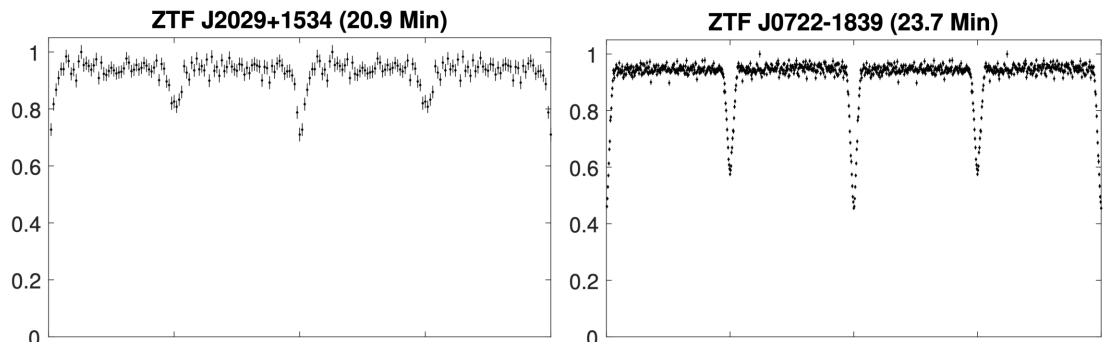
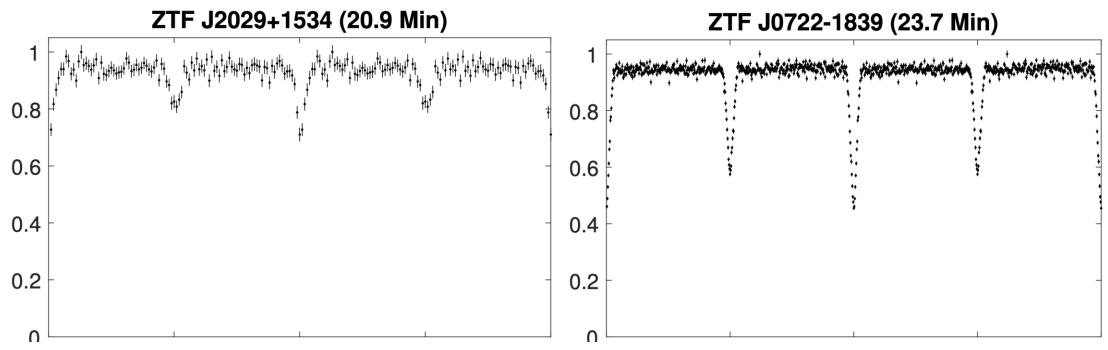
Short-period WD binaries

- ELM survey
 - $\approx 100 \text{ DWDs}$ with $P_{orb} < 1 \text{ day}$
- ZTF: 10 DWDs, P_{orb} < 60 minutes (half eclipsing)

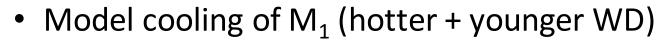


Reverse modeling of WD binaries

- We model:
 - 9 DWDs (7 eclipsing, 4 ZTF)
 - 1 eclipsing WD-BD

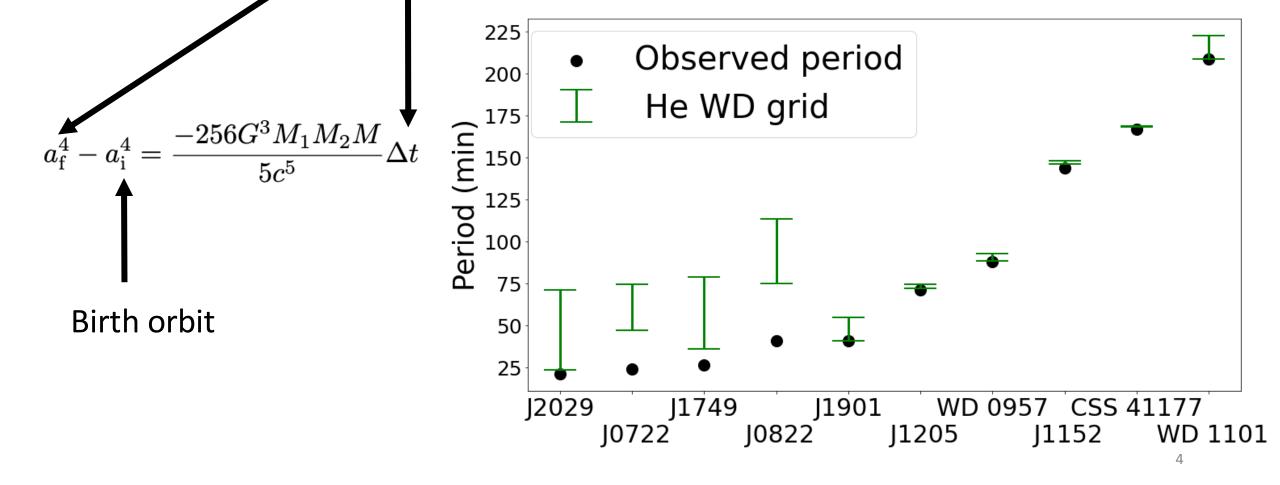


Birth period – when M_1 is formed



Observed period + cooling age = orbital evolution

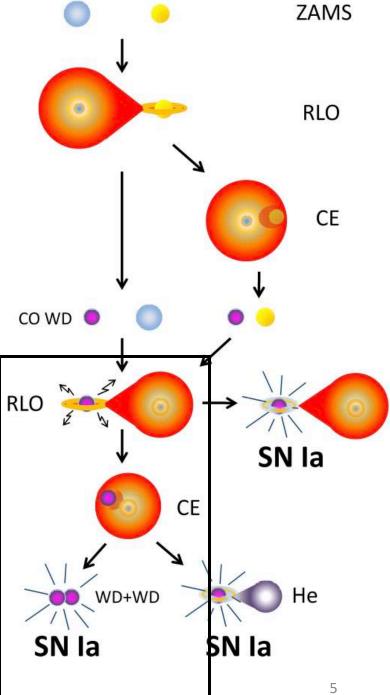
$$\frac{da}{dt} = \frac{-64G^3M_1M_2M}{5a^3c^5}$$



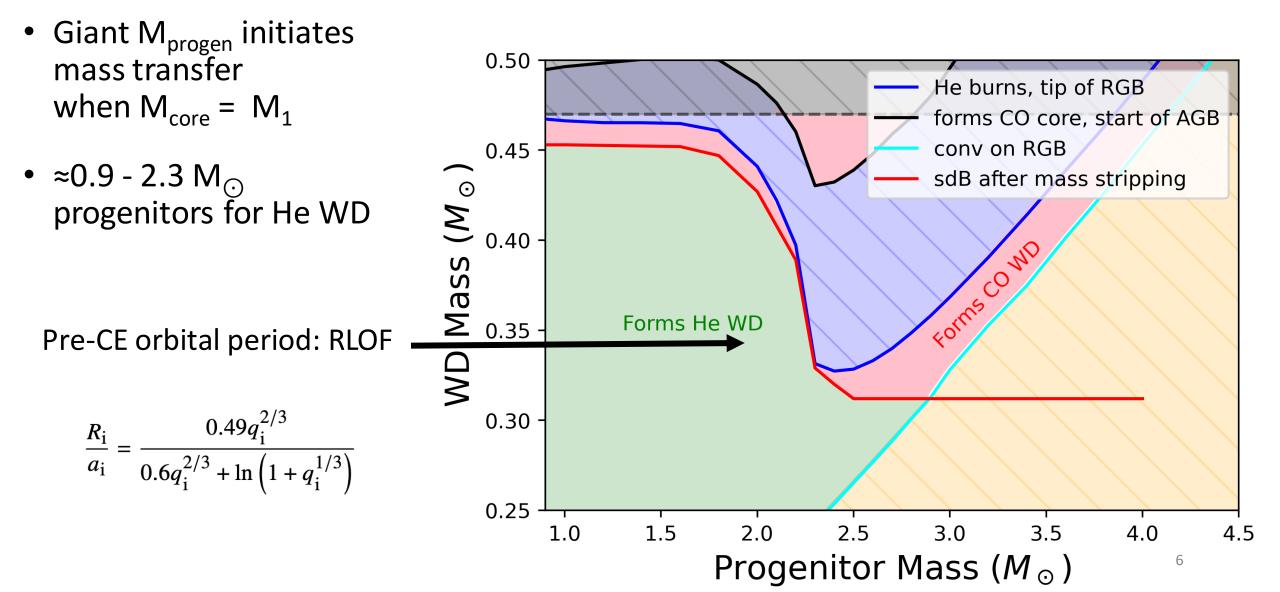
The Common Envelope Event

- CE event necessary for inspiral
- M₁ formed more recently
 - Birth period = post-CE period!
- Pre-CE: M_{progen} and M₂

$$E_{\rm bind} = \alpha_{\rm CE} \left(E_{\rm orb,f} - E_{\rm orb,i} \right)$$



Map between RGB models and M_1

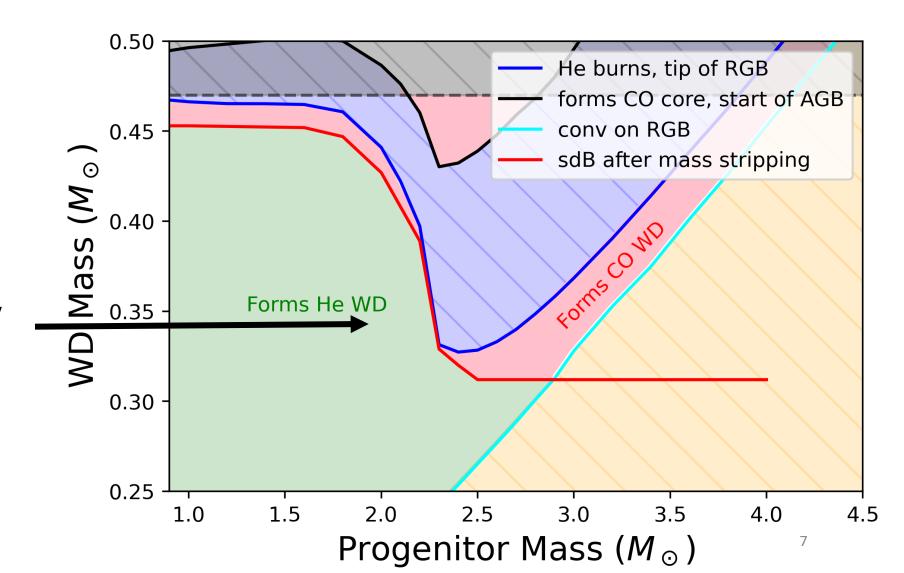


Map between RGB models and M_1

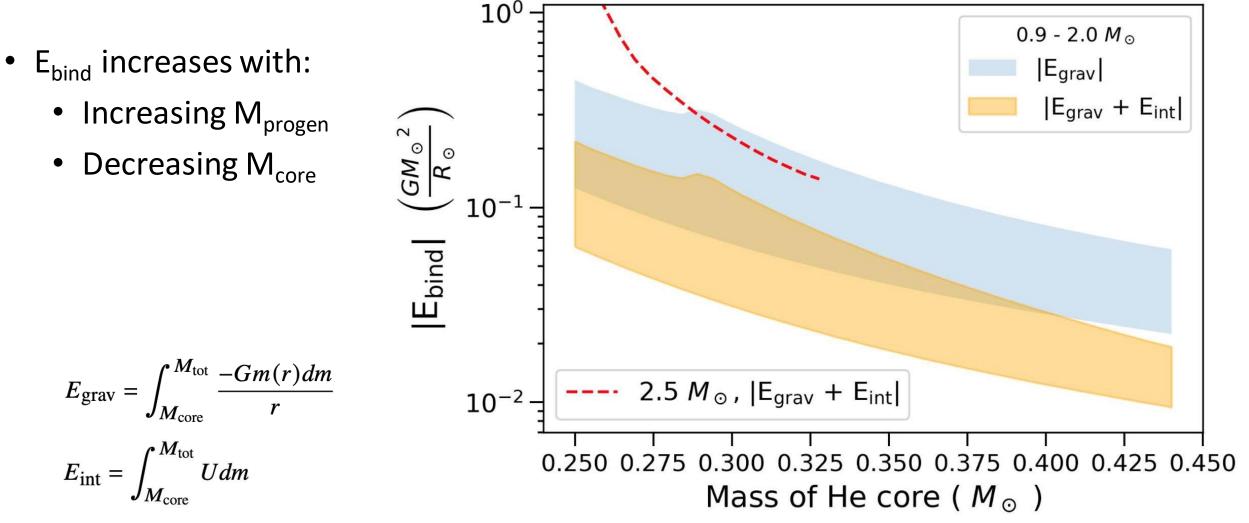
- Giant M_{progen} initiates mass transfer when M_{core} = M₁
- ≈0.9 2.3 M_☉ progenitors for He WD

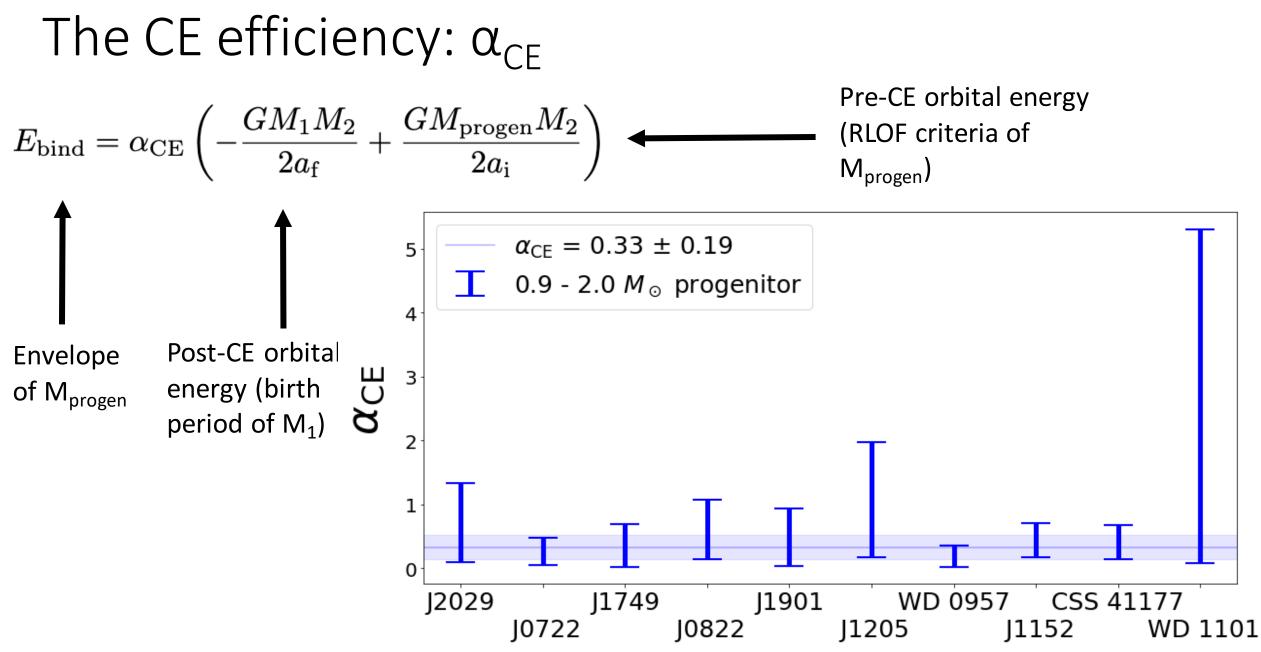
Envelope binding energy

$$E_{\text{grav}} = \int_{M_{\text{core}}}^{M_{\text{tot}}} \frac{-Gm(r)dm}{r}$$
$$E_{\text{int}} = \int_{M_{\text{core}}}^{M_{\text{tot}}} Udm$$



Progenitor envelope binding energy





Summary

- Cooling of WD primary modeled to find post-CE orbital period
- Unknown progenitor mass leads to large uncertainty in CE energy budget
- α_{CE} of 0.2 0.4 consistent with all 10 binaries if:
 - M₁ is He-core WD
 - M_{progen} between 0.9 2.0 M_{\odot}