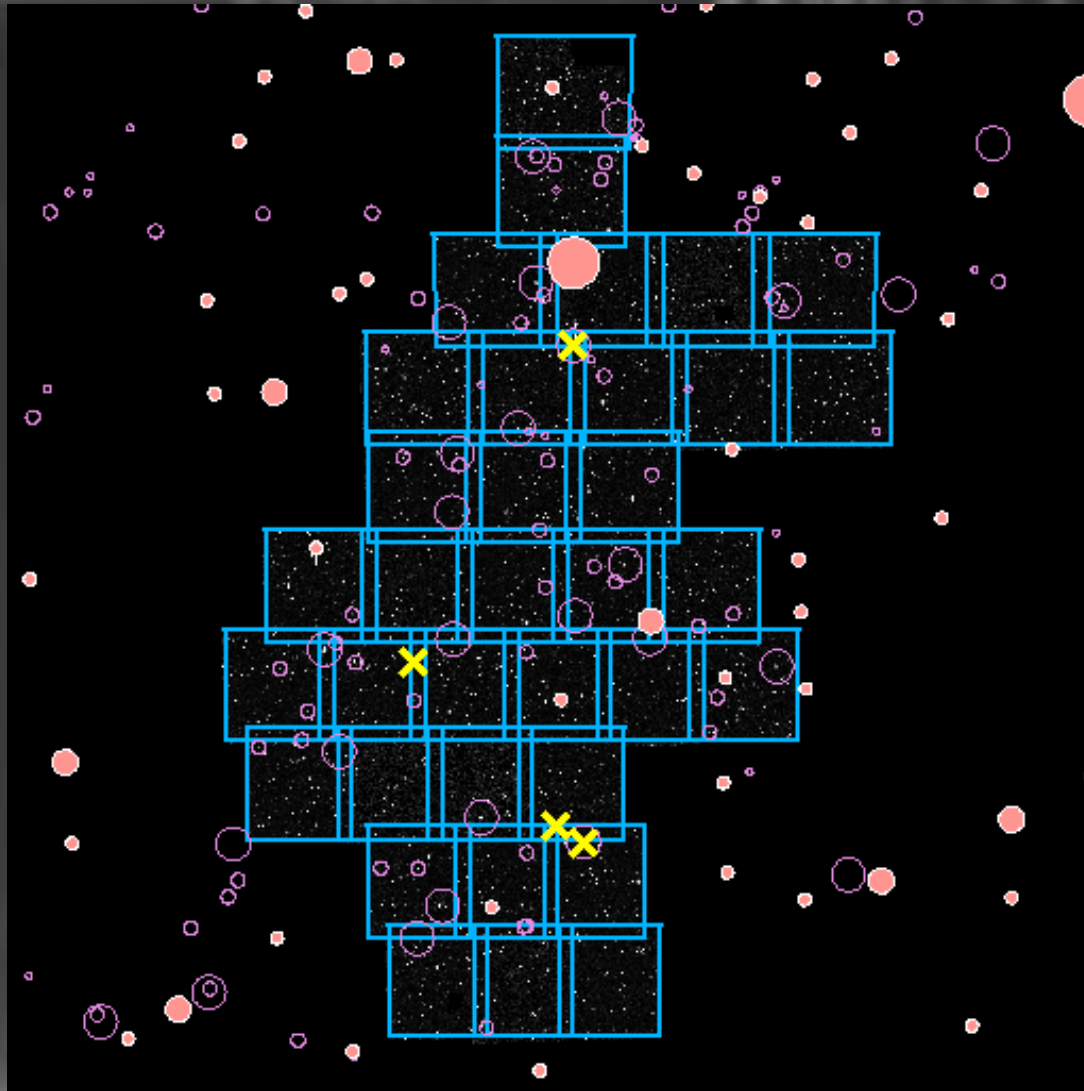
SN 2004gk Spectra



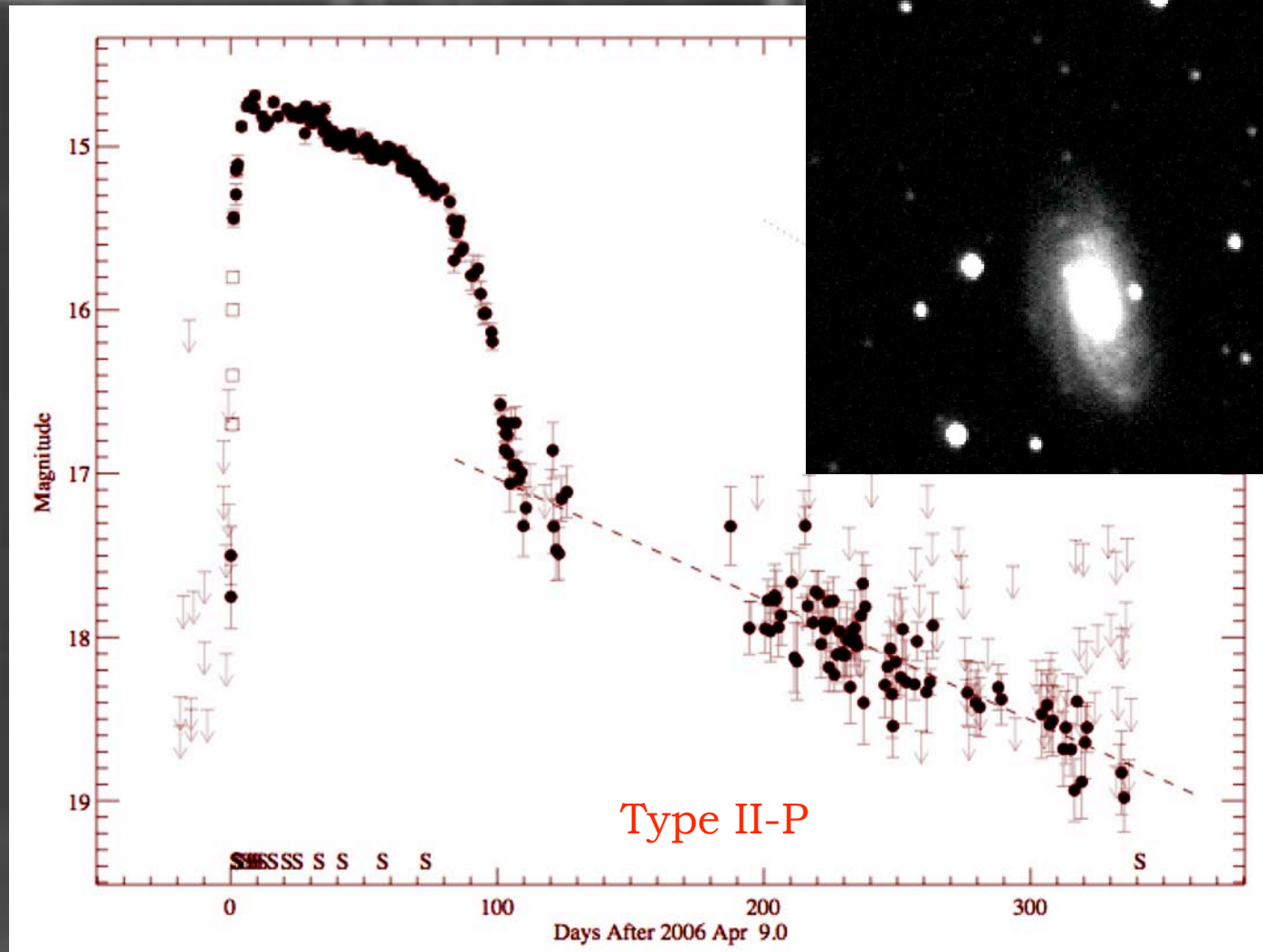
SNe Ic Spectra



The Ursa Major Galaxy Cluster

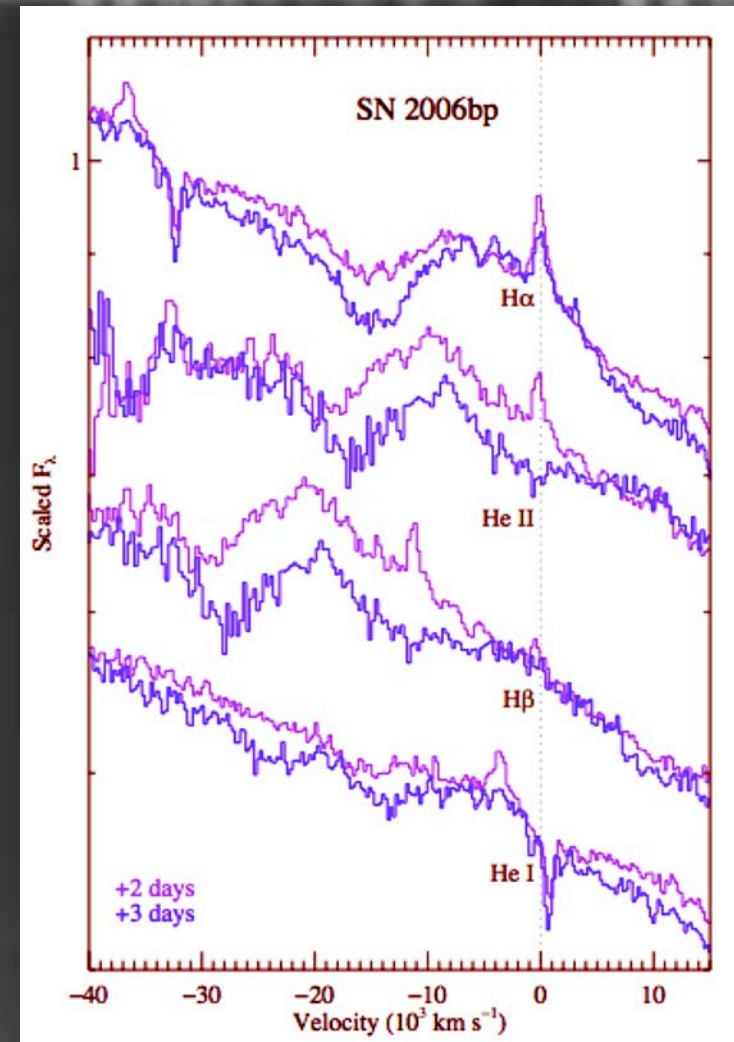
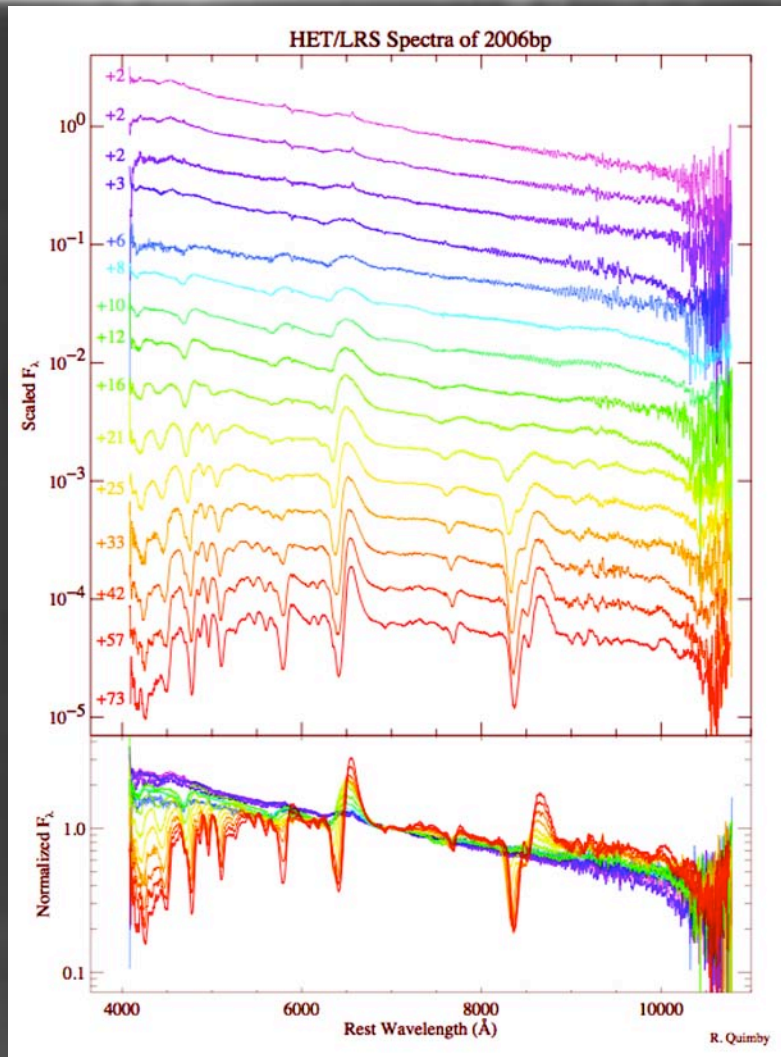


SN 2006bp Light Curve



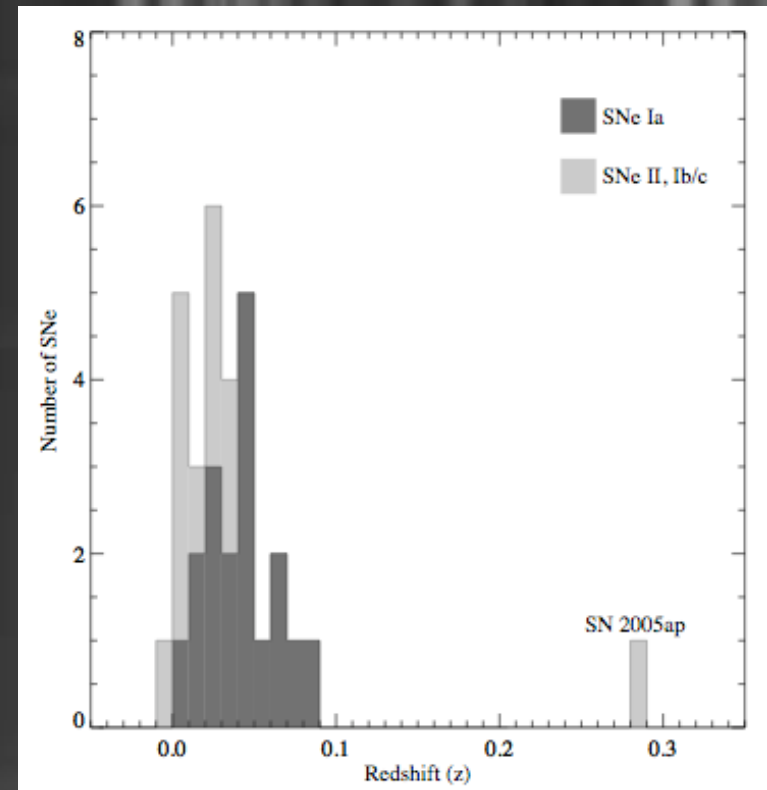
Quimby et al. ApJ accepted (arXiv:0705.3478)

SN 2006bp Spectra

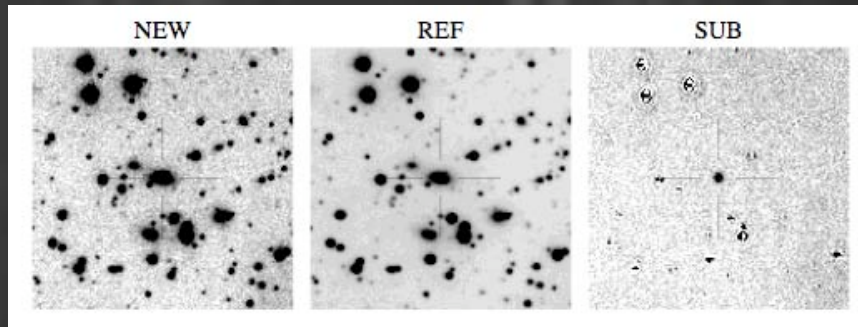


TSS Discoveries

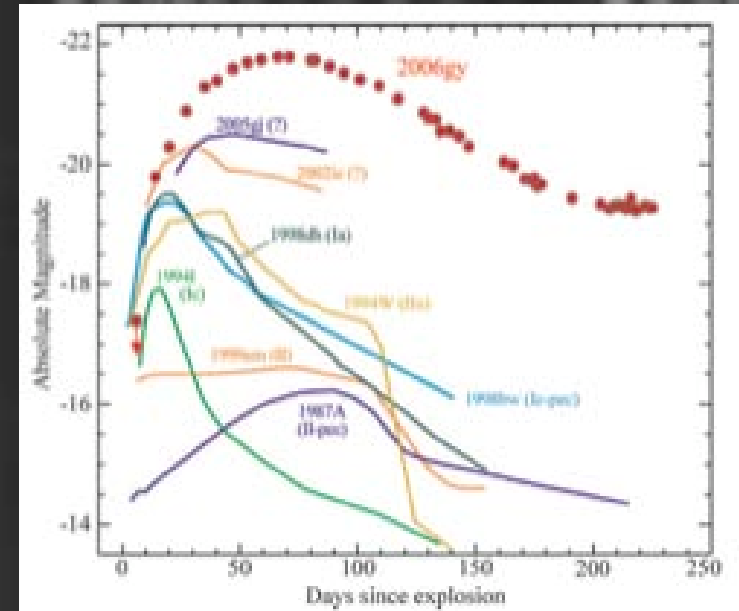
- 35 (29) Supernovae
 - 18 SNe Ia
 - 10 SNe II
 - 7 SNe Ib/c or peculiar
 - median redshift $z \sim 0.03$
 - ~ 8 SNe in $M > -17$ hosts
- 12 Novae
 - 11 in M31, 1 in M33
- 6 Dwarf Novae



SN 2006gy



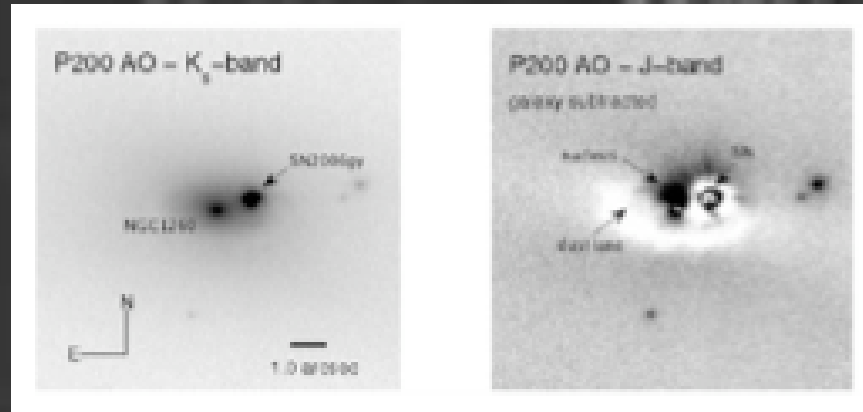
$z=0.01919$



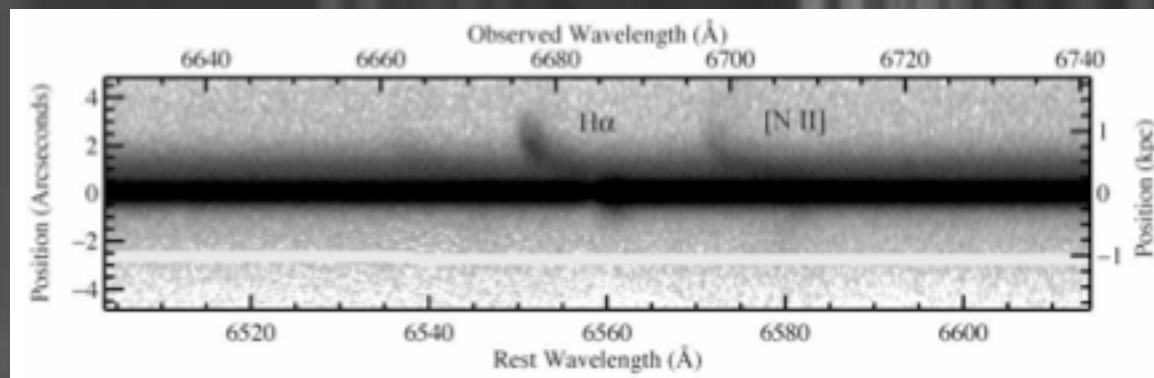
N. Smith et al. 2007

- Found near core of NGC 1260
- Corrected $M_{\text{peak}} \sim -22$ mag

Young Stellar Population?

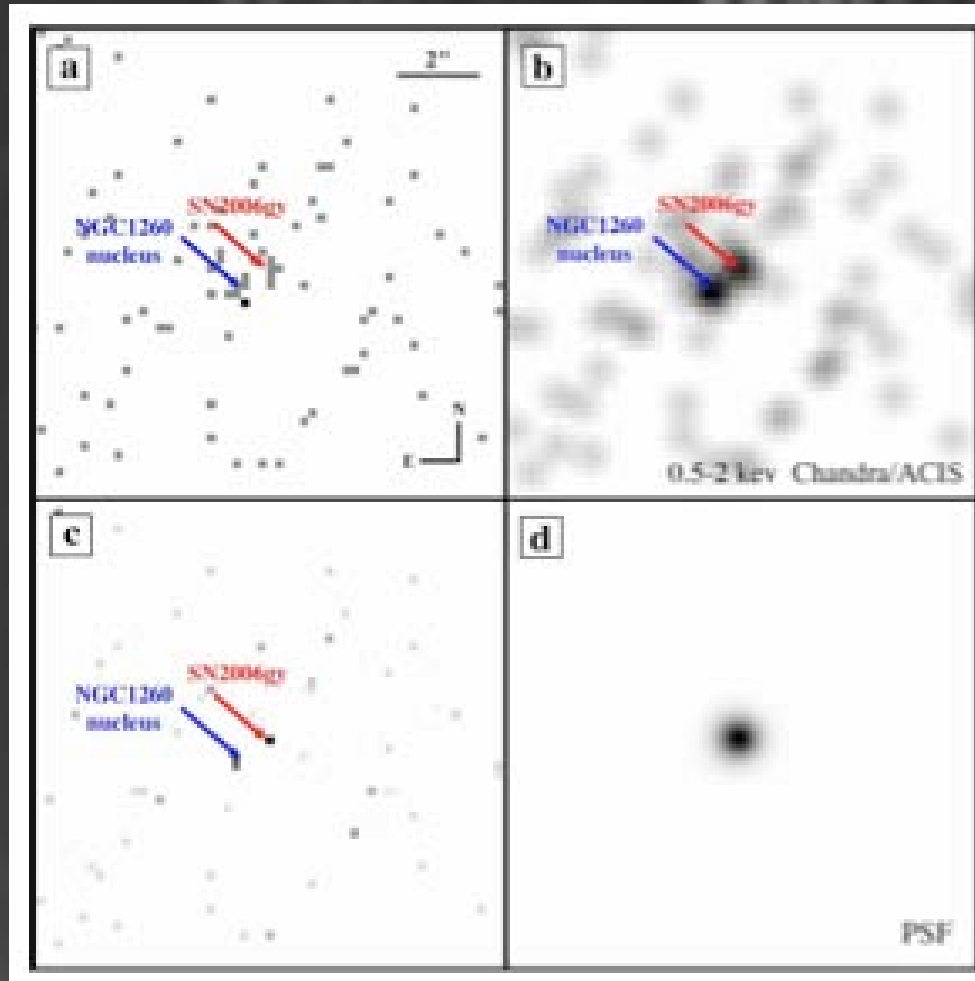


Ofek et al. 2007



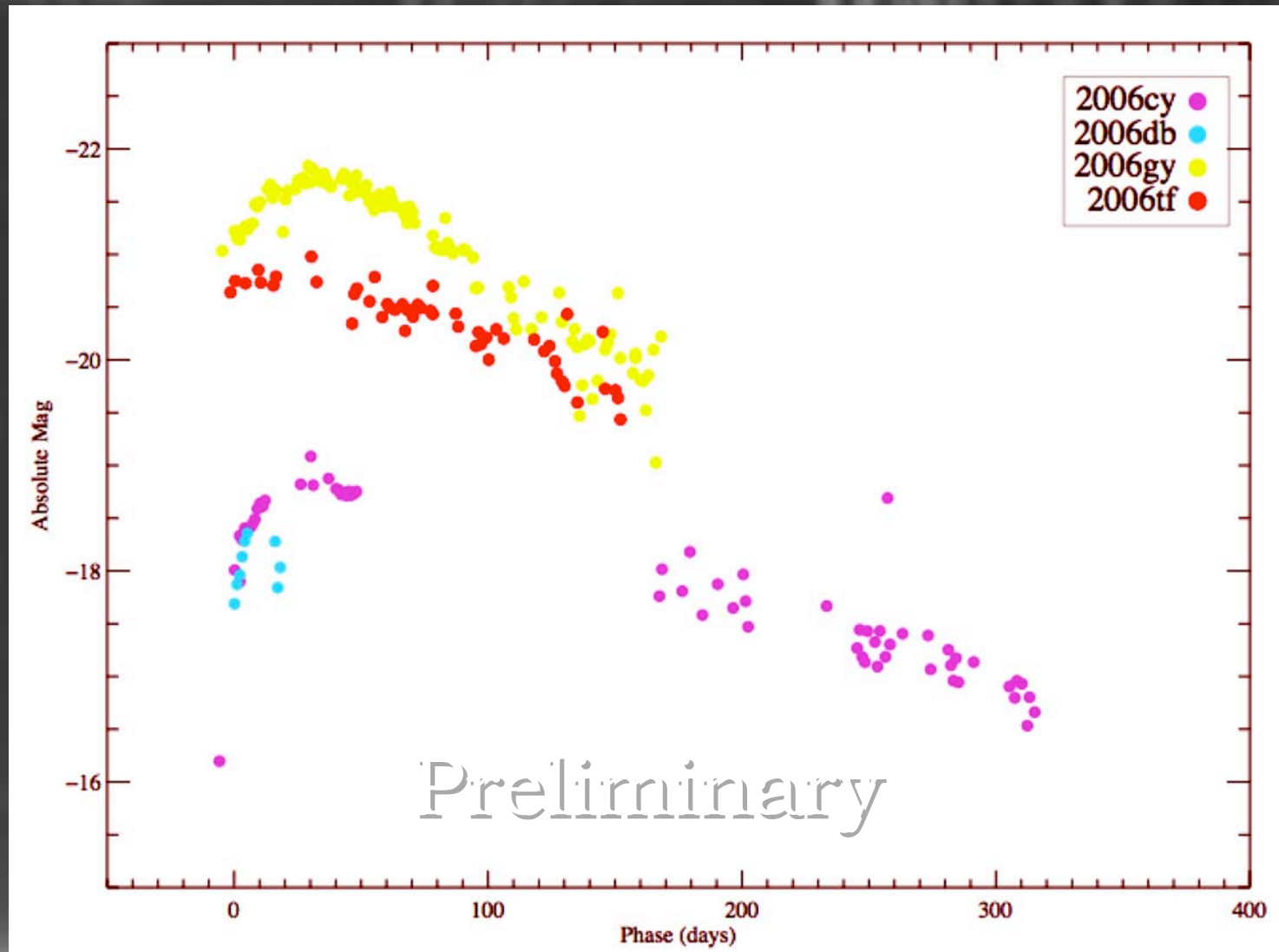
N. Smith et al. 2007

2006gy X-ray

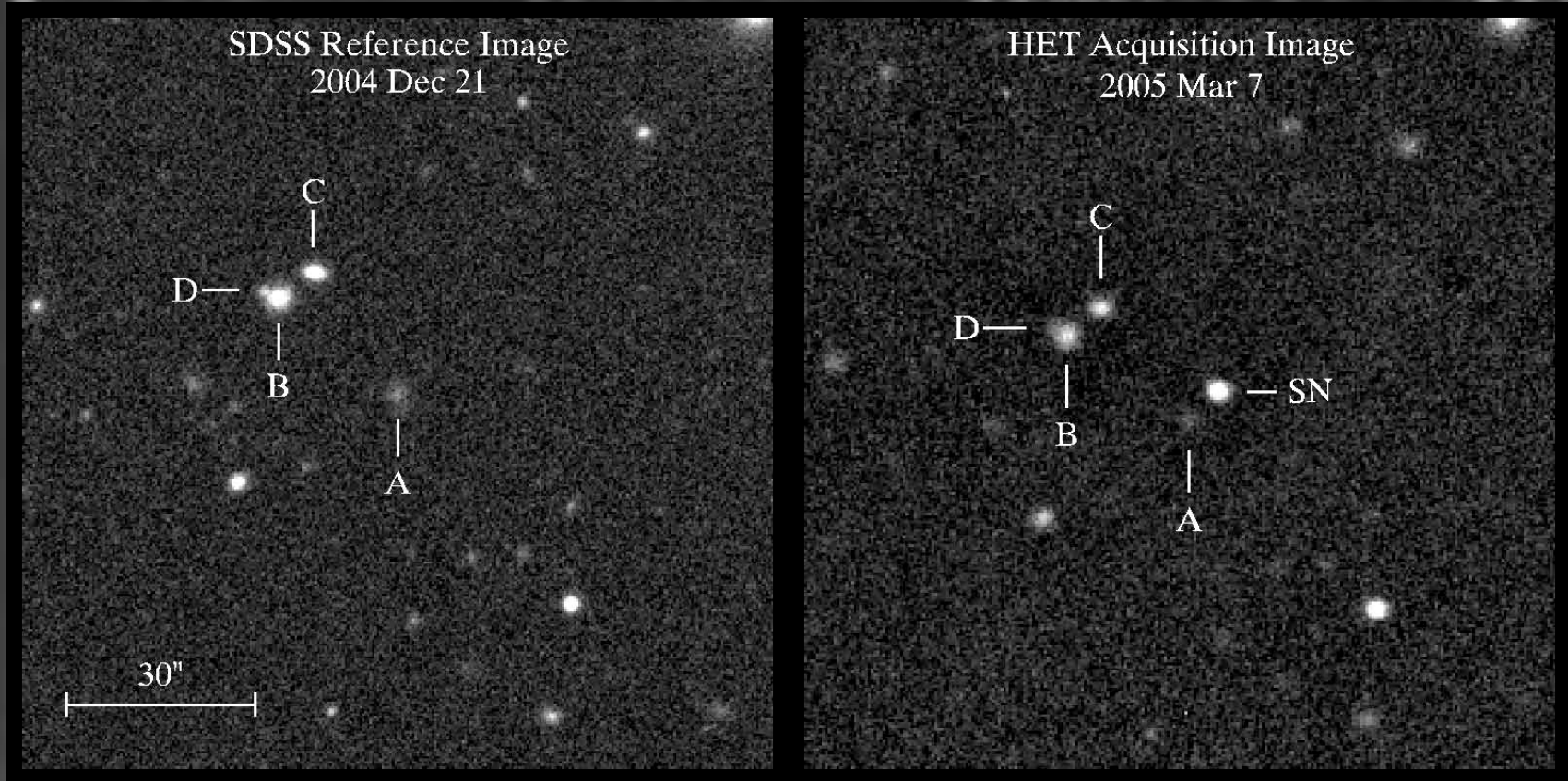


N. Smith et al. 2007

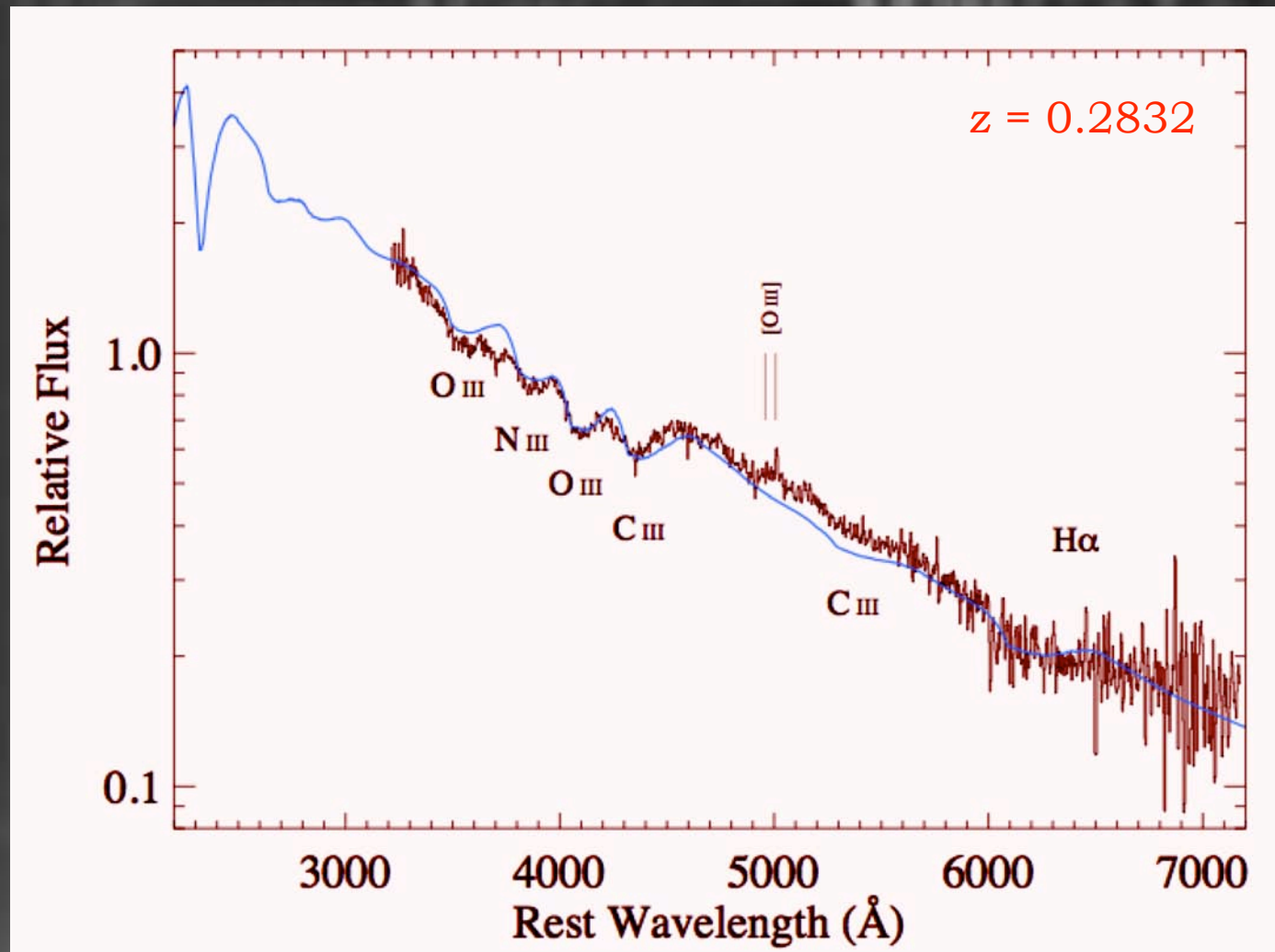
ROTSE SNe IIn



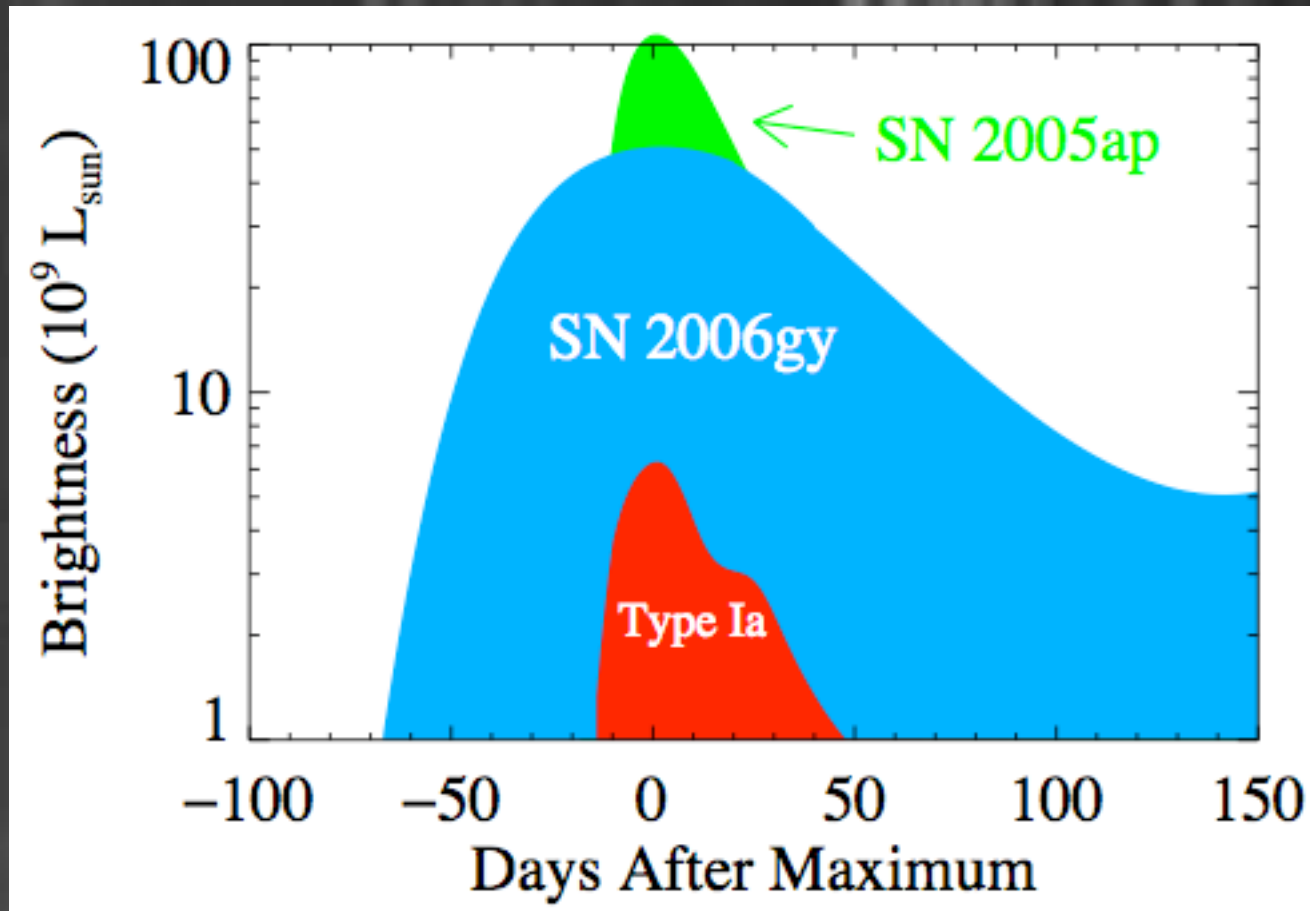
SN 2005ap



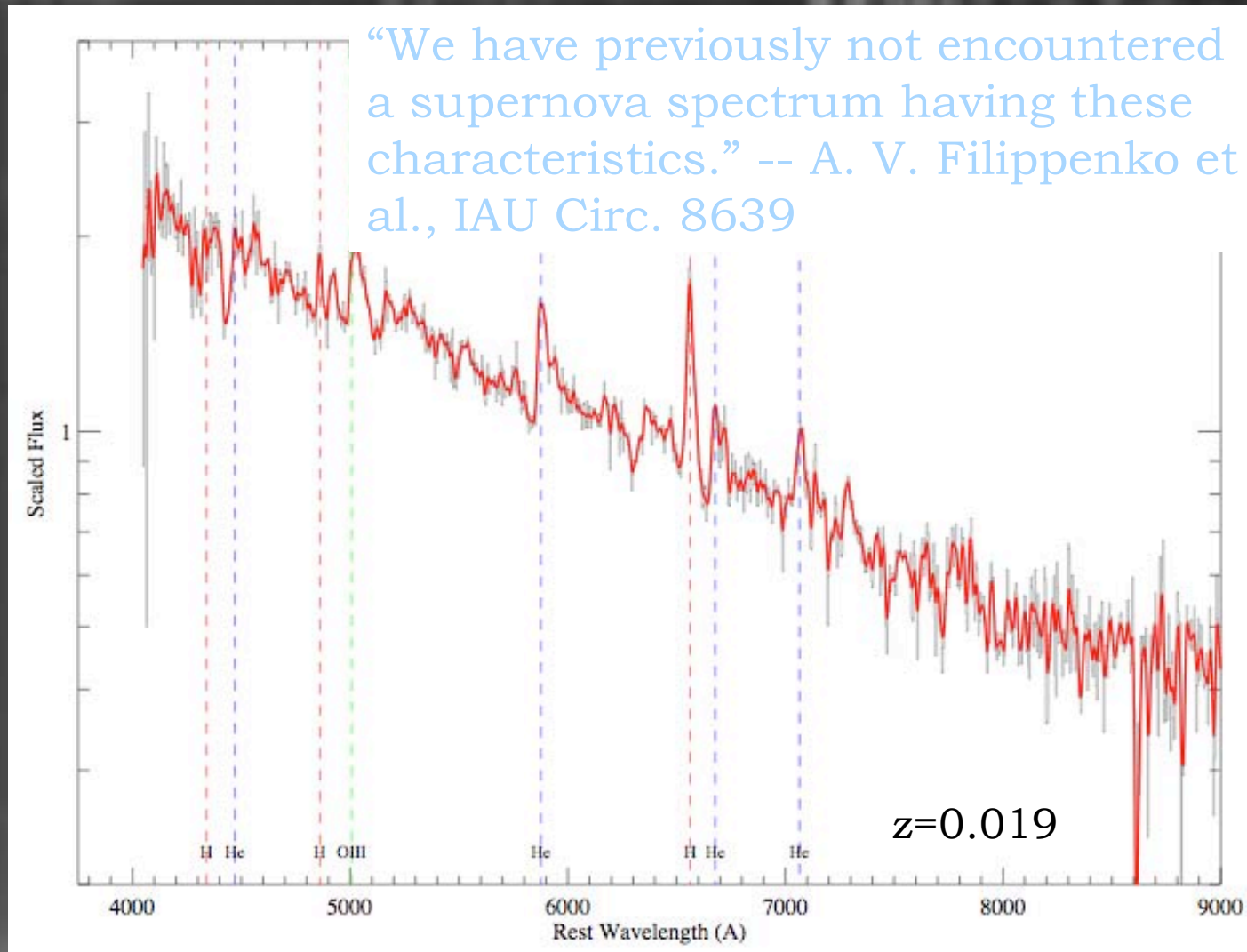
SN 2005ap HET Spectra



SN 2005ap Light Curve



SN 20051a (Type II/Ib-pec)



Pastorello et al. in prep



Thank You!